

# **Economical inverter with simple operation**

# NES Series



# What's "NE

# **New Inverter** Small, Simple

# Next&New

**NEXT** generation inverter opens the door to NEW market segments

# Ecological& conomica

ECOLOGICAL - saves energy ECONOMICAL - simple to install and easy to use

# Space Saving

Among the smallest form-factors in their category: -43% smaller than equivalent X200 (0.2 kW) -Side-by-side installation to save panel space

> no space between



Side-by-side installation: derating for carrier frequency and output current required

# **Simple Operation**

Run/Stop/Reset is integrated in one button for simple operation.

Full-function attachable operator available as an option. (refer to p.15)

<standard operator>



<option operator>



Pot for frequency adjustment -

Customization

# Global Standards

- Conformity to global standards Conforms to CE/UL/c-UL/c-Tick
- Compatible to both sink and source logic as standard Logic input is compatible with both sink and source logic.

1





Customization for specific applications is available. (contact Hitachi)

**Optional** 

# For Network

•RS485 Modbus-RTU Communication port is standard

# developed by Hitachi and Economical







# Inherent Functions to achieve energy savings

Automatic energy saving function is implemented to minimize energy consumption.

- Arithmetic and delay functions
  - Arithmetic operation and delay functions can simplify external hardware.
- •Keypad / Terminal switching
  - Source of frequency and run commands can be selected via intelligent terminal.
- ●2nd motor function
  - Settings for 1st and 2nd motor can be selected via intelligent input.
- Three-wire Operation function
  - Momentary contact for RUN and STOP can be utilized.
- Analog Input Disconnection Detect Function
  - When wire for analog signal to command frequency is cut, pre-assigned signal can be output.
  - \*Parameter change and setting by keypad etc.



# **Application**

Optimal performance for energy saving applications such as fans and pumps



Fan and air conditioners ·air conditioning systems ·fans and blowers ·clean rooms



Pumps
-water and
wastewater pump
systems
-tank-less water
supply and
drainage systems



Food
Processing
Machines
•slicers •mixers
•confectionery
machines
•Fruit Sorters

#### **Model Configuration**

Applicable motor kW	0.2 (1/4)	0.4 (1/2)	0.75(1)	1.5(2)	2.2(3)	
Three Phase 200V	LB	•	-	-	•	-
Single Phases 200V	SB	•	•	•	•	-
Three Phases 400V	HB		<del>-</del> 0-	<del>-</del> 0-	<del>-</del> 0-	<del></del>

OComing soon.

#### **Model Name Indication**

**NES1-002 S B** 

Series Name

B: Without keypad

Power Source
S: 1-phase 200V class
002: 0.2kW (1/4HP) — 022: 2.2kW (3HP)

L: 3-phase 200V class

#### CONTENTS

00111=1110	
Features — 1	-2
Standard Specifications —	3
Dimensions —	4
Operation and Programming ———	5
Operation / Terminal Functions ———	6
Function List — 7-1	10
Protective Functions	11
Connecting Diagram — 12-1	13
Wiring and Accessories — 14-1	15
Torque characteristics/Derating Curves —	16
For Correct Operation — 17-1	18

## **Standard Specifications**

#### 1-/3-phase 200V class

Model NES1-		002SB	004SB	007SB	015SB	022SB		
Widdel NES1-			002LB	004LB	007LB	015LB	022LB	
	Applicable motor size, 4-pole kW	(HP) *1	0.2(1/4)	0.4(1/2)	0.75(1)	1.5 (2)	2.2(3)	
	Rated capacity	230V	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.8	3.9	
Output	Rated capacity	240V	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.9	4.1	
Ratings	Rated output current (A) *2	Rated output current (A) *2		2.6	4.0	7.1	10.0	
	Overload capacity(output current)		150% for 60 sec.					
	Rated output voltage (V)		3-phase (3-wire) 200 to 240V (corresponding to input voltage)					
land Dating	Rated input voltage (V)		SB: 1-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5% LB: 3-phase 200 to 240V+10%, -15%, 50/60Hz ±5%					
Input Rating	Data Line to accord (A)	SB	3.1	5.8	9.0	16.0	22.5	
	Rated input current (A)	LB	1.8	3.4	5.0	9.3	13.0	
Enclosure *4		IP20						
Cooling method			Self-cooling Force ventilation			entilation		
SB SB		0.7	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.3		
Weight (kg)		LB	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.3	

#### **General Specifications**

	Item		General Specifications				
	Control method		Line-to-line sine wave pulse-width modulation (PWM) control				
	Output frequency	range *5	0.5 to 400Hz				
	Frequency accur	acy *6	Digital command :±0.01%, Analog command±0.2% (25±10°C)				
	Frequency settin	g resolution	Digital: 0.1Hz, Analog: (max frequency)/1000				
0	Voltage/Frequency Characteristic		V/f control,V/f variable (constant torque, reduced torque)				
Control	Acceleration/deceleration time		0.00 to 3000 sec. (linear, sigmoid), two-stage accel./decel.				
	Starting torque *	7	100%/6Hz				
	Carrier frequency	/ range	2.0 to 15kHz				
	Protective function	ons	Over-current, Over-voltage, Under-voltage, Overload, Overheat, Ground fault at power-on, Input over-voltage, External trip, Memory error, CPU error, USP error, Driver error, Output phase loss protection				
	Specification		10kohm input impedance, sink/source logic selectable				
Input terminal			FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command), JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), SET(Second motor constants setting), 2CH(Second accel./decel.), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), SFT(Software lock), AT(Analog input selection), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start), STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fwd./rev.), PID(PID On/Off), PIDC(PID reset), UP/DWN(Remote-controde accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-controlled data clearing), OPE(Operator control), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), OLR(overload restriction selection), LAC(LAD cancellation, ADD(ADD frequency enable), F-TM(force terminal mode), KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding), HLD(retain output frequency), ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation), NO(Not selected)				
		Specification	27V DC 50mA max open collector output, 1 terminals 1c output 250V AC/30V DC 2.5A relay (AL0, AL1, AL2 terminals)				
Output signal	Intelligent output terminal	Function	RUN(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), OD(Output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), DC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(PID Second Stage Output), NDC(ModBus Network Detection Signal), LOG(Logic Output Function), ODC(analog voltage input disconnection), LOC(Low load), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operation time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), THM(Thermal alarm signal), ZS(0 Hz detection signal), IRDY(Inverter ready), FWR(Forward rotation), RVR(Reverse rotation), MJA(Major failure)				
	Moniter output terminal	Function	PWM output; Select analog output frequency monitor, analog output current monitor or digital output frequency monitor				
Operator	Operation key		1 unified key for RUN/STOP/RESET ON: this key has function of "RUN"(regardless run command source setting (A002/A201).) OFF: this key has function of "STOP/RESET When optional operator is connected, operation from key is disabled.				
	Status LED Interface		Control power supply LED (Red), LED during operation (yellow-green), Operation button operation LED (yellow-green), L during tripping (Red), 4LED in total				
	<b></b>	Operator keypad(Option)	Up and Down keys / Value settings or analog setting via potentiometer on operator keypad				
	Frequency setting	External signal *8	0 to 10 V DC or 4 to 20 mA				
Operation	setting	Serial port	RS485 interface (Modbus RTU)				
Operation		Operator Keypad(Option)	Run key / Stop key (change FW/RV by function command)				
	FW/RV Run	External signal	FW Run/Stop (NO contact), RV set by terminal assignment (NC/NO), 3-wire input available				
		Serial port	RS485 interface (Modbus RTU)				
	Operating tempe	rature	-10 to 50°C(carrier derating required for aambient temperature higher than 40°C), no freezing				
	Storage tempera		-20 to 60°C				
Environment	Humidity		20 to 90% RH				
	Vibration		5.9mm/s² (0.6G) 10 to 55Hz				
	Location		Altitude 1,000 m or less, indoors (no corrosive gasses or dust)				
	Other funct	ions	AVR (Automatic Voltage Regulation), V/f characteristic selection, accel./decel. curve selection, frequency upper/lower limit, 8 stage multispeed, PID control, frequency jump, external frequency input bias start/end, jogging, trip history etc.				
	Options	3	Remote operator with copy function (WOP), Remote operator (OPE-SRmini, OPE-SR), Operator (NES1-OP), input/output reactors, DC reactors, radio noise filters, LCR filter, communication cables (ICS-1, 3)				

Note 1: The applicable motor refers to Hitachi standard 3-phase motor (4-pole). When using other motors, care must be taken to prevent the rated motor current (50/60 Hz) from exceeding the rated output current of the inverter.

the inverter.

Note 2: The output voltage decreases as the main supply voltage decreases (except when using the AVR function). In any case, the output voltage cannot exceed the input power supply voltage.

Note 3: The braking torque via capacitive feedback is the average deceleration torque at the shortest deceleration (stopping from 50/60 Hz as indicated). It is not continuous regenerative braking torque. The average decel torque varies with motor loss. This value decreases when operating beyond 50 Hz.

Note 4: The protection method conforms to JEM 1030.

