HITACHI INVERTER

SJ700B SERIES

Quick Reference Guide

Read through this Quick Reference guide, and keep it handy for future reference.

NT9071X

HITACHI

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Hitachi SJ700B Series Inverter.

This Quick Reference guide describes how to handle and maintain the Hitachi SJ700B Series Inverter. Read this Quick Reference guide carefully before using the inverter, and then keep it handy for those who operate, maintain, and inspect the inverter.

Before and during the installation, operation and inspection of the inverter, always refer to this Quick Reference guide to obtain the necessary related knowledge, and ensure you understand and follow all safety information, precautions, and operating and handling instructions for the correct use of the inverter.

Always use the inverter strictly within the range of the specifications described in this Quick Reference guide and correctly implement maintenance and inspections to prevent faults occurring.

When using the inverter together with optional products, also read the manuals for those products.

In the manual that relates to this inverter, there are another of this Quick Reference guide and "SJ700B series Instruction Manual".

Please read when you want to hear of a more detailed content about this inverter. It is not described in Quick Reference guide, and a detailed content can be confirmed.

Note that this Quick Reference guide and the manual for each optional product to be used should be delivered to the end user of the inverter.

Handling of this Quick Reference guide

- The contents of this Quick Reference guide are subject to change without prior notice.
- Even if you lose this Quick Reference guide, it will not be resupplied, so please keep it carefully.
- No part of this Quick Reference guide may be reproduced in any form without the publisher's permission.
- If you find any incorrect description, missing description or have a question concerning the contents of this Quick Reference guide, please contact the publisher.

Revision History

No.	Revision content	Date of issue	Manual code
1	First edition	January,2013	NT9071X

 The current edition of this Quick Reference guide also includes some corrections of simple misprints, missing letters, misdescriptions and certain added explanations other than those listed in the above Revision History table.

Safety Instructions

Be sure to read this Quick Reference guide and appended documents thoroughly before installing, operating, maintaining, or inspecting the inverter.

In this Quick Reference guide, safety instructions are classified into two levels, namely WARNING and CAUTION.



: Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous situations, which may result in serious personal injury or death.



: Indicates that incorrect handling may cause hazardous situations, which may result in moderate or slight personal injury or physical damage alone.

Note that even a CAUTION level situation may lead to a serious consequence according to circumstances. Be sure to follow every safety instruction, which contains important safety information. Also focus on and observe the items and instructions described under "Notes" in the text.

CAUTION

Many of the drawings in this Quick Reference guide show the inverter with covers and/or parts blocking your view being removed.

Do not operate the inverter in the status shown in those drawings. If you have removed the covers and/or parts, be sure to reinstall them in their original positions before starting operation, and follow all instructions in this Quick Reference guide when operating the inverter.

1. Installation

!CAUTION

- Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface, e.g., metal. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not place flammable materials near the installed inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- When carrying the inverter, do not hold its top cover. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury by dropping the inverter.
- Prevent foreign matter (e.g., cut pieces of wire, sputtering welding materials, iron chips, wire, and dust) from entering the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Install the inverter on a structure able to bear the weight specified in this Quick Reference guide. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury due to the inverter falling.
- Install the inverter on a vertical wall that is free of vibrations. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury due to the inverter falling.
- Do not install and operate the inverter if it is damaged or its parts are missing. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- Install the inverter in a well-ventilated indoor site not exposed to direct sunlight. Avoid places where the inverter is exposed to high temperature, high humidity, condensation, dust, explosive gases, corrosive gases, flammable gases, grinding fluid mist, or salt water. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- The inverter is precision equipment. Do not allow it to fall or be subject to high impacts, step on it, or place a heavy load on it. Doing so may cause the inverter to fail.

2. Wiring

<!>WARNING

- Be sure to ground the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Commit wiring work to a qualified electrician. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Before wiring, make sure that the power supply is off. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Perform wiring only after installing the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or injury.
- Do not remove rubber bushings from the wiring section. Otherwise, the edges of the wiring cover may damage the wire, resulting in a short circuit or ground fault.

! CAUTION

- Make sure that the voltage of AC power supply matches the rated voltage of your inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- Do not input single-phase power into the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not connect AC power supply to any of the output terminals (U, V, and W). Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- Do not connect a resistor directly to any of the DC terminals (PD, P, and N). Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Connect an earth-leakage breaker to the power input circuit. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Use only the power cables, earth-leakage breaker, and magnetic contactors that have the specified capacity (ratings). Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not use the magnetic contactor installed on the primary and secondary sides of the inverter to stop its operation.
- Tighten each screw to the specified torque. No screws must be left loose. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Before operating, slide switch SW1 in the inverter, be sure to turn off the power supply. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock and injury.
- Since the inverter supports two modes of cooling-fan operation, the inverter power is not always off, even when
 the cooling fan is stopped. Therefore, be sure to confirm that the power supply is off before wiring. Otherwise, you
 run the risk of electric shock and injury.

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Safety Instructions

3. Operation

WARNING

- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch any terminal or internal part of the inverter, check signals, or connect or disconnect any wire or connector. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to close the terminal block cover before turning on the inverter power. Do not open the terminal block cover while power is being supplied to the inverter or voltage remains inside. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock.
- Do not operate switches with wet hands. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock.
- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch the terminal of the inverter, even if it has stopped. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- If the retry mode has been selected, the inverter will restart suddenly after a break in the tripping status. Stay away from the machine controlled by the inverter when the inverter is under such circumstances. (Design the machine so that human safety can be ensured, even when the inverter restarts suddenly.) Otherwise, you run the
- Do not select the retry mode for controlling an elevating or traveling device because output free-running status occurs in retry mode. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or damage to the machine controlled by the inverter.
- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before a short-term power failure, the inverter may restart operation after the power recovery. If such a restart may put persons in danger, design a control circuit that disables the inverter from restarting after power recovery. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- The [STOP] key is effective only when its function is enabled by setting. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before the inverter enters alarm status, the inverter will restart suddenly when the alarm status is reset. Before resetting the alarm status, make sure that no operation command has been input.
- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch any internal part of the inverter or insert a bar in it. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.

CAUTION

- Do not touch the heat sink, which heats up during the inverter operation. Otherwise, you run the risk of burn injury.
- The inverter allows you to easily control the speed of motor or machine operations. Before operating the inverter, confirm the capacity and ratings of the motor or machine controlled by the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of
- Install an external brake system if needed. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- When using the inverter to operate a standard motor at a frequency of over 60 Hz, check the allowable motor speeds with the manufacturers of the motor and the machine to be driven and obtain their consent before starting inverter operation. Otherwise, you run the risk of damage to the motor and machine.
- During inverter operation, check the motor for the direction of rotation, abnormal sound, and vibrations. Otherwise, you run the risk of damage to the machine driven by the motor.

4. Maintenance, inspection, and parts replacement

WARNING

- Before inspecting the inverter, be sure to turn off the power supply and wait for 10 minutes or more. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock. (Before inspection, confirm that the Charge lamp on the inverter is off and the DC voltage between terminals P and N is 45 V or less.)
- Commit only a designated person to maintenance, inspection, and the replacement of parts.
 (Be sure to remove wristwatches and metal accessories, e.g., bracelets, before maintenance and inspection work and to use insulated tools for the work.)
 Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock and injury.

5. Others

WARNING

Never modify the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock and injury.

CAUTION

Do not discard the inverter with household waste. Contact an industrial waste management company in your area who can treat industrial waste without polluting the environment.

Precautions Concerning Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The SJ700B series inverter conforms to the requirements of Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive (2004/108/EC). However, when using the inverter in Europe, you must comply with the following specifications and requirements to meet the EMC Directive and other standards in Europe:

WARNING: This equipment must be installed, adjusted, and maintained by qualified engineers who have expert knowledge of electric work, inverter operation, and the hazardous circumstances that can occur. Otherwise, personal injury may result.

- 1. Power supply requirements
 - a. Voltage fluctuation must be -15% to +10% or less.
 - b. Voltage imbalance must be ±3% or less.
 - c. Frequency variation must be ±4% or less.
 - d. Total harmonic distortion (THD) of voltage must be ±10% or less.
- 2. Installation requirement
 - a. A special filter intended for the SJ700B series inverter must be installed.
- 3. Wiring requirements
 - a. A shielded wire (screened cable) must be used for motor wiring, and the length of the cable must be according to the following table (Table 1).
 - b. The carrier frequency must be set according to the following table to meet an EMC requirement (Table 1).
 - c. The main circuit wiring must be separated from the control circuit wiring.
- 4. Environmental requirements (to be met when a filter is used)
 - a. Ambient temperature must be within the range -10°C to +45°C.
 - b. Relative humidity must be within the range 20% to 90% (non-condensing).
 - c. Vibrations must be 5.9 m/s^2 (0.6 G) (10 to 55 Hz) or less. (5.5 to 30kW) 2.94 m/s^2 (0.3 G) (10 to 55Hz) or less. (37 to 160kW)
 - d. The inverter must be installed indoors (not exposed to corrosive gases and dust) at an altitude of 1,000 m or less.

model	cat.	cable length(m)	carrier frequency(kHz)	model	cat.	cable length(m)	carrier frequency(kHz)
SJ700B-110L	C3	1	1	SJ700B-075H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-150L	C3	1	1	SJ700B-110H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-185L	C3	1	1	SJ700B-150H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-220L	C3	1	1	SJ700B-185H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-300L	C3	5	2.5	SJ700B-220H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-370L	C3	5	2.5	SJ700B-300H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-450L	C3	5	2.5	SJ700B-370H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-550L	C3	20	3	SJ700B-450H	СЗ	1	2.5
SJ700B-750L	C3	20	3	SJ700B-550H	СЗ	5	2.5
				SJ700B-750H	СЗ	5	2.5
				SJ700B-900H	C3	10	2.5
				SJ700B-110H	СЗ	10	2.5
				SJ700B-1320H	СЗ	10	2.5
				SJ700B-1600H	C3	10	2.5

Table 1

Safety Instructions

Precautions Concerning Compliance with UL and cUL Standards

(Standards to be met: UL508C and CSA C22.2 No. 14-05)

These devices are open type and/or Enclosed Type 1 (when employing accessory Type 1 Chassis Kit) AC Inverters with three phase input and three phase output. They are intended to be used in an enclosure. They are used to provide both an adjustable voltage and adjustable frequency to the ac motor. The inverter automatically maintains the required volts-Hz ration allowing the capability through the motor speed range.

- 1. "Use 60/75 C CU wire only" or equivalent. For models SJ700B series except for SJ700B-110L,SJ700B-150L;SJ700B-075H,SJ700B-110H and SJ700B-150H.
- 2. "Use 75 C CU wire only" or equivalent. For models SJ700B series except for SJ700B-110L,SJ700B-150L;SJ700B-075H,SJ700B-110H and SJ700B-150H.
- 3. "Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 k rms symmetrical amperes, 240 V maximum". For models with suffix L.
- 4. "Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100 k rms symmetrical amperes, 480 V maximum". For models with suffix H.
- 5. "Install device in pollution degree 2 environment" or equivalent.
- 6. "Maximum Surrounding Air Temperature 45 or 50°C" or equivalent.
- 7. "CAUTION- Risk of Electric Shock- Capacitor discharge time is at least 10 min." or equivalent.
- 8. "Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the NEC and any additional local codes." or equivalent.
- 9. "Solid state motor overload protection is provided in each model" or equivalent.
- 10. Tightening torque and wire range for field wiring terminals are marked adjacent to the terminal or on the wiring diagram or instruction manual.

Model No.	Required torque (N-m)	Wire range (AWG)
SJ700B- 110L	4.0	6
SJ700B -150L	4.0	6-4
SJ700B -185L	4.9	2
SJ700B -220L	4.9	1
SJ700B -300L	8.8	1 or 1/0
SJ700B -370L	8.8	2/0 or Parallel of 1/0
SJ700B -450L	20.0	4/0 (Prepared wire only) or Parallel of 1/0
SJ700B -550L	20.0	4/0 (Prepared wire only) or Parallel of 1/0
SJ700B -750L	19.6	350 kcmil
		(Prepared wire only) or Parallel of 2/0 (Prepared wire only)

Model No.	Required Torque (N.m)	Wire Range (AWG)
SJ700B-055H	3.0	12
SJ700B-075H	4.0	12
SJ700B-110H	4.0	10
SJ700B-150H	4.0	8
SJ700B-185H	4.9	6
SJ700B-220H	4.9	6
SJ700B-300H	4.9	6 or 4
SJ700B-370H	4.9	3
SJ700B-450H	20.0	1
SJ700B-550H	20.0	1
SJ700B-750H	20.0	2/0
SJ700B-900H	20.0	Parallel of 1/0
SJ700B-1100H	20.0	Parallel of 1/0
SJ700B-1320H	35.0	Parallel of 3/0
SJ700B-1600H	35.0	Parallel of 3/0

Safety Instructions

11.Distribution fuse / circuit breaker size marking is included in the manual to indicate that the unit shall be connected with a Listed inverse time circuit breaker, rated 600 V with the current ratings as shown in the table below:

Model No.	Fuse Size	(Maximum A)	Circuit Breaker (N	Maximum A)
	Туре	Rating	Type	Rating
SJ700B-110L	J	60 A	Inverse time	60 A
SJ700B -150L	J	100 A	Inverse time	100 A
SJ700B 185L	J	100 A	Inverse time	100 A
SJ700B -220L	J	100 A	Inverse time	100 A
SJ700B -300L	J	125 A	Inverse time	125 A
SJ700B -370L	J	175 A	Inverse time	175 A
SJ700B -450L	J	225 A	Inverse time	225 A
SJ700B -550L	J	250 A	Inverse time	250 A
SJ700B -750L	J	300 A	Inverse time	300 A
Model No.	Fuse Size	(Maximum A)	Circuit Breaker (N	Maximum A)
	Type	Rating	Type	Rating
SJ700B-055H	J	15A	Inverse time	15A
SJ700B-075H	J	20A	Inverse time	20A
SJ700B-110H	J	30 A	Inverse time	30 A
SJ700B-150H	J	40 A	Inverse time	40 A
SJ700B-185H	J	50 A	Inverse time	50 A
SJ700B-220H	J	50 A	Inverse time	50 A
SJ700B-300H	J	75 A	Inverse time	75 A
SJ700B-370H	J	80 A	Inverse time	80 A
SJ700B-450H	J	100 A	Inverse time	100 A
SJ700B-550H	J	125 A	Inverse time	125 A
SJ700B-750H	J	150 A	Inverse time	150 A
SJ700B-900H	J	225 A	Inverse time	225 A
SJ700B-1100H	J	225 A	Inverse time	225 A
SJ700B-1320H	J	300 A	Inverse time	300 A
SJ700B-1600H	J	350 A	Inverse time	350 A

^{12. &}quot;Field wiring connection must be made by a UL Listed and CN closed-loop terminal connector sized for the wire gauge being used. The connector must be fixed using the crimping tool specified by the connector manufacturer." or equivalent wording included in the manual.

^{13. &}quot;Motor over temperature protection is not provided by the drive."

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Chapter 1 Overview

This chapter describes the inspection of the purchased product, the product warranty, and the names of parts.

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1.1 Inspection of the Purchased Product

1.1.1 Inspecting the product

After unpacking, inspect the product as described below.

If you find the product to be abnormal or defective, contact your supplier or local Hitachi Distributor.

- (1) Check the product for damage (including falling of parts and dents in the inverter body) caused during transportation.
- (2) Check that the product package contains an inverter set and this Quick Reference guide.
- (3) Check the specification label to confirm that the product is the one you ordered.

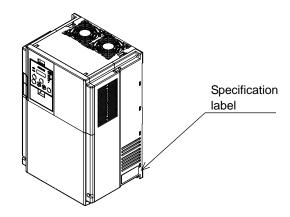


Figure 1-1 Location of the specifications label

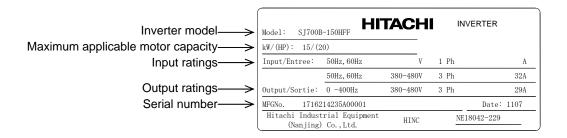


Figure 1-2 Contents of the specifications label

1.1.2 Instruction manual (this manual)

This Instruction Manual (Quick Reference Guide) describes how to operate the Hitachi SJ700B Series Inverter.

Read this Quick Reference guide thoroughly before using the inverter, and then keep it handy for future reference.

When using the inverter, together with optional products for the inverter, also refer to the manuals supplied with the optional products.

Note that this Quick Reference guide and the manual for each optional product to be used should be delivered to the end user of the inverter.

1.2 Method of Inquiry and Product Warranty

1.2.1 Method of inquiry

For an inquiry about product damage or faults or a question about the product, notify your supplier of the following information:

- (1) Model of your inverter
- (2) Serial number (MFG No.)
- (3) Date of purchase
- (4) Content of inquiry
 - Location and condition of damage
 - Content of your question

1.2.2 Product warranty

The product will be warranted for one year after the date of purchase.

Even within the warranty period, repair of a product fault will not be covered by the warranty (but the repair will be at your own cost) if:

- (1) the fault has resulted from incorrect usage not conforming to the instructions given in this Quick Reference guide or the repair or modification of the product carried out by an unqualified person,
- (2) the fault has resulted from a cause not attributable to the delivered product,
- (3) the fault has resulted from use beyond the limits of the product specifications, or
- (4) the fault has resulted from disaster or other unavoidable events.

The warranty will only apply to the delivered inverter and excludes all damage to other equipment and facilities induced by any fault of the inverter.

Repair at the user's charge

Following the one-year warranty period, any examination and repair of the product will be accepted at your charge. Even during the warranty period, examination and repairs of faults, subject to the above scope of the warranty disclaimer, will be available at charge.

To request a repair at your charge, contact your supplier or local Hitachi Distributor.

The Hitachi Distributors are listed on the back cover of this Quick Reference guide.

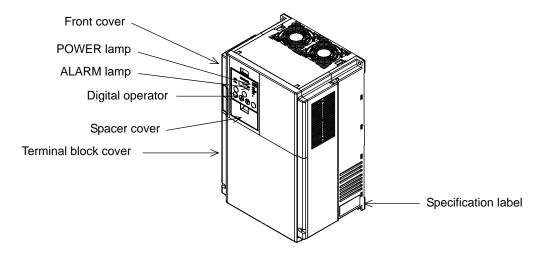
1.2.3 Warranty Terms

The warranty period under normal installation and handling conditions shall be two (2) years from the date of manufacture ("DATE" on product nameplate), or one (1) year from the date of installation, whichever occurs first. The warranty shall cover the repair or replacement, at Hitachi's sole discretion, of ONLY the inverter that was installed.

- (1) Service in the following cases, even within the warranty period, shall be charged to the purchaser:
 - a. Malfunction or damage caused by mis-operation or modification or improper repair
 - b. Malfunction or damage caused by a drop after purchase and transportation
 - c. Malfunction or damage caused by fire, earthquake, flood, lightening, abnormal input voltage, contamination, or other natural disasters
- (2) When service is required for the product at your work site, all expenses associated with field repair shall be charged to the purchaser.
- (3) Always keep this manual handy; please do not loose it. Please contact your Hitachi distributor to purchase replacement or additional manuals.

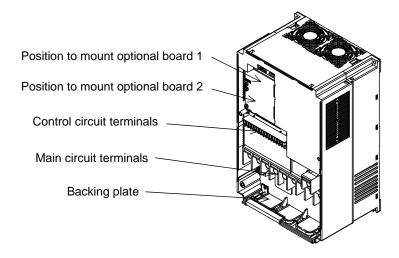
1.3 Exterior Views and Names of Parts

The figure below shows an exterior view of the inverter (model SJ700B-185LFF/LFUF/HFF/HFUF to 300LFF/LFUF/HFF/HFUF).



Exterior view of shipped inverter

For the wiring of the main circuit and control circuit terminals, open the terminal block cover. For mounting optional circuit boards, open the front cover.



Exterior view of inverter with front and terminal block covers removed

This chapter describes how to install the inverter and the wiring of main circuit and control signal terminals with typical examples of wiring.

2.1	Installation ·····	2 - 2
2.2	Wiring ·····	2 - 6

2.1 Installation

/! CAUTION

- Install the inverter on a non-flammable surface, e.g., metal. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not place flammable materials near the installed inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- When carrying the inverter, do not hold its top cover. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury by dropping the inverter.
- Prevent foreign matter (e.g., cut pieces of wire, sputtering welding materials, iron chips, wire, and dust) from entering the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Install the inverter on a structure able to bear the weight specified in this Quick Reference guide. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury due to the inverter falling.
- Install the inverter on a vertical wall that is free of vibrations. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury due to the inverter falling.
- Do not install and operate the inverter if it is damaged or its parts are missing. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- Install the inverter in a well-ventilated indoor site not exposed to direct sunlight. Avoid places where the inverter is exposed to high temperature, high humidity, condensation, dust, explosive gases, corrosive gases, flammable gases, grinding fluid mist, or salt water. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- The inverter is precision equipment. Do not allow it to fall or be subject to high impacts, step on it, or place a heavy load on it. Doing so may cause the inverter to fail.

2.1.1 Precautions for installation

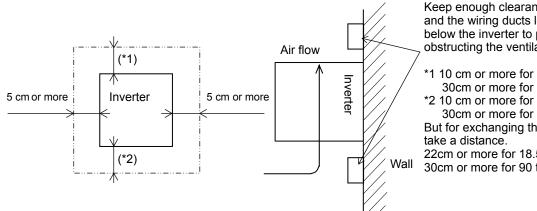
(1) Transportation

The inverter uses plastic parts. When carrying the inverter, handle it carefully to prevent damage to the parts.

Do not carry the inverter by holding the front or terminal block cover. Doing so may cause the inverter to fall. Do not install and operate the inverter if it is damaged or its parts are missing.

(2) Surface on which to install the inverter

The inverter will reach a high temperature (up to about 150°C) during operation. Install the inverter on a vertical wall surface made of nonflammable material (e.g., metal) to avoid the risk of fire. Leave sufficient space around the inverter. In particular, keep sufficient distance between the inverter and other heat sources (e.g., braking resistors and reactors) if they are installed in the vicinity.



Keep enough clearance between the inverter and the wiring ducts located above and below the inverter to prevent the latter from obstructing the ventilation of the inverter.

