

Instruction Manual

AC SERVO MOTOR and SERVO DRIVE Series Digitax-SF







Part Number: 0478-0606-01

Issue: 1

Thank you for your purchase of the Digitax SF products. This Instruction Manual includes precautions for the product use.

- Please study this manual first and use the product properly and safely.
- Before using the product, be sure to carefully read the Safety Instructions.
- After reading this manual, please keep it for future reference.
- Product specifications are subject to change without notice in the course of product improvement.

Apr. 2019

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Before Use

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1. Safety Precautions

This manual uses the signs below to indicate serious but avoidable problems caused by misuse of the product. One is for death or serious bodily harm. The other is for bodily injury or product or equipment damage.



Identifies information about imminent hazards that will result in death or serious injury.



Identifies information about hazards that could result in injury or equipment damage.

Throughout this document, the safety precautions that users must follow are marked as follows.



The possible hazardous events are marked as follows.

| | Cautions and Dangers |
|-------------|---|
| <u></u> | Causes unexpected, unstable, or uncontrolled motion. Compromises the performance or reliability of the product. Shortens the service life of the product. |
| <u>A</u> | Electric shock hazard |
| | Burn hazard |
| | Fire hazard |
| Page | Injury hazard |
| | Failure and damage hazard |

Important safety information. Hazards. Competence of designers and installers

This guide applies to products which control electric motors either directly (drives) or indirectly (controllers, option modules and other auxiliary equipment and accessories). In all cases the hazards associated with powerful electrical drives are present, and all safety information relating to drives and associated equipment must be observed.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this guide.

Drives and controllers are intended as components for professional incorporation into complete systems. If installed incorrectly they may present a safety hazard. The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury. Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and competence. They must read this safety information and this guide carefully.

Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment is installed correctly with regard to all instructions given in this guide. They must give due consideration to the safety of the complete system, so as to avoid the risk of injury both in normal operation and in the event of a fault or of reasonably foreseeable misuse.

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation of the equipment.

Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross–sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This guide contains instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

All machinery to be supplied within the European Union in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery.

2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

Electrical Hazards

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive. Hazardous voltage may be present in any of the following locations:

- AC and DC supply cables and connections
- Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

The control terminal functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit.

The drive must be installed in accordance with the instructions given in this guide. Failure to observe the instructions could result in a fire hazard.

Stored Electrical Charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Mechanical Hazards

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive or controller which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk – forexample, an over–speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail–safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

None of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety–related functions. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards

Access to equipment

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

Environmental limits

Instructions in this guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the equipment must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. This includes temperature, humidity, contamination, shock and vibration. Equipment must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

Hazardous environments

The equipment must not be installed in a hazardous environment (i.e. a potentially explosive environment).

Motor

The safety of the motor under variable speed conditions must be ensured.

To avoid the risk of physical injury, do not exceed the maximum specified speed of the motor.

Mechanical brake control

Any brake control functions are provided to allow well co-ordinated operation of an external brake with the drive. While both hardware and software are designed to high standards of quality and robustness, they are not intended for use as safety functions, i.e. where a fault or failure would result in a risk of injury. In any application where the incorrect operation of the brake release mechanism could result in injury, independent protection devices of proven integrity must also be incorporated.

1. Before Use

1. Important Safety Instructions

Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Installation instructions for a range of EMC environments are provided in an EMC datasheet. If the installation is poorly designed or other equipment does not comply with suitable standards for EMC, the product might cause or suffer from disturbance due to electromagnetic interaction with other equipment. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the relevant EMC legislation in the place of use.

| | <u> </u> | |
|--------------|---|-----------------|
| Sign | Precautionary Measures | If Not Observed |
| Installation | and Wiring | |
| | Never connect the motor directly to the AC mains power supply. | |
| | Do not place any flammable items near the motor or drive. | |
| | Protect the drive with a protective enclosure and ensure the clearance between the drive, the enclosure and other devices is as specified in this manual | |
| | Install the product in a place free from dust, water or oil splash. | |
| | Mount the motors and drives on metallic or other noncombustible materials. | |
| | All wiring work must be performed by certified electricians. | <u>A</u> |
| | Ground the FG terminals of motor and drives. | 4 |
| | Isolate the drive from the power supplies before attempting any wiring. Wiring must be performed correctly | A A |
| | Ensure that cable connections are tight. The current-carrying conductors must be insulated. | |
| Operations | 5 | |
| | Never touch the inside of the drive. | |
| | Be careful not to damage the cables. Do not apply excessive force to them or place heavy objects on top of them. Do not let any part of cables become pinched or twisted. | <u>A</u> |
| | Never touch the rotating component of the motor during operation. | |
| | Do not use the product where it may be subjected to water, corrosive atmosphere, flammable gas, or combustible materials. | |
| | Do not use the product where excessive vibration or impact load is present. | A |
| | Do not use cables soaked in water or oil. | |
| | Do not handle wiring nor operate the motor with wet hands. | 4 |
| | Do not touch the keyway if you are using a motor with a shaft-end keyway. | |
| | Do not touch the motor or drive heat sink. It becomes very hot. | |
| | Do not connect the motor directly to the AC mains supply. | |

| | <u> </u> | |
|------------|--|-----------------|
| Sign | Precautionary Measures | If Not Observed |
| Additional | Precautions | |
| | Install external emergency stop circuitry so that the operation can be stopped and the power supply can be shut down immediately in case of emergency. | |
| Maintenan | ce and Inspection | |
| | Never attempt to disassemble the product. | |
| ! | Hazardous voltages are present in the drive. Before performing any wiring or inspection of the terminal connections, allow more than 5 minutes after the power shuts off for the internal voltage to completely discharge. | <u> </u> |

| | CAUTION | |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Sign | Precautionary Measures | If Not Observed |
| Installation | and Wiring | |
| | Do not directly touch the terminal parts of any connectors | 4 |
| | Do not block the air vents. Do not allow ingress of any foreign objects to the product. | A A |
| | Keep the motor-drive pairing as specified. | |
| | Before a test run, confirm that the motor is fixed in place, check the motion while the motor is isolated from the machinery first, then install the motor in the machinery. | <u></u> |
| | Observe the mounting method and orientation as specified. | |
| | Install the product in an appropriate way suitable for its main body mass and the rated output of the product. | |
| Operations | 5 | |
| | Do not step on the product or place any heavy object on it. | |
| | Never make drastic changes during tuning, which if not observed, will result in unstable motion. | |
| | Do not come close to the machinery right after power restoration following a power outage. The machinery may restart unexpectedly at any moment. Take appropriate measures to ensure safety against an unexpected restart. | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N |
| | Do not use the product where it may be exposed to direct sunlight. | |
| | Do not apply impact load. | |
| | Never use the AC contactor installed on the main power supply-side to operate or stop the motor. | |
| | Do not use the built-in brake of the motor for regular braking purposes. It is a holding brake. | |
| | Do not use faulty, damaged motors or drives | <u>A</u> |
| | Confirm that the power supplies are within specification. | |
| | The holding brake is not a stopping device to secure the safety of the machine. The machine requires a separate stopping device to secure safety. | |
| | Upon occurrence of an alarm, remove the cause and ensure the safe condition of the equipment before resetting the alarm and restarting the machine. | <u> </u> |
| | Connect the brake control relay and the emergency stop relay in series. | |

| A CAUTION | | |
|------------------|---|--------------------|
| Sign | Precautionary Measures | If Not Observed |
| Transporta | ation and Storage | |
| _ | Do not store the product at a location subject to water or moisture, or where toxic gases or liquids are present. | |
| | Do not hold the cables or motor shafts during transportation. | |
| | When transporting the drive and motor, do not drop them or let them fall. | |
| | When the product has been stored for greater than 1.5 years, contact the supplier. | |
| | Store the product in suitable storage environment as specified in the instruction manual. | |
| Additional | Precautions | |
| | Prior to disposal of the batteries, insulate them with tape or other materia following the local laws and regulations. | l. Dispose of them |
| | When disposing of the product, treat it as industrial waste. | |
| Maintenan | ce and Inspection | |
| | Never attempt to repair the product. In the event of a failure, return the product to the supplier | |
| | The motor, heat sink of the drive, and braking resistor may become dangerously hot. Do not touch any of them with hands when power is on or for a while after power shutdown. | |
| | If the drive or motor fails, shut down both the control power supply and the main circuit power supply. | |

2. Other Considerations and Precautions

Export of this product or its applications

If the end user or application is involved in military activities or weapons, its export may be subject to export restrictions.

Ensure adequate trade compliance and legal reviews are completed and follow any required export procedures.

Follow the laws and regulations of the destination country.

Use of the product – suitable applications

This product is designed and manufactured to be used for general industrial products. Medical applications are not allowed.

Applications for special environments or purposes such as nuclear power, aerospace and transportation

Please contact the supplier in advance of use if the product is to be used in one of these environments.

Applications that could cause serious accidents or damage due to product failure

Be sure to have safety device or protection device installed before using your equipment.

Applying voltage beyond the rated voltage of the product

Doing so could result in a fire or smoke hazard. Be sure to check and confirm correct power supply levels before turning the power on. Be particularly careful in a location such as a clean room.

Operations with the motor shaft not electrically grounded

Depending on the device or installation environment, bearing noise might be increased by galvanic corrosion of the motor bearings. Perform careful check on grounding.

Operations in environment under significant influence of external noise and static electricity

This product has been designed and manufactured to pass extensive noise tests. However, there is a possibility of unexpected behavior depending on user's environment Practice a fail-safe design and take adequate measures to ensure safety within the range of machine motion.

Use of the product in a manner not rated by the manufacturer

Such use shall void the manufacturer's warranty. Do not attempt to do so.

3. Safety Standards

| | | | RoHS Compliant Not Applicable |
|---|----------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Rating | | Motor | Drive |
| | Low Voltage Directive (*1) | EN60034-1 EN60034-5 | EN61800-5-1 |
| EU/EC Directives | EMC Directive (*2) | EN61000-6-2 EN55011 Class A, Group1 | |
| | Machinery Directive | (N/A) | (N/A) |
| UL Standards (*1) | | 1004-1 1004-6 (File No.E470950) | 508C (File No.E471456) |
| CSA Standards | | C22.2 No.100 | C22.2 No.14 |
| South Korea Radio Law (KC) | | (N/A) | KN11 KN61000-6-2 |
| China Compulsory Product Certification System (CCC) | | (N/A) | |

 $[\]ast$ 1) Install the product in the environment that meets the following requirements:

- Overvoltage Category II
- Class I
- Pollution Degree 2 (Circuitry)
- *2) The test conditions for the machinery and equipment with this product installed may be different from our test conditions. Such machinery or equipment must meet the safety standards for their final configurations.



EU Declaration of Conformity

This declaration is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer

1. Name and address of the manufacturer

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Newtown Powys **SY16 3BE** UK

Registered in England and Wales. Company Reg. No. 01236886

Telephone: 00 44 1686 612300

E mail: marketing.control techniques@mail.nidec.com

Web: www.controltechniques.com

2. Object of the declaration

Digitax SF variable speed AC servo motors and motor drives

| Servo Motors | |
|---|--|
| MY500, MY101, MX201, MZ201, MX401, MZ401, MX751, MZ751, MM102, MH102, MM152, MH152, MM202 | |
| Motor Drives | |
| DA2YZ23, DA2Z123, DA21223, DA22423, DA23823, DA24A23, DA26B23, DA28C23 | |

The model numbers may be followed by other characters that do not affect the ratings.

3. The object of the declaration is in conformity with the relevant European Union harmonisation legislation.

Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive (2011/65/EU) Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU).

4. References to the relevant harmonised standards used

The servo motor and drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonised standards:

| EN 61800-5-1:2007+ A1:2017 | Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - Part 5-1: Safety requirements - Electrical, thermal and energy | |
|--|---|--|
| EN 60034-1:2010 | Rotating electrical machines - Part 1: Rating and performance | |
| EN 60034-5:2001 | Rotating electrical machines - Part 5: Degrees of protection provided by the integral design of rotating electrical machines (IP code) - Classification | |
| EN 60034-11:2004 Rotating electrical machines - Part 11: Thermal protection | | |
| EN 55011:2009+A1:2010 Industrial, scientific and medical equipment - Radio-frequency disturbance characteristics – Limits and methods of measurement | | |
| EN 61000-6-2: 2005 | Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 6-2: Generic standards - Immunity for industrial environments | |

7. Signed for and on behalf of:

Jon Holman-White

Vice President of Research and Development

Nidec Control Techniques Ltd

Date: 13th June 2019

Newtown, Powys, UK.

These electronic drive products and motors are intended to be used with controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring the drives and motors correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional installers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. Refer to the Product Documentation. An EMC data sheet is available giving detailed information. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be

4. Maintenance and Inspection



Never attempt to repair the product.



For safe use of the product, be sure to perform regular maintenance and inspection of the drive and motor.

Ensure the electrical and mechanical safety before each inspection.

This product assumes the following operating conditions.

| Ambient Temperature | Average annual temperature of 30 °C (not exceeding the rated temperature range) |
|---------------------|---|
| Load Factor | 80 % max |
| Operating Hours | 20 hours a day |

Maintenance

For safe use of the product, perform regular inspections.

Check the following before each operation:

Ambient temperature, humidity and atmosphere

No foreign objects or dust; especially ensure that nothing is blocking the vent holes

No excessive bending or damage of the wires

Power supply voltage is within the specifications

No foreign objects in moving parts of the device e.g. fan and the range of motion.

No unusual noise or smell right after the machinery starts.

Check the following at least once a year:

No loose clamp screw problems in the drive and motor.

No deformation or discoloration in the drive, motor, cables, and terminal blocks due to overheating.

No loose wiring fixings or loose terminal block screws.

2. Overview

Misuse or mishandling of the product will not only result in its sub-optimal performance, but also failure or shorter service life.

For safety and proper use of the product, please read the instruction manuals carefully.

About This Product and This Instruction Manual

- Product features and parts are subject to change without prior notice due to potential future product improvement initiatives.
- Please contact us in advance if you are to acquire safety standards certification etc. for equipment with this product installed.
- Include the following precautions in the User Guide of your Digitax SF application product:
 - This is a high-voltage product which can be hazardous.
 - Residual voltage exists at the terminals and inside the equipment (even after power shutoff), which is hazardous.
 - The product contains high temperature components.
 - It is prohibited to disassemble the product.
- For optimal service life of the Digitax SF product, use of the product under proper conditions is essential. Follow the safety precautions and instructions described in this manual.
- We always strive to include up-to-date information in the instruction manual; therefore, it is subject to change without prior notice.
- For a copy of the latest version of the instruction manual, please contact us.
- Reproducing or copying this document, in whole or in part, without prior approval of Control Techniques, is strictly prohibited.

Check Items Upon Unpacking

Please compare the actual items received with your product purchase order.

Inspect all items received for evidence of damage during transit.

Should you have any problems, please contact the supplier.

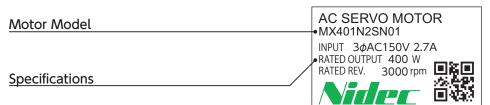
1. Product Label

Motor Label

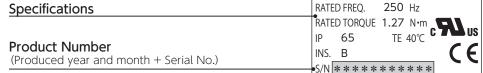
The product label is separated in two parts which are located shown in this picture.







Label 2



A product number is indicated by 11 digits.

 $S/N: \underbrace{**}_{Year} \underbrace{*}_{Month}^{*} \underbrace{********}_{Serial No.}$

Drive Label

The product label is located on the side cover of the drive.



MADE IN CHINA

Drive Model

Product Number (Produced year and month + Serial No.)

 $N: \underbrace{**}_{\mathsf{Year}} \quad \underbrace{*}_{\mathsf{Month}^{(r)}} \quad \underbrace{********}_{\mathsf{Serial No.}}$

Specifications



^{*)} About indication of "the month".

[&]quot;1"=Jan., \cdots "9"=Sep., "X"=Oct., "Y"=Nov., and "Z" = Dec.

2. Overview

2. Danger Signs

NO IMPACT/NO DISASSEMBLY LABEL



Do not remove the encoder cover. Never attempt to repair or replace the encoder.

Any shock applied to the encoder cover may cause encoder failure.

Do not apply strong impact to the motor or its shaft

HOT SURFACE WARNING



Do not touch the product during operation or for a sufficient period of time afterwards, or you may get burned from the heat.



ELECTRIC SHOCK WARNING



Do not touch the drive during operation and within 5 minutes after the power has been isolated, or you may get injured.

DANGER · CAUTION



Incorrect use of the drive may cause injury or damage. Avoid misuse or improper handling of the drive, or injury may result

FG (PROTECTIVE FRAME GROUND/EARTH) SYMBOL



Be sure to perform grounding with the screw located at this sign.



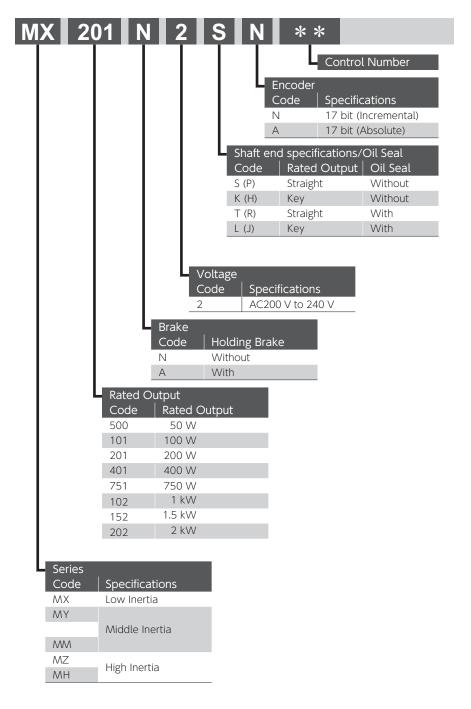
| 1. Before Use | |
|---------------|------|
| 2. Overview | |
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| | MEMO |
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2 Specifications

| 1. Motor 2 |
|-------------------|
| 1. Models |
| 2. Names of parts |
| 3. Specifications |
| 100 W |
| 200 W |
| 400 W |
| 750 W |
| 1 kW |
| 1.5 kW |
| 2 kW |
| 2. Encoder |
| 1. Specifications |
| 3. Drive |
| 1. Model |
| 2. Names of parts |
| 3. Specifications |
| 4. Dimensions |

2 Specifications

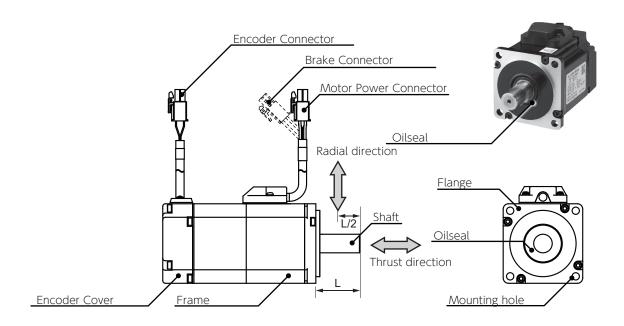
1. Models

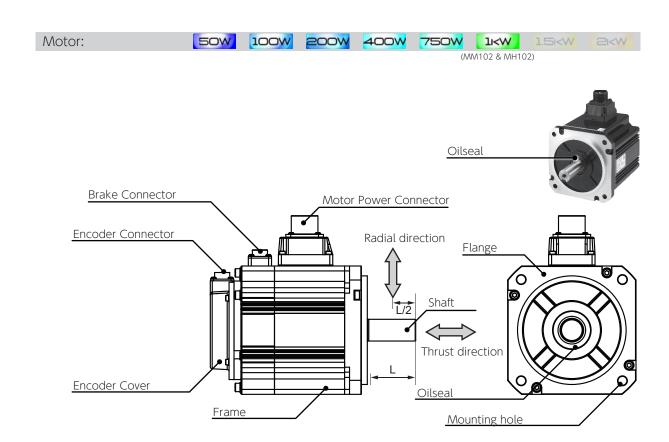




2. Names of parts







3. Specifications

| Item | Specifications |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Ambient temperature for operation | 0 to 40 ℃ |
| Ambient humidity for operation | 20 to 85 %RH (no condensation) |
| Ambient temperature for storage | – 20 to 65 $^{\circ}$ C (no condensation) (not subjected to direct sunlight) 80 $^{\circ}$ C for 72 hours |
| Ambient humidity for storage | 20 to 85 %RH (no condensation) |
| Atmosphere for operation / storage | Indoors (not subject to direct sunlight) , Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dust, flammables, grinding fluid |
| Insulation resistance | ≥ 5 M Ω at 1,000 VDC |
| Dielectric strength | AC 1500 V for one minute across the primary and Ground/Earth FG |
| Operating altitude | ≤ 1,000 m |
| Vibration class | V15 (JEC2121) |
| Vibration resistance | 49 m/s ² (5 G) |
| Impact resistance | 98 m/s ² (10 G) |
| Protective structure | IP65:50 W to 750 W IP67:1 kW to 2 kW |
| Electric shock protection | Class I (Mandatory grounding) |
| Overvoltage category | П |
| Installation environment | Pollution degree 2 |

The brake has polarity.



Lead wire color: Connection Yellow (BRK+): +24 V Blue (BRK -): GND



Incorrect wiring may result in motor failure or sub-optimal performance of the motor.

50 W











| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | Middle |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 40 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | kg | 0.4 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | v.g | 0.6 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | = | DA2YZ |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 50 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 0.16 |
| Instantaneous maximu | um torque | N·m | 0.56 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 0.68 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 2.4 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.25 |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/rpm | 8.8 |
| Datad navvar rata | Without brake | kW/s | 6.5 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 5.4 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | me | 1.92 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 2.31 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 0.74 |
| Rotor moment of Without brake | | ×10-4kg m² | 0.039 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 0.047 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 0.25 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥0.16 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 35 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 20 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 68 |
| Thrust | Ν | 58 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque O.6 O.5 O.2 O.1 Continuous operation range O.0 O.1 O.1 O.1 O.1 O.1 O.2 O.1 O.2 O.1 O.3 Speed [rpm]

(mm) Brake Without Oil Seal Without Without MY500A2T MY500N2T MY500A2S MY500N2S Motor Model MY500N2K MY500N2L MY500A2K MY500A2L LL 66.4 72.0 106.8 112.4

M4 (L≥12 mm)

2 - **\$4.5**

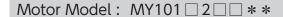
100 W









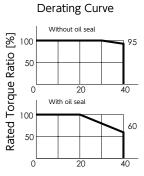


| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | Middle |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 40 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | ka | 0.5 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 0.8 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA2Z1 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 100 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 0.32 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 1.12 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 0.97 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | Α | 3.3 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving sp | eed | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.35 |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 12.3 |
| Data di a accessor sata | Without brake | 1.\ \ / / = | 16.5 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | kW/s | 14.6 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | | 1.17 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 1.32 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 0.89 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10-41 | 0.061 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 0.069 |

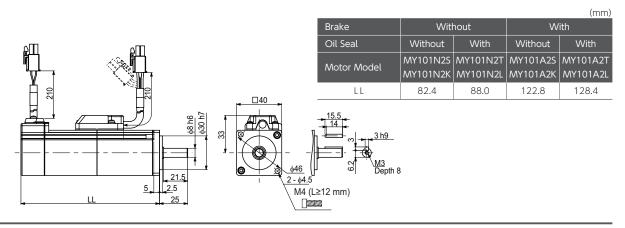
| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 0.25 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 0.32 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 35 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 20 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 68 |
| Thrust | Ν | 58 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 Instantaneous operation range 0.0 0.1 0.2 Continuous operation range 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.2 0.0 0.2 0.0 Speed [rpm]



Ambient Temperature [℃]



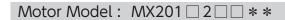
200 W









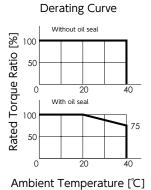


| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | _ | Low |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 60 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | ka | 0.8 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 1.3 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | _ | DA212 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 200 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 0.64 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 1.91 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 1.7 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 5.2 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.41 |
| Induced voltage consta | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 14.3 |
| Dated power rate | Without brake | kW/s | 28.2 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 23.5 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | | 0.72 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 0.87 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 2.53 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10-41 | 0.14 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 0.17 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | = | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 0.3 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 1.27 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 50 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 15 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |
| | | |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 245 |
| Thrust | Ν | 98 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 2.5 2.0 1.5 Instantaneous operation range 0.0 Continuous operation range 0.0 Speed [rpm]



9 1 2 5 h9

1 3 30

4 5 5.5

M5 (L≥12 mm)

| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MX201N | MX201A |
| LL | 76.5 | 113.0 |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual











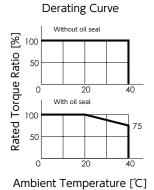
Motor Model: MZ201 ☐ 2 ☐ ☐ * *

| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | _ | High |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 60 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | le cr | 1.0 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 1.5 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA212 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 200 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 0.64 |
| Instantaneous maximum torque | | N·m | 1.91 |
| Rated current (stall current) | | А | 1.7 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 5.2 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.41 |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 14.3 |
| Datad naviar rata | Without brake | kW/s | 9.1 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 8.6 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | | 2.23 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 2.38 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 2.53 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg·m ² | 0.44 |
| inertia | With brake | vin Kå. | 0.47 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V \pm 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 0.3 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 1.27 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 50 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 15 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 245 |
| Thrust | Ν | 98 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 2.5 2.0 Torque [N·m] 1.5 Instantaneous operation range 1.0 0.5 Continuous operation range 0.0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 Speed [rpm]



| 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
|---|
|---|

| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MZ201N | MZ201A |
| LL | 93.5 | 130.0 |

Electrical time constant

Rotor moment of inertia

400 W











| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | Low |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 60 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | l. a | 1.3 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 1.8 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA224 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 400 |
| Rated torque | | N∙m | 1.27 |
| Instantaneous maximum torque | | N·m | 3.82 |
| Rated current (stall current) | | А | 2.7 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | Α | 8.5 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving sp | eed | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.49 |
| Induced voltage constant per phase | | mV/(rpm) | 17.1 |
| Datad navyar rata | Without brake | kW/s | 69.4 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 61.8 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | ms | 0.47 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 0.53 |

Motor Model: MX401 □ 2 □ □ * *

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 0.3 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 1.27 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 50 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 15 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |
| | | |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 245 |
| Thrust | Ν | 98 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 5.0 4.0 Torque [N·m] 3.0 Instantaneous operation rang 2.0 1.0 Continuous operation range 0.0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 Speed [rpm]

Without brake

With brake

Derating Curve Without oil seal Rated Torque Ratio [%] 90 0 20 With oil seal

Ambient Temperature [℃]

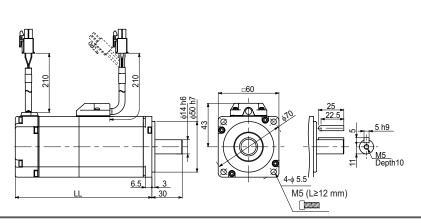
2.92

0.23

0.26

ms

 $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$



| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MX401N | MX401A |
| LL | 93.5 | 130.0 |





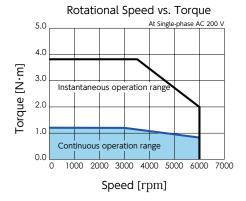


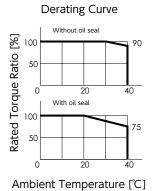
Motor Model: MZ401 □ 2 □ □ * *

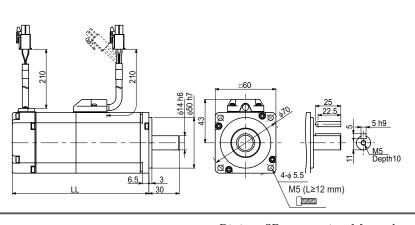
| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | High |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 60 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | kα | 1.5 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 2.0 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA224 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output Power | | W | 400 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 1.27 |
| Instantaneous maximum torque | | N·m | 3.82 |
| Rated current (stall current) | | А | 2.7 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 8.5 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.49 |
| Induced voltage consta | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 17.1 |
| Rated power rate | Without brake | kW/s | 23.0 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | NVV/5 | 22.1 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | mc | 1.42 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 1.47 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 2.92 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg·m ² | 0.71 |
| inertia | With brake | VIO KR.III | 0.73 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Usage | = | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V \pm 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 0.3 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 1.27 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 50 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 15 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 245 |
| Thrust | Ν | 98 |







| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MZ401N | MZ401A |
| LL | 110.5 | 147.0 |

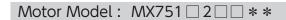
750 W







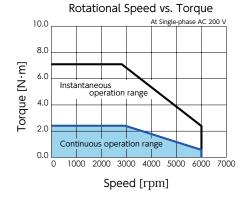


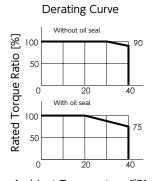


| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | _ | Low |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 80 sq. |
| | Without brake | | 2.2 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 3.0 |
| Compatible drive mod | lel | - | DA238 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 750 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 2.39 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 7.1 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 4.2 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 12.2 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.63 |
| Induced voltage consta | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 21.9 |
| Pated nower rate | Without brake | kW/s | 76.6 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 60.7 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | ms | 0.40 |
| constant | With brake | 1115 | 0.50 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 4.60 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 0.74 |
| inertia | With brake | VIO KR.III | 0.94 |

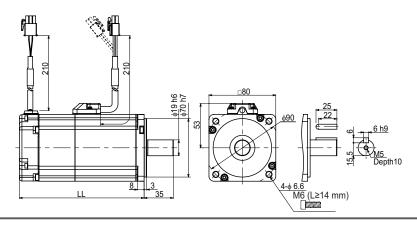
| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V \pm 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 0.4 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 2.39 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 70 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 20 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 392 |
| Thrust | Ν | 147 |





Ambient Temperature [$^{\circ}$ C]



| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MX751N | MX751A |
| LL | 107.3 | 144.3 |







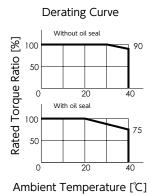
Motor Model: MZ751 □ 2 □ □ * *

| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | = | High |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 80 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | ka | 2.5 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 3.3 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA238 |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 750 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 2.39 |
| Instantaneous maximum torque | | N·m | 7.1 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 4.2 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 12.2 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Maximum revolving sp | eed | rpm | 6,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.63 |
| Induced voltage consta | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 21.9 |
| Rated power rate | Without brake | kW/s | 35.4 |
| rated power rate | With brake | NVV/5 | 31.6 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | ms | 0.86 |
| constant | With brake | 1115 | 0.96 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 4.60 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg·m ² | 1.61 |
| inertia | With brake | V 10 KB 111 | 1.81 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | = | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 0.4 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 2.39 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 70 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 20 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | N | 392 |
| Thrust | Ν | 147 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 10.0 8.0 Torque [N·m] 6.0 Instantaneous operation range 4.0 2.0 Continuous operation range 0.0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 Speed [rpm]



4-\(\phi\) 6.6 M6 (L≥14 mm)

| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MZ751N | MZ751A |
| LL | 122.3 | 159.3 |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual







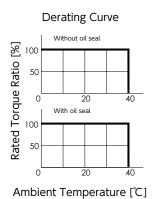
Motor Model: MM102 ☐ 2 ☐ ☐ * *

| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | Middle |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 130 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | kα | 5.6 |
| Арргохіпіате піазз | With brake | kg | 7.0 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA24A |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 1,000 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 4.77 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 14.3 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 5.6 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 16.8 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 2,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.88 |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 30.9 |
| Datad paywar rata | Without brake | kW/s | 50.0 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 36.5 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | me | 0.76 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 1.05 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 10.1 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | 10=41 | 4.56 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 6.24 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 1.0 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 9.55 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 120 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 30 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | N | 490 |
| Thrust | Ν | 196 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque At AC 200 V Three-phase 12.0 9.0 Instantaneous operation range 0.0 Continuous operation range 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 Speed [rpm]



KB2
KB3
KB1

A130

A145

A15

A141

B h9

M8(L≥18 mm)

(mm)

| | (mm) | | |
|-------------|---------|--------|--|
| Brake | Without | With | |
| Motor Model | MM102N | MM102A | |
| LL | 128.0 | 153.0 | |
| LM | 97.0 | 122.0 | |
| LR | 55.0 | | |
| KB1 | 57.5 | | |
| KB2 | 116.0 | 141.0 | |
| KB3 | - | 102.8 | |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual

1. Motor







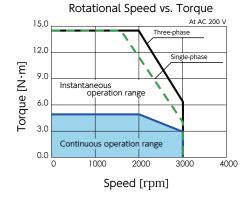


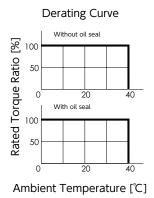


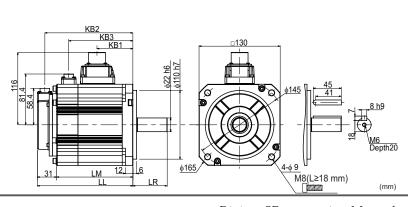
| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | - | High |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 130 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | 1 | 7.6 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 9.0 |
| Compatible drive mo | del | _ | DA24A |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 1,000 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 4.77 |
| Instantaneous maxim | um torque | N·m | 14.3 |
| Rated current (stall cu | urrent) | А | 5.6 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 16.8 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 2,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.88 |
| Induced voltage cons | tant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 30.9 |
| Datad payer rata | Without brake | kW/s | 9.2 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 8.6 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | me | 4.17 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 4.43 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 10.1 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10-4kg m² | 24.9 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 26.4 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | _ | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 1.0 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 9.55 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 120 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 30 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 490 |
| Thrust | Ν | 196 |







| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MH102N | MH102A |
| LL | 163.0 | 188.0 |
| LM | 132.0 | 157.0 |
| LR | 70 | 0.0 |
| KB1 | 92 | 2.5 |
| KB2 | 151.0 | 176.0 |
| KB3 | - | 137.8 |

1. Motor

1.5 kW







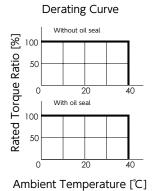
Motor Model: MM152 ☐ 2 ☐ ☐ * *

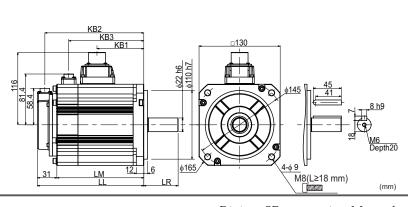
| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | = | Middle |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 130 sq. |
| Annrovimato mass | Without brake | l. a | 7.0 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 8.4 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA26B |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 1,500 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 7.16 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 21.5 |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 9.0 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 27 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 2,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Torque constant | Torque constant | | 0.81 |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 28.4 |
| Rated power rate | Without brake | kW//s | 76.9 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 61.4 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | ms | 0.60 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 0.75 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 12.2 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg. m ² | 6.67 |
| inertia | With brake | $\times 10^{-4} \text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$ | 8.35 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | = | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 1.0 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 9.55 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 120 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 30 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 490 |
| Thrust | Ν | 196 |

Rotational Speed vs. Torque 25.0 20.0 Torque [N·m] Instantaneous operation range 10.0 5.0 Continuous operation range 0.0 1000 2000 3000 4000 Speed [rpm]





| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MM152N | MM152A |
| LL | 145.5 | 170.5 |
| LM | 114.5 | 139.5 |
| LR | 55.0 | |
| KB1 | 75 | 5.0 |
| KB2 | 133.5 | 158.5 |
| KB3 | - | 120.3 |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual

1. Motor







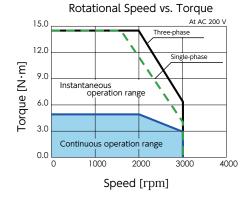


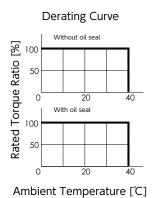
Motor Model: MH152 ☐ 2 ☐ ☐ * *

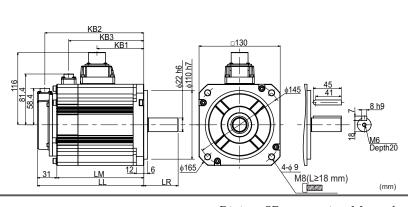
| Item | | Unit | Specifications |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| Rotor inertia | | _ | High |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 130 sq. |
| Approximate mass | Without brake | ka | 9.0 |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 10.4 |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA26B |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V |
| Rated output power | | W | 1,500 |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 7.16 |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 21.5 |
| Rated current (stall current) | | А | 9.0 |
| Instantaneous maximum current | | А | 27 |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 2,000 |
| Maximum revolving speed | | rpm | 3,000 |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.81 |
| Induced voltage consta | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 28.4 |
| Pated nower rate | Without brake | kW/s | 13.8 |
| Rated power rate | With brake | KVV/S | 13.3 |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | | 3.32 |
| constant | With brake | ms | 3.46 |
| Electrical time constant | | ms | 12.2 |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg·m ² | 37.12 |
| inertia | With brake | VIO KB.III. | 38.65 |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|----------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V ± 10 % |
| Rated current | А | 1.0 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 9.55 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 120 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 30 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | Ν | 490 |
| Thrust | Ν | 196 |







| | | (mm) |
|-------------|---------|--------|
| Brake | Without | With |
| Motor Model | MH152N | MH152A |
| LL | 180.5 | 205.5 |
| LM | 149.5 | 174.5 |
| LR | 70 | 0.0 |
| KB1 | 110 | 0.0 |
| KB2 | 168.5 | 19.35 |
| KB3 | - | 155.3 |

2 kW





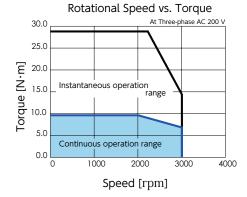


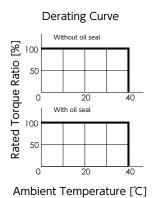
Motor Model: MM202 ☐ 2 ☐ ☐ * *

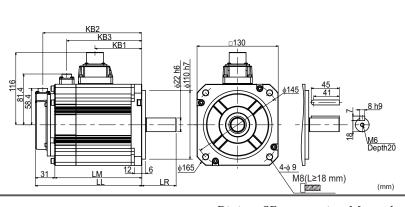
| Item | | Unit | Specifications | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Rotor inertia | | - | Middle | |
| Fitting flange size | | mm | 130 sq. | |
| A = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = | Without brake | 1 | 8.4 | |
| Approximate mass | With brake | kg | 9.8 | |
| Compatible drive mod | del | - | DA28C | |
| Voltage | | V | AC200 V to 240 V | |
| Rated output power | | W | 2,000 | |
| Rated torque | | N·m | 9.55 | |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım torque | N·m | 28.6 | |
| Rated current (stall cu | rrent) | А | 11.9 | |
| Instantaneous maximu | ım current | А | 35.7 | |
| Rated revolving speed | | rpm | 2,000 | |
| Maximum revolving sp | eed | rpm | 3,000 | |
| Torque constant | | N·m/A | 0.85 | |
| Induced voltage const | ant per phase | mV/(rpm) | 29.6 | |
| Rated power rate | Without brake | kW/s | 104.9 | |
| Rated power rate | With brake | NVV/5 | 87.9 | |
| Mechanical time | Without brake | ms | 0.58 | |
| constant | With brake | 1115 | 0.69 | |
| Electrical time constar | nt | ms | 12.2 | |
| Rotor moment of | Without brake | ×10 ⁻⁴ kg·m ² | 8.70 | |
| inertia | With brake | ^ 10 kg·III | 10.38 | |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|------------------------|------|--------------------|
| Usage | - | Holding |
| Rated voltage | V | DC 24 V \pm 10 % |
| Rated current | Α | 1.0 |
| Static friction torque | N·m | ≥ 9.55 |
| Engage time | ms | ≤ 120 |
| Release time | ms | ≤ 30 |
| Release voltage | V | ≥ DC 1 V |

| Item | Unit | Specifications |
|--------|------|----------------|
| Radial | N | 490 |
| Thrust | Ν | 196 |







| | | (mm) | |
|-------------|---------|--------|--|
| Brake | Without | With | |
| Motor Model | MM202N | MM202A | |
| LL | 163.0 | 188.0 | |
| LM | 132.0 | 157.0 | |
| LR | 55.0 | | |
| KB1 | 92 | 2.5 | |
| KB2 | 151.0 | 176.0 | |
| KB3 | - | 137.8 | |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual

2. Encoder

1. Specifications

| Item | | | Specifications | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Motor model | | | M2_N** | M2_A** | |
| Resolution | | | Incremental 17 bit | Absolute 17 bit | |
| Environmental | Ambient operating tem | perature | 0 to | 85 ℃ | |
| requirements | External disturbance ma | agnetic field | ±2 mT (20 | G) or below | |
| | Dower supply | Voltage | DC 4.5 to 5.5 V (Power supply ripple ≤ 5 %) | | |
| | Power supply | Current consumption | 160 mA typ. (Not including inrush current) | | |
| | External battery | Voltage | = | DC 2.4 to 4.2V | |
| Electrical | External battery | Current consumption | - | 10 μ A typ. (*1) | |
| specifications | Multi-turn count | | = | 65,536 counts | |
| | Maximum revolving spe | ed | 6,000 rpm | | |
| | Count-up direction | | CCW (*2) | | |
| | Input/output type | | Differential | | |
| Communication | Transmission method | | Half-duplex asynchronous serial communication | | |
| specification | Communication speed | | 2.5 Mbps | | |

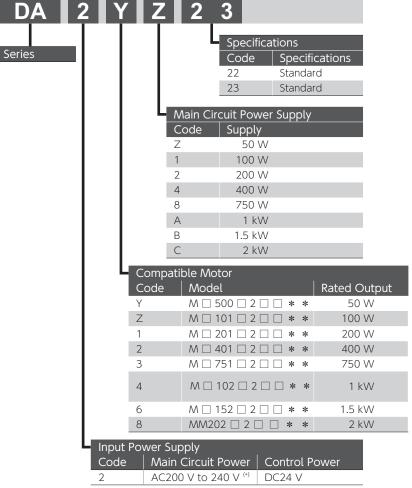
- *1) Measurement conditions room temperature, the motor not in motion, battery voltage of 3.6 V.
- *2) CCW when viewed from the load side shaft end.



Precautions

Using the motor with rotations of 180 degrees or less will reduce the encoder's rotational accuracy. For a motor equipped with a brake, follow the brake voltage and polarity specifications. If the brake voltage is less than 12 V or the polarity is reversed, the encoder's rotational accuracy will be reduced due to changes in the magnetic field around the encoder.

1. Model



(*) Single- or Three-phase option depends on compatible motor.

50 W to 750 W: Single-phase 1 kW : Single-phase / Three-phase 1.5 kW, 2 kW : Three-phase

Drive / Motor Combinations

| Drive | Motor | Motor Rated Output Power |
|---------|--|--------------------------|
| DA2YZ23 | MY500 □ 2 □□** | 50 W |
| DA2Z123 | MY101 🗆 2 🗆 🗆 * * | 100 W |
| DA21223 | MX201 □ 2 □□**, MZ201 □ 2 □□** | 200 W |
| DA22423 | MX401 □ 2 □□**, MZ401 □ 2 □□** | 400 W |
| DA23823 | MX751 □ 2 □□**, MZ751 □ 2 □□** | 750 W |
| DA24A23 | MM102 \(\tau \) 2 \(\tau \) * * MH102 \(\tau \) 2 \(\tau \) * * | 1 kW |
| DA26B23 | MM152 □ 2 □□**, MH152 □ 2 □□** | 1.5 kW |
| DA28C23 | MM202 \(\tau \) 2 \(\tau \) * * | 2 kW |



Use a motor and the drive in a correct combination.



3. Drive

2. Names of parts

Drive: 50W 100W 200W 400W 750W 1kW 15kW 2kW

Mounting holes

ø 5.5 (one location)

The recommended screw: M5x12 mm, with spring washer

Setting panel

Used for parameter setting, tuning, and status display

Motor power connector

UVW: Motor power output

B1 B2: Braking resistor connection

Main power connection

L1 L2: Single-phase AC200 V input

Ground/Earth FG(Protective earth) terminal

Two terminals:

M4x8 mm screw with spring washer

CN3 PC communication connector

Used for parameter settings, tuning, and status display in the dedicated software "Digitax SF Connect"

CN1 User I/O connector

Control power input, Command input, Parallel I/O, and ABZ output

CN2 Encoder connector

Encoder connection

Mounting notch

Ø 5.5 (one location) The recommended screw: M5x12 mm with spring washer

Hazardous voltage display LED

This will be lit while there is residual hazardous voltage inside the drive.

Drive: 50W 100W 200W 400W 750W 1KW 15KW 2KW

Mounting holes

ø 5.5 (one location)

The recommended screw: M5 \times 12 mm, with spring washer

Setting panel

Used for parameter setting, tuning, and status display

Motor power connector

UVW: Motor power output

Main power connection

B1 B2: Braking resistor connection

L1 L2: Single-phase AC200 V input

Hazardous voltage display LED

This will be lit while there is residual hazardous voltage inside the drive.

Ground/Earth FG(Protective earth) terminal

Two terminals:

M4x8 mm screw with spring washer

CN3 PC communication connector

Used for parameter settings, tuning, and status display in the dedicated software "Digitax SF Connect"

CN1 User I/O connector

Control power input, Command input, Parallel I/O, and ABZ output

CN2 Encoder connector

Encoder connection

Mounting notch

Ø 5.5 (one location)
The recommended screw:

M5x12 mm with spring washer

Drive: 50W 100W 200W 400W 750W 1KW 15KW 2KW

Mounting holes

ø 5.5 (two locations)

The recommended screw: M5x12 mm and 8 mm, with spring washer

Setting panel

Used for parameter setting, tuning, and status display

Motor power connector

UVW: Motor power output

Main power connection

B1 B2: Braking resistor connection L1 L2 L3: Single-phase AC200 V

Hazardous voltage display LED

This will be lit while there is residual hazardous voltage inside the drive.

<u>Ground/Earth FG(Protective</u> earth) terminal

Two terminals: M4x8 mm screw with spring washer

CN3 PC communication connector

Used for parameter settings, tuning, and status display in the dedicated software "Digitax SF Connect"

CN1 User I/O connector

Control power input, Command input, Parallel I/O, and ABZ output

CN2 Encoder connector

Encoder connection

Mounting notch

5.5 (one location)The recommended screw: M5x12 mm with spring washer



3. Drive

3. Specifications

Basic Specifications

| Item | | Specific | ations | | | | | | | 1 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Model | | DA2YZ | DA2Z1 | DA212 | DA224 | DA238 | DA24 | 4A | DA26B | DA28C |
| Compatible I | Motor | M□500 | M□101 | M□201 | M□401 | M□751 | M | | M□152 | MM202 |
| External dime | ensions | | | (See | "Dimensior | ns" beginni | ng on page | e 31.) | | |
| Weight (kg) | | | 0 | .7 | | 0.8 | 1 | .0 | 1 | .6 |
| | Main circuit power | | | ase AC200 0 % 50 / | V to 240 60 Hz | V | Three- | | 200 V to 2- 50 / 60 H | |
| | Control power (*2) | | | | D | C24V ±10 | % | | | |
| Input power | Input current (Arms typ) | 0.8 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 7.2 | | hase : 9.7 hase : 5.1 | 6.1 | 9.0 |
| | Control power | | 170 | | 210 | 260 | | | 350 | |
| | Current Consumption (mA Typ.) | | | | (Inrush c | current app | orox.1.4 A) | | | |
| Control type | | | | Three- | phase PW | M inverter | sine-wave | driven | | |
| Output | Rated current (A) | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 4.3 | | 5.6 | 9.9 | 12.2 |
| Rating | Output frequencies (Hz) | | | 0 to | 500 | | | | 0 to 250 | |
| Encoder feed | lback | 17 bit single-turn absolute (The product can function as a multi-turn absolute type when batteries are added.) | | | | | | | | |
| Control | Input | 8-point (24 VDC system, opto-coupler input insulation) inputs whose functions are switched by the control mode | | | | | | | | |
| signal | Output | 8-point (24 VDC system, open-collector output insulation) outputs whose functions are switched by the control mode | | | | | | | | |
| Analog signal | Input | Single en | ded (±10 | V) input w | hose funct | ions can b | e switched | d by the co | ontrol mod | е |
| Dulso signal | Input | RS-422 differential Open-collector | | | | | | | | |
| Pulse signal | Output | Encoder feedback pulse (A-/B-/Z-phase), RS-422 differential output Z-phase pulse through open-collector as well | | | | | | | | |
| Communication function | | USB: connection to PC with "Digitax SF Connect" installed RS-485: host remote control communication (multi-drop compatible) | | | | | | | | |
| Drive status display function | | Drive status display function 6 digits of seven-segment display on Setup Panel Normal/Error display on STATUS LED Green light when Power ON Normal, Red light when Power ON Error, Dim when Power OFF | | | | | | | | |
| Regeneration | function | A brakir | ng resistor | may be in | stalled exte | ernally (*3) | | | | |
| Control mode | | Position Control, Velocity Control, Torque Control | | | | | | | | |

Environmental Specification

| Item | | Specifications | |
|---------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Ambient | For operation | 0 to 50 ℃ ^(*5) | |
| temperature | For storage | −20 to 65 °C | |
| Ambient | For operation | 20 to 85 % RH (no condensation) | |
| humidity | For storage | 25 to 65 % Kit (no condensation) | |
| Atmosphere fo storage | or operation and | Indoors (not subject to direct sunlight) , Free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dust, flammables, grinding fluid | |
| Altitude | | ≤ 1,000 m | |
| Vibration | | ≤ 5.8 m/s² (0.6 G) 10 to 60 Hz (no continuous operation allowed at resonant frequency) | |
| Dielectric strength | | AC 1,500 V for one minute across the primary and Ground/Earth FG | |
| Electric shock protection | | Class I (mandatory grounding) | |
| Overvoltage category | | п | |
| Installation environment | | Pollution degree 2 | |

3. Drive

Functions Specifications

Position Control Mode

| Ite | m | Specifications |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | Cantual innut | Servo ON, alarm reset, command input inhibit, emergency stop, position error counter clear, 2- |
| | Control input | stage torque limit, CCW/CW run inhibit (limit switch input), ABS data demand, homing start |
| P | Control output | Alarm status, servo status, servo ready, under torque limit, brake release, positioning complete, motion complete, alarm, emergency stop brake release, ABS data transmitting, homing complete |
| Pulse Input | Maximum command pulse frequency | RS-422 differential : 4 Mpps Open-collector : 200 kpps |
| - | Input pulse signal form (*6) | Pulse + Direction, A-/B-phase quadrature encoder pulse, CW + CCW pulse |
| | Command pulse-paired ratio | ratio A/B 1/1,000 < A/B < 1,000 Setting range A: 1 to 65,535 B: 1 to 65,535 |
| Inte | Control input | Servo ON, alarm reset, position error counter clear, motion start point selection 16, home position sensor input, homing start |
| Internal Position | Control output | Alarm status, servo status, servo ready, under torque limit, brake release, homing complete, motion complete |
| tion | Operation mode | Point table, communication operation |
| Sm | oothing filter | FIR Filter |
| Dai | mping control | Enabled |

Velocity Control Mode

| Ite | m | Specifications |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|
| Analog | Control input | Servo ON, alarm reset, command input inhibit (zero torque command), 2-stage torque limit, CCW/CW run limit switch inputs. |
| llog Velocity | Control output | Alarm status, servo status, servo ready, under torque limit, brake release |
| ocity | Speed command input | Input voltage -10 V to +10 V (max speed is reached at $\pm 10 \text{ V}$) |
| Internal Velocity | Control input | Servo ON, alarm reset, start 1 (CCW), start 2 (CW), 8-stage speed command 2-stage torque limit |
| Velocity | Control output | Alarm status, servo status, servo ready, under torque limit, brake release |
| Smoothing filter | | IIR Filter, FIR Filter |

| Iter | n | Specifications |
|-----------|----------------------|--|
| Ana | Control input | Servo ON, alarm reset, command input inhibit (zero clamp command) 2-stage torque limit, CCW/CW run inhibit (limit switch inputs) |
| nalog Tor | Control output | Alarm status, servo status, servo ready, under torque limit, brake release |
| Torque | Torque command input | Input voltage, $-$ 10 V to +10 V (max speed is reached at \pm 10 V) |
| Smo | oothing filter | IIR Filter |

Common Features

| Item | | Specifications | | |
|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Speed observer | | Available | | |
| Auto-tuning | | Available | | |
| Encoder output Division /Multiplication | | Available | | |
| Tuning & Func | tion Setup | Available through the Digitax SF setup software "Digitax SF Connect" Tuning with the setup panel on the drive front side | | |
| By hardware Protective | | Overvoltage, low voltage, Overcurrent, Abnormal temperature, Overload, Encoder error | | |
| functions By software | | Overspeed, Position error too high, Parameter errors | | |
| Alarm Log | | Can be referenced with the setup software Digitax SF Connect | | |

3. Drive

Notice

*1) In the Drive DA24A $\square\square$ (1 kW), single-phase can be used as the AC Supply source. To use single-phase 200 to 240 VAC, connect it to the primary circuit L1 and L3 power connectors.

| Ite | em | Specifications | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Drive Model | | DA24A22, DA24A23 | | | | |
| Compatible Mo | otor | 1 <₩ M □ 102 □ 2 □□ **) | | | | |
| Voltage Range | | Three-phase 200 to 240 VAC \pm 10 % 50/60 Hz | Single-phase 200 to 240 VAC $\pm10~\%$ 50/60 Hz | | | |
| AC Supply | Input Current | Rated at 4.5 A (200 VAC input) Rated at 3.8 A (230 VAC input) Up to approximately 13 A | Rated at 8.6 A (200 VAC input) Rated at 7.3 A (230 VAC input) Up to approximately 23 A | | | |

*2) Use SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage/Non-Hazardous Voltage) power supply with reinforced isolation from hazardous voltage. As a countermeasure against drive failure, install overcurrent protection or use power output capacity of no higher than 100 W.

The current consumption values in the table assume that no I/O signals except the Servo-On signal are connected. Current consumption by all I/O signals in use must be added up.

If multiple drives are to share control power, select a power source that will support the total inrush current of all connected drives.

*3) Braking resistor values do not guarantee optimal performance. If the generated heat becomes too high, increase the resistance value or select a resistor whose allowable power is large enough. Whether or not a braking resistor installation is necessary can be checked on the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect

3 Preparation5 Setting Parameters

*4) Digitax SF drives are equipped with a software–based emergency stop braking function to stop the equipment. This emergency stop braking function does not necessarily work in case of disconnection from control power such as drive failure and power outage.

An external citcuit is required. Please perform thorough testing before actual use.

Preparation

*5) When mounting drives in an enclosure such as a protection case, install a cooling device, or maintain required clearance around it so that ambient temperature will not rise above the specified temperature.

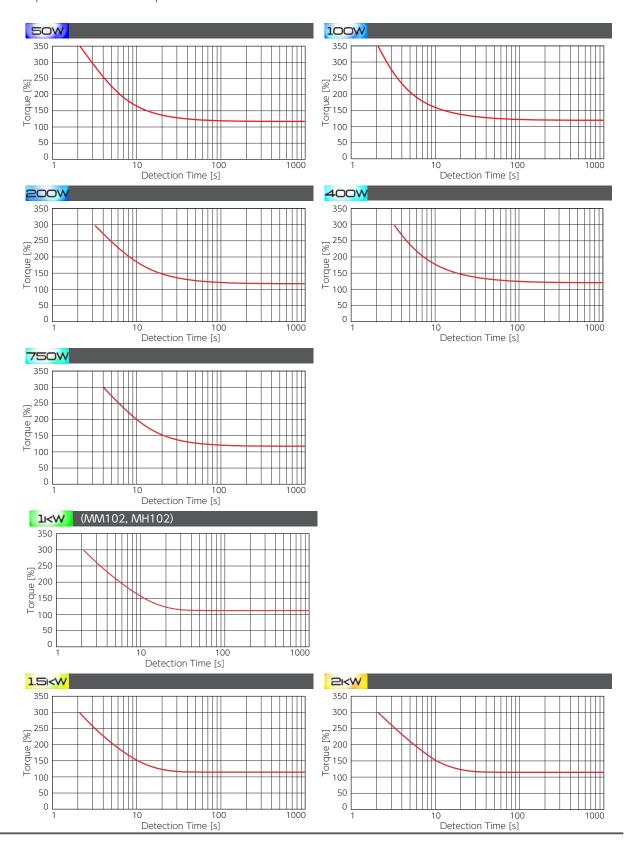
Preparation

*6) The minimum time interval varies depending on input format.

(Connections

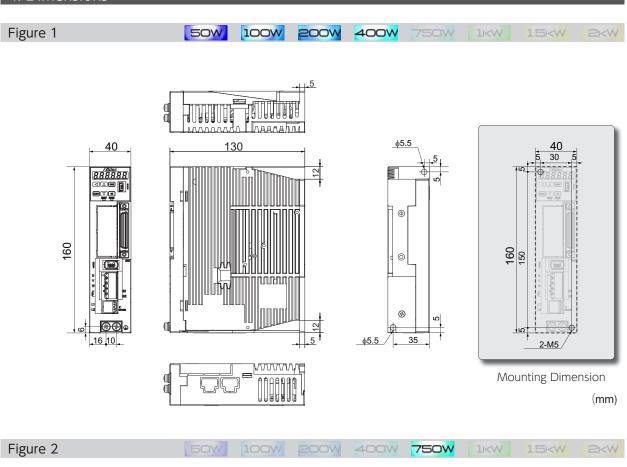
Overload Detection Feature

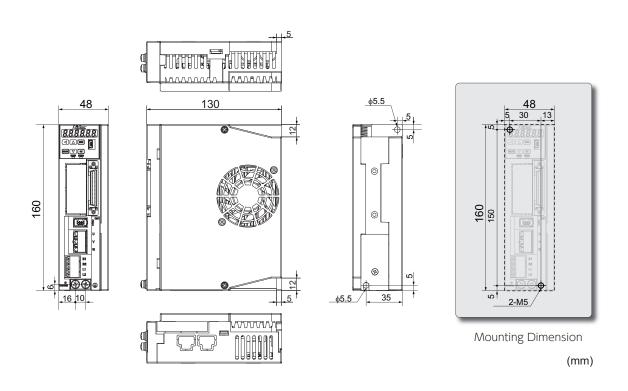
3. Drive

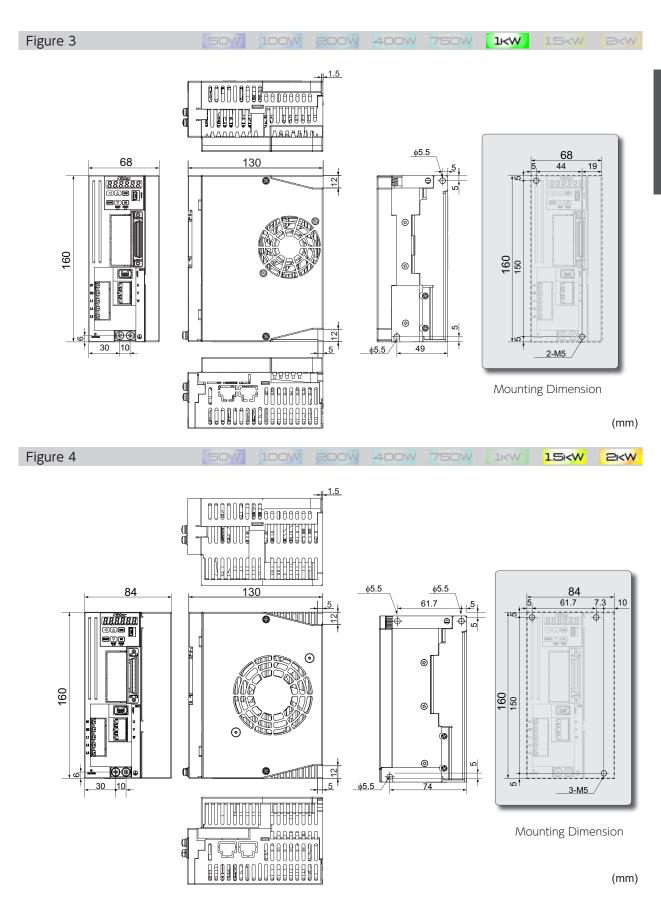


Digitax SF Instruction Manual

4. Dimensions







53 Preparation

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Installation and Operating Environment



Ensure that the environment for installation and operation meet the requirements specified in this document.



Should you use the product in conditions different from the specifications, please contact us.

- Do not install the product where it could be directly exposed to direct sunlight.
- Be sure to install each drive inside a control panel.
- Install the product in an environment free from humidity and ingress of water and oil such as cutting oil and oil mist.
- Never use the product in an environment containing explosive or flammable gases, chloride, acidic or alkaline corrosive environment such as sulfur dioxide, chlorine, ammonia and so on.
- Use the product in an environment free from dust, iron dust, and chips.
- Do not use the product near locations exposed to high temperatures, continuous vibrations, or excessive shock.

Precautions

- The control power and the host control device must share one power supply (24 VDC).
- When performing maintenance, be sure to isolate all power supplies beforehand.
- Be aware of the residual voltage in the drive remaining for 5 minutes after the main power shut off. The drive of 750 W or more has a cooling fan on the right side.

 Do not touch or block the air vent of the drive. Do not place objects which would block the air vent.

Dust-proof and Waterproof



Drives are not waterproof.



The protective enclosure rating of motors depends on the rated output.

50 W to 1 kW : IP65
1 kW to 2 kW : IP67
(except for the shaft output component and the connectors)

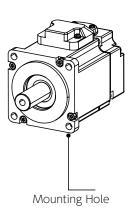
1. Installation

1. Motor Installation



Do not use any other screws but those in the recommended sizes.





| Motor Mounting Screws | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Motor Model | Mounting Hole Diameter | Recommended Size | | | | | |
| MM500, MY500 MM101, MY101 | 2- Ø 4.5 | M4 × 12 mm or more Hexagon socket head bolt | | | | | |
| MA201, MH201, MX201, MZ201 MA401, MH401, MX401, MZ401 | 4- ø 5.5 | M5 × 12 mm or more Hexagon socket head bolt | | | | | |
| MA751, MH751, MX751, MZ751 | 4- Ø 6.6 | M6 × 14 mm or more Hexagon socket head bolt | | | | | |
| MM102, MH102, MM152, MH152, MM202 | 4- Ø 9 | M8 × 18 mm or more Hexagon socket head bolt | | | | | |

Installation Precautions

Never remove the encoder from the motor or disassemble the motor.

The motor shaft has anti-rust oil applied at the time of shipment. Before installing the motor, wipe off the oil completely Perform precise axis alignments. Otherwise, the motor operation will cause vibration or result in shorter service life of the motor.

Shock and Impact Force

When transporting, installing or removing the motor, do not apply excessive impact force or load.

Do not hold the encoder unit, cables, or connectors when carrying the motor.

Shock resistance of the motor is 200 m/s² (20 g) or less.

During installation or operation, radial load or axial load applied to each motor has to be within the withstand rating. When attaching a coupling to the motor shaft end or removing it, avoid direct impact by a tool such as hammer.

To remove the pulley, coupling, or any other parts from the shaft, use a puller.

1. Installation

1. Installation

Connection with Machines

Use a coupling to absorb angle and direction deviations so that the motor shaft load will be less than the rated allowable axial load.

Otherwise, the bearing life in the motor will be shorter, or the shaft may become damaged.

If you are using a rigid coupling, install it very carefully such that the axial misalignment will be minimal. (Using a flexible coupling is recommended.)

Countermeasure for Oil and Water

Do not use any cable immersed in water or oil.

Install the motor such that the cable side is facing downward.

Do not use the motor in an environment where it will be constantly subjected to oil or water splash.

In the case that a speed reducer is to be connected to a motor and it is to be located above the motor shaft, use an oil-sealed motor so that no oil from the speed reducer permeates into the motor.

Types of Mounting and Oil Seal

Digitax SF motors can be mounted in two different ways, horizontally and vertically. Observe the following precautions for motor installation.

Horizontal Installation

To protect the motor from oil or water, have the cable-pull side downward.

Vertical Installation

If a speed reducer is connected to a motor such that it will be located above the motor shaft, use an oil-sealed motor so that no oil from the speed reducer permeates into the motor.

Stress to the Cables

Be careful not to apply stress, such as excessive bending or motor weight, to the cable-pull part or its connecting section.

If the the motor is attached to mounting machinery, be sure to use a flexible cable.

When placing the cable in a cableveyor, minimize the bending stress to the cable.

Bending radii of the motor power cable must be more than R20 mm.

1. Installation

2. Drive Installation



Do not turn on the AC Supply or the control power until all wiring work is completed.

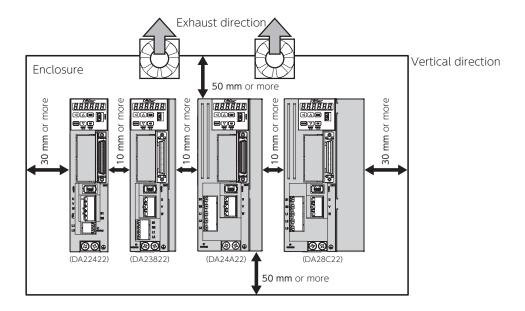


Mounting Orientation and Clearance



When installing drives, maintain required clearances for protective enclosures and control panels for heat dissipation and air flow.





- Install all drives vertically. Use M5 screws at two locations to mount 50 W to 750 W drives and three locations to mount 1 kW to 2 kW drives.

2 Specifications: Drive Dimensions

- If you are mounting the drive into an enclosure such as protective casing, use a fan or air conditioner so that the ambient temperature inside will not exceed 50 $^{\circ}$ C.
- The temperature of the heat sink at its surface may become 30 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (or more) higher than the ambient temperature.
- Use heat resistant wiring materials and keep drives away from heat-sensitive equipment and wiring.
- The service life of each drive depends on the ambient temperatures of the internal electrolytic capacitor. Electrolytic capacitors last approximately 5 to 6 years under the conditions of 30 °C annual average temperature, 80 % load factor, and 20 hours or less average daily operation.

Mounting Drives



Be sure to mount each $drive\ \mbox{on}\ a$ conductive surface such as aluminum brushed plate.

Hook the U-shaped installation notch of the drive to the bolt that has been screwed in advance.



Tighten the mounting screws on the drive top.



Loosely screw all drives to the chassis first, and then securely tighten them all together. (Tightening torque: 1.4 to 1.6 N·m)



DANGER



Be mindful when wiring and handling high voltage materials



Earth / Ground connection is a must.

Ensure the incoming supply to the power supply providing the control 24V supply is from the same source as the AC Supply

Do not use the AC supply contactor (installed on the AC Supply side) to run or stop the motor.



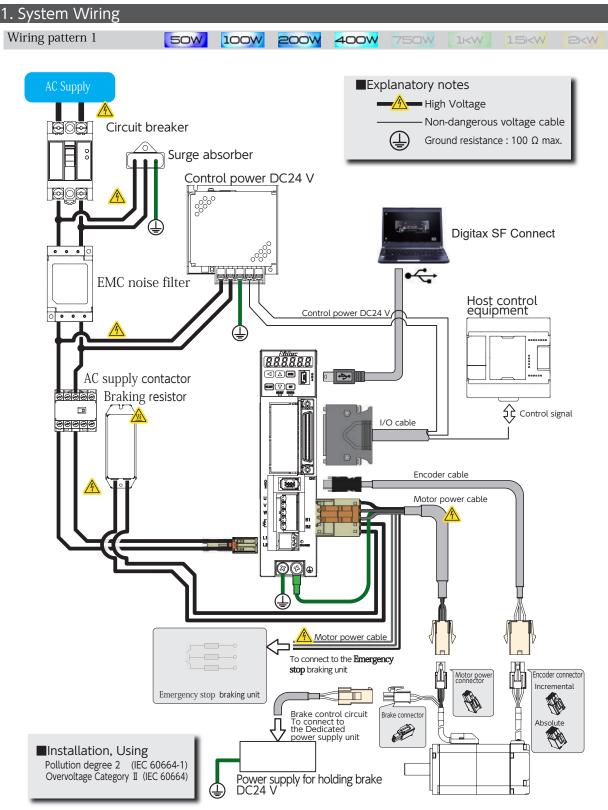
Do not install a switch between the control power supply and the drive. Install the switch on the primary input side of the control power supply.

For high-voltage cables, use wires of 600V withstand voltage or more.

For a CN1 connector cable, use a shielded twisted-pair cable of 2 m or less.

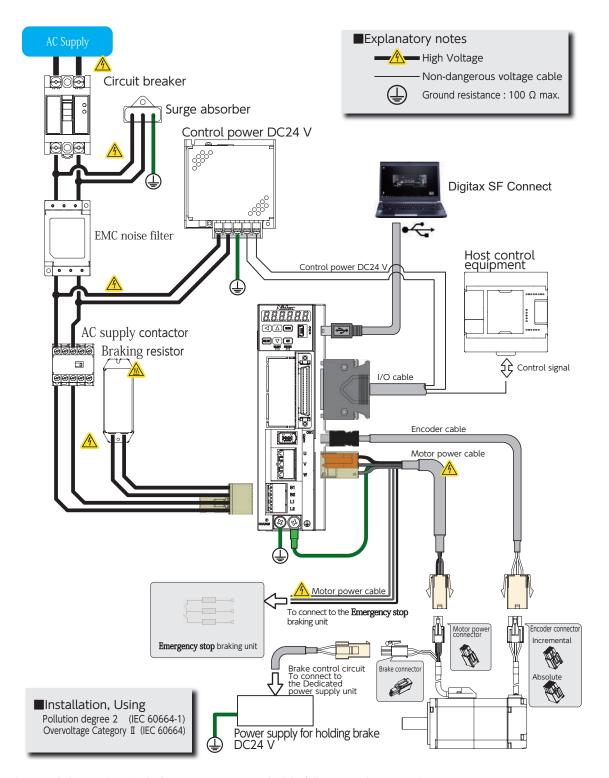
The encoder cable length must be 20 m or less.

For stranded wire, use insulation coating, rod or ring crimp terminals.



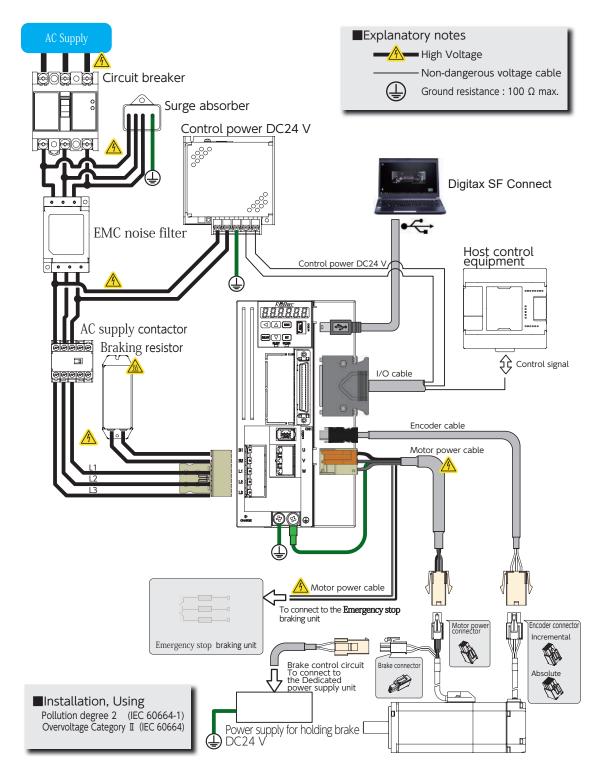
- The specified filter must be used.
- The filter and the drive must be mounted close together on the same metal plate, ensuring direct metallic contact with the plate (the plate must have a conductive surface, not painted or anodised). The connections between the filter and drive must be as short as
- The screen (shield) of the motor cable must be fixed in direct contact with the same plate. The contact must be by direct contact, no wire or "pigtail" is permitted.
- The specified ferrite core must be fitted to the signal cable(s).
- For compliance with the stated surge immunity standard the specified surge absorber must be fitted as shown in the wiring diagrams





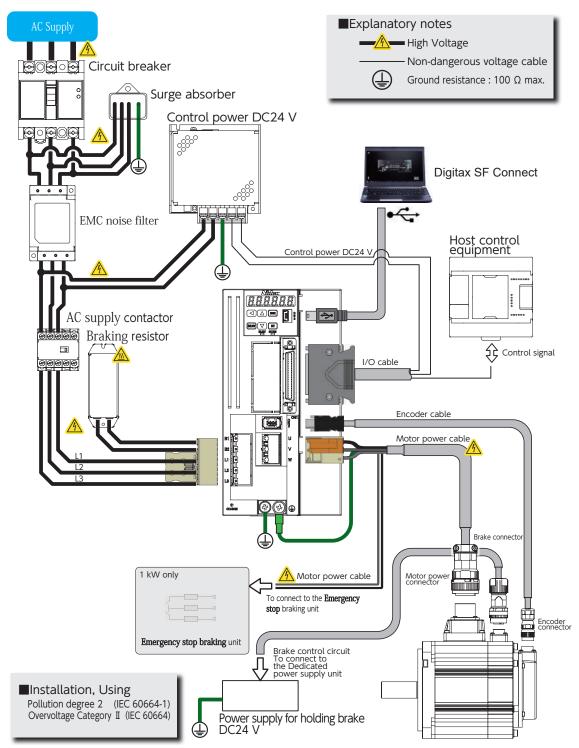
- The specified filter must be used.
- The filter and the drive must be mounted close together on the same metal plate, ensuring direct metallic contact with the plate (the plate must have a conductive surface, not painted or anodised). The connections between the filter and drive must be as short as practicable.
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 \sim

System Wiring

3. Preparation

System Wiring

2. Connecting Equipment and Recommended Peripherals

AC Supply

Please use this product in the power supply environment of Over-Voltage Category II defined by IEC60664-1. This is the AC Supply for drives.

