

Operating Guide VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500







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EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Danfoss A/S

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declares under our sole responsibility that the

Product category: Soft Starter

Type designation(s): MCD5- aaaau-Tm-GfX-pp-CVc

aaaa

designates the nominal current rating: 23 A to 1600 A

u

designates the utilisation category: B = internal bypass (IEC 60947 rating of AC53b) C = non

bypassed (IEC 60947 rating of AC53a)

m

designates the mains supply voltage: $5 = 200 \sim 525$ VAC $7 = 380 \sim 690$ VAC

f

designates the frame size: 1 to 5

pp

designates the IP rating: IP00 or IP20

C

designates the control supply voltage: 1 = 24 VAC/VDC 2 = 110 \sim 120 VAC and 220 \sim 240 VAC

Covered by this declaration is in conformity with the following directive(s), standard(s) or other normative document(s), provided that the product is used in accordance with our instructions.

Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU

EN60947-4-2: 2012

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear. Contactors and motor-starters. AC semiconductor motor controllers and

starters.

EMC Directive 2014/30/EU

EN60947-4-2: 2012

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear. Contactors and

motor-starters. AC semiconductor motor controllers and

starters.

RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU including amendment 2015/863.

EN63000: 2018

Technical documentation for the assessment of electrical and

electronic products with respect to the restriction of

hazardous substances.

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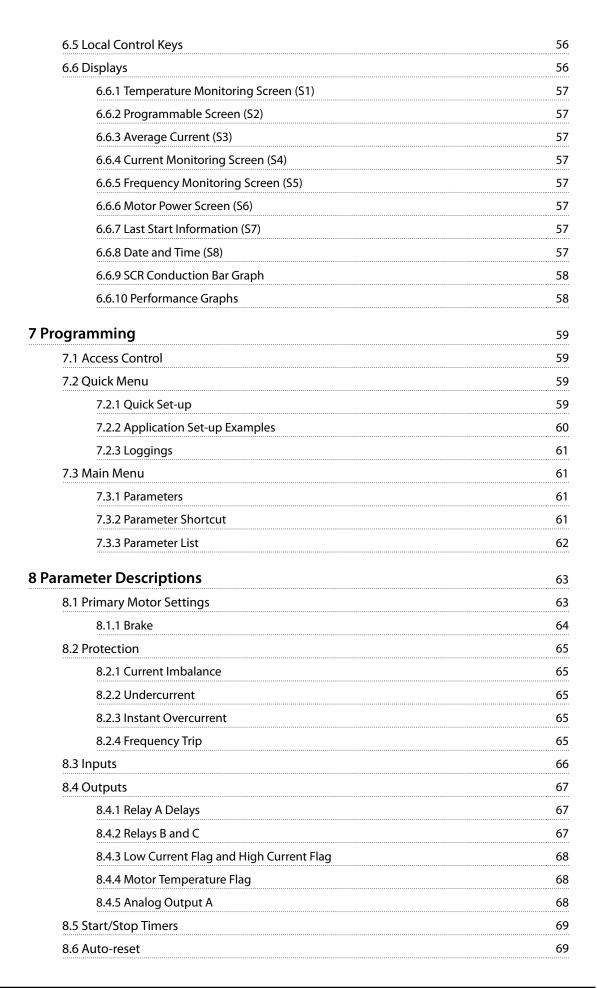
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1 Introduction

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is an advanced digital soft start solution for 11–850 kW (15–1150 hp) motors. The soft starters provide a complete range of motor and system protection features and are designed for reliable performance in the most demanding installation situations.

1.1.1 Document Version

This operating guide is regularly reviewed and updated. All suggestions for improvement are welcome. *Table 1.1* shows the document version.

| Edition | Remarks |
|----------|---|
| MG17K8xx | Instruction about using finger guard kits for IP00 |
| | installations added to chapter 4 Electrical Installation. |

Table 1.1 Document Version

1.1.2 Feature List

Models for all connection requirements

- 21–1600 A (in-line connection).
- In-line or inside delta connection.
- Internally bypassed up to 961 A.
- Mains voltage: 200–525 V AC or 380–690 V AC.
- Control voltage: 24 V AC/V DC, 110–120 V AC, or 220–240 V AC.

User-friendly LCP

- Loggings.
- Real-time graphs.
- SCR conduction bar graph.

Tools

- Application set-ups.
- Date and time stamped event log with 99 entries.
- 8 most recent trips.
- Counters.
- Protection simulation.
- Output signal simulation.

Inputs and outputs

- Local or remote control input options.
 (3 x fixed, 1 x programmable).
- Relay outputs (3 x programmable).
- Analog programmable output.
- 24 V DC 200 mA supply output.

Start and run modes

- Adaptive control.
- Constant current.
- Current ramp.
- Kick-start.
- Jog.
- Emergency run operation.

Stop modes

- Adaptive deceleration control.
- Timed voltage ramp soft stop.
- DC brake.
- Soft brake.
- Starter disable.

Other features

- Autostart/stop timer.
- Second-order thermal model.



- Battery back-up of clock and thermal model.
- Optional DeviceNet, Modbus, Ethernet, or PROFIBUS communication modules.

Comprehensive protection

- Wiring/connection/supply.
 - Motor connection.
 - Phase sequence.
 - Power loss.
 - Individual phase loss.
 - Mains frequency.
- Current
 - Excess start time.
 - Current imbalance.
 - Undercurrent.

- Instant overcurrent.
- Thermal
 - Motor thermistor.
 - Motor overload.
 - Bypass contactor overload.
 - Heat sink temperature.
- Communication
 - Network comms.
 - Starter comms.
- External
 - Input trip.
- Starter
 - Individually short-circuited SCR.
 - Battery/clock.



1.1.3 Type Code

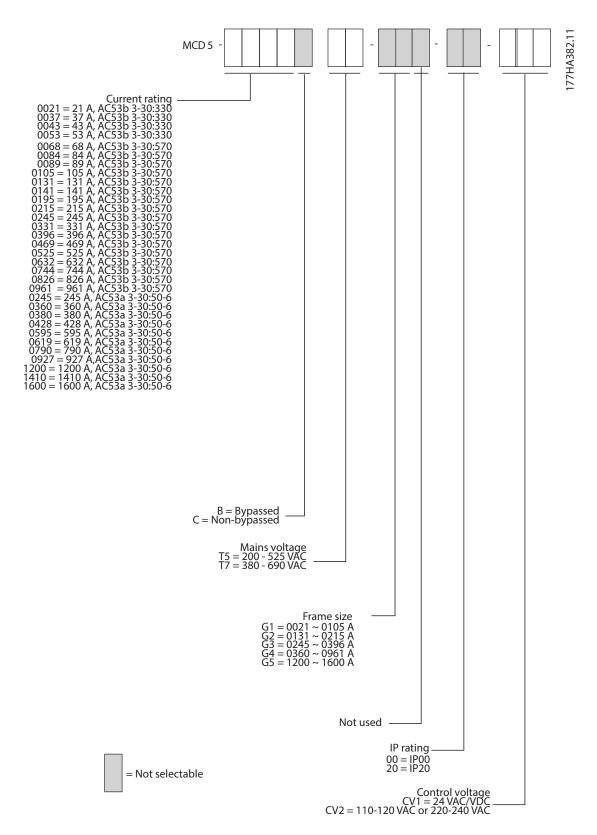


Illustration 1.1 Type Code Ordering Form



1.1.4 Ordering Numbers

| | Supply voltage | T5, 200–525 V AC | | | | |
|-----|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--|
| | Control supply | 1 | CV1, 24 V AC/V DC CV2, 110–120 c | | | |
| | | Ordering | | Ordering | | |
| | Ampere rating | number | Type code | number | Type code | |
| | MCD5-0021B | 175G5500 | MCD5-0021B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5525 | MCD5-0021B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0037B | 175G5501 | MCD5-0037B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5526 | MCD5-0037B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0043B | 175G5502 | MCD5-0043B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5527 | MCD5-0043B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| G1B | MCD5-0053B | 175G5503 | MCD5-0053B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5528 | MCD5-0053B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| GIB | MCD5-0068B | 175G5504 | MCD5-0068B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5529 | MCD5-0068B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0084B | 175G5505 | MCD5-0084B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5530 | MCD5-0084B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0089B | 175G5506 | MCD5-0089B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5531 | MCD5-0089B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0105B | 175G5507 | MCD5-0105B-T5-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5532 | MCD5-0105B-T5-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0131B | 175G5508 | MCD5-0131B-T5-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5533 | MCD5-0131B-T5-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| Can | MCD5-0141B | 175G5509 | MCD5-0141B-T5-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5534 | MCD5-0141B-T5-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| G2B | MCD5-0195B | 175G5510 | MCD5-0195B-T5-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5535 | MCD5-0195B-T5-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0215B | 175G5511 | MCD5-0215B-T5-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5536 | MCD5-0215B-T5-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| G3C | MCD5-0245C | 175G5512 | MCD5-0245C-T5-G3X-00-CV1 | 175G5537 | MCD5-0245C-T5-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0245B | 134N9344 | MCD5-0245B-T5-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9345 | MCD5-0245B-T5-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| G3B | MCD5-0331B | 134N9348 | MCD5-0331B-T5-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9349 | MCD5-0331B-T5-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0396B | 134N9352 | MCD5-0396B-T5-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9353 | MCD5-0396B-T5-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0469B | 134N9356 | MCD5-0469B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9357 | MCD5-0469B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0525B | 134N9360 | MCD5-0525B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9361 | MCD5-0525B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| CAD | MCD5-0632B | 134N9364 | MCD5-0632B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9365 | MCD5-0632B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| G4B | MCD5-0744B | 134N9368 | MCD5-0744B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9369 | MCD5-0744B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0826B | 134N9372 | MCD5-0826B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9373 | MCD5-0826B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0961B | 134N9376 | MCD5-0961B-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9377 | MCD5-0961B-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0360C | 175G5513 | MCD5-0360C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5538 | MCD5-0360C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0380C | 175G5514 | MCD5-0380C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5539 | MCD5-0380C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0428C | 175G5515 | MCD5-0428C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5540 | MCD5-0428C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| G4C | MCD5-0595C | 175G5516 | MCD5-0595C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5541 | MCD5-0595C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0619C | 175G5517 | MCD5-0619C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5542 | MCD5-0619C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0790C | 175G5518 | MCD5-0790C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5543 | MCD5-0790C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0927C | 175G5519 | MCD5-0927C-T5-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5544 | MCD5-0927C-T5-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-1200C | 175G5520 | MCD5-1200C-T5-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5545 | MCD5-1200C-T5-G5X-00-CV2 | |
| G5C | MCD5-1410C | 175G5523 | MCD5-1410C-T5-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5546 | MCD5-1410C-T5-G5X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-1600C | 175G5524 | MCD5-1600C-T5-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5547 | MCD5-1600C-T5-G5X-00-CV2 | |

Table 1.2 Ordering Numbers, T5, 200-525 V AC



| | Supply voltage | T7, 380–690 V AC | | | | |
|-----|----------------|------------------|---|----------|--------------------------|--|
| | Control supply | (| CV1, 24 V AC/V DC CV2, 110–120 or 220–240 V | | | |
| | | Ordering | | Ordering | | |
| | Ampere rating | number | Type code | number | Type code | |
| | MCD5-0021B | 175G5548 | MCD5-0021B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5571 | MCD5-0021B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0037B | 175G5549 | MCD5-0037B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5572 | MCD5-0037B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0043B | 175G5550 | MCD5-0043B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5573 | MCD5-0043B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| G1B | MCD5-0053B | 175G5551 | MCD5-0053B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5574 | MCD5-0053B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| GIB | MCD5-0068B | 175G5552 | MCD5-0068B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5575 | MCD5-0068B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0084B | 175G5553 | MCD5-0084B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5576 | MCD5-0084B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0089B | 175G5554 | MCD5-0089B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5577 | MCD5-0089B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0105B | 175G5555 | MCD5-0105B-T7-G1X-20-CV1 | 175G5578 | MCD5-0105B-T7-G1X-20-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0131B | 175G5556 | MCD5-0131B-T7-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5579 | MCD5-0131B-T7-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| Can | MCD5-0141B | 175G5557 | MCD5-0141B-T7-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5580 | MCD5-0141B-T7-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| G2B | MCD5-0195B | 175G5558 | MCD5-0195B-T7-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5581 | MCD5-0195B-T7-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0215B | 175G5559 | MCD5-0215B-T7-G2X-00-CV1 | 175G5582 | MCD5-0215B-T7-G2X-00-CV2 | |
| G3C | MCD5-0245C | 175G5560 | MCD5-0245C-T7-G3X-00-CV1 | 175G5583 | MCD5-0245C-T7-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0245B | 134N9346 | MCD5-0245B-T7-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9347 | MCD5-0245B-T7-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| G3B | MCD5-0331B | 134N9350 | MCD5-0331B-T7-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9351 | MCD5-0331B-T7-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0396B | 134N9354 | MCD5-0396B-T7-G3X-00-CV1 | 134N9355 | MCD5-0396B-T7-G3X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0469B | 134N9358 | MCD5-0469B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9359 | MCD5-0469B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0525B | 134N9362 | MCD5-0525B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9363 | MCD5-0525B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| G4B | MCD5-0632B | 134N9366 | MCD5-0632B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9367 | MCD5-0632B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| G4B | MCD5-0744B | 134N9370 | MCD5-0744B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9371 | MCD5-0744B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0826B | 134N9374 | MCD5-0826B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9375 | MCD5-0826B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0961B | 134N9378 | MCD5-0961B-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 134N9379 | MCD5-0961B-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0360C | 175G5561 | MCD5-0360C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5584 | MCD5-0360C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0380C | 175G5562 | MCD5-0380C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5585 | MCD5-0380C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-0428C | 175G5563 | MCD5-0428C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5586 | MCD5-0428C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| G4C | MCD5-0595C | 175G5564 | MCD5-0595C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5587 | MCD5-0595C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| ļ | MCD5-0619C | 175G5565 | MCD5-0619C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5588 | MCD5-0619C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| Ī | MCD5-0790C | 175G5566 | MCD5-0790C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5589 | MCD5-0790C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| Ţ | MCD5-0927C | 175G5567 | MCD5-0927C-T7-G4X-00-CV1 | 175G5590 | MCD5-0927C-T7-G4X-00-CV2 | |
| | MCD5-1200C | 175G5568 | MCD5-1200C-T7-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5591 | MCD5-1200C-T7-G5X-00-CV2 | |
| G5C | MCD5-1410C | 175G5569 | MCD5-1410C-T7-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5592 | MCD5-1410C-T7-G5X-00-CV2 | |
| Ţ | MCD5-1600C | 175G5570 | MCD5-1600C-T7-G5X-00-CV1 | 175G5593 | MCD5-1600C-T7-G5X-00-CV2 | |

Table 1.3 Ordering Numbers, T7, 380-690 V AC



2 Safety

2.1 Safety

The following symbols are used in this guide:

AWARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in death or serious injury.

ACAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in minor or moderate injury. It can also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTICE

Indicates important information, including situations that can result in damage to equipment or property.

2.1.1 Oualified Personnel

Correct and reliable transport, storage, installation, operation, and maintenance are required for the trouble-free and safe operation of the soft starter. Only qualified personnel are allowed to install or operate this equipment.

Qualified personnel is defined as trained staff, who are authorized to install, commission, and maintain equipment, systems, and circuits in accordance with pertinent laws and regulations. Additionally, the personnel must be familiar with the instructions and safety measures described in this manual

AWARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 contains dangerous voltages when connected to mains voltage. Only a qualified electrician should carry out the electrical installation. Improper installation of the motor or the soft starter can cause death, serious injury, or equipment failure. Follow the guidelines in this manual and local electrical safety codes.

Models MCD5-0360C ~ MCD5-1600C:

Treat the busbar and heat sink as live parts whenever the unit has mains voltage connected (including when the soft starter is tripped or waiting for a command).

AWARNING

PROPER GROUNDING

Disconnect the soft starter from mains voltage before carrying out repair work.

It is the responsibility of the person installing the soft starter to provide proper grounding and branch circuit protection according to local electrical safety codes. Do not connect power factor correction capacitors to the output of the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500. If static power factor correction is employed, it must be connected to the supply side of the soft starter.

AWARNING

IMMEDIATE START

In auto-on mode, the motor can be controlled remotely (via remote inputs) while the soft starter is connected to mains.

MCD5-0021B ~ MCD5-0961B:

Transportation, mechanical shock, or rough handling may cause the bypass contactor to latch into the On state.

To prevent the motor from starting immediately on first commissioning or operation after transportation:

- Always ensure that the control supply is applied before the power.
- Applying control supply before power ensures that the contactor state is initialized.

▲WARNING

UNINTENDED START

When the soft starter is connected to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing, the motor can start at any time. Unintended start during programming, service, or repair work can result in death, serious injury, or property damage. The motor can start with an external switch, a fieldbus command, an input reference signal from the LCP or LOP, via remote operation using MCD PC Software, or after a cleared fault condition.

To prevent unintended motor start:

- Press [Off]/[Reset] on the LCP before programming parameters.
- Disconnect the soft starter from mains.
- Completely wire and assemble the soft starter, motor, and any driven equipment before connecting the soft starter to AC mains, DC supply, or load sharing.



AWARNING

SAFETY OF PERSONNEL

The soft starter is not a safety device and does not provide electrical isolation or disconnection from the supply.

- If isolation is required, the soft starter must be installed with a main contactor.
- Do not rely on the start and stop functions for safety of personnel. Faults occurring in the mains supply, the motor connection, or the electronics of the soft starter can cause unintended motor starts or stops.
- If faults occur in the electronics of the soft starter, a stopped motor may start. A temporary fault in the supply mains or loss of motor connection can also cause a stopped motor to start.

To provide safety of personnel and equipment, control the isolation device through an external safety system.

NOTICE

Before changing any parameter settings, save the current parameter to a file using MCD PC Software or the *Save User Set* function.

NOTICE

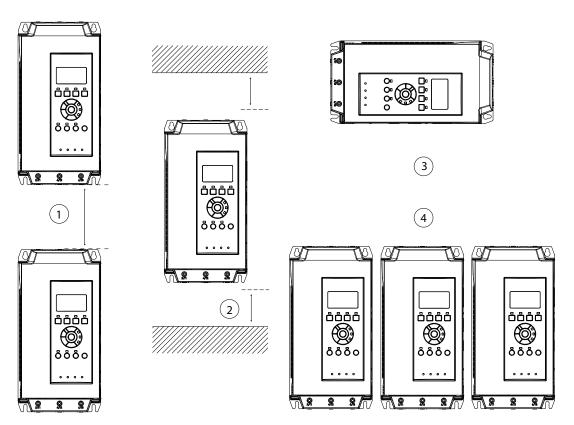
Use the *autostart* feature with caution. Read all the notes related to *autostart* before operation.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. The information contained in this manual is subject to change at any time and without prior notice. Responsibility or liability is never accepted for direct, indirect, or consequential damage resulting from the use or application of this equipment.



3 Installation

3.1 Mechanical Installation



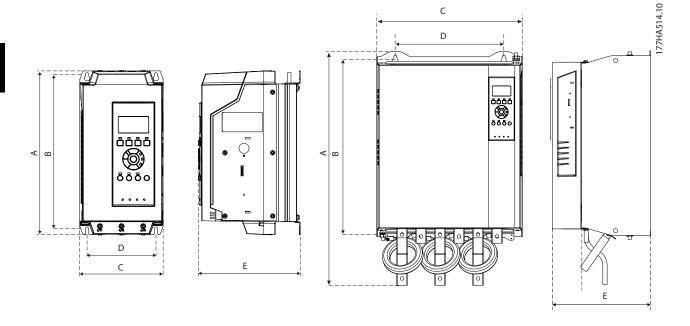
| 1 | MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0215B: Allow 100 mm (3.94 in) between the soft starters. | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0961B: Allow 200 mm (7.88 in) between the soft starters. | | | | | | |
| | MCD5-0245C: Allow 100 mm (3.94 in) between the soft starters. | | | | | | |
| | MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C: Allow 200 mm (7.88 in) between the soft starters. | | | | | | |
| 2 | MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0215B: Allow 50 mm (1.97 in) between the soft starter and solid surfaces. | | | | | | |
| | MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0961B: Allow 200 mm (7.88 in) between soft starters. | | | | | | |
| | MCD5-0245C: Allow 100 mm (3.94 in) between the soft starter and solid surfaces. | | | | | | |
| | MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C: Allow 200 mm (7.88 in) between the soft starter and solid surfaces. | | | | | | |
| 3 | It is possible to mount the soft starter on its side. Derate the soft starter rated current by 15%. | | | | | | |
| 4 | If mounted without communication modules, soft starters may be mounted side by side with no clearance. | | | | | | |

Illustration 3.1 Clearances and Derating Values at Installation

77HA427.1



3.2 Dimensions and Weight



| Model | A [mm] (in) | B [mm] (in) | C [mm] (in) | D [mm] (in) | E [mm] (in) | Weight [kg] (lbs) |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| MCD5-0021B | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0037B | | | | | 183 (7.2) | 4.2 (9.3) |
| MCD5-0043B | | | | | 105 (7.2) | 4.2 (5.5) |
| MCD5-0053B | 295 (11.6) | 278 (10.9) | 150 (5.9) | 124 (4.9) | | |
| MCD5-0068B | 293 (11.0) | 278 (10.9) | 130 (3.9) | 124 (4.9) | | 4.5 (9.9) |
| MCD5-0084B | | | | | 213 (8.14) | |
| MCD5-0089B | | | | | 213 (0.14) | 4.9 (10.8) |
| MCD5-0105B | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0131B | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0141B | 438 (17.2) | 380 (15.0) | 275 (10.8) | 248 (9.8) | 350 (0.8) | 14.9 (32.8) |
| MCD5-0195B | 436 (17.2) | 360 (13.0) | 2/3 (10.6) | 246 (9.6) | 250 (9.8) | 14.9 (32.6) |
| MCD5-0215B | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0245B | | | | | | 26 (57.2) |
| MCD5-0331B | 440 (17.3) | 392 (15.4) | 424 (16.7) | 376 (14.8) | 296 (11.7) | 30.2 (66.6) |
| MCD5-0396B | | | | | | 30.2 (00.0) |
| MCD5-0469B | | | | | | 49.5 (109.1) |
| MCD5-0525B | | | | | | 49.3 (109.1) |
| MCD5-0632B | 640 (25.2) | 600 (23.6) | 433 (17.0) | 320 (12.6) | 295 (11.6) | |
| MCD5-0744B | 640 (25.2) | 600 (23.6) | 433 (17.0) | 320 (12.6) | 293 (11.0) | 60.0 (132.3) |
| MCD5-0826B | | | | | | 60.0 (132.3) |
| MCD5-0961B | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0245C | 460 (18.1) | 400 (15.0) | 390 (15.4) | 320 (12.6) | 279 (11.0) | 23.9 (52.7) |
| MCD5-0360C | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0380C | | | | | | 35 (77.2) |
| MCD5-0428C | | | | | | |
| MCD5-0595C | 689 (27.1) | 522 (20.5) | 430 (16.9) | 320 (12.6) | 300 (11.8) | |
| MCD5-0619C | | | | | | 45 (00.2) |
| MCD5-0790C | | | | | | 45 (99.2) |
| MCD5-0927C | | | | | | |

2



Installation Operating Guide

| Model | A [mm] (in) | B [mm] (in) | C [mm] (in) | D [mm] (in) | E [mm] (in) | Weight [kg] (lbs) |
|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| MCD5-1200C | | | | | | |
| MCD5-1410C | 856 (33.7) | 727 (28.6) | 585 (23.0) | 500 (19.7) | 364 (14.3) | 120 (264.6) |
| MCD5-1600C | | | | | | |

Illustration 3.2 Dimensions and Weight

3

1

4 Electrical Installation

4.1 Control Wiring

4.1.1 Ways to Control the Soft Starter

Control the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 in 3 ways:

- Pressing the keys on the LCP.
- Via remote inputs.
- Via a serial communication link.

The soft starter always responds to a local start or stop command (via the [Hand On] and [Off] keys on the LCP). Pressing the [Auto On] key selects remote control (the soft starter accepts commands from the remote inputs). In remote mode, the Auto On LED is on. In hand-on mode, the Hand On LED is on if the soft starter starts or runs. The Off LED is on if the soft starter is stopped or stops.

4.1.2 Control Terminals

Control terminations use 2.5 mm² (14 AWG) plug-in terminal blocks. Different models require control voltage to different terminals:

- CV1 (24 V AC/V DC): A5, A6.
- CV2 (110–120 V AC): A5, A6.
- CV2 (220–240 V AC): A4, A6.

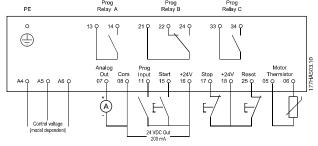


Illustration 4.1 Wiring to Control Terminals

NOTICE

Do not short terminals 05 and 06 without using a thermistor.

All control terminals and relay terminals comply with SELV (safety extra low voltage). This protection does not apply to grounded delta leg above 400 V.

To maintain SELV, all connections made to the control terminals must be PELV (for example thermistor must be reinforced/double insulated from motor).

NOTICE

SELV offers protection by way of extra low voltage. Protection against electric shock is ensured when the electrical supply itself is of the SELV type and the installation follows local/national regulations on SELV supplies.

NOTICE

Galvanic (ensured) isolation is obtained by fulfilling requirements for higher isolation and by providing the relevant creepages/clearance distances. These requirements are described in the IEC 61140 standard. The components that make up the electrical isolation also comply with the requirements for higher isolation and the relevant test as described in IEC 61140.

4.1.3 Remote Inputs

The soft starter has 3 fixed inputs for remote control. Control these inputs by contacts rated for low voltage, low current operation (gold flash or similar).

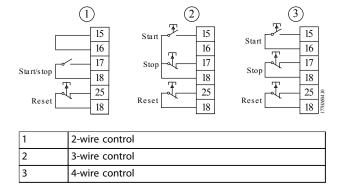


Illustration 4.2 2-, 3-, and 4-wire Control

The reset input can be normally open or normally closed. To select the configuration, use *parameter 3-8 Remote Reset Logic*.

AWARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Do not apply voltage to the control input terminals. These terminals are active 24 V DC inputs and must be controlled with potential-free contacts.

 Segregate cables to the control inputs from mains voltage and motor cabling.



4.1.4 Serial Communication

Control via the serial communication network is always enabled in hand-on mode and can be enabled or disabled in remote control mode (see *parameter 3-2 Comms in Remote*). Control via the serial communication network requires an optional communication module.

4.1.5 Ground Terminal

Ground terminals are at the back of the soft starter.

- MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0105B have 1 terminal on the input side (top).
- MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0961B and MCD5-0245C to MCD5-1600C have 2 terminals; 1 on the input side (top), and 1 on the output side (bottom).

4.1.6 Power Terminations

NOTICE

For personnel safety, snap-off tabs protect the power terminals on models up to MCD5-0105B. When using large cables, it may be necessary to break off these tabs.

NOTICE

Some units use aluminum busbars. When connecting power terminations, clean the surface contact area thoroughly (using an emery or stainless steel brush), and use an appropriate jointing compound to prevent corrosion.

Use only copper stranded or solid conductors, rated for 75 $^{\circ}$ C (167 $^{\circ}$ F) or higher.

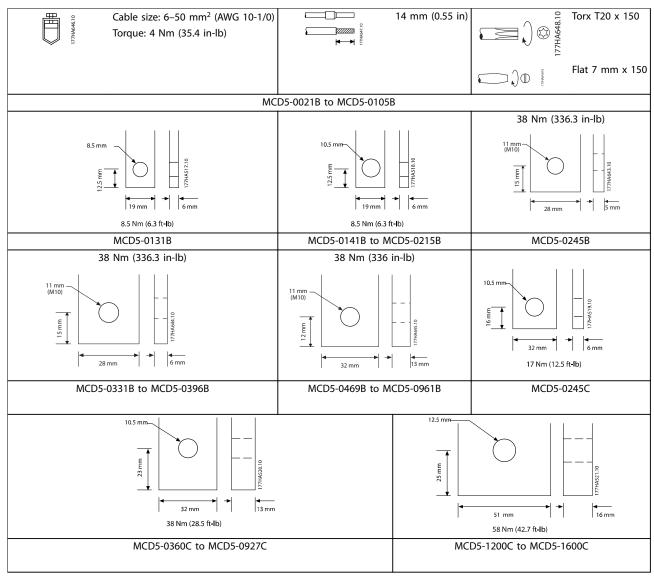


Table 4.1 Measurements and Torques for Power Terminations



4.1.7 Finger Guard Kit

NOTICE

When installing IP00 soft starters (MCB5-131B and above), finger guards are specified for personnel safety. Finger guards fit over the soft starter terminals to prevent accidental contact with live terminals. Finger guards provide IP20 protection when correctly installed.

- MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0215B: 175G5662.
- MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0396B: 175G5730.
- MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B: 175G5731.
- MCD5-245C: 175G5663.
- MCD5-0360C to MCD5-0927C: 175G5664.
- MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C: 175G5665.

NOTICE

To be UL-compliant, the models MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0396B require finger guards.

4.2 Power Input and Output Configurations

4.2.1 Internally Bypassed Models (MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0961B)

Models MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0215B have power inputs at the top of the unit and outputs at the bottom of the unit.

Internally bypassed models MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0396B have output busbars at the bottom of the unit and input busbars at both the top and bottom. The AC supply can be connected:

- Top-in/bottom-out.
- Bottom-in/bottom-out

Internally bypassed models MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B have input and output busbars at the top and bottom of the unit. The AC supply can be connected:

- Top-in/bottom-out.
- Top-in/top-out.
- Bottom-in/bottom-out.
- Bottom-in/top-out.

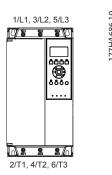


Illustration 4.3 MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0105B, 21-105 A

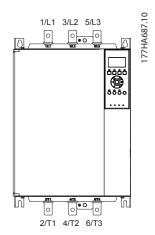


Illustration 4.4 MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0215B, 131-215 A

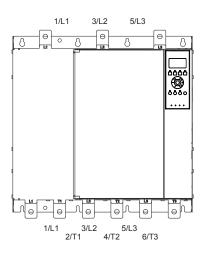


Illustration 4.5 MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0396B, 245–396 A

177HA650.11



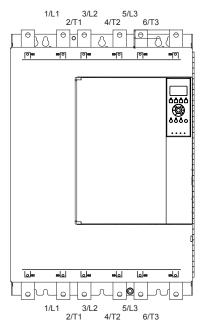


Illustration 4.6 MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B, 469-961 A

4.2.2 MCD5-0245C

MCD5-0245C has dedicated bypass terminals at the bottom of the unit. The bypass terminals are:

- T1B.
- T2B.
- T3B.

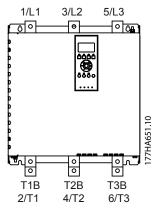


Illustration 4.7 Bypass Terminals on MCD5-0245C, 245 A

4.2.3 MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C

MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C have dedicated bypass terminals on the input busbars. The bypass terminals are:

- L1B.
- L2B.
- L3B.

The busbars on non-bypassed models MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C can be adjusted for top or bottom input and output as required. See *chapter 12 Busbar Adjustment Procedure (MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C)* for step-by-step instructions. The soft starters are manufactured top-in/bottom-out.

NOTICE

For models MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C to be UL-compliant, mount them *top-in/bottom-out*, or *top-out/bottom-in*. See *chapter 11.1 UL-compliant Installation* for more information.

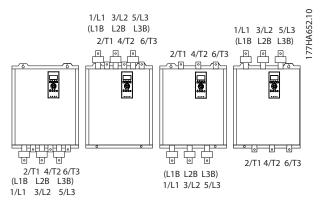


Illustration 4.8 Location of Bypass Terminals, MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C, 360-1600 A

4.3 Motor Connection

VLT® Soft Starters MCD 500 can be connected to the motor in-line or inside delta (also called 3-wire and 6-wire connection). When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) in *parameter 1-1 Motor Full Load Current*. The MCD 500 automatically calculates inside delta current based on this data. *Parameter 15-7 Motor Connection* is set to *Auto Detect* as default and can be set to force the soft starter in inside delta or in-line.

4

4.3.1 Testing the Installation

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 can be connected to a small motor for testing. During this test, the control input and relay output protection settings can be tested. This test mode is not suitable for testing soft starting or soft stopping performance.

The minimum FLC of the test motor is 2% of the minimum FLC of the soft starter (see *chapter 4.5 Minimum and Maximum Current Settings*).

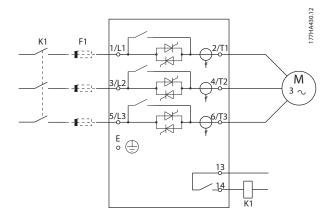
NOTICE

When testing the soft starter with a small motor, set parameter 1-1 Motor FLC to the minimum allowable value

Models which are internally bypassed do not require an external bypass contactor.

4.3.2 In-line Installation

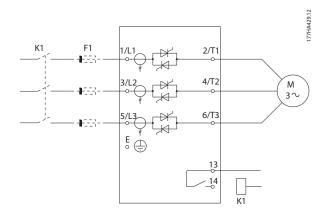
4.3.2.1 Internally Bypassed



| | K1 | Main contactor (optional) | |
|---------|---|--|--|
| F1 Semi | | Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | |
| | 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | |

Illustration 4.9 In-line Installation, Internally Bypassed

4.3.2.2 Non-bypassed



| K1 Main contactor (optional) | | |
|---|--|--|
| F1 Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | |

Illustration 4.10 In-line Installation, Non-bypassed

4.3.2.3 Externally Bypassed

Non-bypassed models have dedicated bypass terminals, which allow the soft starter to continue providing protection and monitoring functions even when bypassed via an external contactor. Connect the bypass contactor to the bypass terminals and control it by a programmable output configured to *Run* (see *parameters 4-1* to *4-9*).

NOTICE

The bypass terminals on MCD5-0245C are:

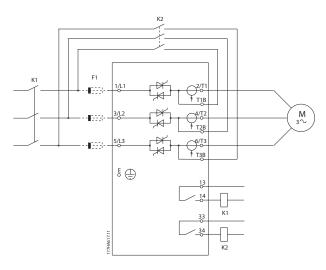
- T1B.
- T2B.
- T3B.

The bypass terminals on MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C are:

- L1B.
- L2B.
- L3B

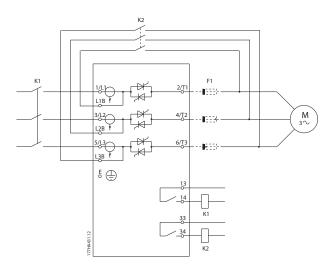
If necessary, the fuses can be installed on the input side.





| K1 | Main contactor | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| K2 Bypass contactor (external) | | | |
| F1 | Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | | |

Illustration 4.11 In-line Installation, Externally Bypassed, MCD5-0245C



| K1 | Main contactor | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| K2 | K2 Bypass contactor (external) | | |
| F1 | Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | | |

Illustration 4.12 In-line Installation, Externally Bypassed, MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C

4.3.3 Inside Delta Installation

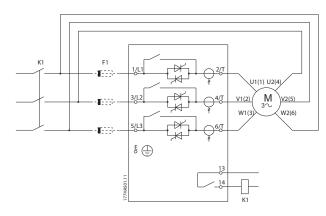
NOTICE

When connecting the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 in inside delta configuration, always install a main contactor or shunt trip circuit breaker.

NOTICE

When connecting in inside delta, enter the motor full load current (FLC) in *parameter 1-1 Motor FLC*. The MCD 500 automatically calculates inside delta currents based on this data. *Parameter 15-7 Motor Connection* is set to *Auto detect* as default and can be set to force the soft starter in inside delta or in-line.

4.3.3.1 Internally Bypassed

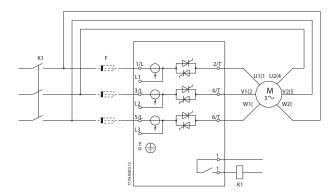


| K1 | Main contactor | |
|---|--|--|
| F1 | Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | |

Illustration 4.13 Inside Delta Installation, Internally Bypassed



4.3.3.2 Non-bypassed



| K1 Main contactor | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| F1 Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | | |

Illustration 4.14 Inside Delta Installation, Non-bypassed

4.3.3.3 Externally Bypassed

Non-bypassed models have dedicated bypass terminals, which allow the soft starter to continue providing protection and monitoring functions even when bypassed via an external bypass contactor. Connect the bypass contactor to the bypass terminals and control the contactor by a programmable output configured to *Run* (see *parameters 4-1* to *4-9*).

NOTICE

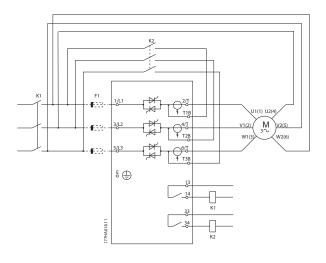
The bypass terminals on MCD5-0245C are:

- T1B.
- T2B.
- T3B.

The bypass terminals on MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C are:

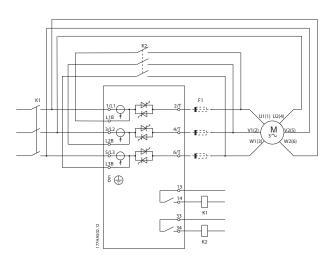
- L1B.
- L2B.
- L3B.

If necessary, the fuses can be installed on the input side.



| K1 | Main contactor | |
|---|-----------------------------|--|
| K2 | Bypass contactor (external) | |
| F1 Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | |

Illustration 4.15 Inside Delta Installation, Externally Bypassed, MCD5-0245C



| K1 | K1 Main contactor | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| K2 | K2 Bypass contactor (external) | | | |
| F1 | F1 Semiconductor fuses (optional) ¹⁾ | | | |
| 1) To keep the warranty on the SCRs, use semiconductor fuses. | | | | |

Illustration 4.16 Inside Delta Installation, Externally Bypassed, MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C

4.4 Current Ratings

Contact the local supplier for ratings under operating conditions not covered by these ratings charts.

All ratings are calculated at an altitude of 1000 m (3281 ft) and ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (104 $^{\circ}\text{F}).$

4



4.4.1 In-line Connection (Bypassed)

NOTICE

Models MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0961B are internally bypassed. Models MCD5-0245C to MCD5-1600C require an external bypass contactor.

| Type code | Ampere rating [A] | | |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | AC-53b 3-30:330 | AC-53b 4-20:340 | AC-53b 4.5-30:330 |
| MCD5-0021B | 21 | 17 | 15 |
| MCD5-0037B | 37 | 31 | 26 |
| MCD5-0043B | 43 | 37 | 30 |
| MCD5-0053B | 53 | 46 | 37 |
| | AC-53b 3-30:570 | AC-53b 4-20:580 | AC-53b 4.5-30:570 |
| MCD5-0068B | 68 | 55 | 47 |
| MCD5-0084B | 84 | 69 | 58 |
| MCD5-0089B | 89 | 74 | 61 |
| MCD5-0105B | 105 | 95 | 78 |
| MCD5-0131B | 131 | 106 | 90 |
| MCD5-0141B | 141 | 121 | 97 |
| MCD5-0195B | 195 | 160 | 134 |
| MCD5-0215B | 215 | 178 | 148 |
| MCD5-0245B | 245 | 194 | 169 |
| MCD5-0245C | 255 | 201 | 176 |
| MCD5-0331B | 331 | 266 | 229 |
| MCD5-0360C | 360 | 310 | 263 |
| MCD5-0380C | 380 | 359 | 299 |
| MCD5-0396B | 396 | 318 | 273 |
| MCD5-0428C | 430 | 368 | 309 |
| MCD5-0469B | 496 | 383 | 326 |
| MCD5-0525B | 525 | 425 | 364 |
| MCD5-0595C | 620 | 540 | 434 |
| MCD5-0619C | 650 | 561 | 455 |
| MCD5-0632B | 632 | 512 | 438 |
| MCD5-0790C | 790 | 714 | 579 |
| MCD5-0744B | 744 | 606 | 516 |
| MCD5-0826B | 826 | 684 | 571 |
| MCD5-0927C | 930 | 829 | 661 |
| MCD5-0961B | 961 | 796 | 664 |
| MCD5-1200C | 1200 | 1200 | 1071 |
| MCD5-1410C | 1410 | 1319 | 1114 |
| MCD5-1600C | 1600 | 1600 | 1353 |
| | | | |

Table 4.2 Internally Bypassed Models



Illustration 4.17 AC-53 Rating for Bypassed Operation

All ratings are calculated at an altitude of 1000 m (3281 ft) and ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

4.4.2 In-line Connection (Non-bypassed/Continuous)

| Type code | Ampere ratings [A] | | |
|------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | AC-53a 3-30:50-6 | AC-53a 4-20:50-6 | AC-53a 4.5-30:50-6 |
| MCD5-0245C | 245 | 195 | 171 |
| MCD5-0360C | 360 | 303 | 259 |
| MCD5-0380C | 380 | 348 | 292 |
| MCD5-0428C | 428 | 355 | 300 |
| MCD5-0595C | 595 | 515 | 419 |
| MCD5-0619C | 619 | 532 | 437 |
| MCD5-0790C | 790 | 694 | 567 |
| MCD5-0927C | 927 | 800 | 644 |
| MCD5-1200C | 1200 | 1135 | 983 |
| MCD5-1410C | 1410 | 1187 | 1023 |
| MCD5-1600C | 1600 | 1433 | 1227 |

Table 4.3 Non-bypassed Models

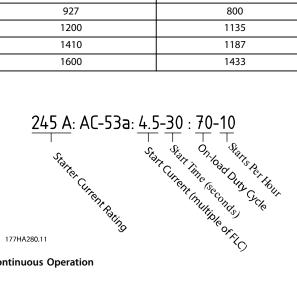


Illustration 4.18 AC-53 Rating for Continuous Operation

All ratings are calculated at an altitude of 1000 m (3281 ft) and ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

Contact a local supplier for ratings under operating conditions not covered by these ratings charts.

NOTICE Models MCI

4.4.3 Inside Delta Connection (Bypassed)

Models MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0961B are internally bypassed. Models MCD5-0245C to MCD5-1600C require an external bypass contactor.

| Type code | Ampere ratings [A] | | |
|------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | AC-53b 3-30:330 | AC-53b 4.20-:340 | AC-53b 4.5-30:330 |
| MCD5-0021B | 32 | 26 | 22 |
| MCD5-0037B | 56 | 47 | 39 |
| MCD5-0043B | 65 | 56 | 45 |
| MCD5-0053B | 80 | 69 | 55 |
| | AC-53b 3-30:570 | AC-53b 4-20:580 | AC-53b 4.5-30:570 |
| MCD5-0068B | 102 | 83 | 71 |
| MCD5-0084B | 126 | 104 | 87 |
| MCD5-0089B | 134 | 112 | 92 |
| MCD5-0105B | 158 | 143 | 117 |
| MCD5-0131B | 197 | 159 | 136 |
| MCD5-0141B | 212 | 181 | 146 |
| MCD5-0195B | 293 | 241 | 201 |
| MCD5-0215B | 323 | 268 | 223 |
| MCD5-0245B | 368 | 291 | 254 |
| MCD5-0245C | 383 | 302 | 264 |
| MCD5-0331B | 497 | 400 | 343 |
| MCD5-0360C | 540 | 465 | 395 |
| MCD5-0380C | 570 | 539 | 449 |
| MCD5-0396B | 594 | 478 | 410 |
| MCD5-0428C | 645 | 552 | 463 |
| MCD5-0469B | 704 | 575 | 490 |
| MCD5-0525B | 787 | 637 | 546 |
| MCD5-0595C | 930 | 810 | 651 |
| MCD5-0619C | 975 | 842 | 683 |
| MCD5-0632B | 948 | 768 | 658 |
| MCD5-0790C | 1185 | 1072 | 869 |
| MCD5-0744B | 1116 | 910 | 774 |
| MCD5-0826B | 1239 | 1026 | 857 |
| MCD5-0927C | 1395 | 1244 | 992 |
| MCD5-0961B | 1441 | 1194 | 997 |
| MCD5-1200C | 1800 | 1800 | 1607 |
| MCD5-1410C | 2115 | 1979 | 1671 |
| MCD5-1600C | 2400 | 2400 | 2030 |

Table 4.4 Bypassed Models

4

Danfvis

4

141 A: AC-53b: 4.5-30: 570

Starter Curter Pating

TOTALITIES Seconds)

177HA281.11

Illustration 4.19 AC-53 Rating for Bypassed Operation

All ratings are calculated at an altitude of 1000 m (3281 ft) and ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

4.4.4 Inside Delta Connection (Non-bypassed/Continuous)

| Type code | Ampere ratings [A] | | |
|------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | AC-53a 3-30:50-6 | AC-53a 4-20:50-6 | AC-53a 4.5-30:50-6 |
| MCD5-0245C | 368 | 293 | 257 |
| MCD5-0360C | 540 | 455 | 389 |
| MCD5-0380C | 570 | 522 | 438 |
| MCD5-0428C | 643 | 533 | 451 |
| MCD5-0595C | 893 | 773 | 629 |
| MCD5-0619C | 929 | 798 | 656 |
| MCD5-0790C | 1185 | 1042 | 851 |
| MCD5-0927C | 1391 | 1200 | 966 |
| MCD5-1200C | 1800 | 1702 | 1474 |
| MCD5-1410C | 2115 | 1780 | 1535 |
| MCD5-1600C | 2400 | 2149 | 1841 |

Table 4.5 Non-bypassed Models

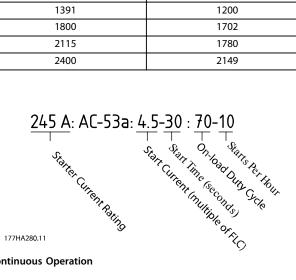


Illustration 4.20 AC-53 Rating for Continuous Operation

All ratings are calculated at an altitude of 1000 m (3281 ft) and ambient temperature of 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

Contact a local supplier for ratings under operating conditions not covered by these ratings charts.



4.5 Minimum and Maximum Current Settings

The minimum and maximum full load current settings depend on the model:

| | In-line connection | | Inside delta connection | |
|------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Model | Minimum [A] | Maximum [A] | Minimum [A] | Maximum [A] |
| MCD5-0021B | 5 | 23 | 7 | 34 |
| MCD5-0037B | 9 | 43 | 13 | 64 |
| MCD5-0043B | 10 | 50 | 15 | 75 |
| MCD5-0053B | 11 | 53 | 16 | 79 |
| MCD5-0068B | 15 | 76 | 23 | 114 |
| MCD5-0084B | 19 | 97 | 29 | 145 |
| MCD5-0089B | 20 | 100 | 30 | 150 |
| MCD5-0105B | 21 | 105 | 32 | 157 |
| MCD5-0131B | 29 | 145 | 44 | 217 |
| MCD5-0141B | 34 | 170 | 51 | 255 |
| MCD5-0195B | 40 | 200 | 60 | 300 |
| MCD5-0215B | 44 | 220 | 66 | 330 |
| MCD5-0331B | 70 | 350 | 70 | 525 |
| MCD5-0396B | 85 | 425 | 85 | 638 |
| MCD5-0469B | 100 | 500 | 100 | 750 |
| MCD5-0525B | 116 | 580 | 116 | 870 |
| MCD5-0632B | 140 | 700 | 140 | 1050 |
| MCD5-0744B | 164 | 820 | 164 | 1230 |
| MCD5-0825B | 184 | 920 | 184 | 1380 |
| MCD5-0961B | 200 | 1000 | 200 | 1500 |
| MCD5-0245C | 51 | 255 | 77 | 382 |
| MCD5-0360C | 72 | 360 | 108 | 540 |
| MCD5-0380C | 76 | 380 | 114 | 570 |
| MCD5-0428C | 86 | 430 | 129 | 645 |
| MCD5-0595C | 124 | 620 | 186 | 930 |
| MCD5-0619C | 130 | 650 | 195 | 975 |
| MCD5-0790C | 158 | 790 | 237 | 1185 |
| MCD5-0927C | 186 | 930 | 279 | 1395 |
| MCD5-1200C | 240 | 1200 | 360 | 1800 |
| MCD5-1410C | 282 | 1410 | 423 | 2115 |
| MCD5-1600C | 320 | 1600 | 480 | 2400 |

Table 4.6 Minimum and Maximum Full Load Current

4.6 Bypass Contactor

Some VLT® Soft Starters MCD 500 are internally bypassed and do not require an external bypass contactor.

Non-bypassed soft starters may be installed with an external bypass contactor. Select a contactor with an AC1 rating greater than or equal to the full load current rating of the connected motor.

4.7 Main Contactor

Install a main contactor if the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is connected to the motor in inside delta format and is optional for in-line connection. Select a contactor with an AC3 rating greater than or equal to the full load current rating of the connected motor.

4.8 Circuit Breaker

A shunt trip circuit breaker may be used instead of a main contactor to isolate the motor circuit if a soft starter trips. The shunt trip mechanism must be powered from the supply side of the circuit breaker or from a separate control supply.



4.9 Power Factor Correction

ACAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

Connecting power factor correction capacitors to the output side damages the soft starter.

 Connect power factor correction capacitors to the input side of the soft starter.

If power factor correction is used, use a dedicated contactor to switch in the capacitors.

4.10 Fuses

4.10.1 Power Supply Fuses

NOTICE

WARRANTY

To keep the warranty on the SCRs, all fuses should be semiconductor fuses.

NOTICE

Use semiconductor fuses for Type 2 coordination (according to the IEC 60947-4-2 standard) to prevent damaging the SCRs. VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 has integrated SCR protection against overload transient currents, but if there is a short circuit (for example due to a defective motor winding) this protection is not sufficient.

HRC fuses (such as Ferraz AJT fuses) can be used for Type 1 coordination according to the IEC 60947-4-2 standard.

NOTICE

Adaptive control regulates the speed profile of the motor within the programmed time limit. This control may result in a higher level of current than traditional control methods.

For applications using adaptive control to soft stop the motor with stop times greater than 30 s, select motor branch protection as follows:

- Standard HRC mains fuses: Minimum 150% motor full load current.
- Motor rated mains fuses: Minimum rating 100/150% motor full load current.
- Motor control circuit breaker minimum long time setting: 150% motor full load current.
- Motor control circuit breaker minimum short time setting: 400% motor full load current for 30 s.

Fuse recommendations are calculated for 40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F), and at an altitude of up to 1000 m (3281 ft).

NOTICE

Fuse selection is based on a 400% FLC start for 20 s with:

- Standard published starts per hour.
- Duty cycle.
- 40 °C (104 °F) ambient temperature.
- Up to 1000 m (3281 ft) altitude.

For installations operating outside these conditions, consult a local Danfoss supplier.

Table 4.7 to Table 4.13 contain recommendations only. To confirm the selection for a particular application, always consult a local supplier.