- *1 10 cm or more for 5.5 to 75kW 30cm or more for 90 to 160kW
- 10 cm or more for 5.5 to 75kW 30cm or more for 90 to 160kW But for exchanging the DC bus capacitor,

22cm or more for 18.5 to 75kW 30cm or more for 90 to 160kW

(3) Ambient temperature

Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the ambient temperature goes above or below the allowable range (-10°C to +45°C), as defined by the standard inverter specification.

Measure the temperature in a position about 5 cm distant from the bottom-center point of the inverter. and check that the measured temperature is within the allowable range.

Operating the inverter at a temperature outside this range will shorten the inverter life (especially the capacitor life).

(4) Humidity

Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the relative humidity goes above or below the allowable range (20% to 90% RH), as defined by the standard inverter specification.

Avoid a place where the inverter is subject to condensation.

Condensation inside the inverter will result in short circuits and malfunctioning of electronic parts. Also avoid places where the inverter is exposed to direct sunlight.

(5) Ambient air

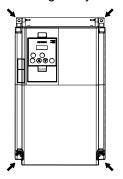
Avoid installing the inverter in a place where the inverter is subject to dust, corrosive gases, combustible gases, flammable gases, grinding fluid mist, or salt water.

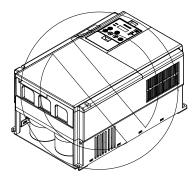
Foreign particles or dust entering the inverter will cause it to fail. If you use the inverter in a considerably dusty environment, install the inverter inside a totally enclosed panel.

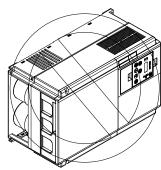
(6) Installation method and position

Install the inverter vertically and securely with screws or bolts on a surface that is free from vibrations and that can bear the inverter weight.

If the inverter is not installed vertically, its cooling performance may be degraded and tripping or inverter damage may result.





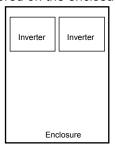


(7) Mounting in an enclosure

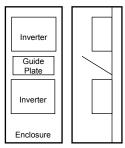
Heat in the inverter rises from the under to the upper part of the inverter up with the fan built into the inverter, and make it to the one without the obstacle even if the influence of heat is received, please when you arrange apparatus up.

Moreover, please usually arrange it sideways like the left side of the figure below when you store two or more inverters in the same enclosure.

The temperature in an upper inverter rises because of the heat of a lower inverter when it places one behind another unavoidably to reduce the space of the enclosure, it causes the inverter breakdown, and set it up, please so that the heat of a lower inverter should not influence an upper inverter. Please note it enough as ventilation, ventilation, and the size of the board are enlarged so that the ambient temperature of the inverter should not exceed the permissible value when two or more inverters are stored on the enclosure.



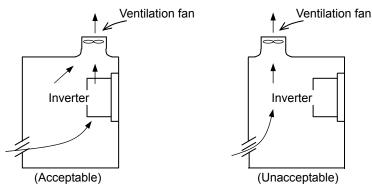
Sideways



Behind another

(8) When mounting multiple inverters in an enclosure with a ventilation fan, carefully design the layout of the ventilation fan, air intake port, and inverters.

An inappropriate layout will reduce the inverter-cooling effect and raise the ambient temperature. Plan the layout so that the inverter ambient temperature will remain within the allowable range.



Position of ventilation fan

- Rubber bushing

(9) Reduction of enclosure size

If you mount the inverter inside an enclosure such that the heat sink of the inverter is positioned outside the enclosure, the amount of heat produced inside the enclosure can be reduced and likewise the size of the enclosure.

Mounting the inverter in an enclosure with the heat sink positioned outside requires an optional dedicated special metal fitting.

To mount the inverter in an enclosure with the heat sink positioned outside, cut out the enclosure panel according to the specified cutting dimensions.

The cooling section (including the heat sink) positioned outside the enclosure has a cooling fan.

Therefore, do not place the enclosure in any environment where it is exposed to waterdrops, oil mist, or dust.

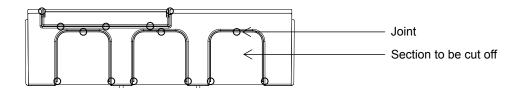
(10) Approximate loss by inverter capacity

Inverter capacity (kW)	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160
Loss with 70% load (W)	242	312	435	575	698	820	1100	1345	1625	1975	2675	3375	3900	4670	5660
Loss with 100% load (W)	325	425	600	800	975	1150	1550	1900	2300	2800	3800	4800	5550	6650	8060
Efficiency at rated output (%)	94.4	94.6	94.8	94.9	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.1	95.1	95.1	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2	95.2

2.1.2 Backing plate

(1) For models with 30 kW or less capacity

On the backing plate, cut the joints around each section to be cut off with cutting pliers or a cutter, remove them, and then perform the wiring.



(2) For the models with 37 kW to 75kW

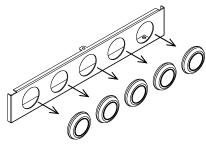
1) For wiring without using conduits

Cut an X in each rubber bushing of the backing plate with cutting pliers or a cutter, and then perform the wiring. Backing plate

2) For wiring using conduits

Remove the rubber bushings from the holes to be used for wiring with conduits, and then fit conduits





Note: Do not remove the rubber bushing from holes that are not used for wiring with a conduit. If a cable is connected through the plate hole without a rubber bushing and conduit, the cable insulation may be damaged by the edge of the hole, resulting in a short circuit or ground fault.

2.2 Wiring

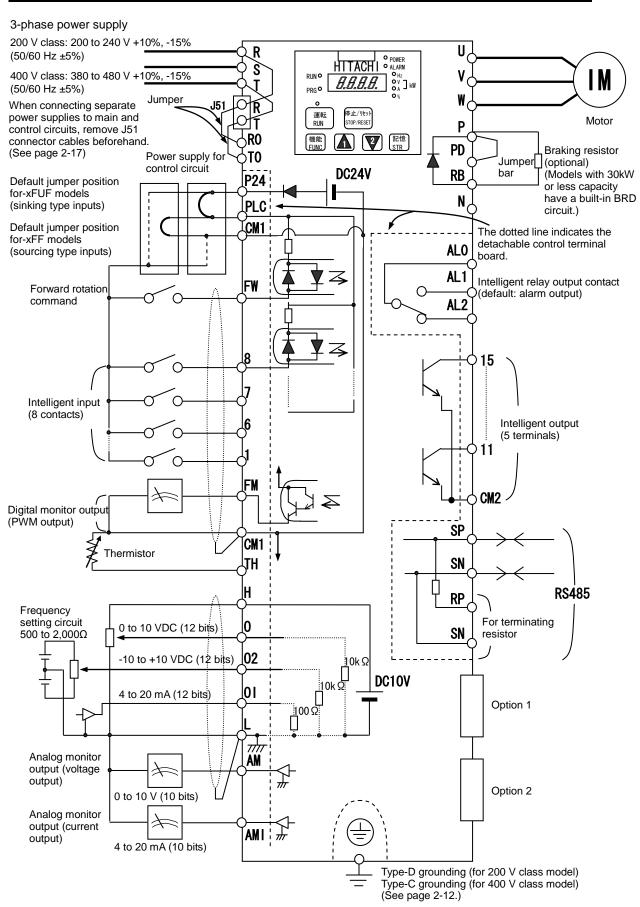
igl<!igr> WARNING

- Be sure to ground the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Commit wiring work to a qualified electrician. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Before wiring, make sure that the power supply is off. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Perform wiring only after installing the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or injury.
- Do not remove rubber bushings from the wiring section. Otherwise, the edges of the wiring cover may
 damage the wire, resulting in a short circuit or ground fault.

/! CAUTION

- Make sure that the voltage of AC power supply matches the rated voltage of your inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- Do not input single-phase power into the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not connect AC power supply to any of the output terminals (U, V, and W). Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- Do not connect a resistor directly to any of the DC terminals (PD, P, and N). Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Connect an earth-leakage breaker to the power input circuit. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Use only the power cables, earth-leakage breaker, and magnetic contactors that have the specified capacity (ratings). Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Do not use the magnetic contactor installed on the primary and secondary sides of the inverter to stop its operation.
- Tighten each screw to the specified torque. No screws must be left loose. Otherwise, you run the risk of fire.
- Before operating, slide switch SW1 in the inverter, be sure to turn off the power supply. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock and injury.
- Since the inverter supports two modes of cooling-fan operation, the inverter power is not always off, even when the cooling fan is stopped. Therefore, be sure to confirm that the power supply is off before wiring. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock and injury.

2.2.1 Terminal connection diagram and explanation of terminals and switch settings



(1) Explanation of main circuit terminals

Symbol	Terminal name	Description
R, S, T	Main power input	Connect to the AC power supply.
(L1, L2, L3)	Main power input	Leave these terminals unconnected when using a regenerative converter (HS900 series).
U, V, W (T1, T2, T3)	Inverter output	Connect a 3-phase motor.
PD, P	DC reactor connection	Remove the jumper from terminals PD and P, and connect the optional power factor reactor
(+1, +)	Do reactor connection	(DCL).
P, RB	External braking	Connect the optional external braking resistor.
(+, RB)	resistor connection	(The RB terminal is provided on models with 30 kW or less capacity.)
P, N	Dynamic braking unit	Connect the optional dynamic braking unit (BRD).
(+, -)	connection	Connect the optional dynamic braking unit (BND).
G (fill)	Inverter ground	Connect to ground for grounding the inverter chassis by type-D grounding (for 200 V class models) or type-C grounding (for 400 V class models).

(2) Explanation of control circuit terminals

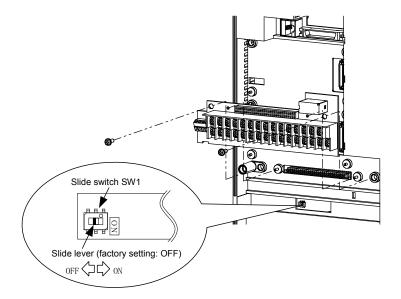
			Symbol	Terminal name	Description	Electric property
	wer	ply	L	Analog power supply (common)	This common terminal supplies power to frequency command terminals (O, O2, and OI) and analog output terminals (AM and AMI). Do not ground this terminal.	
-	Power		Н	Frequency setting power supply	This terminal supplies 10 VDC power to the O, O2, OI terminals.	Allowable load current: 20 mA or less
		g input	0	Frequency command (voltage)	Input a voltage (0 to 10 VDC) as a frequency command. 10 V specifies the maximum frequency. To specify the maximum frequency with a voltage of 10 V or less, set the voltage using function "A014".	Input impedance: 10kΩ Allowable input voltages: -0.3 to +12 VDC
Analog	;	Frequency setting input	O2	Auxiliary frequency command (voltage)	Input a voltage (0 to ± 10 VDC) as a signal to be added to the frequency command input from the O or OI terminal. You can input an independent frequency command from this terminal (O2 terminal) alone by changing the setting.	Input impedance: 10kΩ Allowable input voltages: 0 to ±12 VDC
An	ı	Fredu	OI	Frequency command (current)	Input a current (4 to 20 mA DC) as a frequency command. 20 mA specifies the maximum frequency. The OI signal is valid only when the AT signal is on. Assign the AT function to an intelligent input terminal.	Input impedance: 10kΩ Maximum allowable current: 24 mA
	Monitor output		АМ	Analog monitor (voltage)	This terminal outputs one of the selected "0 to 10 VDC voltage output" monitoring items. The monitoring items available for selection include output frequency, output current, output torque (signed or unsigned), output voltage, input power, electronic thermal overload, LAD frequency, motor temperature, heat sink temperature, and general output.	Maximum allowable current: 2 mA Output voltage accuracy: +/-10% (Ta=25+/-10 degrees C)
			AMI	Analog monitor (current)	This terminal outputs one of the selected "4 to 20 mA DC current output" monitoring items. The monitoring items available for selection include output frequency, output current, output torque (unsigned), output voltage, input power, electronic thermal overload, LAD frequency, motor temperature, heat sink temperature, and general output.	Allowable load impedance: 250Ω or less Output current accuracy: +/-10% (Ta=25+/-10 degrees C)
	Monitor output		FM	Digital monitor (voltage)	This terminal outputs one of the selected "0 to 10 VDC voltage output (PWM output mode)" monitoring items. The monitoring items available for selection include output frequency, output current, output torque (unsigned), output voltage, input power, electronic thermal overload, LAD frequency, motor temperature, heat sink temperature, general output, digital output frequency, and digital current monitor. For the items "digital output frequency" and "digital current monitor," this terminal outputs a digital pulse signal at 0/10 VDC with a duty ratio of 50%.	Maximum allowable current: 1.2 mA Maximum frequency: 3.6 kHz
		upply	P24	Interface power supply	This terminal supplies 24 VDC power for contact input signals. If the source logic is selected, this terminal is used as a common contact input terminal.	Maximum allowable output current: 100 mA
Digital (contact)	(Power supply	CM1	Interface power supply (common)	This common terminal supplies power to the interface power supply (P24), thermistor input (TH), and digital monitor (FM) terminals. If the sink logic is selected, this terminal is used as a common contact input terminal. Do not ground this terminal.	
		Operation command	FW	Forward rotation command	Turn on this FW signal to start the forward rotation of the motor; turn it off to stop forward rotation after deceleration.	[Conditions for turning contact input on] Voltage across input and PLC: 18 VDC or more Input impedance between
	Contact input	Function selection and logic switching	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Intelligent input	Select eight of a total 60 functions, and assign these eight functions to terminals 1 to 8. Note: If the emergency stop function is used, terminals 1 and 3 are used exclusively for the function. For details, see Item (3), " Explanation of switch" (on page 2-10).	input inipedance between input and PLC: 4.7kΩ Maximum allowable voltage across input and PLC: 27 VDC Load current with 27 VDC power: about 5.6 mA Minimum hold time FW and RV: 10msec Other: 40msec

		Symbol	Terminal name	Description	Electric property	
	Contact input	Function selection and logic switching	PLC	Intelligent input (common)	To switch the control logic between sink logic and source logic, change the jumper connection of this (PLC) terminal to another terminal on the control circuit terminal block. Jumper terminals P24 and PLC for the sink logic; jumper terminals CM1 and PLC for the sink logic. To use an external power supply to drive the contact inputs, remove the jumper, and connect the PLC terminal to the external interface circuit.	Elocatio property
ntact)	Open collector output	Status and factor	11 12 13 14 15	Intelligent output	Select five of a total 51 functions, and assign these five functions to terminals 11 to 15. If you have selected an alarm code using the function "C062", terminals 11 to 13 or 11 to 14 are used exclusively for the output of cause code for alarm (e.g., inverter trip). The control logic between each of these terminals and the CM2 terminal always follows the sink or source logic.	Voltage drop between each terminal and CM2 when output signal is on: 4 V or less Maximum allowable
Digital (contact)	Open co	Status	CM2	Intelligent output (common)	This terminal serves as the common terminal for intelligent output terminals [11] to [15].	voltage: 27 VDC Maximum allowable current: 50 mA
	Relay contact output	Status and alarm	AL0 AL1 AL2	Intelligent relay output	Select functions from the 43 available, and assign the selected functions to these terminals, which serve as C contact output terminals. In the initial setting, these terminals output an alarm indicating that the inverter protection function has operated to stop inverter output.	(Maximum contact capacity) AL1-AL0: 250 VAC, 2 A (resistance) or 0.2 A (inductive load) AL2-AL0: 250 VAC, 1 A (resistance) or 0.2 A (inductive load) (Minimum contact capacity) 100 VAC, 10 mA 5 VDC, 100 mA
Analog	Analog input	Sensor	TH	External thermistor input	Connect to an external thermistor to make the inverter trip if an abnormal temperature is detected. The CM1 terminal serves as the common terminal for this terminal. [Recommended thermistor properties] Allowable rated power: 100 mW or more Impedance at temperature error: $3k\Omega$ The impedance to detect temperature errors can be adjusted within the range 0Ω to $9,999\Omega$.	Allowable range of input voltages 0 to 8 VDC [Input circuit] $ \begin{array}{c} -DC8V \\ 10k\Omega \\ TH \\ -TH \\ -$

(3) Explanation of switch

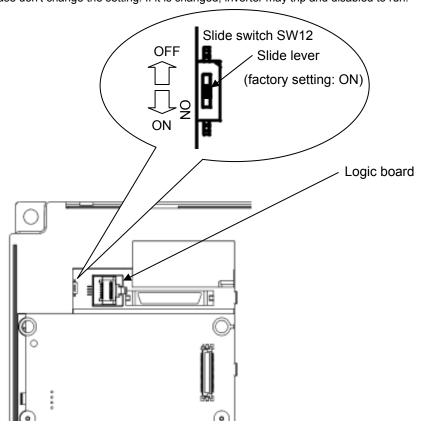
SW1: It is a switch that switches effective and the invalidity of the urgent disconnect function (The state of the factory shipment: this function invalidity).

Please use the urgent invalidity function after perusing "4.4 urgent disconnect function".



Note: Slide Switch SW12

Some models have slide switch in the position as shown below. Default setting of this switch is at "ON" position. Please don't change the setting. If it is changed, inverter may trip and disabled to run.



2.2.2 Wiring of the main circuit

(1) Wiring instructions

Before wiring, be sure to confirm that the Charge lamp on the inverter is off.

When the inverter power has been turned on once, a dangerous high voltage remains in the internal capacitors for some time after power-off, regardless of whether the inverter has been operated. When rewiring after power-off, always wait 10 minutes or more after power-off, and check with a multimeter that the residual voltage across terminals P and N is zero to ensure safety during rewiring work.

- 1) Main power input terminals (R, S, and T)
 - Connect an earth-leakage breaker for circuit (wiring) protection between the power supply and main power input terminals (R, S, and T).
 - Use an earth-leakage breaker with a high rating of a high-frequency sensitive current to prevent the breaker from malfunctioning under the influence of high frequency.
 - When the protective function of the inverter operates, a fault or accident may occur in your system. Therefore, you are recommended to connect a magnetic contactor that interrupts the power supply to the inverter.
 - Do not use the magnetic contactor connected to the power input terminal (primary side) or power output terminal (secondary side) of the inverter to start or stop the inverter.
 To start and stop inverter operation by external signals, use only the operation commands (FW and RV signals) that are input via control circuit terminals.
 - This inverter does not support a single-phase power supply but supports only a three-phase power supply.
 - If you need to use a single-phase power input, contact your supplier or local Hitachi Distributor.
 - Do not operate the inverter with an phase loss power input, or it may be damaged.
 Since the factory setting of the inverter disables the phase loss input protection, the inverter will revert to the following status if a phase of power supply input is interrupted:
 - R or T phase interrupted: The inverter does not operate.
 - S phase interrupted: The inverter reverts to single-phase operation, and may trip because of insufficient voltage or overcurrent or be damaged.
 - Internal capacitors remain charged, even when the power input is under an phase loss condition. Therefore, touching an internal part may result in electric shock and injury.
 - When rewiring the main circuit, follow the instructions given in Item (1), "Wiring instructions."
 - In the following examples involving a general-purpose inverter, a large peak current flow son the main power supply side and is able to destroy the converter module. Where such situations are foreseen or the connected equipment must be highly reliable, install an AC reactor between the power supply and the inverter. Also, where influence of indirect lightning strike is possible, install a lightning conductor.:

the umbalance of power voltage is 3% or more,

the power supply capacity is at least 10 times as high as the inverter capacity and 500 kVA or more the power voltage changes rapidly.

- Example: a.The above conditions may occur when multiple inverters are connected to each other by a short bus line or your system includes a phase-advanced capacitor that is turned on and off during operation.
 - b.A thyristor converter and an inverter are interconnected with a short bus.
 - c.An installed phase advance capacitor opens and closes.
- Do not turn the inverter power on and off more often than once every 3 minutes. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged.
- 2) An Inverter run by a private power generator may overheat the generator or suffer from a deformed output voltage waveform of the generator capacity should be five times that of the inverter (kVA) in a PWM control system or six times greater in a PAM control system.
- 3) Inverter output terminals (U, V, and W)
 - Use a cable thicker than the specified applicable cable for the wiring of output terminals to prevent the output voltage between the inverter and motor dropping. Especially at low frequency output, a voltage drop due to cable will cause the motor torque to decrease.
 - Do not connect a phase-advanced capacitor or surge absorber on the output side of the inverter. If connected, the inverter may trip or the phase-advanced capacitor or surge absorber may be damaged.
 - If the cable length between the inverter and motor exceeds 20 m (especially in the case of 400 V

class models), the stray capacitance and inductance of the cable may cause a surge voltage at motor terminals, resulting in a motor burnout.

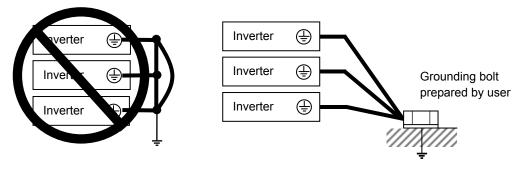
A special filter to suppress the surge voltage is available. If you need this filter, contact your supplier or local Hitachi Distributor.

- When connecting multiple motors to the inverter, connect a thermal relay to the inverter output circuit for each motor.
- The RC rating of the thermal relay must be 1.1 times as high as the rated current of the motor. The thermal relay may go off too early, depending on the cable length. If this occurs, connect an AC reactor to the output of the inverter.
- 4) DC reactor connection terminals (PD and P)
 - Use these terminals to connect the optional DC power factor reactor (DCL).
 As the factory setting, terminals P and PD are connected by a jumper. Remove this to connect the DCL.
 - The cable length between the inverter and DCL must be 5 m or less.

Remove the jumper only when connecting the DCL.

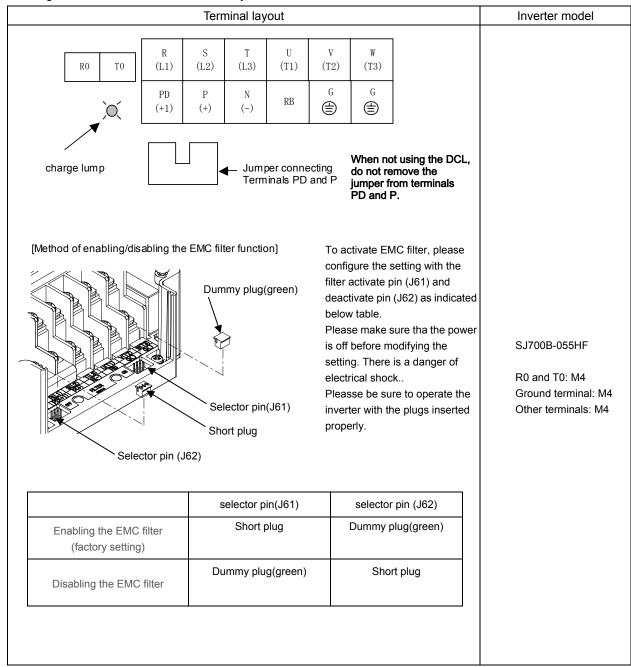
If the jumper is removed and the DCL is not connected, power is not supplied to the main circuit of the inverter, and the inverter cannot operate.