Note 5: To operate the motor beyond 50/60 Hz, consult the motor manufacturer for the

Note 5: To operate the motor beyond 50/60 Hz, consult the motor manufacturer for the maximum allowable rotation speed.

Note 6: The output frequency may exceed the maximum frequency setting (A004 or A204) for automatic stabilization control.

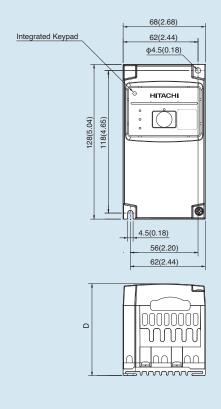
Note 7: At the rated voltage when using a Hitachi standard 3-phase, 4pole motor.

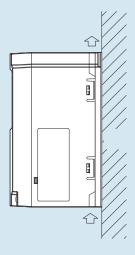
Note 8: DC 4 to 20 mA Input, need parameter setting by Keypad etc.

Analog input voltage or current can be switched by switch as individually and not use them in the same time.

#### ${\sf NES1\text{-}002SB,\,NES1\text{-}004SB,\,NES1\text{-}002LB,\,NES1\text{-}004LB,\,NES1\text{-}007LB}$

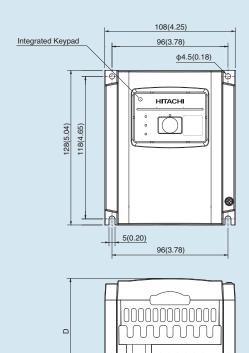
[Unit: mm(inch)] Inches for reference only

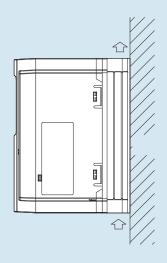




Model	D
002LB, 002SB	76 (2.99)
004LB, 004SB	91 (3.58)
007LB	115 (4.53)

#### NES1-007SB, NES1-015SB, NES1-022SB, NES1-015LB, NES1-022LB

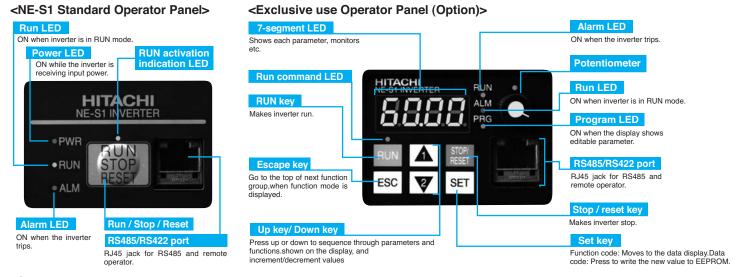




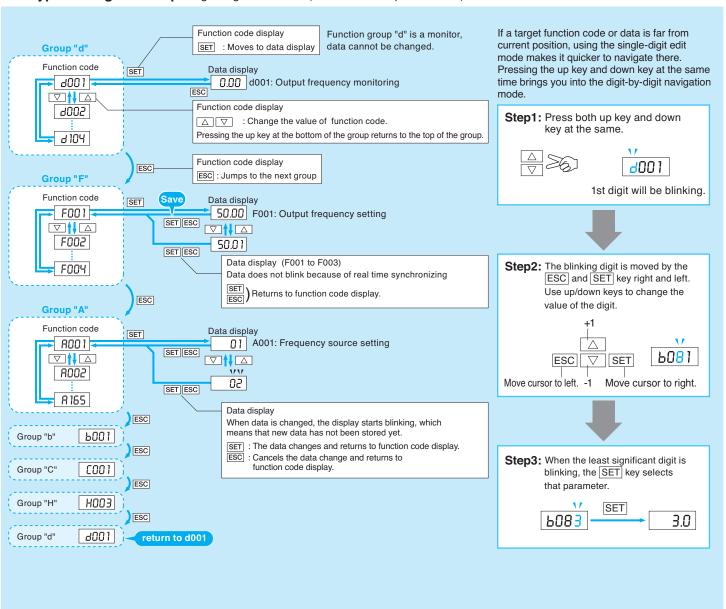
Model	D
007SB	96 (3.78)
015LB, 015SB	107 (4.21)
022LB, 022SB	125 (4.92)

### **Operation and Programming**

The NE-S1 series can be easily operated with the digital operator provided as standard. Change and setting parameter by Keypad (NES1-OP). The digital operator can also be detached and used for remote-control. An operator with copy function is also available as an option.



#### Keypad Navigation Map Single-Digit Edit Mode (At the time of operator use.)



# **Operation / Terminal Functions**

#### **Terminal Description**

#### **Terminal Symbol**

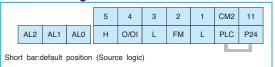
Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name		
L1,L2,N/L3	Main power supply input terminals		
U/T1,V/T2,W/T3	Inverter output terminals		
+1,+	DC reactor connection terminals		
<b>(a)</b>	Ground connection terminal		

#### **Screw Diameter and Terminal Width**

Model	Screw diameter (mm)	Terminal width W (mm)	
002 - 004SB	Mo E	7.4	+ * +
002-007LB	M3.5	7.1	1
007- 022SB		0.0	
015-037LB	M4	9.2	11111

#### **Control circuit terminals**

#### **Terminal arrangement**



#### **Terminal arrangement**

#### • NES1-002-007LB

R(L1)	S(L2)	T(L3)	P(+)	
U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)	PD(+1)	

#### • NE-S1-015LB,022LB

L1		N	P(+)
U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)	PD(+1)

#### • NES1-015,022LB

	R(L1)	S(L2)	T(L3)	PD(+1)	P(+)	U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)
--	-------	-------	-------	--------	------	-------	-------	-------

#### • NES1-007-022SB

L1	N	PD(+1)	P(+)	U(T1)	V(T2)	W(T3)

#### **Terminal function**

	Terminal name	Description	Ranges and Notes
	FM	Monitor terminal (frequency, current, etc.)	PWM out put(0 to10V DC, 1mA max.)
	L	Common for inputs	_
	P24	+24V for logic inputs	24V DC, 30mA (do not short to terminal L)
	PLC	Intelligent input common	-
Input/monitor	5	Intelligent (programable) input terminals, selection from: FW(Forward), RV(Reverse), CF1-CF3(Multispeed command),	
signals	4	JG(Jogging), DB(External DC braking), SF1-SF3(multispeed bit), SET(Second motor constants setting), 2CH(Second accel./decel.), FRS(Free-run stop), EXT(External trip), USP(Unattended start protection), SFT(Software lock), RS(Reset), STA(3-wire start),	
	3	STP(3-wire stop), F/R(3-wire fwd./rev.), PID(PID On/Off), PIDC(PID reset), OLR(overload restriction selection),	SW \ Operated by closing switch. (Input logic is selectable)
	2	UP/DWN(Remote-controlled accel./decel.), UDC(Remote-controlled data clearing), OPE(Operator control), ADD(Frequency setpoint), F-TM(Force terminal enable), RDY(Quick start enable), KHC(cumulative power clearance), AHD(analog command holding),	1-5 ("Faringia is accession,")
	1	HLD(retain output frequency), ROK(permission of run command), DISP (display limitation) or NO(Not selected).	
	Н	+10V analog reference	10V DC, 10mA max
Freqency setting	O/OI	Analog input, voltage/ Analog input, current Switch able by switch but not use them in the same time.  H   O/OI   L   DC0-10V   DC4-20mA	0 to 10V DC, input impedance10kohm 4 to 20mA DC, input impedance 250ohm
	L	Input inpedance $10k\Omega$ Input inpedance $250\Omega$	-
Output signals	11	Intelligent (programable) output terminals, selection from: RUN(run signal), FA1(Frequency arrival type 1 -constant speed), FA2(Frequency arrival type 2 -over-frequency), OL(overload advance notice signal), OD(Output deviation for PID control), AL(alarm signal), FA3(Set frequency reached), UV(Under voltage), RNT(Operation time over), ONT(Plug-in time over), ODC(Wire brake detect on analog input), FBV(Feedback voltage comparison), NDc(analog voltage input disconnection), LOG(Logic operation result), ODC(Option Card Detection signal), LOC(Low Load Detection).	Open collector output L level at operation (ON) 27V DC, 50mA max.
	CM2	Common for intelligent output terminals	_
	AL2	Relay contact (alarm output)	AC250V 2.5A (Resistive load) 0.2A ( $\cos \varphi = 0.4$ )
Relay output	AL1	terminals (programable, <a href="https://linkings.com/linkings/">Initial settings</a>	DC30V 3.0A (Resistive load) 0.7A (cos φ =0.4)
	AL0	intelligent output terminals).  AL2   AL1   AL0   Intelligent output terminals).  AL2   AL1   AL0   Intelligent output terminals).	(minimum) AC100V 10mA DC 5V 100mA

The parameter tables in this chapter have a column titled "Run Mode Edit." An Ex mark x means the parameter cannot be edited; a Check mark  $\checkmark$  means the parameter can be edited. The table example to the right contains two adjacent marks "x  $\checkmark$ ". These two marks (that can also be "xx" or " $\checkmark$   $\checkmark$ ") correspond to low-access or high-access levels to Run Mode edits (note Lo and Hi in column heading). Parameter shown in case "b037" is "00" (Full display).