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4.10.2 Bussmann Fuses

| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | Supply voltage |
|------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | (≤440 V AC) | (≤575 V AC) | (≤690 V AC) |
| MCD5-0021B | 1150 | 170M1314 | 170M1314 | 170M1314 |
| MCD5-0037B | 8000 | 170M1316 | 170M1316 | 170M1316 |
| MCD5-0043B | 10500 | 170M1318 | 170M1318 | 170M1318 |
| MCD5-0053B | 15000 | 170M1318 | 170M1318 | 170M1318 |
| MCD5-0068B | 15000 | 170M1319 | 170M1319 | 170M1318 |
| MCD5-0084B | 512000 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 | 170M1319 |
| MCD5-0089B | 80000 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 |
| MCD5-0105B | 125000 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 |
| MCD5-0131B | 125000 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 | 170M1321 |
| MCD5-0141B | 320000 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 |
| MCD5-0195B | 320000 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 |
| MCD5-0215B | 320000 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 |
| MCD5-0245B | 320000 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 |
| MCD5-0331B | 202000 | 170M5011 | 170M5011 | - |
| MCD5-0396B | 320000 | 170M6011 | - | - |
| MCD5-0469B | 320000 | 170M6008 ¹⁾ | - | - |
| MCD5-0525B | 781000 | 170M6013 | 170M6013 | 170M6013 |
| MCD5-0632B | 781000 | 170M5015 | 170M5015 | - |
| MCD5-0744B | 1200000 | 170M5017 | 170M6017 | - |
| MCD5-0826B | 2530000 | 170M6017 | 170M6017 | - |
| MCD5-0961B | 2530000 | 170M6018 | 170M6013 ¹⁾ | - |
| MCD5-0245C | 320000 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 | 170M2621 |
| MCD5-0360C | 320000 | 170M6010 | 170M6010 | 170M6010 |
| MCD5-0380C | 320000 | 170M6011 | 170M6011 | - |
| MCD5-0428C | 320000 | 170M6011 | 170M6011 | - |
| MCD5-0595C | 1200000 | 170M6015 | 170M6015 | 170M6014 |
| MCD5-0619C | 1200000 | 170M6015 | 170M6015 | 170M6014 |
| MCD5-0790C | 2530000 | 170M6017 | 170M6017 | 170M6016 |
| MCD5-0927C | 4500000 | 170M6019 | 170M6019 | 170M6019 |
| MCD5-1200C | 4500000 | 170M6021 | - | - |
| MCD5-1410C | 6480000 | | - | - |
| MCD5-1600C | 12500000 | 170M6019 ¹⁾ | - | - |

Table 4.7 Square Body (170M)

1) Two fuses connected in parallel are required per phase.

| _ | | |
|---|---|--|
| | ı | |

| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage (<440 V AC) | Supply voltage (<575 V AC) | Supply voltage (<690 V AC) |
|------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| MCD5-0021B | 1150 | 63FE | 63FE | 63FE |
| MCD5-0037B | 8000 | 120FEE | 120FEE | 120FEE |
| MCD5-0043B | 10500 | 120FEE | 120FEE | 120FEE |
| MCD5-0053B | 15000 | 200FEE | 200FEE | 200FEE |
| MCD5-0068B | 15000 | 200FEE | 200FEE | 200FEE |
| MCD5-0084B | 512000 | 200FEE | 200FEE | 200FEE |
| MCD5-0089B | 80000 | 280FM | 280FM | 280FM |
| MCD5-0105B | 125000 | 280FM | 280FM | 280FM |
| MCD5-0131B | 125000 | 280FM | 280FM | 280FM |
| MCD5-0141B | 320000 | 450FMM | 450FMM | 450FMM |
| MCD5-0195B | 320000 | 450FMM | 450FMM | 450FMM |
| MCD5-0215B | 320000 | 450FMM | 450FMM | 450FMM |
| MCD5-0245B | 320000 | 450FMM | 450FMM | 450FMM |
| MCD5-0331B | 202000 | 315FM ¹⁾ | - | - |
| MCD5-0396B | 320000 | 400FMM ¹⁾ | - | - |
| MCD5-0469B | 320000 | 450FMM ¹⁾ | - | - |
| MCD5-0525B | 781000 | 500FMM ¹⁾ | 500FMM ¹⁾ | 500FMM ¹⁾ |
| MCD5-0632B | 781000 | 630FMM ¹⁾ | - | - |
| MCD5-0744B | 1200000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-0826B | 2530000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-0961B | 2530000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-0245C | 320000 | 450FMM | 450FMM | 450FMM |
| MCD5-0360C | 320000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-0380C | 320000 | 400FMM ¹⁾ | 400FMM | 400FMM ¹⁾ |
| MCD5-0428C | 320000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-0595C | 1200000 | 630FMM ¹⁾ | 630FMM ¹⁾ | - |
| MCD5-0619C | 1200000 | 630FMM ¹⁾ | 630FMM ¹⁾ | - |
| MCD5-0790C | 2530000 | _ | - | _ |
| MCD5-0927C | 4500000 | _ | - | - |
| MCD5-1200C | 4500000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-1410C | 6480000 | - | - | - |
| MCD5-1600C | 12500000 | - | - | - |

Table 4.8 British Style (BS88)

1) Two fuses connected in parallel are required per phase.



4.10.3 Ferraz Fuses

| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | |
|------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|--|
| | | (<440 V AC) | (<575 V AC) | (<690 V AC) | |
| MCD5-0021B | 1150 | HSJ40 ¹⁾ | HSJ40 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0037B | 8000 | HSJ80 ¹⁾ | HSJ80 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0043B | 10500 | HSJ90 ¹⁾ | HSJ90 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0053B | 15000 | HSJ110 ¹⁾ | HSJ110 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0068B | 15000 | HSJ125 ¹⁾ | HSJ125 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0084B | 51200 | HSJ175 | HSJ175 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0089B | 80000 | HSJ175 | HSJ175 | † | |
| MCD5-0105B | 125000 | HSJ225 | HSJ225 | | |
| MCD5-0131B | 125000 | HSJ250 | HSJ250 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0141B | 320000 | HSJ300 | HSJ300 | | |
| MCD5-0195B | 320000 | HSJ350 | HSJ350 | | |
| MCD5-0215B | 320000 | HSJ400 ¹⁾ | HSJ400 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0245B | 320000 | HSJ450 ¹⁾ | HSJ450 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0331B | 202000 | HSJ500 ¹⁾ | | | |
| MCD5-0396B | 320000 | | Not | | |
| MCD5-0469B | 320000 | | | Not applicable | |
| MCD5-0525B | 781000 | Not applicable | | | |
| MCD5-0632B | 781000 | Not applicable | 140t applicable | | |
| MCD5-0744B | 1200000 | | | | |
| MCD5-0826B | 2530000 | | | | |
| MCD5-0961B | 2530000 |] | | | |
| MCD5-0245C | 320000 | HSJ450 ¹⁾ | HSJ450 ¹⁾ | | |
| MCD5-0360C | 320000 | | | | |
| MCD5-0380C | 320000 | | | | |
| MCD5-0428C | 320000 | Not applicable | | | |
| MCD5-0595C | 1200000 | | | | |
| MCD5-0619C | 1200000 | | Not applicable | | |
| MCD5-0790C | 2530000 | | ivot applicable | | |
| MCD5-0927C | 4500000 | | | | |
| MCD5-1200C | 4500000 | | | | |
| MCD5-1410C | 6480000 | | | | |
| MCD5-1600C | 12500000 | 7 | | | |

Table 4.9 HSJ

1) Two series connected fuses required per phase.



| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | Supply voltage |
|------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | (<440 V AC) | (<575 V AC) | (<690 V AC) |
| MCD5-0021B | 1150 | A070URD30XXX0063 | A070URD30XXX0063 | - |
| MCD5-0037B | 8000 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 |
| MCD5-0043B | 10500 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 |
| MCD5-0053B | 15000 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 | A070URD30XXX0125 |
| MCD5-0068B | 15000 | A070URD30XXX0160 | A070URD30XXX0160 | A070URD30XXX0160 |
| MCD5-0084B | 51200 | A070URD30XXX0200 | A070URD30XXX0200 | A070URD30XXX0200 |
| MCD5-0089B | 80000 | A070URD30XXX0200 | A070URD30XXX0200 | A070URD30XXX0200 |
| MCD5-0105B | 125000 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 |
| MCD5-0131B | 125000 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 |
| MCD5-0141B | 320000 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 | A070URD30XXX0315 |
| MCD5-0195B | 320000 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 |
| MCD5-0215B | 320000 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 |
| MCD5-0245B | 32000 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 |
| MCD5-0331B | 202000 | A070URD31XXX0550 | - | - |
| MCD5-0396B | 238000 | A070URD32XXX0630 | - | - |
| MCD5-0469B | 320000 | A070URD32XXX0700 | - | - |
| MCD5-0525B | 781000 | A070URD32XXX0800 | - | - |
| MCD5-0632B | 781000 | A070URD33XXX0900 | - | - |
| MCD5-0744B | 1200000 | A070URD33XXX1100 | - | - |
| MCD5-0826B | 2530000 | A070URD33XXX1250 | - | - |
| MCD5-0961B | 2530000 | A070URD33XXX1400 | - | - |
| MCD5-0245C | 320000 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 | A070URD30XXX0450 |
| MCD5-0360C | 320000 | A070URD33XXX0630 | A070URD33XXX0630 | A070URD33XXX0630 |
| MCD5-0380C | 320000 | A070URD33XXX0700 | A070URD33XXX0700 | - |
| MCD5-0428C | 320000 | A070URD33XXX0700 | A070URD33XXX0700 | - |
| MCD5-0595C | 1200000 | A070URD33XXX1000 | A070URD33XXX1000 | A070URD33XXX1000 |
| MCD5-0619C | 1200000 | A070URD33XXX1000 | A070URD33XXX1000 | A070URD33XXX1000 |
| MCD5-0790C | 2530000 | A070URD33XXX1400 | A070URD33XXX1400 | A070URD33XXX1400 |
| MCD5-0927C | 4500000 | A070URD33XXX1400 | A070URD33XXX1400 | A070URD33XXX1400 |
| MCD5-1200C | 4500000 | A055URD33XXX2250 | - | - |
| MCD5-1410C | 6480000 | A055URD33XXX2250 | - | - |
| MCD5-1600C | 12500000 | - | - | - |

Table 4.10 North American Style (PSC 690)

| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | |
|------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| mouel | Jen'r (/t s/ | (<440 V AC) | (<575 V AC) | (<690 V AC) | |
| MCD5-0021B | 1150 | 6.9URD30D11A0050 | 6.9URD30D11A0050 | 6.9URD30D11A0050 | |
| MCD5-0037B | 8000 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | |
| MCD5-0043B | 10500 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | |
| MCD5-0053B | 15000 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | 6.9URD30D11A0125 | |
| MCD5-0068B | 15000 | 6.9URD30D11A0160 | 6.9URD30D11A0160 | 6.9URD30D11A0160 | |
| MCD5-0084B | 51200 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | |
| MCD5-0089B | 80000 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | 6.9URD30D11A0200 | |
| MCD5-0105B | 125000 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | |
| MCD5-0131B | 125000 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | |
| MCD5-0141B | 320000 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | 6.9URD30D11A0315 | |
| MCD5-0195B | 320000 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | |
| MCD5-0215B | 320000 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | |
| MCD5-0245B | 320000 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | |
| MCD5-0331B | 202000 | 6.9URD31D11A0550 | - | - | |
| MCD5-0396B | 320000 | 6.9URD32D11A0630 | - | - | |



| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Supply voltage | Supply voltage | Supply voltage |
|------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Model | JCRTT(A3) | (<440 V AC) | (<575 V AC) | (<690 V AC) |
| MCD5-0469B | 320000 | 6.9URD32D11A0700 | - | - |
| MCD5-0525B | 781000 | 6.9URD32D11A0800 | - | - |
| MCD5-0632B | 781000 | 6.9URD33D11A0900 | - | - |
| MCD5-0744B | 1200000 | 6.9URD33D11A1100 | - | - |
| MCD5-0826B | 2530000 | 6.9URD33D11A1250 | - | - |
| MCD5-0961B | 2530000 | 6.9URD33D11A1400 | - | - |
| MCD5-0245C | 320000 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 | 6.9URD31D11A0450 |
| MCD5-0360C | 320000 | 6.9URD33D11A0630 | 6.9URD33D11A0630 | 6.9URD33D11A0630 |
| MCD5-0380C | 320000 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 |
| MCD5-0428C | 320000 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 | 6.9URD33D11A0700 |
| MCD5-0595C | 1200000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 |
| MCD5-0619C | 1200000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 | 6.9URD33D11A1000 |
| MCD5-0790C | 2530000 | 6.6URD33D11A1400 | 6.6URD33D11A1400 | - |
| MCD5-0927C | 4500000 | 6.6URD33D11A1400 | 6.6URD33D11A1400 | - |
| MCD5-1200C | 4500000 | 6URD233PLAF2200 | 6URD233PLAF2200 | - |
| MCD5-1410C | 6480000 | 6URD233PLAF2200 | 6URD233PLAF2200 | _ |
| MCD5-1600C | 12500000 | 6URD233PLAF2800 | 6URD233PLAF2800 | - |

Table 4.11 European Style (PSC 690)

4.10.4 UL Fuse Selection and Short Circuit Ratings

Two short-circuit current ratings (SCCR) are available for UL-compliant applications.

Standard fault currents (@600 V AC circuits)

The standard fault currents are determined referring to UL 508, section 1, table 51.2. This standard specifies the short-circuit current that the soft starter must withstand based on the horse power rating (or full load current (FLC) rating, or locked rotor amps (LRA) depending on the model).

If using the standard fault current ratings, the fuse must be in accordance with the information in *Table 4.12* (model- and manufacturer-specific).

High available fault currents (@480 V AC circuits)

It is possible to specify short-circuit current ratings exceeding the minimum ratings set by the standard fault currents when the soft starter is able to withstand the high available short-circuit current in accordance with the UL 508 test.

If using the high available fault current ratings, select a suitable fuse based on amperage and fuse class (J or L as applicable).



| Model | Nominal | | S | hort-circuit ratings | 5 | | 600 V short- |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | rating [A] | High available | | Sta | ndard fault curre | circuit current | |
| | | @480 V AC maximum [kA] | Maximum fuse rating [A] (fuse class) | @600 V AC [kA] | Ferraz/Mersen fuse, listed J, L, or RK5 class | Ferraz/Mersen fuse, R/C semiconductor | rating [kA] 3 cycles ¹⁾ |
| | | | | | fuse | fuses | |
| MCD5-0021B | 23 | 65 | 25 (J) | 10 | AJT25 | A070URD30XXX | |
| 14605 00050 | 40 | | 50 (1) | | 4.775 | 0063 | |
| MCD5-0037B | 43 | 65 | 50 (J) | 10 | AJT50 | A070URD30XXX 0125 | |
| MCD5-0043B | 50 | 65 | 50 (J) | 10 | AJT50 | A070URD30XXX | |
| MCD3-0043B | 30 | 05 | 30 (3) | 10 | AJISU | 0125 | |
| MCD5-0053B | 53 | 65 | 60 (J) | 10 | AJT60 | A070URD30XXX | |
| WCD3 0033B | | 03 | 00 (3) | 10 | 75100 | 0125 | |
| MCD5-0068B | 76 | 65 | 80 (J) | 10 | AJT80 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | (-) | | | 0200 | |
| MCD5-0084B | 97 | 65 | 100 (J) | 10 | AJT100 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0200 | |
| MCD5-0089B | 100 | 65 | 100 (J) | 10 | AJT100 | A070URD30XXX | N/A |
| | | | | | | 0200 | |
| MCD5-0105B | 105 | 65 | 125 (J) | 10 | AJT125 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0315 | |
| MCD5-0131B | 145 | 65 | 150 (J) | 18 | AJT150/RK5 200 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0315 | |
| MCD5-0141B | 170 | 65 | 175 (J) | 18 | AJT175/RK5 200 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0315 | |
| MCD5-0195B | 200 | 65 | 200 (J) | 18 | AJT200/RK5 300 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | (1) | | = (-)(- | 0450 | |
| MCD5-0215B | 220 | 65 | 250 (J) | 18 | AJT250/RK5 300 | A070URD30XXX | |
| MCDE 024EB | 255 | 65 | 250 (BK1/I) | 18 | 1) | 0450 | |
| MCD5-0245B | | 65 | 350 (RK1/J) | | 1) | _ | 18 |
| MCD5-0331B | 350 | 65 | 400 (J) | 18 | | - | 3 cycles |
| MCD5-0396B | 425 | 65 | 450 (J) | 30 | 1) | A070URD33XXX | 30 |
| MCD5-0469B | 500 | 65 | 600 (1) | 30 | 600 Class I | 0630 A070URD33XXX | 3 cycles |
| MCD3-0403B | 300 | 65 | 600 (J) | 30 | 600, Class J | 0700 | |
| MCD5-0525B | 580 | 65 | 800 (L) | 30 | 800, Class L | - | |
| MCD5-0323B MCD5-0632B | 700 | 65 | 800 (L) | 42 | 800, Class L | _ | |
| MCD5-0744B | 820 | 65 | 1200 (L) | 42 | 1200, Class L | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | . 200 (2) | | .200, 0.005 2 | 1000 | |
| MCD5-0826B | 920 | 65 | 1200 (L) | 85 | 1200, Class L | A070URD33XXX | 42 |
| | | | (-, | | , 2.2.2.2 | 1400 | 3 cycles |
| MCD5-0961B | 1000 | 65 | 1200 (L) | 85 | 1200, Class L | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 1400 | |

Table 4.12 Short-circuit Ratings, Bypassed Models

 $XXX = blade \ type: See \ Ferraz/Mersen \ catalog \ for \ details.$

1) When protected by any UL listed fuses or UL listed circuit breakers sized according to the NEC, models provided with a 3-cycle rating are suitable for use in a circuit with the prospective current noted.

4

| Model | Nominal | Short-circuit ratings | | | | | 600 V short- |
|------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| | rating [A] | High a | vailable | Sta | Standard fault current | | |
| | | @480 V AC | Maximum fuse | @600 V AC [kA] | Ferraz/Mersen | Ferraz/Mersen | rating [kA] |
| | | maximum [kA] | rating [A] | | fuse, listed J, L, | fuse, R/C | 3 cycles ¹⁾ |
| | | | (fuse class) | | or RK5 class | semiconductor | |
| | | | | | fuse | fuses | |
| MCD5-0245C | 255 | 65 | 350 (RK1/J) | 18 | AJT300 | A070URD30XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0450 | |
| MCD5-0360C | 360 | 65 | 400 (J) | 18 | AJT400/RK5 500 | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0630 | |
| MCD5-0380C | 380 | 65 | 450 (J) | 18 | AJT450/RK5 500 | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0700 | |
| MCD5-0428C | 430 | 65 | 450 (J) | 30 | AJT450 | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 0700 | |
| MCD5-0595C | 620 | 65 | 800 (L) | 42 | A4BQ800 | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 1000 | |
| MCD5-0619C | 650 | 65 | 800 (L) | 42 | A4BQ800 | A070URD33XXX | N/A |
| | | | | | | 1000 | IN/A |
| MCD5-0790C | 790 | 65 | 1200 (L) | 42 | A4BQ1200 | 070URD33XXX1 | |
| | | | | | | 400 | |
| MCD5-0927C | 930 | 65 | 1200 (L) | 42 | A4BQ1200 | A070URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 1400 | |
| MCD5-1200C | 1200 | 65 | 1600 (L) | 85 | A4BQ1600 | A065URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 1800 | |
| MCD5-1410C | 1410 | 65 | 2000 (L) | 85 | A4BQ2000 | A055URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 2250 | |
| MCD5-1600C | 1600 | 65 | 2000 (L) | 85 | A4BQ2500 | A055URD33XXX | |
| | | | | | | 2500 | |

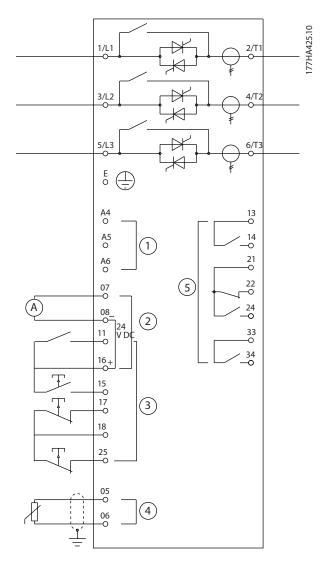
Table 4.13 Short-circuit Ratings, Non-bypassed Models

XXX = blade type: See Ferraz/Mersen catalog for details.

¹⁾ When protected by any UL listed fuses or UL listed circuit breakers sized according to the NEC, models provided with a 3-cycle rating are suitable for use in a circuit with the prospective current noted.

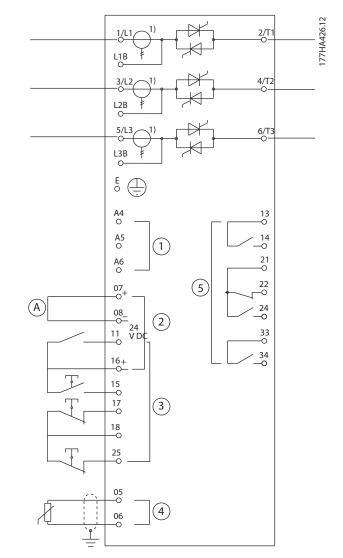


4.11 Schematic Diagrams



| 1 | Control supply (model dependent) | 11, 16 | Programmable input |
|--------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| 2 | Outputs | 15, 16 | Start |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | 17, 18 | Stop |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | 25, 18 | Reset |
| 5 | Relay outputs | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 07, 08 | Programmable analog output | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 16, 08 | 24 V DC output | 33, 34 | Relay output C |

Illustration 4.21 Internally Bypassed Models



| 1 | Control supply (model dependent) | 11, 16 | Programmable input |
|--------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| 2 | Outputs | 15, 16 | Start |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | 17, 18 | Stop |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | 25, 18 | Reset |
| 5 | Relay outputs | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 07, 08 | Programmable analog output | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 16, 08 | 24 V DC output | 33, 34 | Relay output C |

Illustration 4.22 Non-bypassed Models

1) MCD5-0245C current transformers are placed on the output. Bypass terminals are labeled T1B, T2B, and T3B.

1



5 Product Features

5.1 Motor Overload Protection

The thermal model used for motor overload in the soft starter has 2 components:

- Motor windings: The motor windings have a low thermal capacity and affect the short-term thermal behavior of the motor. The motor windings are where the current generates heat.
- Motor body: The motor body has a large thermal capacity and affects the long-term behavior of the motor. The thermal model includes considerations for the following:
 - Motor current.
 - Iron losses.
 - Winding resistance losses.
 - Motor body and winding thermal capacities.
 - Cooling during run and cooling at standstill.
 - The percentage of the rated capacity of the motor. This sets the shown value for the winding model and is affected by the motor FLC setting among others.

NOTICE

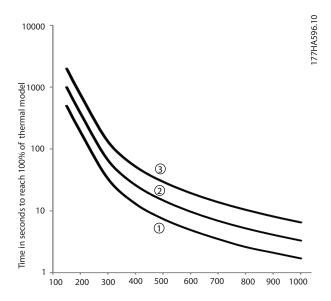
Set *parameter 1-1 Motor FLC* to the rated motor FLC. Do not add the overload rating as the soft starter calculates this rating.

The thermal overload protection used in the soft starter has several advantages over the thermal relays.

- The effect of fan cooling is accounted for when the motor is running.
- The actual full load current and locked rotor time can be used to tune the model more accurately.
 The thermal characteristics of the windings are treated separately from the rest of the motor (that is the model recognizes that the windings have low thermal mass and high thermal resistance).
- The winding portion of the thermal model responds rapidly compared with the body portion. Thus, the motor can be run closer to its safe maximum operating temperature while still being protected from thermal damage.
- The percentage of motor thermal capacity used during each start is stored in memory. The soft starter can be configured to determine automatically whether the motor has sufficient thermal

- capacity remaining to complete another start successfully.
- The memory function of the model ensures that the motor is fully protected in warm-start situations. The model uses data from the realtime clock to account for elapsed cooling time, even if control power has been removed.

The overload protection function provided by this model is compliant with a NEMA 10 curve, but provides superior protection at low levels of overload due to the separation of the winding thermal model.



Current (%motor full load current)

| 1 | MSTC ¹⁾ =5 |
|---|------------------------|
| 2 | MSTC ¹⁾ =10 |
| 3 | MSTC ¹⁾ =20 |

1) MSTC is the motor start time constant. It is defined as the locked rotor time (in parameter 1-2 Locked Rotor Time) when the locked rotor current is 600% of FLC.

Illustration 5.1 Protection Degree Compared to Overload

5.2 Adaptive Control

Adaptive control is motor control based on the performance characteristics of the motor. With adaptive control, select the starting or stopping profile that best matches the load type. The soft starter automatically controls the motor to match the profile. The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 offers 3 profiles:



- Early acceleration and deceleration.
- Constant acceleration and deceleration.
- Late acceleration and deceleration.

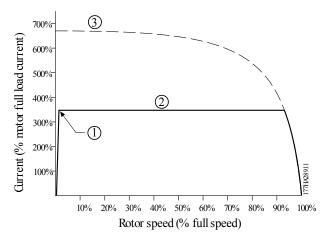
Adaptive control uses 2 algorithms; 1 to measure the motor characteristics, and 1 to control the motor. The soft starter uses the first start to determine the motor characteristics at 0 speed and at maximum speed. During each subsequent start and stop, the soft starter dynamically adjusts its control to ensure that the actual motor performance matches the selected profile throughout the start. If the actual speed is too low for the profile, the soft starter increases power to the motor. If the speed is too high, the soft starter decreases power.

5.3 Starting Modes

5.3.1 Constant Current

Constant current is the traditional form of soft starting. It raises the current from 0 to a specified level and keeps the current stable at that level until the motor has accelerated.

Constant current starting is ideal for applications where the start current must be kept below a specific level.



| 1 | Parameter 1-5 Initial current |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 2 | Parameter 1-4 Current limit |
| 3 | Full voltage current |

Illustration 5.2 Example of Constant Current

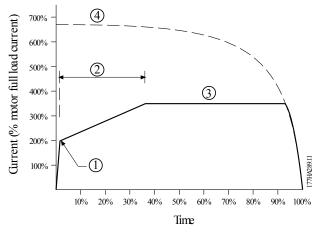
5.3.2 Current Ramp

Current ramp soft starting raises the current from a specified starting level (1) to a maximum limit (3), over an extended period (2), see *Illustration 5.3*.

Current ramp starting can be useful for applications where:

 The load can vary between starts (for example a conveyor, which may start loaded or unloaded).

- Set parameter 1-5 Initial Current to a level that starts the motor with a light load.
- Set *parameter 1-4 Current Limit* to a level that starts the motor with a heavy load.
- The load breaks away easily, but starting time must be extended (for example a centrifugal pump where pipeline pressure must build up slowly).
- The electricity supply is limited (for example a generator set), and a slower increase of load allows more time for the supply to respond.



| 1 | Parameter 1-5 Initial current |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 2 | Parameter 1-6 Start ramp time |
| 3 | Parameter 1-4 Current limit |
| 4 | Full voltage current |

Illustration 5.3 Example of a 10 s Current Ramp Time

5.3.3 Adaptive Control

In an adaptive control soft start, the soft starter adjusts the current to start the motor within a specified time and uses a selected acceleration profile.