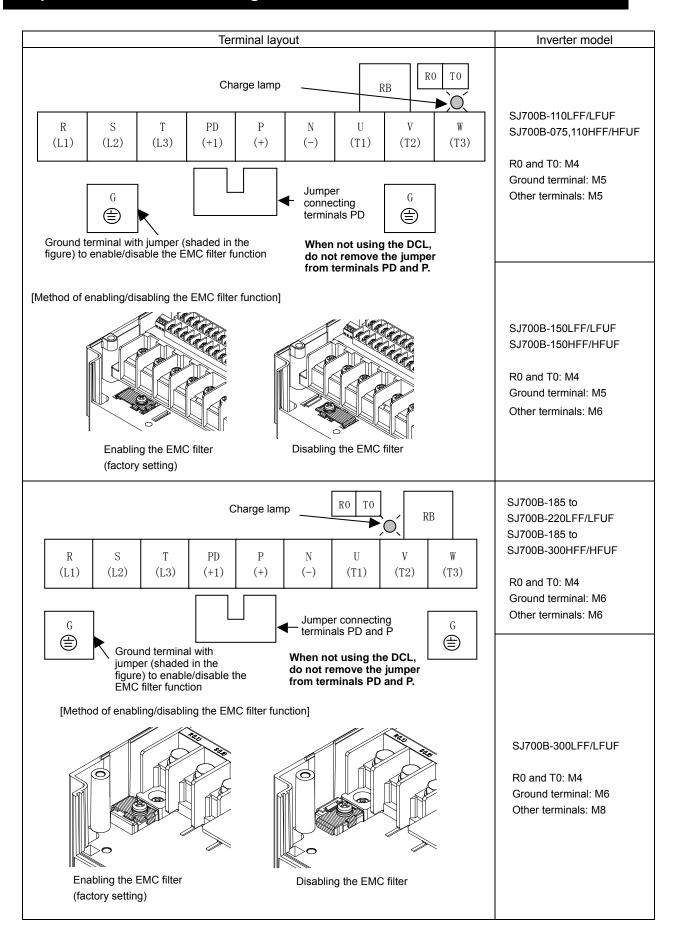
- 5) External braking resistor connection terminals (P and RB) and dynamic braking unit connection terminals (P and N)
 - Inverter models with 30 kW or less capacity have a built-in dynamic braking (BRD) circuit.
 If you need increased braking performance, connect an optional external braking resistor to terminals P and RR
 - Do not connect an external braking resistor with resistance less than the specified value. Such a resistor may cause damage to the dynamic braking (BRD) circuit.
 - Inverter models with capacity of 37 kW or more do not have a built-in dynamic braking (BRD)
 - Increasing the braking performance of these models requires an optional dynamic braking unit and an external braking resistor. Connect the P and N terminals of the optional dynamic braking unit to the P and N terminals of the inverters.
 - The cable length between the inverter and optional dynamic braking unit must be 5 m or less, and the two cables must be twisted for wiring.
 - Do not use these terminals for connecting any devices other than the optional external braking resistor and dynamic braking unit.
- 6) Inverter ground terminal (G (=))
 - Be sure to ground the inverter and motor to prevent electric shock.
 - According to the Electric Apparatus Engineering Regulations, connect 200 V class models to grounding electrodes constructed in compliance with type-D grounding (conventional type-III grounding with ground resistance of 100Ω or less) or the 400 V class models to grounding electrodes constructed in compliance with type-C grounding (conventional special type-III grounding with ground resistance of 10Ω or less).
 - Use a grounding cable thicker than the specified applicable cable, and make the ground wiring as short as possible.
 - When grounding multiple inverters, avoid a multi-drop connection of the grounding route and formation of a ground loop, otherwise the inverter may malfunction.
- 7) In the case of important equipment, to shorten the non-operational time of inverter failure, please provide a backup circuit by commercial power supply or spare inverter.

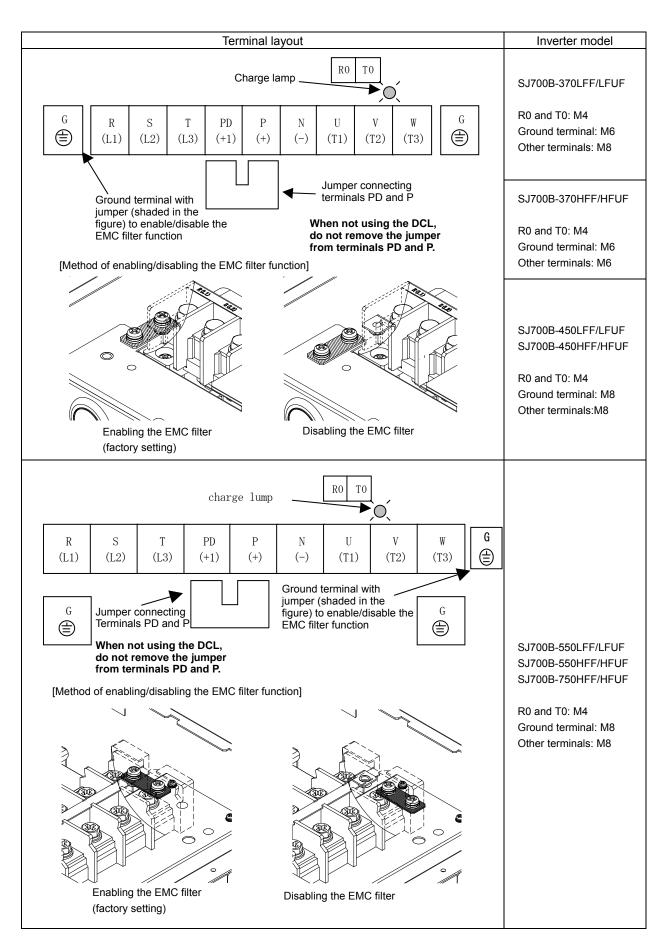


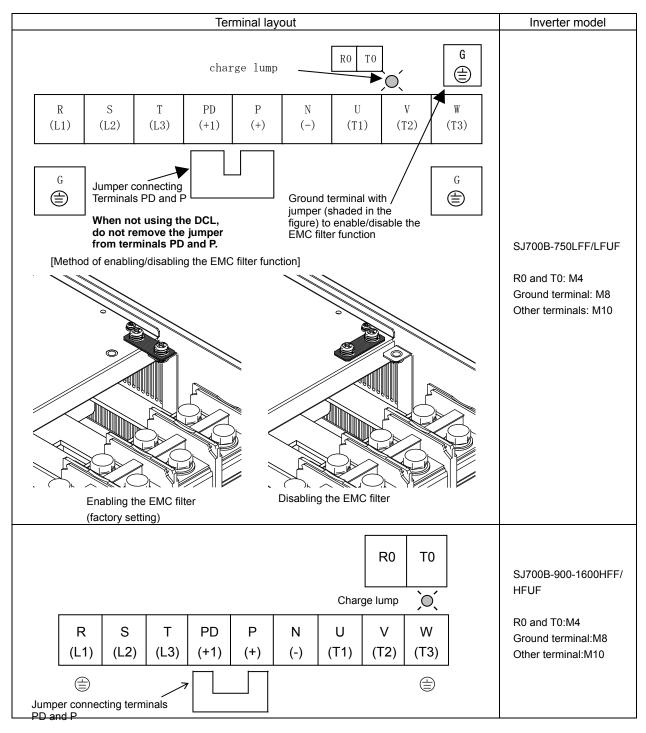
(2) Layout of main circuit terminals

The figures below show the terminal layout on the main circuit terminal block of the inverter.









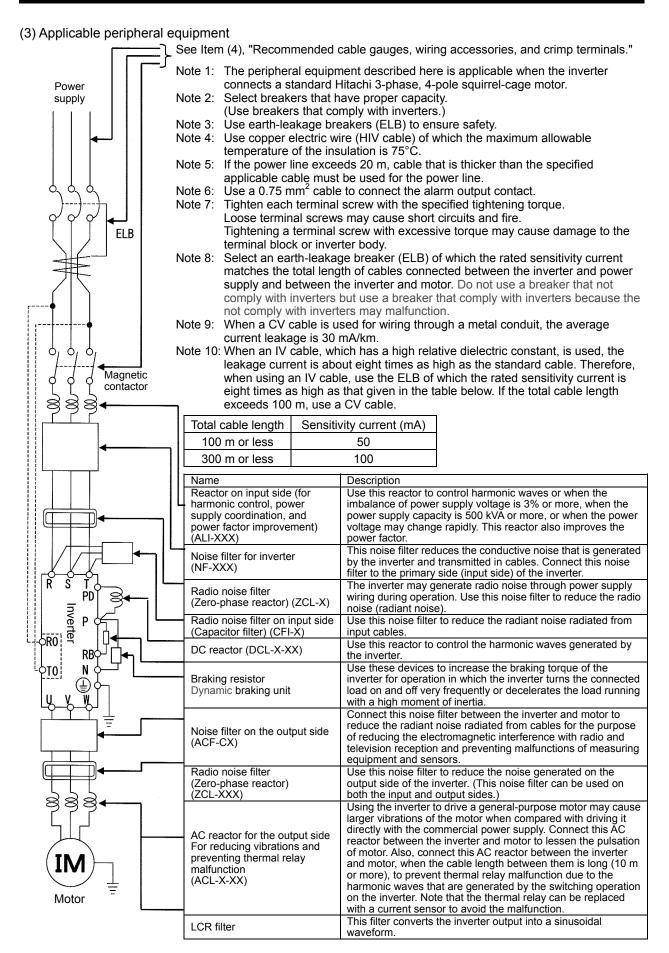
Reference: Leakage current by inverter with model EMC filter enabled or disabled (reference data)

The table below lists the reference currents that may leak from the inverter when the internal EMC filter is enabled or disabled. (Leakage current is in proportion to the voltage and frequency of input power.)

Note that the values listed in the table below indicate the reference currents leaking from the inverter alone. The values exclude current leakage from external devices and equipment (e.g., power cables).

The drive in the range from 90kW to 160kW doesn't have the switch to activate and deactivate the internal EMC filter. They complies EMC directive C3 level in standard condition.

	200 V class model (input p	oower: 200 VAC, 50 Hz)	400 V class model (input power: 400 VAC, 50 Hz)					
	11kW, 15kW	18.5kW to 75kW	5.5kW	7.5kW to15kW	18.5kW to 75kW	90kW to160kW		
Internal EMC filter enabled	Ca 48mA	Ca 23mA	Ca.5mA	Ca.95mA	Ca.56mA	-		
Internal EMC filter disabled	Ca.0.1mA	Ca.0.1mA	Ca.0.2mA	Ca.0.2mA	Ca.0.2mA	Ca.0.2mA		



(4) Recommended cable gauges, wiring accessories, and crimp terminals

Note: For compliance with CE and UL standards, see the safety precautions concerning EMC and the compliance with UL and cUL standards under Safety Instructions.

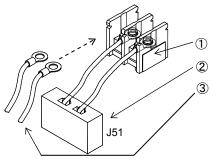
The table below lists the specifications of cables, crimp terminals, and terminal screw tightening torques for reference.

		torques for refe					1			1	
	Motor		Gauge of power line		External braking	Size of			Applicable device		
	output (kW)	Applicable inverter model	cable (mm²) Groundin (Terminals: R, S, T, U, V, W, P, PD, and N)		resistor across terminals P and RB (mm²)	terminal screw	Crimp terminal	Tightening torque (N-m)	Earth-leakage breaker (ELB)	Magnetic contactor (MC)	
	11	SJ700B-110LFF/LFUF	14	14	14	M5	R14-5	2.4(MAX4.0)	RX100 (75A)	HK50	
	15	SJ700B-150LFF/LFUF	22	22	14	M6	22-6	4.0(MAX4.4)	RX100 (100A)	H65	
w	18.5	SJ700B-185LFF/LFUF	30	22	22	M6	38-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	RX100 (100A)	H80	
class	22	SJ700B-220LFF/LFUF	38	30	22	M6	38-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	RX225B (150A)	H100	
>	30	SJ700B-300LFF/LFUF	60 (22×2)	30	30	M8	R60-8	8.1(MAX8.8)	RX225B (200A)	H125	
200		SJ700B-370LFF/LFUF	100 (38×2)	38	1	M8	100-8	8.1(MAX8.8)	RX225B (225A)	H150	
7	45	SJ700B-450LFF/LFUF	100 (38×2)	38	Ι	M8	100-8	8.1(MAX20)	RX225B (225A)	H200	
		SJ700B-550LFF/LFUF	150 (60×2)	60	Ι	M8	150-8	8.1(MAX20)	RX400B (350A)	H250	
	75	SJ700B-750LFF/LFUF	150 (60×2)	80	1	M10	R150-10	19.5(MAX22)	RX400B (350A)	H300	
		SJ700B-055HF	3.5	3.5	3.5	M4	3.5-4	1.2(MAX1.8)	EX50C(30A)	HK20	
	7.5	SJ700B-07FHFF/HFUF	3.5	3.5	3.5	M5	3.5-5	2.4(MAX4.0)	EX50C(30A)	HK25	
		SJ700B-110HFF/HFUF	5.5	5.5	5.5	M5	R5.5-5	2.4(MAX4.0)	EX50C (30A)	HK35	
	_	SJ700B-150HFF/HFUF	8	8	5.5	M6	R8-6	4.0(MAX4.4)	EX60B (60A)	HK35	
		SJ700B-185HFF/HFUF	14	14	8	M6	R14-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	EX60B (60A)	HK50	
	22	SJ700B-220HFF/HFUF	14	14	8	M6	R14-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	RX100 (75A)	HK50	
class		SJ700B-300HFF/HFUF	22	22	14	M6	R22-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	RX100 (100A)	H65	
>	37	SJ700B-370HFF/HFUF	38	22		M6	38-6	4.5(MAX4.9)	RX100 (100A)	H80	
400	45	SJ700B-450HFF/HFUF	38	22	_	M8	R38-8	8.1(MAX20)	RX225B (150A)	H100	
4	55	SJ700B-550HFF/HFUF	60	30	Ι	M8	R60-8	8.1(MAX20)	RX255B (175A)	H125	
	75	SJ700B-750HFF/HFUF	100(38X2)	38	I	M8	100-8	8.1(MAX20)	RX225B(225A)	H150	
	90	SJ700B-900 HFF/HFUF	100(38X2)	38	ı	M10	R100-10	20.0(MAX22)	RX225B(225A)	H200	
	110	SJ700B-1100HFF/HFUF	150(60X2)	60		M10	R150-10	20.0(MAX35)	RX400B(350A)	H250	
	_	SJ700B-1320HFF/HFUF	80X2	80		M10	80-10	20.0(MAX35)	RX400B(350A)	H300	
	160	SJ700B-1600HFF/HFUF	100X2	80		M10	R100-10	20.0(MAX35)	RX400B(350A)	H400	

Note: Cable gauges indicate those of HIV cables (maximum heat resistance: 75°C).

- *1) Please use the round type crimp terminals (for the UL standard) suitable for the use electric wire when you connect the electric wire with the main circuit terminal stand. Please put on pressure to the crimp terminals I with a crimp tool that the terminal stand maker recommends.
- (5) Connecting the control circuit to a power supply separately from the main circuit If the protective circuit of the inverter operates to open the magnetic contactor in the input power supply circuit, the inverter control circuit power is lost, and the alarm signal cannot be retained. To retain the alarm signal, connect control circuit terminals R0 and T0 to a power supply. In details, connect the control circuit power supply terminals R0 and T0 to the primary side of the magnetic contactor as shown below.

(Connection method)
Power-receiving specifications
200 V class model:
200 to 240 V (+10%, -15%)
(50/60 Hz ±5%),(282 to 339 VDC)
400 V class model:
380 to 480 V (+10%, -15%)
(50/60 Hz ±5%),(537 to 678 VDC)



1 Remove the connected cables.

2 Remove the J51 connector.

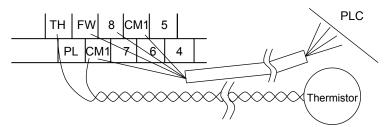
Connect the control circuit power supply cables to the control circuit power supply terminal block.

Note the following when connecting separate power supplies to control circuit power supply terminals (R0 and T0) and main circuit power supply terminals (R, S, and T):

- Use a cable thicker than 1.25 mm² to connect the terminals R0 and T0 (terminal screw size: M4).
- Connect a 3 A fuse in the control circuit power supply line.(Tightening torque:1.2Nm,max torque:1.4Nm)
- If the control circuit power supply (connected to R0 and T0) is turned on earlier than the main circuit power supply (connected to R, S, and T), ground fault is not checked at power-on.
- When supplying DC power to the control circuit power supply terminals (R0 and T0), specify "00" as the "a/b (NO/NC)" selection (function code C031 to C036) for intelligent output terminals ([11] to [15]) and intelligent relay terminals (AL0, AL1, and AL2). If "01" is specified as the "a/b (NO/NC)" selection, output signals may chatter when the DC power supply is shut off.

2.2.3 Wiring of the control circuit

- (1) Wiring instructions
 - 1) Terminals L and CM1 are common to I/O signals and isolated from each other.
 - Do not connect these common terminals to each other or ground them.
 - Do not ground these terminals via any external devices. (Check that the external devices connected to these terminals are not grounded.)
 - 2) Use a shielded, twisted-pair cable (recommended gauge: 0.75 mm²) for connection to control circuit terminals, and connect the cable insulation to the corresponding common terminal. (Tightening torque:0.7Nm,max torque:0.8Nm)
 - 3) The length of cables connected to control circuit terminals must be 20 m or less. If the cable length exceeds 20 m unavoidably, use a VX-compatible controller (CVD-E) insulated signal converter.
 - 4) Separate the control circuit wiring from the main circuit wiring (power line) and relay control circuit wiring.
 - If these wirings intersect with each other unavoidably, square them with each other. Otherwise, the inverter may malfunction.
 - 5) Twist the cables connected from a thermistor to the thermistor input terminal (TH) and terminal CM1, and separate the twisted cables from other cables connected to other common terminals. Since very low current flows through the cables connected to the thermistor, separate the cables from those (power line cables) connected to the main circuit. The length of the cables connected to the thermistor must be 20 m or less.



- 6) When connecting a contact to a control circuit terminal (e.g., an intelligent input terminal), use a relay contact (e.g., crossbar twin contact) in which even a very low current or voltage will not trigger any contact fault.
- 7) When connecting a relay to an intelligent output terminal, also connect a surge-absorbing diode in parallel with the relay.
- 8) Do not connect analog power supply terminals H and L or interface power supply terminals P24 and CM1 to each other. Otherwise, the inverter may fail.
- (2) Layout of control circuit terminals

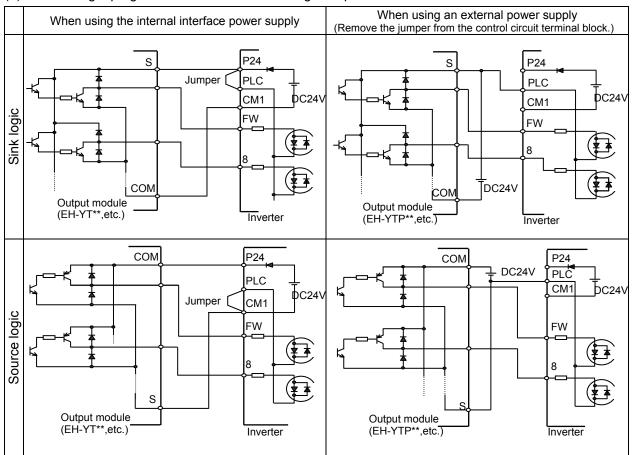
	Н	02	Α	М	-M	TH	F۷	V 8	3	CM1	5		3		1	14	1:	3	11	Al	_1	
L	C)	OI	AMI	P2	4 PI	С	CM1	7		6	4		2	15	CI	М2	12	/	AL0	AL2	

Terminal screw size: M3(Tightening torque:0.7Nm,max torque:0.8Nm)

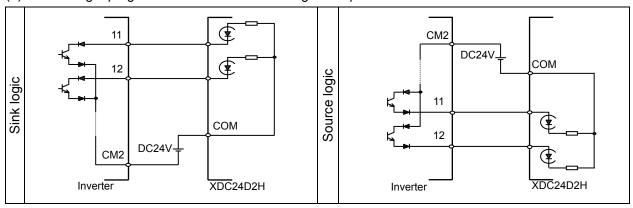
- (3) Switching the input control logic
 - In the factory setting, the input control logic for terminal FW and intelligent input terminals is the sink logic.

To switch the input control logic to the source logic, remove the jumper connecting terminals P24 and PLC on the control circuit block, and then connect terminals PLC and CM1 with the jumper.

(4) Connecting a programmable controller to intelligent input terminals



(5) Connecting a programmable controller to intelligent output terminals



2.2.4 Wiring of the digital operator

- You can operate the inverter with not only the digital operator mounted in the inverter as standard equipment but also an optional digital operator (OPE-S,OPE-SR,WOP).
- When you intend to remove the standard digital operator from the inverter and use it as remote equipment, request your local Hitachi Distributor to supply a connection cable, ICS-1 (1-meter cable) or ICS-3 (3-meter cable).
 - If you prepare the cable by yourself, the following product is recommended:
 - HUTP5 PC 4P -X-X: Straight cable equipped with connector at both ends (made by Hitachi Cable, Ltd.)
- The length of the connection cable must be 3 m or less. If a cable over 3 m is used, the inverter may malfunction.

2.2.5 Selection and wiring of dynamic braking resistor (on 5.5 kW to 30 kW models)

The SJ700B series inverter models with capacities of 5.5 to 30 kW have an internal dynamic braking circuit.

Connecting an optional dynamic braking resistor to RB and P terminals increases the braking torque.