50 W to 750 W Drives: Single-phase AC200 V -10 % to AC240 V +10 % 1 kW to 2 kW Drives: Three-phase AC200 V -10 % to AC240 V +10 %

Using an overvoltage protection relay is recommended.

When having single-phase power wired to a 1 kW drive, wire the primary circuit AC200 V between the L1 and L3 terminals of the drive.

To avoid unbalance of the three-phase AC200 V wiring in your factory, we recommend that you consider balance of current in your three-phase wirings.

Confirm that your contract with the electric power company is not limited to use of three-phase.

Control power

This is power supply of DC24 V \pm 10 % for drive control power, I/O power and motor brake release power. Use a SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) power supply with reinforced insulation against hazardous voltages. Be sure to connect a varistor to the motor brake release power supply.

Cables (*)

Use of UL wires and cables suitable for motor rated output are recommended.

High-voltage cables and Ground/Earth FG cables: AWG18 / 600 V breakdown voltage or equivalent for 50 W to 750 W AWG14 / 600 V breakdown voltage or equivalent for 1 kW to 2 kW

Motor power cables:

AWG18 / 300 V breakdown voltage or equivalent for 50 W to 750 W AWG14 / 300 V breakdown voltage or equivalent for 1 kW to 2 kW

Encoder cables:

AWG22 and AWG24 compound / 30 V breakdown voltage or equivalent Shielded cables with twisted pair wires Length not exceeding 20 m

User I/O cable:

AWG26 / 300 V breakdown voltage or equivalent Shielded cables with twisted pair wires Length not exceeding 2 m

*) Should you use a cable longer than the specification, please contact us in advance.

Circuit breaker

To protect the power supply line, circuit breakers shut the circuit down in the event of over-current. Be sure to use an IEC standard and UL-certified circuit breaker between the power supply and the EMC noise filter. To ensure compliance with EMC, use an earth leakage circuit breaker that we recommend.

Single-phase: EW32AAG-2P020B Fuji Electric Co Ltd Three-phase: EW32AAG-3P020B

20 A for single-phase (three-phase) 200 V Leakage current of 30 mA. An equivalent product is acceptable Select the capacity and other characteristics according to your entire system configuration.

EMC noise filter

EMC filters prevent emission of electromagnetic interference onto the AC supply lines .To ensure compliance with EMC, use the recommended EMC noise filter.

Recommended OKAYA Electric Industries Co Ltd Single-phase:4200-0056 Three-phase: 4200-3106

Included in Digitax SF drive's EMC testing.

Select the capacity and other characteristics according to your entire system configuration.

AC supply contactor

This is an on/off switch for the main power supply. Use a surge absorber on the input side of the AC supply.

Fuji Electric Co Ltd SK06G-E10

An equivalent product is acceptable. Select the capacity and other characteristics according to your entire system configuration.

Surge absorber

To ensure compliance with EMC, connect the recommended surge absorber to the primary side of the AC supply.

Recommended Single-phase : 2490-2754 Three-phase : 2490-0004 OKAYA Electric Industries Co Ltd

Included in Digitax SF drive's EMC testing

Signal line EMC noise filter/ferrite core

To ensure compliance with EMC, use the recommended signal line EMC noise filter/ferrite core.

SEIWA ELECTRIC MFG. CO., LTD. E04SR401938 Recommended (ATCK-1130) (Misumi Corporation) https://uk.misumi-ec.com/

Included in Digitax SF drive's EMC testing

Braking resistor

This product is not equipped with a braking resistor. If the smoothing capacitor inside the servo drive cannot absorb the system regenerative power, an external braking resistor is required. As a guideline, check the regeneration state on the settings panel, and use a braking resistor if the regenerative voltage warning is ON. Build an overheating prevention circuit using a resistor which has built-in thermostat. If the temperature of generated heat becomes high, you can suppress the heat by installing a cooling device, or selecting a resistor whose allowable power is 5 to 10 times larger than regenerative voltage.

For 50 W to 750 W:CAN100S 47 Ω J 100W For 1 kW, 1.5 kW : CAN400S 30 Ω J 400 W Chiba Techno Co., Ltd. For 2 kW :CAN750S 20 Ω J 750 W

When considering a braking resistor other than the recommended above, use the following as a guideline.

| Drive Model | DA2YZ22 | DA2Z122 | DA21222 | DA22422 | DA23822 | DA2 | 4A22 | DA26B22 | DA28C22 |
|--|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|---------|---------|---------------------|
| Compatible Motor | M □ 500 | M □ 101 | M □ 201 | M □ 401 | M □ 751 | | M □ 102 | M □ 152 | MM202 |
| Rated output | 50 W | 100 W | 200 W | 400 W | 750 W | 1 k | (W | 1.5 kW | 2 kW |
| Regeneration Resistance 40Ω to 50Ω 30Ω | | | | | | | | | 20 Ω |
| Allowable regeneration power | generation 20 W 40 W | | | | | | | | 60 W |
| Recommended Wattage 100 W to 200 W 400 W to 800 | | | | | | | | | 600 W to 1,200 W |

The braking resistor values do not guarantee the optimal performance. Regeneration allowable voltages above are minimum values as a point of reference.

The braking resistor may become very hot. It requires sufficient margin of regeneration allowable power.

Emergency stop brake

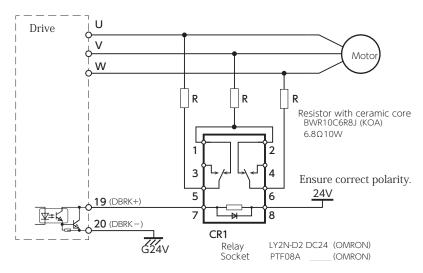
This product is **not** equipped with a emergency stop brake

Use the following circuit example when building a emergency stop brake circuit.

Select a cement resistor of 6.8 Ω 10 W.

Select coil surge protection relays with diode.

For wiring with the motor power line, UL wires (AWG18 / 600 V or equivalent) are recommended.



To build a emergency stop brake circuit, please use our recommended products listed below.

| | Device | Manufacturer | Model Code |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Recommended | Relay | OMRON | LY2N-D2 DC24V |
| Product | Relay socket | OMRON | PTF08A |
| | Resistor with ceramic core | KOA | BWR10C6R8J |

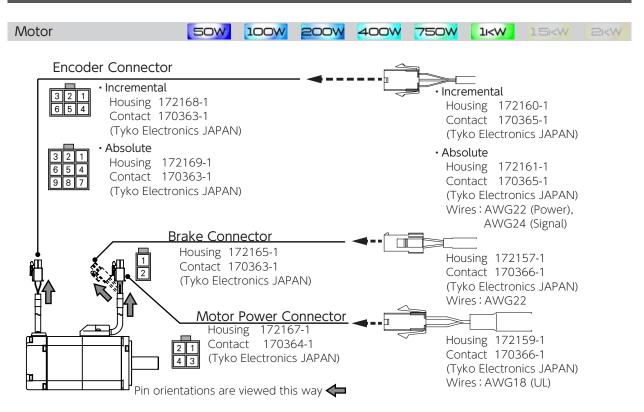
Grounding

Since this product is Class I device, protective grounding is mandatory. (Type D grounding: grounding resistance of up to 100 Ω)

Properly ground the product using protective grounding terminals through EMC-compatible casing and control panel.

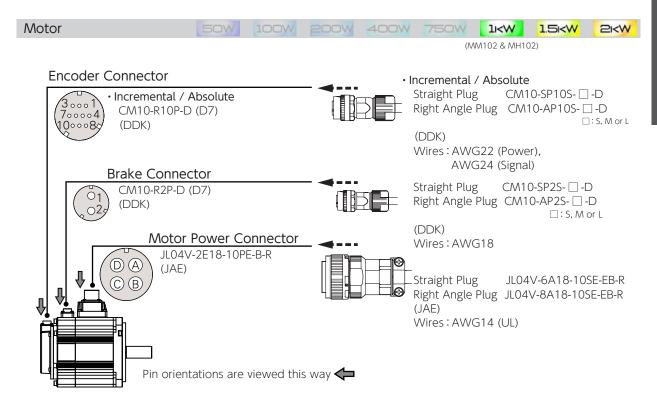
3. Wiring to the Connectors

Motor Connector Pinout



| Name | Pin No. | Signal | Description |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Name | 1 | U | Motor power U-phase |
| | 2 | V | Motor power V-phase |
| Motor Power | 3 | W | Motor power W-phase |
| | 4 | FG | Motor frame ground |
| | 1 | BRK+ | Brake power supply DC24 V |
| Brake (*1) | 2 | BRK- | Brake power supply GND |
| | 1 | _ | (No Connect) |
| | 2 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| Encoder | 3 | -D | Serial communication data – Data |
| (Incremental) | 4 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | 5 | SG | Signal ground |
| | 6 | SHIELD | Shield |
| | 1 | BAT | External battery (*2) |
| | 2 | - | (No Connect) |
| | 3 | SHIELD | Shield |
| - | 4 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| Encoder (Absolute) | 5 | -D | Serial communication data — Data |
| (Absolute) | 6 | - | (No Connect) |
| | 7 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | 8 | SG | Signal ground |
| | 9 | - | (No Connect) |

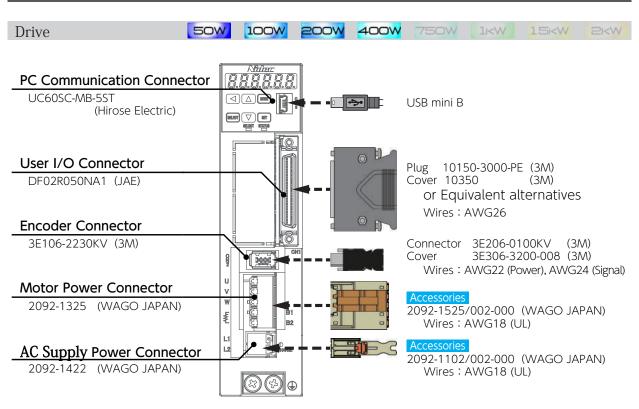
^{*1)} Only for a motor equipped with a brake*2) Connect the negative pole of the battery to SG (Signal Ground).



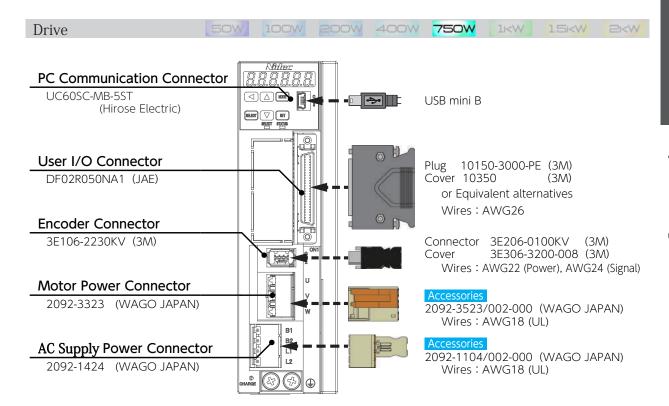
| | | | l - · · |
|--------------------------|---------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Name | Pin No. | Signal | Description |
| | А | U | Motor power U-phase |
| Motor Power | В | V | Motor power V-phase |
| Motor Fower | С | W | Motor power W-phase |
| | D | FG | Motor frame ground |
| Brake (*1) | 1 | BRK+ | Brake power supply DC24 V |
| DIARE TO | 2 | BRK- | Brake power supply GND |
| | 1 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | 2 | SG | Signal ground |
| Facedon | 3, 4 | _ | (No Connect) |
| Encoder (Incremental) | 5 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| (incremental) | 6 | -D | Serial communication data – Data |
| | 7, 8, 9 | - | (No Connect) |
| | 10 | SHIELD | Shield |
| | 1 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | 2 | SG | Signal ground |
| | 3 | - | (No Connect) |
| - | 4 | BAT | External battery (*2) |
| Encoder (Absolute) | 5 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| (Absolute) | 6 | -D | Serial communication data – Data |
| | 7, 8 | - | (No Connect) |
| | 9 | SG | Signal ground |
| | 10 | SHIELD | Shield |

^{*1)} Only for a motor equipped with a brake*2) Connect the negative pole of the battery to SG (Signal Ground).

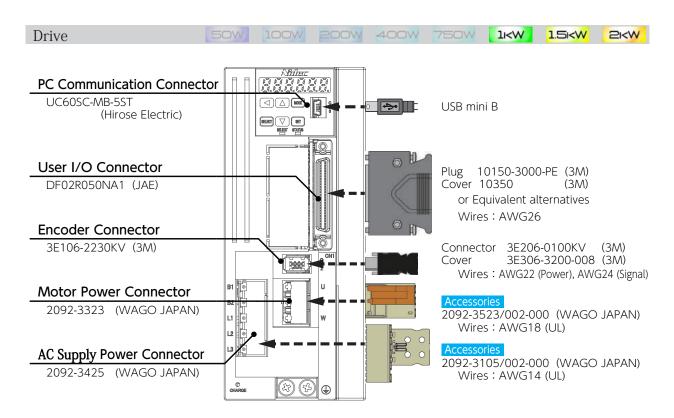
Drive Connectors and Pinouts



| Name | Code | Pin No. | Signal | Description |
|------------------|---------------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|
| AC Supply | L1L2 | 1 | L1 | AC Supply power cable 1 |
| | LILZ | 2 | L2 | AC Supply power cable 2 |
| | | 1 | U | Motor power U-phase |
| | | 2 | V | Motor power V-phase |
| Motor Power | UVW / B1B2 | 3 | W | Motor power W-phase |
| | 5152 | 4 | B1 | Braking resistor connection (+) |
| | | 5 | B2 | Braking resistor connection (-) |
| | CN2 | 1 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | GND | Signal ground |
| Encoder | | 3, 4 | - | (No Connect) |
| Lilcodei | | 5 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| | | 6 | -D | Serial communication data – Data |
| | | - | FG | SHIELD wired to the connector casing |
| | | 1 | VBUS | USB power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | D- | USB data – |
| PC Communication | CN3 | 3 | D+ | USB data + |
| | | 4 | _ | (No Connect) |
| | | 5 | GND | USB signal ground |
| User I/O | CN1 | Route power and signal wiring suitable for your operation mode. (See "Example of I/O Wiring") | | |



| Name | Code | Pin No. | Signal | Description |
|------------------|--------|---|--------|--------------------------------------|
| | | 1 | B1 | Braking resistor connection (+) |
| AC Supply | L1L2 / | 2 | B2 | Braking resistor connection (-) |
| Ac Supply | B1B2 | 3 | L1 | AC Supply power cable 1 |
| | | 4 | L2 | AC Supply power cable 2 |
| | | 1 | U | Motor power U-phase |
| Motor Power | UVW | 2 | V | Motor power V-phase |
| | | 3 | W | Motor power W-phase |
| | CN2 | 1 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | GND | Signal ground |
| Encoder | | 3, 4 | - | (No Connect) |
| Lilcodei | | 5 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| | | 6 | - D | Serial communication data — Data |
| | | - | FG | SHIELD wired to the connector casing |
| | | 1 | VBUS | USB power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | D - | USB data – |
| PC Communication | CN3 | 3 | D+ | USB data + |
| | | 4 | - | (No Connect) |
| | | 5 | GND | USB signal ground |
| User I/O | CN1 | Route power and signal wiring suitable for your operation mode. (See "Example of I/O Wiring") | | |



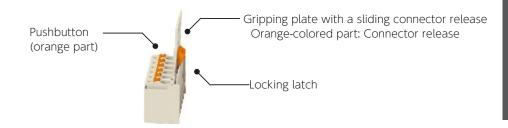
| Name | Code | Pin No. | Signal | Description |
|------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | 1 | B1 | Braking resistor connection (+) |
| | | 2 | B2 | Braking resistor connection (-) |
| AC Supply | L1L2L3 / B1B2 | 3 | L1 | AC Supply power cable 1 (*1) |
| | B182 | 4 | L2 | AC Supply power cable 2 (*2) |
| | | 5 | L3 | AC Supply power cable 3 (*1) |
| | | 1 | U | Motor power U-phase |
| Motor Power | UVW | 2 | V | Motor power V-phase |
| | | 3 | W | Motor power W-phase |
| | CN2 | 1 | VCC | Encoder power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | GND | Signal ground |
| Encoder | | 3, 4 | - | (No Connect) |
| Liicodei | | 5 | +D | Serial communication data + Data |
| | | 6 | -D | Serial communication data – Data |
| | | - | FG | SHIELD wired to the connector casing |
| | | 1 | VBUS | USB power supply +5 V |
| | | 2 | D- | USB data – |
| PC Communication | CN3 | 3 | D+ | USB data + |
| | | 4 | - | (No Connect) |
| | | 5 | GND | USB signal ground |
| User I/O | CN1 | | er and signal ple of I/O W | wiring suitable for your operation mode. /iring") |

^{*1)} When having single-phase power wired to 1kW drives (DA24A22), connect to L1 and L3.

^{*2)} **Do not connect** when using with single-phase power.

4. Accessory Connector

Connector Parts

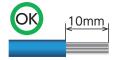


Stripping cables with recommended tools

| Model Code | | Image |
|------------------|---|-------|
| Pushbutton Tools | Use this tool to connect or disconnect a cable to a connector. 210-720 (standard type made in Europe) | |
| Wire Stripper | Use this tool to make a clean cut without damaging wires. 206-124 (QUICKSTRIP 10) | |

Trimming the cable insulation:

The leftmost image illustrates a good result. Other two are bad examples.







Specialized Ferrule (recommended)

For stranded wire, a specialized ferrule helps you with wiring more safely and effectively.



| Model Code | | Image |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| Ferrule | Insulated ferrule with sleeve 216-203, red sleeve (for AWG18) 216-206, blue sleeve (for AWG14) | |
| retrule | Non-insulated ferrule (no sleeve) 216-143 (for AWG18) 216-106 (for AWG14) | |
| Ferrule crimping tool | 206-204 | |

2. System Wiring

Connecting the connectors

AC Supply power connector



Hold the grip plate and keep pushing in until you hear a clicking sound.

Motor power connector



Hold the frame of the connector and keep pushing in until you hear a clicking sound.

Disconnecting the connectors

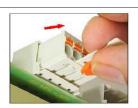
AC Supply power connector



The connector is fixed with the locking latch.



connector release.



Push in the orange-colored Pull out the connector.

Motor power connector



Keep pressing the top lever in the direction of the arrow and pull out the connector.

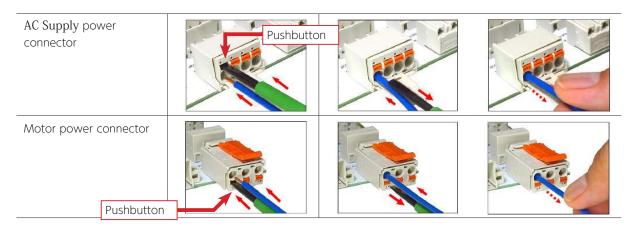
2. System Wiring

2. System Wiring

Wire connection

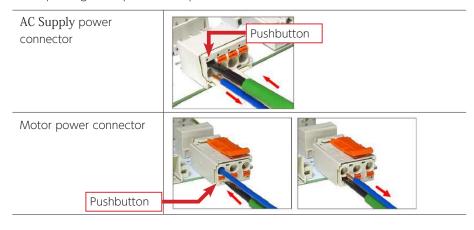
With the orange pushbutton pushed in with the tool, insert the wire until it hits the round insertion slot. (the image to the left). Release the pushbutton to finish. (the image in the middle)

Pull the wire slightly to verify that the wire connection is not loose. (the image to the right)



Wire disconnection

While pushing in the pushbutton, pull out the cable.



2. System Wiring

5. Cables

Recommended cable wires

Use our recommendations below to select cables based on your actual usage. (Equivalent alternatives are also good)

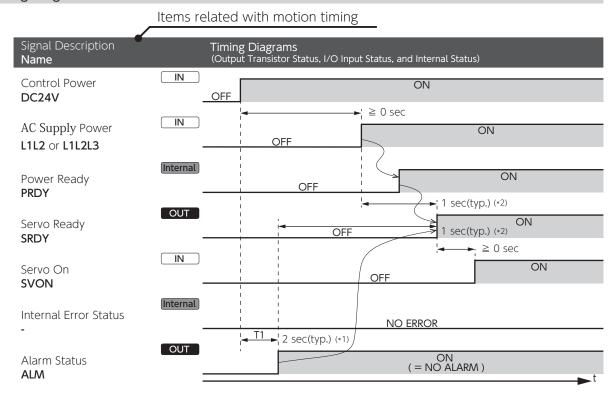
| Cable Name | AWG | UL | Temperature Rating | Voltage Rating | Note |
|--|-------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Motor power (≤ 750 W) | 18 | 2517 | 105 ℃ | 300 V | |
| Motor power (≥ 1 kW) | 14 | 2517 | 105 ℃ | 300 V | AWG16 wires can be used only for 1 kW motors |
| Main circuit power (≤ 750 W) (Including Earth/ Ground FG cable) | 18 | 1015 | 105 ℃ | 600 V | |
| Main circuit power (≥ 1 kW) (Including Earth/ Ground FG cable) | 14 | 1015 | 105 ℃ | 600 V | AWG16 wires can be used only for 1 kW motors. |
| Encoder | Power: 22 Signal: 24 | 20276 | 80 ℃ | 30 V | Shielded twisted pair cables of length not exceeding 20 m |
| User I/O | 26 | 1007 | 80 ℃ | 300 V | Shielded twisted pair cables Length not exceeding 2 m is recommended |
| Braking resistor | 18 | 1015 | 105 ℃ | 600 V | |
| Emergency stop brake | 18 | 1015 | 105 ℃ | 600 V | |
| Mechanical Brake | 18 | 2517 | 105 ℃ | 300 V | 1 pair (2 cores) |

List of Timing Diagrams

When designing a host controller system, consider the timing of control signal input from the controller to the drive, or alarm signal output from the drive.

| Description | Refer to |
|---|----------|
| Turning the Power On | |
| Servo OFF → ON | 26 |
| Servo ON → OFF (Motor idling) | 27 |
| Servo ON → OFF (Motor rotating) | 28 |
| Alarm Occurs | 29 |
| Alarm Reset (Servo ON) | 30 |
| Alarm Reset (Servo OFF) | 31 |
| Motor Brake Release | 32 |
| Emergency stop Brake Release | 33 |
| Deceleration Stop Status During Coast to stop | |
| Delay time for Quick Stop Complete | |

Timing Diagram Overview

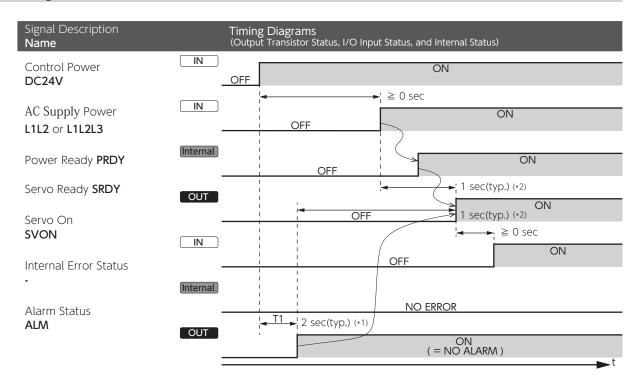


| OUT : Output Signal | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Output Transistor | I/O Output Status | |
| OFF | Open | |
| ON | Close (The contact paired with COM- is closed) | |

| ☐N : Input Signal | |
|---|------------------|
| Contacts of Input Circuit | I/O Input Status |
| Open | OFF |
| Close (Close the contact paired with GND) | ON |

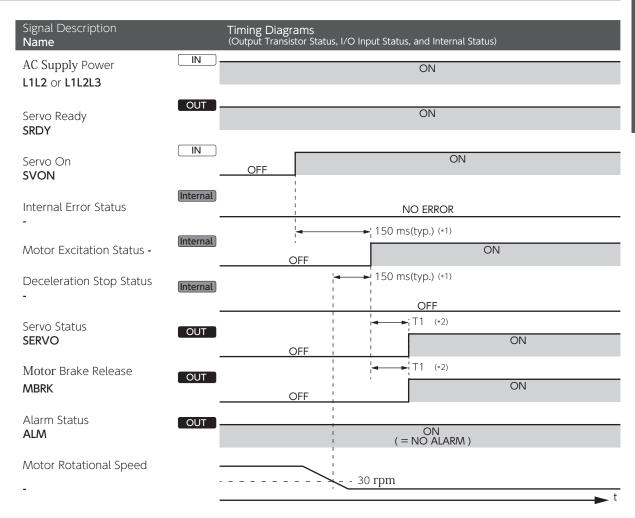
Internal: Internal Status of the Drive

Turning the Power On



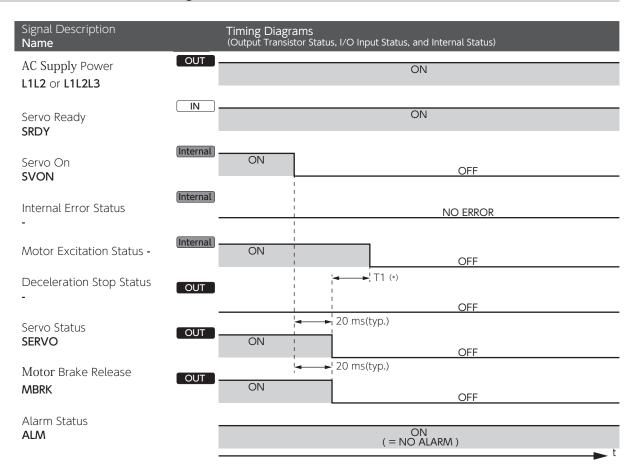
- *1) After Clear Parameter execution, T1 needs approximately 5 seconds for parameter initialization.
 *2) SRDY turns ON when **AC Supply** and **PRDY** turns ON consecutively while **Internal Error Status** remains **No Errors**.

Servo OFF → ON



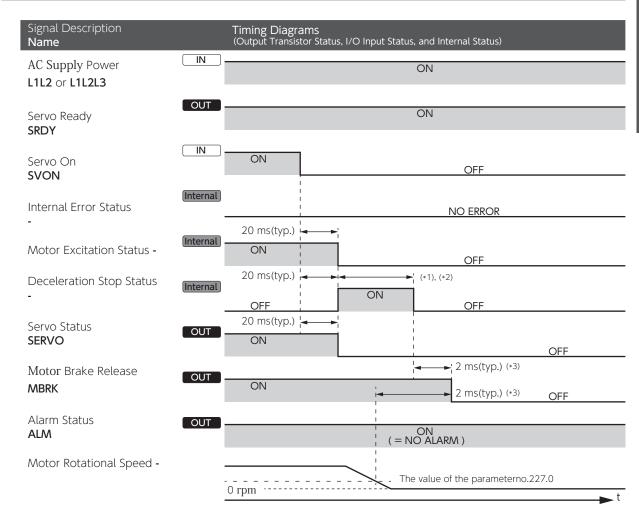
- *1) Motor Excitation Status remains OFF until Motor Rotational Speed drops to 30 rpm or below.
- *2) T1 is specified by Bake-Release Delay Time (No.238.0).

Servo ON → OFF (Motor idling)



^{*)} T1 is specified by Servo OFF Delay time (No.237.0).

Servo ON → OFF (Motor rotating)



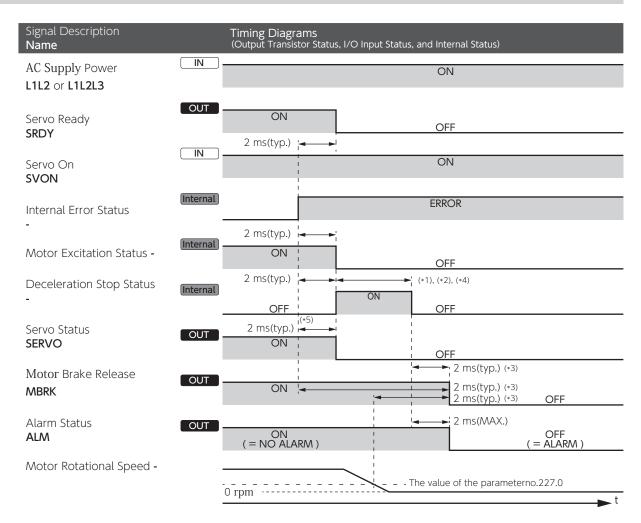
- *1) The motor decelerates according to the method specified by Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0)
- *2) Quick stop or Short brake ends when deceleration stop conditions set by parameters (No.224.1, No.226.0, and No.227.0) are met.
 *3) Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0) = 2 (quick stop) or 1 (short brake)

 MBRK turns OFF when one of the following conditions is met:

- a) Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF
- b) The rotational speed drops to the value specified by [Deceleration stop Rotational speed to cancel (No.227.0)] or below. Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0) = 0 (coast to stop)

 $\label{eq:MBRK} \textbf{MBRK} \ \text{turns} \ \text{OFF} \ \text{when} \ \textbf{Motor} \ \textbf{Excitation} \ \textbf{Status} \ \text{becomes} \ \text{OFF}.$

Alarm Occurs



- *1) The motor will stop per Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0) as follows.
 - 2 (quick stop) or 1 (short brake) 0 (Coast to stop) : the motor decelerates and stops by short brake.

: no brake.

- *2) Deceleration Stop Status ends when deceleration stop conditions set by the parameters (No.224.1, No.226.0, and No.227.0) are met.
- *3) Timing of MBRK turning OFF
 - Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0) = 2 (quick stop) or 1 (short brake),

 MBRK turns OFF when one of the following conditions is met.

- 1) Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF
- 2) Motor Rotational Speed drops to the value specified by the parameter No.227.0 or below. If Deceleration Stop Method (No.224.0) = 0 (no brake).

 MBRK turns OFF when Motor Excitation Status turns OFF.

If any of the following alarms occurs.

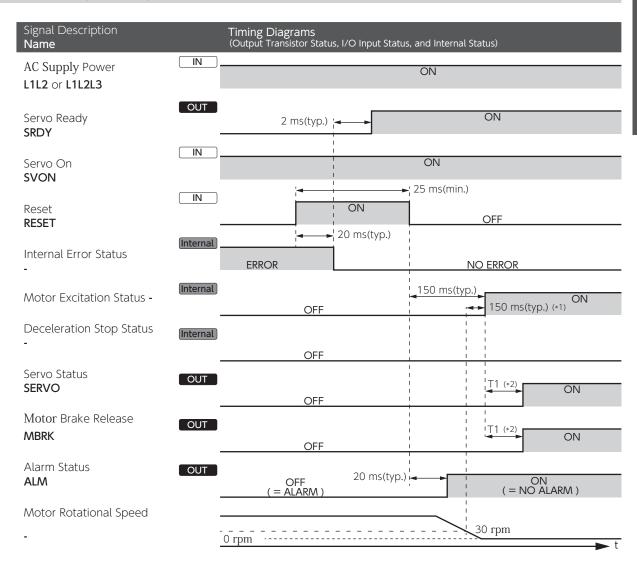
MBRK turns OFF when the internal error status becomes ERROR.

- a) Encoder related errors b) Control Power voltage drop error c) Errors related to Inverter output part d) Overvoltage error If any alarm except above four occurs, the motion pattern will be exactly as this timing diagram suggests.
- *4) Deceleration Stop behaves as follows depending on the error type:

 - a) Encoder related errors: Deceleration Stop per [Deceleration stop operating time (Parameter No. 226.0)] b) Control Power voltage drop error: Deceleration Stop per [Deceleration stop (upon control power failure) Operating time (No.228.0)]
 - c) Errors related to Inverter output part: Coast to stop
- *5) In case of the following alarms, Servo Status will remain ON until Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF.

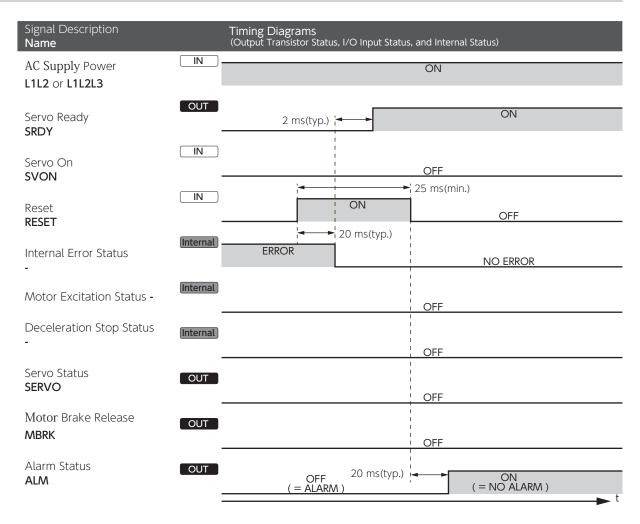
 - a) Encoder related errorsb) Control power voltage drop error

Alarm Reset (Servo ON)



- *1) Motor Excitation Status remains OFF until motor rotational speed drops to 30 rpm or below. *2) T1 is specified by Brake release Delay time (No.238.0).

Alarm Reset (Servo OFF)



The value of the parameter no.227.0

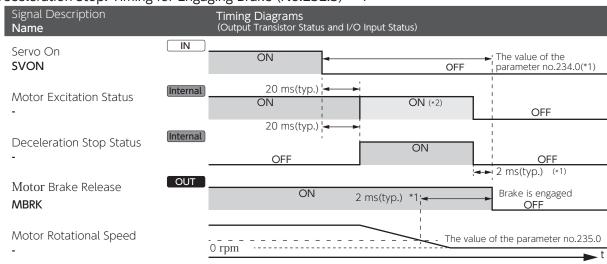
Motor Brake Release Deceleration Stop: Timing for Engaging Brake (No.232.3) = 0 Timing Diagrams (Output Transistor Status, I/O Input Status, and Internal Status) Signal Description Name IN Servo On ON **SVON** OFF . 20 ms(typ.) Internal Motor Excitation Status ON ON (*2) OFF 20 ms(typ.) ;◄ Internal Deceleration Stop Status ON OFF OFF 2 ms(typ.) (*1) OUT Motor Brake Release ON Brake is engaged 2 ms(typ.) **MBRK** OFF Motor Rotational Speed

- *1) MBRK turns OFF is when one of the following becomes true, a) Deceleration Stop completes, or b) Motor rotational speed drops to the value of [Deceleration stop - Rotational speed to cancel (No.227.0)] or below.

 *2) If the deceleration stop method is quick stop, the motor will remain excited during deceleration stop.