NOTICE

Adaptive control cannot start the motor faster than a direct on-line (DOL) start. If the time set in *parameter 1-6 Start ramp time* is shorter than the motor DOL start time, starting current may reach DOL levels.

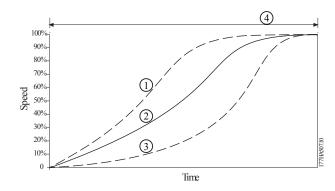
Every application has a particular starting profile based on characteristics of the load and the motor. To meet the requirements of different applications, adaptive control offers 3 different starting profiles. Selecting a profile that matches the inherent profile of the application can help smooth out acceleration across the full start time. Selecting a different adaptive control profile can neutralize the inherent profile to some extent.



To use adaptive control to control starting performance:

- Select Adaptive control in parameter 1-3 Start Mode.
- 2. Set parameter 1-6 Start Ramp Time.
- 3. Select the wanted profile in *parameter 1-13 Adaptive Start Profile*.
- 4. Set parameter 1-4 Current Limit sufficiently high to allow a successful start.

The 1st adaptive control start is a constant current start. This start type allows the soft starter to learn the characteristics of the connected motor. The soft starter uses this motor data during subsequent adaptive control starts.



| 1 | Early acceleration |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 2 | Constant acceleration |
| 3 | Late acceleration |
| 4 | Parameter 1-16 Start Ramp Time |

Illustration 5.4 Parameter 1-13 Adaptive Start Profile

NOTICE

Adaptive control regulates the load according to the programmed profile. Start current varies according to the selected acceleration profile and the programmed start time.

The soft starter has to learn the characteristics of a new motor:

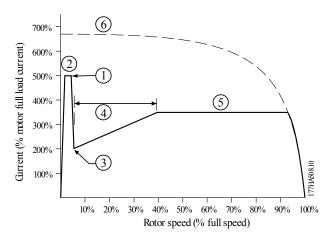
- If replacing a motor connected to a soft starter programmed for adaptive control starting or stopping.
- If the soft starter has been tested on a different motor before actual installation.

If parameter 1-1 Motor Full Load Current or parameter 1-12 Adaptive Control Gain is changed, the soft starter automatically relearns the motor characteristics.

5.3.4 Kick-start

Kick-start provides a short boost of extra torque at the beginning of a start and can be used with current ramp or constant current starting.

Kick-start can be useful to help start loads that require high breakaway torque but then accelerate easily once they are started (for example flywheel loads such as presses).



| 1 | Parameter 1-7 Kick-start Level |
|---|--------------------------------|
| 2 | Parameter 1-8 Kick-start Time |
| 3 | Parameter 1-5 Initial Current |
| 4 | Parameter 1-6 Start Ramp Time |
| 5 | Parameter 1-4 Current Limit |
| 6 | Full voltage current |

Illustration 5.5 Example of Rotor Speed when using Kick-start

5.4 Stopping Modes

5.4.1 Coast to Stop

Coast to stop lets the motor slow at its natural rate, with no control from the soft starter. The time required to stop depends on the type of load.

5.4.2 TVR Soft Stop

Timed voltage ramp reduces the voltage to the motor gradually over a defined time. The load may continue to run after the stop ramp is complete.

Timed voltage ramp stopping can be useful for applications where the stop time has to be extended, or to avoid transients on generator-set supplies.



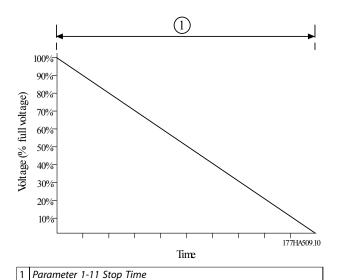
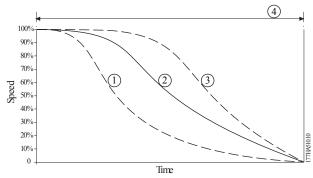


Illustration 5.6 TVR Soft Stop

5.4.3 Adaptive Control

To use adaptive control to control stopping performance:

- 1. Select Adaptive control from the Stop Mode menu.
- 2. Set parameter 1-11 Stop Time.
- 3. Select the required profile in *parameter 1-14 Adaptive Stop Profile*.



| 1 | Early deceleration |
|---|--------------------------|
| 2 | Constant deceleration |
| 3 | Late deceleration |
| 4 | Parameter 1-10 Stop Time |

Illustration 5.7 Parameter 1-14 Adaptive Stop Profile

NOTICE

Adaptive control does not actively slow the motor down and does not stop the motor faster than a coast to stop. To shorten the stopping time of high-inertia loads, use a brake function, see *chapter 5.4.5 Brake*.

The first adaptive control stop is a normal soft stop. This stop type allows the soft starter to learn the characteristics

of the connected motor. The soft starter uses this motor data during subsequent adaptive control stops.

NOTICE

Adaptive control regulates the load according to the programmed profile. Stopping current varies according to the selected deceleration profile and stop time.

The soft starter has to learn the characteristics of a new motor:

- If replacing a motor connected to a soft starter programmed for adaptive control starting or stopping.
- If the soft starter has been tested on a different motor before actual installation.

If parameter 1-1 Motor Full Load Current or parameter 1-12 Adaptive Control Gain is changed, the soft starter automatically relearns the motor characteristics.

5.4.4 Pump Stopping

The hydraulic characteristics of pump systems vary considerably. This variation means that the ideal deceleration profile and stop time vary from application to application. *Table 5.1* provides guidelines on selecting between adaptive control profiles. For identification of the best profile for the application, test all 3 profiles.

| Adaptive stop | Application | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| profile | | |
| Late deceleration | High-head systems, where even a small | |
| | decrease in motor/pump speed results in a | |
| | rapid transition between forward flow and | |
| | reverse flow. | |
| Constant | Low to medium head, high-flow | |
| deceleration | applications, where the fluid has high | |
| | momentum. | |
| Early deceleration | Open pump systems, where fluid must drain | |
| | back through the pump without driving the | |
| | pump in reverse. | |

Table 5.1 Selection of Adaptive Control Deceleration Profiles

5.4.5 Brake

A brake reduces the required stop time of the motor.

During braking, an increased noise level from the motor may be audible. This noise is a normal part of motor braking.



ACAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

If the brake torque is set too high, the motor stops before the end of the brake time. The motor suffers unnecessary heating, which could result in damage. Careful configuration is required to ensure safe operation of the soft starter and the motor.

A high brake torque setting can result in peak currents up to motor DOL being drawn while the motor is stopping. Ensure that protection fuses installed in the motor branch circuit are selected appropriately.

ACAUTION

RISK OF OVERHEATING

Brake operation causes the motor to heat faster than the rate calculated by the motor thermal model. If using brake functionality, install a motor thermistor or allow sufficient restart delay (parameter 2-11 Restart Delay).

When brake is selected, the soft starter uses DC injection to slow the motor.

Braking

- Does not require the use of a DC brake contactor.
- Controls all 3 phases so that the braking currents and associated heating are evenly distributed through the motor.

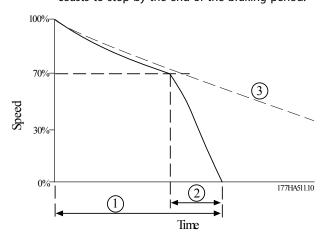
Braking has 2 stages:

- Prebrake: Provides an intermediate level of braking to slow motor speed to a point where full brake can be operated successfully (approximately 70% speed).
- 2. Full brake: Provides maximum braking torque but is ineffective at speeds greater than approximately 70%.

To configure the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 for brake operation:

- 1. Set parameter 1-11 Stop Time for the wanted stopping time duration (1), see Illustration 5.8. The stop time is the total brake time. Set the stop time sufficiently longer than the brake time (parameter 1-16 Brake Time) to allow the prebraking stage to reduce motor speed to approximately 70%. If the stop time is too short, braking is not successful and the motor coasts to stop.
- 2. Set *parameter 1-16 Brake Time* to approximately 25% of the programmed stop time. The brake time sets the time for the full brake-stage (2), see *Illustration 5.8*.
- Adjust parameter 1-15 Brake Torque so that the wanted stopping performance is achieved. If set

too low, the motor does not stop completely and coasts to stop by the end of the braking period.



- 1 Parameter 1-11 Stop Time
- 2 Parameter 1-16 Brake Time
- 3 Coast to stop time

Illustration 5.8 Brake Time

NOTICE

When using DC brake:

- Connect the mains supply to the soft starter (input terminals L1, L2, L3) in positive phase sequence.
- Set parameter 2-1 Phase Sequence to Positive only.

NOTICE

For loads which may vary between braking cycles, install a zero-speed sensor to ensure that the soft starter ends DC braking when the motor stops. This installation avoids unnecessary heating of the motor.

For more information on using the MCD 500 with an external speed sensor (for example for applications with variable load during the braking cycle), see *chapter 5.12 DC Brake with External Zero-speed Sensor*.

5.5 Jog Operation

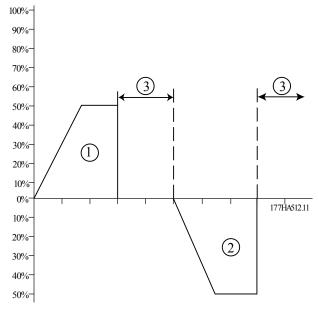
Jog runs the motor at reduced speed to allow alignment of the load or to assist servicing. The motor can be jogged in either forward or reverse direction.

The maximum available torque for jog forward is approximately 50–75% of motor full load torque (FLT) depending on the motor. When the motor is jogged in reverse, the torque is approximately 25–50% of FLT. *Parameter 15-8 Jog Torque* controls how much of the maximum available jog torque the soft starter applies to the motor.



NOTICE

Setting *parameter 15-8 Jog Torque* above 50% may cause increased shaft vibration.



| 1 | Jog forward |
|---|------------------|
| 2 | Jog reverse |
| 3 | Normal operation |

Illustration 5.9 Jog Operation

To activate jog operation, use a programmable input (parameter 3-3 Input A Function).

To stop a jog operation, perform either of the following:

- Remove the jog command.
- Press [Off] on the LCP.
- Activate Starter disable using the LCP programmable inputs.

If the jog command is still present, jog recommences at the end of a restart delay. All other commands except the ones listed are ignored during jog operation.

NOTICE

Soft start and soft stop are not available during jog operation. Jog is only available for the primary motor.

ACAUTION

REDUCED MOTOR COOLING

Slow speed running is not intended for continuous operation due to reduced motor cooling. Jog operation causes the motor to heat faster than the rate calculated by the motor thermal model.

 If using jog, install a motor thermistor, or allow sufficient restart delay (parameter 2-11 Restart Delay).

5.6 Inside Delta Operation

Adaptive control, jog, and brake functions are not supported in inside delta (6-wire) operation. If these functions are programmed when the soft starter is connected inside delta, the behavior is as in *Table 5.2*:

| Adaptive | The soft starter performs a constant current start. |
|---|--|
| control | |
| start | |
| Adaptive | If stop time is >0 s, the starter performs a TVR soft |
| control | stop. If stop time is set to 9 s, the starter performs a |
| stop | coast to stop. |
| Jog | The soft starter issues a warning with the error |
| | message Unsupported Option. |
| Brake The starter performs a coast to stop. | |

Table 5.2 Inside Delta Behavior at Adaptive Control, Jog, and Brake

NOTICE

When connected in inside delta, current imbalance is the only phase loss protection that is active during run. Do not disable *parameter 2-2 Current Imbalance* during inside delta operation.

NOTICE

Inside delta operation is only possible with mains voltage ≤600 V AC.



5.7 Typical Start Currents

To determine the typical start current for an application, use this information.

NOTICE

These start current requirements are appropriate and typical in most circumstances. However, the performance and start torque requirements of motors and machines do vary. For further assistance, contact the local Danfoss supplier.

General and water

| Agitator | 4.0 x FLC |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Centrifugal pump | 3.5 x FLC |
| Compressor (screw, unloaded) | 3.0 x FLC |
| Compressor (reciprocating, unloaded) | 4.0 x FLC |
| Conveyor | 4.0 x FLC |
| Fan (damped) | 3.5 x FLC |
| Fan (undamped) | 4.5 x FLC |
| Mixer | 4.5 x FLC |
| Positive displacement pump | 4.0 x FLC |
| Submersible pump | 3.0 x FLC |

Table 5.3 Typical Start Currents for General and Water Applications

Metals and mining

| Belt conveyor | 4.5 x FLC |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Dust collector | 3.5 x FLC |
| Grinder | 3.0 x FLC |
| Hammer mill | 4.5 x FLC |
| Rock crusher | 4.0 x FLC |
| Roller conveyor | 3.5 x FLC |
| Roller mill | 4.5 x FLC |
| Tumbler | 4.0 x FLC |
| Wire draw-machine | 5.0 x FLC |
| | |

Table 5.4 Typical Start Currents for Metals and Mining Applications

Food processing

| Bottle washer | 3.0 x FLC |
|---------------|-----------|
| Centrifuge | 4.0 x FLC |
| Dryer | 4.5 x FLC |
| Mill | 4.5 x FLC |
| Palletizer | 4.5 x FLC |
| Separator | 4.5 x FLC |
| Slicer | 3.0 x FLC |

Table 5.5 Typical Start Currents for Food Processing Applications

Pulp and paper

| Dryer | 4.5 x FLC |
|----------|-----------|
| Repulper | 4.5 x FLC |
| Shredder | 4.5 x FLC |

Table 5.6 Typical Start Currents for Pulp and Paper Applications

Petrochemical

| Ball mill | 4.5 x FLC |
|----------------|-----------|
| Centrifuge | 4.0 x FLC |
| Extruder | 5.0 x FLC |
| Screw conveyor | 4.0 x FLC |

Table 5.7 Typical Start Currents for Petrochemical Applications

Transport and machine tool

| Ball mill | 4.5 x FLC |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Grinder | 3.5 x FLC |
| Material conveyor | 4.0 x FLC |
| Palletizer | 4.5 x FLC |
| Press | 3.5 x FLC |
| Roller mill | 4.5 x FLC |
| Rotary table | 4.0 x FLC |

Table 5.8 Typical Start Currents for Transport and Machine Tool Applications

Lumber and wood products

| Bandsaw | 4.5 x FLC |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Chipper | 4.5 x FLC |
| Circular saw | 3.5 x FLC |
| Debarker | 3.5 x FLC |
| Edger | 3.5 x FLC |
| Hydraulic power pack | 3.5 x FLC |
| Planer | 3.5 x FLC |
| Sander | 4.0 x FLC |

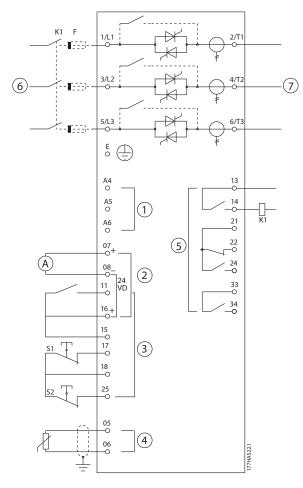
Table 5.9 Typical Start Currents for Lumber and Wood Products Applications



5.8 Installation with Main Contactor

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is installed with a main contactor (AC3 rated). Supply control voltage from the input side of the contactor.

The soft starter main contactor output controls the main contactor. The main contactor output is by default assigned to output relay A (terminals 13, 14).



| 1 | Control voltage (model dependent) | K1 | Main contactor |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| 2 | 24 V DC output | F1 | Semiconductor fuses (optional) |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | S1 | Start/stop |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | S2 | Reset contact |
| 5 | Relay outputs | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 6 | 3-phase supply | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 7 | Motor terminals | 33, 34 | Relay output C |

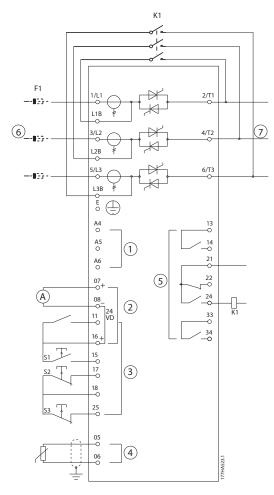
Illustration 5.10 Installation with Main Contactor

- Parameter 4-1 Relay A Function
 - Select Main contactor assigns the main contactor function to relay output A (default value).



5.9 Installation with Bypass Contactor

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is installed with a bypass contactor (AC1 rated). The soft starter run output controls the bypass contactor. The run output is by default assigned to output relay B (terminals 21, 22, 24).



| 1 | Control voltage (model dependent) | K1 | Bypass contactor |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| 2 | 24 V DC output | F1 | Semiconductor fuses (optional) |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | S1 | Start contact |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | S2 | Stop contact |
| 5 | Relay outputs | S3 | Reset contact |
| 6 | 3-phase supply | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 7 | Motor terminals | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| | | 33, 34 | Relay output C |

Illustration 5.11 Installation with Bypass Contactor

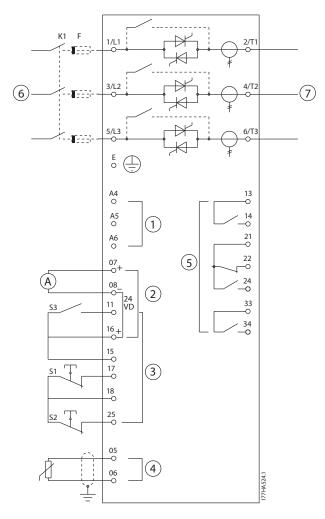
- Parameter 4-4 Relay B Function.
 - Select Run assigns the run output function to output relay B (default value).



5.10 Emergency Run Operation

In normal operation, the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is controlled via a remote 2-wire signal (terminals 17, 18).

A 2-wire circuit connected to input A (terminals 11, 16) controls emergency run. Closing input A causes the soft starter to run the motor and ignore all trip conditions.



| 1 | Control voltage (model dependent) | S1 | Start/stop contact |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| 2 | 24 V DC output | S2 | Reset contact |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | S3 | Emergency run contact |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 5 | Relay outputs | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 6 | 3-phase supply | 33, 34 | Relay output C |
| 7 | Motor terminals | | |

Illustration 5.12 Emergency Run Operation

- Parameter 3-3 Input A Function.
 - Select *Emergency Run* assigns input A to emergency run function.
- Parameter 15-3 Emergency Run.



- Select *Enable* - enables the emergency run-mode.

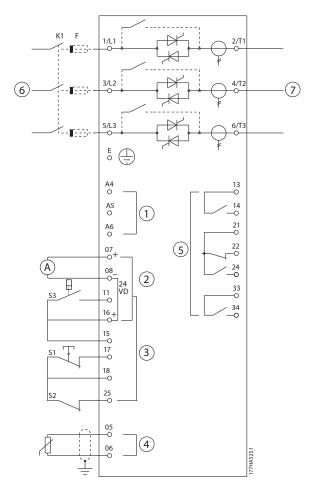
NOTICE

Although *Emergency run* fulfills the functionality requirements of fire mode, Danfoss does not recommend its use in situations that require testing and/or compliance with specific standards as it is not certified.

5.11 Auxiliary Trip Circuit

In normal operation, the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 is controlled via a remote 2-wire signal (terminals 17, 18).

Input A (terminals 11, 16) is connected to an external trip circuit (such as a low-pressure alarm switch for a pumping system). When the external circuit activates, the soft starter trips and stops the motor.



| 1 | Control voltage (model dependent) | S1 | Start/stop contact |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| 2 | 24 V DC output | S2 | Reset contact |
| 3 | Remote control inputs | S3 | Auxiliary trip contact |
| 4 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | 13, 14 | Relay output A |
| 5 | Relay outputs | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 6 | 3-phase supply | 33, 34 | Relay output C |
| 7 | Motor terminals | | |

Illustration 5.13 Auxiliary Trip Circuit



Parameter settings:

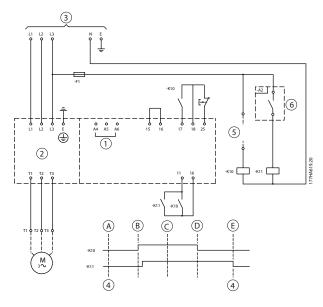
- Parameter 3-3 Input A Function.
 - Select Input Trip (N/O) assigns input A to auxiliary trip (N/O) function.
- Parameter 3-4 Input A Name.
 - Select a name, for example Low Pressure assigns a name to input A.
- Parameter 3-8 Remote Reset Logic.
 - Select as required, for example Normally Closed the input behaves like a normally closed contact.

5.12 DC Brake with External Zero-speed Sensor

For loads varying between braking cycles, there are benefits in using an external zero-speed sensor to interface with the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 for brake shut-off. This control method ensures that the MCD 500 braking always shuts off when the motor has reached a standstill, thus avoiding unnecessary motor heating.

Illustration 5.14 shows how to use a zero-speed sensor with the MCD 500 to turn off the brake function at motor standstill. The zero-speed sensor (-A2) is often referred to as an underspeed detector. Its internal contact is open at 0 speed and closed at any speed above 0 speed. Once the motor has reached a standstill, terminals 11 and 16 open, and the soft starter is disabled. When the next start command is given, that is next application of K10, terminals 11 and 16 close, and the soft starter is enabled.

Operate the MCD 500 in auto-on mode and set *parameter* 3-3 Input A Function to Starter disable.



| 1 | Control voltage | 15, 16 | Start |
|---|-----------------------|--------|-------------|
| 2 | Motor terminals | 17, 18 | Stop |
| 3 | 3-phase supply | 25, 18 | Reset |
| 4 | Starter disable | Α | Off (ready) |
| | (shown on soft | | |
| | starter display) | | |
| 5 | Start signal (2-, 3-, | В | Start |
| | or 4-wire) | | |
| 6 | Zero-speed detect | С | Run |
| 7 | Zero-speed sensor | D | Stop |
| | | E | Zero speed |

Illustration 5.14 Turning Off Brake Function at Standstill with Zero-speed Sensor

For details on configuring DC Brake, see *chapter 5.4.5 Brake*.

NOTICE

When using DC brake, connect the mains supply to the soft starter (input terminals L1, L2, L3) in positive phase sequence. Then set *parameter 2-1 Phase Sequence* to *Positive only*.



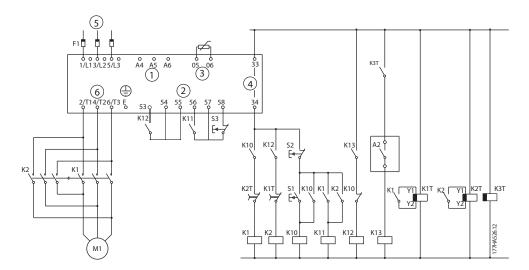
5.13 Soft Braking

For high inertia loads, the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 can be configured for soft braking.

In this application, the MCD 500 is employed with forward run and braking contactors. When the soft starter receives a start signal (push-button S1), it closes the forward run contactor (K1) and controls the motor according to the programmed primary motor settings.

When the soft starter receives a stop signal (push-button S2), it opens the forward run contactor (K1) and closes the braking contactor (K2) after a delay of approximately 2–3 s (KT1). K12 is also closed to activate the secondary motor settings, which are user-programmed for the wanted stopping performance characteristics.

When motor speed approaches 0, the external zero-speed sensor (A2) stops the soft starter and opens the braking contactor (K2).



| 1 | Control voltage (model dependent) | K10 | Run relay |
|----|-----------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|
| 2 | Remote control inputs | K11 | Start relay |
| 3 | Motor thermistor input (PTC only) | K12 | Brake relay |
| 4 | Relay outputs | K13 | Zero-speed detector relay |
| 5 | 3-phase supply | K1 | Line contactor (run) |
| 6 | Motor terminals | K2 | Line contactor (brake) |
| A2 | Zero-speed sensor | K1T | Run delay timer |
| S1 | Start contact | K2T | Brake delay timer |
| S2 | Stop contact | К3Т | Zero-speed detector delay timer |
| S3 | Reset contact | | |

Illustration 5.15 Soft Braking Configuration

- Parameter 3-3 Input A Function.
 - Select Motor Set Select assigns input A for motor set selection.
 - Set starting performance characteristics using the primary motor set (*parameter group 1 Primary Motor Settings*).



- Set braking performance characteristics using the secondary motor settings (parameter group 7 Secondary Motor Set).
- Parameter 4-7 Relay C Function.
 - Select Trip assigns trip function to output relay C.

NOTICE

If the soft starter trips on supply frequency (parameter 16-5 Frequency) when the braking contactor K2 opens, modify the settings of parameters 2-8 to 2-10.

5.14 Two-speed Motor

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 can be configured for control of 2-speed Dahlander type motors, using a high-speed contactor (K1), low-speed contactor (K2), and a star contactor (K3).

NOTICE

Pole amplitude modulated (PAM) motors alter the speed by effectively changing the stator frequency using external winding configuration. Soft starters are not suitable for use with this type of 2-speed motor.

When the soft starter receives a high-speed start signal, it closes the high-speed contactor (K1) and star contactor (K3). Then it controls the motor according to the primary motor settings (parameters 1-1 to 1-16).

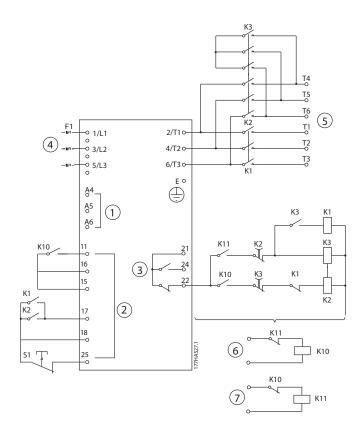
When the soft starter receives a low-speed start signal, it closes the low-speed contactor (K2). This action closes input A and the soft starter controls the motor according to the secondary motor settings (parameters 7-1 to 7-16).

NOTICE

If the soft starter trips on supply frequency (16-5 Frequency) when the high-speed start signal (7) is removed, modify the settings of parameters 2-8 to 2-10.