#### Monitoring and main profile parameters

Monito	ring a	and main profile parameters				X: Not	allowed	
				5 ( )		Run mode edit		
Function Code		Name	Range	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi	
	d001	Output frequency monitor	0.00 to 400.00	-	Hz	-	-	
	d002	Output current monitor	0.00 to 655.35 (002 to 015S/L)		Α	_	_	
	u002	Output current monitor	0.0 to 6553.5 (022S/L)	_	Α		_	
	d003	Rotation direction monitor	F(Forward)/o(Stop)/r(Reverse)	_	-	-	_	
	d004	Process variable, PID feedback monitor	0.0 to 100000.0	-	-	-	-	
	d005	Intelligent input terminal status	OFF e.g. :1,2 : ON 3,4,5 : OFF	-	-	-	-	
	d006	Intelligent output terminal status	ON e.g. :11 :ON	-	_	-	-	
	d007	Scaled output frequency monitor	0.00 to 40000.00	-	-	-	-	
	d013	Output voltage monitor	0.0 to 600.0	_	V	-	_	
	d014	Power monitoring	0 to 999.9	_	kW	-	_	
Monitor	d015	Cumulative power monitoring	0.0 to 999999.9	_	kWh	-	_	
IVIONITOR	d016	Cumulative operation RUN time monitor	0 to 999999	_	hr	-	_	
	d017	Cumulative power-on time monitor	0 to 999999	_	hr	-	_	
	d018	Cooling fin temperature monitor	-20.0 to120.0	_	°C	-	_	
	d050	Dual monitor	-	_	-	-	_	
	d080	Trip counter	0 to 65535	_	events	-	_	
	d081	Trip monitor 1		-	-	-	-	
	d082	Trip monitor 2		_	-	-	-	
	d083	Trip monitor 3	Displays trip event information	_	-	-	_	
	d084	Trip monitor 4	Displays trip event information	-	-	-	-	
	d085	Trip monitor 5		-	_	_	-	
	d086	Trip monitor 6		-	-	-	-	
	d102	DC bus voltage monitor	0.0 to 1000.0	-	V	-	-	
	d104	Electronic themal monitor	0.0 to 100.0	-	%	-	-	
	F001	Output frequency setting	0/"start frequency" to "maximum frequency	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
	F002	Acceleration time (1) setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Main Profile	F202	Acceleration time (2) setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Parameters	F003	Deceleration time (1) setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
	F203	Deceleration time (2) setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	<b>✓</b>	✓	
	F004	Keypad Run key routing	00(Forward)/01(Reverse)	00	-	Х	X	

#### A Group: Standard functions

[ <b>√</b> :	Allowed Not allowed
X:	Not allowed

Function Code		Name	Desert	Default	Unit	Run mode edit	
		Name	Range		Unit	Lo	Hi
	A001	Frequency source setting	00(Keypad potentiometer)/01 (control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03	01	-	X	Х
	A201	Frequency source setting, 2nd motor	(Modbus)/10 (operation function result)	01	_	X	×
	A002	Run command source setting	01(control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03 (Modbus)	01	-	X	X
Basic	A202	Run command source setting, 2nd motor	0 (Control circuit terminal block)/02 (digital operator)/03 (Modbds)	01	-	X	X
setting	A003	Base frequency setting	30.0 to "maximum frequency(1st)"	60.0	Hz	X	X
	A203	Base frequency setting, 2nd motor	30.0 to "maximum frequency(2st)"	60.0	Hz	X	X
	A004	Maximum frequency setting	"Base frequency(1st)" to 400.0	60.0	Hz	X	X
	A204	Maximum frequency setting, 2nd motor	"Base frequency(2st)" to 400.0	60.0	Hz	X	X
	A011	Aanalog input active range start frequency	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>
	A012	Aanalog input active range end frequency	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>
Analog input	A013	Aanalog input active range start voltage	0 to 100	0.	%	X	<b>✓</b>
setting	A014	Aanalog input active range end voltage	0 to 100	100.	%	X	<b>✓</b>
	A015	Aanalog input start frequency enable	00(use set value)/01(use 0 Hz)	01	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	A016	External frequency filter time constant	1 to 31	8.	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	A019	Multi-speed operation selection	00(Binary mode)/01(Bit mode)	00	-	×	X
	A020	Multi-speed frequency setting (0)		60.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A220	Multi-speed frequency (2nd), setting 2nd motor		40.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A021	Multi-speed frequency setting (1)		20.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A022	Multi-speed frequency setting (2)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A023	Multi-speed frequency setting (3)	0.0/start freq. to maximum freq.	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A024	Multi-speed frequency setting (4)	' '	0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Multi-speed	A025	Multi-speed frequency setting (5)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
and jogging	A026	Multi-speed frequency setting (6)			Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
, 60 0	A027	Multi-speed frequency setting (7)		0.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A038	Jog frequency setting	0.00/start freq. to 9.99	6.00	Hz	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A039	Jog stop mode	00 (free-running after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/01 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/02 (DC braking after jogging stops [disabled during operation])/03 (free-running after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/04 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/05 (DC braking after jogging stops [enabled during operation])/05	04	-	×	<b>~</b>
	A041	Torque boost select	00(Manual)/01(Automatic)	00	-	X	×
	A241	Torque boost select 2nd motor	00(Manual)/01(Automatic)	00	-	X	Х
V/f	A042	Manual torque boost value	0.0 to 20.0	1.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Characteristic	A242	Manual torque boost value, 2nd motor	0.0 to 20.0	1.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A043	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment	0.0 to 50.0	5.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A243	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment, 2nd motor	0.0 to 50.0	5.0	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A044	V/f characteristic curve selection	00(VC)/01(VP)/02(free V/ f)	00	-	×	X
	A244	V/f characteristic curve selection, 2nd motor	00(VC)/0(VP)/02(free V/ f )	00	-	X	X
	A045	V/f gain setting	20 to 100	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
V/f	A245	V/f gain setting, 2nd motor	20 to 100	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A046	Voltage compensation gain for automatic torque boost	0 to 255	100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Characteristic	A246	Voltage compensation gain for utomatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0 to 255	100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A047	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost	0 to 255	100.	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	A247	Slip compensation gain for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0 to 255	100.	-	<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>