0 rpm

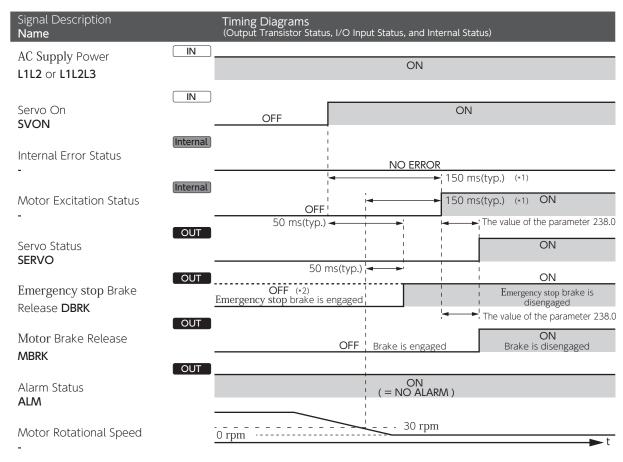
Deceleration Stop: Timing for Engaging Brake (No.232.3) = 1



- *1) MBRK turns OFF is when one of the following becomes true, a) Deceleration Stop completes, or b) Motor rotational speed, after the time specified by Parameter No.234.0 elapses, drops to the value specified by Parameter No.235.0 or below.
 *2) If the deceleration stop method is quick stop, the motor will remain excited during deceleration stop.

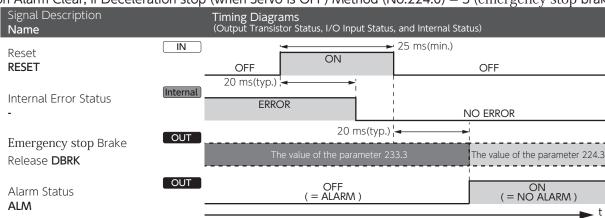
Emergency stop Brake Release

Upon Servo ON, if Deceleration stop (when Servo is OFF): Method (No.224.0) = 3 (emergency stop brake)

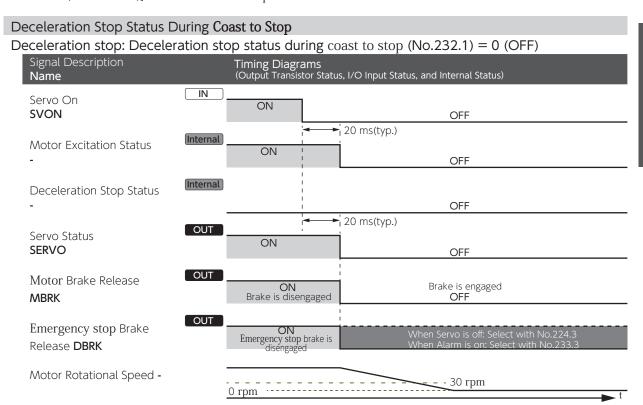


- *1) SERVO does not turn ON until Motor Rotational Speed drops below 30 rpm.
- *2) When **DBRK** output (No.224.3) = 1 (emergency stop brake) after a stop per Deceleration Stop (when Servo is OFF)

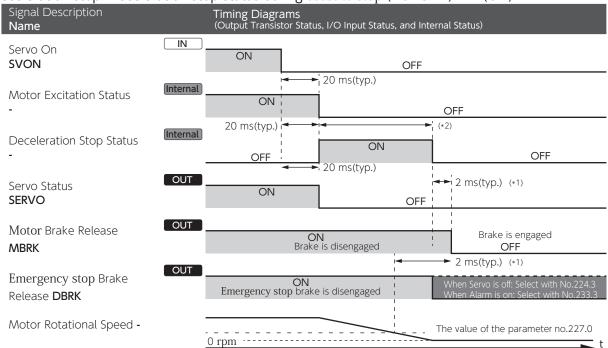
Upon Alarm Clear, if Deceleration stop (when Servo is OFF) Method (No.224.0) = 3 (emergency stop brake)



Deceleration Stop Status where [Deceleration Stop Method (at Servo OFF) (No.224.0)] and [Deceleration Stop Method (at Alarm ON)] are set to coast to stop



Deceleration stop: Deceleration stop status during coast to stop (No.232.1) = 1 (ON)



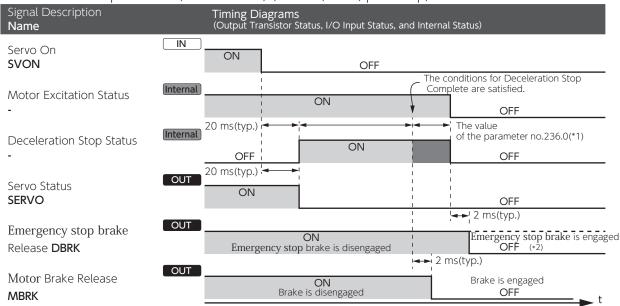
- *1) MBRK turns OFF when one of the following conditions is met:

 - a) Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF.
 b) Motor Rotational Speed drops to the value of [Deceleration stop Rotational speed to cancel (No.227.0)] or below.
- *2) Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF when deceleration stop conditions (No.224.1, 226.0, or 227.0) are met.

When Servo becomes OFF while motor is in motion and then the motor decelerates to stop by the quick stop method.

Delay time for Quick Stop Complete

Deceleration stop: Method (at Servo OFF) (No.224) = 2 (quick stop)



^{*1)} Deceleration Stop Status turns OFF after the deceleration stop conditions set by the parameters (No.224.1, 226.0, and 227.0) are met and the time amount set to [Quick Brake Delay Time (No.236.0)] elapses.
*2) when DBRK output (No.224.3) = 1 (emergency stop brake) after Deceleration Stop (at Servo OFF) ends.

4 Connections

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1. Introduction

Digitax SF features seven operation modes for motor, which are combinations of Control Mode and Command Mode options. Follow the appropriate CN1 connector wiring according to the mode that you are using.

| Control Mode | Command Mode | Command Input Signal Format | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Position Control | | DIF. Differential | | |
| | Pulse Train Command (*) | 24 24V open collector | | |
| | | 5 5V open collector | | |
| | Internal Command (*) | I/O Operation | | |
| Velocity Control | Analog Command | Vo∟T Analog Voltage | | |
| | Internal Command | I/O Operation | | |
| Torque Control | Analog Command | Vo∟⊤ Analog Voltage | | |

^{*)} Select one of I/O setup types: "Standard I/O configuration" or "Optional I/O configuration" When using one of the optional I/O configurations, use Digitax SF Connect to make the setting change.

Pulse Train Command

Select the pulse signal input from the following three types:

- ·pulse and direction
- ·quadrature pulse (A-phase+B-phase)
- ·positive or negative pulse (CCW and CW)

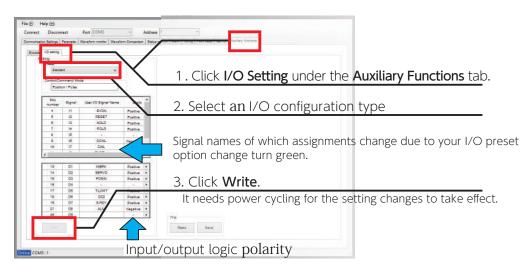
Analog Command

The range of input voltages is -10V to +10V.

Internal Command

The motor is operated based on the motion conditions that are preset in the drive. Operations are changed by combinations of command selection pins assigned to the I/O.

Changing the I/O configuration by Digitax SF Connect



1. Introduction

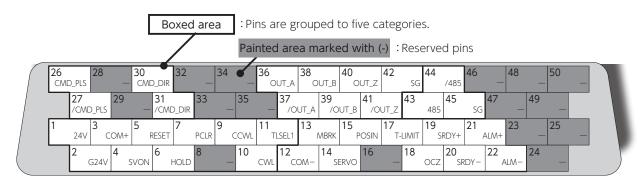
Pinout Diagram

The pinout depends on the control mode / motion mode that you are using. Pins are grouped to five categories.

| Group | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| General-Purpose Input | The pinout depends on the control mode / motion mode that you are using. These are input terminals, such as control power, I/O power, and Servo ON. You can change the input logic. * |
| General-Purpose Output | The pinout depends on the control mode / motion mode that you are using. This is an output terminal such as Servo Status that connects to the host controller You can change the output logic. * |
| Command Input | The pinout depends on the control mode / motion mode that you are using. This is an input terminal that receives a command signal from the host controller such as Pulse Train Command or Analog Command. |
| Encoder Output | A terminal to output encoder pulse to the host controller. |
| RS-485 Communication | RS-485 interface to communicate with the host controller. |

* page 24 Descriptions of CN1 Connector signals

The pinout diagram below illustrates the pin layout when viewing the plugin connector looking at the pins to which the control cables are soldered Do not connect anything to reserved pins.



Example: Position control mode- Pulse Train Command, Differential, Standard I/O Configuration

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Example of CN1 Connector Wiring The pinout depends on the control mode·motion mode that you are using. For actual wiring, check the pin numbers etched on the connector body as well. For further details, refer to Descriptions of CN1 Connector Signals and Interface Circuit of CN1 Connector.

page 24 Descriptions of CN1 Connector Signals
Interface Circuit of CN1 Connector

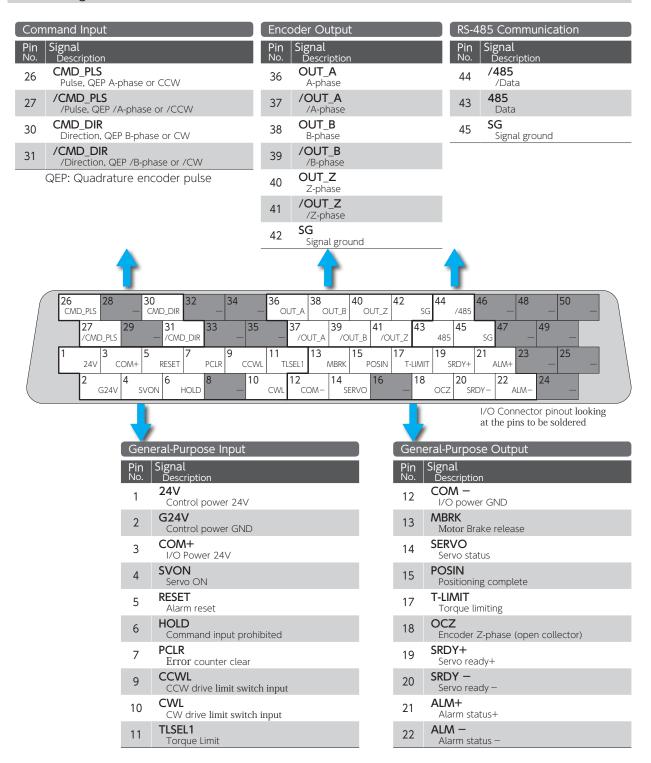
2. Position Control Mode

1. Pulse Train Command

Differential, Standard I/O Setting





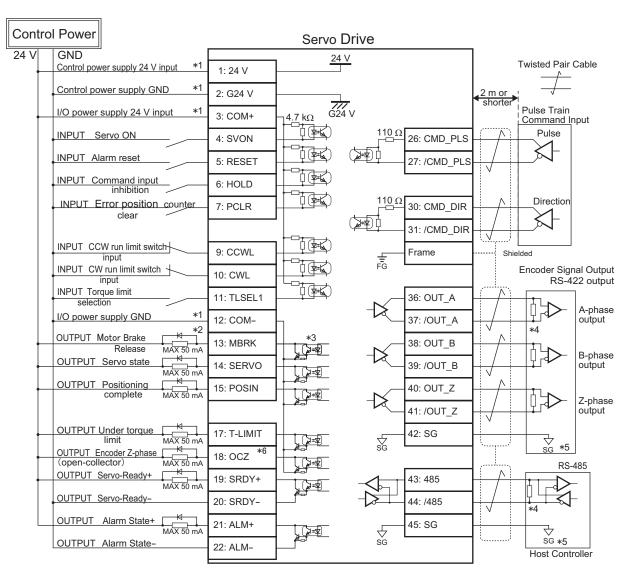


 $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$

Position Control Mode

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Pulse Train Command, Differential, Standard I/O Configuration



- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278.0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

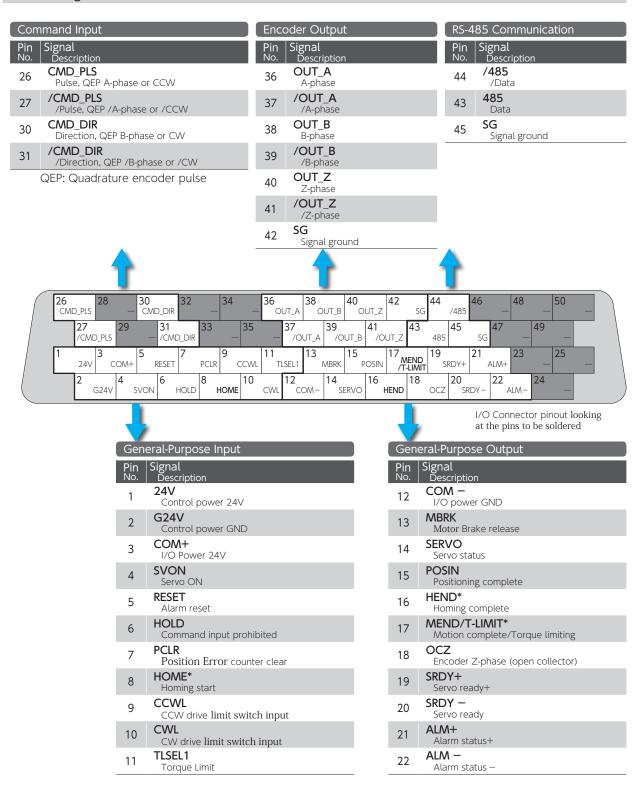
Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

Differential, I/O Setting Option 1







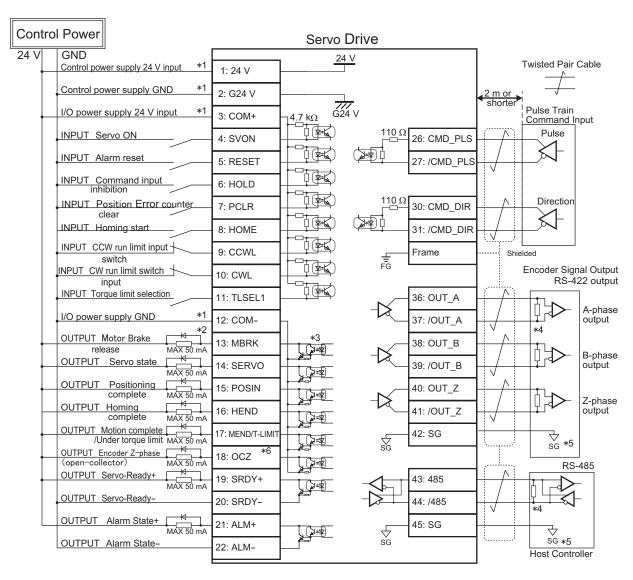
^{*} For these pins function, change I/O setting with Digitax SF Connect

 $\dot{\mathcal{D}}$

Position Control Mode

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Pulse Train Command, Differential, I/O Configuration Option 1



- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

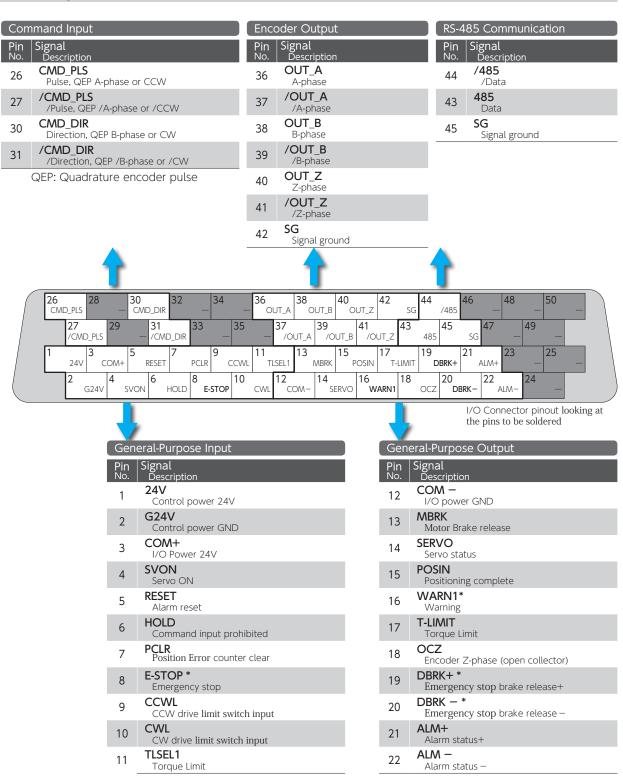
Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

Differential, I/O Setting Option 2







^{*} For these pins function, change I/O setting with Digitax SF Connect

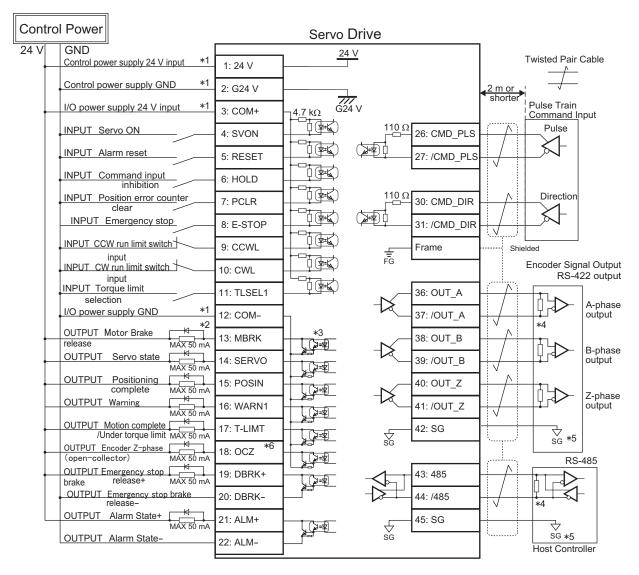
Position Control Mode

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Pulse Train Command, Differential, I/O configuration Option 2







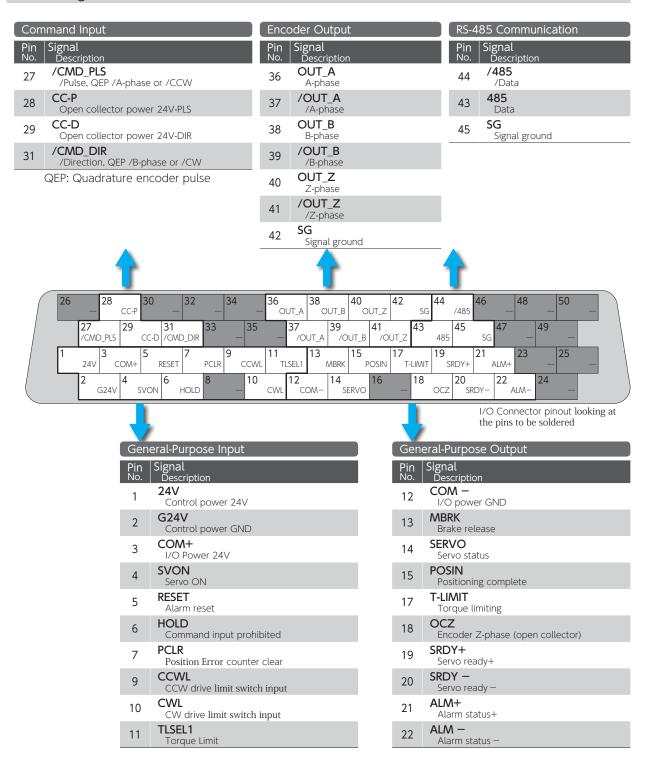
- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode). The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay. Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 11/2; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 Ω .
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

24V open collector, Standard I/O configuration

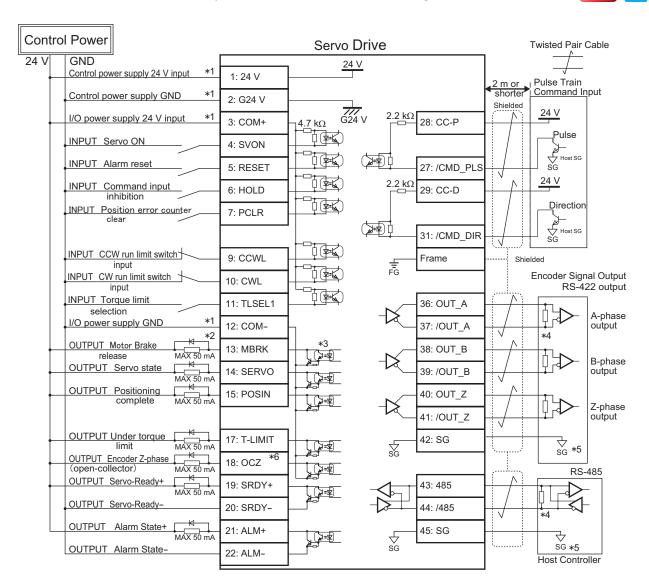




Position Control Mode

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Pulse Train Command, 24V Open Collector, Standard I/O Configuration



- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278.0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

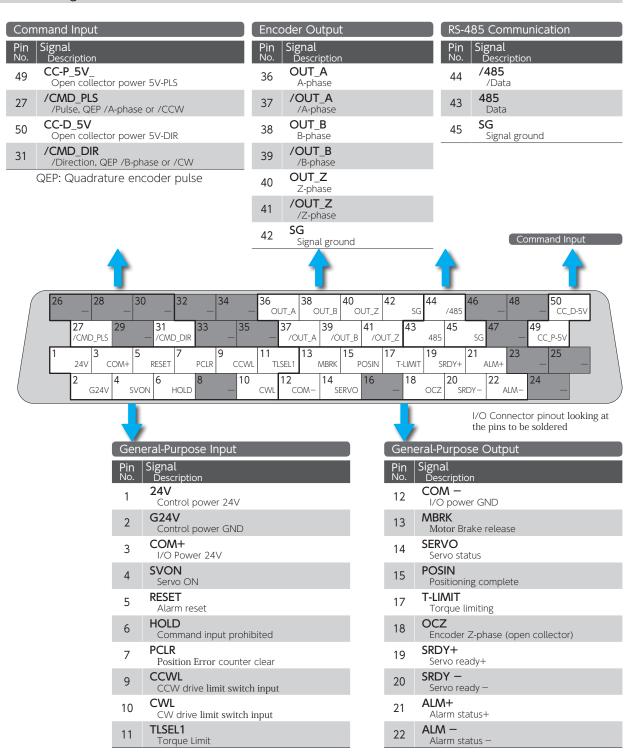
Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

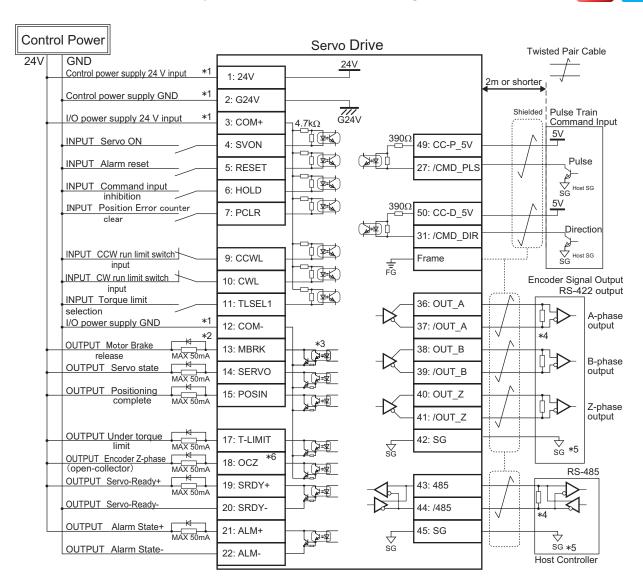
5V open collector, Standard I/O configuration







Pulse Train Command, 5V Open Collector, Standard I/O Configuration



- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

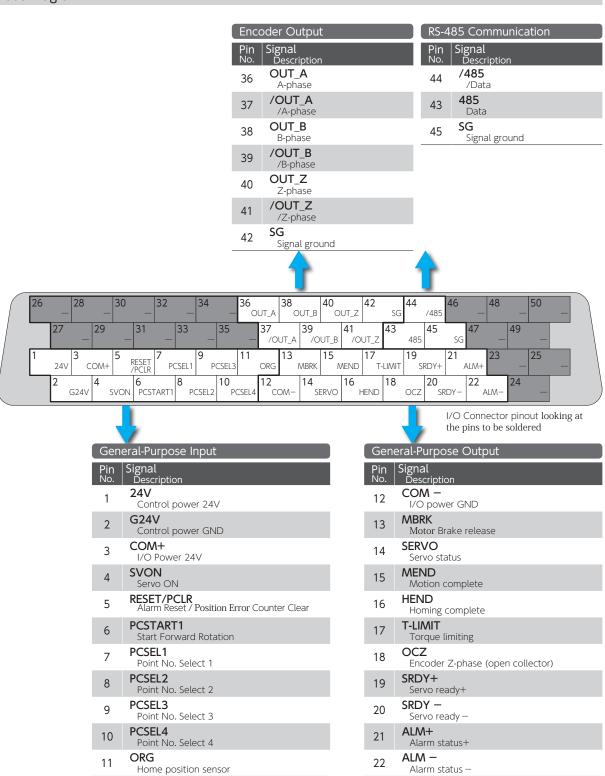
Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

2. Internal Position Command

Standard I/O Configuration



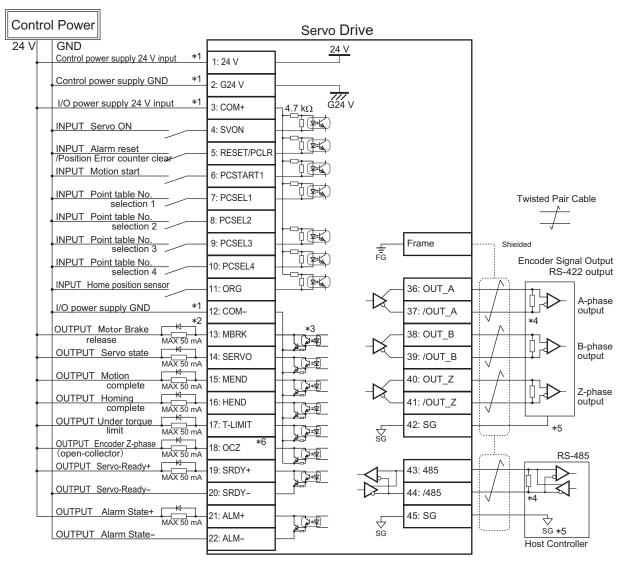


CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Internal Position Command, Standard I/O Configuration







- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

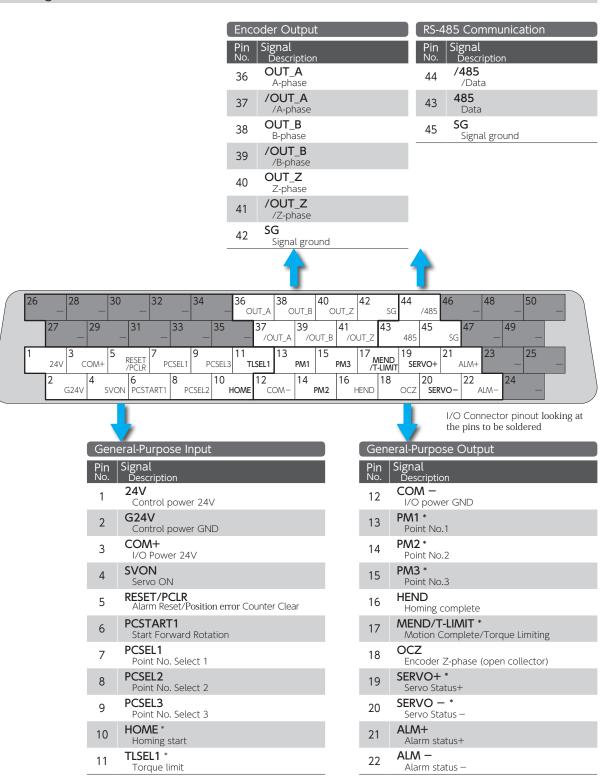
 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

2. Position Control Mode

Optional I/O Configuration





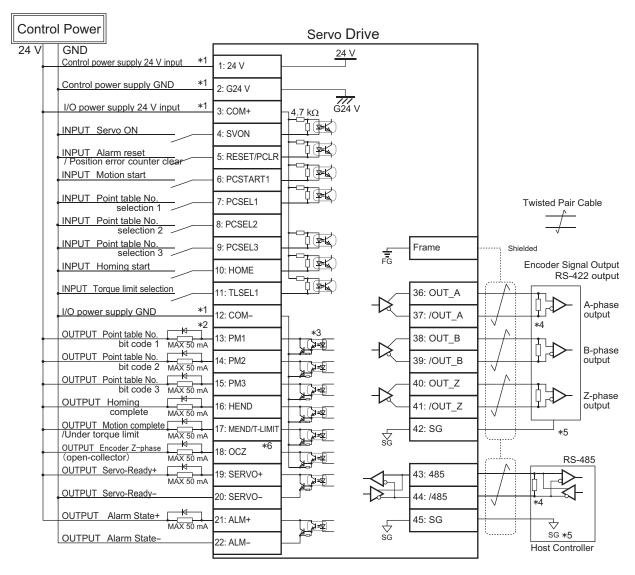
^{*} For these pins function, change I/O setting with Digitax SF Connect

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Internal Position Command, Optional I/O Configuration







- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

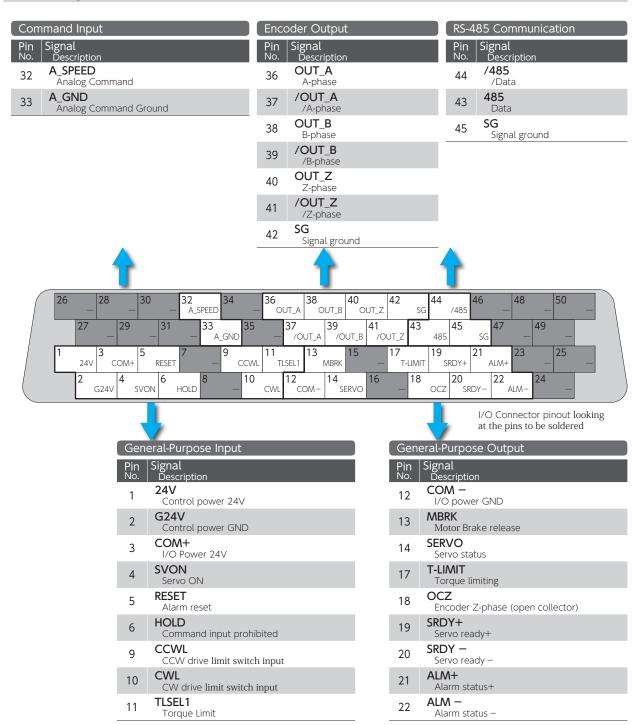
 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2 17) \times 60 \times 1,000.

3. Velocity Control Mode

1. Analog Velocity Command

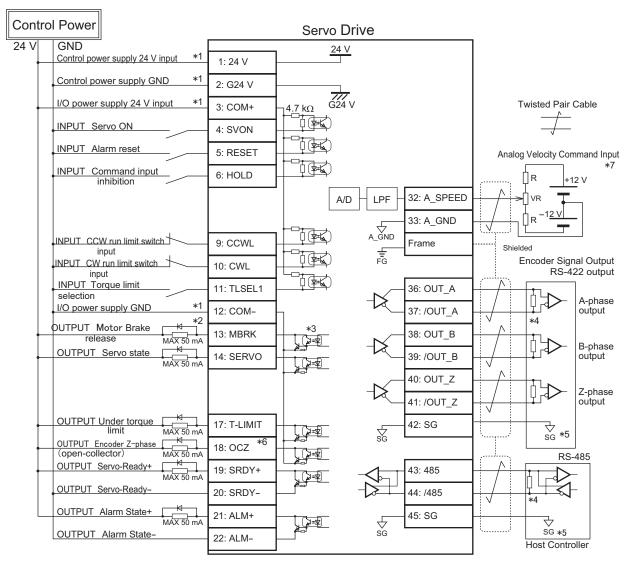




CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Analog Velocity Command





- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\Omega\,.$
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

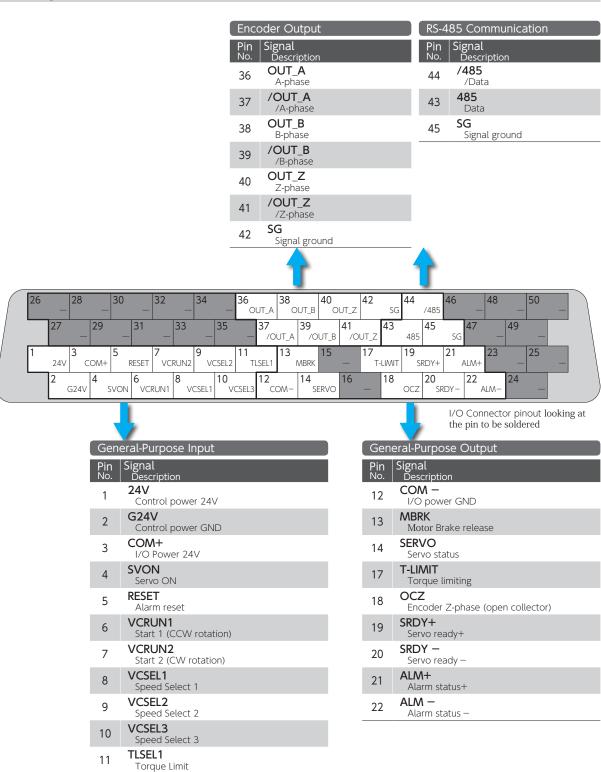
 Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio × 2'') × 60 × 1,000.
- *7) For the command circuit configuration with a variable resistor (VR) and a resistor (R), VR must be $2k\Omega$ (1/4W or more) and R must be 100Ω to 200Ω (1/4W or more), so that command input voltage range is -10V to +10V. If the analog velocity command circuit of the host controller is isolated from 24V control power supply, connect A_GND to signal ground of the host controller, not to GND of control power, If the analog velocity command circuit is not isolated, connect A_GND to GND of control power.

3. Velocity Control Mode

2. Internal Velocity Command





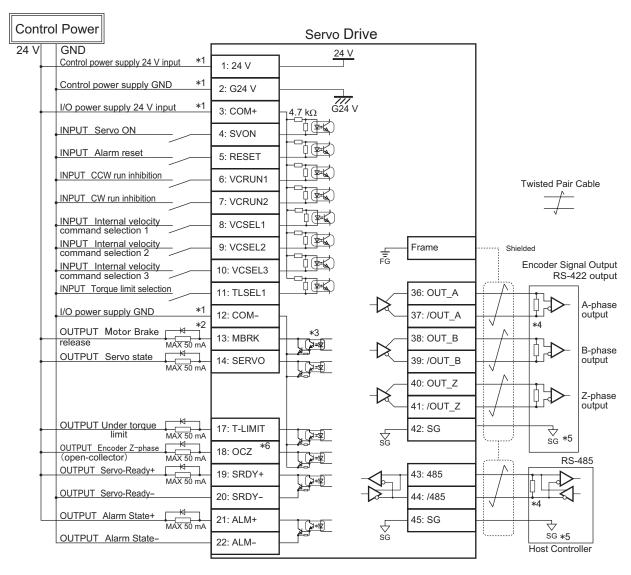


3. Velocity Control Mode

CN1 Connector Wiring Example

Internal Velocity Command





- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278,0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width.

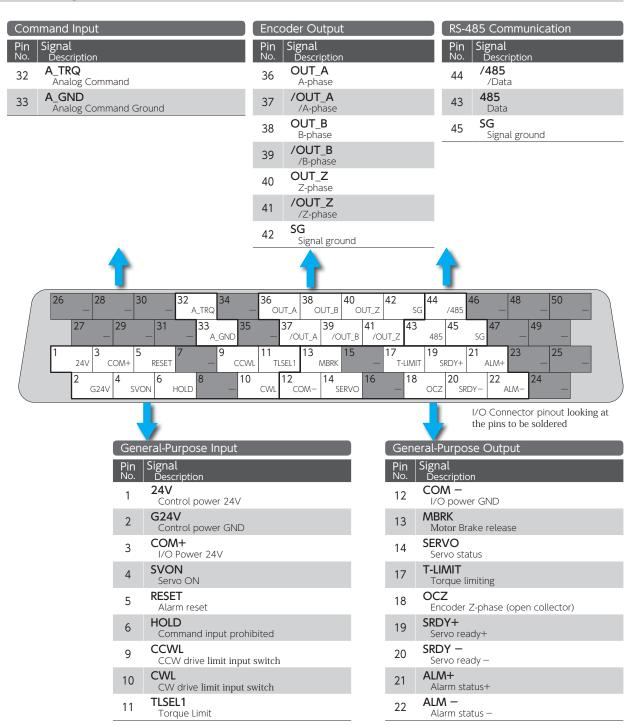
Pulse width [ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio \times 2¹⁷) \times 60 \times 1,000.