	Motor	Without a resistor connected	Minimum resistance			
Model	capacity (kW)	Braking torque (%)	Resistance (Ω)	Braking torque (%)	BRD usage rate (%)	during continuous operation (Ω)
SJ700B-110LFF/LFUF	11	10	10	110	10	50
SJ700B-150LFF/LFUF	15	10	10	80	10	50
SJ700B-185LFF/LFUF	18.5	10	7.5	90	10	35
SJ700B-220LFF/LFUF	22	10	7.5	70	10	35
SJ700B-300LFF/LFUF	30	10	5	80	10	35
SJ700B-055HF	5.5	20	70	120	10	200
SJ700B-075HFF/HFUF	7.5	20	70	90	10	150
SJ700B-110HFF/HFUF	11	10	35	120 over	10	150
SJ700B-150HFF/HFUF	15	10	35	90	10	100
SJ700B-185HFF/HFUF	18.5	10	24	110	10	100
SJ700B-220HFF/HFUF	22	10	24	90	10	100
SJ700B-300HFF/HFUF	30	10	20	80	10	100

Chapter 3 Operation

This chapter describes typical methods of operating the inverter, how to operate the digital operator, and how to make a test run of the inverter.

3.1	Operating Methods3 - 2	2
3.2	How To Operate the Digital Operator 3 - 4	4

3.1 Operating Methods

$\mathrel{\rlap{<}} !\mathrel{\gt}$ WARNING

- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch any terminal or internal part of the inverter, check signals, or connect or disconnect any wire or connector. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.
- Be sure to close the terminal block cover before turning on the inverter power. Do not open the terminal block cover while power is being supplied to the inverter or voltage remains inside. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock.
- Do not operate switches with wet hands. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock.
- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch the terminal of the inverter, even if it has stopped. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or fire.
- If the retry mode has been selected, the inverter will restart suddenly after a break in the tripping status. Stay away from the machine controlled by the inverter when the inverter is under such circumstances. (Design the machine so that human safety can be ensured, even when the inverter restarts suddenly.) Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- Do not select the retry mode for controlling an elevating or traveling device because output free-running status occurs in retry mode. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury or damage to the machine controlled by the inverter.
- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before a short-term power failure, the inverter may restart operation after the power recovery. If such a restart may put persons in danger, design a control circuit that disables the inverter from restarting after power recovery. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- The [STOP] key is effective only when its function is enabled by setting. Prepare an emergency stop switch separately. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- If an operation command has been input to the inverter before the inverter enters alarm status, the inverter will restart suddenly when the alarm status is reset. Before resetting the alarm status, make sure that no operation command has been input.
- While power is supplied to the inverter, do not touch any internal part of the inverter or insert a bar in it. Otherwise, you run the risk of electric shock or fire.

/! CAUTION

- Do not touch the heat sink, which heats up during the inverter operation. Otherwise, you run the risk of burn injury.
- The inverter allows you to easily control the speed of motor or machine operations. Before operating the inverter, confirm the capacity and ratings of the motor or machine controlled by the inverter. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury and damage to machine.
- Install an external brake system if needed. Otherwise, you run the risk of injury.
- When using the inverter to operate a standard motor at a frequency of over 60 Hz, check the allowable motor speeds with the manufacturers of the motor and the machine to be driven and obtain their consent before starting inverter operation. Otherwise, you run the risk of damage to the motor and machine and injury
- During inverter operation, check the motor for the direction of rotation, abnormal sound, and vibrations. Otherwise, you run the risk of damage to the machine driven by the motor.

You can operate the inverter in different ways, depending on how to input the operation and frequency-setting commands as described below.

This section describes the features of operating methods and the items required for operation.

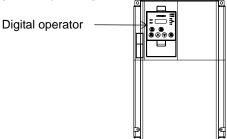
(1) Entering operation and frequency-setting commands from the digital operator

This operating method allows you to operate the inverter through key operations on the standard digital operator mounted in the inverter or an optional digital operator.

When operating the inverter with a digital operator alone, you need not wire the control circuit terminals.

(Items required for operation)

Optional digital operator (not required when you use the standard digital operator)



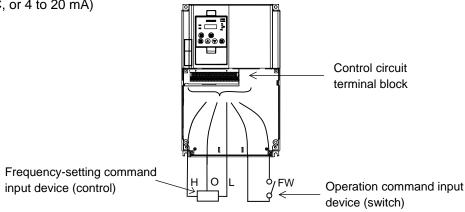
(2) Entering operation and frequency-setting commands via control circuit terminals This operating method allows you to operate the inverter via the input of operation signals from external devices (e.g., frequency-setting circuit and start switch) to control circuit terminals. The inverter starts operation when the input power supply is turned on and then an operation command signal (FW or RV) is turned on.

You can select the frequency-setting method (setting by voltage specification or current specification) through the input to a control circuit terminal according to your system. For details, see Item (2), "Explanation of control circuit terminals," in Section 2.2.1 (on pages 2-7 and 2-8). (Items required for operation)

1) Operation command input device: External switch or relay

2) Frequency-setting command input device: External device to input signals (0 to 10 VDC, -10 to +10

VDC, or 4 to 20 mA)



(3) Entering operation and frequency-setting commands; both from a digital operator and via control circuit

This operating method allows you to arbitrarily select the digital operator or control circuit terminals as the means to input operation commands and frequency-setting commands. (Items required for operation)

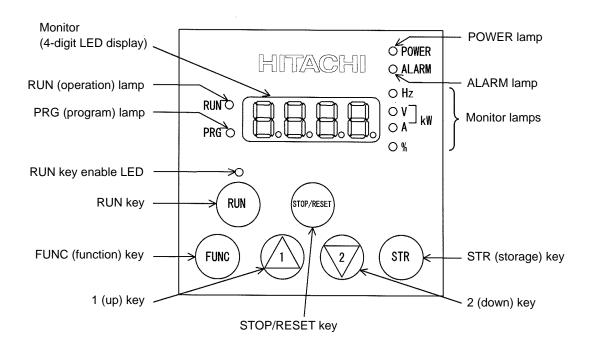
- See the items required for the above two operating methods.
- (4) Method for operation in Easy sequence function

The inverter can be operated by downloading the user's program made with exclusive use PC software EzSQ.Please refer to "Easy sequence function" for details.

(5) Method for operation in Telecommunication facility It is possible to use RS485 from TM2 that exists in Control terminal board of the inverter, and to operate it by the inverter and communicating with external telecommunications equipment. Please refer to "Communication facility" for details.

3.2 How To Operate the Digital Operator (OPE-SBK)

3.2.1 Names and functions of components



Name	Function		
POWER lamp	Lights when the control circuit power is on.		
ALARM lamp	Lights to indicate that the inverter has tripped.		
RUN (operation) lamp	Lights to indicate that the inverter is operating.		
DDC (program) Jamp	Lights when the monitor shows a value set for a function.		
PRG (program) lamp	This lamp starts blinking to indicate a warning (when the set value is invalid).		
Monitor	Displays a frequency, output current, or set value.		
Monitor lampa	Indicates the type of value and units displayed on the monitor.		
Monitor lamps	"Hz" (frequency), "V" (voltage), "A" (current), "kW" (electric power), and "%" (percentage)		
	Lights up when the inverter is ready to respond to the RUN key.		
RUN key enable LED	(When this lamp is on, you can start the inverter with the RUN key on the digital		
	operator.)		
	Starts the inverter to run the motor. This key is effective only when the operating device is		
RUN key	the digital operator.		
	(To use this key, confirm that the operating device indicator lamp is on.)		
STOP/RESET key	Decelerates and stops the motor or resets the inverter from alarm status.		
FUNC (function) key	Makes the inverter enter the monitor, function, or extended function mode.		
STR (storage) key	Stores each set value. (Always press this key after changing a set value.)		
1 (up) or 2 (down) kov	Switches the inverter operation mode (among monitor, function, and extended function		
1 (up) or 2 (down) key	modes) or increases or decreases the value set on the monitor for a function.		

3.2.2 Code display system and key operations

This section describes typical examples of digital operator operation (in basic and full display modes) and an example of special digital operator operation in extended function mode U.

The initial display on the monitor screen after power-on depends on the setting of function "b038". For details, see "Initial-screen selection,".

When the setting of function "b038" is "01" (factory setting), the monitor initially shows 1.0 1 as the setting of function "d001" (output frequency monitoring). Pressing the key in this status changes the display to 1.0 1 1.

Note: The display contents on the monitor depend on the settings of functions "b037" (function code display restriction), "b038" (initial-screen selection), and "b039" (automatic setting of user parameters). For details, see, "Function code display restriction,", "Initial-screen selection,", and "Automatic user-parameter setting,".

Item	Function code	Data	Description
		00	Full display
Function code display		01	Function-specific display
Function code display restriction	b037	02	User setting
restriction		03	Data comparison display
		04	Basic display (factory setting)
		00	Screen displayed when the [STR] key was pressed last
	b038		(same as the operation on the SJ300 series)
Initial-screen selection		01	d001 (output frequency monitoring)
(Initial display at		02	d002 (output current monitoring)
power-on)	(*1)	03	d003 (rotation direction minitoring)
		04	d007 (Scaled output frequency monitoring)
		05	F001 (output frequency setting)
Selection of automatic	b039	00	Disable
user-parameter settings	(*1)	01	Enable

^{*1} Not displayed with the factory setting

The following procedure enables you to turn the monitor display back to d l l or (*1 regardless of the current display mode: - Hold down the FUNC key for 3 seconds or more. The monitor shows d l l l or other status.
alternately. During this status, press the Func key. The monitor will show only do to the func is pressed.

*1 The monitor shows only when the motor driven by the inverter is stopped. While the motor is running, the monitor shows an output frequency.

Chapter 3 Operation

- (1) Example of operation in basic display mode ("b037" = "04" [factory setting])
 - Only basic parameters can be displayed in basic display mode. (All parameters in monitor mode, four parameters in function mode, or 20 parameters in extended function mode)
 - Other parameters are not displayed. To display all parameters, select the full display mode ("b037" = "00").

<Displayable parameters and sequence of display>

No.	Display code	Item	
1	d001 to d104	Monitor display	
2	F001	Output frequency setting	
3	F002	Acceleration (1) time setting	
4	F003	Deceleration (1) time setting	
5	F004	Operation direction setting	
6	A001	Frequency source setting	
7	A002	Run command source setting	
8	A003	Base frequency setting	
9	A004	Maximum frequency setting	
10	A005	[AT] selection	
11	A020	Multispeed frequency setting	
12	A021	Multispeed 1 setting	
13	A022	Multispeed 2 setting	
14	A023	Multispeed 3 setting	
15	A044	1st control method	
16	A045	V/f gain setting	
17	A085	Operation mode selection	
18	b001	Selection of restart mode	
19	b002	Allowable under-voltage power failure time	
20	b008	Retry-after-trip selection	
21	b011	Retry wait time after trip	
22	b037	Function code display restriction	
23	b083	Carrier frequency setting	
24	b084	Initialization mode selection	
25	b130	Selection of overvoltage suppression function	
26	b131	Setting of overvoltage suppression level	
27	C021	Setting of intelligent output terminal 11	
28	C022	Setting of intelligent output terminal 12	
29	C036	Alarm relay active state	

Note:

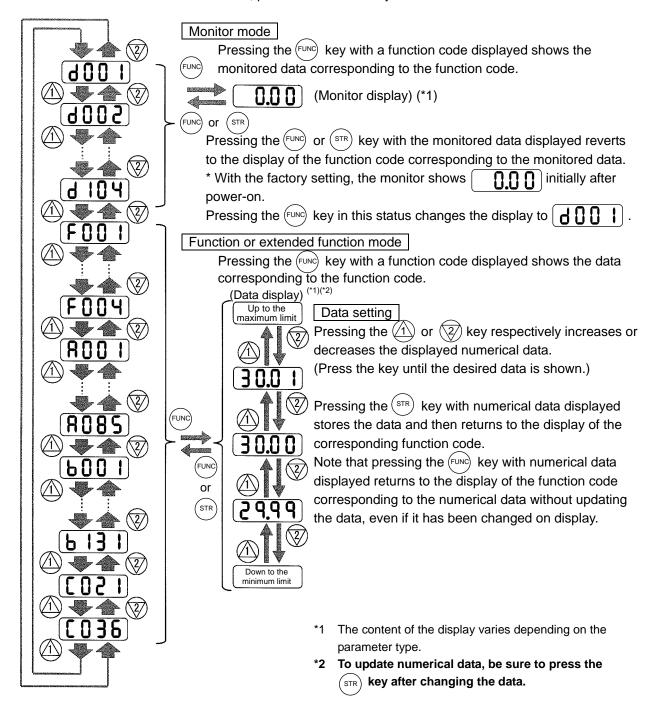
If a desired parameter is not displayed, check the setting of function "b037" (function code display restriction). To display all parameters, specify "00" for "b037".

Key operation and transition of the codes on display

Key operation and transition of the monitored data on display

Pressing the (1) or (2) key respectively scrolls up or down the code displayed in code display mode or increases or decreases the numerical data displayed in data display mode.

Press the ① or ② key until the desired code or numerical data is shown. To scroll codes or increase/decrease numerical data faster, press and hold the key.



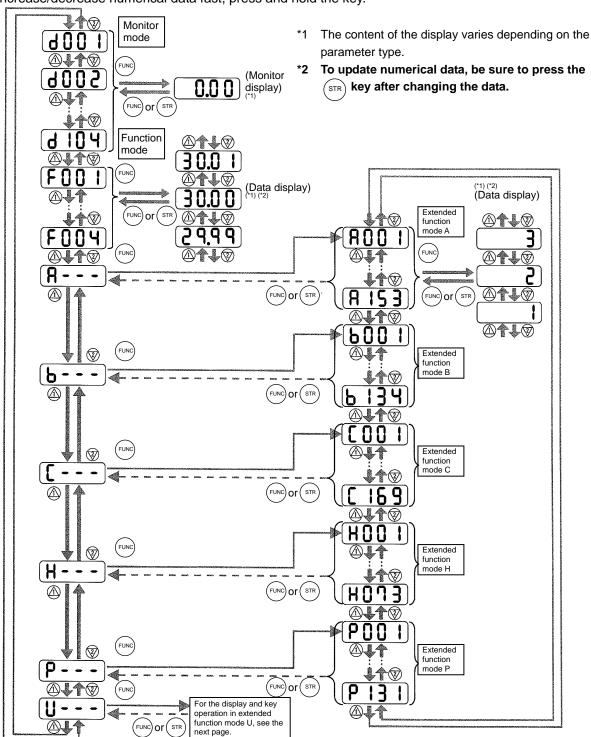
Chapter 3 Operation

(2) Example of operation in full display mode ("b037" = "00")
All parameters can be displayed in full display mode. The display sequence of parameters matches their sequence shown in Chapter 8, "List of Data Settings."

Key operation and transition of codes on display (in monitor or function mode) Key operation and transition of monitored data on display (in monitor or function mode) Key operation and transition of codes on display (in extended function mode) Key operation and transition of monitored data on display (in extended function mode)

Pressing the 1 or 2 key respectively scrolls up or down the code displayed in code display mode or increases or decreases the numerical data displayed in data display mode.

Press the 1 or 2 key until the desired code or numerical data is shown. To scroll codes or increase/decrease numerical data fast, press and hold the key.



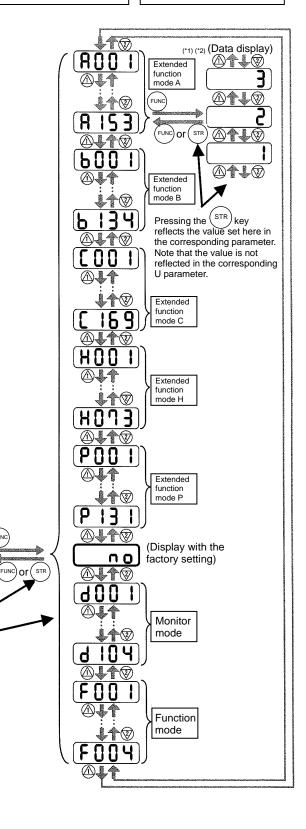
(3) Code/data display and key operation in extended function mode U

The extended function mode U differs in operation from other extended function modes because the
extended function mode U is used to register (or automatically record) other extended-function codes
as user-specified U parameters.

Key operation and transition of codes on display (in monitor or function mode) Key operation and transition of codes on display (in extended function mode U) Key operation and transition of codes on display (when displaying extended-function mode parameters from the extended function mode U) Key operation and transition of codes on display (in monitor, function, or extended

*1 The content of the display varies depending on the parameter type.

*2 To update numerical data, be sure to press the (STR) key after changing the data.



Extended function mode U

FUNC

You cannot restore the

display with the

str key.

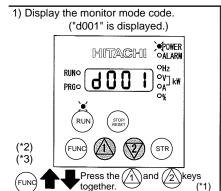
Pressing the (STR) key stores the value set here

parameter.

in the corresponding U

Chapter 3 Operation

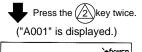
- (4) Procedure for directly specifying or selecting a code
 - You can specify or select a code or data by entering each digit of the code or data instead of scrolling codes or data in the monitor, function, or extended function mode.
 - The following shows an example of the procedure for changing the monitor mode code "d001" displayed to extended function code "A029":

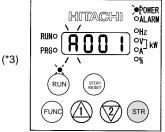


2) Change to the extended function mode.

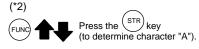


Character "d" in the leftmost digit (fourth digit from the right) starts blinking.

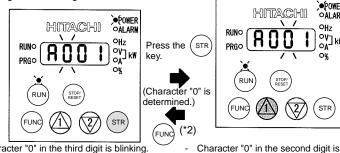




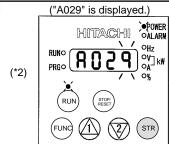
- Character "A" is blinking.
- Pressing the [STR] key determines the blinking character.



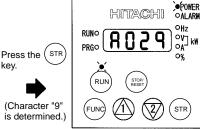
3) Change the third digit of the code.



- Character "0" in the third digit is blinking.
- Since the third digit need not be changed, press the [STR] key to determine the character "0".



6) End the change of the extended function code.



- Character "9" in the first digit is blinking
 - Press the key eight times or the key twice.
- 5) Change the first digit of the code.



Character "1" in the first digit is blinking.

Press the (STR) key.



Character "2" in the second digit is blinking



)•(POWER ○ALARM

4) Change the second digit of the code.

- or not intended for display is entered, the leftmost digit (fourth digit) (character "A" in this example) will start blinking again. In such a case, confirm the code to be

If a code that is not defined in the code list

Selection of code "A029" is completed.

entered and enter it correctly. For further information, refer to Section 4.2.84. Function code display restriction," (on page 4-79), Section 4.2.85, "Initial-screen selection," (on page 4-81), Section 4.2.86, "Automatic user-parameter setting," (on page 4-82), and Chapter 8, "List of Data

7) Press the (FUNC) key to display the data corresponding to the function code, change the data with the (1) and/or (2) key, and then press the (STR) key to store the changed data. (*4)

Note that you can also use the procedure (steps 1) to 6)) described here to change the data. (*3)(*4)

- This procedure can also be used on screens displaying a code other than
- If the (FUNC) key is pressed while a digit is blinking, the display will revert to the preceding status for entering the digit to the right of the blinking digit.
- If the (FUNC) key is pressed while the leftmost (fourth) digit is blinking, the characters having been entered to change the code will be cancelled and the display will revert to the original code shown before the (1) and (2) keys were pressed in step 1).
- When changing data, be sure to press the (FUNC) key first.

4.1	Precautions for Data Setting	4-2
4.2	Monitoring Mode	.4-2
4.3	Function Mode	.4-3
4.4	Extended Function Mode	4-4

IMPORTANT! Please be sure to set the motor nameplate data into appropriate parameters to ensure proper operation and protection of the motor.

*B012 is the motor overload protection value

*A082 is the motor voltage selection

*H003 is the motor kW capacity

*H004 is the number of motor poles

Please refer to the appropriate pages in this guide and the Instruction Manual for further details.

4.1 Precautions for Data Setting

The default display mode limits the screens (parameters) that can be displayed on the monitor. To enable the display of all parameters, specify "00" (full display) for the function code display restriction (b037). To enable the parameters to be changed while the inverter is operating, specify "10" for the software lock mode selection (b031).

4.2 Monitoring Mode

With the default settings, the monitor always displays the data output according to the output frequency monitoring (d001) after power-on. To change the initial display content, change the setting of the initial-screen selection (b038) as required.

Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	Default	Setting during operation (allowed or not)	Change during operation (allowed or not)
d001	Output frequency monitoring	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	-	0	-
d002	Output current monitoring	0.0 to 999.9, 1000 to 9999 (A)	-	-	-
d003	Rotation direction minitoring	F (forward rotation), o (stopped), r (reverse rotation)	-	-	-
d004	Process variable (PV), PID feedback monitoring	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99990), 「100 to 「999 (100000 to 999000)	1	-	-
d005	Intelligent input terminal status	FW (Example) Terminals FW, 7, 2, and 1: ON Terminals 8, 6, 5, 4, and 3: OFF	ı	-	-
d006	Intelligent output terminal status	(Example) Terminals 12 and 11: ON Terminals AL, 15, 14, and 13: OFF AL 15 14 13 12 11	-	-	-
d007	Scaled output frequency monitoring	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999., 1000 to 3996 (10000 to 39960)	-	0	
d008	Actual-frequency monitoring	-400. to -100., -99.9 to 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	-	-	-
d009	Torque command monitoring	-200. to +200. (%)	-		
d010	Torque bias monitoring	-200. to +200. (%)	-	-	-
d012	Torque monitoring	-200. to +200. (%)	-	-	-
d013	Output voltage monitoring	0.0 to 600.0 (V)	-	-	-
d014	Power monitoring	0.0 to 999.9 (kW)	-	-	-
d015	Cumulative power monitoring	0.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99990), 「100 to 「999 (100000 to 999000)	-	-	-
d016	Cumulative operation RUN time monitoring	0. to 9999., 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99990), \[100 to \[\] 999 (100000 to 999000) (hr)	-		-
d017	Cumulative power-on time monitoring	0. to 9999., 1000 to 9999 (10000 to 99990), \[100 to \[\] 999 (100000 to 999000) (hr)	-	-	-
d018	Heat sink temperature monitoring	-020. to 200.0 (°C)	-	-	-
d019	Motor temperature monitoring	-020. to 200.0 (°C)	-	-	-

Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	Default	Setting during operation (allowed or not)	Change during operation (allowed or not)
d022	Life-check monitoring	1: Capacitor on main circuit board 2: Cooling-fan speed drop	-	-	_
d023	Program counter	0 to 1024	-	-	-
d024	Program number monitoring	0000 to 9999	-	-	-
d025	User monitor 0	-2147483647 to 2147483647 (upper 4 digits including "-")	-	-	-
d026	User monitor 1	-2147483647 to 2147483647 (upper 4 digits including "-")	-	-	-
d027	User monitor 2	-2147483647 to 2147483647 (upper 4 digits including "-")	-	-	-
d028	Pulse counter	0 to 2147483647 (upper 4 digits)	-	-	-
d029	Position setting monitor	-1073741823 to 1073741823 (upper 4 digits including "-")	-	-	-
d030	Position feedback monitor	-1073741823 to 1073741823 (upper 4 digits including "-")	-	-	-
d080	Trip Counter	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65530) (times)	-	-	-
d081	Trip monitoring 1	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)	-	-	_
d082	Trip monitoring 2	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)		-	-
d083	Trip monitoring 3	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)		-	_
d084	Trip monitoring 4	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)	-	_	_
d085	Trip monitoring 5	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)	-	_	_
d086	Trip monitoring 6	Factor, frequency (Hz), current (A), voltage across P-N (V), running time (hours), power-on time (hours)	_	_	-
d090	Programming error monitoring	Warning code	-	-	-
d102	DC voltage monitoring	0.0 to 999.9 (V)	-	-	-
d103	BRD load factor monitoring	0.0 to 100.0 (%)	-	-	-
d104	Electronic thermal overload monitoring	0.0 to 100.0 (%)	-	-	-

4.3 Function Mode

Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	Default	Setting during operation (allowed or not)	Change during operation (allowed or not)
F001	Output frequency setting	0.0, "start frequency" to "maximum frequency" (or maximum frequency, 2nd/3rd motors) (Hz) 0.0 to 100.0 (when PID function is enabled)	0.00	0	0
F002	Acceleration (1) time setting	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F202	Acceleration (1) time setting, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F302	Acceleration (1) time setting, 3rd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F003	Deceleration (1) time setting	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F203	Deceleration time setting, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F303	Deceleration time setting, 3rd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	30.00	0	0
F004	Keypad Run key routing	00 (forward rotation), 01 (reverse rotation)	00	×	×

4.4 Extended Function Mode

	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	De	efault	Setting during operation	Change during operation
				_F/_FF	_FUF	(allowed or not)	(allowed or not)
	A001	Frequency source setting	00 (keypad potentiometer) (*1), 01 (control circuit terminal block), 02 (digital operator), 03 (RS485), 04 (option 1), 05 (option 2), 06 (pulse-string input), 07 (easy sequence), 10 (operation function result)		01	×	×
Sß	A002	Run command source setting	01 (control circuit terminal block), 02 (digital operator), 03 (RS485), 04 (option 1), 05 (option 2)		01	×	×
settings	A003	Base frequency setting	30. to "maximum frequency " (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
Basic s	A203	Base frequency setting, 2nd motor	30. to "maximum frequency, 2nd motor" (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
Ba	A303	Base frequency setting, 3rd motor	30. to "maximum frequency, 3rd motor" (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
	A004	Maximum frequency setting	30. to 400. (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
	A204	Maximum frequency setting, 2nd motor	30. to 400. (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
	A304	Maximum frequency setting, 3rd motor	30. to 400. (Hz)	50.	60.	×	×
	A005	[AT] selection	00 (switching between O and OI terminals), 01 (switching between O and O2 terminals), 02 (switching between O terminal and keypad potentiometer) (*1), 03 (switching between OI terminal and keypad potentiometer) (*1), 04 (switching between O2 and keypad potentiometer) (*1)		00	×	×
Analog input and others	A006	[O2] selection	00 (single), 01 (auxiliary frequency input via O and OI terminals) (nonreversible), 02 (auxiliary frequency input via O and OI terminals) (reversible), 03 (disabling O2 terminal)		03	×	×
and	A011	[O]-[L] input active range start frequency	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)		0.00	×	0
put	A012	[O]-[L] input active range end frequency	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	C	0.00	×	0
n gc	A013	[O]-[L] input active range start voltage	0. to "[O]-[L] input active range end voltage" (%)		0.	×	0
Anal	A014	[O]-[L] input active range end voltage	"[O]-[L] input active range start voltage" to 100. (%)	1	00.	×	0
	A015	[O]-[L] input active range start frequency selection	00 (external start frequency), 01 (0 Hz)		01	×	0
	A016	External frequency filter time const.	1. to 30. or 31. (500 ms filter ±0.1 Hz with hysteresis)	31.		×	0
	A017	Easy sequence function selection	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)		00	×	×
	A019	Multispeed operation selection	00 (binary: 16 speeds selectable with 4 terminals), 01 (bit: 8 speeds selectable with 7 terminals)	00		×	×
	A020	Multispeed frequency setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A220	Multispeed frequency setting, 2nd motor	0.0 or "start frequency" to "maximum frequency, 2nd motor" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A320	Multispeed frequency setting, 3rd motor	0.0 or "start frequency" to "maximum frequency, 3rd motor" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A021	Multispeed 1 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A022	Multispeed 2 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A023	Multispeed 3 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
_	A024	Multispeed 4 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
and jogging	A025	Multispeed 5 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
oj p	A026	Multispeed 6 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
u au	A027	Multispeed 7 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
ratio	A028	Multispeed 8 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
obe	A029	Multispeed 9 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
peed	A030	Multispeed 10 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
Multispeed operation	A031	Multispeed 11 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
ž	A032	Multispeed 12 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
	A033	Multispeed 13 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
	A034	Multispeed 14 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)		0.00	0	0
	A035	Multispeed 15 setting	0.0 or "start frequency" to "n-th maximum frequency" (Hz)	C	0.00	0	0
	A038	Jog frequency setting	"Start frequency" to 9.99 (Hz)	1	.00	0	0
	A039	Jog stop mode	00 (free-running after jogging stops [disabled during operation]), 01 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [disabled during operation]), 02 (DC braking after jogging stops [disabled during operation]), 03 (free-running after jogging stops [enabled during operation]), 04 (deceleration and stop after jogging stops [enabled during operation]), 05 (DC braking after jogging stops [enabled during operation]), 05		00	×	0

^{*1} This setting is valid only when the OPE-SR is connected.

				Default	Setting	Change
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF _FUF	during operation (allowed or not)	during operation (allowed or not)
	A041	Torque boost method selection	00 (manual torque boost), 01 (automatic torque boost)	00	×	×
	A241	Torque boost method selection, 2nd motor	00 (manual torque boost), 01 (automatic torque boost)	00	×	×
	A042	Manual torque boost value	0.0 to 20.0 (%)	1.0	0	0
	A242	Manual torque boost value, 2nd motor	0.0 to 20.0 (%)	1.0	0	0
	A342	Manual torque boost value, 3rd motor	0.0 to 20.0 (%)	1.0	0	0
	A043	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment	0.0 to 50.0 (%)	5.0	0	0
	A243	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment, 2nd motor	0.0 to 50.0 (%)	5.0	0	0
v	A343	Manual torque boost frequency adjustment, 3rd motor	0.0 to 50.0 (%)	5.0	0	0
cteristi	A044	V/F characteristic curve selection, 1st motor	00 (VC), 01 (VP), 02 (free V/f), 03 (sensorless vector control), (*1)04 (0Hz-range sensorless vector), (*1)05 (vector with sensor)	00	×	×
V/f characteristic	A244	V/F characteristic curve selection, 2nd motor	00 (VC), 01 (VP), 02 (free V/f), 03 (sensorless vector control), (*1) 04 (0Hz-range sensorless vector)	00	×	×
V/f	A344	V/F characteristic curve selection, 3rd motor	00(VC), 01(VP)	00	×	×
ŀ	A045	V/f gain setting	20. to 100. (%)	100.	0	0
	A046	Voltage compensation gain setting for automatic torque boost. 1st	0. to 255.	100.	0	0
	A246	motor Voltage compensation gain setting for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0. to 255.	100.	0	0
	A047	Slippage compensation gain setting for automatic torque boost, 1st motor	0. to 255.	100.	0	0
	A247	Slippage compensation gain setting for automatic torque boost, 2nd motor	0. to 255.	100.	0	0
	A051	DC braking enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling), 02 (set frequency only)	00	×	0
	A052	DC braking frequency setting	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.50	×	0
	A053	DC braking wait time	0.0 to 5.0 (s)	0.0	×	0
Ď.	A054	DC braking force during deceleration	0. to 70. (%) <0. to 50. (%)>	0.	×	0
akir	A055	DC braking time for deceleration	0.0 to 60.0 (s)	0.0	×	0
DC braking	A056	DC braking/edge or level detection for [DB] input	00 (edge operation), 01 (level operation)	01	×	0
	A057	DC braking force for starting	0. to 70.(%) <0. to 50. (%)>	0.	×	0
	A058	DC braking time for starting	0.0 to 60.0(s)	0.0	×	0
	A059	DC braking carrier frequency setting	0.5 to 12.0(kHz)	3.0	×	×
	A061	Frequency upper limit setting	0.00 or "1st minimum frequency limit" to "maximum frequency" (Hz)	0.00	×	0
	A261	Frequency upper limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00 or "2nd minimum frequency limit" to "maximum frequency, 2nd motor" (Hz)	0.00	×	0
quency	A062	Frequency lower limit setting	0.00 or "start frequency" to "maximum frequency limit" (Hz)	0.00	×	0
p freq	A262	Frequency lower limit setting, 2nd motor	0.00 or "start frequency" to "maximum frequency, 2nd motor limit" (Hz)	0.00	×	0
d jun	A063	Jump (center) frequency setting 1	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00	×	0
nit and	A064	Jump (hysteresis) frequency width setting 1	0.00 to 10.00 (Hz)	0.50	×	0
ver lin	A065	Jump (center) frequency setting 2	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00	×	0
Frequency upper/lower limit and jump fre	A066	Jump (hysteresis) frequency width setting 2	0.00 to 10.00 (Hz)	0.50	×	0
dn fo	A067	Jump (center) frequency setting 3	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00	×	0
edneu	A068	Jump (hysteresis) frequency width setting 3	0.00 to 10.00 (Hz)	0.50	×	0
F	A069	Acceleration stop frequency setting	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00	×	0
	A070	Acceleration stop time frequency setting	0.0 to 60.0 (s)	0.0	×	0
	A071	PID Function Enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling), 02 (enabling inverted-data output)	00	×	0
	A072	PID proportional gain	0.2 to 5.0	1.0	0	0
	A073	PID integral time constant	0.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	1.0	0	0
trol	A074	PID derivative gain	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 (s)	0.00	0	0
PID control	A075	PV scale conversion	0.01 to 99.99 00 (input via OI), 01 (input via O), 02 (external communication), 03 (pulse-string	1.00	×	0
⋴	A076 A077	PV source setting Output of inverted PID deviation	frequency input), 10 (operation result output) 00(OFF), 01 (ON)	00	×	0
	A078	PID variation range	0.0 to 100.0 (%)	0.0	×	0
	A079	PID feed forward selection	00 (disabled), 01 (O input), 02 (OI input), 03 (O2 input)	00	×	0
(Note)		the setting range of 90 to 160Kw	<u>,</u>			

⁽Note). indicate the setting range of 90 to 160Kw
*1 Derating is applied for SJ700B.Please consult technician at Hitachi or his distributor before use.

				Defa	ault	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
~	A081	AVR function select	00 (always on), 01 (always off), 02 (off during deceleration)	00)	×	×
AVE	A082	AVR voltage select	200 V class: 200, 215, 220, 230, 240 (V) 400 V class: 380, 400, 415, 440, 460, 480 (V)	230/400	230/460	×	×
	A085	Operation mode selection	00 (normal operation), 01 (energy-saving operation), 02 (fuzzy operation)	00)	×	×
	A086	Energy saving mode tuning	0.1 to 100.0	50.		during operation (allowed or not)	0
	A092	Acceleration (2) time setting	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0	00	0	0
Acceleration and Operation-target frequency Acceleration and deceleration	A292	Acceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0	00	0	0
inction	A392	Acceleration (2) time setting, 3rd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0			0
on fu	A093	Deceleration (2) time setting	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0	00	0	0
eleratio	A293	Deceleration (2) time setting, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0	00	0	0
л/десе	A393	Deceleration (2) time setting, 3rd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	15.0	00	0	0
eration	A094	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2 profile	00 (switching by 2CH terminal), 01 (switching by setting), 02 (switching only when rotation is reversed)	00)	×	×
accel	A294	Select method to switch to Acc2/Dec2, 2nd motor	00 (switching by 2CH terminal), 01 (switching by setting), 02 (switching only when rotation is reversed)	00)	×	×
le and	A095	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	10	×	×
n moc	A295	Acc1 to Acc2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	10	×	×
oeratio	A096	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	10	×	×
Ŏ	A296	Dec1 to Dec2 frequency transition point, 2nd motor	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00		×	×
	A097	Acceleration curve selection	00 (linear), 01 (S curve), 02 (U curve), 03 (inverted-U curve), 04 (EL-S	00		×	×
	A098	Deceleration curve setting	curve) 00 (linear), 01 (S curve), 02 (U curve), 03 (inverted-U curve), 04 (EL-S	00		×	×
	A101	[OI]-[L] input active range start	curve) 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0			0
		frequency [OI]-[L] input active range end		0.00			
nt	A102	frequency [OI]-[L] input active range start	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)				0
ustme	A103	current [OI]-[L] input active range end	0. to "[OI]-[L] input active range end current" (%)	20	l.	-	0
cy adju	A104	current	"[OI]-[L] input active range start current" to 100. (%)	100	0.	×	0
ednen	A105	[OI]-[L] input start frequency enable	00 (external start frequency), 01 (0 Hz)	00)	×	0
rnal fre	A111	[O2]-[L] input active range start frequency	-400. to -100., -99.9 to 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	0	×	0
Exte	A112	[O2]-[L] input active range end frequency	-400. to -100., -99.9 to 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	10	×	0
	A113	[O2]-[L] input active range start voltage	-100. to 02 end-frequency rate (%)	-10	0.	×	0
	A114	[O2]-[L] input active range end voltage	"02 start-frequency rate" to 100. (%)	100	0.	×	0
ation and eration	A131	Acceleration curve constants setting	01 (smallest swelling) to 10 (largest swelling)	02	2	×	0
Acceler decek	A132	Deceleration curve constants setting	01 (smallest swelling) to 10 (largest swelling)	02	2	×	0
iency	A141	Operation-target frequency selection 1	00 (digital operator), 01 (keypad potentiometer), 02 (input via O), 03 (input via OI), 04 (external communication), 05 (option 1), 06 (option 2), 07 (pulse-string frequency input)	02	2	×	0
rget frequ	A142	Operation-target frequency selection 2	00 (digital operator), 01 (keypad potentiometer), 02 (input via O), 03 (input via OI), 04 (external communication), 05 (option 1), 06 (option 2), 07 (pulse-string frequency input)	03	3	×	0
tion-ta	A143	Operator selection	00 (addition: A141 + A142), 01 (subtraction: A141 - A142), 02 (multiplication: A141 x A142)	00)	×	0
berat	A145	Frequency to be added	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.0	10	×	0
Ö	A146	Sign of the frequency to be added	00 (frequency command + A145), 01 (frequency command - A145)	00)	×	0
р	A150	EL-S-curve acceleration ratio 1	0. to 50. (%)	25	i.	×	×
ion an	A151	EL-S-curve acceleration ratio 2	0. to 50. (%)	25	i.	×	×
selerat leceler	A152	EL-S-curve deceleration ratio 1	0. to 50. (%)	25	i.	×	×
Acc	A153	EL-S-curve deceleration ratio 2	0. to 50. (%)	25	i.	×	×
Щ_		valid only when the OPF-SR is co	<u> </u>			1	

^{*1} This setting is valid only when the OPE-SR is connected.

	Codo	Function name	Manitored data or catting	Default	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FFFUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
ping	b001	Selection of restart mode	00 (tripping), 01 (starting with 0 Hz), 02 (starting with matching frequency), 03 (tripping after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency), 04 (restarting with active matching frequency)	00	×	0
Electronic thermal function Restart after instantaneous power failure or tripping	b002	Allowable under-voltage power failure time	0.3 to 25.0 (s)	1.0	×	0
nre c	b003	Retry wait time before motor restart	0.3 to 100.0 (s)	1.0	×	0
wer fail	b004	Instantaneous power failure/under-voltage trip alarm enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling), 02 (disabling during stopping and decelerating to stop)	00	×	0
od sno	b005	Number of restarts on power failure/under-voltage trip events	00 (16 times), 01 (unlimited)	00	×	0
anec	b006	Phase loss detection enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)	00	×	0
tant	b007	Restart frequency threshold	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	0.00	×	0
after inst	b008	Selection of retry after tripping	00 (tripping), 01 (starting with 0 Hz), 02 (starting with matching frequency), 03 (tripping after deceleration and stopping with matching frequency), 04 (restarting with active matching frequency)	00	×	0
tart	b009	Selection of retry after undervoltage	00 (16 times), 01 (unlimited)	00	×	0
Rest	b010	Selection of retry count after overvoltage or overcurrent	1 to 3 (times)	3	×	0
	b011	Retry wait time after tripping	0.3 to 100.0 (s)	1.0	×	0
	b012	Electronic thermal setting (calculated within the inverter from current output)	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.00 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter	×	0
	b212	Electronic thermal setting (calculated within the inverter from current output), 2nd motor	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.00 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter	×	0
	b312	Electronic thermal setting (calculated within the inverter from current output), 3rd motor	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.00 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter	×	0
ectronic thermal function	b013	Electronic thermal characteristic	00 (reduced-torque characteristic), 01 (constant-torque characteristic), 02 (free setting)	01	×	0
	b213	Electronic thermal characteristic, 2nd motor	00 (reduced-torque characteristic), 01 (constant-torque characteristic), 02 (free setting)	01	×	0
	b313	Electronic thermal characteristic, 3rd motor	00 (reduced-torque characteristic), 01 (constant-torque characteristic), 02 (free setting)	01	×	0
	b015	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1)	0. to 400. (Hz)	0.	×	0
Ele	b016	Free setting, electronic thermal current (1)	0.0 to rated current (A)	0.0	×	0
	b017	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2)	0. to 400. (Hz)	0.	×	0
Electronic them	b018	Free setting, electronic thermal current (2)	0.0 to rated current (A)	0.0	×	0
	b019	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3)	0. to 400. (Hz)	0.	×	0
	b020	Free setting, electronic thermal current (3)	0.0 to rated current (A)	0.0	×	0
	b021	Overload restriction operation mode	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling during acceleration and deceleration), 02 (enabling during constant speed), 03 (enabling during acceleration and constant speed (increasing the speed during regeneration))	01	×	0
straint	b022	Overload restriction setting	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter x 1.20	×	0
ent re	b023	Deceleration rate at overload restriction	0.10 to 30.00 (s)	1.00	×	0
overcurr	b024	Overload restriction operation mode (2)	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling during acceleration and deceleration), 02 (enabling during constant speed), 03 (enabling during acceleration and constant speed (increasing the speed during regeneration))	01	×	0
and r	b025	Overload restriction setting (2)	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter x 1.20	×	0
triction	b026	Deceleration rate at overload restriction (2)	0.10 to 30.00 (s)	1.00	×	0
Overload restriction and overcurrent restraint	b027	Overcurrent suppression enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)	01	×	0
erloac	b028	Active frequency matching, scan start frequency	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated current of inverter	×	0
õ	b029	Active frequency matching, scan-time constant	0.10 to 30.00 (s)	0.50	×	0
	b030	Active frequency matching, restart frequency select	00 (frequency at the last shutoff), 01 (maximum frequency), 02 (set frequency)	00	×	0
Software lock	b031	Software lock mode selection	00 (disabling change of data other than "b031" when SFT is on), 01 (disabling change of data other than "b031" and frequency settings when SFT is on), 02 (disabling change of data other than "b031"), 03 (disabling change of data other than "b031" and frequency settings), 10 (enabling data changes during operation)	01	×	0