#### A Group: Standard functions

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

						Run mode edit		
Function	n Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi	
	A051	DC braking enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(output freq < [A052])	00	_	X	✓ ×	
	A052	DC braking frequency setting	0.00 to 60.00	0	Hz	X	· /	
	A053	DC braking wait time	0.0 to 5.0	0.00	sec	X	· /	
	A054	DC braking force during deceleration	0 to 100	5	Hz	X	V	
DC braking	A055	DC braking time for deceleration	0.0 to 10.0	0.5	sec	X	V	
DC blaking	A056	DC braking / edge or level detection for [DB] input	00(Edge)/01(Level)	01	_	X	Ż	
	A057	DC braking force at start	0 to 100	0.	%	X	V	
	A058	DC braking force at start  DC braking time at start	0.0 to 10.0	0.0	sec	X	V	
	A059	Carrier frequency during DC braking	2.0 to 15.0	5.0	kHz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A059	Frequency upper limit setting	0.00/Freg. lower limit setting to maximum freg.	0.00	Hz	X	<i>V</i>	
	A261	Frequency upper limit setting Frequency upper limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00/Freq. lower limit setting to maximum freq.  0.00/Freq. lower limit setting (2nd) to maximum freq. (2nd)	0.00	Hz	X	V	
	A062			0.00		X	V	
	A062 A262	Frequency lower limit setting	0.00/Start freq. to freq. upper limit setting 0.00/Start freq. (2nd) to freq. upper limit setting (2nd)	0.00	Hz Hz	X	V	
	A262 A063	Frequency lower limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	~	
		Jump (center) frequency setting 1				X	~	
PID Control	A064	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 1	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz			
	A065	Jump (center) frequency setting 2	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A066	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 2	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A067	Jump (center) frequency setting 3	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A068	Jump (hysteresis) frequency setting 3PID Enable	0.00 to 10.00	0.50	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A069	Acceleration stop frequency setting	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A070	Acceleration hold time setting	0.0 to 60.0	0.0	S	X	<b>V</b>	
	A071	PID Enable	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enabling inverted data output)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>	
	A072	PID proportional gain	0.00 to 25.00	1.00	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
	A073	PID integral time constant	0.0 to 3600.0	1.0	sec	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
PID Control	A074	PID derivative time constant	0.00 to 100.00	0.00	sec	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
T ID CONTO	A075	PV scale conversion	0.01 to 99.99	1.00	-	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A076	PV source setting	01 (Analog1)/02(Modbus)/10 (operation result output)	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A077	Reverse PID action	00(OFF)/01(ON)	00	-	×	<b>✓</b>	
	A078	PID output limit	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	%	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A081	AVR function select	00 (always as)/ 04 (always off)/ 02 (aff during decolaration)	02	-	X	×	
	A281	AVR function select, 2nd motor	00 (always on)/ 01 (always off)/ 02 (off during deceleration)	02	-	×	×	
AV/D (	A082	AVR voltage select	0001/11/11/11/000/045/000/040	200	V	×	×	
AVR function	A282	AVR voltage select, 2nd motor	200V class: 200/215/220/230/240	200	V	Х	×	
	A083	AVR filter time constant	0.000 to 1.000	0.030	sec	×	<b>✓</b>	
	A084	AVR deceleration gain	50 to 200	105.	%	Х	<b>✓</b>	
Automatic	A085	Operation mode selection	00(Normal)/01(Energy-saver)	00	_	Х	Х	
Energy Saving	A086	Energy saving mode tuning	0.0 to 100.0	50.0	%	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	
3, 11 3	A092	Acceleration (2) time setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	· /	· /	
	A292	Acceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	· /	· /	
	A093	Deceleration (2) time setting	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	· /	· /	
	A293	Deceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor	0.00 to 3600.00	10.00	sec	V	<i>\</i>	
	A094	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile	00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse)	00	_	X	X	
		Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile, 2nd						
Operation	A294	motor	00 (switching by 2CH terminal)/ 01 (switching by setting)/ 02 (Forward and reverse)	00	-	X	×	
mode and	A095	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	Х	
acc./dec.	A295	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point.  Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	X	
function	A295 A096	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	X	
			0.00 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00			X	X	
	A296	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor		0.00	Hz			
	A097	Acceleration curve selection	00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve)	00	_	X	X	
	A098	Deceleration curve selection	00(Linear)/01(S-curve)/ 02 (U curve)/ 03 (inverted-U curve)	00		X	X	
	A131	Acceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U)	1 to 10	2	_	X	V	
	A132	Deceleration curve constant setting (for S, U, Inverse U)	1 to 10	2	-	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A141	A input select for calculate function	00(Digital operator)/01(Keypad potentiometer)	00	_	X	<b>V</b>	
	A142	B input select for calculate function	02(input via Analog1)/04 (external communication)	02	-	X	<b>V</b>	
	A143	Calculation symbol	00(A141+A142)/01(A141-A142)/02(A141*A142)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>	
	A145	ADD frequency	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A146	ADD direction select	00 (frequency command + A145)/ 01 (frequency command - A145)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>	
	A154	Deceleration hold frequency setting	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
		Deceleration hold time setting	0.0 to 60.0	0	s	X	<b>✓</b>	
Frequency	A155		0.00 : 100.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>	
Frequency	A155 A156	PID sleep function action threshold	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	112	^		
Frequency caluculation			0.00 to 400.00 0.0 to 25.5	0.00	sec	X	<b>✓</b>	
	A156	PID sleep function action threshold					✓ ✓	
	A156 A157	PID sleep function action threshold PID sleep function action delay time	0.0 to 25.5	0.0	sec	Х		
	A156 A157 A158	PID sleep function action threshold PID sleep function action delay time PID sleep function return threshold Option operator input active range start frequency	0.0 to 25.5 A156 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00	0.0 0.00 0.00	sec Hz Hz	X	<b>V</b>	
	A156 A157 A158 A161 A162	PID sleep function action threshold PID sleep function action delay time PID sleep function return threshold Option operator input active range start frequency Option operator input active range end frequency	0.0 to 25.5 A156 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00	0.0 0.00 0.00 0.00	sec Hz Hz Hz	X X X	V	
	A156 A157 A158 A161	PID sleep function action threshold PID sleep function action delay time PID sleep function return threshold Option operator input active range start frequency	0.0 to 25.5 A156 to 400.00 0.00 to 400.00	0.0 0.00 0.00	sec Hz Hz	X X X	V V	

#### **b Group: Fine-tuning functions**

: Allowed X: Not allowed

	•					•	ode edit
Function	n Code	Name	Range	Default	Unit	Lo	Hi
	b001	Selection of automatic restart mode	00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/	00	_	×	_
			03 (tripping after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency)				
	b002	Allowable under-voltage power failure time	0.3 to 25.0	1.0	sec	X	<b>V</b>
	b003	Retry wait time before motor restart	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	sec	X	V
Restart after	b004	Under-voltage trip alarm enable	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)/ 02 (disabling during stopping and decelerating to stop)	00		X	✓ ✓
instantaneous	b005 b007	Under-voltage trip events Restart frequency threshold	00 (16 times)/ 01 (No limit) 0.00 to 400.00	0.50	– Hz	X	~
power failure		Restart frequency trieshold	00 (tripping)/ 01 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 02 (starting with matching frequency)/ 03 (tripping		ПZ		
	b008	Selection of retry after tripping	after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency)	00	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	b010	Selection of retry count after undervoltage	1 to 3	3	times	X	<b>V</b>
	b011	Start frequency to be used in case of frequency pull-in restart	0.3 to 100.0	1.0	S	X	V
	b012	Electronic thermal setting		Rated current	A	Х	V
	b212	Electronic thermal setting, 2nd motor	0.20*Rated current to 1.00*Rated current	Rated current	Α	X	<b>✓</b>
	b013	Electronic thermal characteristic	00 (	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	b213	Electronic thermal characteristic, 2nd motor	00 (reduced-torque characteristic)/ 01 (constant-torque characteristic)/ 02 (free setting)	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
Electronic	b015	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1)	0 to Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2)	0.	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
thermal	b016	Free setting, electronic thermal current (1)	0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current	0.00	Α	X	<b>✓</b>
aromai	b017	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2)	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) to Free setting, electronic thermal	0.	Hz	×	<b>V</b>
			frequency (3)				
	b018	Free setting, electronic thermal current (2)	0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current	0.00	A	X	<b>V</b>
	b019	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3)	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) to 400	0.	Hz	X	V
	b020	Free setting, electronic thermal current (3)	0.00*rated current to 1.00*rated current	0.00	A _	X	✓ ✓
	b021	Overload restriction operation mode	00(Disable)/01(Enable)/02(Enable for during acceleration)	01		X	×
	b221 b022	Overload restriction operation mode, 2nd motor Overload restriction setting		01 1.50*Rated	_ A	X	V
	b022 b222	Overload restriction setting Overload restriction setting, 2nd motor	0.20*Rated current to 2.00*Rated current	current	A	X	Ž
	b023	Deceleration rate at overload restriction		1.0	sec	X	V
	b223	Deceleration rate at overload restriction, 2nd motor	0.1 to 3000.0	1.0	sec	X	V
Overload		,	00 (disabling)/ 01 (enabling during acceleration and constant-speed operation)/				
restriction	b024	Overload restriction operation mode 2	02 (enabling during constant-speed operation)	01	-	×	<b>✓</b>
	b025	Overload restriction level 2 setting	0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current	1.50*Rated current	Α	Х	<b>✓</b>
	b026	Deceleration rate 2 at overload restriction	0.1 to 3000.0	1.0	sec	X	<b>✓</b>
	b027	OC suppression selection	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	b028	Current level of active freq. matching restart setting	0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current	Rated current	Α	X	<b>✓</b>
	b029	Deceleration rate of frequency pull-in restart	0.1 to 3000.0	0.5	sec	Х	<b>V</b>
	b030	Start freq to be used in case of active freq. Matching restart	00 (frequency at the last shutoff)/ 01 (maximum frequency)/ 02 (set frequency)	00	-	X	<b>✓</b>
			00([SFT] input blocks all edits)/01([SFT] input blocks edits except F001 and Multispeed				
Lock	b031	Software lock mode selection	parameters/02(No access to edits)/03(No access to edits except F001 and Multi-speed	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	1.004	D. day of ONL and a first	parameters)/10(High-level access,including b031)		1.1		
	b034	Run/power ON warning time	0 to 65535	0.	hr	X	<b>✓</b>
	b035	Rotation direction restriction	00( Enable for both dir)/ 01 (Enable for forward only)/ 02 (Enable for reverse only)	00 3	_	X	×
	b036	Reduced voltage start selection	0 (minimum reduced voltage start time) to 255 (maximum reduced voltage start time)	3		X	
	b037	Function code display restriction	0 (full display), 1 (function-specific display), 3 (data comparison display), 4 (basicdisplay), 5(monitor display)	01	_	×	<b>✓</b>
	b038	Initial-screen selection	000 to 202	001	_	X	<b>V</b>
		Illitial-Screen Selection	00(Disabled)/ 01 (enabling)/ 02 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure				
	b050	Selection of the non stop operation	(no restoration))/03 (nonstop operation at momentary power failure (restoration to be done))	00	-	×	X
	b051	Non stop operarion start voltage setting	0.0 to 400.0/800.0	220.0/440.0	V	Х	Х
	b052	OV-LAD Stop level of non stop operation setting	0.0 to 400.0/800.0	360.0/720.0	V	X	Х
	b053	Deceleration time of non stop operation setting	0.01 to 300.00	1.00	sec	X	Х
	b054	Frequency width of quick deceleration setting	0.00 to 10.00	0.00	Hz	×	Х
	b060	Maximum-limit level of window comparators	0 to 100	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b061	Minimum-limit level of window comparators	0 to 100	0.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b062	Hysteresis width of window comparators	0 to 10	0.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b070	Operation level at disconnection	0 to 100 /no	no	%	X	<b>V</b>
	b078	Watt-hour clearance	00(OFF)/01(CLR)	00	-	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	b079	Watt-hour display gain setting	1 to 1000	1.		<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
	b082	Start frequency adjustment	0.01 to 9.99	0.50	Hz	X	<b>V</b>
	b083	Carrier frequency setting	2.0 to 15.0	2.0	kHz	X	<b>✓</b>
	b084	Initialization mode	00(disabling)/ 01 (clearing the trip history)/ 02 (initializing the data)/	00	_	×	×
		(parameters or trip history)	03 (clearing the trip history and initializing the data)				
	b085	Country code for initialization	00 (Mode1)/ 01(Mode2)	1.00	_	×	×
Others	b086 b087	Frequency scaling conversion factor STOP key enable	0.01 to 99.99 00(Enable)/01(Disable)	1.00		X	×
	b087 b088	Restart mode after FRS	00(Enable)/01(Disable) 00(Restart from 0Hz)/01(Restart with frequency detection)	00		X	×
			00(Restart from 0Hz)/01(Restart with frequency detection) 00(disabling)/ 01(enabling( output current controlled))/				
	b089	Automatic carrier frequency reduction	02(enabling( fin temperature controlled))	00	-	X	X
	b091	Stop mode selection	00(Deceleration and stop)/01(Free-run stop)	00	_	X	_
	b094	Initialization target data setting	00(All parameters)/01(All parameters except in/output terminals and communication)	01	_	X	X
	b100	Free-setting V/F freq. (1)	0. to b102	0.	Hz	X	X
	b101	Free-setting V/F volt. (1)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	X	X
	b102	Free-setting V/F freq. (2)	b100 to b104	0.	Hz	Х	Х
	b103	Free-setting V/F volt. (2)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	Х	Х
	b104	Free-setting V/F freq. (3)	b102 to b106	0.	Hz	Х	Х
	b105	Free-setting V/F volt. (3)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	Х	X
	b106	Free-setting V/F freq. (4)	b104 to b108	0.	Hz	X	X
	b107	Free-setting V/F volt. (4)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	X	X
	b108	Free-setting V/F freq. (5)	b106 to b110	0.0	Hz	X	X
	b109	Free-setting V/F volt. (5)	0.0 to 300.0	0	V	X	X
	b110	Free-setting V/F freq. (6)	b108 to b112	0.	Hz	Х	X
	b111	Free-setting V/F volt. (6)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	Х	X
	b112	Free-setting V/F freq. (7)	b110 to 400	0.	Hz	X	X
	b113	Free-setting V/F volt. (7)	0.0 to 300.0	0.0	V	X	X
	b130	Over-voltage LADSTOP enable	00 (OFF)/ 01 (V-count)/ 02 (Accel)/ 03(Acc/Dcc)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>
	b131	Over-voltage LADSTOP level	200V 330 to 390	360	V	X	<b>V</b>
	b132	DC bus AVR constant setting	0.10 to 30.00	1.00	sec	X	<b>V</b>
	b133	DC bus AVR for decel. Proportional-gain	0.00 to 5.00	0.20	-	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
	b134	DC bus AVR for decel. Integral-time	0.0 to 150.0	1.0	sec	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
	b150	Panel Display selection	001 to 050	001	-	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
	b160	1st data of d050	001 to 018	001	-	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
Others	b161	2nd parameter of Double Monitor	001 to 018	002	-	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
Outoto	b163	Data change mode selection of d001 and d007	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)	01	-	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>
	b164	Automatic return to the initial display	00 (OFF)/ 01 (ON)	00	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
	1 4		00 (Read/Write OK)/01 (Protected)	00	_	X	<b>/</b>
	b166 b180	Data Read/Write select Initialization trigger	00 (dNo action)/ 01 (Initialize)	00	_	X	Х