4. Torque Control Mode

1. Analog Torque Command

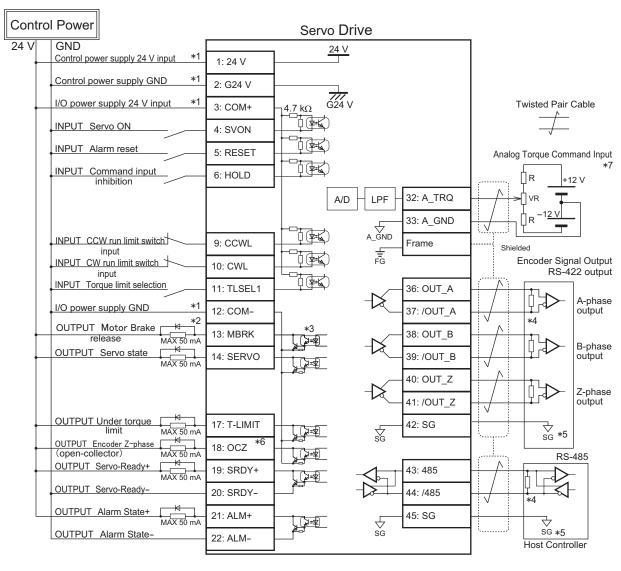


Pinout Diagram



Torque Control Mode

Analog Torque Command



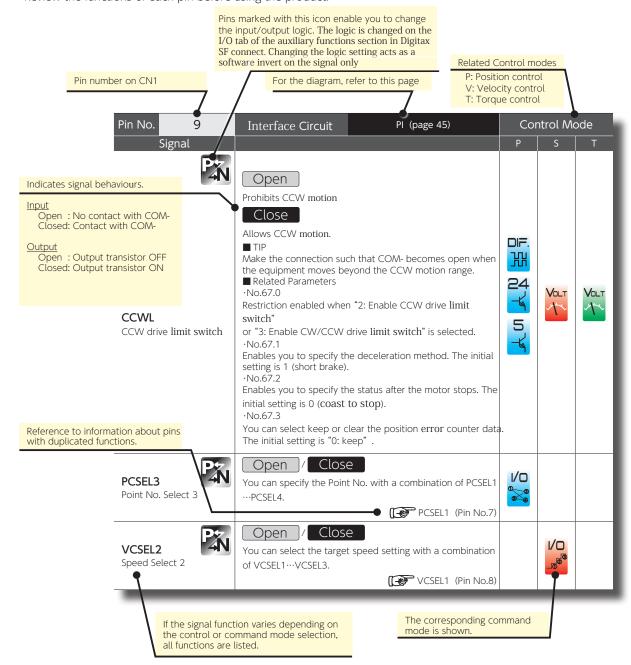
- *1) Control power (24V, G24V) and power for I/O (COM+, COM-) must share one common power supply.
- *2) When driving a load containing inductance (component such as a relay) connect a protection circuit (diode).

 The motor brake cannot be driven directly. Be sure to use a circuit that interfaces with a diode built-in type relay.

 Page 46 Connection to general-purpose output signals
- *3) The output circuit configuration is an open collector Darlington transistor output. Connects to relays and optical isolators. Note that when the transistor is on, connector-emitter voltage VCE (SAT) is approximately 1V; a standard TTL IC does not satisfy VIL and cannot be connected directly.
- *4) Be sure to connect a termination resistor of approximately 220 $\!\Omega$.
- *5) Make the connection to the communication IC signal ground of the host controller that the drive encoder output signals are connecting to. Connecting signal ground SG to control power GND may result in malfunction.
- *6) If Z-phase pulse width is too small to be measured accurately by the host controller, decrease pulse division rate by using pulse output ratio (parameters No.276.0 and No.278.0) or decrease rotational speed to increase the pulse width. Pulse width $[ms] = 2 / rotational speed [rpm] / (division ratio <math>\times$ 2') \times 60 \times 1,000.
- *7) For the command circuit configuration with a variable resistor (VR) and a resistor (R), VR must be $2k\Omega$ (1/4W or more) and R must be 100Ω to 200Ω (1/4W or more), so that command input voltage range is -10V to +10V. If the analog velocity command circuit of the host controller is isolated from 24V control power supply, connect A_GND to signal ground of the host controller, not to GND of control power, If the analog velocity command circuit is not isolated, connect A_GND to GND of control power.

1. Descriptions of CN1 Connector Signals

Each pin assignment of CN1 connector varies depending on the Control Mode/Command Mode. Review the functions of each pin before using the product.



| Icon | Control Mode Command | lcon | Control Mode Command |
|------|---|-----------|---|
| OIF. | Position Control Mode Differential | VOLT | Velocity Control Mode Analog Velocity Command |
| 24 | Position Control Mode 24V open collector | 1/0 | Velocity Control Mode Internal Velocity Command |
| 5 | Position Control Mode 5V open collector | VOLT ~ | Torque Control Mode Analog Torque Command |
| 1/0 | Position Control Mode Internal Position Command | | |

General-Purpose Input

| Pin No. 1, 3 | Interface Circuit | PS (page 45) | Соі | ntrol Ma | ode |
|---|--|---|-----|----------|------------|
| Signal | De | escription | Р | S | Т |
| 24V (Pin No.1) Control power 24V COM+ (Pin No.3) I/O Power 24V | Power voltage: DC24V ± 109 Use SELV power supply with from hazardous voltages. COM+ and G24V drive cont power supply. 24V: Drive control power COM+: | of the external DC power supply. reinforced insulation that is isolated rol power must share one common or optical isolators of general-purpose | | Vol. T | Volt ** |

| Pin No. | 2 | Interface Circuit | PS (page 45) | Cor | ntrol Mo | ode |
|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---|-----|----------|------|
| | Signal | D | escription | Р | S | Т |
| G24V Control | power GND | Power voltage: DC24V ± 10 | ole of the external DC power supply. 0% th reinforced insulation that is isolated | | Vol.T | Volt |







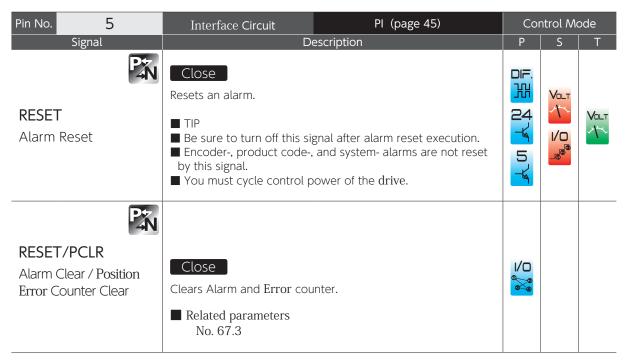




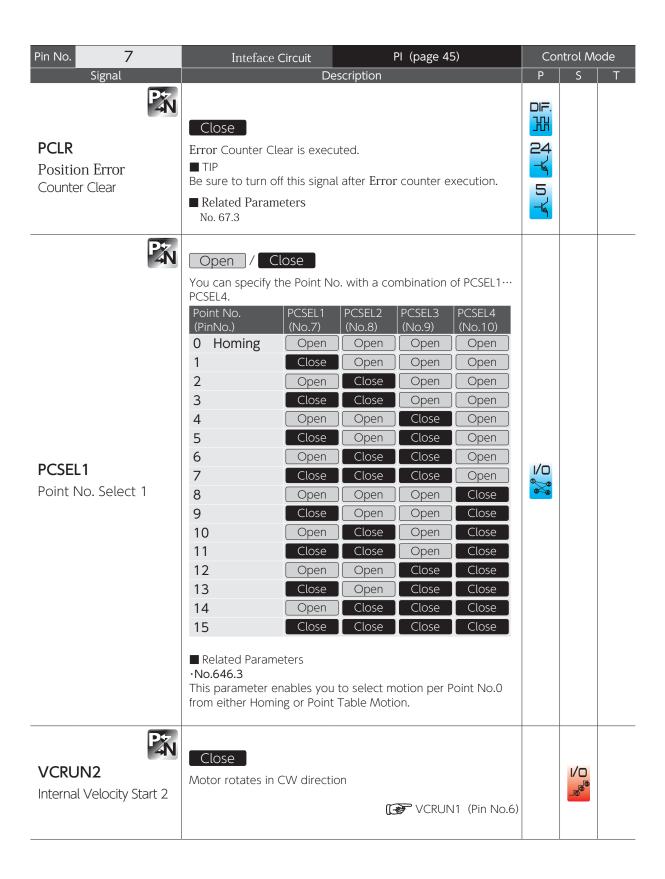




| Pin No. | 4 | Interface Circuit | PI (page 45) | Coi | ntrol Mo | ode |
|-----------------|--------|--|--------------|-----|----------|------------|
| | Signal | С | Description | Р | S | Т |
| SVON Servo (| | Open Turns the servo OFF. Close Turns the servo ON. | | | Vol.™ | Valt ** |



| Pin No. 6 | Interface Circuit PI (page 45) | Coi | ntrol M | ode |
|---|--|-----|---------|-------|
| HOLD Command input prohibit (Position Control mode) Zero command clamp (Velocity Control mode, Torque Control mode) | Open Allows command input. Close Prohibits command input. Until command input becomes allowed, the motor does not move regardless of the state of the command inputs. Related Parameter ·No.67.3 In Position Control mode, you can select whether the pulse counter data to is be maintained while command input is prohibited. | | Volt | Vol.T |
| PCSTART1 Start Forward Rotation | Close Starts motor operation. Executes Motion or Homing per Point No. specified with PCSEL1…4. ■ TIP Be sure to turn off this signal after the motion is completed. | 1/0 | | |
| VCRUN1 Internal velocity Start 1 | Close Motor rotates in CCW direction Motor Rotational Direction (No.6) (No.7) CCW Close Open Close Motor Stop Open Open Open Motor Stop Close Close Related Parameters No.390.0, No.391.0 These are used to set acceleration/deceleration time for Homing. No.392.0···No.399.0 These parameters are used to set 8 speeds. You can switch between the target speeds with combinations of signals, VCSEL1, VCSEL2, and VCSEL3 | | 1/O | |



| Pin No. 8 | Interface Circuit PI (page 45) | Cor | ntrol M | ode |
|---------------------------|--|----------------|---------|-----|
| Signal | Description | Р | S | Т |
| PCSEL2 Point No. Select 2 | Open / Close You can specify the Point No. with a combination of PCSEL1 PCSEL4. PCSEL1 (Pin No.7) | 1/0 | | |
| VCSEL1 Speed Select 1 | Open / Close You can select the target speed pin number with a combination of VCSEL1VCSEL3. Target speed (Pin No.) (No.7) (No.8) (No.9) O Open Open Open Open Close Open Open Close Close Open Close Close Open Close Close Open Close Open Close Close Close Close | | 1/O | |
| HOME Start Homing | Close Homing starts. TIP Be sure to set this terminal to Open after homing is completed. | OIF. | | |
| E-STOP Emergency Stop | Open The motor makes an emergency stop. Deceleration stop starts upon Servo OFF and the motor stops its motion. No alarm occurs. A warning is output by parameter setting. 9 Appendix Functions | □F. ₩ ** | | |

^{*} In I/O configuration Option 1 ** In I/O configuration Option 2

| Pin No. 9 | Interface Circuit | PI (page 45) | Col | ntrol M | ode |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|----------|---------|-------|
| Signal | D | escription | Р | S | Т |
| CCWL CCW drive limit switch input | equipment moves beyond ■ Related Parameters • No.67.0 Restriction enabled when "2 or "3: Enable CW/CCW dri • No.67.1 Enables you to specify the setting is 1 (short brake). • No.67.2 Enables you to specify the initial setting is 0 (coast to • No.67.3 | 2: Enable CCW drive limit switch" ve limit switch" is selected. deceleration method. The initial status after the motor stops. The stop). ar the position error counter | KG KR HI | Volt | Vol.T |
| PCSEL3 Point No. Select 3 | Open / Close You can specify the Point N PCSEL4. | No. with a combination of PCSEL1… PCSEL1 (Pin No.7) | 1/0 | | |
| VCSEL2 Speed Select 2 | Open / Close You can select the target s VCSEL1VCSEL3. | peed setting with a combination of VCSEL1 (Pin No.8) | | I/O | |

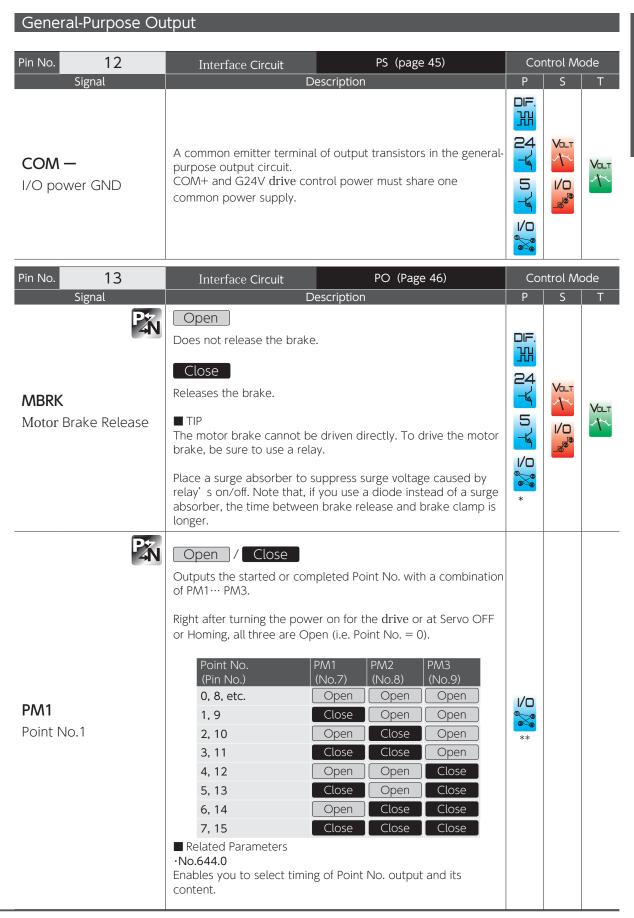
| Pin No. | 10 | Interface Circuit | PI (page 45) | Cor | ntrol M | ode |
|-------------------------------|----------|---|---|-----------|---------|------------|
| Si | gnal | С | Description | Р | S | Т |
| CWL CW Drive switch inp | | Open Prohibits CW motion. Close Allows CW motion. | (€ CCWL (Pin No.9) | 是 数子 10子 | Vol.T | Volt ** |
| PCSEL4 Point No. 9 | Select 4 | Open / Close You can specify the Point N PCSEL4. | No. with a combination of PCSEL1… PCSEL1 (Pin No.7) | * | | |
| HOME Start Homi | ing | Close Homing starts. TIP Be sure to turn off this sign | al after homing is completed. | 1/O ** | | |
| VCSEL3 Speed Sele | ect 3 | Open / Close You can select the target s VCSEL1VCSEL3. | speed setting with a combination of VCRUN1 (Pin No.8) | | 1/0 | |

^{*} In Standard I/O configuration ** In Optional I/O configuration.

| Pin No. | 11 | Interface Circuit PI (page 45) | | Control Mode | | ode |
|--------------------------|------|---|---|--------------|--------------|------|
| Sig | gnal | D | escription | Р | S | Т |
| TLSEL1 Torque Lim | nit | Open Torque command limit: Val Close Torque command limit: Val Related Parameters ·No.144.0 Torque Limit is enabled wh ·No.147.0, No.148.0 Set Torque Command Limit | ue 2 (No.148.0) is applied. en 1 (enable) is selected. | | Volt Volt | Volt |
| ORG Home Sens | sor | Open Home sensor has not been detected. Close Home sensor has been detected. Related Parameters ·No.645.0 Enables you to select home-sensor-front. ·No.646.1 Enables you to change the polarity of home sensor detection. | | * | | |

^{*} In Standard I/O configuration ** In Optional I/O configuration.

 $\dot{\omega}$



| Pin No. | 14 | Interface Circuit | PO (Page 46) | Cor | ntrol M | ode |
|----------------------|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----|---------|------|
| | Signal | D | escription | Р | S | T |
| SERV Servo | O Status | Open Servo-Off Close Servo-On | | | Vol.T | Volt |
| PM2 Point i | No.2 | Open / Close Outputs the started or com of PM1···· PM3. | npleted Point No. with a combination | ** | | |

^{*1)} In Standard I/O configuration

^{*2)} In Optional I/O configuration.

| Pin No. | 15 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | Cor | ntrol M | ode |
|----------------------|--------|--|------|---------|-----|
| Sigr | nal | Description | Р | S | Т |
| PAN | Open | | | | |
| POSIN | | Positioning is not complete. | 24 | | |
| Positioning Complete | Close | 24 | | | |
| | | Positioning is complete. | 5 | | |
| P | PAN | Open Motor motion is not complete. | 1/0 | | |
| MEND Motion Con | nplete | Close | 1/0 | | |
| Motion Complete | prece | Ready to receive next motion directive after Point table motion and Testing motion complete. In Servo-Off state | * | | |
| DAAC | PAN | Open / Close | 1/0 | | |
| PM3 Point No.3 | | Outputs the started or completed Point No. with a combination of PM1··· PM3. | 0000 | | |
| | | PM1 (Pin No.13) | ** | | |
| | | 11011 (1111100.15) | | | |

^{*} In Standard I/O configuration.
** In Optional I/O configuration.

| Pin No. 16 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | Control Mod | de |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------|----|
| Signal HEND Homing Complete | Open · State of Home Lost · During Homing Close State of Homing Complete | P S | Т |
| WARN1 Warning | Open No warning Close A warning state is present Appendix Warning Outp | DIF. ** 24 ** but ** | |

^{*} In Standard I/O configuration ** In Optional I/O configuration.

| Pin No. 17 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | Cor | ntrol Mo | ode |
|---|--|--------------------|----------|------|
| Signal | Description | Р | S | Т |
| T-LIMIT Torque Limiting | Close Motor output torque is limited. Related Parameters ·No.144.1 Enables you to select conditions for torque limit. | | Vol.T | Volt |
| MEND/T-LIMIT Motion Complete /Torque Limiting | State of one of the following: MEND Motion Complete Torque Limiting MEND (Pin No.15) Related Parameters No.144.1 Enables you to select conditions for torque limiting. TIP Use this signal as T-LIMIT during press motion. Otherwise, use it as MEND. For T-LIMIT, turn TLSEL1 (Torque Limit) ON. For MEND, turn TLSEL1 (Torque Limit) OFF. | F. *** 4 *** 5 *** | | |

- * In Standard I/O configuration
- ** In Optional I/O configuration
 *** In I/O configuration Option 1

| Pin No. 18 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | | | ontrol M | ode |
|------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|------------|------|
| Signal | De | escription | Р | S | T |
| OCZ Encoder Z-Phase | with the same width as A-p Open-collector output Related Parameters ·No.276.0, No.278.0 If Z-phase pulse width is too by the host controller, decreased to increase Pulse width [ms] | ed with A-phase pulse and is ou hase pulse. o small to be measured accurat ease frequency division ratio or | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Volt VO | Valt |

| Pin No. 19, 20 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | | ntrol M | ode |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|-------|
| Signal SREDY + (Pin No.19) SREDY - (Pin No.20) Servo ready | In one of the following conditions An alarm is occurring. The AC supply is not supplied to the drive. Close The following conditions are met at the same time. No alarm is occurring. The AC Supply is supplied to the drive. TIP The emitter side of the output transistor is independent of COM Cascade connection to multiple drives is possible. | | \\ \sqrt{\tau} \\ \s | Vol.T |
| SERVO + (Pin No.19) SERVO - (Pin No.20) Servo status | Open Servo-off status Close Servo-on status TIP The emitter side of the output transistor is independent of COM Cascade connection to multiple drives is possible. | *** | | |
| DBRK + (Pin No.19) DBRK - (Pin No.20) Emergency stop brake release | Open Engages the Emergency stop brake. Close Disengages the emergency stop brake. See preparation chapter to build an emergency stop breaking circuit. | 24 **** 55 **** **** | | |

^{* 1)} In Standard I/O configuration ** 2) In Standard I/O configuration *** 3) In Optional I/O configuration *** 4) In I/O configuration Option 2

| Pin No. | 21, 22 | Interface Circuit PO (Page 46) | | | ontrol M | ode |
|---------|--------------|---|--|-----|----------|------|
| S | Signal | De | escription | Р | S | Т |
| | P | Open | | | | |
| ALM + | (Pin No.21) | In one of the following cond An alarm is occurring. Control power is not suppli | | | | |
| 0100 | (Dia N. 22) | Close | | 24 | VOLT | Volt |
| ALM — | (PIN INO.22) | The following conditions are No alarm is occurring. Control power is supplied to | | 5 | I/O | * |
| Alarm | | | out transistor is independent of to multiple drives is possible. | 1/0 | | |

Command Input Pin No. 26 CP (page 47) Control Mode Interface Circuit Signal Description Command signal input from the host controller to the drive. Select command pulse train command signal to input. (No.32.0) CMD_PLS Command Signal Form Input Signal No.32.0 DIF. Pulse 0 Pulse and Direction Pulse 況 A-phase CCW A-phase 1 QEP (Quadrature Encoder Pulse) 2 CCW and CW CCW ■ Related Parameters ·No.2.0, No.3.0, No,32.0 Control Mode Pin No. 27 Interface Circuit CP (page 47) Signal Description Command signal input from the host controller to the drive Select command pulse train command signal to input. (No.32.0) 洲 /CMD_PLS Command Signal Form Input Signal No.32.0 /Pulse 0 Pulse and Direction /Pulse /A-phase /A-phase 1 QEP (Quadrature Encoder Pulse) /CĊW 2 CCW and CW /CCW 5 ■ Related Parameters ·No.2.0, No.3.0, No,32.0 28, 29 Interface Circuit Pin No. CP (page 47) Control Mode Signal Description Command signal input from the host controller to the drive. CC-P A power input terminal of 24V open collector. (Pin No.28) 24 CC-D Use this in combination with /CMD_PLS. (Pin No.29) CC-D: 24V open collector power Use this in combination with /CMD_DIR.

| Pin No. | 30 | Interface Circ | cuit CP (pag | ge 47) | Cor | ntrol Ma | ode |
|-----------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|------|----------|-----|
| Si | gnal | | Description | | Р | S | Т |
| | | | ut from the host control | | | | |
| CMD_DIF | ? | Parameter No.32.0 | Command Signal Form | Input Signal | | | |
| Direction | | 0 | Pulse and Direction | Direction | DIF. | | |
| B-phase | | 1 | QEP (Quadrature Encoder Pulse) | B-phase | 光 | | |
| CW | | 2 | CCW and CW | CW | | | |
| | ■ Related Parameters ·No.2.0, No.3.0, No,3 | | | | | | |

| Pin No. 31 | Interface Circuit CP (page 47) | | | Cor | ntrol Mo | ode |
|------------|--|--|--------------|------|----------|-----|
| Signal | | Description | | Р | S | Т |
| | | ut from the host contro e train command signal to | | DIF. | | |
| /CMD_DIR | Parameter No.32.0 | Command Signal Form | Input Signal | 24 | | |
| /Direction | 0 | Pulse and Direction | /Direction | | | |
| /B-phase | 1 | QEP(Quadrature Encoder Pulse) | /B-phase | | | |
| /CW | 2 | CCW and CW | /CW | 5 | | |
| | ■ Related Parameter. ·No.2.0, No.3.0, No,3 | - | | | | |

| Pin No. 49, 50 | Interface Circuit CP (page 47) | Co | ontrol M | ode |
|----------------------------|---|------|----------|-----|
| Signal | Description | Р | S | Т |
| CC_P-5V (Pin No.49) | Command signal input from the host controller to the drive A power input terminal of 5V open collector. | e. | | |
| CC_D-5V (Pin No.50) | CC-P-5V: Use this in combination with /CMD_PLS | D 74 | | |
| 5V Open collector power | CC-D-5V: Use this in combination with /CMD_DIR. | | | |

| Pin No. | 32 | Interface Circuit | erface Circuit | | ntrol M | ode |
|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|---|---------|------|
| | Signal | D | escription | Р | S | Т |
| A_SPE Analog Comm | g Velocity | | analog voltages (-10V to +10V). A_ prence point of electric potential. | | VOLT | |
| A_TRO | g Torque | | h analog voltages (-10V to +10V). eference point of electric potential. | | | VOLT |

| Pin No. | 33 | Interface Circuit | CA (page 48) | Cor | Control Mode | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|---|-----|--------------|------|
| | Signal | D | escription | Р | S | Т |
| A_GN Analo Groun | g Command | ■ TIP If the analog velocity commis isolated from 24V controto signal ground of the host | nand circuit of the host controller I power supply, connect A_GND t controller, not to GND of control y command circuit is not isolated, | | VOLT ** | Volt |

| Encoder Output | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--------|-------|
| Pin No. 36, 37,···, 42 | Interface Circuit | EO (page 49) | | ode | |
| OUT_A (Pin No.36) /OUT_A (Pin No.37) A-phase output OUT_B (Pin No.38) /OUT_B (Pin No.39) B-phase output OUT_Z (Pin No.40) /OUT_Z (Pin No.41) Z-phase output SG (Pin No.42) Signal ground | OUT_A, /OUT_A: OUT_B, /OUT_B: OUT_Z, /OUT_Z: Differential output of enco (equivalent to RS-422) SG: Signal ground of the common This signal is connected to is isolated from control points. | oder signal divided and multiplied munication IC in the output circuit. It is signal ground inside the drive. It ower (G24V, COM-). Make the and of the communication IC of the | | S VOLT | Vol.T |

RS-485 Communication

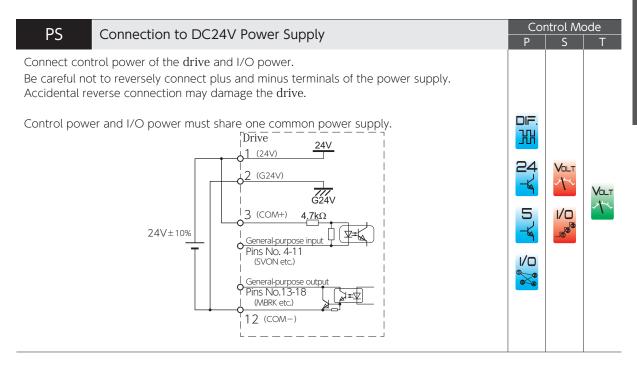
| Pin No. 43, 44, 45 | Interface Circuit | RS (page 50) | Control Mode | | | |
|--|---|---|--------------|------|------|--|
| Signal | | | Р | S | T | |
| 485 (Pin No.43) 485 data | resistor of approximately | be sure to connect a termination | DF. 34 | Volt | | |
| /485 (Pin No.44) | SG: | | | | VOLT | |
| /485 data SG (Pin No.45) Signal ground | to signal ground inside the power (G24V, COM-). | communication IC. It is connected e drive. Isolated from control the communication IC of the host | D ~ _ \$ | 1/O | | |

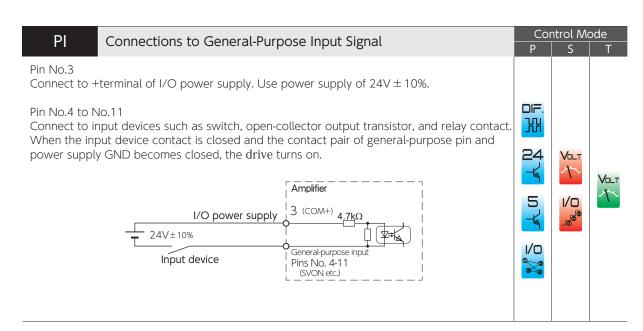
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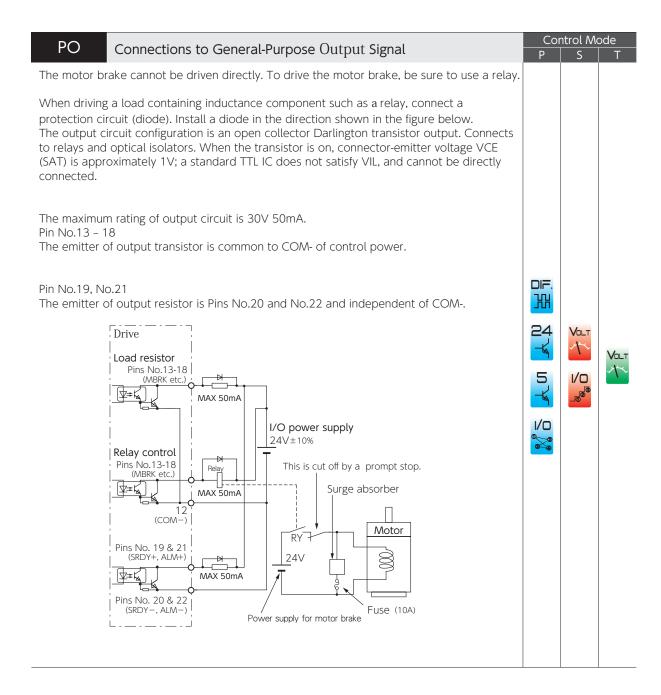
5. Descriptions of CN1 Connector Signals

2. Interface Circuit of CN1 Connector

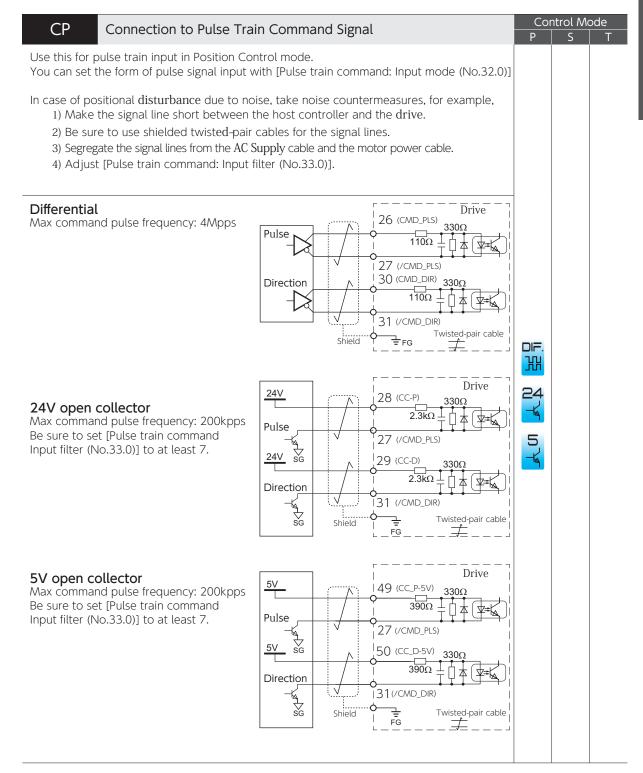
Interface Circuit



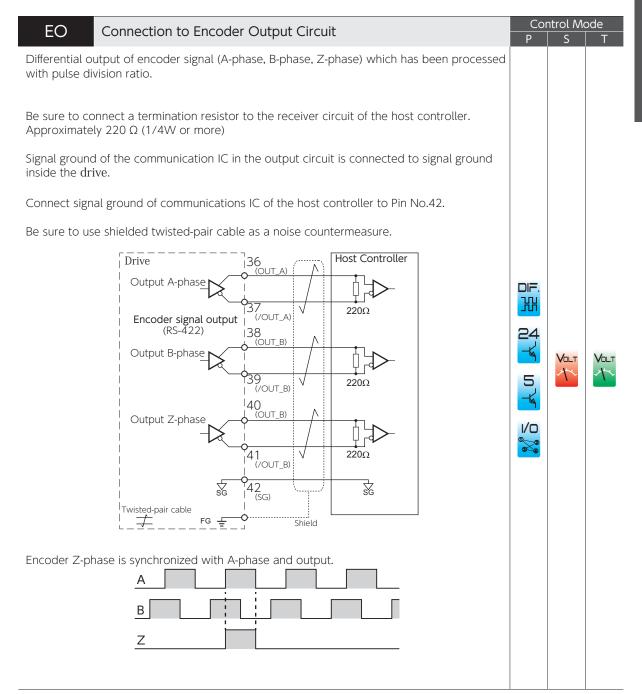


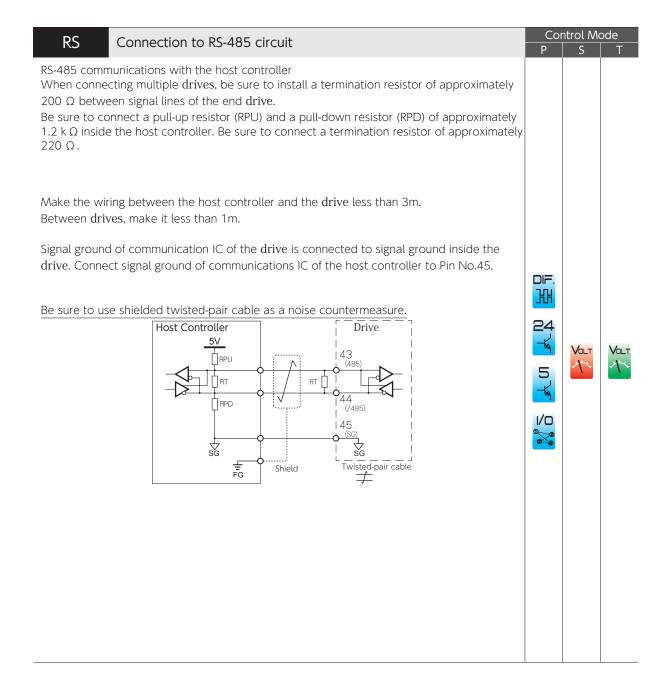


 $\dot{\omega}$



| CA Connection to Analog Command Signal | Col P | ntrol M S | ode T |
|---|----------|--------------|----------|
| Input voltage tolerance range is \pm 10 V. For input circuit impedance, see the figure below. For the command circuit configuration with a variable resistor (VR) and a resistor (R), VR must be $2k\Omega$ (1/4W or more) and R must be 100 Ω to 200 Ω (1/4W or more), so that command input voltage range is -10V to +10V. Be sure to use shielded twisted-pair cables as a noise countermeasure. | | | |
| ■ Isolation/non-isolation of the host analog command circuit and 24V control power | | | |
| If isolated Connect A-GND with signal ground of the host controller. (Do not connect to GND of control power) If not isolated Connect A_GND with GND of control power. Drive A_GND A_G | | Volt | VOLT |





55 Settings

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1. Overview

This section explains a variety of parameters that are required to set up the various product functions and features. Read this section carefully to become familiar with the setup methods, functions, and usages of the parameters, then adjust the parameters to best suit your operating requirements.

Parameter Tuning Method



Tuning with the Setup Panel on the front the drive.



Tuning with the setup software Digitax SF Connect. Install it on the user-supplied PC.

2. Setup Panel

1. Setup Panel Features



Setup Panel

| Items | Descriptions | | | |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Display Panel | Displays a status or a setting value (with six digits at a time) on 7-segment display. | | | |
| MODE Button | Use this button to switch between the six modes in the main menu or return to the main menu. | | | |
| SET Button | Use this button to select items and set values. | | | |
| STATUS STATUS LED | Control power ON OFF | LED Green ON Red ON OFF | Status Normal Alarm occurring Normal | |
| UP Button DOWN Button | In each mode, use these buttons to change the display item, change data, select the parameter, execute operation and so forth. Use ▲ to increase or ▼ to decrease a numeric value | | | |
| LEFT Button | Use this button to m | nove to higher order di | gits when changing the | e data. |



Do not press more than one button simultaneously on the Setup Panel.

Otherwise, the information displayed on the DISPLAY LED will be incomplete.