	Codo	Function name	Monitored data as action	D	efault	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	b034	Run/power-on warning time	0. to 9999. (0 to 99990), 1000 to 6553 (100000 to 655300) (hr)		0.	×	0
•	b035	Rotational direction restriction	00 (enabling both forward and reverse rotations), 01 (enabling only forward rotation), 02 (enabling only reverse rotation)		00	×	×
ars	b036	Reduced voltage start selection	0 (minimum reduced voltage start time) to 255 (maximum reduced voltage start time)		6	×	0
Others	b037	Function code display restriction	00 (full display), 01 (function-specific display), 02 (user setting), 03 (data comparison display), 04 (basic display)		04	×	0
	b038	Initial-screen selection	00 (screen displayed when the STR key was pressed last), 01 (d001), 02 (d002), 03 (d003), 04 (d007), 05 (F001)		01	×	0
	b039	Automatic user-parameter setting function enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)	00		×	0
	b040	Torque limit selection	00 (quadrant-specific setting), 01 (switching by terminal), 02 (analog input), 03 (option 1), 04 (option 2)		00	×	0
	b041	Torque limit (1) (forward-driving in 4-quadrant mode)	0. to 150. (%), no (disabling torque limitation)		120.	×	0
Torque limitation	b042	Torque limit (2) (reverse-regenerating in 4-quadrant mode)	0. to 150. (%), no (disabling torque limitation)	120.		×	0
rdne li	b043	Torque limit (3) (reverse-driving in 4-quadrant mode)	0. to 150. (%), no (disabling torque limitation)		120.	×	0
건	b044	Torque limit (4) (forward-regenerating in 4-quadrant mode)	0. to 150. (%), no (disabling torque limitation)		120.	×	0
	b045	Torque limit LADSTOP enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)		00	×	0
	b046	Reverse Run protection enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)	00		×	0
wer	b050	Controller deceleration and stop on power loss	00 (disabling), 01 (nonstop deceleration to stop), 02 (DC voltage constant control, with resume), 03 (without resume)	00		×	×
tary po	b051	DC bus voltage trigger level during power loss	0.0 to 999.9, 1000. (V)	220.0/440.0		×	×
Non-stop operation at momentary power failure	b052	Over-voltage threshold during power loss	0.0 to 999.9, 1000. (V)	360.0/720.0		×	×
on at n failure	b053	Deceleration time setting during power loss	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 3600. (s)	1.00		×	×
operati	b054	Initial output frequency decrease during power loss	0.00 to 10.00 (Hz)	0.00		×	×
-stop (b055	Proportional gain setting for nonstop operation at power loss	0.00 to 2.55	(0.20	0	0
No	b056	Integral time setting for nonstop operation at power loss	0.000 to 9.999 /10.00 to 65.53 (s)	С	.100	0	0
	b060	Maximum-limit level of window comparators O	0. to 100. (lower limit : b061 + b062 *2) (%)		100	0	0
	b061	Minimum-limit level of window comparators O	0. to 100. (lower limit : b060 - b062 * 2) (%)		0	0	0
	b062	Hysteresis width of window comparators O	0. to 10. (lower limit : (b060 - b061) / 2) (%)		0	0	0
	b063	Maximum-limit level of window comparators OI	0. to 100. (lower limit : b064 + b065 *2) (%)		100	0	0
ator	b064	Minimum-limit level of window comparators OI	0. to 100. (lower limit : b063 - b065 *2) (%)		0	0	0
comparator	b065	Hysteresis width of window comparators OI	0. to 10. (lower limit : (b063 - b064)/ 2) (%)		0	0	0
Window o	b066	Maximum-limit level of window comparators OI	-100. to 100. (lower limit : b067 + b068* 2) (%)		100	0	0
Wir	b067	Minimum-limit level of window comparators O/OI/O2	-100. to 100. (lower limit : b066 - b068 * 2) (%)	-	100	0	0
	b068	Hysteresis width of window comparators O/OI/O2	0. to 10. (lower limit : (b066 - b067) / 2) (%)		0	0	0
	b070	Operation level at O disconnection	0. to 100. (%) or "no" (ignore)		no	×	0
	b071	Operation level at OI disconnection	0. to 100. (%) or "no" (ignore)		no	×	0
	b072	Operation level at O2 disconnection	-100. to 100. (%) or "no" (ignore)		no	×	0

(Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	De	fault	Setting during operation	Change during operation
,	Jouc	T dilotor hame	Monkoed data of setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	(allowed or not)	(allowed or not)
	b078	Cumulative input power data clearance	Clearance by setting "01" and pressing the STR key		00	0	0
	b079	Cumulative input power display gain setting	1. to 1000.		1.	0	0
	b082	Start frequency adjustment	0.10 to 9.99 (Hz)	0	.50	×	0
	b083	Carrier frequency setting	0.5 to 12.0 (kHz) (subject to derating)		3.0	×	×
	b084	Initialization mode (parameters or trip history)	00 (clearing the trip history), 01 (initializing the data), 02 (clearing the trip history and initializing the data)	1	00	×	×
	b085	Country code for initialization	01 (EU)/02(USA)	01	02	×	×
	b086	Frequency scaling conversion factor	0.1 to 99.9		1.0	0	0
	b087	STOP key enable	00 (enabling), 01 (disabling), 02 (disabling only the function to stop)		00	×	0
Others	b088	Restart mode after FRS	00 (starting with 0 Hz), 01 (starting with matching frequency), 02 (starting with active matching frequency)	00		×	0
	b089	Automatic carrier frequency reduction	00: invalid, 01: valid	00		×	×
	b090	Dynamic braking usage ratio	0.0 to 100.0 (%)		0.0	×	0
	b091	Stop mode selection	00 (deceleration until stop), 01 (free-run stop)		00	×	0
	b092	Cooling fan control	00 (always operating the fan), 01 (operating the fan only during inverter operation <including 5="" after="" and="" minutes="" power-off="" power-on="">)</including>	1	00	×	0
	b095	Dynamic braking control	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling <disabling is="" motor="" the="" topped="" while="">), 02 (enabling <enabling also="" is="" motor="" the="" topped="" while="">)</enabling></disabling>		00	×	0
	b096	Dynamic braking activation level	330 to 380,660 to 760(V)	360	0/720	×	0
	b098	Thermistor for thermal protection control	00 (disabling the thermistor), 01 (enabling the thermistor with PTC), 02 (enabling the thermistor with NTC)	00		×	0
	b099	Thermal protection level setting	0. to 9999. (Ω)	3000.		×	0
	b100	Free-setting V/f frequency (1)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (2)" (Hz)	0.		×	×
	b101	Free-setting V/f voltage (1)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)	(0.0	×	×
	b102	Free-setting V/f frequency (2)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (3)" (Hz)		0.	×	×
ristic	b103	Free-setting V/f voltage (2)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)	(0.0	×	×
acte	b104	Free-setting V/f frequency (3)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (4)" (Hz)	0.		×	×
Free setting of V/f characteristic	b105	Free-setting V/f voltage (3)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)	0.0		×	×
ν/f σ	b106	Free-setting V/f frequency (4)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (5)" (Hz)		0.	×	×
) of	b107	Free-setting V/f voltage (4)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)	(0.0	×	×
tting	b108	Free-setting V/f frequency (5)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (6)" (Hz)		0.	×	×
e se	b109	Free-setting V/f voltage (5)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)		0.0	×	×
Fre	b110	Free-setting V/f frequency (6)	0. to "free-setting V/f frequency (7)" (Hz)		0.	×	×
	b111	Free-setting V/f voltage (6)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)		0.0	×	×
	b112	Free-setting V/f frequency (7)	0. to 400.		0.	×	×
\vdash	b113	Free-setting V/f voltage (7)	0.0 to 800.0 (V)		0.0	×	×
	b120	Brake Control Enable	00 (disabling), 01 (enabling)		00	×	0
	b121	Brake Wait Time for Release	0.00 to 5.00 (s)		.00	×	0
	b122	Brake Wait Time for Acceleration	0.00 to 5.00 (s)		.00	×	0
	b123	Brake Wait Time for Stopping	0.00 to 5.00 (s)		.00	×	0
	b124 b125	Brake Wait Time for Confirmation Brake Release Frequency Setting	0.00 to 5.00 (s) 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)		.00	×	0
	h126	Setting Brake Release Current Setting	0.0 to 1.50 v "roted ourront"	Datad a:	ant of inverter	×	0
S.	b126 b127	Braking frequency	0.0 to 1.50 x "rated current" 0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)		ont of inverter	×	0
Others	b130	Overvoltage suppression enable	0.00 (disabling the restraint), 01 (controlled deceleration), 02 (enabling acceleration)		00	×	0
	b131	Overvoltage suppression level	330 to 390 (V) (200 V class model), 660 to 780 (V) (400 V class model)	380/760		×	0
	b132	Acceleration and deceleration rate at overvoltage suppression	0.10 to 30.00 (s)	1.00		×	0
	b133	Overvoltage suppression propotional gain	0.00 to 2.55	0.50		0	0
	b134	Overvoltage suppression Integral time	0.000 to 9.999 / 10.00 to 65.53 (s)	0.060		0	0

				С	Default	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	C001	Terminal [1] function (*2)	01 (RV: Reverse RUN), 02 (CF1: Multispeed 1 setting), 03 (CF2: Multispeed 2 setting), 04 (CF3: Multispeed 3 setting), 05 (CF4: Multispeed 4 setting), 06 (JG:		18 (*2)	×	0
	C002	Terminal [2] function	Jogging), 07 (DB: external DC braking), 08 (SET: Set 2nd motor data), 09 (2CH: 2-stage acceleration/deceleration), 11 (FRS: free-run stop), 12 (EXT: external		16	×	0
	C003	Terminal [3] function (*2)	trip), 13 (USP: unattended start protection), 14: (CS: commercial power source enable), 15 (SFT: software lock), 16 (AT: analog input voltage/current select), 17		06 (*2)	×	0
	C004	Terminal [4] function	(SET3: 3rd motor control), 18 (RS: reset), 20 (STA: starting by 3-wire input), 21 (STP: stopping by 3-wire input), 22 (F/R; forward/reverse switching by 3-wire		11	×	0
	C005	Terminal [5] function	input), 23 (PID: PID disable), 24 (PIDC: PID reset), 26 (CAS: control gain		09	×	0
	C006	Terminal [6] function	setting), 27 (UP: remote control UP function), 28 (DWN: remote control DOWN function), 29 (DWN: remote control data clearing), 31 (OPE: forcible operation),		03	×	0
	C007	Terminal [7] function	32 (SF1: multispeed bit 1), 33 (SF2: multispeed bit 2), 34 (SF3: multispeed bit 3),		02	×	0
Intelligent input terminals	C008	Terminal [8] function	32 (SF1: multispeed bit 1), 33 (SF2: multispeed bit 2), 34 (SF3: multispeed bit 3), 35 (SF4: multispeed bit 4), 36 (SF5: multispeed bit 5), 37 (SF6: multispeed bit 6), 38 (SF7: multispeed bit 7), 39 (OLR: overload restriction selection), 40 (TL: torque limit selection bit 1), 42 (TRQ2: torque limit selection bit 2), 43 (PPI: P/PI mode selection), 44 (BOK: braking confirmation), 45 (ORT: orientation), 46 (LAC: LAD cancellation), 47 (PCLR: clearance of position deviation), 48 (STAT: pulse train position command input enable), 50 (ADD: trigger for frequency addition [A145]), 51 (F-TM: forcible-terminal operation), 52 (ATR: permission of torque command input), 53 (KHC: cumulative power clearance), 54 (SON: servo-on), 55 (FOC: forcing), 56 (MI1: general-purpose input 1), 57 (MI2: general-purpose input 2), 58 (MI3: general-purpose input 3), 59 (MI4: general-purpose input 4), 60 (MI5: general-purpose input 7), 63 (MI8: general-purpose input 8), 65 (AHD: analog command holding), 66 (CP1: multistage position settings selection 2), 68 (CP3: multistage position settings selection 3), 69 (ORL: Zero-return timit function), 70 (ORG: Zero-return trigger function), 71 (FOT: forward drive stop), 72 (ROT: reverse drive stop), 73 (SPD: speed / position switching), 74 (PCNT: pulse counter), 75 (PCC: pulse counter) clear), no (MC): no assignment)		01	×	0
	C011	Terminal [1] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0
	C012	Terminal [2] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0
	C013	Terminal [3] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00		×	0
	C014	Terminal [4] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)			×	0
	C015	Terminal [5] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0
	C016	Terminal [6] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00	01	×	0
	C017	Terminal [7] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0
	C018	Terminal [8] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0
	C019	Terminal [FW] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)		00	×	0

^{*2} When the emergency stop function is enabled (SW1 = ON), "18" (RS) and "64" (EMR) are forcibly written to parameters "C001" and "C003", respectively. (You cannot arbitrarily write "64" to "C001".) If the SW1 signal is turned off and then turned on, "no" (no assignment) is set in parameter "C003".

		Function name		Defa	ault	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	C021	Terminal [11] function	00 (RUN: running), 01 (FA1: constant-speed reached), 02 (FA2: set	0	1	×	0
	C022	Terminal [12] function	frequency overreached), 03 (OL: overload notice advance signal (1)), 04 (OD: output deviation for PID control), 05 (AL: alarm signal), 06 (FA3: set	00)	×	0
	C023	Terminal [13] function	frequency reached), 07 (OTQ: over-torque), 08 (IP: instantaneous power	0	3	×	0
	C024	Terminal [14] function	failure), 09 (UV: undervoltage), 10 (TRQ: torque limited), 11 (RNT: operation time over), 12 (ONT: plug-in time over), 13 (THM: thermal alarm	0	7	×	0
	C025	Terminal [15] function	signal), 19 (BRK: brake release), 20 (BER: braking error), 21 (ZS: 0 Hz	40)	×	0
Intelligent output terminals	C026	Alarm relay terminal function	detection signal), 22 (DSE: speed deviation maximum), 23 (POK: positioning completed), 24 (FA4: set frequency overreached 2), 25 (FA5: set frequency reached 2), 26 (DL2: overload notice advance signal (2)), 27 (Odc: Analog O disconnection detection), 28 (OIDc: Analog OI disconnection detection), 29 (OZDc: Analog O2 disconnection detection), 31 (FBV: PID feedback comparison), 32 (NDc: communication line disconnection), 33 (LOG1: logical operation result 1), 34 (LOG2: logical operation result 2), 35 (LOG3: logical operation result 3), 36 (LOG4: logical operation result 4), 37 (LOG5: logical operation result 5), 38 (LOG6: logical operation result 6), 39 (WAC: capacitor life warning), 40 (WAF: cooling-fan speed drop), 41 (FR: starting contact signal), 42 (OHF: heat sink overheat warning), 43 (LOC: low-current indication signal), 44 (M01: general-purpose output 1), 45 (M02: general-purpose output 2), 46 (M03: general-purpose output 3), 49 (M06: general-purpose output 4), 48 (M05: general-purpose output 5), 49 (M06: general-purpose output 6), 50 (IRDY: inverter ready), 51 (FWR: forward rotation), 52 (RVR: reverse rotation), 53 (MJA: major failure), 54 (WCO2: window comparator O), 55 (WCO1: window comparator OI), 56 (WCO2: window comparator O2) (When alarm code output is selected for "CO62", functions "AC0" to "AC3" (ACn: alarm code output) are forcibly assigned to intelligent output terminals 11 to 13 or 11 to 14, respectively.)	0!	5	×	0
Di Di	C027	[FM] siginal selection	00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 02 (output torque), 03 (digital output frequency), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 08 (digital current monitoring), 09 (motor temperature), 10 (heat sink temperature), 12 (general-purpose output YAO)	00		×	0
Analog monitoring	C028	[AM] siginal selection	00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 02 (output torque), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 09 (motor temperature), 10 (heat sink temperature), 11 (output torque [signed value]), 13 (general-purpose output YA1)	0(00		0
Analc	C029	[AMI] siginal selection	00 (output frequency), 01 (output current), 02 (output torque), 04 (output voltage), 05 (input power), 06 (electronic thermal overload), 07 (LAD frequency), 09 (motor temperature), 10 (heat sink temperature), 14 (general-purpose output YA2)	0()	×	0
	C030	Digital current monitor reference value	0.20 x "rated current" to 1.50 x "rated current" (A) (Current with digital current monitor output at 1,440 Hz)	Rated currer	t of inverter	0	0
+	C031	Terminal [11] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00)	×	0
utbn	C032	Terminal [12] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00)	×	0
nt or inals	C033	Terminal [13] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC))	×	0
Intelligent output terminals	C034	Terminal [14] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00		×	0
Intel	C035	Terminal [15] active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	00)	×	0
	C036	Alarm relay active state	00 (NO) / 01 (NC)	0	1	×	0

	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	efault _FUF	Setting during operation (allowed or not)	Change during operation (allowed or not)
	C038	Low-current indication signal output mode selection	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation), 01 (output only during constant-speed operation)		01	×	0
	C039	Low-current indication signal detection level	0. 00 to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated curr	rent of inverter	0	0
	C040	Overload signal output mode	00 (output during acceleration/deceleration and constant-speed operation), 01 (output only during constant-speed operation)		01	×	0
	C041	Overload level setting	0.00 to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated curr	rent of inverter	0	0
	C042	Frequency arrival setting for accel.	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	(0.00	×	0
	C043	Frequency arrival setting for decel.	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	(0.00	×	0
s	C044	PID deviation level setting	0.0 to 100.0 (%)		3.0	×	0
al statu	C045	Frequency arrival setting for acceleration (2)	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	(0.00	×	0
termina	C046	Frequency arrival setting for deceleration (2)	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 400.0 (Hz)	(0.00	×	0
but 1	C052	Maximum PID feedback data	0.0 to 100.0 (%)	1	0.00	×	0
ont	C053	Minimum PID feedback data	0.0 to 100.0 (%)		0.0	×	0
Levels and output terminal status	C055	Over-torque (forward-driving) level setting	0. to 150. (%)		100.	×	0
Leve	C056	Over-torque (reverse regenerating) level setting	0. to 150. (%)		100.	×	0
	C057	Over-torque (reverse driving) level setting	0. to 150. (%)		100.	×	0
	C058	Over-torque (forward regenerating) level setting	0. to 150. (%)		100.	×	0
	C061	Electronic thermal warning level setting	0. to 100. (%)	80.		×	0
	C062	Alarm code output	00 (disabling), 01 (3 bits), 02 (4 bits)	00		×	0
	C063	Zero speed detection level	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 (Hz)	(0.00	×	0
	C064	Heat sink overheat warning level	0. to 200.0 (°C)	·	120.	×	0
	C071	Communication speed selection	02 (loopback test), 03 (2,400 bps), 04 (4,800 bps), 05 (9,600 bps), 06 (19,200 bps)	04		×	0
	C072	Node allocation	1. to 32.	1.		×	0
ction	C073	Communication data length selection	7 (7 bits), 8 (8 bits)	7		×	0
-fu	C074	Communication parity selection	00 (no parity), 01 (even parity), 02 (odd parity)		00	×	0
tion	C075	Communication stop bit selection	1 (1 bit), 2 (2 bits)		1	×	0
Communication function	C076	Selection of the operation after communication error	00 (tripping), 01 (tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor), 02 (ignoring errors), 03 (stopping the motor after free-running), 04 (decelerating and stopping the motor)		02	×	0
ŏ	C077	Communication timeout limit before tripping	0.00 to 99.99 (s)	(0.00	×	0
	C078	Communication wait time	0. to 1000. (ms)		0.	×	0
	C079	Communication mode selection	00(ASCII), 01(Modbus-RTU)		00	×	0
	C081	[O] input span calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553(10000 to 65530)	Facto	ry setting	0	0
ent	C082	[OI] input span calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553(10000 to 65530)	Facto	ry setting	0	0
Adjustment	C083	[O2] input span calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553(10000 to 65530)	Facto	ry setting	0	0
Adjı	C085	Thermistor input tuning	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	Facto	ry setting	0	0
	C091	Debug mode enable	(Do not change this parameter, which is intended for factory adjustment.)		00	×	×
	C101	Up/Down memory mode selection	00 (not storing the frequency data), 01 (storing the frequency data)		00	×	0
Others	C102	Reset mode selection	00 (resetting the trip when RS is on), 01 (resetting the trip when RS is off), 02 (enabling resetting only upon tripping [resetting when RS is on]), 03(resetting only trip)		00	0	0
	C103	Restart mode after reset	00 (starting with 0 Hz), 01 (starting with matching frequency), 02 (restarting with active matching frequency)		00	×	0
	C105	FM gain adjustment	50. to 200. (%)		100.	0	0
r	C106	AM gain adjustment	50. to 200. (%)		100.	0	0
Meter adjustment	C107	AMI gain adjustment	50. to 200. (%)		100.	0	0
adjt	C109	AM bias adjustment	0. to 100. (%)	0.		0	0
	C110	AMI bias adjustment	0. to 100. (%)		20.	0	0

	0 1		Monitored data or setting	De	fault	Setting during operation	Change during operation
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
Terminal	C111	Overload setting (2)	0.00 to 1.50 x "rated current" (A)	Rated curre	ent of inverter	0	0
aut	C121	[O] input zero calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65530)	Factor	y setting	0	0
Adjustment	C122	[OI] input zero calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65530)	Factor	y setting	0	0
Ad	C123	[O2] input zero calibration	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65530)	Factor	y setting	0	0
	C130	Output 11 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)	C	0.0	×	0
	C131	Output 11 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
-	C132	Output 12 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
	C133 C134	Output 12 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
-	C134	Output 13 on-delay time Output 13 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s) 0.0 to 100.0 (s)).0	×	0
-	C136	Output 14 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
-	C137	Output 14 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
•	C138	Output 15 on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)).0	×	0
•	C139	Output 15 off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)		0.0	×	0
•	C140	Output RY on-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)	C	0.0	×	0
	C141	Output RY off-delay time	0.0 to 100.0 (s)	C	0.0	×	0
	C142	Logical output signal 1 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C143	Logical output signal 1 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
ے	C144	Logical output signal 1 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	(00	×	0
functio	C145	Logical output signal 2 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
ration	C146	Logical output signal 2 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
Output terminal operation function	C147	Logical output signal 2 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	00		×	0
termin	C148	Logical output signal 3 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
Output	C149	Logical output signal 3 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	00		×	0
	C150	Logical output signal 3 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	00		×	0
	C151	Logical output signal 4 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	00		×	0
	C152	Logical output signal 4 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C153	Logical output signal 4 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	(00	×	0
	C154	Logical output signal 5 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C155	Logical output signal 5 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C156	Logical output signal 5 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	(00	×	0
	C157	Logical output signal 6 selection 1	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C158	Logical output signal 6 selection 2	Same as the settings of C021 to C026 (except those of LOG1 to LOG6)	(00	×	0
	C159	Logical output signal 6 operator selection	00 (AND), 01 (OR), 02 (XOR)	(00	×	0
	C160	Input terminal response time setting 1	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
ф	C161	Input terminal response time setting 2	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
Input terminal response	C162	Input terminal response time setting 3	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
resp	C163	Input terminal response time setting 4	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
inal	C164	Input terminal response time setting 5	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
term	C165	Input terminal response time setting 6	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
put	C166 C167	Input terminal response time setting 7	0. to 200. (×2ms) 0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
=		Input terminal response time setting					
	C168	FW	0. to 200. (×2ms)		1	×	0
Other	C169	Multistage speed/position determination time	0. to 200. (×10ms)		0	×	0