#### C Group: Intelligent terminal functions

: Allowed X: Not allowed

Function Code		Name	Range	Default	Unit	Run mo	ode edit Hi
	C001	Terminal [1] function	00(FW:Forward), 01(RV:Reverse), 02-04(CF1-CF3:Multispeed command), 06(JG:Jogging), 07(DB:External DC braking), 08(SET:Second motor constants setting),	00	-	×	<b>~</b>
	C002	Terminal [2] function	09(2CH:Second accel./decel.), 11(FRS:Free-run stop), 12(EXT:External trip), 13(USP:Unattended start protection), 15(SFT:Software lock), 18(RS:Reset), 20(STA:3-wire start), 21(STP:3-wire stop), 22(FR:3-wire fwd./rev.), 23(PID:PID On/Off),	01	-	×	<b>~</b>
Intelligent input	C003	Terminal [3] function	24(PIDC:PID reset), 27(UP:Remote-controlled accel.), 28(DWN:Remote-controlled decel.), 29(UDC:Remote-controlled data clearing), 31(OPE:Operator control),	02	-	X	<b>~</b>
terminal	C004	Terminal [4] function	32 - 34(SF1-SF3: multispeed birl, 39 (OLR: overload restriction selection), 50(ADD: Frequency setpoint), 51(F-TM: Force terminal enable), 53(S-ST: Special-Set (select) 2nd Motor Data), 65 (AHD: analog command holding),	03	-	X	<b>~</b>
	C005	Terminal [5] function	83 (HLD: retain output frequency), 84 (ROK: permission of run command), 86 (DISP: display limitation),255(NO:Not selected),	18	-	×	<b>V</b>
	C011- C015	Terminal [1] to [5] active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	_	X	<b>✓</b>
	C021	Terminal [11] function	00(RUN:run signal), 01(FA1:Frequency arrival type 1 - constant speed), 02(FA2:Frequency arrival type 2 - over-frequency), 03(OL:overload advance notice signal), 04(OD:Output deviation for PID control), 05(AL:alarm signal), 06(DC:Wire brake detect on analog input), 09(LOG: Logic operation result), 11 (RNT: run time expired), 12 (ONT: power ON time expired), 13 (THM: thermal warring), 21 (ZS: OHz detection), 27 (ODc: Analog input disconnect detection), 31 (FBV: PID second stage output),	01	-	×	<b>~</b>
	C026	Alarm relay function	32 (NDc: Network disconnect detection), 33 (LOG1: Logic output function 1), 41 (FR: Starting contact signal), 42 (OHF: Heat sink overheat warning), 50 (IRDY:Inverter ready), 51 (FWR:Forward rotation), 52 (RVR:Reverse rotation), 53 (MJA:Major failure), 54 (WCO: Window comparator), 58(FREF: Frequency command source), 59(REF: Run command source), 60(SETM:Second motor in operation),255(NO: Not selected)	05	-	×	<b>~</b>
	C027	FM signal selection (Pulse/PWM output)	00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 03 (digital output frequency), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 08 (digital current monitoring), 10 (heat sink temperature)	07	-	×	<b>~</b>
Intelligent	C030	Digital current monitor reference value	0.20*rated current to 2.00*rated current	Rated current	Α	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>
input	C031	Terminal [11] active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	00	_	X	V
terminal	C036	Alarm relay active state	00(NO)/01(NC)	01	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	C038	Output mode of low load detection signal  Low load detection level	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ 01 (output only during constant-speed operation) 0.00 to 2.00"Rated current to 2.00"rated current	O1 Rated current	— А	×	✓ ✓
	C040	Output mode of overload warning	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation)/ 01 (output only during constant-speed operation)	01	-	×	<b>V</b>
	C041	Overload level setting		115% of	^	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	C241	Overload level setting, 2nd motor	0.00*Rated current to 2.00*Rated current	Rated current	Α	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	C042	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C043	Frequency arrival setting for deceleration	0.00 to 400.00	0.00	Hz	X	<b>✓</b>
	C044	PID deviation level setting	0.0 to 100.0	3.0	%	X	<b>✓</b>
	C052	Feedback comparison upper level	0.0 to 100.0	100.0	%	X	<b>✓</b>
	C053	Feedback comparison lower level	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	%	X	<b>V</b>
	C061	Electronic thermal warning level setting	0 to 100	90	%	X	<b>V</b>
	C063 C064	Zero speed detection level setting  Heat sink overheat warning	0.00 to 100.00 0. to 110.	0.00 100	Hz °C	×	· ·
	C064 C070	SELECTION OF OPE/MODBUS	0. to 110. 00(OPE)/01(Modbus)	00	-	X	<i>V</i>
	C071	Communication speed selection	03(2400bps)/04(4800bps)/05(9600bps)/06(19200bps)/07(38400bps)	05	_	X	<i></i>
	C072	Node allocation	1 to 247	1.	-	X	V
	C074	Communication parity selection	00(No parity)/01(Even parity)/02(Odd parity)	00	_	X	V
Serial	C075	Communication stop bit selection	01(1-bit)/02(2-bit)	01	bit	X	· /
communication	C076	Communication error mode	00(Trip)/01(Tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor)/02(Disable)/ 03(FRS)/04(Deceleration stop)	02	-	×	<b>~</b>
	C077	Communication error time	0.00 to 99.99	0.00	sec	Х	<b>✓</b>
Analog	C078 C081	Communication wait time  [O] input span calibration	0 to 1000 0. to 200.0	0.	msec %	×	✓ ✓
meter setting	]						
	C091 C101	Debug mode enable	00(MD0)/01(MD1) 00 (not storing the frequency data)/ 01 (storing the frequency data)	00		- X	-
	C101	Up/Down memory mode selection  Reset mode selection	00 (not storing the frequency data)/01 (storing the frequency data) 00(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)/01(Cancel trip state at signal OFF transition)/02(Cancel trip state at input signal ON transition)	00		×	✓
	C103	Restart mode after reset	00 (starting with 0 Hz)/ 01 (restarting with active matching frequency)	00	-	Х	<b>~</b>
	C104	UP/DWN clear: terminal input mode selection	00(0Hz)/01(Flash data when power supply is turned on)	00	_	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C105	EO gain adjustment	50 to 200	100.	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	C130	Output 11 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	sec	X	<b>V</b>
	C131	Output 11 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	sec	X	<b>V</b>
	C140	Output RY on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	sec	X	<b>V</b>
	C141	Output RY off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0	0.0	sec	X	<b>✓</b>
Others	C142 C143	Logical output signal 1 selection 1  Logical output signal 1 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO, no)  Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG3 & OPO, no)	00		×	X
	C143	Logical output signal 1 selection 2  Logical output signal 1 operator selection	00(AND)/01(OR)/02(XOR)	00	_	X	- V
	C144	Button sensitivity selection	0 to 250 / no	10		X	V
	C152	Scroll sensitivity selection	1 to 20	10	_	X	<i>V</i>
	C155	Ground fault set	00(OFF) / 01(ON)	01	-	X	V
	C157	Out phase-loss set	00(OFF) / 01(ON)	00	-	X	<b>V</b>
	C160	Response time of intelligent input terminal 1	0 to 200 (x2ms)	1.	-	X	<b>✓</b>
	C161	Response time of intelligent input terminal 2	0 to 200 (x2ms)	1.	-	Х	<b>✓</b>
	C162	Response time of intelligent input terminal 3	0 to 200 (x2ms)	1.	-	X	<b>V</b>
	C163	Response time of intelligent input terminal 4	0 to 200 (x2ms)	1.	_	X	<b>V</b>
	C164	Response time of intelligent input terminal 5	0 to 200 (x2ms)	1.	_	X	V
	C169	Multistage speed determination time	0. to 200.(x10ms)	0.	_	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