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| 1 | Control voltage | 6 | Remote low-speed start input | K2 | Line contactor (low speed) |
|---|-----------------------|-----|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|
| 2 | Remote control inputs | 7 | Remote high-speed start input | К3 | Star contactor (high speed) |
| 3 | Relay outputs | K10 | Remote start relay (low speed) | S1 | Reset contact |
| 4 | 3-phase supply | K11 | Remote start relay (high speed) | 21, 22, 24 | Relay output B |
| 5 | Motor terminals | K1 | Line contactor (high speed) | | |

Illustration 5.16 Two-speed Motor Configuration

NOTICE

Contactors K2 and K3 must be mechanically interlocked.

Parameter settings:

- Parameter 3-3 Input A Function.
 - Select Motor Set Select assigns input A for motor set selection.
 - Set high-speed performance characteristics using parameters 1-1 to 2-9.
 - Set low-speed performance characteristics using parameters 7-1 to 7-16.
- Parameter 4-4 Relay B Function.
 - Select *Trip* assigns trip function to relay output B.

NOTICE

If the soft starter trips on supply frequency (parameter 16-5 Frequency) when the high-speed signal (7) is removed, modify the settings of parameters 2-9 to 2-10.



6 Operation

6.1 Control Methods

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 can be controlled:

- Via the control keys on the LCP (local control).
- Via the remote inputs (remote control).
- Via the serial communication network.

Control functions

- Local control is only available in hand-on mode.
- Remote control is only available in auto-on mode.
- Control via the serial communication network is always disabled in hand-on mode. Enable or disable start/stop commands via the serial network in auto-on mode by changing the setting of *parameter 3-2 Comms in Remote*.

The MCD 500 can also be configured to autostart or autostop. Autostart/stop operation is only available in auto-on mode. In hand-on mode, the soft starter ignores any autostart/stop setting. To configure autostart/stop operation, set *parameters 5-1* to *5-4*.

To switch between hand-on mode and auto-on mode, press the keys on the LCP.

- [Hand On]: Start the motor and enter hand-on mode.
- [Off]: Stop the motor and enter hand-on mode.
- [Auto On]: Set the soft starter to auto-on mode.
- [Reset]: Reset a trip (hand-on mode only).

The MCD 500 can also be set to allow local control only or remote control only, using parameter 3-1 Local/Remote.

If parameter 3-1 Local/Remote is set to Remote Control Only, the [Off] key is disabled. Stop the motor by remote control or via the serial communication network.

| | Hand-on mode | Auto-on mode |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| To soft start the motor. | Press [Hand On] on the LCP. | Activate the Start remote input. |
| To stop the motor. | Press [Off] on the LCP. | Activate the Stop remote input. |
| To reset a trip on the soft starter. | Press [Reset] on the LCP. | Activate the Reset remote input. |
| Autostart/stop operation. | Disabled. | Enabled. |

Table 6.1 Start, Stop, and Reset in Hand-on Mode and Auto-on Mode

To stop the motor with a coast to stop, regardless of the setting in *parameter 1-10 Stop Mode*, press [Off] and [Reset] at the same time. The soft starter removes power from the motor and opens the main contactor, and the motor coasts to stop.

NOTICE

Brake and jog functions operate only with in-line connected motors (see chapter 5.6 Inside Delta Operation).



6.2 Operation and LCP

6.2.1 Operating Modes

In hand-on mode:

- To soft start the motor, press [Hand On] on the ICP
- To stop the motor, press [Off] on the LCP.
- To reset a trip on the soft starter, press [Reset] on the LCP
- To stop the motor with a coast to stop, regardless of the setting of *parameter 1-10 Stop mode*, press [Off] and [Reset] at the same time. The soft starter removes power from the motor and opens the main contactor, and then the motor coasts to stop.

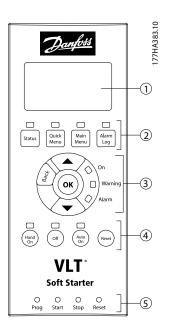
In auto-on mode:

- To soft start the motor, activate the *Start* remote input.
- To stop the motor, activate the *Stop* remote input.
- To reset a trip on the soft starter, activate the *Reset* remote input.

NOTICE

Brake and jog functions operate only with in-line connected motors (see *chapter 4.3.3 Inside Delta Installation*).

6.2.2 The LCP



| 1 | 4-line display for status and programming details. | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| 2 | Display control keys: | | |
| | [Status]: Returns to the status displays. | | |
| | [Quick Menu]: Opens the Quick Menu. | | |
| | [Main Menu]: Opens the Main Menu. | | |
| | [Alarm Log]: Opens the Alarm Log. | | |
| 3 | Menu navigation keys: | | |
| | [Back]: Exits the menu or parameter, or cancels a | | |
| | parameter change. | | |
| | [OK]: Enters a menu or parameter, or saves a | | |
| | parameter change. | | |
| | [▲]/[▼]: | | |
| | Scroll to the next or previous menu or | | |
| | parameter. | | |
| | Change the setting of the current | | |
| | parameter. | | |
| | Scroll through the status screens. | | |
| 4 | Soft starter local control keys: | | |
| | [Hand On]: Starts the motor and enters local | | |
| | control mode. | | |
| | [Off]: Stops the motor (only active in hand-on | | |
| | mode). | | |
| | [Auto On]: Sets the soft starter to auto-on mode. | | |
| | [Reset]: Resets a trip (hand-on mode only). | | |
| 5 | Remote input status indicators. | | |

Illustration 6.1 LCP Layout



6.3 Remote-mounted LCP

A remote-mounted LCP can be installed with the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500. The control panel LCP 501 can be mounted up to 3 m (9.8 ft) away from the soft starter, for control and monitoring.

The soft starter can be controlled and programmed from either the remote LCP or the LCP on the soft starter. Both displays show the same information.

The remote LCP also allows parameter settings to be copied between soft starters.

6.3.1 Synchronizing the LCP and the Soft Starter

The DB9 cable can be connected/disconnected from the LCP while the soft starter runs.

The first time an LCP is plugged into a soft starter, the soft starter copies its parameter settings to the LCP.

New display detected

If the LCP has previously been used with a VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500, select whether to copy the parameters from the LCP to the soft starter, or from the soft starter to the LCP.

To select the required option:

1. Press the [▲] and [▼] keys.

A dotted line surrounds the selected option.

- 2. Press [OK] to proceed with the *Copy Parameters* selection.
 - 2a Display to soft starter.
 - 2b Soft starter to display.

| Copy parameters | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Display to soft starter | |
| Soft starter to display | |
| | |

NOTICE

If the parameter software version in the LCP is different from the software version of the soft starter, only *Starter* to *Display* is available.

NOTICE

While the LCP synchronizes, only the [A], [V], [OK], and [Off] keys are enabled.

NOTICE

The LCP can be removed or replaced while the soft starter is running. It is not necessary to remove mains or control voltage.

6.4 Welcome Screen

When control power is applied, the soft starter shows the welcome screen.

| Ready | S1 |
|----------|----------|
| Welco | me |
| 1.05/2.0 | /1.13 |
| MCD5-005 | 3-T5-G1- |
| CV | 2 |

Third display line: Software versions for remote LCP, control software, model software.

Fourth display line: Product model number.

NOTICE

The LCP version is only shown if a remote LCP 501 is connected when control power is applied. If no remote LCP is present, only the control software and model software versions are shown.

6.5 Local Control Keys

If parameter 3-1 Local/Remote is set to LCL/RMT Anytime or LCL/RMT When OFF, the [Hand On] and [Auto On] keys are always active. If the soft starter is in auto-on mode, pressing [Hand On] enters hand-on mode and starts the motor.

If parameter 3-1 Local/Remote is set to Remote Control Only, the [Off] key is disabled. Stop the motor by remote control or via the serial communication network.

6.6 Displays

The LCP shows a wide range of performance information about the soft starter. Press [Status] to access the status display screens, then press [♠] and [▼] to select the information to be shown. To return to the status screens from within a menu, press [Back] repeatedly, or press [Status]. Available status information:

- Temperature monitoring.
- Programmable screen (see parameters 8-2 to 8-5).
- Current.
- Frequency.



- Motor power.
- Last start information.
- Date and time.
- SCR conduction bar graph.
- Performance graphs.

NOTICE

Screens shown here are with the default settings.

6.6.1 Temperature Monitoring Screen (S1)

The temperature screen shows the temperature of the motor as a percentage of total thermal capacity. It also shows which motor data set is in use.

The temperature monitoring screen is the default status screen.

| Ready | | S1 |
|---------|-------------------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | Primary Motor Set | |
| M1 000% | | |

6.6.2 Programmable Screen (S2)

The user-programmable screen of the soft starter can be configured to show the most important information for the particular application. Use *parameters 8-2* to *8-5* to select which information to show.

| Ready | | S2 |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | pf | |
| 00000 hrs | | |

6.6.3 Average Current (S3)

The average current screen shows the average current of all 3 phases.

| Ready | | S3 |
|-------|--------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | 0.0A | |

6.6.4 Current Monitoring Screen (S4)

The current screen shows real-time line current on each phase.

| Ready | | S4 |
|--------|----------------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | Phase currents | |
| 000.0A | 000.0A | A0.000 |

6.6.5 Frequency Monitoring Screen (S5)

The frequency screen shows the mains frequency as measured by the soft starter.

| Ready | | S5 |
|-------|--------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | 00.0Hz | |

6.6.6 Motor Power Screen (S6)

The motor power screen shows motor power (kW, hp, and kVA) and power factor.

| Ready | | S6 |
|---------|--------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| 000.0kW | | 0000HP |
| 0000kVA | | pf |

6.6.7 Last Start Information (S7)

The last start information screen shows details of the most recent successful start:

- Start duration, (s).
- Maximum start current drawn (as a percentage of motor full load current).
- Calculated rise in motor temperature.

| Ready | | S7 |
|------------|--------|----------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| Last start | | 000 s |
| 000% FLC | | ΔTemp 0% |

6.6.8 Date and Time (S8)

The date and time screen shows the current system date and time (24-hour format). For details on setting the date and time, see *chapter 9.1 Set Date and Time*.

| Ready | | S8 |
|-------|-------------|---------|
| MS1 | 000.0A | 000.0kW |
| | YYYY MMM DD | |
| | HH:MM:SS | |

6.6.9 SCR Conduction Bar Graph

The SCR conduction bar graph shows the level of conduction on each phase.



Illustration 6.2 Bar Graph

6.6.10 Performance Graphs

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 can show real-time performance information for:

- Current.
- Motor temperature.
- Motor kW.
- Motor kVA.
- Motor power factor.

The newest information is shown at the right side of the screen. Older data is not stored. To allow past performance to be analyzed, the graph can also be paused. To pause or unpause the graph, press and hold [OK] for more than 0.5 s.

NOTICE

The soft starter does not collect data while the graph is paused. When graphing resumes, a small gap is shown between the old data and the new data.

6



7 Programming

It is possible to access the programming menus at any time, including while the soft starter is running. All changes take effect immediately.

7.1 Access Control

A 4-digit security access code protects critical parameters (parameter group 15 Restricted Parameters and higher), preventing unauthorized users from viewing or modifying parameter settings.

If attempts are made to enter a restricted parameter group, the LCP prompts for an access code. The access code is requested once for the programming session, and authorization continues until the menu is closed.

To enter the access code:

- 1. Press [Back] and [OK] to select a digit.
- 2. Press [▲] and [▼] to change the value.
- 3. When all 4 digits match the access code, press [OK].

The LCP shows an acknowledgement message before continuing.

| Enter Access Code | |
|-------------------|--|
| #### | |
| OK | |
| Access Allowed | |
| SUPERVISOR | |

To change the access code, use parameter 15-1 Access Code.

NOTICE

The security access code also protects the protection simulation and output simulation. The counters and thermal model reset can be viewed without entering an access code, but an access code must be entered to reset.

The default access code is 0000.

To prevent users from altering parameter settings, lock the menus. The adjustment lock can be set to allow *Read & Write, Read Only*, or *No Access* in *parameter 15-2 Adjustment lock*

If attempting to change a parameter value or access the Main Menu when the adjustment lock is active, an error message is shown:

| Access Denied |
|----------------|
| Adj Lock is On |

7.2 Quick Menu

[Quick Menu] provides access to the menus for setting up the soft starter for simple applications.

7.2.1 Quick Set-up

Quick set-up provides access to commonly used parameters, allowing configuration of the soft starter as required for the application. For details of individual parameters, see *chapter 8 Parameter Descriptions*.

| 1-1 Motor FLC 1-3 Start Mode 1-4 Current Limit 1-5 Initial Current 1-6 Start Ramp Time 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time 5-3 Auto-Stop Type | | la: w.c. |
|---|------|----------------------|
| 1-3 Start Mode 1-4 Current Limit 1-5 Initial Current 1-6 Start Ramp Time 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C Function 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1 | Primary Mtr Set |
| 1-4 Current Limit 1-5 Initial Current 1-6 Start Ramp Time 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | | |
| 1-5 Initial Current 1-6 Start Ramp Time 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | | |
| 1-6 Start Ramp Time 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B Off Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-4 | |
| 1-9 Excess Start Time 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-5 | Initial Current |
| 1-10 Stop Mode 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A Off Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B Off Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-6 | Start Ramp Time |
| 1-11 Stop Time 2 Protection 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B Off Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-9 | Excess Start Time |
| 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-10 | Stop Mode |
| 2-1 Phase Sequence 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 1-11 | Stop Time |
| 2-4 Undercurrent 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2 | Protection |
| 2-5 Undercurrent Dly 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2-1 | Phase Sequence |
| 2-6 Inst Overcurrent 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B On Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2-4 | Undercurrent |
| 2-7 Inst Overcurrent Dly 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2-5 | Undercurrent Dly |
| 3 Inputs 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2-6 | Inst Overcurrent |
| 3-3 Input A Function 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Initial Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 2-7 | Inst Overcurrent Dly |
| 3-4 Input A Name 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3 | Inputs |
| 3-5 Input A Trip 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3-3 | Input A Function |
| 3-6 Input A Trip Dly 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3-4 | Input A Name |
| 3-7 Input A Initial Dly 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3-5 | Input A Trip |
| 4 Outputs 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3-6 | Input A Trip Dly |
| 4-1 Relay A Function 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 3-7 | Input A Initial Dly |
| 4-2 Relay A On Delay 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4 | Outputs |
| 4-3 Relay A Off Delay 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-1 | Relay A Function |
| 4-4 Relay B Function 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-2 | Relay A On Delay |
| 4-5 Relay B On Delay 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-3 | Relay A Off Delay |
| 4-6 Relay B Off Delay 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-4 | Relay B Function |
| 4-7 Relay C Function 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-5 | Relay B On Delay |
| 4-8 Relay C On Delay 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-6 | Relay B Off Delay |
| 4-9 Relay C Off Delay 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-7 | Relay C Function |
| 4-10 Low Current Flag 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-8 | Relay C On Delay |
| 4-11 High Current Flag 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-9 | Relay C Off Delay |
| 4-12 Motor Temp Flag 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-10 | Low Current Flag |
| 5 Start/Stop Timers 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-11 | High Current Flag |
| 5-1 Auto-Start Type 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 4-12 | Motor Temp Flag |
| 5-2 Auto-Start Time | 5 | Start/Stop Timers |
| | 5-1 | Auto-Start Type |
| 5-3 Auto-Stop Type | 5-2 | Auto-Start Time |
| | 5-3 | Auto-Stop Type |



| 1 | Primary Mtr Set |
|-----|-----------------|
| 5-4 | Auto-Stop Time |
| 8 | Display |
| 8-1 | Language |
| 8-2 | User Scrn Top L |
| 8-3 | User Scrn Top R |
| 8-4 | User Scrn Btm L |
| 8-5 | User Scrn Btm R |

Table 7.1 Parameters in the Quick Set-up Menu

7.2.2 Application Set-up Examples

The application set-ups menu makes it easy to configure the soft starter for common applications. The soft starter selects the parameters relevant to the application and suggests a typical setting. Each parameter can be adjusted to suit the exact requirements.

On the display, the highlighted values are suggested values. The values indicated by ▶ are the loaded values.

Always set *parameter 1-1 Motor FLC* to match the motor nameplate full load current. The suggested value for motor FLC is the minimum FLC of the soft starter.

Centrifugal pump

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Start mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive start profile | Early acceleration |
| Start ramp time | 10 s |
| Stop mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive stop profile | Late deceleration |
| Stop time | 15 s |

Table 7.2 Suggested Values for Centrifugal Pump Applications

Submersible pump

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Start mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive start profile | Early acceleration |
| Start ramp time | 5 s |
| Stop mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive stop profile | Late deceleration |
| Stop time | 5 s |

Table 7.3 Suggested Values for Submersible Pump Applications

Damped fan

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Current limit | 350% |

Table 7.4 Suggested Values for Damped Fan Applications

Undamped fan

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Start mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive start profile | Constant acceleration |
| Start ramp time | 20 s |
| Excess start time | 30 s |
| Locked rotor time | 20 s |

Table 7.5 Suggested Values for Undamped Fan Applications

Compressor screw

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Start ramp time | 5 s |
| Current limit | 400% |

Table 7.6 Suggested Values for Compressor Screw Applications

Compressor recip

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Start ramp time | 10 s |
| Current limit | 450% |

Table 7.7 Suggested Values for Compressor Recip Applications

Conveyor

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Start ramp time | 5 s |
| Current limit | 400% |
| Stop mode | Adaptive control |
| Adaptive stop profile | Constant deceleration |
| Stop time | 10 s |

Table 7.8 Suggested Values for Conveyor Applications

Crusher rotary

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Start ramp time | 10 s |
| Current limit | 400% |
| Excess start time | 30 s |
| Locked rotor time | 20 s |

Table 7.9 Suggested Values for Crusher Rotary Applications



Crusher jaw

| Motor full load current | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Start mode | Constant current |
| Start ramp time | 10 s |
| Current limit | 450% |
| Excess start time | 40 s |
| Locked rotor time | 30 s |

Table 7.10 Suggested Values for Crusher Jaw Applications

7.2.3 Loggings

To view performance information in real-time graphs, enter the *Loggings* menu.

- Current (%FLC).
- Motor Temp (%).
- Motor kW (%).
- Motor kVA (%).
- Motor pf.

The newest information is shown at the right side of the screen. The graph can be paused to analyze data by pressing and holding the [OK] key. To restart the graph, press and hold [OK].

7.3 Main Menu

[Main Menu] provides access to menus for setting up the soft starter for advanced applications and for monitoring performance.

7.3.1 Parameters

Parameters allow viewing and changing all programmable parameters that control how the soft starter operates.

To open *Parameters*, press [Main Menu] then select *Parameters*.

Navigating through parameters

- To scroll through parameter groups, press [▲] or [▼].
- To view the parameters in a group, press [OK].
- To return to the previous level, press [Back].
- To close *Parameters*, press the [Back].

Changing a parameter value

- Scroll to the appropriate parameter and press [OK] to enter edit mode.
- To alter the parameter setting, press [♠] and [▼].
- To save changes, press [OK]. The setting shown on the display is saved and the LCP returns to the parameter list.
- To cancel changes, press [Back]. The LCP returns to the parameter list without saving changes.

7.3.2 Parameter Shortcut

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 also includes a parameter shortcut, which gives direct access to a parameter within the *Parameters* menu.

- To access the parameter shortcut, press [Main Menu] for 3 s.
- Press [▲] or [▼] to select the parameter group.
- Press [OK] or [Back] to move the cursor.
- Press [▲] or [▼] to select the parameter number.

| Parameter shortcut |
|--------------------|
| Please enter a |
| parameter number |
| 01-01 |



7.3.3 Parameter List

| 1 | Primary Mtr Set | 4 | Outputs | 7-12 | Adaptv Ctrl Gain-2 |
|------|----------------------|------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|
| 1-1 | Motor FLC | 4-1 | Relay A Function | 7-13 | Adaptv Start Prof-2 |
| 1-2 | Locked Rotor Time | 4-2 | Relay A On Delay | 7-14 | Adaptv Stop Prof-2 |
| 1-3 | Start Mode | 4-3 | Relay A Off Delay | 7-15 | Brake Torque-2 |
| 1-4 | Current Limit | 4-4 | Relay B Function | 7-16 | Brake Time-2 |
| 1-5 | Initial Current | 4-5 | Relay B On Delay | 8 | Display |
| 1-6 | Start Ramp Time | 4-6 | Relay B Off Delay | 8-1 | Language |
| 1-7 | Kick-start Level | 4-7 | Relay C Function | 8-2 | User Scrn Top L |
| 1-8 | Kick-start Time | 4-8 | Relay C On Delay | 8-3 | User Scrn Top R |
| 1-9 | Excess Start Time | 4-9 | Relay C Off Delay | 8-4 | User Scrn Btm L |
| 1-10 | Stop Mode | 4-10 | Low Current Flag | 8-5 | User Scrn Btm R |
| 1-11 | Stop Time | 4-11 | High Current Flag | 8-6 | Graph Timebase |
| 1-12 | Adaptv Control Gain | 4-12 | Motor Temp Flag | 8-7 | Graph Max Adj |
| 1-13 | Adaptv Start Profile | 4-13 | Analog Output A | 8-8 | Graph Min Adj |
| 1-14 | Adaptv Stop Profile | 4-14 | Analog A Scale | 8-9 | Mains Ref Volt |
| 1-15 | Brake Torque | 4-15 | Analog A Max Adj | 15 | Restrict Paramtr |
| 1-16 | Brake Time | 4-16 | Analog A Min Adj | 15-1 | Access Code |
| 2 | Protection | 5 | Start/Stop Timers | 15-2 | Adjustment Lock |
| 2-1 | Phase Sequence | 5-1 | Auto-Start Type | 15-3 | Emergency Run |
| 2-2 | Current Imbalance | 5-2 | Auto-Start Time | 15-4 | Current Calibrat |
| 2-3 | Current Imbal Dly | 5-3 | Auto-Stop Type | 15-5 | Main Cont Time |
| 2-4 | Undercurrent | 5-4 | Auto-Stop Time | 15-6 | Bypass Cont Time |
| 2-5 | Undercurrent Dly | 6 | Auto-Reset | 15-7 | Motor Connection |
| 2-6 | Inst Overcurrent | 6-1 | Auto-Reset Action | 15-8 | Jog Torque |
| 2-7 | Inst Ocrnt Dly | 6-2 | Maximum Resets | 16 | Protection Action |
| 2-8 | Frequency Check | 6-3 | Reset Dly Grp A & B | 16-1 | Motor Overload |
| 2-9 | Freq Variation | 6-4 | Reset Delay Grp C | 16-2 | Current Imbalance |
| 2-10 | Frequency Delay | 7 | Secondary Mtr Set | 16-3 | Undercurrent |
| 2-11 | Restart Delay | 7-1 | Motor FLC-2 | 16-4 | Inst Overcurrent |
| 2-12 | Motor Temp Check | 7-2 | Lock Rotor Time-2 | 16-5 | Frequency |
| 3 | Inputs | 7-3 | Start Mode-2 | 16-6 | Heat sink Overtemp |
| 3-1 | Local/Remote | 7-4 | Current Limit-2 | 16-7 | Excess Start Time |
| 3-2 | Comms in Remote | 7-5 | Initial Crnt-2 | 16-8 | Input A Trip |
| 3-3 | Input A Function | 7-6 | Start Ramp-2 | 16-9 | Motor Thermistor |
| 3-4 | Input A Name | 7-7 | Kick-start Lvl-2 | 16-10 | Starter Comms |
| 3-5 | Input A Trip | 7-8 | Kick-start Time-2 | 16-11 | Network Comms |
| 3-6 | Input A Trip Dly | 7-9 | Excess Strt Time-2 | 16-12 | Battery/Clock |
| 3-7 | Input A Initial Dly | 7-10 | Stop Mode-2 | 16-13 | Low Control Volts |
| 3-8 | Remote Reset Logic | 7-11 | Stop Time-2 | - | - |



8 Parameter Descriptions

8.1 Primary Motor Settings

NOTICE

Default settings are marked with *.

The parameters in *Primary Motors Settings* configure the soft starter to match the connected motor. These parameters describe the operating characteristics of the motor and allow the soft starter to model the motor temperature.

NOTICE

Parameter 1-2 Locked Rotor Time determines the trip current for motor overload protection. Its default setting provides motor overload protection:

- Class 10.
- Trip current 105% of FLA, or equivalent.