				D	efault	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	H001	Auto-tuning Setting	00 (disabling auto-tuning), 01 (auto-tuning without rotation), 02 (auto-tuning with rotation)		00	×	×
	H002	Motor data selection, 1st motor	00 (Hitachi standard data), 01 (auto-tuned data), 02 (auto-tuned data [with online auto-tuning function])		00	×	×
	H202	Motor data selection, 2nd motor	00 (Hitachi standard data), 01 (auto-tuned data), 02 (auto-tuned data [with online auto-tuning function])		00	×	×
	H003	Motor capacity, 1st motor	0.20 to 90.00 (kW) <0.20 to 160. (kW)>	Factory setting		×	×
	H203	Motor capacity, 2nd motor	0.20 to 90.00 (kW) <0.20 to 160. (kW)>	Facto	ory setting	×	×
	H004	Motor poles setting, 1st motor	2, 4, 6, 8, 10 (poles)		4	×	×
	H204	Motor poles setting, 2nd motor	2, 4, 6, 8, 10 (poles)		4	×	×
	H005	Motor speed constant, 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 80.00 (10.000 to 80.000)	1	.590	0	0
	H205	Motor speed constant, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 80.00 (10.000 to 80.000)	1.590		0	0
	H006	Motor stabilization constant, 1st motor	0. to 255.		100.	0	0
	H206	Motor stabilization constant, 2nd motor	0. to 255.		100.	0	0
	H306	Motor stabilization constant, 3rd motor	0. to 255.		100.	0	0
ants	H020	Motor constant R1, 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
onst	H220	Motor constant R1, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
Control constants	H221	Motor constant R2, 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending on motor capacity		×	×
ontr	H221	Motor constant R2, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending on motor capacity		×	×
0	H222	Motor constant L, 1st motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (mH)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H222	Motor constant L, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (mH)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H223	Motor constant lo	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (A)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H223	Motor constant lo, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (A)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H224	Motor constant J	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. (kgm²)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H224	Motor constant J, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. (kgm²)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H030	Auto constant R1, 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H230	Auto constant R1, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending of	n motor capacity	×	×
	H231	Auto constant R2, 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)	Depending on motor capacity Depending on motor capacity Depending on motor capacity		×	×
	H231	Auto constant R2. 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 65.53 (Ω)			×	×
	H232	Auto constant L, 1st motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (mH)			×	×
	H232	Auto constant L, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (mH)		n motor capacity	×	×
	H233	Auto constant Io, 1st motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (A)		n motor capacity	×	×
	H233	Auto constant lo, 2nd motor	0.01 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3 (A)		n motor capacity	×	×
	H234	Auto constant J. 1st motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. (kgm²)		n motor capacity	×	×
	H234	Auto constant J, 2nd motor	0.001 to 9.999, 10.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 999.9, 1000. to 9999. (kgm²)		n motor capacity	×	×
		I Shotant of End motor		Doponding C	tor oupdonly	l	l

(Note)<>indicate the setting range of 90 to 160kW

		Function name Monitored data as catting		Default		Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	H050	PI proportional gain for 1st motor	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	10	0.0	0	0
	H250	D PI proportional gain for 2nd motor 0.0 to 999.9, 1000.		0.0	0	0	
	H051	PI integral gain for 1st motor	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	10	0.0	0	0
	H251	PI integral gain for 2nd motor	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	10	0.0	0	0
	H052	P proportional gain setting for 1st motor	0.01 to 10.00	1.0	00	0	0
S	H252	P proportional gain setting for 2nd motor	0.01 to 10.00	1.00		0	0
tant	H060	Zero LV Imit for 1st motor	0.0 to 70.0	70.0		0	0
suos	H260	Zero LV Imit for 2nd motor	0.0 to 70.0	70.0		0	0
Control constants	H061	Zero LV starting boost current for 1st motor	0. to 50. (%)	50.		0	0
ŏ	H261	Zero LV starting boost current for 2nd motor	0. to 50. (%)	50.		0	0
	H070	Terminal selection PI proportional gain setting	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	10	0.0	0	0
	H071	Terminal selection PI integral gain setting	0.0 to 999.9, 1000.	100.0		0	0
	H072	Terminal selection P proportional gain setting	0.00 to 10.00	1.00		0	0
	H073	Gain switching time	0. to 9999. (ms)	100.		0	0

(Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	Dei	fault	Setting during operation	Change during operation
	0000	T dileden name	moments and or coming	_F/_FF	_FUF	(allowed or not)	(allowed or not)
	P001	Operation mode on expansion card 1 error	00 (tripping), 01 (continuing operation)	(00	×	0
	P002	Operation mode on expansion card 2 error	00 (tripping), 01 (continuing operation)	(00	×	0
•	P011	Encoder pulse-per-revolution (PPR) setting	128. to 9999., 1000 to 6553(10000 to 65535) (pulses)	10	24.	×	×
	P012	Control pulse setting	00 (ASR), 01 (APR), 02 (APR2), 03 (HAPR)	(00	×	×
	P013	Pulse train mode setting	00 (mode 0), 01 (mode 1), 02 (mode 2)	C	00	×	×
	P014	Home search stop position setting	0. to 4095.	(Э.	×	0
	P015	Home search speed setting	"start frequency" to "maximum frequency" (up to 120.0) (Hz)	5.	.00	×	0
_	P016	Home search direction setting	00 (forward), 01 (reverse)		00	×	×
_	P017	Home search completion range setting	0. to 9999., 1000 (10000) (pulses)		5.	×	0
_	P018	Home search completion delay time setting	0.00 to 9.99 (s)	0.00		×	0
	P019	Electronic gear set position selection	00 (feedback side), 01 (commanding side)	00		×	0
_	P020	Electronic gear ratio numerator setting	1. to 9999.	1.		0	0
_	P021	Electronic gear ratio denominator setting	1. to 9999.	1.		0	0
	P022	Feed-forward gain setting	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to 655.3	0.	.00	0	0
	P023	Position loop gain setting	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0	0.	.50	0	0
_	P024	Position bias setting	-204 (-2048.) / -999. to 2048.	(0.	0	0
_	P025	Temperature compensation thermistor enable	00 (no compensation), 01 (compensation)	C	00	×	0
	P026	Over-speed error detection level setting	0.0 to 150.0 (%)	13	5.0	×	0
	P027	Speed deviation error detection level setting	0.00 to 99.99, 100.0 to120.0 (Hz)	7.	50	×	×
	P028	Numerator of motor gear ratio	1. to 9999.	1.		×	0
s	P029	Denominator of motor gear ratio	1. to 9999.		1.	×	0
Optional functions	P031	Accel/decel time input selection	00 (digital operator), 01 (option 1), 02 (option 2), 03 (easy sequence)	00		×	×
al to	P032	Positioning command input selection	00 (digital operator), 01 (option 1), 02 (option 2)	00		×	0
Option	P033	Torque command input selection	00 (O terminal), 01 (Ol terminal), 02 (O2 terminal), 03 (digital operator)	C	00	×	×
Ĭ	P034	Torque command setting	0. to 150. (%)	(0.	0	0
	P035	Polarity selection at the torque command input via O2 terminal	00 (as indicated by the sign), 01 (depending on the operation direction)	(00	×	×
	P036	Torque bias mode	00 (disabling the mode), 01 (digital operator), 02 (input via O2 terminal)	(00	×	×
	P037	Torque bias value	-150. to +150. (%)	(Э.	0	0
	P038	Torque bias polarity selection	00 (as indicated by the sign), 01 (depending on the operation direction)	C	00	×	×
	P039	Speed limit for torque-controlled operation (forward rotation)	0.00 to "maximum frequency" (Hz)	0.	.00	0	0
	P040	Speed limit for torque-controlled operation (reverse rotation)	0.00 to "maximum frequency" (Hz)	0.	.00	0	0
	P044	DeviceNet comm watchdog timer	0.00 to 99.99 (s)	1.	.00	×	×
	P045	Inverter action on DeviceNet comm error	00 (tripping), 01 (tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor), 02 (ignoring errors), 03 (stopping the motor after free-running), 04 (decelerating and stopping the motor)	C)1	×	×
	P046	DeviceNet polled I/O: Output instance number	20, 21, 100	2	21	×	×
ŀ	P047	DeviceNet polled I/O: Input instance number	70, 71, 101	7	71	×	×
F	P048	Inverter action on DeviceNet idle mode	00 (tripping), 01 (tripping after decelerating and stopping the motor), 02 (ignoring errors), 03 (stopping the motor after free-running), 04 (decelerating and stopping the motor)	()1	×	×
	P049	DeviceNet motor poles setting for RPM	0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 (poles)		0	×	×
Ī	P055	Pulse-string frequency scale	1.0 to 50.0 (kHz)	25	5.0	×	0
	P056	Time constant of pulse-string frequency filter	0.01 to 2.00 (s)	0.	.10	×	0
Ī	P057	Pulse-string frequency bias	-100. to +100. (%)	(0.	×	0
Γ	P058	Pulse-string frequency limit	0. to 100. (%)	10	00.	×	0

				De	efault	Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting	_F/_FF	_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	P060	Multistage position setting 0	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
	P061	Multistage position setting 1	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
	P062	Multistage position setting 2	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
	P063	Multistage position setting 3	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
	P064	Multistage position setting 4	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
ıtrol	P065	Multistage position setting 5	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
Absolute position control	P066	Multistage position setting 6	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
e posit	P067	Multistage position setting 7	Position setting range reverse side to forward side (upper 4 digits including "-")		0	0	0
solut	P068	Zero-return mode selection	00(Low) / 01 (Hi1) / 02(Hi2)		00	0	0
A	P069	Zero-return direction selection	00 (FW) / 01 (RV)		00	0	0
	P070	Low-speed zero-return frequency	0.00 to 10.00 (Hz)	C	.00	0	0
	P071	High-speed zero-return frequency	0.00 to 99.99 / 100.0 to Maximum frequency setting, 1st motor (Hz)	C	.00	0	0
	P072	Position range specification (forward)	0 to +268435455 (when P012 = 02) 0 to +1073741823 (when P012 = 03) (upper 4 digits)	2684	135455	0	0
	P073	Position range specification (reverse)	-268435455 to 0 (when P012 = 02) -1073741823 to 0 (when P012 = 03) (upper 4 digits)	-268	435455	0	0
	P074	Teaching selection	00 (X00) / 01 (X01) / 02 (X02) / 03 (X03) / 04 (X04) / 05 (X05) / 06 (X06) / 07 (X07) /		00	0	0
	P100	Easy sequence user parameter U (00)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P101	Easy sequence user parameter U (01)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.		0
	P102	Easy sequence user parameter U (02)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)	0.		0	0
	P103	Easy sequence user parameter U (03)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)	0.		0	0
	P104	Easy sequence user parameter U (04)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P105	Easy sequence user parameter U (05)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)	0.		0	0
	P106	Easy sequence user parameter U (06)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)	0.		0	0
	P107	Easy sequence user parameter U (07)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)	0.		0	0
	P108	Easy sequence user parameter U (08)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P109	Easy sequence user parameter U (09)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
on	P110	Easy sequence user parameter U (10)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
uncti	P111	Easy sequence user parameter U (11)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
ence fi	P112	Easy sequence user parameter U (12)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
Easy sequence function	P113	Easy sequence user parameter U (13)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
Eas	P114	Easy sequence user parameter U (14)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P115	Easy sequence user parameter U (15)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P116	Easy sequence user parameter U (16)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P117	Easy sequence user parameter U (17)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P118	Easy sequence user parameter U (18)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P119	Easy sequence user parameter U (19)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P120	Easy sequence user parameter U (20)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P121 P122	Easy sequence user parameter U (21) Easy sequence user parameter U (22)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535) 0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P122	Easy sequence user parameter U (22)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535) 0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P124	Easy sequence user parameter U (24)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P125	Easy sequence user parameter U (25)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P126	Easy sequence user parameter U (26)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P127	Easy sequence user parameter U (27)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P128	Easy sequence user parameter U (28)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P129 P130	Easy sequence user parameter U (29)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	P130 P131	Easy sequence user parameter U (30) Easy sequence user parameter U (31)	0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535) 0. to 9999., 1000 to 6553 (10000 to 65535)		0.	0	0
	1 131	Lasy sequence user parameter 0 (31)	o. to 5555., 1555 to 5555 (15550 to 5555)		٠.		

				Default		Setting during	Change during
	Code	Function name	Monitored data or setting		_FUF	operation (allowed or not)	operation (allowed or not)
	U001	User-selected function 1	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
	U002	User-selected function 2	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
	U003	User-selected function 3	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
"	U004	User-selected function 4	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
parameters	U005	User-selected function 5	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
ame	U006	User-selected function 6	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
	U007	User-selected function 7	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
User	U008	User-selected function 8	no/d001 to P131		no	0	0
_	U009	User-selected function 9	no/d001 to P131		no	0	0
	U010	User-selected function 10	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
	U011	User-selected function 11	no/d001 to P131	no		0	0
	U012	User-selected function 12	no/d001 to P131		no	0	0

Chapter 5 Error Codes

This chapter describes the error codes of the inverter, error indications by the functions, and troubleshooting methods.

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5.2	Warning Codes 5 - 5

Chapter 5 Error Codes

5.1 Error Codes and Troubleshooting

5.1.1 Error Codes

Name	Description	Display on digital operator	
	If the motor is constrained or suddenly accelerated or decelerated, a high current will flow in the inverter and the inverter may fail. To avoid this	E0 (
Overcurrent	problem, the inverter shuts off its output and displays the error code shown on the right when it detects a current higher	E02.	
protection	than a specified level. This protective function uses a DC current detector (CT) to detect overcurrent. When a current as high as	During acceleration	E03
	about 220% of the inverter's rated output current is detected, the protective circuit operates and the inverter trips.	E840	
Overload protection (*1)	This protective function mo inverter output current, and inverter output and displays shown on the right when th electronic thermal protectic detects a motor overload. If the error occurs, the inve according to the setting of thermal function.	E05 .	
Braking resistor overload protection	When the BRD operation rathe setting of "b090", this p function shuts off the invertion displays the error code shoright.	rotective er output and	E06.]
Overvoltage protection	If the DC voltage across the terminals rises too high, and may result. To avoid this protective function shuts of output and displays the error on the right when the DC version the pand N terminals excellevel because of an increas regenerated by the motor of voltage (during operation). The inverter will trip if the Decross the P and N terminal about 400 VDC (in case of models) or about 800 VDC 400 V class models).	EOT	
EEPROM error (*2) (*3)	When an internal-EEPRON external noise or an abnorr temperature rise, the invert output and displays the erro on the right. Note: An EEPROM error m CPU error.	mal ter shuts off its or code shown	E08.

Name	Description	digual purator
Undervoltage	If the inverter input voltage drops, the control circuit of the inverter cannot function normally. Therefore, the inverter shuts off its output when the input voltage falls below a specified level. The inverter will trip if the DC voltage across the P and N terminals exceeds about 175 VDC (in case of the 200 V class models) or about 380 VDC (in case of the 400 V class models).	E IQ.
CT error	If an error occurs in the internal current detector (CT), the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code shown on the right. The inverter will trip when the CT outputs about 0.6 V or more at power-on.	E ! L
CPU error (*3)	If the internal CPU malfunctions or an error occurs in it, the inverter will shut off its output and display the error code shown on the right. Note: Reading an abnormal data from the EEPROM may result in a CPU error.	E 12.]
External trip	If an error occurs in the external equipment or device connected to the inverter, the inverter will fetch the error signal and shut off its output. (This protective function is enabled when the external trip function is enabled.)	E 13.
USP error	A USP error is indicated when the inverter power is turned on with an input operation signal remaining in the inverter. (This protective function is enabled when the USP function is enabled.)	E 140
Ground-fault protection (*3)	When the inverter power is turned on, this protective function detects the ground fault between the inverter output circuit and the motor to protect the inverter. (This function does not operate when a residual voltage remains in the motor.)	E IS.
Input overvoltage protection	This protective function determines an error if the input voltage is kept above the specification level for 100 seconds while the inverter is stopped. The inverter will trip if the DC voltage of the main circuit is kept above about 390 VDC (in case of the 200 V class models) or about 780 VDC (in case of the 400 V class models).	E 16.
Instanta- neous power failure protection	If an instantaneous power failure lasts 15 ms or more, the inverter will shut off its output. When the power failure duration is long, the inverter assumes a normal power-off. If a restart mode has been selected and an operation command remains in the inverter, the inverter will restart after the power is recovered.	E20.
Temperature error due to low cooling-fan speed	The inverter will display the error code shown on the right if the lowering of cooling-fan speed is detected at the occurrence of the temperature error described below.	E2 (
Temperature error	If the main circuit temperature rises because of a high ambient temperature or for other reasons, the inverter will shut off its output.	

СРU error.

*1 The inverter will not accept any reset command within about 10 seconds after tripping (i.e., after the protective function operates).

^{*2} The inverter will not accept any reset command after an EEPROM error occurs with error code inverter power once. If error code "E08" is displayed when the inverter power is turned on subsequently, the internal memory device may have failed or parameters may have not been stored correctly. In such cases, initialize the inverter, and then re-set the parameters.

parameters.
*3 The inverter will not accept reset commands input via the RS terminal or entered by the STOP/RESET key. Therefore, turn off the inverter power.

Chapter 5 Error Codes

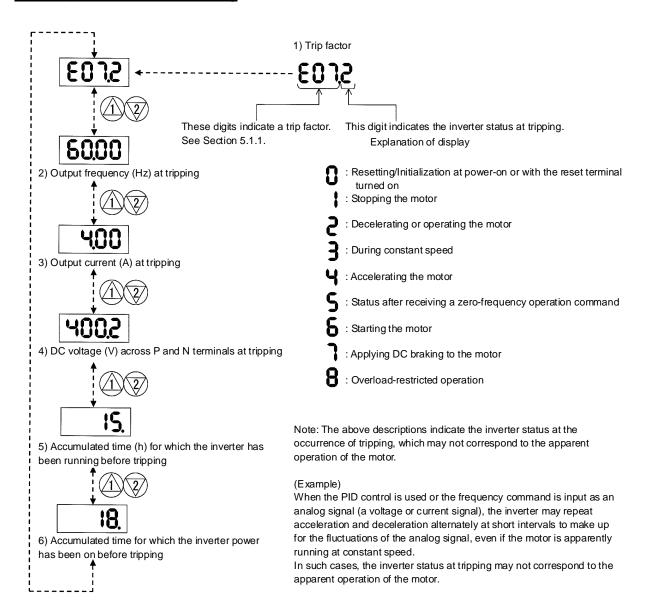
1		
Name	Description	Display on digital operator
Gate array communication error	If an error occurs in the communication between the internal CPU and gate array, the inverter will trip.	E23.
Phase loss input protection	When the phase loss input protection has been enabled (b006 = 01), the inverter will trip to avoid damage if an phase loss input is detected. The inverter trips when the phase loss input continues for about 1 second or more.	E24
Main circuit error (*4)	The inverter will trip if the gate array cannot confirm the on/off state of IGBT because of a malfunction due to noise, short or damage to the main circuit element.	E25
IGBT error	If instantaneous overcurrent occurs, the main circuit element temperature is abnormal, or the main circuit element drive power drops, the inverter will shut off its output to protect the main circuit element. (After tripping because of this protective function, the inverter cannot retry the operation.)	E30 .
Thermistor error	The inverter monitors the resistance of the thermistor (in the motor) connected to the inverter's TH terminal, and will shut off the inverter output if the motor temperature rises.	E35.
Emergency stop (*5)	If the EMR signal (on three terminals) is turned on when the slide switch (SW1) on the logic board is set to ON, the inverter hardware will shut off the inverter output and display the error code shown on the right. Malfunction due to incoming noise,in case EMR terminal is not ON.	E3 10
Low-speed overload protection	If overload occurs during the motor operation at a very low speed at 0.2 Hz or less, the electronic thermal protection circuit in the inverter will detect the overload and shut off the inverter output. (2nd electronic thermal control) (Note that a high frequency may be recorded as the error history data.)	E38 .
Modbus communica- tion error	If timeout occurs because of line disconnection during the communication in Modbus-RTU mode, the inverter will display the error code shown on the right. (The inverter will trip according to the setting of "C076".)	E4 (

Name	Description	Display on digital operator
Option 1 error	The inverter detects errors in the option board mounted in the optional slot 1. For details, refer to the instruction manual for the mounted option board.	E69 .
Option 2 error	The inverter detects errors in the option board mounted in the optional slot 1. For details, refer to the instruction manual for the mounted option board.	<u>L 10.:.:</u>
Waiting in undervoltage status	If the input voltage falls, the inverter will shut off its output, display the code shown on the right, and wait for the recovery of the input voltage. The inverter will display the same error code also during an instantaneous power failure. (remark) Inverter trips with under voltage when this status continues for 40 seconds.	
Communica- tion error	If a problem occurs in the communication between the digital operator and inverter, the inverter will display the code shown on the right.	
Waiting for retry	When the retry after instantaneous power failure or tripping has been enabled, the inverter displays the code shown on the right while awaiting retry after an instantaneous power failure or tripping.	0000
Power-off	The inverter displays the code shown on the right when the inverter power is turned off.	
Restricted operation command	When an operation direction has been restricted by the setting of "b035", the inverter will display the error code shown on the right if the operation command specifying the restricted operation direction is input.	0000
Empty trip history	If the inverter has not tripped before,the inverter displays	

^{*4} The inverter will not accept reset commands input via the RS terminal or entered by the STOP/RESET key. Therefore, turn off the inverter power.

^{*5} The inverter will not accept the reset command entered from the digital operator. Therefore, reset the inverter by turning on the RS terminal.