#### **H Group: Motor constants functions**

✓: Allowed X: Not allowed

Francis	Function Code Name		P		Unit	Run mo	ode edit
Functio	in Code	Name	Range		Unit	Lo	Hi
H00	H003	Motor capacity, 1st motor	0.1/0.2/0.4/0.55/0.75/1.1/1.5/2.2/3.0/4.0/5.5	Factory	kW	X	X
Mater	H203	Motor capacity, 2nd motor	0.1/0.2/0.4/0.33/0.73/1.1/1.3/2.2/3.0/4.0/3.3		kW	X	X
Motor constants	H004	Motor poles setting, 1st motor	2/4/6/8	4	poles	X	×
and gain	H204	Motor poles setting, 2nd motor	2/4/0/0	4	poles	X	Х
and gain	H006	Motor stabilization constant, 1st motor	0. to 255.	100	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
	H206	Motor stabilization constant, 2nd motor		100	%	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

### **Protective Functions**

#### **Error Codes (Standard)**

The ALM (red) of the main body, LED indication of RUN (yellowish green) display it like a list shown below at the time of error outbreak.

Error contents	LED Lighting, Blinking			
Elloi contents	Alarm LED	Run LED		
Over-current event	Lighting	Blinking		
Over-voltage	Blinking Same period	Blinking Same period		
Under-voltage	Blinking Alternation	Blinking Alternation		
Overload	Lighting	Lighting		
Major failure*1	Lighting	Lights out		
Others	Blinking	Lights out		

Note 1) The Major fault: When a memory error, CPU error, Ground fault, Output phase loss protection error and Driver error.

Note 2) The blinking is a period for 1s.

**Error Codes (Operator)** 

Error Codes (Ope	erator)			
Name	Cause(s)		Display on digital operator	
Over current	The inverter output was short-circuited, or the motor shaft is locked or has a heavy load. These conditions cause excessive current for the inverter, so the inverter output is turned OFF.	While at constant speed During deceleration During acceleration Others	E0 (_ E02 E03 E04	
Overload protection *1	When a motor overload is detected by the electronic thermal function, the inverter trips and turns OFF	its output.	E 05.	
Over voltage protection	When the DC bus voltage exceeds a threshold, due to regenerative energy from the motor.		E07	
Memory error *2,3	When the built-in memory has problems due to noise or excessive temperature, the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.		E 0 8.	
Under-voltage error	A decrease of internal DC bus voltage below a threshold results in a control circuit fault. This condition can also generate excessive motor heat or cause low torque. The inverter trips and turns OFF its output.			
Current detection error	on error If an error occurs in the internal current detection system, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code.			
CPU error	A malfunction in the built-in CPU has occurred, so the inverter trips and turns OFF its output to the motor.			
External trip	A signal on an intelligent input terminal configured as EXT has occurred. The inverter trips and turns OFF the output to the motor.			
USP *4	When the Unattended Start Protection (USP) is enabled, an error occurred when power is applied while present. The inverter trips and does not go into Run Mode until the error is cleared.		E 13.	
Ground fault *5	The inverter is protected by the detection of ground faults between the inverter output and the motor tests. This feature protects the inverter, and does not protect humans.	01 1	E 14.	
Input over-voltage	when the input voltage is higher than the specified value, it is detected 100 seconds after powerup and the inverter trips and turns OFF its output.			
Inverter thermal detection system error	When the cooling tin thermal cancor in the inverter detect disconnection atc. inverter trips			
Inverter thermal trip	When the inverter internal temperature is above the threshold, the thermal sensor in the inverter module excessive temperature of the power devices and trips, turning the inverter output OFF.	e detects the	E2 I.	
Control circuit error	control circuit error When abnormality occurred on a control circuit board, I make a error code			
Driver error	An internal inverter error has occurred at the safety protection circuit between the CPU and main driver unit.  Excessive electrical noise may be the cause. The inverter has turned OFF the IGBT module output.			
Output phase loss protection	Output Phase Loss Logic Detection (There are undetectable terms of use.)		E 34.	
Low-speed overload protection	If overload occurs during the motor operation at a very low speed, the inverter will detect the overload and shut off the inverter output.		E 38	
Operator connection failure	When the connection between inverter and operator keypad failed, inverter trips and displays the error	code.	E40	
Communications error The inverter's watchdog timer for the communications network has timed out.			E4 1.	

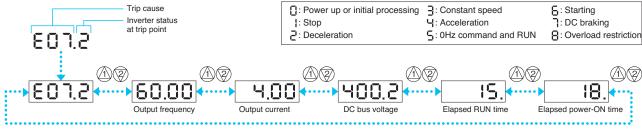
Note 1: Reset operations acceptable 10 seconds after the trip. Note 2: If an memory error (E08) occurs, be sure to confirm the parameter data values are still correct.

Note 3: Memory error may occer at power-on after shutting down the power while copying data with remote operator or initializing data. Shut down the power after completing copy or initialization.

Note 4: USP error occures at reseting trip after under-voltage error (E09) if USP is enabled. Reset once more to recover.

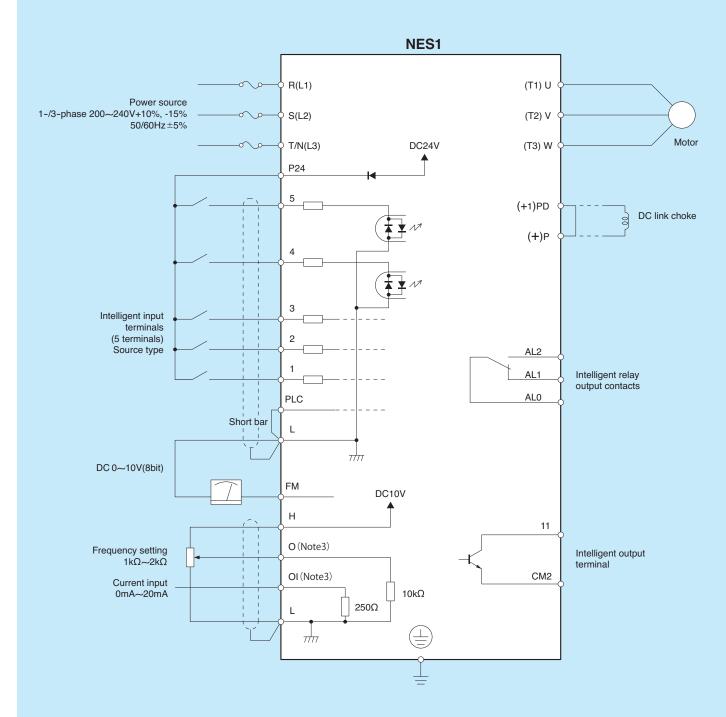
Note 5: Ground fault error (E14) cannot be released with resetting. Shut the power and check wiring. Note 6: When error E08 error, it may be required to perform initialization.