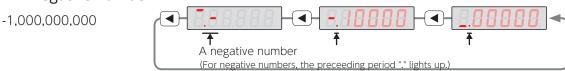
2. Setup Panel

Displaying A Number with 6 or More Digits

You can display a 6 to 10-digit number on the display panel with 3 separate portions, 5 digits at a time. The leftmost letter indicates which segment of the number is currently displayed: sign , first 5-digit, or last 5-digit segment. The last 5-digit sement is displayed first.

ex. 1: Positive number +/- sign first 5 digits last 5 digits +1,234,567,890 A positive number

ex. 2: Negative number



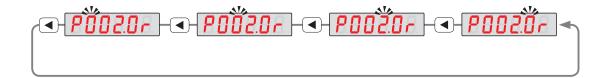
ex. 3: Model Code and Serial Number



Selecting the digit to edit

Use ◀ button to move the blinking position to the digit place that you want to edit.

Use ▲ ▼ button to change the value of the blinking digit.



2. Setup Panel

2. Using the Setup Panel

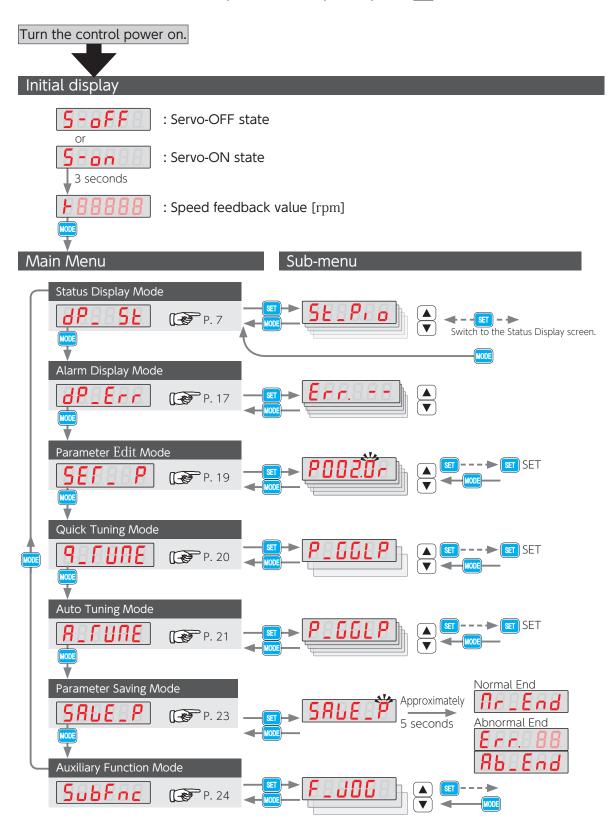
The Setup Panel shows seven modes, each of which represents a group of functions.

| Display Mode | Overview |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| GP_5 E Status Display Mode | Motor and drive statuses can be verified. Not displayed when an alarm is occurring |
| Alarm Status Display Mode | You can check the active alarm in this mode. |
| SEF_P Parameter Edit Mode | Use this mode to edit each parameter |
| Quick Tuning Mode | This mode is used for tuning the control gain set based on the selected inertia. (Position Control Mode only) |
| Auto Tuning Mode | This mode is used to set up the parameters required for auto tuning. Not available in Torque Control Mode. |
| SALE_P Parameter Saving Mode | This mode enables you to save the parameters set up in Parameter Setting Mode or Auto Tuning Mode to EEPROM. |
| SubFnc Auxiliary Function Mode | You can perform: - JOG Operation to execute testing with no command input from the host controller. - Clear Parameter to reset all parameters to the factory default. - Clear Encoder to initialize multi-turn data of absolute encoder. |

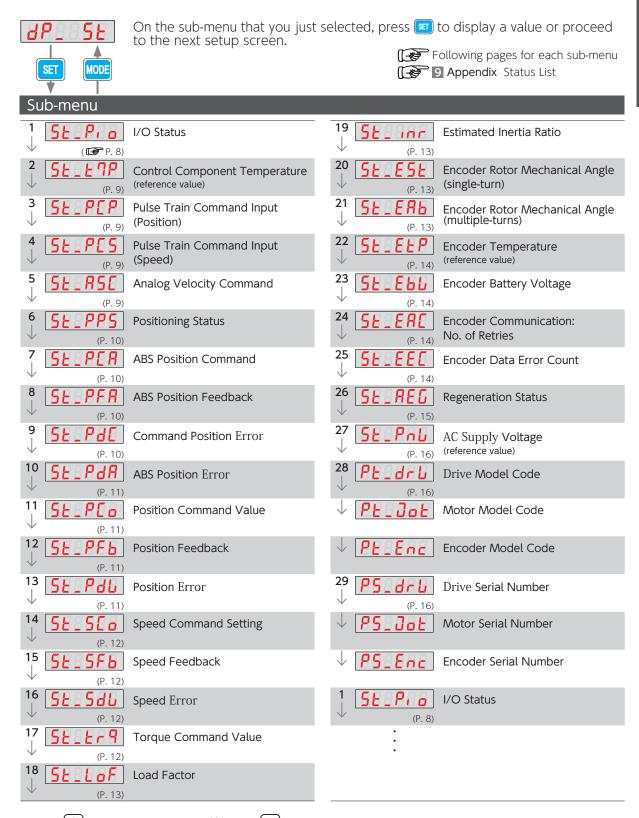
Character table for 7-segment LED display Α В C D Ε F G Н 1 J K L Μ Ν 0 P Q R S Т 8 8 8 8 5 8 B 8 8 8. 8. Н. 8. 8 8 8. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 П V S Т U W Χ Υ Z 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 + 8. 8 8 8 8. 8 H 5 8 8 8 8 8 8. 8

3. Using the Setup Panel

Turn on the control power of the drive and then press twice to bring up the main menu. On the main menu, select the mode you are to set up, then press to see the sub-menu.



1. Status Display Mode

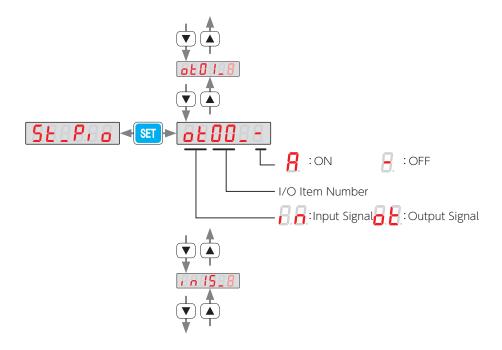


1 I/O Status Status No.16

The flow chart below illustrates the I/O status of the CN1 connector.

The assignments of I/O pins depend on each control mode. Check each corresponding pin.



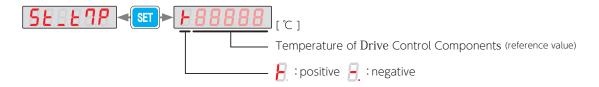


| Output Signal | Pin No. | Input Signal | Pin No. |
|---------------|----------|--------------|----------|
| o E 0 0 _ 8 | 13 | 100_8 | 4 |
| ot01_8 | 14 | FA0128 | 5 |
| ot02_8 | 15 | 1002_8 | 6 |
| ot03_8 | 16 | nn0328 | 7 |
| 060418 | 17 | 1004_8 | 8 |
| o ± 05 (*) | 18 | 10518 | 9 |
| ot06_8 | 19 | 1006_8 | 10 |
| ot0718 | 21 | 10728 | 11 |
| ot08_8 | | 1008_8 | |
| | Reserved | | Reserved |
| ot 15_8 | | 1015_8 | |

*) NOTE: The display of $\bullet E05$ is fixed at \bullet (OFF).

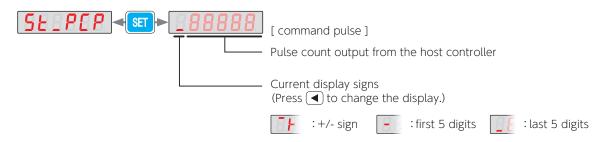
2 Control Component Temperature

Status No.24



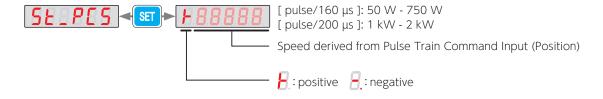
3 Pulse Train Command Input (Position)

Status No.33



4 Pulse Train Command Input (Speed)

Status No.35



5 Analog Velocity Command

Status No.49



6 Positioning Status

≪ SET **>** Positioning Status in Position Control Mode $\{ \}$:Executing Positioning $\{ \}$:Positioning Complete Fixed to positive Status No.74 7 ABS Position Command SET → [command pulse] Indicates a Position command value based on Home position offset Current display signs (Press 4 to change the display.) ifirst 5 digits :+/- sign : last 5 digits 8 ABS Position Feedback Status No.76 SET → [command pulse] Indicates the motor angular position returned from the encoder. Current display signs (Press ◀ to change the display.) : first 5 digits : last 5 digits Status No.78 9 Command Position Error SET [command pulse] Indicates the difference between the position command value and position feedback value. Current display signs (Press ◀ to change the display.) : +/- sign

Status No.64

10 ABS Position Error Status No.80 **SET** [command pulse] Indicates the difference between ABS Position Command (Status No.74) and ABS Position Feedback (Status No.76) Current display signs (Press ◀) to change the display.) : +/- sign : first 5 digits : last 5 digits Position Command Value Status No.65 SET → [encoder pulse] Indicates the position command value input to the position loop Current display signs (Press to change the display.) : +/- sign ifirst 5 digits : last 5 digits 12 Position Feedback Status No.67 SET [encoder pulse] Indicates the motor angular position detected by encoder Current display signs (Press ◀ to change the display.) : first 5 digits : last 5 digits Status No.69 13 Position Error SET → [encoder pulse] Indicates the difference between the position control value and the position feedback value Current display signs (Press • to change the display.)

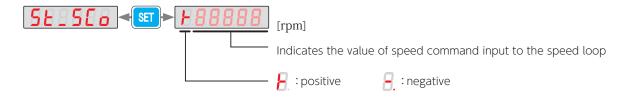
: last 5 digits

:+/- sign

- : first 5 digits

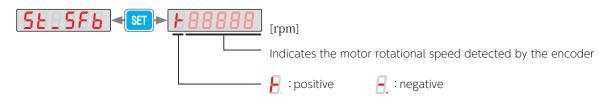
14 Speed Command Setting

Status No.97



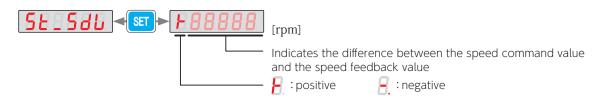
15 Speed Feedback

Status No.98



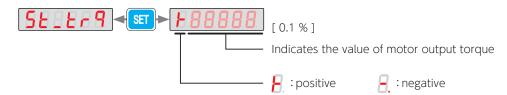
16 Speed Error

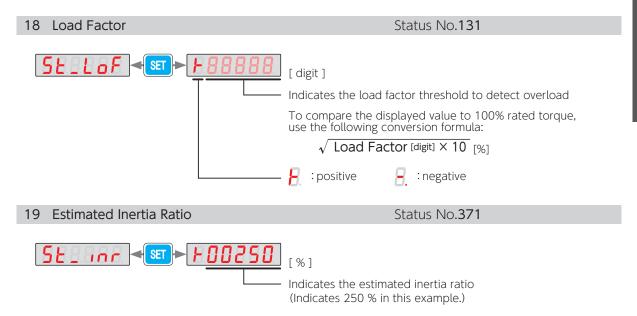
Status No.99

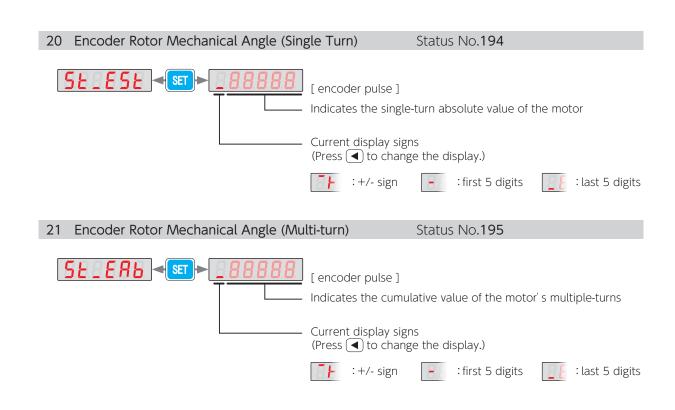


17 Torque Command Value

Status No.113

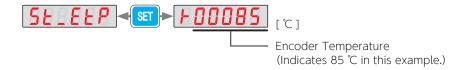






22 Encoder Temperature

Status No.205



23 Encoder Battery Voltage

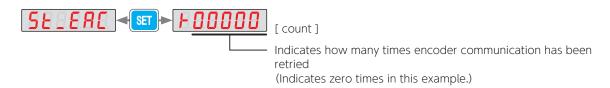
Status No.206

(Absolute encoder only)



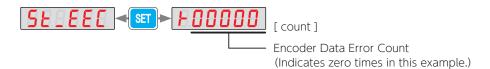
24 Encoder Communication Retry Count

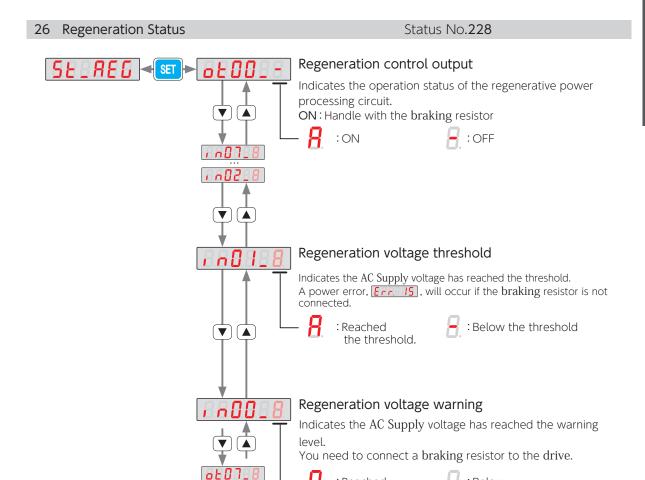
Status No.216



25 Encoder Data Error Counter

Status No.218





How to determine whether or not a braking resistor is needed

- 1. Display , n [] as instructed above.
- 2. Observe if the display on the Setup Panel while gradually increasing the speed of the equipment from a low speed (approximately 20 % of the max speed) to the actual operating speed.

the warning threshold.

: you do not need install a braking resistor.

: install a braking resistor.

3 Preparation Braking Resistor

the warning threshold



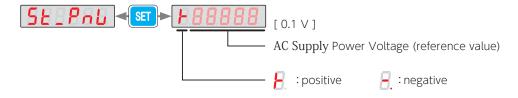


If **Err.** 15 appears while the motor is decelerating, you may need a braking resistor. Determine if a braking resistor is necessary or not as described above.

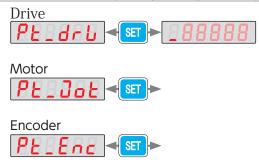


27 AC Supply Power Voltage

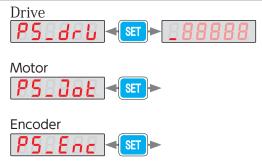
Status No.232



28 Model Code (Drive, Motor, Encoder)



29 Serial Number (Drive, Motor, Encoder)

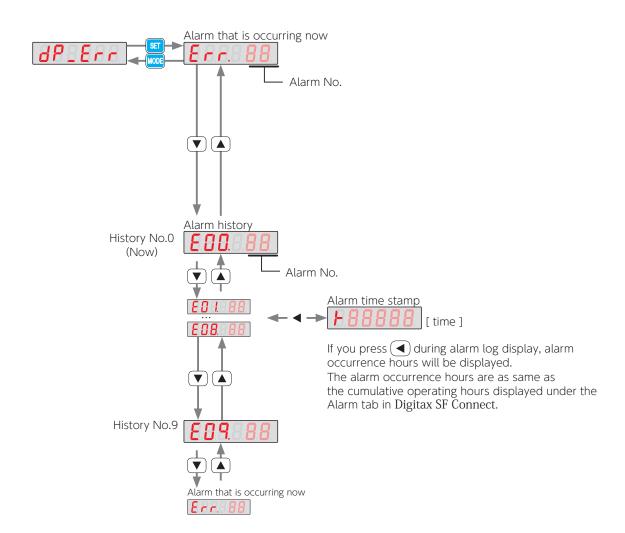


2. Alarm Display Mode

When an alarm occurs, the Setup Panel will automatically switch to the Alarm Display Mode. Note that this does not happen in the following modes: Parameter Setting Mode, Quick Tuning Mode, Auto Tuning Mode, Parameter Saving Mode, and Auxiliary Function Mode.

To switch to Alarm Display Mode from one of these modes, press status Display Mode is disabled while an alarm is occurring. Up to 10 previous alarms can be displayed.

8 Troubleshooting



| List of Alarms | | | |
|----------------|--|---------|------------------------------------|
| Display | Alarm | Display | Alarm |
| Err | No alarm | Err. 16 | Encoder (Received data) |
| Err. 00 | System | Err. 17 | Encoder (no response) |
| Err. 01 | EEPROM data | Err. 18 | Encoder (circuitry) |
| Err. 02 | Product code | Err. 19 | Encoder (communication) |
| Err. 04 | Overspeed | Err. 20 | Encoder (multi-turn data) |
| Err. 05 | Speed | Err. 21 | Encoder (voltage drop) |
| Err. 06 | Position | Err. 22 | Voltage (control power) |
| Err. 07 | Overload | Err. 23 | Switch circuitry |
| Err. 08 | Command overspeed | Err. 24 | Overcurrent |
| Err. 09 | Encoder pulse Output frequency | Err. 25 | Inverter 1 |
| Err. 10 | Internal Position Command overflow Homing failure | Err. 26 | Inverter 2 |
| Err. 11 | Encoder (multi-turn counter overflow) | Err. 27 | Current sensor |
| Err. 12 | Overheat | Err. 28 | Encoder (overheat) |
| Err. 14 | Overvoltage | Err. 29 | Voltage drop (inside the drive) |
| Err. 15 | Power supply (AC Supply) | | |

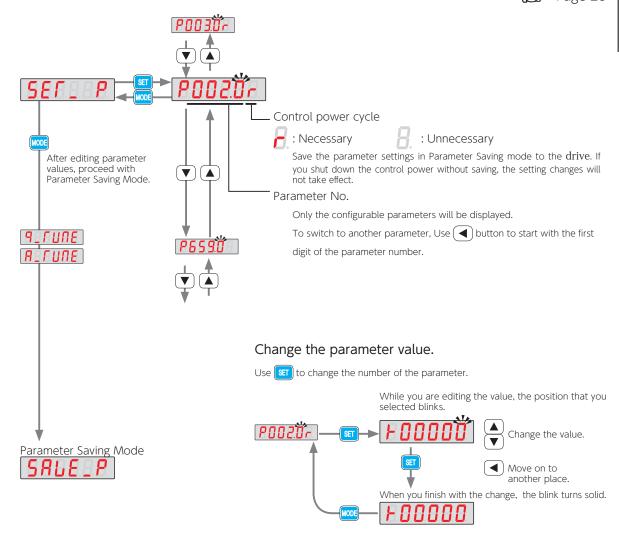
List of Warnings

| Display | Warning | Display | Warning |
|---------|--|---------|-------------------------------|
| Err.900 | Encoder overheat detection | Err.903 | Encoder communication warning |
| Err.901 | Encoder battery voltage drop error detection | Err.904 | Excessive position error |
| Err.902 | Emergency stop | | |

3. Parameter Setting Mode

In Parameter Setting Mode, drive parameters can be checked and set up. For details of each parameter, see the Parameters.

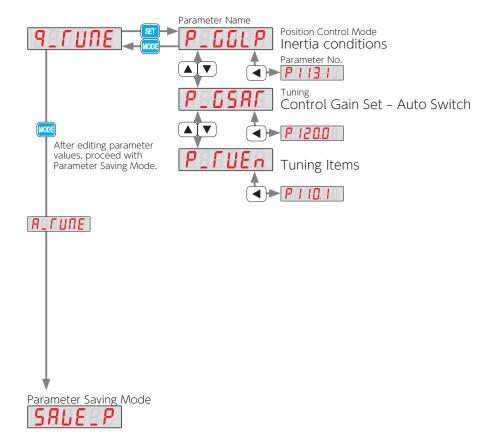
Page 28





4. Quick Tuning Mode (Position Control Mode Only)

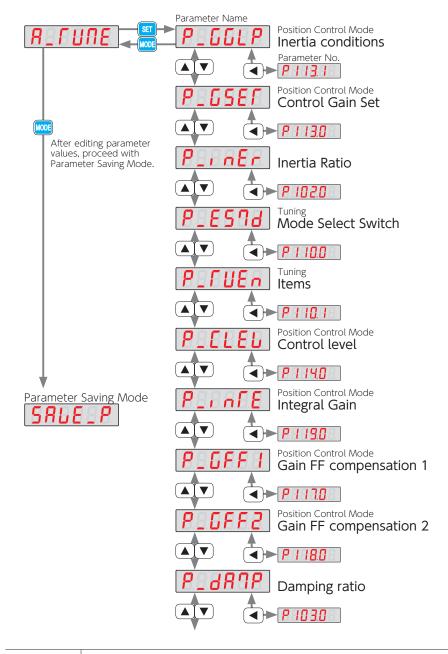
For Tuning Procedures, see **Z Tuning**.





5. Auto Tuning Mode (Position Control Mode)

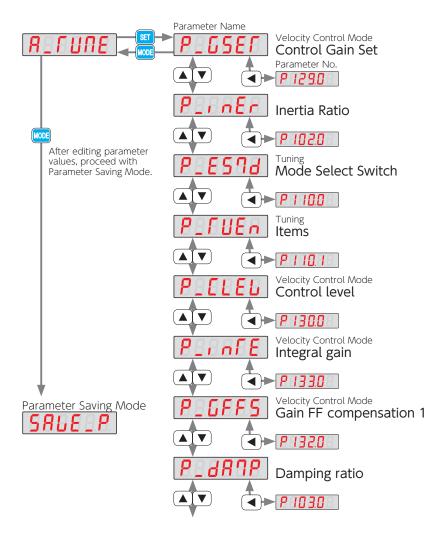
For Tuning Procedures, see **Z** Tuning.





6. Auto Tuning Mode (Velocity Control Mode)

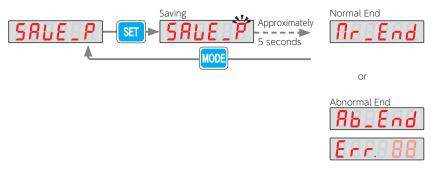
For Tuning Procedures, see **Z** Tuning.





7. Parameter Saving Mode

This mode allows you to save the parameter settings changed in Parameter Setting Mode or Auto Tuning Mode.



Check in Alarm Display Mode.

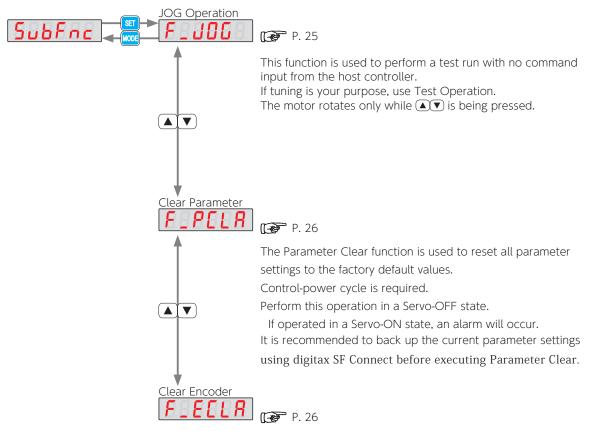


Save the parameter settings in Parameter Saving mode to the drive. If you shut down the drive without saving them, the changes will not take effect.

If you changed parameters for which control-power cycle is needed, cycle power after the new parameter settings are saved.

8. Auxiliary Function Mode

Auxiliary Function Mode allows you to perform the operations such as 1) JOG operation, 2) Clear Parameter, and 3) Clear Encoder.

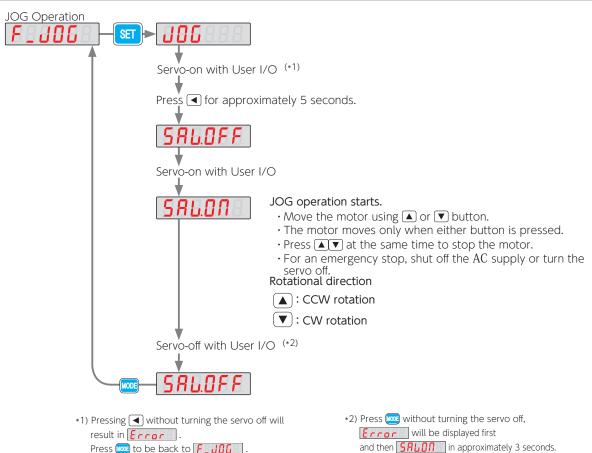


This function initializes the multi-turn data of the absolute encoder. Control-power cycle is required.

Perform this operation in a Servo-OFF state.

If operated in a Servo-ON state, an alarm will occur.

JOG Operation



Modes and conditions that allow IOG Operation

Press to be back to F_ J [] .

| Control Mode | Command Mode | JOG Operation |
|------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Position Control | Pulse Train Command | Yes |
| FOSILION CONLINE | Internal Position Command | No |
| Volocity Control | Analog Velocity Command | Yes |
| Velocity Control | Internal Velocity Command | Yes (*) |
| Torque Control | Analog Torque Command | No |

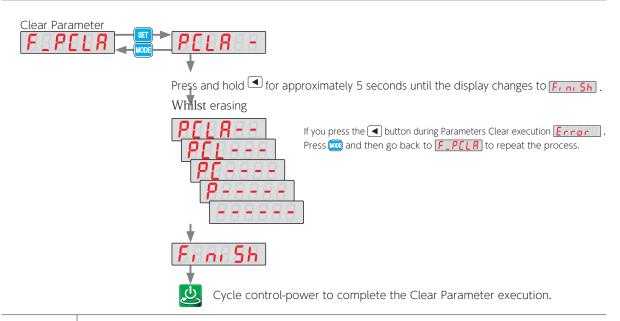
^{*)} Speed selection by I/O input is disabled. (VCRUN1, VCRUN2, VCSEL1, VCSEL2, VCSEL3)

JOG Operation related parameters

| No. | Parameter | Default | Range |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|---|
| 385.0 | Acceleration Time | 1,000 [ms] | 0 to 60,000 |
| 386.0 (*) | Deceleration Time | 1,000 [ms] | 0 to 60,000 |
| 387.0 | Target Speed | 300 [rpm] | 0 to max of motor rotational speed of motor |

^{*)} The larger the setting, is the longer it takes for the motor to stop after releasing any of the 🛕 🔻 buttons.

Clear Parameter

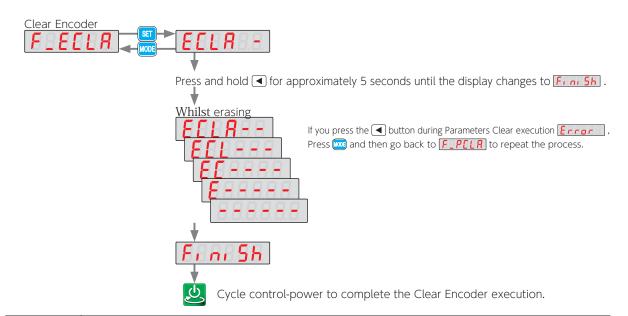




Use this in a Servo-OFF state.

If used in a Servo-ON state, an alarm will occur.

Clear Encoder (This feature is used in absolute systems)





Use this in a Servo-OFF state.

If used in a Servo-ON state, an alarm will occur.

4. Overview of Digitax SF Connect (Setup Software)

Digitax SF Connect is a dedicated setup software to be installed on a user-supplied PC connecting to a Digitax SF servo drive with a USB cable. It enables you to perform the following operations easily.

Features:

- · setting, saving, and writing drive parameters
- · measuring, saving, and comparing data, by using a graphical waveform monitor
- · monitoring the state of drive, alarm, and input/output
- · gain tuning and setting filters
- · point-table operation, test operation and homing

System Requirements for Digitax SF Connect

| Product | Specifications | |
|---------|-------------------------|--|
| | OS | Windows® XP SP3 (32-bit) Windows® 7 (32-bit, 64-bit) Windows® 8 (64-bit) |
| | Language | Japanese, Chinese (Simplified), Chinese (Traditional), Korean, and English |
| PC | Minimum CPU | Pentium® III 512 MHz |
| | Minimum Memory | 256 MB (512 MB recommended) |
| | Minimum Hard Disk Space | 512 MB free space |
| | Serial Communications | USB port |
| Cable | USB A – USB mini B | In noisy environments, a signal noise filter cable is recommended. |

Connecting Drive and PC

Install Digitax SF Connect on your PC.
Connect a USB cable to CN3 at the front of the drive.



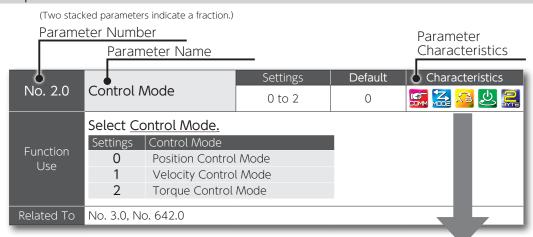


Remark

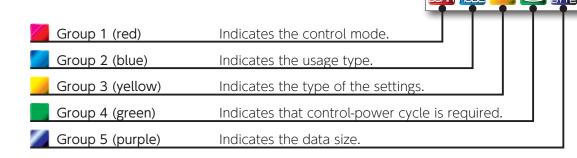
Some of the tuning parameters are dependent on the settings of other parameters, which makes the values of dependent parameters invalid even if they are within the specification range.

| Control Mode | Name | No. |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-------|
| | Control gain 1 | 115.0 |
| | Control gain 2 | 116.0 |
| Position Control Mode | Gain FF compensation 1 | 117.0 |
| | Gain FF compensation 2 | 118.0 |
| | Integral gain | 119.0 |
| | Control gain 1 | 131.0 |
| Velocity Control Mode | Gain FF Compensation 1 | 132.0 |
| | Integral gain | 133.0 |

Overview of the parameter list



Characteristics



Characteristics of Parameters

The parameters are categorized into five groups according to their functions, uses, and features. The following icons are used to represent their characteristics.

| Group | Icon | | Meaning |
|---|------------------|--|--|
| | COMM | Common | Used for all Control Modes |
| | | Position Control Pulse Train Command | Used for Pulse Train Command in Position Control Mode |
| 1 | 12 POS | Position Control Internal Command | Used for Internal Position Command in Position Control Mode |
| (Red) | | Velocity Control Analog Command | Used for Analog Command in Velocity Control Mode |
| | Z VEL | Velocity Control Internal Command | Used for Internal Velocity Command in Velocity Control Mode |
| | X TAQ | Torque Control Analog Command | Used for Analog Command in Torque Control Mode |
| | | Communication | Setup parameters for RS-485 Communication |
| | Z | Operation Mode | Used for selecting Control Mode, Command Mode, Operation Mode, Pulse Form and so forth. |
| | CIFL | Operation Control | Used to configure Pulse Ratio and Filters |
| | | Alarm Detection | Used for configuring Alarm Detection and Timing of Alarm Detection |
| 2 (Blue) | | Tuning | Gain parameters that require Tuning |
| | -OME | Homing | Used for positioning operation in Position Control Mode |
| | MIT | Torque Limit | Used for configuring Torque limit used in all Control Modes |
| | 3102 | Deceleration Stop/ Emergency Stop/Quick Stop | Used for configuring Stop processes in case of emergency or drive limit switch input active |
| | | Vibration Control | Parameters related to Vibration Control |
| | | Switch | Parameters to enable or disable functions |
| 3 (Yellow) | <u>Sa</u> | Selection | Used for selecting conditions from multiple items based on your operational purposes |
| | 0 100 | Numeric Value | Numeric values are set for these parameters, for example, pulse paired ratio or filter setup parameters. |
| 4 (Green) | 少 | Control Power Cycle | Those parameters need power cycling for their setting changes to take effect. |
| 5 2-Byte Data 2-byte data Communications Manual | | 2-byte data Communications Manual: RS-485 Communications | |
| Blue) | 4 BYTE | 4-Byte Data | 4-byte data Communications Manual: RS-485 Communications |

1. Parameters

Common

Common





JOG Operation



| Name | | | No. | (|
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-------|----------|
| Control mode | | | 2.0 | 34 |
| Command mode | | | 3.0 | 34 |
| Operation mode | | | 9.0 | 35 |
| Warning latch time | | | 12.0 | 36 |
| Alarm output timing | | | 13.0 | 36 |
| | Switch | | 144.0 | 62 |
| Torque command limit | Value 1 | | 147.0 | 63 |
| | Value 2 | | 148.0 | 63 |
| Torque limit output | | | 144.1 | 63 |
| Servo OFF: Delay time | | | 237.0 | 75 |
| Brake release: Delay time | | | 238.0 | 75 |
| Absolute system | | 257.0 | 76 | |
| | Rotational o | direction | 272.1 | 77 |
| Encoder pulse output | Command pulse ratio | Numerator | 276.0 | 78 |
| | | Denominator | 278.0 | 78 |
| | | | | |

| Name | INO. | |
|-------------------|-------|----|
| Acceleration time | 385.0 | 85 |
| Deceleration time | 386.0 | 85 |
| Target speed | 387.0 | 85 |
| | | |

Warning/Error Detection

Drive Limit Switch inputs





| |)) M |
|--|---------|
|--|---------|

| Name | | No. | (E) |
|---|-----------------------|-------|-----|
| 5 | Switch | 65.0 | 41 |
| Position error Error detection | Value | 87.0 | 51 |
| Error detection | Delay time | 89.0 | 51 |
| Position error | Value | 363.0 | 85 |
| Warning detection | Delay time | 365.0 | 85 |
| | Switch | 65.1 | 41 |
| Speed error Error detection | Value | 90.0 | 51 |
| | Delay time | 91.0 | 51 |
| Encoder pulse output | Frequency upper limit | 285.0 | 79 |
| Error detection | Delay time | 286.0 | 79 |
| Encoder | Switch | 259.0 | 76 |
| Overheat detection | Value | 267.0 | 77 |
| Encoder Battery Voltage drop detection | Switch | 259.1 | 76 |
| | Value | 268.0 | 77 |
| Voltage dip Detection | Delay time | 305.0 | 83 |

RS-485 Communications

Name

Switch

Address

Stop bit

Parity

Communication speed

Minimum response time

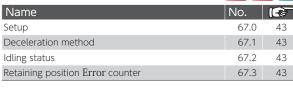


6.1

6.2

11.0





| No. | | Na |
|-----|----|-------|
| 8.0 | 35 | Setu |
| 4.0 | 34 | Dec |
| 6.0 | 34 | Idlin |

35

35

35

Emergency Stop

Position Command Filter







| Name | | No. | |
|----------------|--------|-------|----|
| Marning output | Switch | 225.0 | 69 |
| Warning output | Timing | 225.1 | 69 |

Deceleration Stop

| | — |
|------|----------|
| COMM | STOR |

| Name | | No. | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-------|----|
| Upon Servo Off | Method | 224.0 | 68 |
| opon servo on | DBRK output after stopping | 224.3 | 69 |
| When alarm is on | Method | 233.0 | 73 |
| vviieii alaiiii is oii | DBRK output after stopping | 233.3 | 74 |
| Release conditions | | 224.1 | 68 |
| Operating time | | 226.0 | 70 |
| Cancellation speed | | 227.0 | 70 |
| Upon control power failure | Switch | 224.2 | 69 |
| Opon control power laiture | Operating time | 228.0 | 70 |
| Torque command limit | | 151.0 | 64 |
| Status during coast to stop | | 232.1 | 71 |
| Short brake operation afte | r a stop | 232.2 | 72 |
| | Timing | 232.3 | 72 |
| | | | |

Delay time

Rotational speed

| Name | | INO. | |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------|----|
| | Selection | 66.0 | 42 |
| | Smoothing 1 Moving average counter | 80.0 | 48 |
| Filter 1 | Notch frequency | 74.0 | 46 |
| | Notch width | 75.0 | 46 |
| | High frequency gain | 76.0 | 46 |
| | Notch depth | 79.0 | 47 |
| | Selection | 82.0 | 49 |
| | Notch frequency | 83.0 | 49 |
| Filter 2 | Notch width | 84.0 | 50 |
| | High frequency gain | 85.0 | 50 |
| | Notch depth | 86.0 | 50 |
| | Selection | 82.1 | 49 |
| | Notch frequency | 357.0 | 84 |
| Filter 3 | Notch width | 358.0 | 84 |
| | High frequency gain | 359.0 | 84 |
| | Notch depth | 360.0 | 84 |
| | Selection | 66.1 | 42 |
| Filter 4 | Smoothing 2 Moving average counter | 81.0 | 48 |

Quick Stop

Brake engagement



234.0

235.0



74

74

| Name | | No. | (E) |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------|-----|
| Cmoothing filter | Switch | 225.2 | 69 |
| Smoothing filter | Moving average counter | 229.0 | 71 |
| Extension Time | | 236.0 | 75 |
| Deceleration time | | 239.0 | 75 |

Torque Command Filter



| Name | | No. | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|----|
| | Switch | 160.0 | 64 |
| Low-pass filter | Auto setting | 160.2 | 65 |
| | Time constant | 162.0 | 65 |
| | Switch | 160.1 | 64 |
| Notch filter | Frequency | 168.0 | 66 |
| | Width | 169.0 | 66 |
| | Depth | 170.0 | 66 |
| | Switch | 160.3 | 65 |
| Notch filter 2 | Frequency | 171.0 | 67 |
| | Width | 172.0 | 67 |
| | Depth | 173.0 | 67 |

Name

Determination method

Detection criteria

Detection delay time

Range

Speed

Command Input

5. Parameters

Position Control Mode

Pulse Train Command Homing Name Input pulse form 32.0 36 Re-detection of home position sensor Rotational direction 32.1 37 Direction Sensor polarity Input logic 32.3 37 Interpolation 32.2 37 Switch Timeout Pulse ratio Numerator 34.0 38 Time Denominator 36.0 38 Switch Torque command limit Input filter 33.0 37 Value Feed forward delay compensation 66.3 42 Time to detect press stopper Creep speed switch Rapid speed Creep speed **Positioning Complete** Acceleration/Deceleration time Amount of home position shift Home position data

No.