1-1 Motor FLC

| | Option: | Function: |
|---|-----------|---|
| Г | Model | Matches the soft starter to the connected |
| | dependent | motor full load current. Set to the full load |
| | | current (FLC) rating shown on the motor |
| | | nameplate. |
| | | NOTICE |
| | | The setting for this parameter sets the basis for calculation of all current-based protection settings. |

1-2 Locked Rotor Time

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|------------|---|
| 10 s* | [0:01–2:00 | Sets the maximum length of the time the |
| | (min:s)] | motor can sustain locked rotor current from |
| | | cold before reaching its maximum |
| | | temperature. Set according to the motor |
| | | datasheet. |

1-3 Start Mode

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| ſ | | Selects the soft start mode. See |
| l | | chapter 5.3 Starting Modes for more details. |
| Ī | Constant current* | |
| Ī | Adaptive control | |

1-4 Current Limit

| Range: | | e: | Function: |
|--------|-------------|------|---|
| | 350%* [100– | | Sets the current limit for constant current and |
| | 600% | | current ramp soft starting as a percentage of |
| | | FLC] | motor full load current. See |
| | | | chapter 5.3 Starting Modes for more details. |

1-5 Initial Current

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-------|--|
| 350%* | [100- | Sets the initial start current level for current |
| | 600% | ramp starting as a percentage of motor full load |
| FLC] | | current. Set so that the motor begins to |
| | | accelerate immediately after a start is initiated. |
| | | If current ramp starting is not required, set the |
| | | initial current equal to the current limit. See |
| | | chapter 5.3 Starting Modes for more details. |

1-6 Start Ramp Time

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-----|---|
| 10 s* | [1- | Sets the total start time for an adaptive control |
| 180 s] | | start or the ramp time for current ramp |
| | | starting (from the initial current to the current |
| | | limit). See chapter 5.3 Starting Modes for more |
| | | details. |

1-7 Kick-start Level

| Range: | | Function: | |
|--------|--------------------|--|--|
| 500%* | [100- 700% FLC] | A CAUTION | |
| | 70070120] | INCREASED TORQUE LEVEL Kick-start subjects the mechanical equipment to increased torque levels. | |
| | | Ensure that the motor, load, and couplings can handle the additional torque before using this feature. | |
| | | Sets the level of the kick-start current. | |



1-8 Kick-start Time

| Range: | | Function: | |
|----------|-----------------|---|--|
| 0000 ms* | [0- 2000 ms] | INCREASED TORQUE LEVEL Kick-start subjects the mechanical equipment to increased torque levels. • Ensure that the motor, load, and couplings can handle the additional torque before using this feature. | |
| | | Sets the kick-start duration. A setting of 0 disables kick-start. See <i>chapter 5.3 Starting Modes</i> for more details. | |

1-9 Excess Start Time

| Range: | | Function: | |
|--------|----------|---|--|
| | | Excess start time is the maximum time the soft | |
| | | starter attempts to start the motor. If the | |
| | | motor does not reach full speed within the | |
| | | programmed limit, the soft starter trips. Set for | |
| | | a period slightly longer than required for a | |
| | | normal healthy start. A setting of 0 disables | |
| | | excess start time protection. | |
| 20 s* | [0:00- | Set as required. | |
| | 4:00 | | |
| | (min:s)] | | |

1-10 Stop Mode

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|------------------|--|
| | | Selects the stop mode. See |
| | | chapter 5.4 Stopping Modes for more details. |
| | Coast to stop* | |
| | TVR soft stop | |
| | Adaptive control | |
| | Brake | |

1-11 Stop Time

Range:

| - nange. | | i unction. | |
|----------|----------|---|--|
| 0 | [0:00- | Sets the time for soft stopping the motor using | |
| s* | 4:00 | timed voltage ramp or adaptive control. If a main | |
| | (min:s)] | contactor is installed, the contactor must remain | |
| | | closed until the end of the stop time. To control | |
| | | the main contactor, use a programmable output | |
| | | configured to Run. Sets the total stopping time | |
| | | when using brake. See <i>chapter 5.4 Stopping</i> | |
| | | Modes for more details. | |
| | | • | |

1-12 Adaptive Control Gain

Function:

| Range: | | Function: |
|---------------|--|---|
| 75%* [1–200%] | | Adjusts the performance of adaptive control. |
| | | This setting affects both starting and stopping |
| | | control. |

1-12 Adaptive Control Gain

Function:

Range:

Leave the gain setting at the default level unless adaptive control performance is not satisfactory. If the motor accelerates or decelerates too quickly at the end of a start or stop, increase the gain setting by 5–10%. If the motor speed fluctuates during starting or stopping, decrease the gain setting slightly.

1-13 Adaptive Start Profile

| | Option: | Function: |
|---|--------------------|---|
| | | Selects which profile the soft starter uses |
| | | for an adaptive control soft start. See |
| | | chapter 5.4 Stopping Modes for more |
| | | details. |
| | Early acceleration | |
| Γ | Constant | |
| | acceleration* | |
| | Late acceleration | |

1-14 Adaptive Stop Profile

| Option: | Function: |
|--------------------|---|
| | Selects which profile the soft starter uses |
| | for an adaptive control soft stop. See |
| | chapter 5.4 Stopping Modes for more |
| | details. |
| Early deceleration | |
| Constant | |
| deceleration* | |
| Late acceleration | |

8.1.1 Brake

Brake uses DC injection to slow the motor actively. See *chapter 5.4 Stopping Modes* for more details.

| 1-15 | Brake | Iorque |
|------|-------|--------|
| | | |

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-----------|--|
| 20%* | [20-100%] | Sets the amount of brake torque the soft |
| | | starter uses to slow the motor. |

1-16 Brake Time

| Ran | ige: | Function: |
|------|----------|---|
| 1 s* | [1-30 s] | Sets the duration for DC injection during a |
| | | braking stop. |
| | | NOTICE |
| | | This parameter is used with parameter |
| | | 1-11 Stop Time. See chapter 5.4 Stopping |
| | | Modes for details. |



8.2 Protection

2-1 Phase Sequence Option: Function: Selects which phase sequences the soft starter allows at a start. During its prestart checks, the soft starter examines the sequence of the phases at its input terminals. If the actual sequence does not match the selected option, the soft starter trips. Any sequence* Positive only Negative only

8.2.1 Current Imbalance

If the currents on the 3 phases vary by more than a specified amount, the soft starter can be configured to trip. The imbalance is calculated as the difference between the highest and lowest currents on all 3 phases, as a percentage of the highest current.

Current imbalance detection is desensitized by 50% during starting and soft stopping.

2-2 Current Imbalance Range: Function: 30%* [10–50%] Sets the trip point for current imbalance protection.

2-3 Current Imbalance Delay Range: Function: 3 s* [0:00-4:00 | Slows the response of the soft starter to current imbalance, avoiding trips due to momentary fluctuations.

8.2.2 Undercurrent

If the average current of all 3 phases drops below a specified level while the motor is running, the soft starter can be configured to trip.

| 2-4 | 2-4 Undercurrent | |
|------|------------------|--|
| Rang | je: | Function: |
| 20%* | [0- | Sets the trip point for undercurrent protection, |
| | 100%] | as a percentage of motor full load current. Set to |
| | | a level between the normal motor working |
| | | range and the motor magnetizing (no load) |
| | | current (typically 25–35% of full load current). A |
| | | setting of 0% disables undercurrent protection. |

2-5 Undercurrent Delay

| Ran | ige: | Function: |
|------|------------|---|
| 5 s* | [0:00-4:00 | Slows the response of the soft starter to |
| | (min:s)] | undercurrent, avoiding trips due to |
| | | momentary fluctuations. |

8.2.3 Instant Overcurrent

If the average current of all 3 phases exceeds a specified level while the motor is running, the soft starter can be configured to trip.

2-6 Instantaneous Overcurrent Range: Function: 400%* [80–600% | Sets the trip point for instant overcurrent protection as a percentage of motor full load current.

| 2-7 | 2-7 Instantaneous Overcurrent Delay | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Range: | | Function: | |
| 0 s* | [0:00-1:00 | Slows the response of the soft starter to | |
| | (min:s)] | overcurrent, avoiding trips due to | |
| | | momentary overcurrent events. | |

8.2.4 Frequency Trip

The soft starter monitors mains frequency throughout operation and can be configured to trip if the frequency varies beyond a specified tolerance.

| 4 | 2-8 Frequency Check | | |
|---------|---------------------|---|--|
| Option: | | Function: | |
| | | Determines when the soft starter monitors for a | |
| | | frequency trip. | |
| | Do not check | | |
| | Start only | | |
| | Start/run* | | |
| | Run only | | |

2-9 Frequency Variation

Option: Function:

| | Selects the soft starter tolerance for frequency variation. |
|--------|---|
| ±2 Hz | |
| ±5 Hz* | |
| ±10 Hz | |
| ±15 Hz | |

2-10 Frequency Delay

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|------------|---|
| 1 s* | [0:01-4:00 | Slows the response of the soft starter to |
| | (min:s)] | frequency disturbances, avoiding trips due to |
| | | momentary fluctuations. |
| | | NOTICE |
| | | If the mains frequency drops below |
| | | 35 Hz or rises above 75 Hz, the soft |
| | | starter trips immediately. |
| | | |



2-11 Restart Delay

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|----------|---|
| 10 | [00:01– | The soft starter can be configured to force a |
| s* | 60:00 | delay between the end of a stop and the |
| | (min:s)] | beginning of the next start. During the restart |
| | | delay, the display shows the time remaining |
| | | before another start can be attempted. |
| | | NOTICE |
| | | The restart delay is measured from the |
| | | end of each stop. Changes to the restart |
| | | delay setting take effect after the next |
| | | stop. |

2-12 Motor Temperature Check

| Option: | Function: |
|---------|--|
| | Selects whether the soft starter verifies that the |
| | motor has sufficient thermal capacity for a |
| | successful start. The soft starter compares the |
| | calculated motor temperature with the |
| | temperature rise from the last motor start. The soft |
| | starter only operates if the motor is cool enough |
| | to start successfully. |
| Do not | |
| check* | |
| Check | |

8.3 Inputs

3-1 Local/Remote

| Option: | Function: |
|----------------|--|
| | Selects when the [Auto On] and [Hand On] |
| | can be used to switch to hand-on mode or |
| | auto-on mode. |
| Lcl/rmt | Change between local and remote control at |
| anytime* | any time. |
| Local control | All remote inputs are disabled. |
| only | |
| Remote control | [Hand On] and [Auto On] are disabled. |
| only | |

3-2 Comms in Remote

| 0 11 | - ·· |
|-----------------|--|
| Option: | Function: |
| | Selects whether the soft starter accepts start |
| | and stop commands from the serial communi- |
| | cation network when in <i>Remote</i> mode. |
| | Commands that are always enabled: |
| | Force comms trip. |
| | Local/remote control. |
| | • Test start. |
| | • Reset. |
| Disable ctrl in | |
| RMT | |
| Enable ctrl in | |
| RMT* | |

3-3 Input A Function

| | Option: Function: | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| Selects the function of input A. | | | |
| | Motor set | The soft starter can be configured with 2 | |
| | select* | separate sets of motor data. The primary motor | |
| | Sciect | data is programmed using <i>parameters 1-1 to 1-16</i> . | |
| | | The secondary motor data is programmed using | |
| | | parameters 7-1 to 7-16. | |
| | | To use the secondary motor data, set this | |
| | | parameter to <i>Motor Set Select</i> and close terminals | |
| | | 11 and 16 before giving a start command. The | |
| | | soft starter checks which motor data to use at a | |
| | | | |
| | | start and uses that motor data for the entire | |
| L | | start/stop cycle. | |
| | Input trip | Input A can be used to trip the soft starter. When | |
| | (N/O) | this parameter is set to <i>Input Trip (N/O)</i> , a closed | |
| | | circuit across terminals 11 and 16 trips the soft | |
| L | | starter (parameters 3-5 to 3-7). | |
| | Input trip | When this parameter is set to <i>Input Trip (N/C)</i> , an | |
| | (N/C) | open circuit across terminals 11 and 16 trips the | |
| | | soft starter (parameters 3-5 to 3-7). | |
| | Local/remote | Input A can be used to select between local and | |
| | select | remote control, instead of using the LCP keys. | |
| | | When the input is open, the soft starter is in | |
| | | hand-on mode and can be controlled via the LCP. | |
| | | When the input is closed, the soft starter is in | |
| | | remote mode. The [Hand On] and [Auto On] keys | |
| | | are disabled, and the soft starter ignores any | |
| | | local/remote select command from the serial | |
| | | communications network. | |
| | | To use Input A to select between local and | |
| | | remote control, set parameter 3-1 Local/Remote to | |
| | | LCL/RMT Anytime. | |
| | Emergency | In emergency run, the soft starter continues to | |
| | run | run until stopped, ignoring all trips and warnings | |
| | | (see parameter 15-3 Emergency Run for details). | |
| | | Closing the circuit across terminals 11 and 16 | |
| | | activates emergency run. | |
| | | Opening the circuit ends emergency run and the | |
| | | soft starter stops the motor. | |
| Г | Starter | The soft starter can be disabled via the control | |
| | disable | inputs. An open circuit across terminals 11 and | |
| | | 16 disables the soft starter. The soft starter does | |
| | | not respond to start commands. If running, the | |
| | | soft starter allows the motor to coast to stop, | |
| | | ignoring the soft stop mode set in <i>parameter</i> | |
| | | 1-10 Stop Mode. | |
| | | When the circuit across terminals 11 and 16 is | |
| | | opened, the soft starter allows the motor to | |
| | | coast to stop. | |
| | Jog forward | Activates jog operation in a forward direction | |
| | 109 101 11414 | (operates only in Remote mode). | |
| | Jog reverse | Activates jog operation in reverse direction | |
| | | (operates only in Remote mode). | |
| \Box | | (operates only in hemote mode). | |



3-4 Input A Name

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|-----------------|--|
| | | Selects a message for the LCP to show when |
| | | input A is active. |
| | Input trip* | |
| | Low pressure | |
| | High pressure | |
| | Pump fault | |
| | Low level | |
| | High level | |
| | No flow | |
| | Starter disable | |
| | Controller | |
| | PLC | |
| | Vibration alarm | |

3-5 Input A Trip

| • | |
|---------|-----------|
| Option: | Function: |
| | |

| | Selects when an input trip can occur. | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Always active* | A trip can occur at any time when the soft | |
| | starter is receiving power. | |
| Operating only | A trip can occur while the soft starter is | |
| | running, stopping, or starting. | |
| Run only | A trip can only occur while the soft starter is | |
| | running. | |

3-6 Input A Trip Delay

| Range: | Function |
|--------|----------|
| | |

| 0 s* | [0:00-4:00 (min:s)] | Sets delay between the input |
|------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | | activating and soft starter tripping. |

3-7 Input A Initial Delay

| Range: | Function |
|--------|----------|

| 0 s* | | Sets a delay before an input trip can occur. | |
|------|----------------|--|--|
| | 30:00 (min:s)] | The initial delay is counted from the time a | |
| | | start signal is received. The state of the input | |
| | | is ignored until the initial delay has elapsed. | |

3-8 Remote Reset Logic

Option: Function:

| _ | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| I | | Selects whether the remote reset input of the |
| l | | soft starter (terminals 25 and 18) is normally |
| l | | open or normally closed. |
| Ī | Normally closed* | |
| Ī | Normally open | |

8.4 Outputs

4-1 Relay A Function

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|------------|--|
| | | Selects the function of relay A (normally open). |
| | Off | Relay A is not used |
| Γ | Main | The relay closes when the soft starter receives |
| | contactor* | a start command and remains closed as long |
| | | as the motor receives voltage. |

4-1 Relay A Function

Option: Function:

| Run | The relay closes when the starter changes to | |
|--------------|---|--|
| | run state. | |
| Trip | The relay closes when the starter trips. | |
| Warning | The relay closes when the starter issues a | |
| | warning. | |
| Low current | The relay closes when the low current flag | |
| flag | activates (parameter 4-10 Low Current Flag). | |
| High current | The relay closes when the high current flag | |
| flag | activates (parameter 4-11 High Current Flag). | |
| Motor temp | The relay closes when the motor temperature | |
| flag | flag activates (parameter 4-12 Motor | |
| | Temperature Flag). | |

8.4.1 Relay A Delays

The soft starter can be configured to wait before opening or closing relay A.

| 4-2 Relay A On Delay | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Range: | | Function: | |
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for closing relay A. | |

4-3 Relay A Off Delay

| Ran | ge: | Function: |
|------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for reopening relay A. |

8.4.2 Relays B and C

Parameters 4-4 to 4-9 configure the operation of relays B and C in the same way as parameters 4-1 to 4-3 configure relay A. See parameter 4-2 Relay A On Delay and parameter 4-3 Relay A Off Delay for details.

- Relay B is a changeover relay.
- Relay C is normally open.

4-4 Relay B Function

Option: Function:

| | Selects the function of relay B (changeover). | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Off | Relay B is not used. | |
| Main | The relay closes when the soft starter receives a | |
| contactor | start command and remains closed as long as | |
| | the motor is receiving voltage. | |
| Run* | The relay closes when the soft starter changes | |
| | to run state. | |
| Trip | The relay closes when the soft starter trips. | |
| Warning | The relay closes when the soft starter issues a | |
| | warning. | |
| Low current | The relay closes when the low current flag | |
| flag | activates (parameter 4-10 Low Current Flag). | |
| High current | The relay closes when the high current flag | |
| flag | activates (parameter 4-11 High Current Flag). | |



| | 4-4 Relay B Function | | | |
|---------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Option: | | Function: | | |
| | | The relay closes when the motor temperature | | |
| | flag | flag activates (parameter 4-12 Motor Temperature | | |
| | | Flag). | | |

| 4-5 | Relay B On Delay | |
|------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Ran | ge: | Function: |
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for closing relay B. |
| | | |

| 4-6 Relay B Off Delay | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Ran | ge: | Function: |
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for reopening relay B. |

4-7 Relay C Function

| | Option: | Function: |
|---|--------------|---|
| | | Selects the function of relay C (normally open). |
| | Off | Relay C is not used. |
| | Main | The relay closes when the soft starter receives a |
| | contactor | start command and remains closed as long as |
| | | the motor is receiving voltage. |
| | Run | The relay closes when the soft starter changes |
| | | to run state. |
| | Trip* | The relay closes when the soft starter trips. |
| | Warning | The relay closes when the soft starter issues a |
| | | warning. |
| | Low current | The relay closes when the low current flag |
| | flag | activates (parameter 4-10 Low Current Flag). |
| | High current | The relay closes when the high current flag |
| | flag | activates (parameter 4-11 High Current Flag). |
| Γ | Motor temp | The relay closes when the motor temperature |
| | flag | flag activates (parameter 4-12 Motor Temperature |
| | | Flag). |

4-8 Relay C On Delay

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for closing relay C. |
| | | |

4-9 Relay C Off Delay

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 s* | [0:00-5:00 (min:s)] | Sets the delay for reopening relay C. |

8.4.3 Low Current Flag and High Current Flag

The soft starter has low and high current flags to give early warning of abnormal operation. The current flags can be configured to indicate an abnormal current level during operation between the normal operating level and the undercurrent or instant overcurrent trip levels. The flags can signal the situation to external equipment via 1 of the programmable outputs. The flags clear when the current returns within the normal operating range by 10% of the programmed flag value.

| 4-10 | 4-10 Low Current Flag | | |
|------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Rang | je: | Function: | |
| 50%* | [1–100% | Sets the level at which the low current | |
| | FLC] | flag operates, as a percentage of motor | |
| | | full load current. | |

| 4-11 High Current Flag | | |
|------------------------|----------|--|
| Rang | e: | Function: |
| 100%* | [50-600% | Sets the level at which the high current |
| | FLC] | flag operates, as a percentage of motor |
| | | full load current. |

8.4.4 Motor Temperature Flag

The soft starter has a motor temperature flag to give early warning of abnormal operation. The flag can indicate that the motor is operating above its normal operating temperature, but lower than the overload limit. The flag can signal the situation to external equipment via 1 of the programmable outputs.

| 4-12 | 4-12 Motor Temperature Flag | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Rang | je: | Function: | |
| 80%* | | Sets the level at which the motor temperature flag operates, as a percentage of the motor thermal capacity. | |

8.4.5 Analog Output A

The soft starter has an analog output, which can be connected to associated equipment to monitor motor performance.

4-13 Analog Output A

Option: **Function:** Selects which information is reported via analog output A. Current (% Current as a percentage of motor full load current. FLC)* Motor Motor temperature as a percentage of the thermal temp (%) capacity of the motor. Motor kW Measured motor kW, as a percentage of maximum (%) Motor kVA Measured motor kilovolt amperes, as a percentage (%) of maximum kVA. Motor pf Motor power factor, measured by the soft starter. Measure motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x average current x mains reference voltage x measure power factor. Maximum motor kW: $\sqrt{3}$ x motor FLC x mains reference voltage. Power factor is assumed to be 1. Measure motor kVA: √3 x average current x main reference voltage.



4-13 Analog Output A

Option: Function:

| | • | Maximum motor kVA: √3 x motor FLC x |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | | mains reference voltage. |

4-14 Analog A Scale

Option: Function:

| | Selects the range of the output. |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| 0–20 mA | |
| 4–20 mA* | |

4-15 Analog A Maximum Adjustment

Range: Function:

| 100%* | [0-600%] | Calibrates the upper limit of the analog | |
|-------|----------|---|--|
| | | output to match the signal measured on an | |
| | | external current measuring device. | |

4-16 Analog A Minimum Adjustment

Range: Function:

| 0%* | [0-600%] | Calibrates the lower limit of the analog output | |
|-----|----------|---|--|
| | | to match the signal measured on an external | |
| | | current measuring device. | |

8.5 Start/Stop Timers

ACAUTION

UNINTENDED START

The autostart timer overrides any other form of control. The motor may start without warning.

5-1 Auto-Start Type

Option: Function:

| | Selects whether the soft starter autostarts after a | |
|-------|---|--|
| | specified delay or at a specific time of day. | |
| Off* | The soft starter does not autostart. | |
| Timer | The soft starter does autostart after a delay from the | |
| | next stop, as specified in <i>parameter 5-2 Auto-start Time</i> . | |
| Clock | The soft starter autostarts at the time programmed in | |
| | parameter 5-2 Auto-start Time. | |

5-2 Auto-Start Time

| Range: | | : : | Function: | |
|----------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 min* [| | [00:01–24:00 | Sets the time for the soft starter to | |
| | (hrs:min)] | | autostart in 24-hour clock format. | |

5-3 Auto-Stop Type

Option: Function:

| | Selects whether the soft starter autostops after a | |
|-------|--|--|
| | specified delay or at a specific time of day. | |
| Off* | The soft starter does not autostop. | |
| Time | The soft starter autostops after a delay from the next | |
| | start, as specified in <i>parameter 5-4 Auto-stop Time</i> . | |
| Clock | The soft starter autostops at the time programmed in | |
| | parameter 5-4 Auto-stop Time. | |

5-4 Auto-Stop Time

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|------------|---|
| 1 min* | [00:01– | Sets the time for the soft starter to |
| | 24:00 | autostop in 24-hour clock format. |
| | (hrs:min)] | NOTICE |
| | | Do not use this function with |
| | | remote 2-wire control. The soft |
| | | starter still accepts start and stop |
| | | commands from the remote inputs |
| | | or serial communication network. To |
| | | disable local or remote control, use |
| | | parameter 3-1 Local/Remote. If |
| | | autostart is enabled and the user is |
| | | in the menu system, autostart |
| | | becomes active if the menu times |
| | | out (if no LCP activity is detected for |
| | | 5 minutes). |

8.6 Auto-reset

The soft starter can be programmed to reset certain trips automatically, which can help minimize operating downtime. Trips are divided into 3 categories for autoreset, depending on the risk to the soft starter:

| Group | |
|-------|----------------------|
| | Current imbalance |
| Α | Phase loss |
| ^ | Power loss |
| | Frequency |
| | Undercurrent |
| В | Instant overcurrent |
| | Input A trip |
| | Motor overload |
| С | Motor thermistor |
| | Heat overtemperature |

Table 8.1 Trip Categories for Auto-reset

Other trips cannot be automatically reset.

This function is ideal for remote installations using 2-wire control in auto-on mode. If the 2-wire start signal is present after an auto-reset, the soft starter restarts.

6-1 Auto-Reset Action

| Option: | | Function: | |
|---------|---------------------|--|--|
| | | Selects which trips can be auto-reset. | |
| | Do not Auto-Reset* | | |
| | Reset group A | | |
| | Reset group A & B | | |
| Γ | Reset group A R & C | | |



6-2 Maximum Resets

Range: Function: 1* [1–5] Sets how many times the soft starter auto-resets if it continues to trip. The reset counter increases by 1

continues to trip. The reset counter increases by 1 each time the soft starter auto-resets and decreases by 1 after each successful start/stop cycle.

NOTICE

If the starter is manually reset, the reset counter returns to 0.

8.6.1 Auto-reset Delay

The soft starter can be configured to wait before autoresetting a trip. Separate delays can be set for trips in groups A and B, or in group C.

6-3 Reset Delay Groups A & B

| | | ige: | Function: 0:05–15:00 (min:s)] Sets the delay before resetting group | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|--|
| | | [00:05-15:00 (min:s)] | | |
| | | | A and group B trips. | |

6-4 Reset Delay Group C

| Range: | | Function: | |
|------------|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 5 minutes* | [5-60 (minutes)] | Sets the delay before resetting | |
| | | group C trips. | |

8.7 Secondary Motor Set

See parameters 1-1 to 1-16 for details.

7-1 Motor FLC-2

| Range: | Function: |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| [Motor dependent] | Sets the secondary motor full load |
| | current. |

7-2 Locked Rotor Time-2

| Range: | Function: |
|--------|-----------|

| 10 s* | [0:01–2:00 | Sets the maximum length of the time the | |
|-------|------------|---|--|
| | (min:s)] | motor can run at locked rotor current from | |
| | | cold before reaching its maximum | |
| | | temperature. Set according to the motor | |
| | | datasheet. | |
| | | If this information is not available, set the | |
| | | value to <20 s. | |

7-3 Start Mode-2

| O | ption: | Function |
|---|--------|----------|
| | | |

| - p | | - | | |
|-----|--|-------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | | Selects the soft start mode. | |
| | | Constant current* | | |
| ſ | | Adaptive control | | |

7-4 Current Limit-2

| Range: | | 2: | Function: |
|--------|-------|-----------|---|
| | 350%* | [100–600% | Sets the current limit for constant current |
| | | FLC] | and current ramp soft starting, as a |
| | | | percentage of motor full load current. |

7-5 Initial Current-2

| Range: | | Function: |
|--|---|--|
| 350%* | [100- | Sets the initial start current level for current |
| | 600% | ramp starting, as a percentage of motor full |
| FLC] load current. Set so that the motor | | load current. Set so that the motor begins to |
| | | accelerate immediately after a start is initiated. |
| l lf | | If current ramp starting is not required, set the |
| | initial current equal to the current limit. | |

7-6 Start Ramp Time-2

| Range: | | Function: | |
|--------|-----------|---|--|
| 10 s* | [1–180 s] | Sets the total start time for an adaptive contro | |
| | | start or the ramp time for current ramp | |
| | | starting (from the initial current to the current | |
| | | limit) | |

7-7 Kick-start Level-2

| Range | : : | Function: |
|-------|----------------|---|
| 500%* | [100-700% FLC] | Sets the level of the kick-start current. |

7-8 Kick-start Time-2

| Range: | Function: | |
|----------|-------------|--|
| 0000 ms* | [0-2000 ms] | Sets the kick-start duration. A setting of |
| | | 0 disables kick-start. |

7-9 Excess Start Time-2

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------------|----------|---|
| | | Excess start time is the maximum time the soft |
| | | starter attempts to start the motor. If the |
| | | motor does not reach full speed within the |
| | | programmed limit, the soft starter trips. Set for |
| | | a period slightly longer than required for a |
| | | normal healthy start. A setting of 0 disables |
| | | excess start time protection. |
| 20 s* [0:00- | | Set as required. |
| | 4:00 | |
| | (min:s)] | |

7-10 Stop Mode-2

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|------------------|------------------------|
| | | Selects the stop mode. |
| | Coast to stop* | |
| | TVR soft stop | |
| | Adaptive control | |
| | Brake | |

7-11 Stop Time-2

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 0 s* | [0:00-4:00 (min:s)] | Sets the stop time. |



7-12 Adaptive Control Gain-2

Range: **Function:**

75%*

[1–200%] Adjusts the performance of adaptive control. The setting affects both starting and stopping control.