#### How to access the details about the present fault



Note: Indicated inverter status could be different from actual inverter behavior. (e.g. When PID operation or frequency given by analog signal, although it seems constant speed, acceleration and deceleration could be repeated in very short cycle.)

#### Source type logic



Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

Terminal	1,2,3,4,5	H,O/OI	11
Common	P24	L	CM2

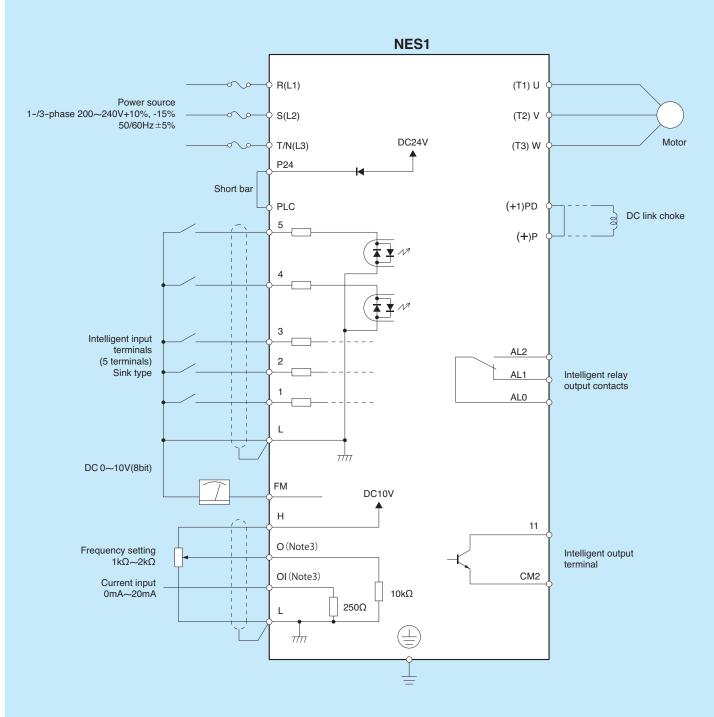
Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input volotage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input).

O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

# **Connecting Diagram**

#### Sink type logic



Note 1: Common terminals are depend on logic.

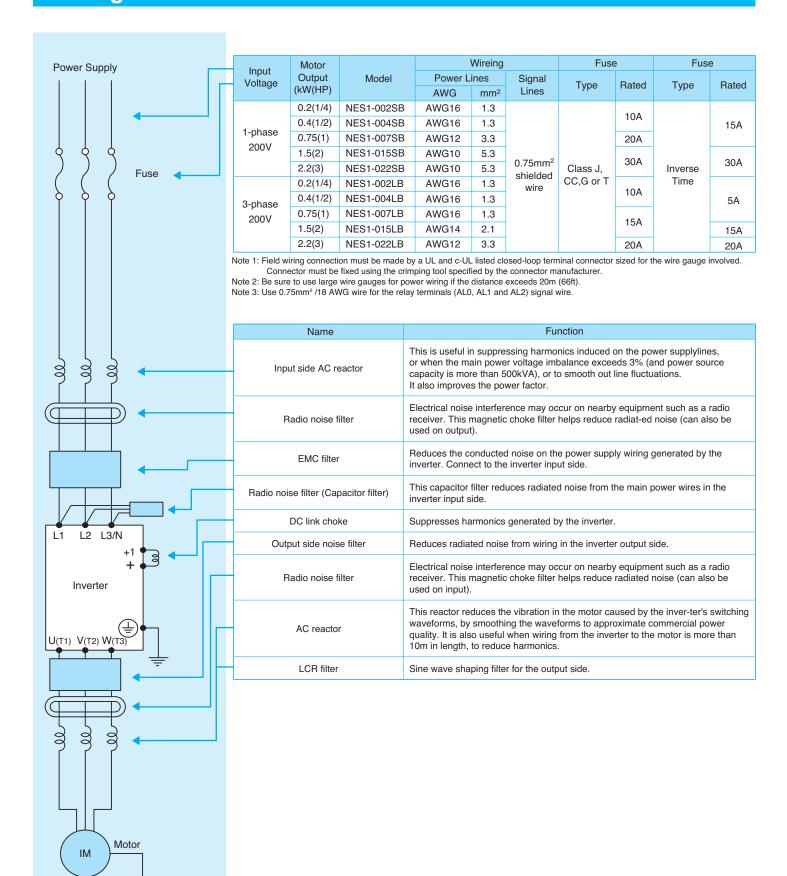
Terminal	1,2,3,4,5,H,O/OI	11
Common	L	CM2

Note 2: Please choose proper inverter input volotage rating.

Note 3: Voltage input: 0 to 10V and current input: 0 to 20mA (change parameter to move 4 to 20mA current input).

O and OI is common input terminal (O / OI terminal) change voltage / current input by switch.

### **Wiring and Accessories**



#### Operator, Cable

#### Operator

Model	Potentiometer	Remote Control	Copy function
NES1-OP	0		
OPE-SR mini	0	0	
OPE-SBK		0	
OPE-SR	0	0	
WOP		0	0

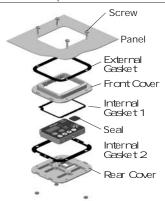
#### Cable

#### Cable <ICS-1, 3>



Model	Cable Length
ICS-1	1m(3.3ft)
ICS-3	3m(9.8ft)

#### 4X-KITmini (For combination with OPE-SR mini)



You can mount the keypad with the potentiometer for a NEMA1 rated installation. The kit also provides for removing the potentiometer knob to meet NEMA 4X requirements, as shown (part no.4X-KITmini).

#### Operator

#### <NES1-OP>







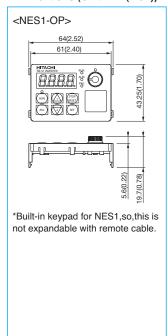
<OPE-SBK(SR)>

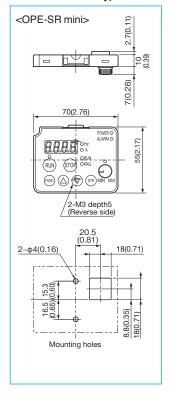


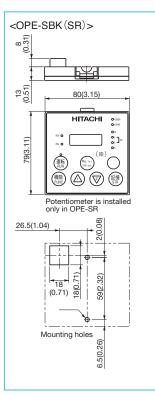
<WOP>

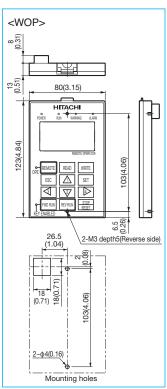


#### Dimentions (Unit:mm (inch)) Inches for reference only)



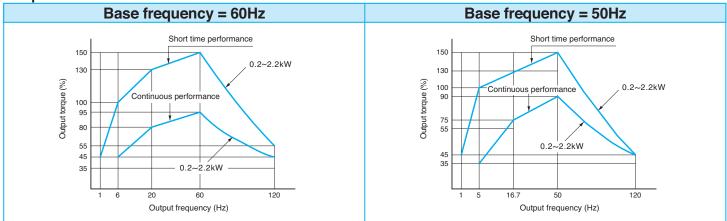






## **Torque characteristics**

**Torque characteristics** 





Hitachi variable frequency drives (inverters) in this brochure are produced at the factory registered under the ISO 14001 standard for environmental manegement system and the ISO 9001 standard for inverter quality management system.

#### **For Correct Operation**

#### **Application to Motors**

#### Application to general-purpose motors

Operating frequency	The overspeed endurance of a general-purpose motor is 120% of the rated speed for 2 minutes (JIS C4,004). For operation at higher than 60Hz, it is required to examine the allowable torque of the motor, useful life of bearings, noise, vibration, etc. In this case, be sure to consult the motor manufacturer as the maximum allowable rpm differs depending on the motor capacity, etc.
Torque characteristics	The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power (starting torque decreases in particular). Carefully check the load torque characteristic of a connected machine and the driving torque characteristic of the motor.
Motor loss and temperature increase	The torque characteristics of driving a general-purpose motor with an inverter differ from those of driving it using commercial power
Noise	When run by an inverter, a general-purpose motor generates noise slightly greater than with commercial power.
Vibration	When run by an inverter at variable speeds, the motor may generate vibration, especially because of (a) unbalance of the rotor including a connected machine, or (b) resonance caused by the natural vibration frequency of a mechanical system. Particularly, be careful of (b) when operating at variable speeds a machine previously fitted with a constant speed motor. Vibration can be minimized by (1) avoiding resonance points using the frequency jump function of the inverter, (2) using a tire-shaped coupling, or (3) placing a rubber shock absorber beneath the motor base.
Power transmission mechanism	Under continued, low-speed operation, oil lubrication can deteriorate in a power transmission mechanism with an oil-type gear box (gear motor) or reducer. Check with the motor manufacturer for the permissible range of continuous speed. To operate at more than 60Hz, confirm the machine, sability to withstand the centrifugal force generated.