64.0

68.0

69.0

70.0

71.0

41

44

44

45

45

645.3

646.0

646.1

646.2

659.0

647.0

656.0

655.0

647.1

648.0

649.0

650.0

651.0

653.0

657.0

645.0

645.1

91

92

92

95

93

95

95

93

94

94

94

94

95

95

89

89

Internal Position Position Control Mode: Tuning Name Name Interpolation 32.2 Inertia ratio 102.0 Pulse ratio Numerator 34.0 38 Damping ratio 103.0 52 Denominator 36.0 38 Mode switch 110.0 53 Feed forward delay compensation 66.3 42 Tuning items 110.1 53 Operation mode 642.0 88 Inertia ratio upper limit 106.0 52 Overflow detection 643.0 88 Automatic switch 120.0 59 Point number Output method 644.0 89 Control gain set Upper Limit 120.1 59 Motion of point No.0 646.3 92 Tuning constant 121.0 60 Command method 720.0 ~ 96 Control gain set 113.0 54 720.1 ~ 96 Inertia conditions 113.1 55 Operation Enable/Disable 720.3 ~ 96 Control level 114.0 56 Point table Position 722.0 ~ 96 Control gain 1 115.0 57 Rotational speed 724.0 ~ 97 Control gain 2 116.0 57 Acceleration time 726.0~ 97 Gain FF compensation 1 117.0 58 Deceleration time 727.0 ~ 97 Gain FF compensation 2 118.0 58 Dwell time 97 119.0 59 728.0 ~ Integral gain 729.0 ~ Positioning completion 97 Current control gain 193.0 68

Z-phase disabled distance

Encoder Z-phase selection

Home reference signal selection

Velocity Control Mode

Analog Velocity Command











| Name | | | No. | |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------------|------|----|
| Offset | Tuning met | Tuning method | | 40 |
| Oliset | value | | 60.0 | 40 |
| Rotational direction | | | 62.0 | 40 |
| | Switch | | 62.1 | 40 |
| Input filter | Numerator | | 48.0 | 38 |
| | Denominator | | 49.0 | 38 |
| Input gain | Numerator | | 50.0 | 39 |
| iliput galii | Denominator | | 51.0 | 39 |
| | CCW | Numerator | 52.0 | 39 |
| Speed limit | | Denominator | 53.0 | 39 |
| speed timit | CW | Numerator | 54.0 | 39 |
| | CVV | Denominator | 55.0 | 39 |
| Smoothing filter | Switch | | 77.0 | 47 |
| | Moving average time | | 78.0 | 47 |

| Name | | No. | 1 |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------|----|
| Command method | | 388.0 | 86 |
| Acceleration time | | 390.0 | 86 |
| Deceleration time | | 391.0 | 86 |
| Target speed 1 to 8 | | 392.0 ~ | 87 |
| Connecthing filter | Switch | 77.0 | 47 |
| Smoothing filter | Moving average time | 78.0 | 47 |

Velocity Control Mode: Tuning



133.0

193.0

62

68





| | | VEL VE | |
|------------------------|-------------|--------|-----|
| Name | | No. | (E) |
| Inertia ratio | | 102.0 | 52 |
| Damping ratio | | 103.0 | 52 |
| Tuning | Mode switch | 110.0 | 53 |
| Turing | Items | 110.1 | 53 |
| Control gain set | | 129.0 | 60 |
| Control level | | 130.0 | 61 |
| Control gain 1 | | 131.0 | 61 |
| Gain FF compensation 1 | | 132.0 | 62 |
| Integral gain | | 133.0 | 62 |
| Current control gain | | 193.0 | 68 |

Torque Control Mode

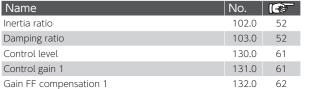
Analog Torque

Torque Control: Tuning





Integral gain Current control gain



| | | | Ti | Q CTAL |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------|--------|
| Name | | | No. | (E) |
| Offset | Tuning met | thod | 302.2 | 83 |
| Oliset | Value | | 300.0 | 82 |
| Direction of rotation | | | 302.0 | 82 |
| | Switch | | 302.1 | 82 |
| Input filter | Numerator | Numerator | | 80 |
| | Denominator | | 289.0 | 80 |
| Input gain | Numerator | | 290.0 | 80 |
| Input gain | Denominator | | 291.0 | 80 |
| | CCW | Numerator | 292.0 | 81 |
| Torque limit | CCVV | Denominator | 293.0 | 81 |
| | CW | Numerator | 294.0 | 81 |
| | CVV | Denominator | 295.0 | 81 |
| Speed Limit | | | 152.0 | 64 |

2. Details of Parameters

| No. 2.0 | Control mod | le | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 110. 2.0 | | | 0 to 2 | 0 | | |
| | Select <u>Contr</u> | <u>ol Mode</u> | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Control Mode | | | | |
| Use | 0 | Position Control | l Mode | | | |
| | 1 | Velocity Contro | | | | |
| | 2 | Torque Control | Mode | | | |
| Related To | No. 3.0, No. 64 | 42.0 | | | | |
| N- 20 | C | | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 3.0 | Command n | 10ae | | 0 to 3 | 1 | |
| | Select <u>Comr</u> | nand Mode | | | | |
| | | Control Mode | . | | | |
| Function | Settings | CONTION MODE | 0: Position | 1: Velocity | 2: Torq | ue |
| Use | 1: Pulse train | command input | Yes | - | - | |
| | 2: Analog con | nmand | - | Yes | Yes | |
| | 3: Internal cor | mmand | Yes | Yes | - | |
| Related To | No. 3.0, No. 64 | 42.0 | | | | |
| | RS-485 commu | inication: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 4.0 | Address | arricación. | | 1 to 32 | 1 | |
| Function Use | Specify the a | address of the | RS-485 com | munication. | | |
| Remark | Set this param | eter to a unique a | address for ea | ch drive. | | |
| Related To | No. 6.0, No. 6. | 1, No. 6.2, No. 8. | 0, No. 11.0 | | | |
| | RS-485 commu | inication: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 6.0 | Communicat | | | 0 to 5 | 5 | |
| | Specify the o | communication | s speed for | the RS-485 com | nmunication | 1. |
| | Settings | Communications | Speed [bps] | | | |
| | 0 | 2,400 | | | | |
| Function | 1 | 4,800 | | | | |
| Use | 2 | 9,600 | | | | |
| | 3 | 19,200 | | | | |
| | 4 | 38,400 | | | | |
| | 5 | 57,600 | | | | |
| Related To | No. 4.0, No. 6. | 1, No. 6.2, No. 8. | 0, No. 11.0 | | | |

| | RS-485 communication: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| No. 6.1 | Stop bit | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| Function Use | Specify the stop bit of the RS-485 comes Settings Stop bit 0 1-bit 1 2-bit | munication. | | |
| Related To | No. 4.0, No. 6.0, No. 6.2, No. 8.0, No. 11.0 | | | |
| No. 6.2 | RS-485 communication: Parity | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Configure the parity of RS-485 communications Settings Parity None Settings Parity One One One Odd | nication. | | |
| Related To | No. 4.0, No. 6.0, No. 6.2, No. 8.0, No. 11.0 | | | |
| No. 8.0 | RS-485 communication: Enable Switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Enable/Disable RS-485 communication Settings RS-485 communication 0 Disable 1 Enable | n. | | |
| Remark | Select 0 if you are not using RS-485 communi | ication. | | |
| Related To | No. 4.0, No. 11.0 | | | |
| No. 9.0 | Operation mode | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Select I/O (CN1 connector) or Digitax Source. Use this parameter to clear an alarm by using Input source I/O (CN1 Connector) or Digitax Source. Use this parameter to clear an alarm by using Input source I/O (CN1 Connector) or Digitax Source. Input source I/O (CN1 Connector) or Digitax Source. Input source I/O (CN1 Connector) or Digitax Source. | g Digitax SF Conne Digit | ect ax SF Connec nmunication) lble | |
| Remark | This item will be back to the default when the can set this item only with Digitax SF Connec | | | |
| No. 11.0 | RS-485 communication: Minimum response time | Range 0 to 255 | Default 3 [ms] | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Use this item to adjust the response tim specifications of the host control device | | to meet the | e communication |
| Related To | No. 4.0, No. 8.0 | | | |

| No. 12.0 | Warning latch time | Range 0 to 200 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|----------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Specify the length of latch time for w | | [50 ms] | DOWN WILL BALL | | | | | |
| | Setting Description | | | | | | | | |
| | 0 No limit | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 to 200 Latching Time = (Setting Va | alue) × 50[ms] | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Warning Output time = Warning State time + Warning Latch time | | | | | | | | |
| | Warning State OFF | ON | | | | | | | |
| | Warning Output OFF | ON Warning | Latch State | | | | | | |
| | | Warning | Latch Time | > | | | | | |
| | Close RESET to release the alarm latch and | turn the warning off | • | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 225.0, No. 225.1 | | | | | | | | |
| No. 13.0 | Alarm output timing | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | | | |
| 110. 15.0 | Admin output timing | 0, 1 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Specify when to output an alarm. | | | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings Output | | | | | | | | |
| Use | O After the motor decelerates | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 Immediately after an alarm (| occurs | | | | | | | |
| Remark | If Deceleration Stop: Method (when alarm is | s on) (No.233) = 0 (| (coast to stop), | the alarm signal | | | | | |
| | will be output regardless of this parameter s | setting. | | | | | | | |
| No. 32.0 | Pulse train command: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | | | |
| 10. 32.0 | Input pulse form | 0 to 2 | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Select the input signal form of Pulse | Гrain Command. | | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings Input Form | | | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 Pulse and Direction1 Quadrature phase difference | a pulso (A Phasa / P | Phaco) | | | | | | |
| | 2 Positive pulse and Negative | • | rilase) | | | | | | |
| | | , , , , , | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | 0.11.640.0 | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 2.0, No. 3.0, No. 32.1, No. 32.3, No. 33.0, No. 642.0 | | | | | | | | |

| | Pulse train con | omand: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| No. 32.1 | Rotational d | | 0, 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Specify the r | otational direction of puls | e train comman | d. | | | | |
| Function | Settings Direction of Rotation | | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 | CCW rotation if <u>negative</u> dire | ction command | | | | | |
| | 1 | CCW rotation if positive direct | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 2.0, No. 3. | 0, No. 32.1, No. 32.3, No. 33.0 | , No. 642.0 | | | | | |
| | Pulse train con | nmand: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 32.2 | | with pulse ratio | 0, 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Enable/Disa Ratio is set. | ble the interpolation to sm | nooth a comma | nd where Co | ommand Pulse | | | |
| Function Use | Settings | Interpolation with pulse ratio | | | | | | |
| | 0 | Disable | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 32.0, No. 3 | 34.0, No. 36.0 | | | | | | |
| N= 22.2 | Pulse train con | nmand: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 32.3 | Input logic | | 0, 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | Select a logi | c of how to input Pulse Tra | ain Command. | | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Input Logic | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 | Positive logic: Count at the tir | ne of rising edge (l | ow to high) | | | | |
| | 1 | Negative logic: Count at the t | ime of falling edge | (high to low) | | | | |
| Remark | For pulse and logic. | direction, change the setting of | this parameter wi | ll reverse the | direction signal (DIR) | | | |
| Related To | No. 32.0, No32 | 2.1 | | | | | | |
| N= 22.0 | Pulse train con | nmand: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 33.0 | Input filter | | 0 to 15 | 4 | | | | |
| | | educe possibility of malfun ter has to be set when Pu | | | open collector. | | | |
| | · | according to pass-through pul | | • | · | | | |
| | | ot eliminate the malfunction, se | | | · | | | |
| | Cattings | Daga Thurangh Dollag Middle [ma] | Cattiana | | mmended when Input | | | |
| Function | Settings 0 | Pass-Through Pulse Width [ns] No filter | Settings 8 | 600 (500 | gh Pulse Width [ns] | | | |
| Use | 1 | 25 | 9 | 800 | O 11112) | | | |
| | 2 | 50 (4 MHz) | 10 | 1,000 | | | | |
| | 3 | 100 | 11 | 1,200 |) kH 2) | | | |
| | 4 5 | 150 (2 MHz) 200 | 12 13 | 1,600 (250 2,000 | J KHZ) | | | |
| | 6 | 300 (1 MHz) | 14 | 2,300 | | | | |
| | 7 | 400 | 15 | 3,100 | | | | |
| Related To | No. 3.0, No. 32 | 2.0 | | | | | | |

| | Pulse train command: Ratio (numerator) | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|----------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. 34.0 | | | 1 to 65,535 | 1 000 | | | | | |
| No. 36.0 | Pulse train command: Ratio (denominator) | | 1 to 65,535 | 1,000 [pulse/rev] | | | | | |
| | Use these two parameter pulse. | Use these two parameters to set the multiplier and divider for the position command pulse. | | | | | | | |
| | When the pulse count per rotation of host command is not equal to its counterpart of motor, select one of the following for (numerator)/(denominator). | | | | | | | | |
| | (numerator) = (motor pulse count per rotation) /4=32,768 (denominator) = (host command pulse count per rotatio) /4 | | | | | | | | |
| Function | $\frac{\boxed{34.0}}{\boxed{36.0}} = \frac{\text{motor pulse co}}{\text{host command}}$ | | ulse count per rot mmand pulse cour | | | | | | |
| Use | Setting Example | | | | unit: [pulse/rev] | | | | |
| | A B Host Command | | | $C (= A \times 1/4)$ |) | | | | |
| | Pulse count per rotation N | o. 34.0 | | No. 36.0 | | | | | |
| | 10,000 | | | 4,096 2,500 | | | | | |
| | 4,096 | 32,768 (=131,0 | 72 ^(*) ÷ 4) | 1,024 | | | | | |
| | 4,000 | | | 1,000 | | | | | |
| | *) 131,072 is the pulse count per rotation of the motor. The default setting values are assumed 131072 pulses of the host command pulse number per a rotation. | | | | | | | | |
| Remark | Range of Pulse Ratio (numerator/denominator) • Pulse train command: x0.001 to x1,000 • Internal Position Command: x1 to x1,000 | | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 276.0, No. 278.0 | | | | | | | | |

| Analog velocity: | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|--|
| No. 48.0 | Input filter (numerator) | | 0 to 65,535 | 16,000 | | |
| No. 49.0 | Analog velocit Input filter (| y: denominator) | 1 to 65,535 | 65,535 | | |
| | These two p | parameters are used to component of analog veloc | onfigure a low-pa ity command inp | iss filter, whi out. | ch suppresses | |
| Function Use | Setting | Noise Resistance | Command Respons | е | | |
| 030 | small | strong | slow | | | |
| | large | weak | fast | | | |
| Prerequisite | te Analog Velocity: Input filter switch (No.62.1) = 1 (Enable) | | | | | |
| Remark | The ratio of No.288.0 (numerator) to No.289.0 (denominator) must not be higher than 1. If the ratio = 1, filtering will not take effect. | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 62.1 | | | · | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | Analog velocity: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| No. 50.0 | Input gain (numerator) | 0 to 65,535 | Maximum | | | | |
| No. 51.0 | Analog velocity: Input gain (denominator) | 1 to 65,535 | Rotational Speed of Motor | | | | |
| | Analog velocity command Input Gain. | | | | | | |
| | Set the value of a rotational speed corresponding to input voltage. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | When (numerator/denominator) = 1/2, a motor rotational speed is a half of maximum command input voltage (\pm 10 V). The motor rotational speed is max (\pm 10 V) when (numerator/denominator) = 1. | | | | | | |
| | By using this gain, you can adjust the position proportional gain of the host controller. | | | | | | |

| | Analog velocity: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| No. 52.0 | CCW speed limit (numerator) | 0 to 65,535 | Maximum Rotational | A. 2 2 | | |
| No. 53.0 | Analog velocity: CCW speed limit (denominator) | 1 to 65,535 | Speed of Motor | | | |
| | Analog velocity command: CCW speed | d limit. | | | | |
| Function Use | CCW Speed Limit = Maximum rotational speed $\times \frac{\boxed{52.0}}{\boxed{53.0}}$ | | | | | |

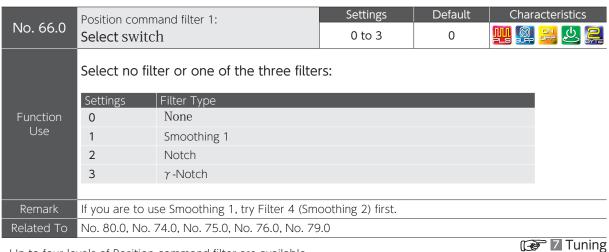
| | Analog velocity: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 54.0 | CW speed limit (numerator) | 0 to 65,535 | Maximum Rotational | | | |
| No. 55.0 | Analog velocity: CW speed limit (denominator) | 1 to 65,535 | Speed of Motor | | | |
| | Analog velocity command: CW speed limit. | | | | | |
| Function Use | CW Speed Limit = Maximum rotational speed $\times \frac{\boxed{54.0}}{\boxed{55.0}}$ | | | | | |

Maximum Rotational Speed of Motor

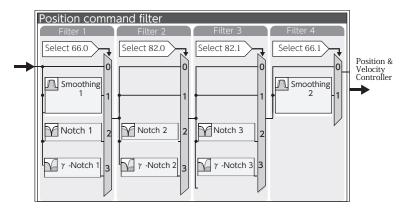
| Maximum Rotational Speed of Motor | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Motor Mo | odel | Maximum rotational speed [rpm] | | | | | |
| MM500, | MY500, | | | | | | |
| MM101, | MY101, | | | | | | |
| MX201, | MZ201, | 6,000 | | | | | |
| MX401, | MZ401, | | | | | | |
| MX751, | MZ751, | | | | | | |
| MA201, | MH201, | 5.000 | | | | | |
| MA401, | MH401 | 5,000 | | | | | |
| MA751, | MH751 | 4,500 | | | | | |
| MM102, | MH102, | | | | | | |
| MM152, | MH152, | 3,000 | | | | | |
| MM202 | | | | | | | |

| No. 60.0 | Analog velocity: Offset value | Range - 32,768 to +32,767 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Set the offset value when Ana | alog velocity: offset tun | ing method (62.2 | 2) = 1 (manual). | | | | |
| Function | Connect power for the analog con such that the rotational speed bec | nmand, having the input vol comes 0 rpm. | tage of 0 V, and ad | just this parameter | | | | |
| Use | For CCW rotations, set this parameter to a negative number, and for CW rotations, set to a positive number. If the actual rotational speed is beyond the ± 10 rpm range, set this parameter to ± 50 and check the motor motion. | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite Related To | Analog velocity: Offset tuning meth | nod (62.2) = 1 (manual) | | | | | | |
| No. 62.0 | Analog velocity: Rotational direction | Settings 0, 1 | Default 2 | Characteristics | | | | |
| | Select the rotational direction | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Negative Voltage Ir CCW Rotation | | oltage Input | | | | | |
| | 1 CW Rotation | CCW Rot | ation | | | | | |
| No. 62.1 | Analog velocity: Input filter enable switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | | | |
| | Enable/Disable Input filter for Analog Velocity Command. | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | This filter is a first-order IIR filter. U Settings Filter | se it if there is too much no | oise in analog comm | nand. | | | | |
| | 0 Disable 1 Enable | | | | | | | |
| No. 62.2 | Analog velocity: Offset tuning method | Settings 0, 1 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | | | |
| | Select either auto or manual | method for offset tunin | g of Analog Velo | city Command. | | | | |
| | For manual adjustment, use the parameter Analog velocity: offset value (60.0) for tuning. Settings Offset tuning method | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Auto: 0 Select this to au | tomatically adjust the offset ones 0 rpm with the input w | value, such that the soltage at the time c | speed If servo on. | | | | |
| | Manual: Select this to manually adjust the offset value, such that the speed command becomes 0 rpm with 0V input voltage. | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 60.0 | | | | | | | |

| No. 64.0 | Positioning complete: Determination method | | | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics Lagrange Lagr | | |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| | Select one of two methods to output the Positioning Complete signal. | | | | | | | |
| | Settings | Signal C Position Error | Speed | tions Pulse Train command ir | Parameter : | settings | | |
| Function Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | Detection - Range - Speed | (68.0) | | |
| | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Detection - Range - Speed - comma | (68.0) |) | |
| Related To | No. 68.0, I | No. 69.0, | No. 70.0, No | o. 71.0 | | | | |
| No. 65.0 | Position er Select sv | | tion: | | Settings 0 to 3 | Default 1 | Characteristics | |
| | Specify what to output when excessive position error is detected. | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings 0 1 2 3 When usir limit state. | No Alai Wa Alai ng Torque | out selection detect (No c rm output rning output rm and Warr command li | output) | (No output) so th | nat an alarm wil | l not occur in a torque | |
| Related To | | | No. 363.0, N | lo. 365.0 | | | | |
| No. 65.1 | Speed erro | | on: | | Settings 0, 1 | Default | Characteristics | |
| Function Use | Settings 0 1 | Spee Disa Ena | ed error dete able ble | | | n alarm will not | occur during limiting. | |
| Related To | No. 90.0, I | No. 91.0 | | | | | | |



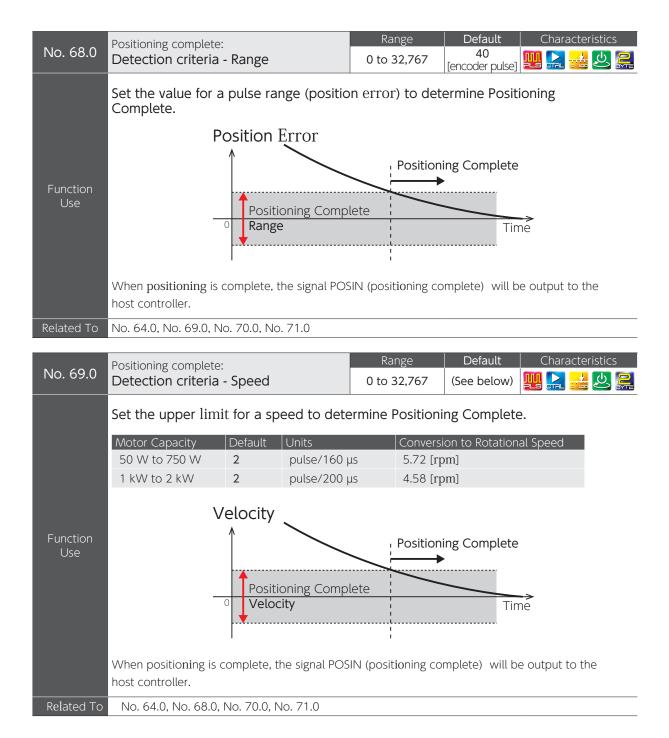
Up to four levels of Position command filter are available.

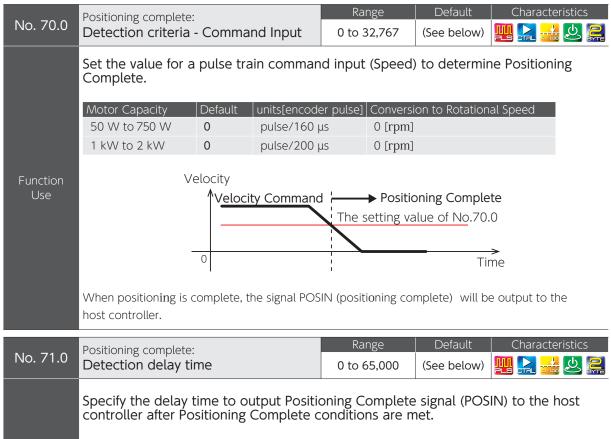


Block Diagram of Position Command Filter (Details)

| No. 66.1 | Position comm Enable Swit | | Settings 0, 1 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Enable/Disable Position command Smoothing Filter 2 for Filter 4. | | | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Filter | | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 | Disable | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Remark | If you are to u | se Smoothing 1, try Filter 4 (Sm | oothing 2) first. | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 81.0 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning | | | | |
| No. 66.3 | Pulse train cor | mmand: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
| 110. 00.3 | Feed forwar | d delay compensation | 0, 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| | Enable/Disable Feed Forward Delay Compensation in Position Control Mode. | | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings | Feed forward delay compensa | ation | | | | | | |
| USE | 0 | Disable | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Remark | Usually, set 1 You can set t | (enable) his item only with Digitax SF Co | onnect, not with th | ne Setup Panel | | | | | |

| | Drive limit switch input: Setup | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| No. 67.0 | | | 0 to 3 | 0 | |
| | By installing sensors at the ends of linear motion, you can restrict the drive within the motion range. | | | | |
| Function Use | When "enable" is selected for this parameter, starting the motor will be blocked by I/O input ON. | | | | |
| | Settings CW Drive limit switch input O Disable | | CCW Drive I | imit switch in | nput |
| | 1 | Enable | Disable | | |
| | 2 | Disable | Enable | | |
| | 3 | | | | |
| Related To | No.67.1, No. 67.2, No. 67.3 | | | | |
| No. 67.1 | Drive limit switch input: Deceleration | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| | method | | 0 to 2 | 1 | |
| No. 67.2 | Drive limit switch input: Idling status | | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| Function Use | idling state a | 0: Coast to stop 1: Short Brake | | top | d specify the |
| | 4 | 2: Quick Stop | 0: Coast to stop | | |
| Prerequisite | Drive limit switch input: Setup (67.0) = 1, 2 or 3 (Enable) | | | | |
| Related To | No.67.0, No. 67.3 | | | | |
| No. 67.3 | Drive limit swi | itch input: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| | Retaining position error | | 0, 1 | 0 | !!! 🖳 🔼 😃 🚅 |
| Function Use | counter Motor's stopping upon drive limit switch input results in position error from the input pulse. Use this parameter to select either keep or clear that position error. Settings Position Error Counter 0 Keep 1 Clear | | | | |
| Related To | No.67.0, No.67.1, No. 67.2 | | | | |



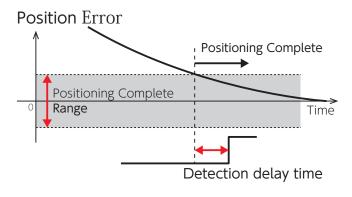


 Motor Capacity
 Default
 Units
 Conversion to Time

 50 W to 750 W
 20
 160 μs
 3.2 [ms]

 1 kW to 2 kW
 16
 200 μs
 3.2 [ms]

Function Use



Related To No. 64.0, No. 68.0, No. 69.0, No. 70.0

| No. 74.0 | Position comm | | Range 10 to 2,000 | Default 10 [0,1 Hz] | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Function Use | Set the <u>notc</u> | <u>th frequency</u> for Position co | ommand filter 1. | | |
| Prerequisite | Position comm | nand filter 1: Type (66.0) = 2 (N | otch) or 3 (γ-Noto | ch) | |
| Related To | No. 66.0, No. 1 | 75.0, No. 76.0, No. 79.0 | | | |
| | _ | | | | Tuning |
| | Position comm | nand filter 1: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 75.0 | Notch width | | 128 to 2,048 | 512 | |
| | Set the widt | h of notch of Position Com | nmand Filter 1. | | |
| ForeNon | | _ | | | |
| Function Use | Setting smaller | Notch Width | | | |
| | larger | narrower wider | | | |
| | larger | widei | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position comm | nand filter 1: Type (66.0) = 2 (N | lotch) | | |
| Related To | No. 66.0, No. | 74.0, No. 79.0 | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning |
| No. 76.0 | Position comm | nand filter 1: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| 140. 70.0 | High frequer | ncy gain | 50 to 200 | 100 | |
| | Set the high | frequency gain of Position | Command Filte | er1. | |
| | Callian | | | | |
| Function | Setting 50 | Effect x0.25 | | | |
| Use | 100 | x1 | | | |
| | 200 | x4 | | | |
| | | g value gives better vibration su value gives faster motion. | ppression. | | |
| Prerequisite | Position comm | and filter 1: Type (66.0) = 3 (γ | -Notch). | | |
| Related To | No. 66.0, No. 1 | 74.0, No. 79.0 | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning |

Digitax SF Instruction Manual

| No. 77.0 | Velocity command: Smoothing filter - Enable Switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default 512 | Characteristics |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| | Enable/Disable Speed Command Smo | othing Filter in \ | Velocity Co | ntrol Mode. |
| Function Use | This function enables the user to smooth the Speed Command. In addition, this smoothing in Analog Velocity Command Mode. | 0 | - | |
| | Settings Filter | | | |
| | 0 Disable | | | |
| | 1 Enable | | | |
| Related To | No. 78.0 | | | |
| | Velocity command: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 78.0 | Smoothing filter - Moving average time | 1 to 1,000 | 100 [ms] | |
| Function Use | Set the value for Speed Command Sm Control Mode. | oothing Filter-M | oving Avera | age Time in <u>Velocity</u> |
| 030 | however, this will result in a delayed respons | e. | | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity command: Smoothing filter switch (7 | 77.0) = 1 (Enable) | | |
| Related To | No. 77.0 | | | |
| | Position command filter 1: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 79.0 | Notch depth | 0 to 100 | 0 | |
| | Set the notch depth of Position comm | and filter 1. | | |
| | Setting Notch Depth | | | |
| Function | 0 complete shutoff of notch free | guency input | | |
| Use | 100 100 % pass-through | , , | | |
| | Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position command filter 1: Type (66.0) = 2 (No | otch) or 3 (γ -Notch | 1) | |
| Related To | No. 66.0, No. 74.0, No. 75.0, No. 76.0 | | | |

| | Position command filter 1: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|------------------|--|---|---|--|
| No. 80.0 | Smoothing 1 - Moving average counter | 1 to 6,250 | | |
| No. 81.0 | Position command filter 4: Smoothing 2 - Moving average counter | . 1 to 1,250 | | |
| Function Use | ■ Setup of Vibration Suppression Positioning will take longer as much as the delay time speci ① Check the vibration interval in waveforms of positic ② Calculate the moving average count as described b ③ Using Filter 4 may reduce the resonant vibrations. ④ If suppression of the vibrations is not effective enough and set it to Filter 1. Motor Capacity Moving average count and 50 W to 750 W 6,250 1 kW to 2 kW 5,000 Default Motor Capacity Filter 1 50 W to 750 W 25 1 kW to 2 kW 20 The default value of Position command filter 1: Type (66) | er, use Filter 1 (eration smoother, bation formula. s caused by the Garonnula and average count) iffied above. Set this item on error and torque could below. In, recalculate the moving average count (signature). Filter 4 10 10 6.0) is 0 (no filter). | Smoothing 1 Smoothing 1 Smoothing 1 Sut the responsion FF compension FF | me as well. 1). se will become slower. sation 2. cceptable to the equipment. g time. seed on the vibration interval, |
| Prerequisite | Position command filter 4: Selection (66.1) = | | | |
| Remark | Before setting this parameter, wait at least 3 when the command pulse is not present. Setting this parameter during pulse input or p failure. The larger the setting is, the longer the delay | resence of residua | l pulse could c | cause positioning |
| Related To | No. 66.0, No. 66.1 | | | |
| | | | | 7 Tuning |

| No. 82.0 | Position comm Selection | nand filter 2: | Settings 0 to 3 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
|------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Set the Posi | tion Command Filter 2. | | | |
| | Settings | Filter Type | | | |
| Function | 0 | None | | | |
| Use | 1 | Reserved (Do not use) | | | |
| | 2 | Notch | | | |
| | 3 | γ-Notch | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 83.0, No. | 84.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning |
| | Position comm | nand filter 3: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 82.1 | Selection | | 0 to 3 | 0 | |
| | Set Position | Command Filter 3. | | | |

| | Set Position | n Command Filter 3. | |
|------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| | Settings | Filter Type | |
| Function | 0 | None | |
| Use | 1 | Reserved (Do not use) | |
| | 2 | Notch | |
| | 3 | γ -Notch | |
| | | | |
| Related To | No. 357.0, N | o. 358.0, No. 359.0, No. 360.0 | |
| | | | 7 Tuning |

| No. 83.0 | Position command filter 2: Notch frequency | Range 10 to 2,000 | Default 10 [0.1Hz] | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Function Use | Set the <u>notch frequency</u> for Position co | ommand filter 2 | | |
| Prerequisite | Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (N | Notch) or 3 (γ -Not | tch) | |
| Related To | No. 82.0, No. 84.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 | | | |

| Set the notch width of Position Command Filter 2. Function Use Prerequisite Rosting Note 8.20, No. 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 50 x0.25 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) No. 86.0 Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 84.0, No. 85.0 | NI 040 | Position comm | nand filter 2: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|--|--------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Function Use Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) No. 85.0 No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: Range High frequency gain Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Function Use Function Use Position command filter 2: Range Function Use Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 50 x0.25 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Range Default Characteristics O to 100 Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect O complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) | NO. 84.0 | Notch width | | 128 to 2,048 | 512 | |
| Function Use Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) No. 85.0 No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: Range High frequency gain Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Function Use Function Use Position command filter 2: Range Function Use Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 50 x0.25 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Range Default Characteristics O to 100 Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect O complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) | | Set the note | h width of Position Comm | and Filter 2 | | |
| Semaller narrower larger wider | | | | and ritter 2. | | |
| Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: High frequency gain | 030 | | | | | |
| Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: Range Default Characteristics 50 to 200 100 | | larger | wider | | | |
| No. 85.0 Position command filter 2: High frequency gain | Prerequisite | Position comm | nand filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (1 | Notch) | | |
| Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 50 x0.25 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth of Position Command Filter 2. Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter 2. Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 0 to 100 0 | Related To | No. 82.0, No. | 83.0, No. 85.0, No. 86.0 | | | |
| Set the high frequency gain for Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 50 x0.25 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) | | Position comm | nand filter 2: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| Function Use Setting | No. 85.0 | High frequer | ncy gain | 50 to 200 | 100 | |
| Function Use Setting | | | | | | |
| Function Use 50 | | Set the <u>high</u> | <u>frequency gain</u> for Position | n Command Filt | er 2. | |
| 100 x1 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth | | Setting | Effect | | | |
| 200 x4 Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth Of Position Command Filter 2. Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter 2. Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) | Function | | x0.25 | | | |
| Smaller setting value gives better vibration suppression. Larger setting value gives faster motion. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ -Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Range Default Characteristics O to 100 0 | Use | 100 | x1 | | | |
| Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) | | 200 | x4 | | | |
| Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ-Notch) Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth | | | | ppression. | | |
| Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 86.0 No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth Range of the filter of | | 20.00. 20 | ratae 8.ves taster metioni | | | |
| No. 86.0 Position command filter 2: Notch depth Range Default Characteristics Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ-Notch) | Prerequisite | Position comm | and filter 2: Type (82.0) = 3 (γ | -Notch) | | |
| No. 86.0 Notch depth 0 to 100 0 | Related To | No. 82.0, No. | 83.0, No. 86.0 | | | |
| No. 86.0 Notch depth 0 to 100 0 Specify the notch depth of Position Command Filter2. Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | Position comm | nand filter 2: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
| Function Use Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | No. 86.0 | | | 0 to 100 | 0 | |
| Function Use Setting Effect 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | | | | | |
| Function Use 0 complete shutoff of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | Specify the I | notch depth of Position Co | mmand Filter2. | | |
| Use 100 Complete shuton of notch frequency input 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | Setting | Effect | _ | | |
| 100 100 % pass-through Smaller setting value gives deeper filter. Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | 0 | complete shutoff of notch free | quency input | | |
| Larger setting value gives shallower filter. Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | 030 | 100 | 100 % pass-through | | | |
| Prerequisite Position command filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | Smaller setting | yalue gives deeper filter. | | | |
| | | Larger Setting | value gives shallower filter. | | | |
| Related To No. 82.0, No. 83.0, No. 84.0, No. 85.0 | Prerequisite | Position comm | and filter 2: Select (82.0) = 2 ($^{\circ}$ | Notch) or 3 (γ -Not | :ch) | |
| | Related To | No. 82.0, No. | 83.0, No. 84.0, No. 85.0 | | | |