NOTICE

Leave the gain setting at the default level unless adaptive control performance is not satisfactory. If the motor accelerates or decelerates quickly at the end of a start or stop, increase the gain setting by 5-10%. If the motor speed fluctuates during starting or stopping, decrease the gain setting slightly.

7-13 Adaptive Start Profile-2

Option: **Function:**

| | | Selects which profile the soft starter uses for an adaptive control soft start. |
|---|------------------------|---|
| | Early acceleration | |
| Γ | Constant acceleration* | |
| | Late acceleration | |

7-14 Adaptive Stop Profile-2

Option: **Function:**

| | | Selects which profile the soft starter uses for an adaptive control soft stop. |
|---|------------------------|--|
| | Early deceleration | |
| Г | Constant deceleration* | |
| | Late acceleration | |

7-15 Brake Torque-2

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-----------|--|
| 20%* | [20–100%] | Sets the amount of brake torque the soft |
| | | starter uses to slow the motor. |

7-16 Brake Time-2

Function: Range:

| 1 s* | [1–30 s] | NOTICE |
|------|----------|--|
| | | This parameter is used with <i>parameter</i> 7-11 Stop Time-2. |
| | | |
| | | Sets the duration for DC injection during a |
| | | braking stop. |

8.8 Display

8-1 Language

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Selects in which language the LCP |
| | | shows messages and feedback. |
| | English* | |
| Γ | Chinese (中丈) | |
| | Spanish (Español) | |
| Γ | German (Deutsch) | |
| | Portuguese (Português) | |

| | 8-1 Language | | |
|---------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| Option: | | Function: | |
| | French (Français) | | |
| | Italian (Italiano) | | |
| | Russian (Русский) | | |

8.8.1 User-programmable Screen

Selects which 4 items to show on the programmable monitoring screen.

8-2 User Screen - Top Left

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|---------------|--|
| | | Selects the item shown in the top left part of |
| | | the screen. |
| | Blank | Shows no data in the selected area, allowing |
| | | long messages to be shown without |
| | | overlapping. |
| | Starter state | The operating state of the soft starter (starting, |
| | | running, stopping, or tripped). Only available |
| | | for <i>Top L</i> and <i>Btm L</i> . |
| | Motor current | The average current measured on 3 phases. |
| | Motor pf* | The motor power factor measured by the soft |
| | | starter. |
| | Mains | The average frequency measured on 3 phases. |
| | frequency | |
| | Motor kW | The motor running power in kW. |
| | Motor hp | The motor running power in horse power. |
| | Motor temp | The motor temperature, calculated by the |
| | | thermal model. |
| | kWh | The number of kWh the motor has run via the |
| | | soft starter. |
| | Hours run | The number of hours the motor has run via |
| | | the soft starter. |

8-3 User Screen - Top Right

Option: **Function:**

| runction. |
|--|
| Selects the item shown in the top right part of |
| the screen. |
| Shows no data in the selected area, allowing |
| long messages to be shown without |
| overlapping. |
| The operating state of the soft starter (starting, |
| running, stopping, or tripped). Only available |
| for Top L and Btm L. |
| The average current measured on 3 phases. |
| The motor power factor measured by the soft |
| starter. |
| The average frequency measured on 3 phases. |
| |
| The motor running power in kW. |
| The motor running power in horse power. |
| The motor temperature, calculated by the |
| thermal model. |
| |



| I | 8-3 User Screen - Top Right | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Option: Function: | | Function: | |
| I | kWh | The number of kWh the motor has run via the | |
| I | | soft starter. | |
| Ī | Hours run | The number of hours the motor has run via | |
| I | | the soft starter | |

8-4 User Screen - Bottom Left

| Option: | | Function: |
|---------|---------------|--|
| | | Selects the item shown in the bottom left part |
| | | of the screen. |
| | Blank | Shows no data in the selected area, allowing |
| | | long messages to be shown without |
| | | overlapping. |
| | Starter state | The operating state of the soft starter (starting, |
| | | running, stopping, or tripped). Only available |
| | | for <i>Top L</i> and <i>Btm L</i> . |
| | Motor current | The average current measured on 3 phases. |
| | Motor pf | The motor power factor, measured by the soft |
| | | starter. |
| | Mains | The average frequency measured on 3 phases. |
| | frequency | |
| | Motor kW | The motor running power in kW. |
| | Motor hp | The motor running power in horse power. |
| | Motor temp | The motor temperature, calculated by the |
| | | thermal model. |
| | kWh | The number of kWh the motor has run via the |
| | | soft starter. |
| | Hours run* | The number of hours the motor has run via |
| | | the soft starter. |

8-5 User Screen - Bottom Right

| Option: | Function: |
|---------------|--|
| | Selects the item shown in the bottom right |
| | part of the screen. |
| Blank* | Shows no data in the selected area, allowing |
| | long messages to be shown without |
| | overlapping. |
| Starter state | The operating state of the soft starter (starting, |
| | running, stopping, or tripped). Only available |
| | for <i>Top L</i> and <i>Btm L</i> . |
| Motor current | The average current measured on 3 phases. |
| Motor pf | The motor power factor measured by the soft |
| | starter. |
| Mains | The average frequency measured on 3 phases. |
| frequency | |
| Motor kW | The motor running power in kW. |
| Motor hp | The motor running power in horse power. |
| Motor temp | The motor temperature, calculated by the |
| | thermal model. |
| kWh | The number of kWh the motor has run via the |
| | soft starter. |
| Hours run | The number of hours the motor has run via |
| | the soft starter. |
| | |

8.8.2 Performance Graphs

The loggings menu allows the viewing of performance information in real-time graphs.

The newest information is shown at the right side of the screen. The graph can be paused to analyze data by pressing and holding [OK]. To restart the graph, press and hold [OK].

8-6 Graph Timebase

| Option: | Function: |
|---------|-----------|
|---------|-----------|

| | Sets the graph time scale. The graph progressively |
|------------|--|
| | replaces the old data with new data. |
| 10 s* | |
| 30 s | |
| 1 minute | |
| 5 minutes | |
| 10 minutes | |
| 30 minutes | |
| 1 hour | |

8-7 Graph Maximum Adjustment

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|----------|--|
| 400%* | [0-600%] | Adjusts the upper limit of the performance |
| | | graph. |

8-8 Graph Minimum Adjustment

| Range: | | ge: | Function: |
|--------|-----|----------|--|
| | 0%* | [0-600%] | Adjusts the lower limit of the performance |
| ı | | | graph. |

8-9 Mains Reference Voltage

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|--------|--|
| 400 V* | [100- | Sets the nominal voltage for the monitoring |
| | 690 V] | functions of the LCP. The nominal voltage is |
| | | used to calculate motor kW and kilovolt |
| | | amperes (kVA), but does not affect the motor |
| | | control protection of the soft starter. |
| | | Enter the measured mains voltage. |

8.9 Restricted Parameters

15-1 Access Code

| Range: | Function: |
|--------|-----------|
|--------|-----------|

| 0000* | [0000- | Sets the access code to enter the simulation | |
|-------|--------|---|--|
| | 9999] | tools and counter resets or the restricted | |
| | | section of the programming menu (parameter | |
| | | group 15 Restricted Parameters and higher). | |
| | | Press [Back] and [OK] to select which digit to | |
| | | alter, and use $[\blacktriangle]$ and $[\blacktriangledown]$ to change the value. | |
| | | NOTICE | |
| | | If the access code is lost, contact the | |
| | | local Danfoss supplier for master access | |
| | | code that allows the reprogramming of a | |
| | | new access code. | |
| | | | |



| 15-2 | Adi | iustm | ent | Lock |
|------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| | | | | |

| Option: | Function: | |
|---|---|--|
| | Selects whether the LCP allows parameters to be | |
| | changed via the programming menu. | |
| Read & | Allows altering parameter values in the | |
| write* | programming menu. | |
| Read only Prevents users altering parameter values in the | | |
| | programming menu. Parameter values can still be | |
| | viewed. | |
| No access | Prevents users adjusting parameters in the | |
| | programming menu unless an access code is | |
| | entered. | |
| | NOTICE | |
| | Changes to the adjustment lock setting take effect only after the programming menu has been closed. | |

15-3 Emergency Run

Option: Function:

ACAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

Continued use of emergency run is not recommended. Emergency run may compromise the soft starter life as all protections and trips are disabled.

Using the soft starter in Emergency run mode voids the product warranty.

Selects whether the soft starter allows emergency run operation. In emergency run, the soft starter starts (if not already running) and continues to operate until emergency run ends, ignoring stop commands and trips.

Emergency run is controlled using a programmable input.

When emergency run is activated in internally bypassed models which are not running, the soft starter attempts a normal start while ignoring all trips. If a normal start is not possible, a DOL start via the internal bypass contactors is attempted. For non-bypassed models, an external emergency run bypass contactor may be used.

15-4 Current Calibration

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-------|---|
| 100%* | [85– | Motor current calibration calibrates the soft |
| | 115%] | starter's current monitoring circuits to match an |
| | | external current metering device. |
| | | Use the following formula to determine the |
| | | necessary adjustment: |
| | | Calibration (%) = Current shown on MCD 500 display Current measured by external device |
| | | $e \cdot g \cdot 102\% = \frac{66 A}{65 A}$ |
| | | NOTICE |
| | | This adjustment affects all current-based functions. |
| | | Turicus: |

15-5 Main Contactor Time

| | Function: |
|----------|---|
| [100- | Sets the delay period between the soft |
| 2000 ms] | starter switching the main contactor |
| | output (terminals 13 and 14) and |
| | beginning the prestart checks (before |
| | start) or entering the not ready state |
| | (after a stop). Set according to the specifi- |
| | cations of the main contactor used. |
| | |

15-6 Bypass Contactor Time

| Range: | | | Function: |
|--------|-----|----------|---|
| 150 ı | ms* | [100- | Sets the soft starter to match the bypass |
| | | 2000 ms] | contactor closing/opening time. Set |
| | | | according to the specifications of the |
| | | | bypass contactor used. If the time is too |
| | | | short, the soft starter trips. |

15-7 Motor Connection

| Option: | Function: |
|---------|-----------|
| | |

| | The soft starter automatically detects the format of the connection to the motor. |
|--------------|---|
| Auto-Detect* | |
| In-line | |
| Inside Delta | |

15-8 Jog Torque

| Range: | | Function: |
|--------|-----------|---|
| 50%* | [20–100%] | NOTICE |
| | | Setting this parameter above 50% may cause increased shaft vibration. |
| | | Sets the torque level for jog operation. See |
| | | chapter 5.5 Jog Operation for more details. |



8.10 Protection Action

16-1 to 16-13 Protection Action

| Option: Function: | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | Selects the soft starter response to each | |
| | protection. | |
| | Parameter 16-1 Motor Overload. | |
| | Parameter 16-2 Current Imbalance. | |
| | Parameter 16-3 Undercurrent. | |
| | Parameter 16-4 Inst Overcurrent. | |
| | Parameter 16-5 Frequency. | |
| | Parameter 16-6 Heat sink Overtemp. | |
| | Parameter 16-7 Excess Start Time. | |
| | Parameter 16-8 Input A Trip. | |
| | Parameter 16-9 Motor Thermistor. | |
| | Parameter 16-10 Starter/Comms. | |
| | Parameter 16-11 Network/Comms. | |
| | Parameter 16-12 Battery/Clock. | |
| | Parameter 16-13 Low Control Volts. | |
| Trip | | |
| starter* | | |
| Warn and | | |
| log | | |
| Log only | | |

8.11 Factory Parameters

These parameters are restricted for factory use and are not available to the user.



9 Tools

To access Tools:

- 1. Open the Main Menu.
- 2. Scroll to Tools.
- 3. Press [OK].

NOTICE

The security access code also protects simulation tools and counter-resets. The default access code is 0000.

9.1 Set Date and Time

To set the date and time:

- 1. Open the Tools Menu.
- 2. Scroll to Set Date & Time.
- Press [OK] to enter edit mode.
- 4. Press [OK] to select which part of the date or time to edit.
- 5. Use [▲] and [▼] to change the value.

To save changes, press [OK] repeatedly. The soft starter confirms the changes. To cancel changes, press [Back] repeatedly.

9.2 Load/Save Settings

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 includes options to:

- Load defaults: Load the soft starter parameters with default values.
- Load User Set 1: Reload previously saved parameter settings from an internal file.
- Save User Set 1: Save the current parameter settings to an internal file.

In addition to the factory default values file, the soft starter can store a user-defined parameter file. This file contains default values until a user file is saved.

To load or save parameter settings:

- 1. Open the Tools Menu.
- Use [▼] to select the required function, then press [OK].
- At the confirmation prompt, select Yes to confirm or No to cancel.
- Press [OK] to load/save the selection or exit the screen.

| Tools | | |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| | Load Defaults | |
| | Load User Set 1 | |
| | Save User Set 1 | |

Table 9.1 Tools Menu

Load Defaults No Yes

Table 9.2 Load Defaults Menu

When the action has been completed, the screen briefly shows a confirmation message and then returns to the status screens.

9.3 Reset Thermal Model

NOTICE

The security access code protects the reset thermal model.

The advanced thermal modeling software in the soft starter constantly monitors the motor performance. This monitoring allows the soft starter to calculate the motor temperature and ability to start successfully at any time.

If necessary, reset the thermal model.

NOTICE

Resetting the motor thermal model may compromise motor life and should only be done in the case of emergency.

- 1. Open Tools.
- 2. Scroll to Reset Thermal Model and press [OK].
- 3. At the confirmation prompt, press [OK] to confirm, then enter the access code, or press [Back] to cancel the action.
- Select Reset or Do Not Reset, then press [OK].
 When the thermal model has been reset, the soft starter returns to the previous screen.

Reset Thermal Model M1 X% OK to Reset

Table 9.3 Accept to Reset the Thermal Model

Reset Thermal Model Do Not Reset Reset

Table 9.4 Reset Thermal Model Menu



9.4 Protection Simulation

NOTICE

Protection simulation is protected by the security access code.

To test the operation and control circuits of the soft starter without connecting it to mains voltage, use the software simulation functions.

The protection simulation feature enables the soft starter to confirm that it responds correctly and reports the situation on the display and across the communication network.

To use the protection simulation:

- 1. Open the Main Menu.
- 2. Scroll to Protection Sim and press [OK].
- To select the protection to simulate, press [▲] and [▼].
- 4. To simulate the selected protection, press [OK].
- The screen is shown while [OK] is pressed. The soft starter response depends on the protection action setting (parameter group 16 Protection Actions).
- 6. To return to the simulation list, press [Back].
- 7. To select another simulation, press [♠] or [▼], or press [Back] to return to the Main Menu.

| MS1 | 000.0A | 0000.0kW |
|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Tripped | | |
| Selected Protection | | |

Table 9.5 Protection Simulation Menu

NOTICE

If the protection trips the soft starter, reset before simulating another protection. If the protection action is set to *Warn or Log*, no reset is required.

If the protection is set to *Warn & Log*, the warning message can be viewed only while [OK] is pressed. If the protection is set to *Log only*, nothing appears on the screen, but an entry appears in the log.

9.5 Output Signal Simulation

NOTICE

The security access code protects the output signal simulation.

The LCP allows simulation of output signaling to confirm that the output relays are operating correctly.

NOTICE

To test operation of the flags (motor temperature and low/high current), set an output relay to the appropriate function and monitor the relay behavior.

To use the output signal simulation:

- 1. Open the Main Menu.
- Scroll to Output Signal Sim and press [OK], then enter the access code.
- 3. To select a simulation, press [▲] and [▼], then press [OK].
- To turn the signal on and off, press [▲] and [▼].
 To confirm correct operation, monitor the state of the output.
- 5. To return to the simulation list, press [Back].

| | Prog Relay A |
|-----|--------------|
| Off | |
| | |
| On | |
| | |

Table 9.6 Output Signal Simulation Menu

9.6 Digital I/O State

This screen shows the status of the digital I/O in order.

The top line of the screen shows:

- Start.
- Stop.
- Reset.
- Programmable input.

The bottom line of the screen shows programmable outputs A, B, and C.

| | Digital I/O State |
|--------------|-------------------|
| Inputs: 0100 | |
| Outputs: 100 | |

Table 9.7 Digital I/O Status Screen

9.7 Temp Sensors State

This screen shows the state of the motor thermistor. The screenshot shows the thermistor state as O (open).

| Temp Sensors State |
|----------------------------|
| Thermistor: O |
| S = shrt H=hot C=cld O=opn |

Table 9.8 Motor Thermistor Status Screen



9.8 Alarm Log

The [Alarm Log] key opens the alarm logs, which contain:

- Trip log.
- Event log.
- Counters which store information on the soft starter operating history.

9.8.1 Trip Log

The trip log stores details of the 8 most recent trips, including the date and time the trip happened. Trip 1 is the most recent and trip 8 is the oldest stored trip.

To open the trip log:

- 1. Press [Alarm Log].
- 2. Scroll to *Trip Log* and press [OK].
- 3. To select a trip to view, press [▲] and [▼], then press [OK] to show details.

To close the log and return to the main display, press [Back].

9.8.2 Event Log

The event log stores time-stamped details of the 99 most recent events (actions, warnings, and trips), including the date and time of the event. Event 1 is the most recent and event 99 is the oldest stored event.

To open the event log:

- Press [Alarm Log].
- 2. Scroll to Event Log and press [OK].
- To select an event to view, press [▲] and [▼], then press [OK] to show details.

To close the log and return to the main display, press [Back].

9.8.3 Counters

NOTICE

The security access code protects the counters function.

The performance counters store statistics on the soft starter operation:

- Hours run (lifetime and time since the last reset of the counter).
- Number of starts (lifetime and time since the last reset of the counter).
- Motor kWh (lifetime and time since the last reset of the counter).
- Number of times the thermal model has been reset.

The resettable counters (hours run, starts, and motor kWh) can only be reset if the correct access code is entered.

To view the counters:

- 1. Press [Alarm Log].
- 2. Scroll to Counters and press [OK].
- To scroll through the counters, press [▲] and [▼].
 Press [OK] to view details.
- To reset a counter, press [OK], then enter the access code. Select Reset, then press [OK] to confirm

To close the counter and return to the alarm logs, press [Back].



10 Troubleshooting

When a protection condition is detected, the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 writes this condition to the event log and may also trip or issue a warning. The soft starter response depends on the protection action settings (*parameter group 16 Protection Actions*).

Some protection responses cannot be adjusted. Usually, external events (for example phase loss) or a fault within the soft starter cause these trips. These trips do not have associated parameters and cannot be set to *Warn* or *Log*.

- 1. Identify and clear the condition that triggered the trip.
- 2. Reset the soft starter.
- 3. Restart the soft starter.

To reset the soft starter, press [Reset] or activate the *Reset remote* input.

If the soft starter has issued a warning, it resets itself when the cause of the warning has been resolved.

If the soft starter trips:

10.1 Trip Messages

Table 10.1 lists the protection mechanisms in the soft starter and the probable cause of the trip. Some of these protection mechanisms can be adjusted using *parameter group 2 Protection* and *parameter group 16 Protection Action*. Other settings are built-in system protections and cannot be set or adjusted.

| Display | Possible cause/suggested solution | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Awaiting data | The LCP does not receive data from the control PCB. Check the cable connection and the fitting of | |
| | the display on the soft starter. | |
| Battery/clock | A verification error has occurred on the real-time clock, or the back-up battery voltage is low. If the | |
| | battery is low and the power is off, date/time settings are lost. Reprogram the date and time. | |
| | Related parameter: | |
| | Parameter 16-12 Battery Clock. | |
| Controller | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| Current imbalance | Problems with the motor, the environment, or the installation can cause current imbalance, such as: | |
| | An imbalance in the incoming mains voltage. | |
| | A problem with the motor windings. | |
| | A light load on the motor. | |
| | A phase loss on mains terminals L1, L2, or L3 during run mode. | |
| | An SCR that has failed open circuit. A failed SCR can only be diagnosed accurately by replacing the | |
| | SCR and checking the soft starter performance. | |
| | Related parameters: | |
| | Parameter 2-2 Current Imbalance. | |
| | Parameter 2-3 Current Imbalance Delay. | |
| | Parameter 16-2 Current Imbalance. | |
| Current read err lx | Where X is 1, 2, or 3. | |
| | Internal fault (PCB fault). The output from the current transformer circuit is not close enough to 0 | |
| | when the SCRs are turned off. Contact the local Danfoss supplier for advice. | |
| | This trip is not adjustable. | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |



| Display | Possible cause/suggested solution |
|--------------------|---|
| Excess start time | Excess start time trip can occur under the following conditions: |
| | • Parameter 1-1 Motor FLC is not appropriate for the motor. |
| | • Parameter 1-4 Current Limit has been set too low. |
| | • Parameter 1-6 Start Ramp Time has been set higher than the setting in parameter 1-9 Excess Start |
| | Time Setting. |
| | • Parameter 1-6 Start Ramp Time is set too short for a high inertia load when using adaptive |
| | control. |
| | Related parameters: |
| | • Parameter 1-1 Motor FLC. |
| | Parameter 1-4 Current Limit. |
| | Parameter 1-6 Start Ramp Time. |
| | Parameter 1-9 Excess Start Time. |
| | • Parameter 7-1 Motor FLC-2. |
| 1 | Parameter 7-4 Current Limit-2. |
| | |
| | Parameter 7-6 Start Ramp-2. |
| | • Parameter 7-9 Excess Strt Time-2. |
| | Parameter 16-7 Excess Start Time. |
| Firing fail px | Where X is phase 1, 2, or 3. |
| | The SCR did not fire as expected. Check for faulty SCRs and internal wiring faults. |
| | This trip is not adjustable. |
| | Related parameters: None. |
| FLC too high | The soft starter can support higher motor full load current values when connected to the motor |
| | using inside delta configuration rather than in-line connection. If the soft starter is connected in- |
| | line, but the programmed setting for parameter 1-1 Motor FLC exceeds the in-line maximum, the |
| | soft starter trips at start (see <i>chapter 4.5 Minimum and Maximum Current Settings</i>). |
| | If the soft starter is connected to the motor using inside delta configuration, check that the soft |
| | starter detects the connection correctly. Contact the local Danfoss supplier for advice. |
| | Related parameters: • Parameter 1-1 Motor FLC. |
| | • Parameter 1-1 Motor FLC. |
| | Parameter 7-1 Motor FLC-2. |
| Frequency | The mains frequency is outside of the specified range. |
| | Check for other equipment in the area that could be affecting the mains supply, particularly |
| | frequency converters and switch mode power supplies (SMPS). |
| | If the soft starter is connected to a generator-set supply, the generator may be too small or could |
| | have a speed control problem. |
| | Related parameters: • Parameter 2-8 Frequency Check. |
| | |
| | Parameter 2-9 Frequency Variation. |
| | Parameter 2-10 Frequency Delay. |
| | Parameter 16-5 Frequency. |
| Heat sink overtemp | Check that cooling fans are operating. If mounted in an enclosure, check if ventilation is adequate. |
| | Fans operate during start, run, and for 10 minutes after the soft starter exits the stop state. |
| | NOTICE |
| | Models MCD5-0021B ~ MCD4-0053B and MCD5-0141B do not have a cooling fan. |
| | Models with fans operate the cooling fans from a start until 10 minutes after a stop. |
| | Polated parameter: |
| | Related parameter: • Parameter 16-6 Heat sink Overtemp. |
| | |



| Display | Possible cause/suggested solution | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| High level | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to <i>Input A trip</i> . | |
| High pressure | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| Input A trip | The programmable input is set to a trip function and has activated. Resolve the trigger condition. Related parameters: • Parameter 3-3 Input A Function. | |
| | Parameter 3-4 Input A Name. | |
| | Parameter 3-5 Input A Trip. | |
| | Parameter 3-6 Input A Trip Delay. | |
| | Parameter 3-7 Input A Initial Delay. | |
| | Parameter 16-8 Input A Trip. | |
| Instantaneous overcurrent | There has been a sharp rise in motor current, probably caused by a locked rotor condition (shear pin) while running. Check for a jammed load. Related parameters: • Parameter 2-6 Instantaneous Overcurrent. | |
| | Parameter 2-7 Instantaneous Overcurrent Delay. | |
| | Parameter 16-4 Inst Overcurrent. | |
| Internal fault X | The soft starter has tripped on an internal fault. Contact the local Danfoss supplier with the fault code (X). Related parameters: None. | |
| L1 phase loss | During prestart, check that the soft starter has detected a phase loss as indicated. | |
| L2 phase loss | In run state, the soft starter has detected that the current on the affected phase has dropped | |
| L3 phase loss | below 3.3% of the programmed motor FLC for more than 1 s. This current drop indicates that | |
| | either the incoming phase or connection to the motor has been lost. | |
| | For the soft starter and the motor, check: | |
| | The supply connections. | |
| | The input connections. | |
| | The output connections. | |
| | A failed SCR can also cause phase loss, particularly an SCR that has failed open circuit. A failed SCR | |
| | can only be diagnosed accurately by replacing the SCR and checking the soft starter performance. Related parameters: None. | |
| L1-T1 shorted | During prestart checks, the soft starter has detected a short-circuited SCR or a short circuit within | |
| L2-T2 shorted | the bypass contactor as indicated. | |
| L3-T3 shorted | Related parameters: None. | |
| Low control volts | The soft starter has detected a drop in the control voltage. • Check the external control supply (terminals A4, A5, A6) and reset the soft starter. | |
| | If the external control supply is stable: • Check if the 24 V supply on the main control PCB is faulty; or | |
| | Check if the bypass driver PCB is faulty (internally bypassed models only). | |
| | This protection is not active in ready state. | |
| | Related parameter: | |
| | Parameter 16-13 Low Control Volts. | |
| Low level | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| Low pressure | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |

VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500

10



| Display | Possible cause/suggested solution |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Motor overload/ | The motor has reached its maximum thermal capacity. |
| Motor 2 overload | The following can cause overload: |
| | The soft starter protection settings do not match the motor thermal capacity. |
| | Excessive starts per hour. |
| | Excessive throughput. |
| | Damage to the motor windings. |
| | Resolve the cause of the overload and allow the motor to cool. |
| | Related parameters: |
| | Parameter 1-1 Motor FLC. |
| | Parameter 1-2 Locked Rotor Time. |
| | Parameter 1-3 Start Mode. |
| | Parameter 1-4 Current Limit. |
| | • Parameter 7-1 Motor FLC-2. |
| | Parameter 7-2 Locked Rotor Time-2. |
| | Parameter 7-3 Start Mode-2. |
| | |
| | Parameter 7-4 Current Limit-2. |
| | Parameter 16-1 Motor Overload. |
| Motor connection tx | Where X is 1, 2, or 3. |
| | The motor is not connected correctly to the soft starter for in-line or inside delta use. |
| | Check individual motor connections to the soft starter for power circuit continuity. |
| | Check connections at the motor terminal box. |
| | This trip is not adjustable. |
| | Related parameter: • Parameter 15-7 Motor Connection. |
| | |
| Motor thermistor | The motor thermistor input has been enabled and: • The resistance at the thermistor input has exceeded 3.6 k Ω for more than 1 s. |
| | The motor winding has overheated. Identify the cause of the overheating and allow the motor to cool before restarting. |
| | |
| | The motor thermistor input has been opened. |
| | NOTICE |
| | If a valid motor thermistor is no longer used, fit a 1.2 k Ω resistor across terminals 05 and 06. |
| | and oo. |
| | Related parameter: |
| | Parameter 16-9 Motor Thermistor. |
| Network communication (between | The network master has sent a trip command to the soft starter, or there could be a network |
| module and network) | communication problem. |
| | Check the network for causes of communication inactivity. |
| | Related parameter: |
| | Parameter 16-11 Network/Comms. |
| No flow | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to <i>Input A trip</i> . |
| Not ready | Check if the soft starter disable function is active. If <i>parameter 3-3 Input A Function</i> is set to <i>Starter disable</i> and there is an open circuit on terminals 11 and 16, the soft starter does not start. |
| Parameter out of range | A parameter value is outside the valid range. |
| | The soft starter loads the default value for all affected parameters. To go to the first invalid |
| | parameter and adjust the setting, press [Main Menu]. |
| | Related parameters: None. |

Operating Guide

Troubleshooting

Display

Possible cause/suggested solution



| Display | Possible cause/suggested solution | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Phase sequence | The phase sequence on the soft starter mains terminals (L1, L2, L3) is not valid. | |
| | Check the phase sequence on L1, L2, and L3, and ensure that the setting in parameter 2-1 Phase | |
| | Sequence is suitable for the installation. | |
| | Related parameter: | |
| | Parameter 2-1 Phase Sequence. | |
| PLC | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| Power loss | The soft starter is not receiving mains supply on 1 or more phases when a start command is given. | |
| | Check that the main contactor closes when a start command is given and remains closed until the | |
| | end of a soft stop. | |
| | If testing the soft starter with a small motor, it must draw at least 2% of its minimum FLC setting | |
| | on each phase. | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |
| Pump fault | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| Starter/communication (between | There is a problem with the connection between the soft starter and the optional communi- | |
| module and soft starter) | cations module. Remove and reinstall the module. If the problem persists, contact the local | |
| | distributor. | |
| | There is an internal communication error within the soft starter. Contact the local distributor. | |
| | Related parameter: | |
| | Parameter 16-10 Starter/Comms. | |
| Starter disable | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to <i>Input A trip</i> . | |
| Thermistor cct (thermistor circuit) | The thermistor input has been enabled and: | |
| , | • The resistance at the input has dropped below 20 Ω (the cold resistance of most thermistors is | |
| | above this value) or | |
| | A short circuit has occurred. Check and resolve this condition. | |
| | Check that a PT100 (RTD) is not connected to terminals 05 and 06. | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |
| Time - overcurrent | The soft starter is internally bypassed and has drawn high current during running. (The 10 A | |
| | protection curve trip has been reached, or the motor current has risen to 600% of the motor FLC | |
| | setting.) | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |
| Undercurrent | The motor has experienced a sharp drop in current, caused by loss of load. Causes can include | |
| | broken components (shafts, belts, or couplings) or a pump running dry. | |
| | Related parameters: | |
| | Parameter 2-4 Undercurrent. | |
| | Parameter 2-5 Undercurrent Delay. | |
| | Parameter 16-3 Undercurrent. | |
| Unsupported option (function not | The selected function is not available (for example jog is not supported in inside delta configu- | |
| available in inside delta) | ration). | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |
| Vibration | Name selected for a programmable input. Refer to Input A trip. | |
| VZC fails px | Where X is 1, 2, or 3. | |
| | Internal fault (PCB fault). Contact the local Danfoss supplier for advice. | |
| | This trip is not adjustable. | |
| | Related parameters: None. | |

Table 10.1 Trip Messages



10.2 General Faults

Table 10.2 describes situations where the soft starter does not operate as expected but neither trips nor issues a warning.

| Symptom | Probable cause |
|--|---|
| The soft starter is not ready. | Check input A (11, 16). Check if the soft starter is disabled via a programmable input. If <i>parameter 3-3 Input A Function</i> is set to <i>Starter disable</i> , and there is an open circuit on the corresponding input, the soft starter does not start. |
| The soft starter does not respond to the [Hand On] and [Reset] keys. | Check if the soft starter is in auto-on mode. When the soft starter is in auto-on mode, the hand-on LED on the soft starter is off. Press [Auto On] once to change to local control. |
| The soft starter does not respond to commands from the control inputs. | The soft starter is waiting for the restart delay to elapse. Parameter 2-11 Restart delay controls the length of the restart delay. |
| | The motor may be too hot to allow a start. If parameter 2-12 Motor temperature check is set to Check, the soft starter only allows a start when it calculates that the motor has sufficient thermal capacity to complete the start successfully. Wait for the motor to cool before attempting another start. |
| | Check if the soft starter is disabled via a programmable input. If parameter 3-3 Input A Function is set to Starter disable, and there is an open circuit on terminals 11 and 16, the soft starter does not start. If there is no further need to disable the soft starter, close the circuit on the input. |
| | NOTICE Parameter 3-1 Local/remote controls when the [Auto On] is enabled. |
| The soft starter does not respond to a start command from either the local or remote controls. | • The soft starter may be waiting for the restart delay to elapse. Parameter 2-11 Restart delay controls the length of the restart delay. |
| | The motor may be too hot to allow a start. If parameter 2-12 Motor temperature check is set to Check, the soft starter only allows a start when it calculates that the motor has sufficient thermal capacity to complete the start successfully. |
| | • Check if the soft starter is disabled via a programmable input. If parameter 3-3 Input A function is set to Starter disable, and there is an open circuit on terminals 11 and 16, the soft starter does not start. If there is no further need to disable the soft starter, close the circuit on the input. |
| | Parameter 3-1 Local/remote controls when [Auto On] is enabled. |
| The soft starter does not control the motor correctly during start. | Start performance may be unstable when using a low motor FLC setting (parameter 1-1 Motor FLC). This can affect use on a small test motor with full load current of 5–50 A. |
| | Install power factor correction (PFC) capacitors on the supply side of the soft starter. To control a dedicated PFC capacitor contactor, connect the contactor to run relay terminals. |



| Symptom | Probable cause |
|---|---|
| Motor does not reach full speed. | If the start current is too low, the motor does not produce enough torque to accelerate to full speed. The soft starter may trip on excess start time. NOTICE Make sure that the motor starting parameters are appropriate for the application and that the intended motor starting profile is used. If parameter 3-3 Input A Function is set to Motor Set Select, check that the |
| | Check if the load is jammed. Check the load for severe overloading or a locked rotor situation. |
| Erratic motor operation. | The SCRs in the soft starter require at least 5 A of current to latch. If testing the soft starter on a motor with full load current less than 5 A, the SCRs may not latch correctly. |
| Erratic and noisy motor operation. | If the soft starter is connected to the motor using inside delta configuration, the soft starter may not be detecting the connection correctly. Contact the local Danfoss supplier for advice. |
| Soft stop ends too quickly. | The soft stop settings may not be appropriate for the motor and load. Review the settings of: - Parameter 1-10 Stop Mode Parameter 1-11 Stop Time Parameter 7-10 Stop Mode-2 Parameter 7-11 Stop Time-2. If the motor is lightly loaded, soft stop has limited effect. |
| Adaptive control, DC brake, and jog functions not working. | These features are only available with in-line installation. If the soft starter is installed inside delta, these features do not operate. |
| A reset does not occur after an auto-reset when using a remote 2-wire control. | Remove and reapply the remote 2-wire start signal for a restart. |
| Remote start/stop command overrides autostart/ stop settings when using remote 2-wire control. | Only use autostart/stop in auto-on mode with 3-wire or 4-wire control. |
| After selecting adaptive control, the motor used an ordinary start and/or the 2 nd start was different from the 1 st start. | The 1st adaptive control start is <i>Current limit</i> . The soft starter then learns from the motor characteristics. Subsequent starts use adaptive control. |
| Non-resettable <i>Thermistor Cct</i> trip, when there is a link between thermistor inputs 05 and 06, or when the motor thermistor connected between 05 and 06 is permanently removed. | The thermistor input is enabled once a link is fitted and short-circuit protection has activated. Remove the link, then load the default parameter set. This disables the thermistor input and clears the trip. Place a 1.2 kΩ resistor across the thermistor input. Turn thermistor protection to Log only (parameter 16-9 Motor Thermistor). |
| Parameter settings cannot be stored. | Make sure to save the new value by pressing [OK] after adjusting a parameter setting. If pressing [Back], the change is not saved. Check that the adjustment lock (parameter 15-2 Adjustment Lock) is set to Read/Write. If the adjustment lock is on, settings can be viewed, but not changed. Knowing the security access code is necessary to change the adjustment lock setting. The EEPROM may be faulty on the main control PCB. A faulty EEPROM also trips the soft starter, and the LCP shows the message Par. Out of Range. Contact the local Danfoss supplier for advice. |
| The LCP shows message Awaiting data. | The LCP does not receive data from the control PCB. Check the cable connection. |

Table 10.2 General Fault Messages



11 Specifications

| Mains voltage (L1, L2, L3) | |
|--|---|
| MCD5-xxxx-T5 | 200-525 V AC (±10%) |
| MCD5-xxxx-T7 | 380–690 V AC (±10%) (in-line connection |
| MCD5-xxxx-T7 | 380-690 V AC (±10%) (inside delta connection |
| Control voltage (A4, A5, A6) | |
| CV1 (A5, A6) | 24 V AC/V DC (±20%) |
| CV2 (A5, A6) | 110–120 V AC (+10%/-15% |
| CV2 (A4, A6) | 220-240 V AC (+10%/-15% |
| Current consumption (maximum) | |
| CV1 | 2.8 <i>F</i> |
| CV2 (110–120 V AC) | 1 <i>F</i> |
| CV2 (220–240 V AC) | 500 mA |
| Mains frequency | 45-66 Hz |
| Rated insulation voltage to ground | 690 V AC |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage | 4 kV |
| Form designation | Bypassed or continuous, semiconductor motor starter form 1 |
| | |
| Short-circuit capability (IEC) | |
| Coordination with semiconductor fuses | Type 2 |
| Coordination with HRC fuses | Type 1 |
| MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0215B | Prospective current 65 kA |
| MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0961B | Prospective current 85 kA |
| MCD5-0245C to MCD5-0927B | Prospective current 85 k.P |
| INCDS 0245C to INCDS 0527D | rrospective current os to |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 | Prospective current 100 kA |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C | Prospective current 100 kA |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) | Prospective current 100 k/A irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) | Prospective current 100 k/A irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU D EMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs | Prospective current 100 k/s irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs | Prospective current 100 k/s irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ 10 A @ 250 V AC resistive, 5 A @ 250 V AC AC15 pf 0.3 |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs Relay A (13, 14) | Prospective current 100 k/s. irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally closed Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ 10 A @ 250 V AC resistive, 5 A @ 250 V AC AC15 pf 0.3 Normally oper Changeove |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs Relay A (13, 14) Relay B (21, 22, 24) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ 10 A @ 250 V AC resistive, 5 A @ 250 V AC AC15 pf 0.3 Normally oper Changeove Normally oper |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs Relay A (13, 14) Relay B (21, 22, 24) Relay C (33, 34) Analog output (07, 08) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ 10 A @ 250 V AC resistive, 5 A @ 250 V AC AC15 pf 0.3 Normally oper Changeover Normally oper O-20 mA or 4-20 mA (selectable) |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs Relay A (13, 14) Relay B (21, 22, 24) Relay C (33, 34) | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C For UL short-circuit current ratings, see Table 4.12 Electromagnetic capability (compliant with EU DEMC emissions EMC immunity Inputs Input rating Start (15, 16) Stop (17, 18) Reset (25, 18) Programmable input (11, 16) Motor thermistor (05, 06) Outputs Relay outputs Programmable outputs Relay A (13, 14) Relay B (21, 22, 24) Relay C (33, 34) Analog output (07, 08) Maximum load | Prospective current 100 kA irective 2014/30/EU) IEC 60947-4-2 Class B and Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification IEC 60947-4-2 Active 24 V DC, 8 mA approximately Normally oper Normally closed Normally closed Normally oper Trip >3.6 kΩ, reset <1.6 kΩ 10 A @ 250 V AC resistive, 5 A @ 250 V AC AC15 pf 0.3 Normally oper Changeover Normally oper O-20 mA or 4–20 mA (selectable) 600 Ω (12 V DC @ 20 mA) |

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| Protection | |
|---|--|
| MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0105B | IP20 & NEMA, UL Indoor Type 1 |
| MCD5-0131B to MCD5-1600C | IP00, UL Indoor Open Type |
| Operating temperature - | 10 °C (14 °F) to +60 °C (140 °F), above 40 °C (104 °F) with derating |
| Storage temperature | -25 °C (-13 °F) to +60 °C |
| Operating altitude (using MCD PC software) | 0–1000 m (0–3281 ft), above 1000 m (3281 ft) with derating |
| Humidity | 5–95% relative humidity |
| Pollution degree | Pollution degree 3 |
| Vibration | IEC 60068-2-6 |
| Heat dissipation | |
| During start | 4.5 W per ampere |
| During run | |
| MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0053B | ≤39 W approximately |
| MCD5-0068B to MCD5-0105B | ≤51 W approximately |
| MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0215B | ≤120 W approximately |
| MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0469B | ≤140 W approximately |
| MCD5-0525B to MCD5-0961B | ≤357 W approximately |
| MCD5-0245C to MCD5-0927C | 4.5 W per ampere approximately |
| MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C | 4.5 W per ampere approximately |
| Certification | |
| C√ | IEC 60947-4-2 |
| UL/C-UL | |
| MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0396B, MCD5-0245C to MCD5-1600 | OC UL 508 ¹⁾ |
| MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B | UL listed |
| MCD5-0021B to MCD5-105B | UL recognized |
| MCD5-0131B to MCD5-1600C | IP20, when fitted with optional finger guard kit |
| CE | IEC 60947-4-2 |
| CCC | GB 14048-6 |
| Marine | |
| (MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0961B) | Lloyds Marine No 1 Specification |
| RoHS | Compliant with EU Directive 2002/95/EC |

VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500

1) For UL certification extra requirements may apply, depending on the models. For details, see chapter 11.1 UL-compliant Installation.

11.1 UL-compliant Installation

This section details more requirements and configuration settings for the VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 to be ULcompliant. See also Table 4.12.

11.1.1 Models MCD5-0021B to MCD5-0105B

There are no additional requirements for these models.

11.1.2 Models MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0215B

- Use with finger guard kit, ordering number 175G5662.
- Use the recommended pressure terminal/ connector kit. See Table 11.1 for more information.

11.1.3 Models MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0396B

- Use with finger guard kit, ordering number 175G5730.
- Use the recommended pressure terminal/ connector kit. See Table 11.1 for more information.

11.1.4 Models MCD5-0245C

Use the recommended pressure terminal/ connector kit. See Table 11.1 for more information.



11.1.5 Models MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C

- Configure the busbars for line/load terminals at opposite ends of the soft starter (that is Top in/ Bottom out, or Top out/Bottom in.
- Use the recommended pressure terminal/ connector kit. See *Table 11.1* for more information.

11.1.6 Models MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B

These models are UL recognized components. Separate cable landing busbars may be required within the electrical cabinet when terminating cables sized according to the National Wiring Code (NEC) regulations.

11.1.7 Pressure Terminal/Connector Kits

For models MCD50131B to MCD5-0396B and MCD5-0245C to MCD5-1600C to be UL-compliant, use the recommended pressure terminal/connector as detailed in *Table 11.1*.

| Model | FLC (A) | Number of wires | Recommended |
|-------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|
| | | | lugs ordering |
| | | wires | numbers |
| MCD5-0131B | 145 | 1 | OPHD 95-16 |
| MCD5-0141B | 170 | 1 | OPHD 120-16 |
| MCD5-0195B | 200 | 1 | OPHD 150-16 |
| MCD5-0215B | 220 | 1 | OPHD 185-16 |
| MCD5-0245B | 255 | 1 | OPHD 240-20 |
| MCD5-0331B | 350 | 1 | OPHD 400-16 |
| MCD5-0396B | 425 | 2 | OPHD 185-16 |
| 1160= 001=6 | | | 0010 040 00 |
| MCD5-0245C | 255 | 1 | OPHD 240-20 |
| MCD5-0360C | 360 | | |
| MCD5-0380C | 380 | 2 | |
| MCD5-0428C | 430 | | 1 x 600T-2 |
| MCD5-0595C | 620 | | |
| MCD5-0619C | 650 | | |
| MCD5-0790C | 790 | 4 | 2 x 600T-2 |
| MCD5-0927C | 930 | 3 | 2 x 600T-2 |
| MCD5-1200C | 1200 | 4 | 1 x 750T-4 |
| MCD5-1410C | 1410 | | 1 x /301-4 |
| MCD5-1600C | 1600 | 5 | 1 x 750T-4 and |
| WICDS 1000C | 1000 | | 1 x 600T-3 |

Table 11.1 Pressure Terminal/Connector Kits

11.2 Accessories

11.2.1 LCP Remote Mounting Kit

The VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 LCP can be mounted up to 3 m (9.8 ft) away from the soft starter, allowing remote control and monitoring. The remote LCP also allows parameter settings to be copied between soft starters.

175G0096 Control Panel LCP 501.

11.2.2 Communication Modules

VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 supports network communication via easy-to-install communication modules. Each soft starter can support 1 communication module at a time.

Available protocols:

- Ethernet (PROFINET, Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP).
- PROFIBUS.
- DeviceNet.
- Modbus RTU.
- USB.

Ordering numbers for communication modules

- 175G9000 Modbus module.
- 175G9001 PROFIBUS module.
- 175G9002 DeviceNet module.
- 175G9009 MCD USB module.
- 175G9904 Modbus TCP module.
- 175G9905 PROFINET module.
- 175G9906 EtherNet/IP module.

11.2.3 PC Software

WinMaster PC software provides:

- Monitoring.
- Programming.
- Control of up to 99 soft starters.

A Modbus or USB communication module is required for each soft starter to use WinMaster.



11.2.4 Finger Guard Kit

Finger guards may be specified for personnel safety. Finger guards fit over the soft starter terminals to prevent accidental contact with live terminals. Finger guards provide IP20 protection when correctly installed.

- MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0215B: 175G5662.
- MCD5-0245B to MCD5-0396B: 175G5730.
- MCD5-0469B to MCD5-0961B: 175G5731.
- MCD5-245C: 175G5663.
- MCD5-0360C to MCD5-0927C: 175G5664.
- MCD5-1200C to MCD5-1600C: 175G5665.

NOTICE

To be UL-compliant, the models MCD5-0131B to MCD5-0396B require finger guards.

11.2.5 Surge Protection Kit (Lightning Protection)

As standard, VLT® Soft Starter MCD 500 rated impulse withstand voltage is limited to 4 kV. The surge protection kits protect the system and make the soft starter immune to high-voltage impulses.

6 kV

- 175G0100 SPD Surge protection kit for G1.
- 175G0101 SPD Surge protection kit, G2-G5.

12 kV

- 175G0102 SPD Surge protection kit for G1.
- 175G0103 SPD Surge protection kit, G1-G5.

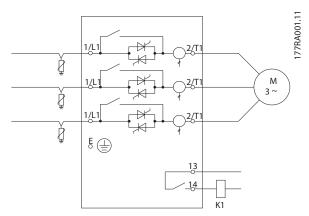


Illustration 11.1 System with Surge Protection Kit



12 Busbar Adjustment Procedure (MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C)

The busbars on non-bypassed models MCD5-0360C to MCD5-1600C can be adjusted for top or bottom input and output as required.

NOTICE

Many electronic components are sensitive to static electricity. Voltages so low that they cannot be felt, seen, or heard can reduce the life, affect performance, or completely destroy sensitive electronic components. When performing service, use proper ESD equipment to prevent possible damage from occurring.

All units are manufactured with input and output busbars at the bottom of the unit as standard. If necessary, the input and/or output busbars can be moved to the top of the unit.

- Remove all wiring and links from the soft starter before dismantling the unit.
- 2. Remove the unit cover (4 screws).
- Remove the LCP front cover, then gently remove the LCP (2 screws).
- 4. Remove the control card terminal plugs.
- Gently fold the main plastic away from the soft starter (12 screws).
- 6. Unplug the LCP loom from CON 1 (see *Notice*).
- Label each SCR firing loom with the number of the corresponding terminal on the main control PCB, then unplug the looms.
- Unplug the thermistor, fan, and current transformer wires from the main control PCB.
- 9. Remove the plastic tray from the soft starter (4 screws).

NOTICE

Remove the main plastic slowly to avoid damaging the LCP wiring loom (wiring harness), which runs between the main plastic and the backplane PCB.

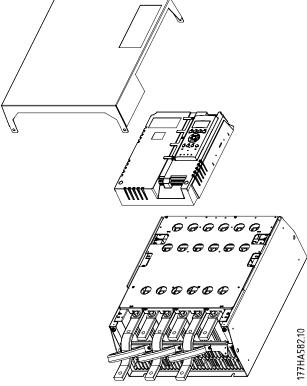
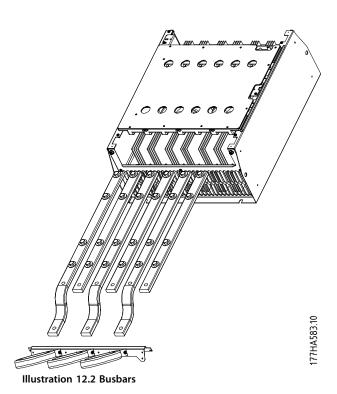


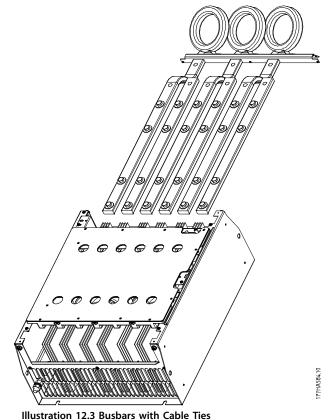
Illustration 12.1 Removing Front Cover and LCP

- 10. Unscrew and remove the magnetic bypass plates (models MCD5-0620C to MCD5-1600C only).
- 11. Remove the current transformer assembly (3 screws).
- 12. Identify which busbars to remove. Remove the bolts holding these busbars in place, then slide out the busbars through the bottom of the soft starter (4 bolts per busbar).





- 13. Slide the busbars in through the top of the soft starter. For input busbars, place the short curved end outside the soft starter. For output busbars, place the unthreaded hole outside the soft starter.
- 14. Replace the dome washers with the flat face towards the busbar.
- 15. Tighten the bolts holding the busbars in place to 20 Nm (177 in-lb).
- Place the current transformer assembly over the input busbars and screw the assembly to the body of the soft starter (see *Notice*).
- 17. Run all wiring to the side of the soft starter and secure with cable ties.



NOTICE

If moving the input busbars, the current transformers must also be reconfigured.

- Label the current transformers L1, L2, and L3
 (L1 is leftmost when working from the front of
 the soft starter). Remove the cable ties and
 unscrew the current transformers from the
 bracket.
- Move the current transformer bracket to the top
 of the soft starter. Position the current
 transformers for the correct phases, then screw
 the current transformers to the bracket. For
 models MCD5-0360C to MCD5-0930, place the
 current transformers on an angle. The left-hand
 legs of each current transformer are on the top
 row of holes and the right-hand legs are on the
 bottom tabs.



13 Appendix

13.1 Symbols, Abbreviations, and Conventions

| °C | Degrees Celsius |
|------|--------------------------------|
| °F | Degrees Fahrenheit |
| AC | Alternating current |
| DC | Direct current |
| DOL | Direct on-line |
| EMC | Electro magnetic compatibility |
| FLA | Full load amperage |
| FLC | Full load current |
| FLT | Full load torque |
| IP | Ingress protection |
| LCP | Local control panel |
| LRA | Locked rotor amps |
| MSTC | Motor start time constant |
| PAM | Pole amplitude modulated |
| PCB | Printed circuit board |
| PELV | Protective extra low voltage |
| PFC | Power factor correction |
| SCCR | Short-circuit current rating |
| SELV | Safety extra low voltage |
| TVR | Timed voltage ramp |

Table 13.1 Symbols and Abbreviations

Conventions

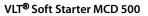
Numbered lists indicate procedures. Bullet lists indicate other information.

Italicized text indicates:

- Cross-reference.
- Link.
- Parameter name.

All dimensions in drawings are in [mm (in)].

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Communication modules





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