#### Application to special motors

Gear motor	The allowable rotation range of continuous drive varies depending on the lubrication method or motor manufacturer. (Particularly in case of oil lubrication, pay attention to the low frequency range.)
Brake-equipped motor	For use of a brake-equipped motor, be sure to connect the braking power supply from the primary side of the inverter.
Pole-change motor	There are different kinds of pole-change motors (constant output characteristic type, constant torque characteristic type, etc.), with different rated current values. In motor selection, check the maximum allowable current for each motor of a different pole count. At the time of pole changing, be sure to stop the motor. Also see: Application to the 400V-class motor.
Submersible motor	The rated current of a submersible motor is significantly larger than that of the general-purpose motor. In inverter selection, be sure to check the rated current of the motor.
Explosion-proof motor	Inverter drive is not suitable for a safety-enhanced explosion-proof type motor. The inverter should be used in combination with a pressure-proof explosion-proof type of motor.  *Explosion-proof verification is not available for NE-S1 Series.
Synchronous (MS) motor High-speed (HFM) motor	In most cases, the synchronous (MS) motor and the high-speed (HFM) motor are designed and manufactured to meet the specifications suitable for a connected machine. As to proper inverter selection, consult the manufacturer.
Single-phase motor	A single-phase motor is not suitable for variable-speed operation by an inverter drive. Therefore, use a three-phase motor.

#### Application to the 400V-class motor

A system applying a voltage-type PWM inverter with IGBT may have surge voltage at the motor terminals resulting from the cable constants including the cable length and the cable laying method. Depending on the surge current magnification, the motor coil insulation may be degraded. In particular, when a 400V-class motor is used, a longer cable is used, and critical loss can occur, take the following countermeasures:

- (1) install the LCR filter between the inverter and the motor,
- (2) install the AC reactor between the inverter and the motor, or
- (3) enhance the insulation of the motor coil.

#### Notes on Use

#### **Drive**

Run/Stop	Run or stop of the inverter must be done with the keys on the operator panel or through the control circuit terminal. Do not operate by installing a electromagnetic contactor (MC) in the main circuit.	
Emergency motor stop	When the protective function is operating or the power supply stops, the motor enters the free run stop state. When an emergency stop is required or when the motor should be kept stopped, use of a mechanical brake should be considered.	
High-frequency run	A max. 400Hz can be selected on the NE-S1 Series. However, a two-pole motor can attain up to approx. 24,000 rpm, which is extremely dangerous. Therefore, carefully make selection and settings by checking the mechanical strength of the motor and connected machines. Consult the motor manufacturer when it is necessary to drive a standard (general-purpose) motor above 60 Hz. A full line of high-speed motors is available from Hitachi.	

#### About the load of a frequent repetition use

About frequent repetition use (crane, elevator, press, washing machine), a power semiconductor (IGBT, a rectification diode, thyristor) in the inverter may come to remarkably have a short life by heat exhaustion.

The life can be prolonged by lower a load electric current. Lengthen acceleration / deceleration time. Lower carrier frequency. or increasing capacity of the inverter.

#### About the use in highlands beyond 1,000m above sea level

When the standard inverter is used at a place beyond 1,000m above sea level because it cool heating element with air, please be careful as follows. But please inquire for the highlands more than 2,500m separately.

- 1. Reduction of the inverter rating current
- The density of air decreases by 1% whenever rising by 100m when the altitude exceeds 1000m. For example, in the case of 2,000m above sea level, it is {2,000(m) -Because it becomes 1,000(m)}/100(m) X {-1(%)} =-10(%), please use with 10(%) reduction (0.9\* inverter rating electric current) of a rating current of the inverter.
- 2. Reduction of the breakdown voltage
  When using inverter at a place beyond 1,000m, the breakdown voltage decreases as follows. 1,000m or less:1.00/1,500m:0.95/2,000m:0.90/2,50
  0m:0.85. But please do not perform the withstand pressure test as mention of the instruction manual.

#### Installation location and operating environment

Avoid installation in areas of high temperature, excessive humidity, or where moisture can easily collect, as well as areas that are dusty, subject to corrosive gasses, mist of liquid for grinding, or salt. Install the inverter away from direct sunlight in a well-ventilated room that is free of vibration. The inverter can be operated in the ambient temperature range from -10 to 50°C. (Carrier frequency and output current must be reduced in the range of 40 to 50°C.)

#### Main power supply

Installation of an AC reactor on the input side	In the following examples involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current flows on the main power supply side, and is able to destroy the converter module. Where such situations are foreseen or the connected equipment must be highly reliable, install an AC reactor between the power supply and the inverter. Also, where influence of indirect lightning strike is possible, install a lightning conductor.  (A) The unbalance factor of the power supply is 3% or higher. (Note)  (B) The power supply capacity is at least 10 times greater than the inverter capacity (the power supply capacity is 500 kVA or more).  (C) Abrupt power supply changes are expected.  Examples:  (1) Several inverters are interconnected with a short bus.  (2) A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus.  (3) An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes.  In cases (A), (B) and (C), it is recommended to install an AC reactor on the main power supply side.  Note: Example calculation with V <sub>RS</sub> = 205V, V <sub>ST</sub> = 201V, V <sub>TR</sub> = 200V  V <sub>RS</sub> : R-S line voltage, V <sub>ST</sub> : S-T line voltage, V <sub>TR</sub> : T-R line voltage  Unbalance factor of voltage =   Mean line voltage  Mean line voltage    V <sub>RS</sub> - (V <sub>RS</sub> + V <sub>ST</sub> + V <sub>TR</sub> )/3	
Using a private power generator	An inverter run by a private power generator may overheat the generator or suffer from a deformed output voltage waveform of the generator. Generally, the generator capacity should be five times that of the inverter (kVA) in a PWM control system, or six times greater in a PAM control system.	

#### **Notes on Peripheral Equipment Selection**

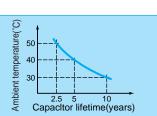
Wiring connections	<ul> <li>(1) Be sure to connect main power wires with R(L1), S(L2), and T(L3) terminals (input) and motor wires to U(T1), V(T2), and W(T3) terminals (output). (Incorrect connection will cause an immediate failure.)</li> <li>(2) Be sure to provide a grounding connection with the ground terminal ( ).</li> </ul>
Electromagnetic contactor	When an electromagnetic contactor is installed between the inverter and the motor, do not perform on-off switching during running operation.
	When used with standard applicable output motors (standard three-phase squirrel-cage four-pole motors), the NE-S1 Series does not need a thermal relay for motor protection due to the internal electronic protective circuit. A thermal relay, however, should be used:  • during continuous running outside a range of 30 to 60 Hz.  • for motors exceeding the range of electronic thermal adjustment (rated current).  • when several motors are driven by the same inverter; install a thermal relay for each motor.  • The RC value of the thermal relay should be more than 1.1 times the rated current of the motor. Where the wiring length is 10 m or more, the thermal relay tends to turn off readily. In this case, provide an AC reactor on the output side or use a current sensor.
Installing a circuit breaker	Install a circuit breaker on the main power input side to protect inverter wiring and ensure personal safety. Choose an inverter-compatible circuit breaker. The conventional type may malfunction due to harmonics from the inverter. For more information, consult the circuit breaker manufacturer.
IWiring distance	The wiring distance between the inverter and the remote operator panel should be 20 meters or less. Shielded cable should be used on thewiring. Beware of voltage drops on main circuit wires. (A large voltage drop reduces torque.)
Earth leakage relay	If the earth leakage relay (or earth leakage breaker) is used, it should have a sensitivity level of 15 mA or more (per inverter).
Phase advance capacitor	Do not use a capacitor for power factor improvement between the inverter and the motor because the high-frequency components of the inverter output may overheat or damage the capacitor.

#### **High-frequency Noise and Leakage Current**

- (1) High-frequency components are included in the input/output of the inverter main circuit, and they may cause interference in a transmitter, radio, or sensor if used near the inverter. The interference can be minimized by attaching noise filters (option) in the inverter circuitry.
- (2) The switching action of an inverter causes an increase in leakage current. Be sure to ground the inverter and the motor.

#### **Lifetime of Primary Parts**

Because a DC bus capacitor deteriorates as it undergoes internal chemical reaction, it should normally be replaced every five years. Be aware, however, that its life expectancy is considerably shorter when the inverter is subjected to such adverse factors as high temperatures or heavy loads exceeding the rated current of the inverter. The approximate lifetime of the capacitor is as shown in the figure at the right when it is used 12 hours daily (according to the "Instructions for Periodic Inspection of General-Purpose Inverter " (JEMA).) Also, such moving parts as a cooling fan should be replaced. Maintenance inspection and parts replacement must beperformed by only specified trained personnel. Please plan to replace new INV depends on the load, ambient condition in advance.



#### **Precaution for Correct Usage**

- Before use, be sure to read through the Instruction Manual to insure proper use of the inverter.
- Note that the inverter requires electrical wiring; a trained specialist should carry out the wiring.
- The inverter in this catalog is designed for general industrial applications. For special applications in fields such as aircraft, outer space, nuclear power, electrical power, transport vehicles, clinics, and underwater equipment, please consult with us in advance.
- For application in a facility where human life is involved or serious losses may occur, make sure to provide safety devices to avoid a serious accident.
- The inverter is intended for use with a three-phase AC motor. For use with a load other than this, please consult with us.