5.1.2 Trip conditions monitoring



5.2 Warning Codes

The following table lists the warning codes and the contents of parameter readjustments:

	e lists the warning codes and the contents of param					
Warning code	Target function code	Condition	Basic function code			
-¦001/-¦201	Frequency upper limit setting (A061/A261)	>				
<u>-</u> i002/ <u>i</u> -i202	Frequency lower limit setting (A062/A262)	>				
- 1004/ - 1204/ - 1304	Base frequency setting (A003/A203/A303) (*1)	>	Maximum frequency setting			
- 1005/ - 1205/ - 1305	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	>	(A004/A204/A304)			
-\006/ -\ 206/ -\ 306	Multispeed 1 to 15 settings (A021 to A035)	>				
H009	Home search speed setting (P015)	>				
├ <u> </u> 012/├ 212	Fequency lower limit setting (A062/A262)	>				
	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	>	Frequency upper limit setting (A061/A261)			
¦016/¦216	Multispeed 1 to 15 settings (A021 to A035)	,				
├ 019	Frequency upper limit setting (A061/A261)	> <	Home search speed setting (P015)			
<u>-</u> 021/ <u>-</u> 221		<	Fequency lower limit setting			
- 025/ <u>- </u> 225	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	<	(A062/A262)			
├{\031/ -{\231	Frequency upper limit setting (A061/A261)	<				
-1032/i-1232	Fequency lower limit setting (A062/A262)	<				
- 035/ <u>-</u> 235/ <u>-</u> 335	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	<	Start frequency adjustment (b082)			
<u>-</u> ¦036	Multispeed 1 to 15 settings (A021 to A035)	<				
- 1037	Jog frequency setting (A038)	<				
- - 085/ - 285/ - 385	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	<>	Jump (center) frequency settings 1/2/3 ± " Jump (hysteresis)			
<u> -</u> 1086	Multispeed 1 to 15 settings (A021 to A035)	<>	frequency width settings 1/2/3" A063 ± A064, A065 ± A066, A067 ± A068 (*3)			
-\091/ -\ 291	Frequency upper limit setting (A061/A261)	>				
-1092/i-1292	Fequency lower limit setting (A062/A262)	>				
<u> </u> ¦095/ <u></u> 295	Output frequency setting (F001), multispeed 0 (A202/A220/A320) (*2)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (7)			
¦ 1096	Multispeed 1 to 15 settings (A021 to A035)	>	(b112)			
_	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) to (6) (b100, b102, b104, b106, b108, b110)	>				
	Free-setting V/f frequency (2) to (6) (b102, b104, b106, b108, b110)	<	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) (b100)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) (b100)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (2)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (3) to (6) (b104, b106, b108, b110)	<	(b102)			
¦ 110	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) (2) (b100, b102)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (3)			
[_1110	Free-setting V/f frequency (4) to (6) (b106, b108, b110)	<	(b104)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) to (3) (b100, b102, b104, b110)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (4)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (5) (6) (b108, b110)	<	(b106)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) to (4) (b100, b102, b104, b106)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (5)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (6) (b110)	<	(b108)			
	Free-setting V/f frequency (1) to (5) (b100, b102, b104, b106, b108)	>	Free-setting V/f frequency (6) (b110)			
	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (2) (3) (b017/b019)	<	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) (b015)			
11	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) (b015)	>	Free setting, electronic thermal			
<u></u> ∃120	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3) (b019)	<	frequency (2) (b017)			
	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (1) (2) (b015/b017)	>	Free setting, electronic thermal frequency (3) (b019)			
T			C 41 1141 / 1C 1.1			

The inverter displays a warning code when the data set as a target function code satisfies the condition (specified in the Condition column) in relation to the data set as the corresponding basic function code.

Each parameter (target function code) is readjusted to the data set as the basic function code (by updating at the inverter start-up).

^{*1} In this case, the base frequency is rewritten at parameter readjustment. If the base frequency is updated to an inappropriate value, a motor burnout may result. Therefore, if the warning is displayed, change the current base frequency data to an appropriate value.

^{*2} These parameters are checked, even when the digital operator (02) is not specified for the frequency source setting (A001).

^{*3} The current value of the jump (center) frequency is updated to "'the current value of the jump frequency' - 'value of the Jump (hysteresis) frequency width (minimum)'".

Chapter 6 Specifications

This chapter describes the specifications and external dimensions of the inverter.

6.1	Specifications	6-2
6.2	External dimensions	6-5

Chapter 6 Specifications

6.1 Specifications

(1) Specificati	ons of t	he 20	00 V	class	mod	lel										
Model name (typ	e name)	11	0	150	1	185	2	20	300		370	45	0	550	7	'50
SJ700B-XXXLFF/LFUF		11	110		,	100		20	300		370	43	U	330		50
Max. applicable	motor															
capacity (4-pole	e) (kW)	1	1	15		18.5	2	22	30		37	45	5	55	75	
(Note 1)																
Rated capacity	200V	15	.2	20.	0	25.2	2	9.4	39.1		48.4	58.	.5	72.7	9	3.5
(kVA)	240V	18	.2	24.	1	30.3	3	5.3	46.9		58.1	70.	2	87.2	11	2.2
Rated input AC v			Three-phase (3-wire), 200 to 240 V (+10%, -15%), 50/60 Hz (±8 Three-phase (3-wire), 200 to 240 V (corresponding to the input vo													
Rated output volt						-				orrespo					1	
Rated output curr		4		58		73		35	113		140	16	_	210		270
Dynamic brak		Ir	nterna	I BRD (circuit	(externa	l discha	arge re	sistor)		Ext	ternal D	ynamic	brakin	g unit	
를 Minimum con		10	0	10		7.5	7	'.5	5				_			
	· /		•				•									
Ambient tempera storage temperat	,		10°C to 10°C (ombient) 20°C to 6°C (otomore) 20°C to 6°C (otomore)													
5)	uie(ivole		-10°C to 40°C(ambient),-20°C to 65°C(storage),20% to 90% RH(no condensation allowed)													
,humidity																
Approx. weight (k	.g)	6	6	6		14	4	17	14		22	30)	30		43
(2) Specificat	ions of	the 4	00 V	class	mo	del				•						
Model name (typ								1	1							
SJ700B-XXXHF/H		055	075	110	150	185	220	300	370	450	550	750	900	1100	1320	1600
Max. applicable n	notor															
capacity (4-pole)		5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132	160
(Note 1)									+							
Rated capacity	400V	8.3	11.0	15.2	20.0		29.7	39.4	48.4	58.8	72.7	93.5	110.8	135	159.3	200.9
(kVA)	480V	9.9	13.3	18.2	24.1		35.7	47.3	58.1	70.6	87.2	112.2	133	162.1	191.2	241.1
Rated input AC vo						e-phase			o 480 V							
Rated output voil		14	16		29	phase (3	, ·						•		220	200
Dynamic hrak	. ,	14	16	22 Inter	Internal RPD circuit						160	195	230	290		
Minimum con	ıııg		(external discharge resistor) External Dynamic braking unit									t				
Minimum con	nectable															
resistance	e (Ω)	70	70 70 35 35 24 24 20 -													
Ambient tempera																
storage temperat	ure(Note		-10°C to 45°C(ambient),-20°C to 65°C(storage),20% to 90% RH(no condensation allowed)													
5)			-10°C to 45°C (ambient),-20°C to 65°C (storage),20% to 90% RH(no condensation allowed)													
humidity	. (1)		1 _ 1			T										
Approx. weigh	ν Ο,	3.5	6	6	6	14	14	14	22	30	30	30	55	55	70	70
(3)Common sp	ecificat	ions (of 20	0 V c	lass	and 40	0 V cl	ass n	odels							
Model name (typ		055	075	110	150	185	220	300	370	450	550	750	900	1100	1320	1600
SJ700B-XXXF/F		Н	Н	L/H	L/H	l L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	Н	Н	Н	Н
Protective structu	re						IP20						<u> </u>	IP	00	
Control system	rongo	ļ							vave PV		trol					
Output frequency		\//ithi	in +∩ ()1% of	the m	naximum	Output		0.1 to 40		nut					
Frequency accura	асу	within	n ±0.2	% of m	axim	um frequ	encv fo	r diaita	l input (at 25±1	0°C)					
				ıt: 0.01		10	.,		, (- /					
Frequency setting	9					n output f										
resolution		`	(O terminal input: 12 bits/0 to +10 V, O2 terminal input: 12 bits/-10 to +10 V, OI terminal input: 12 bits/0 to													
-		+20 ı		orietio	varial	ole with th	na haca	frogue	nov cot	hotwoo	n 30 +	. 400 ⊔·	7 CODO	ant or		
Voltage/frequency	y					itrol, sens									carrier	
characteristic		frequ	iency:	3kHz k	pelow),vector o	ontrol(use op	ion SJ-l	FB)		_ 0000	. 55.01	- 0 011	(20.1101	
Rated overload c	urrent								second		/ 10 <u>mi</u> n					
Acceleration/dece	eleration					0.01 to	o 3.600	.0 sec	onds (in	linear	or curve	ed patte	rn)			·
time												a patto	<u> </u>	:		`
Starting torque		<u></u>				0.5 Hz (w						.1. (1		6 / 0.5H		
DC braking						t-up, when the actu										
DO DIANITY						it comma									icy coll	iiiaiiu,
		- · ~ y	J		,		\~.0	9.0	,	-,	10011	٠, ٥٠٠		,		

(3) Common specifications of 200 V class and 400 V class models (continued)

		ame (type	055 0	075	110	150	185	220	300	370	450	550	750	900	1100	1320	1600
		me) (XF/FF/FUF			L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	L/H	900 H	H	H	H
		Standard	Setting w	vith 🚹	and	key	/S		I	1	1			I.			
	Fre- quency setting	operator External	0 to 11	10 VDC	` 10	to 110	VDC (ii	nout im	nodan	20: 10kg	Ω), 4 to	20 m A	(input in	nnodon	00: 100	(Not	to 2)
	incy Fr	signal	0 10 +1	IO VDC), - IU	10 + 10	VDC (II	nput iii	pedani	Je. TUK	22), 4 10	20 IIIA	(III)Put III	iipeuai	. 100	22) (140)	le 2)
		External port						Settin	ıg via F	S485 c	ommun	ication					
	Start/stop command Forward/reverse command	Standard operator		Start/stop commands (forward/reverse switching by parameter setting) Forward-operation start/stop commands (reverse-operation start/stop possible when relevant commands													
	Start/stop command rward/rever command	External	Forward-operation start/stop commands (reverse-operation start/stop possible when relevant commands are assigned to intelligent input terminals) 3-wire input possible (when relevant commands are assigned to control circuit terminals)														
	Sta con orwar	signal External	3-wire inp	out pos	sible	(when	relevan						circuit t	ermina	ls)		
	Щ	port	Setting via RS485 communication														
8 terminals, NO/NC switchable, sink logic/source logic switchable [Terminal functions] Select eight of 69 functions. Reverse operation (RV), Multispeed 1 setting (CF1), Multispeed 2 setting (CF2), Multispeed 4 setting (CF4), Jogging (JG), external DC braking (DB), 2nd motor of acceleration/deceleration (2CH), free-run stop (FRS), external trip (EXT), unattend commercial power supply switching (CS), software lock (SFT), analog input switch control (SET3), reset (RS), starting by 3-wire input (STA), stopping by 3-wire input switching by 3-wire input (F/R), PID disable (PID), PID integration reset (PIDC), or (CAS), acceleration by remote control (UP), deceleration by remote control (DWN remote control (UDC), forcible operation (OPE), multispeed bit 1 (SF1), multispeed bit 3 (SF3), multispeed bit 4 (SF4), multispeed bit 5 (SF5), multispeed bit 6 (SF6), overload restriction selection (OLR), torque limit selection (enabling/disabling) (TL torque limit 2 (TRQ2), P/PI switching (PPI), LAD cancellation (LAC), trigger for from (ADD), forcible-terminal operation (F-TM), cumulative power clearance (KHC), ge (MI1), general-purpose input 2 (MI2), general-purpose input 3 (MI3), general-purpose input 5 (MI5), general-purpose input 6 (MI6), general-purpose in general-purpose input 8 (MI8), analog command holding (AHD), emergency stop(control ended s itching out (ST, control VN), da eed bit 6), mult TL), too r freque genera urpose input 7 pp(EMR	(SET), tart pro (AT), 3rd P), forw I gain sta clear 2 (SF2); ispeed eque limency ad I-purpostinput 4 (MI7), (Note	2-stage tection of motor ard/rev witching ance by multis bit 7 (S it 1 (TR dition (/ se input (MI4), 3)no	erse dy / peed F7), Q1),				
		istor input minal	1 termina	al (posit	tive te	mpera	ture coe	efficient	t/negati	ve tem	perature	coeffic	ient sw	itchable	for res	istor)	
Output	Intellig ter	ent output minals	5 open-cc 1 relay (1 [Terminal Running signal (1) over-torq time over frequency PID feedi (LOG1), I (LOG4), I cooling-fa indication output 3 (6 (M06), code 0 to	1c-conf I function (RUN) (OL), que (OT r (RNT cy overniback confidence logical logical logical an spe n signa (M03), inverte to 3 (AC	tact) of cons on the cons on the cons on the compact of the cons on the constant of the constant on th	butput to Select setant-sput devianstanta g-in timed 2 (Furision (I ration reation report (WAC), general-pur dy (IRC)	erminal six of 51 seed rea tion for neous p e over A4), se =BV), c ssult 2 (ssult 5 (F), star eral-pu pose ou bY), forv	I: NO/N I function ached (PID compower for (ONT), t frequence communication LOG2), LOG5), tring compose compo	C switcons. (FA1), sontrol ((failure (thermaency renication, logica, logica ntact sibutput 1 (M04), tation (set frequency fr	uency of arm sign dervolta signal (2 (FA5), sconnec- cion resu- cion resu- cion resu- lion resu- lion resu- reverse	verreac lal (AL), ge (UV) (THM), overloation (NI lilt 3 (LC) lilt 6 (LC) t sink ov al-purpo se outpur rotation	hed (FA set free , torque 0 Hz de ad notico DC), log 0G3), lo 0G6), ca verheat se outp ut 5 (M0 n (RVR)	(A2), over quency e limited etection e advari ical ope gical ope apacito warnin ut 2 (M (D5), ger , major	rload no reached (TRQ) signal (nce signeration reperation reperation reperation reperation reperation)	d (FA3), operadope	tion to DL2), VAC), urrent urpose utput
	_	ent monitor terminals	Analog vo	, D-F [r	n-fold	, pulse	output	only], A	, T, V, I	P) `	<i>,</i>						
M	lonitoring	on display	Output frequency, output current, output torque, frequency conversion data, trip history, input/output terminal status, electric power, and others														
	ther funct		Free V/f s accelerat energy-sa electronic analog in starting w failure, A\ operation	tion/de aving o c therm put se with red VR fun	celera opera nal fui lectio duced action,	ation action, and tion, and tion, and tion (notion) and tion (notice) and (notice) and (notice) and (notice) and (notice) and (notice) and	ccording alog m availab after tr e, overl acceler	g to cha eter ad le also ip, resta load restation/de	aracteri justme for free art afte striction ecelera	stic cur nt, start setting r instan , initial- tion, or	ve, man frequer g), exter taneous value s line/offl	iual tord ncy sett nal star power etting, a ine auto	ué boo ing, car t/end fre failure, automat	st level rier fred equenc output ic dece	quency a y/frequency of varion leration	adjustm ency rat us sign at pow	e, als, er
	arrier frecariation	uency			_		0.5	to 12 l	кНz						0.5 to	8 kHz	
Protective functions Overcurrent protection, overvoltage protection, undervoltage protection, electronic thermal protection, braking-resistor overload protection, ground-fault current detection at power-on, USP error, extermine the protection are power-on, use the protection are p									n,								

Chapter 6 Specifications

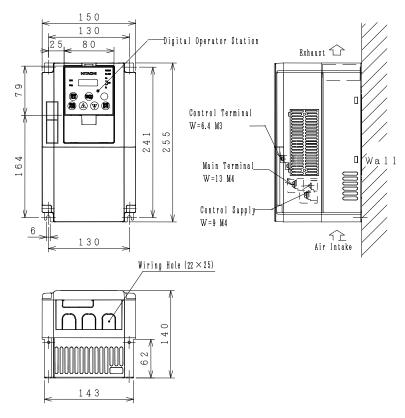
(3) Common specifications of 200 V class and 400 V class models (continued)

	Model name (type name) SJ700B-XXXF/FF/FUF		075 H	110 L/H	150 L/H	185 L/H	220 L/H	300 L/H	370 L/H	450 L/H	550 L/H	750 L/H	900 H	1100 H	1320 H	1600 H	
	Vibration tolerance (See Note 6) Installation		5.9m/s² (0.6G),10~55Hz 2.94m/s² (0.3G),10~55Hz														
Oper	Installation environment		Environment without corrosive gases and dust, at an altitude of 1,000 m or less (Note 7)														
	Coating color		Gray														
	Internal option	Zero-phase reactor,EMI filter (Class C3)															
	Parts lifespan		Smoothing capacitor : 10 years (designed lifespan)														
	<u>.</u>		Cooling fan : 10 years (designed lifespan)														
	Feedback option						Ve	ector co	ntrol wi	th sens	or						
ırds	Digital input option	4-digit BCD input, 16-bit binary input															
al boa	DeviceNet option	Option to support the open-network DeviceNet function															
Optional boards	LonWorks option	Option to support the open-network LonWorks function															
ō	Profibus-DP option	Option to support the open-network Profibus-DP function															
	Other optional components		Braking resistor, AC reactor, DC reactor, noise filter, operator cables, Harmonic-wave suppressor unit, LCF filter, analog operation panel, regenerative braking unit, controllers for various applications											it, LCR			

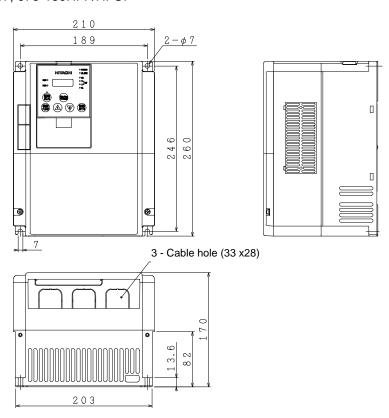
- Note 1: The vibration tolerance was tested in compliance with JIS C60068-2-6:2010 (IEC 60068-2-6:2007).
- Note 2: The insulation distance complies with the UL and CE standards.
- Note 3: The applicable motor refers to Hitachi standard 3-phase motor(4-pole).when using other motors,care must be taken to prevent the rated motor current(50/60Hz)from exceeding the rated output current of the inverter.
- Note 4: Function "64(EMR)" cannot be assigned to input terminal 3 by an operation from the operator. The function is automatically assigned to the terminal when slide switch SW1 is set to ON.
- Note 5: The storage temperature refers to the short-term temperature during transport.
- Note 6: The frequency command will equal the maximum frequency at 9.8V for input voltage 0 to 10VDC, or at 19.8mA for input current 4 to 20mA. If this characteristic is not satisfactory for your application, contact your Hitachi sales representative.
- Note 7: The analog voltage monitor and the analog current monitor are rough output values for analog meter connection. The maximum output value might shift a little by the difference of the analog output circuit than 10V or 20mA. Please inquire when there is a possibility that the inconvenience is caused.
- Note8: As for the range of the speed change, the variation range is different according to the installation situation and the characteristic and the usage condition of the motor. Please inquire about details.
- Note9: The density of air decreases by 1% whenever rising by 100m when the altitude exceeds 1000m. Therefore, it is necessary to decrease the calorific value. The calorific value of the main circuit semiconductor such as IGBT is proportional to the current and the voltage. Therefore, please decrease by 1% and use the current rating every time it rises by 100m. Please inquire about use in the high ground of 2500m or more.
- Note10: When Sensor-less vector control is selected (A044=03), you may not obtain an intended starting torque or motor may trip depending on the applied motor.
- Note11: The inverter detects IGBT error (E30) as a protection function.
 - However IGBT error (E30) is not a protection for an output short circuit, therefore there is a possibility that IGBT will get damaged.
 - Moreover overcurrent error (E01 to E04) may be detected instead of IGBT error depending on the operational condition of an inverter.

6.2 External dimensions

SJ700B-055HF

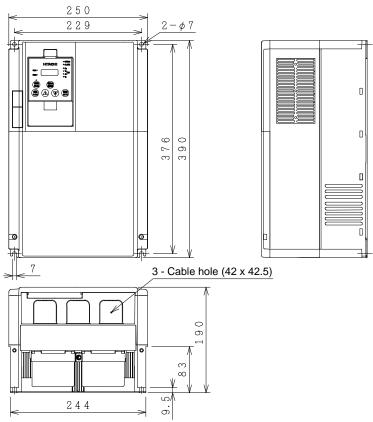


SJ700B-110-150LFF/LFUF, 075-150HFF/HFUF

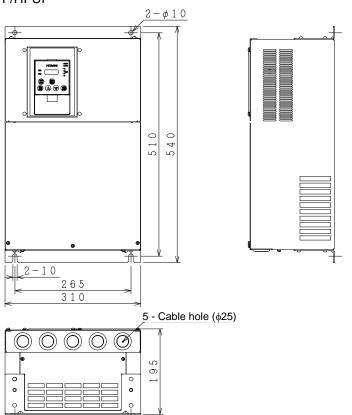


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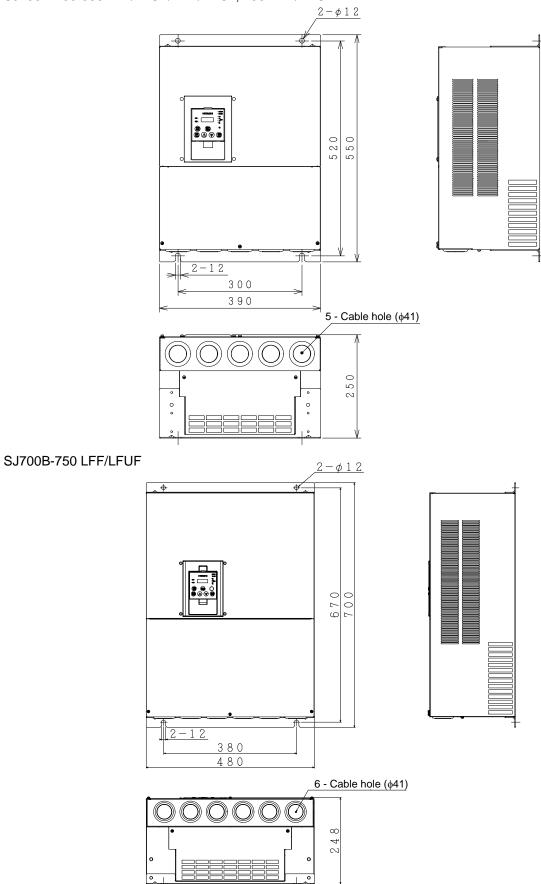
SJ700B-185 to 300 LFF/LFUF/ HFF/HFUF



SJ700B-370 LFF/LFUF/HFF/HFUF

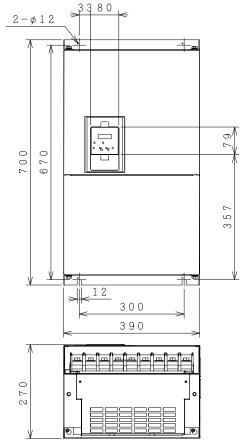


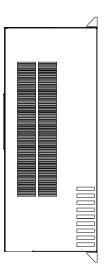
SJ700B-450-550 LFF/LFUF/HFF/HFUF, 750 HFF/HFUF



Chapter 6 Specifications

SJ700B-900 to 1100HFF/HFUF





SJ700B-1320 to 1600HFF/HFUF