| No. 87.0 | Position error detection: Value | | nge 7,483,647 | | Default 196,608 oder pulse] | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|--|---|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| | This parameter sets a thresl | hold value 1 | for a posit | | | | |
| Function Use | The higher the value, the less likely to detect position error. (The initial value of 196,608 is equivalent to pulse count of rotor 1.5 rotations.) | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position error detection: Switch (| (65.0) = 1 (Er | able) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.0, No. 89.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 89.0 | Position error detection: Delay time | | Range 0 to 32,7 | | Default (See below) | Characteristics | |
| Function | This parameter sets a delay after the position error exce (87.0)] | | | | | | |
| Function Use | The higher the value, the longer i | | e error to b | | | _ | |
| | ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' | fault 50 [160 µs] | _ | | erted to Time | | |
| | | 00 [200 μs] | | 40 [| ms] | | |
| Prerequisite | Position error detection: Switch (| (65.0) = 1 (En | able) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.0, No. 87.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 90.0 | Speed error detection: Value | | Range 0 to 32,7 | | Default (See below) | Characteristics | |
| Function Use | 50 W to 750 W 52 | | a speed erro oulse/160 μs | or. [3] | Speed Conve | | |
| Prerequisite | Speed error detection - Switch (6 | 55.1) = 1 (Fna | able) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.1, No. 91.0 | , . (2116 | -, | | | | |
| | Speed error detection: | | Range | · | Default | Characteristics | |
| No. 91.0 | Delay time | | 0 to 32,7 | | (See below) | <u> </u> | |
| | This parameter sets a delay after the speed error excee value" (90.0). | | • | | | | |
| Function Use | 50 W to 750 W 25 | the error dete fault 50 [160 µs] 00 [200 µs] | ection time. | Conv 40 [| erted to Time ms] | | |
| Prerequisite | Speed error detection - Switch (6 | 55.1) = 1 (Ena | able) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.1, No. 90.0 | | | | | | |

| | Tuning: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| No. 102.0 | Inertia ratio | 100 to 10,000 | 250 [%] | - ? | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Specify the ratio of the device load ine | ertia to motor ro | tor inertia (r | moment of inertia). | | | |
| | <i>"</i> | (0) | | | | | |
| Function Use | | r (Rotor Inertia) or Inertia) | × 100 [%] | | | | |
| | Inertia ratio is estimated by auto-tuning. When e or too large a torque value), you can enter a o If vibration occurs after deceleration or accele | calculated value of | load inertia. | | | | |
| Remark | The inertia ratio being too large or too small v | will cause noise. | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 Tuning | | | |
| | Tuning: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 103.0 | Damping ratio | 100 to 5,000 | 100 [%] | | | | |
| | This parameter can be used for tuning to improve poor settling due to viscous friction, or too large an inertia ratio. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Increasing (or decreasing) this parameter value may make the settling time shorter. The value of this parameter is estimated along $v(110.1) = 2$. | | | , , | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode, Velocity Control Mode | e | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 110.1 | | | | | | |
| | Tuning: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 106.0 | Inertia ratio upper limit | 100 to 10,000 | 3,000 [%] | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the upper limit of the inertia ratio automatically adjusted in Quick Tuning. | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Tuning: Control gain set - Automatic switch(| 120.0) : 1 (Enable) |) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 110.1, No. 120.0 | | | | | | |

| No. 110.0 | Tuning: Mode switch | | | Settings 1, 2 | Default 2 | Characteristics | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| | Select a tuning condition depending on the direction of load or the presence of unbalanced load. | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings Mode Motion direction of the device connected to the motor | | | | | | |
| Use | 1 | Standard | Horizontal axis force | | | | |
| | 2 | Offset Load | Non-horizontal axis force | | | | |
| | Use Offset Load <i>I</i> | Mode even for the cas | se of axis force (h | orizontal motion) | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Contr | ol Mode, Velocity | Control Mode | 9 | | | |
| | | | | | | Tuning | |

| No. 110.1 | Tuning: Items | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | |
|--------------|---|----------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Select Start or Stop fo | or tuning dependi | ng on your cl | noice of items t | to be estimated. | |
| Function | Settings (Tuning) Estimate items Inertia ratio | | Damping ratio | | | |
| Use | 0 (stop) | no estimate | no. oc | no estimate | | |
| | 1 (start) | estimate | no estimate | | | |
| | 2 (start) | estimate | estim | estimate | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode, V | elocity Control Mode | 9 | | | |

| No. 113.0 | Tuning: Position o | ontrol mode - Contr | ol gain set | Range 5 to 45 | Default 15 | Characteristics [III] [2] [2] - [2] [3] | |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | Select or | ne control gain set | for <u>Position</u> | Control Mo | ode. | | |
| | Control Ga values of p | ain 1 (115.0), Control pairs. | Gain 2 (116.0) | , and Integral | Gain (119.0) are | e set to the preset | |
| Function Use | Noise Solutions ① Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). ② Decrease the value of Integral Gain (119.0). ③ Decrease the value of Control Gain 2 (116.0). If the above does not work, lower the Control Gain Set. | | | | | | |
| | Setting | Command Response | Rigidity | Settl | ing Time | Possibility of Noise | |
| | 5 | slower | lower | long | ger | lower | |
| | 1 | † | 1 | † | | ↑ | |
| | ţ | ↓ | 1 | 1 | | ↓ | |
| | 45 | faster | higher | shoi | rter | higher | |
| Prerequisite | Position Co | ontrol Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | Too large a value in this parameter may cause noise. The default value varies depending on the setting of Position Control Mode - Inertia conditions (113.1). If Torque command filter: Low-pass filter - Auto setting (160.2) = 1 (auto setting ON), then Torque command filter: Low-pass filter - Time constant (162.0) will be included in the gain set. | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.1, | No. 114.0, No. 115.0 |), No. 116.0, N | o. 117.0, No. | 118.0, No. 119.0 | O, No. 162.0 | |
| | | | | | | 7 Tuning | |

| | T. valia su | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|----------|----------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| No. 113.1 | Tuning: Position control mode - Inertia conditions | | 0 to 3 | 2 | | | |
| | Set the inertia conditions for <u>Position Control Mode</u> . | | | | | | |
| | which would b | r is used to determine the ratio e appropriate to equipment ch | | (115.0) to Cor | ntrol Gain 2 (116.0), | | |
| | Settings | Description | | | | | |
| Function Use | 1 | Heavy-load equipment or equ Equipment with low rigidity, re | 1 | | tuation | | |
| | 2 | (medium setting) For example, general transport machines | | | | | |
| | 3 | Light-load equipment Equipment that demands high-speed operation or requires settling | | | | | |
| Prerequisite Position Control Mode | | | | | | | |
| Related To No. 113.0, No. 116.0 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--|
| No. 114.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Control level | | | 5 to 45 | 15 | | |
| Function Use | Set the Control Level of Position Control Mode. With this parameter, both Control Gain 1 (115.0) and Control Gain 2 (116.0) can be set to pairs of preset values. In Digitax SF Connect, set this parameter under the [Waveform Monitor] tab. Noise Solutions ① Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). ② Decrease Position control mode - Integral gain (119.0). ③ Decrease Position control mode - Control gain 2 (116.0). If any of the above does not work, decrease the Control Gain Set value. | | | | | | |
| | Setting 5 ↑ 45 | Command Response slower † faster | | Settling T longer the shorter | Time P | ossibility of Noise ower | |
| Prerequisite | Position Co | ontrol Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | • Setting Control Level will invalidate the setting of Control gain set (113.0). | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, | No. 113.1, No. 115.0 | O, No. 116.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Tuning | |

| No. 115.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Control gain 1 | Range 5 to 1,000 | Default 50 [rad/s] | Characteristics | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Function Use | Set Control Gain 1 for Position Control Mode. Increasing this parameter value reduces position errors after the command becomes zero. Increase it when the position error convergence at the time of settling is not good. Set a value smaller than the value of Control Gain 2 (116.0). | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | | | | |
| Remark | • Making a change to any of the following will also change other tuning parameters (such as Control Gain 2) to the prearranged parameter set all at once. • Control Gain Set (113.0) Inertia conditions (113.1) Control Level (114.0) • To reduce the position error of the command being input, raise Control Gain 2 (116.0). | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No. 113.1, No. 114.0, No. 116.0, N | lo. 117.0 | | | | | | |

| (Table) | 7 | Т | ıninc |
|-----------|---|-------|-----------|
| 11-00-7 | | - 1 1 | 11 111 12 |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| No. 116.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Control gain 2 | 80 to 5,000 | 200 [rad/s] | | | |
| | Set Control Gain 2 for Position Control | Mode. | | | | |
| | Increasing this parameter value decreases the | position error du | ring command | input. Increasing the | | |
| | parameter value provides faster command res Set a value larger than the value of Control G a | sponse; however, t ain 1 (115.0). | too large a valı | ue may result in noise. | | |
| Function Use | | | | | | |
| | Noise Solutions ① Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1) ② Lower Integral Gain (119.0) | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | If the above does not work, decrease the Control Gain 2. Position Control Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | Making a change to any of the following will also change other tuning parameters (such as Control Gain 1) to the prearranged parameter set all at once. Control Gain Set (113.0) Inertia conditions (113.1) Control Level (114.0) To reduce position errors after the command becomes zero, increase the value of Control Gain 1(115.0). | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No. 113.1, No. 114.0, No. 115.0, N | lo. 118.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|---|--|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 117.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Gain FF compensation 1 | 0 to 15,000 | 10,000 [0.01 %] | | | |
| Set the Feed Forward Compensation Rate (speed) with respect to [Control Gai 1 (115.0)] for <u>Position Control Mode</u> . Using this parameter is effective to shorten the settling time. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Adjust this value after setting the following: Inertia ratio (102.0), Control gain set (113.0), Control level (114.0), Control gain 1 (115.0), Control gain 2 (116.0) Too high a value of this parameter will result in overshooting, and too low in undershooting. Set a relatively moderate value. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No. 115.0, No. 118.0 | | | | | |

Tuning

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| No. 118.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Gain FF compensation 2 | 0 to 15,000 | 0 [0.01 %] | | | |
| Function Use | Set Feed Forward Compensation Rat (No.116.0)] for Position Control Mode Using this value will reduce position errors Setting this item to around 10,000 will make Raise the value of this item only after reducing (117.0) at settling. Noise Solutions Adjusting Filter 4: Smoothing 2- Moving ave | during operation. the position error the position error | ors during oper r, by using Gain | ation almost zero. FF Compensation 1 | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No. 116.0, No. 117.0 | | | | | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|---|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|
| No. 119.0 | Tuning: Position control mode - Integral gain | 45 to 5,000 | 160 [rad/s] | | | |
| | Set the Integral Gain for Position Contr | ol mode. | | | | |
| Function Use | Increasing the value of Integral Gain will improfluctuation) at the time of settling, and reduce This will result in rigid and sensitive motion. Noise Solutions 1 Use Torque command filter: Notch 2 Decrease the value of Integral Gain | position errors. | , | friction or load | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | This parameter will reset to the default if Inertia conditions (113.1) or Control Gain Set (113.0) is changed. | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0 | | | | | |
| | | | | Tuning | | |

| | | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|--------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------|---------|-----------------|
| No. 120.0 | Tuning: Control gain s | set – Automatic Enable switch | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| | Enable/Disa | ble Auto Tuning for Contro | ol Gain Set | | |
| Function | Settings | Selection | | | |
| Use | 0 | Disable | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | |
| Remark | Only Quick Tuning Mode with the Setup Panel. This parameter is not displayed in Digitax SF Connect. | | | | |
| Related To | No. 106.0, No. 120.1 | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| | | Range | Delautt | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|---|---------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 120.1 | Tuning: Control gain set - Upper limit | 5 to 45 | 15 | | | |
| Function Use | Set the upper limit of Control Gain Set in Auto Tuning of Control Gain Set. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 106.0, No. 120.0 | | | | | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|--|----------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 121.0 | Tuning: Control gain set - Tuning constant | 1 to 200 | 24 | | | |
| Function Use | This parameter is used for Quick Tuning. Usually the default value is used. It is a constant of proportionality to calculate (Control Gain 1 + Control Gain 2) based on the Inertia ratio setting value in their inverse proportionality. Set it to a small value only if Quick Tuning has caused vibration in an extremely poor rigidity equipment. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode Tuning: Control gain set - Automatic switch (120.0):1 (Enable) | | | | | |
| Remark | This parameter is not displayed on the Setup Panel. | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 120.0 | | | | | |

| | | | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|-------------|------------|---------|---------------------|--|
| No. 129.0 | Tuning: Velocity c | ontrol mode - Contr | ol gain set | 1 to 46 | 15 | | |
| Function Use | Set the Control Gain Set for <u>Velocity Control Mode</u> . With this, Control gain 1 (131.0) and Integral gain (133.0) will be set to the default together. Noise Solutions 1 Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1) 2 Decrease Integral gain (133.0) If the above does not work, lower the Control Gain Set. | | | | | | |
| | Setting | Command Response | Rigidity | Settling 7 | Γime P | ossibility of Noise | |
| | 1 | slower | lower | longer | l | ower | |
| | † | † | † | † | | † | |
| | ↓ | 1 | ↓ | 1 | | 1 | |
| | 46 | faster | higher | shorter | ŀ | nigher | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity Co | ontrol Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | Too large a value may result in noise. If Torque command filter: Low-pass filter constant (162.0) is set to 1 (auto setting ON), Torque command filter: Low-pass filter auto setting (160.2) will be included in the gain set. | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 131.0, | No. 132.0, No. 133.0 | , No. 162.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Tuning | |

| No. 130.0 | Tuning: Velocity | control mode - C | Control level | Range 1 to 46 | Default 15 | Characteristics | |
|---|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| | Specify | the Control Lev | el for <u>Velocity</u> C | Control Mode. | | | |
| | | Sets Control Gain 1 (131.0) to the preset value which was prepared for each required control level. | | | | | |
| Noise Solutions ① Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). ② Decrease Integral Gain (133.0). Function Use If any of the above does not work, then lower the Control Level. | | | | | | | |
| | Setting | Command Resp | onse Rigidity | Settling ⁻ | Time F | Possibility of Noise | |
| | 1 | slower | lower | longer | | lower | |
| | 1 | † | † | † | | † | |
| | . ↓ | 1 | ↓ | 1 | | ↓ | |
| | 46 | faster | higher | shorter | | higher | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity | Control Mode | | | | | |
| Remark Setting Control Level will invalidate the setting of Control gain set (129.0). | | | | | | | |
| Related To | elated To No. 129.0, No. 131.0, No. 133.0, No. 162.0 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 🕼 🛮 Tunir | |
| | | | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
| No. 131.0 | Tuning: | | | | 399 | A Q E | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| No. 131.0 | Tuning: Velocity control mode - Control gain 1 | 100 to 6,000 | 399 [rad/s] | | | |
| | Set Control Gain 1 for Velocity Control | l Mode. | | | | |
| | The larger this parameter is, the smaller the being input will become. | e speed error rela | tive to the con | nmand the command | | |
| Function Use | result in noise | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity Control Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | Making a change to any of the following will also change other tuning parameters (such as Gain FF Compensation 1) to the prearranged parameter set all at once. • Control gain set (129.0) • Control level (130.0) | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 129.0, No. 130.0, No. 132.0 | | | | | |
| Tuning | | | | | | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|---|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| No. 132.0 | Tuning: Velocity control mode - Gain FF compensation 1 | 0 to 15,000 | 0 [rad/s] | | |
| Function Use | Set Feed Forward Compensation Rate with respect to Control Gain 1 for Velocity Control Mode. Increase the value of this parameter to provide faster command response. In the event of noise, decrease the setting by a small amount. | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity Control Mode | | | | |
| Related To | No. 129.0, No. 130.0, No. 131.0, No. 133.0, No. 162.0 | | | | |
| | | | | 7 Tuning | |

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 133.0 | Tuning: Velocity control mode - Integral gain | 45 to 5,000 | 300 [rad/s] | | | |
| | Set the Integral Gain for <u>Velocity Control Mode</u> . | | | | | |
| Function Use | Increase the value of Integral Gain to improve the convergence (interfered by friction or load fluctuation) at the time of settling, and reduce position errors. This will result in rigid and sensitive motion. Noise Solutions 1 Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). 2 Decrease the value of Integral Gain. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Velocity Control Mode | | | | | |
| Remark | This parameter will reset to the prearranged value if Inertia conditions or Control Gain Set is changed. | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 129.0, No. 130.0, No. 131.0, No. 132.0, No. 162.0 | | | | | |

| | Torque command limit: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|--|------------|--|
| No. 144.0 Switch | | 0, 1 | 0 | | | | |
| | Enable/Disable Torque Command Limit | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Selection | Error Detection Position error: 65.0 Speed error: 65.1 | | Error Detection Value: 87.0, 90.0 Delay time: 89.0, 91.0 | | |
| Use | 0 | Disable | - | - | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | 0 (Disable) | - | | | |
| | | | 1 (Enable) | Select an appropriate value. | | ate value. | |
| | If you are to select 1 for this parameter, configure the above settings so that Position error (Alarm No.6) and Speed error (Alarm No.5) will be avoided. | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.0, No. | No. 65.0, No. 65.1, No. 87.0, No. 89.0, No. 90.0, No. 91.0 | | | | | |

| No. 144.1 | Torque command limit: Torque limit output | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Select one of the condition sets to indicate that the motor is in a "torque limiting state". T-LIMIT (Pin No.17) of I/O connector will indicate the torque limiting state, when, in each row in the table below, 1) any of the parameters marked ○ is set with a valid value, or 2) the one marked with △ is not configured. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Torque command limit: Value 1 Value 2 No. 147.0 No. 148.0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | Max output Torque value lir | oming orque comman mit value o. 656.0 | Speed Limit No. 152.0 | | | |
| Prerequisite Related To | Torque command limit switch (144.0) = 1 (No. 144.0, No. 147.0, No. 148.0, No. 152.0. | | | | | | |
| No. 147.0 | Torque command limit: Value 1 | Range 0 to 65,535 | Default (See below) | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 148.0 | Torque command limit: Value 2 | 0 to 65,535 | 2,000 [0.1 %] | - | | | |
| Function Use | Set a torque command limit value as % of the rated torque (100 %). Two torque command limits can be set with Value 1 and 2. · When TLSEL1 (Pin No.11) of the I/O connector is open, Value 1 (147.0) is applied. When closed, Value 2 (148.0) will be applied. · The setting of 3,000 or above indicates 300 % of the max rated torque. · If the parameter is set to above 1,000, an overload error will occur in the specified time, depending on the overload characteristic. · Under some operating conditions, overcurrent error may occur. If this happens, set the upper limit to 2,400. | | | | | | |
| | 50 W, 100 W 3,500 | [0.1%] | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Torque command limit switch (144.0) = 1 (| Enable) | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 144.0, No. 144.1 | | | | | | |

| | Deceleration stop: | | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|
| No. 151.0 | Torque command limit | | 0 to 65,535 | 2,400 [0.1 %] | |
| | If [Deceleration stop: Metho set the value of torque common rated torque (100 %). | d (when tl mand limit | ne servo is off) (at the time of a | (No.224.0)] = a quick stop | = 2 (quick stop), as a ratio to the |
| Function Use | The setting of 3,000 or above results in 300 % of the max torque of each motor. If the parameter is set to above 1,000, an overload error will occur in the given time, on the overload characteristic. Under some operating conditions, overcurrent error may occur. If this happens, set the upper limit to the range with 2,400. | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Deceleration stop: Method (upon | servo is off) | (224.0)] = 2 (Qui | ck stop) | |
| Related To | No. 224.0 | | | | |
| No. 152.0 | Analog torque: Speed Limit | | Range 0 to 10,000 | Default (See below) | Characteristics |
| | Set the speed limit for Analo | og Torque | Mode. | | |
| | | | | | |
| | The default value of this parameter | · . | | rotation speed | I in the table below. |
| | Motor Model MM500, MY500, | Default [rp | om] | | |
| | MM101, MY101, MX201, MZ201, | 6,000 | | | |
| Function Use | MX401, MZ401, | 0,000 | | | |
| 030 | MX751, MZ751, MA201, MH201, | 5,000 | | | |
| | MA401, MH401 MA751, MH751 | 4,500 | | | |
| | MM102, MH102, MM152, MH152, | 3,000 | | | |
| | MM202 | 3,000 | | | |
| Prerequisite | Torque Control Mode | | | | |
| | Torque command filter: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 160.0 | Low-pass filter - Enable Switch | | 0, 1 | 1 | |
| | Enable/Disable Low-pass filt | er. | | | |
| Function | This filter is a first-order IIR filter. | | | | |
| Use | Settings Selection | | | | |
| | 0 Disable 1 Enable | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No. 160.2, No. 162.0 | | | | 7 Tuning |
| | Torque command filter: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 160.1 | Notch filter - Enable Switch | | 0, 1 | 0 | - 2 - 2 |
| | Enable/Disable Notch filter. | | | | |
| Function | Settings Selection | | | | |
| Use | 0 Disable | | | | |
| | 1 Enable | | | | |
| Related To | No. 168.0, No. 169.0, No. 170.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning |

| | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| No. 160.2 | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter - Auto setting | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| Function | Enable/Disable the automatic configur filter time constant (162.0)] according Position Control Mode (113.0) and Ve | to the settings | of the contro | ol gain sets; |
| Use | Settings Auto setting O Auto setting OFF 1 Auto setting ON | | | |
| Prerequisite | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter switch | (160.0) = 1 (Enable) | | |
| Related To | No. 113.0, No.129.0, No. 160.0, No. 162.0 | 1 (100.0) 1 (Ends | J(C) | |
| | | | | 7 Tuning |
| | Torque command filter: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 160.3 | Notch filter 2 - Enable Switch | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| Function Use | Enable/Disable Torque command Note Settings Torque command- Notch filter: 0 Disable 1 Enable | | | |
| Related To | No. 171.0, No. 172.0, No. 173.0 | | | |
| | | | | Tuning |
| No. 162.0 | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter - Time constant | Range 0 to 65,535 | Default (See below) | Characteristics |
| | Set the primary IIR filter time constant switch (160.0)] = 1 (Enable) | of [Torque com | nmand filter: | Low-pass filter |
| | Condition for Time Constant: | | | |
| Function Use | (0.1 to max((ω1+α | S |] or below | |
| | Motor Capacity Default [0.01 ms/rad] 50 W, 100 W 0 | | | |
| | 200 W to 2 kW 10 | | | |
| Prerequisite | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter switch | (160.0) = 1 (Enal | ole) | |
| Remark | Example: Calculating in time unit and converti 20 [0.01 ms/rad] → 5,000 [rad/s] (equiva | ing to frequency | | |
| | | | | |

Tuning

No.113.0, No.160.0, No.160.2

| | | Torque command filter: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------|--|--|------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| No. 168.0 | | Notch filter - Frequency | 0 to 2,500 | 2,500 [Hz] | | | |
| | Function Use | Set the notch frequency for the Torque command filter - notch filter. | | | | | |
| | Prerequisite | Prerequisite Torque command filter: Notch filter switch (160.1) = 1 (Enable) | | | | | |
| | Related To No. 160.1, No. 169.0, No. 170.0 | | | | | | |

Tuning

| Torque command filter: Notch filter - Width | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|--|---------|---------|-----------------|
| | 1 to 16 | 8 | |
| | | | |

Set the notch width of torque command notch filter.

In the default setting of this parameter, notch width=notch frequency (a factor of x1). The larger this item is, the larger the notch width is.
In the case of multiple notch frequencies, this item increases the notch width.

Function Use

| Setting | Factor | Notch Width |
|---------|--------|-------------|
| 16 | x2 | large |
| 12 | x1.5 | ↑ |
| 8 | x1 | 1 |
| 4 | x0.5 | small |

Prerequisite Torque command filter: Notch filter switch (160.1) = 1 (Enable)

Related To No. 160.1, No. 168.0, No. 170.0

Tuning

| No. 170.0 | Torque command filter: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------|------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|
| | Notch filter - Depth | 0 to 256 | 0 | |

Set the depth at the notch frequency of Torque command Notch filter.

| Function |
|----------|
| Use |
| |

| Setting | Notch Depth |
|----------|---|
| 0 | complete shutoff of notch frequency input |
| † | † |
| ↓ | ↓ |
| 256 | 100 % pass-through |

- The larger this item is, the shallower the notch depth is.
- If the noise cannot be eliminated by setting a notch filter, increase the setting gradually (e.g., 50, 100, 150 and so on), which decreases the notch depth.

Prerequisite Torque command filter: Notch filter switch (160.1) = 1 (Enable)

Related To No. 160.1, No. 168.0, No. 169.0

| | _ | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| | Torque comm | and filter: | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
| No. 1/1.0 | No. 171.0 Notch filter 2 - Frequency | | | 0 to 2,500 | 2,500 [Hz] | | |
| Function Use | Set the notch frequency of torque command notch filter 2. | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Torque comm | and filter: Noto | ch filter 2 switch | (160.3) = 1 (Enable | e) | | |
| Related To | No. 160.3, No | . 172.0, No. 17 | '3.0 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Tuning | |
| | Torque comm | and filter: | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
| No. 172.0 | Notch filter 2 | | | 1 to 16 | 8 | | |
| | Set the notch width of torque command notch filter 2. In the default setting of this parameter, notch width=notch frequency (a factor of x1). The larger this item is, the larger the notch width is. In the case of multiple notch frequencies, this item increases the notch width. | | | | | | |
| Function | Setting | Factor | Notch Width | | | | |
| Use | 16 | x2 | large | | | | |
| | 12 | x1.5 | ↑ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Prerequisite

Torque command filter: Notch filter 2 switch (160.3) = 1 (Enable)

small

No. 160.3, No. 171.0, No. 173.0

х1 x0.5

Tuning

| | Torque command filter: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------|------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|
| No. 173.0 | Notch filter 2 - Depth | 0 to 256 | 0 | |

Set the depth at the notch frequency of Torque command Notch filter 2.

| Setting | Notch Depth |
|----------|--------------------|
| 0 | 0 % pass-through |
| ↑ | † |
| ↓ · | ↓ |
| 256 | 100 % pass-through |

- The larger this item is, the shallower the notch depth is.
 If the noise cannot be eliminated by setting a notch filter, increase the setting gradually (e.g., 50, 100, 150 and so on), which decreases the notch depth.

Prerequisite Torque command filter: Notch filter switch (160.1) = 1 (Enable) Related To No. 160.3, No. 171.0, No. 172.0

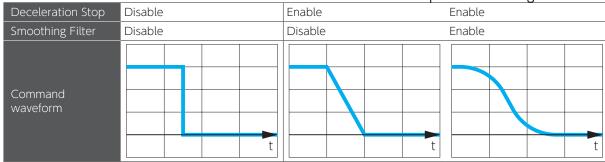
| | Tuning: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| No. 193.0 | Current control gain switc | h | 0, 1 | 0 | | | | |
| Function | This parameter is used to adjust the gain level of the current control component. Select 1 to reduce noise generated at the time of servo-on stop. | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Level | Noise | <u> </u> | Response | | | | |
| | 0 standard | more | e | faster | | | | |
| | 1 low | less | | slower | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Remark | If you changed the setting, pe Selecting 1 reduces the response. | | | e range. | | | | |
| | Deceleration stop: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 224.0 | Method (upon Servo Off) | | 0 to 3 | 1 | | | | |
| Function Use | | o stop rake top ncy stop brake | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 151.0, No. 224.1, No. 224. No. 236.0, No. 239.0 | 3, No. 225.2, N | lo. 226.0, No. 227. | 0, No. 229.0, | No. 232.1, No. 232.2, | | | |
| No. 224.1 | Deceleration stop: Release conditions | | Settings 0, 1 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | | |
| Function Use | This parameter indicates or the Servo ON signal turls is used for a motor which Method (upon Servo Off) (Settings Deceleration storation (No. 226.0) O O 1 O | ns OFF. h is slowing 224.0). | down as specifi | ed with De | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Deceleration stop Method (upo | on servo off)(22 | 24.0) = 1 (Short bra | ake) or 2 (Qui | ck stop) | | | |
| Related To | No. 224.0, No. 226.0, No. 227. | | | | · | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| No. 224.2 | Deceleration stop: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
| -1 10 . <i>EE</i> -1.2 | Enable Switch (upon AC Supply loss) | 0, 1 | 1 | |
| | Enable/Disable deceleration stop whe | en an AC supply l | loss conditio | n occurs |
| | Litable/ Disable deceleration stop wife | an an Ac suppry | ioss conditio | ii occurs. |
| Function Use | Settings Selection | | | |
| | 0 Disable | | | |
| | 1 Enable | | | |
| Related To | No. 228.0 | | | |
| No. 224.3 | Deceleration stop: DBRK output after stopping (upon Servo Off) | Settings 0, 1 | Default 1 | Characteristics |
| | Select Stop State when the servo is of | f | | |
| Function | Settings Description | | | |
| Use | O Coast to stop | | | |
| | 1 Emergency stop brak | 9 | | |
| 2 | _ | | | |
| Prerequisite | No. 224.0, No.232.1 | . | 5 (); | |
| No. 225.0 | Emergency stop: Warning output enable switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
| | vvairiing output enable switch | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| | Set whether a warning is to be output | or not in case o | of E-stop inp | ut. |
| Function | Settings Warning output | | | |
| Use | 0 Disable | | | |
| | 1 Enable | | | |
| | Emarganes stant | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
| No. 225.1 | Emergency stop: Warning output timing | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| | | | | |
| | Specify when to output a warning in c | ase of E-stop inp | out. | |
| Function Use | Settings Warning output timing | | | |
| | 0 After the motor makes a dec1 Immediately after the warning | | | |
| | | | | |
| Prerequisite | 8 7 1 6 1 | ch (225.0) = 1 (0 | ' | ning) |
| | | | | Chavaataviatiaa |
| No. 225.2 | Quick stop: Smoothing filter - Enable Switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics — — — — |
| No. 225.2 | Smoothing filter - Enable Switch | 0, 1 | 0 | |
| | Smoothing filter - Enable Switch Enable/Disable the Velocity Comman | 0, 1 d smoothing filte | 0 er at the tim | |
| Function | Smoothing filter - Enable Switch | 0, 1 d smoothing filte | 0 er at the tim | |
| | Smoothing filter - Enable Switch Enable/Disable the Velocity Commandom This filter suppresses vibration caused by dra | 0, 1 d smoothing filte | 0 er at the tim | |
| Function | Smoothing filter - Enable Switch Enable/Disable the Velocity Command This filter suppresses vibration caused by dra Settings Velocity Command smoothing filt | 0, 1 d smoothing filte | 0 er at the tim | |

| No. 226.0 | Deceleration stop: Operating time | | | Range 0 to 16,383 | Default (See below) | Characteristics |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Function | This parameter defoccurs or the Servo down as specified Motor Capacity | ON signal | l turns OFF eceleration | . It is used for | a motor wh (224.0). | |
| Use | 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW | 313 250 | | 160 μs 200 μs | 50 [r | |
| Prerequisite Related To | Deceleration stop Met No. 224.0, No. 224.1, | • | ervo off)(224. | 0) = 1 (Short br | ake) or 2 (Quic | ck stop)) |
| No. 227.0 | Deceleration stop: Cancellation speed | | | Range 0 to 32,767 | Default (See below) | Characteristics |
| Function Use | This parameter defalarm occurs or the | e Servo ON which is slowi | I signal turr | ns OFF. specified with th | ne deceleration | stop method (224.0). |
| Use | Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW | 17 p | nits [encoder oulse/160 µs | | onversion to Ro 50 [rpm] | otational Speed |
| | | ΣΣ Ρ | oulse/200 μs | | - 1 - | |
| Prerequisite | Deceleration stop: Me & Deceleration stop: R | thod (224.0) | = 1 (Short b | rake) or 2 (Quic | • | |
| Prerequisite Related To | Deceleration stop: Me | thod (224.0) elease condi | = 1 (Short b | rake) or 2 (Quic | • | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Deceleration stop: Me & Deceleration stop: R | thod (224.0) elease condi No. 226.0 | = 1 (Short b | rake) or 2 (Quic | • | Characteristics |
| Related To | Deceleration stop: Me & Deceleration stop: R No. 224.0, No. 224.1, Deceleration stop: Operating time | thod (224.0) elease condi No. 226.0 | = 1 (Short b itions (224.1) | rake) or 2 (Quic = 1 Range 0 to 16,383 | k stop) Default (See below) | |
| Related To | Deceleration stop: Me & Deceleration stop: R No. 224.0, No. 224.1, Deceleration stop: Operating time (upon control power education stop) Set Deceleration stop | thod (224.0) elease condi No. 226.0 error) op time in the Default Ui | = 1 (Short b tions (224.1) | rake) or 2 (Quic = 1 Range 0 to 16,383 | Default (See below) on due to a A | |

| No. 229.0 | Quick stop: Smoothing filter - Moving average counter | | | Range 1 to 1,000 | Default 25 | Characteristics | | |
|--|--|--|------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | This item defines the moving average count of the speed command smoothing filter while the motor is making a quick stop. | | | | | | | |
| Function | The larger the paramet | | | | ation is and the | e slower the response. | | |
| Use | Motor Capacity | Delay Time C | alculation | Formula | | | | |
| | 50 W to 750 W | 0.16 [ms] | 6 [ms] | | | | | |
| | 1 kW to 2 kW | × (moving average count) = delay time | | | | | | |
| The positioning will take as long as the delay time specified above, set this item with acceptable to the equipment. | | | | | | m within the range | | |
| Prerequisite | Quick stop: Smoothin | Quick stop: Smoothing filter switch (225.2) = 1 (Enable) | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 225.2, No. 239.0 | | | | | | | |

Waveforms for each combination of enable/disable Deceleration Stop and Smoothing Filter.



| | Deceleration stop: | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|
| No. 232.1 | Status during coast to stop | 0, 1 | 0 | |

Select on or off for deceleration stop status during coast to stop

| | Select on or off for deceleration stop status during coast to stop. | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Settings | Deceleration stop status | | | | | |
| Function Use | 0 | OFF (not consider as deceleration stop) As soon as the servo status becomes OFF, the motor brake release (MBRK) becomes open and the motor brake becomes engaged. With the configuration of No.224.3 (upon servo off) and No.233.3 (upon alarm on), the emergency stop brake release signal (DBRK) immediately turns off and the emergency stop brake becomes engaged. | | | | | |
| | 1 | ON (consider as deceleration stop) When the servo state becomes OFF, the deceleration stop status becomes ON. MBRK remains closed and the motor brake remains disengaged until the deceleration stop status becomes OFF. With the configuration of No.224.3 (upon servo off) and No.233.3 (upon alarm on), the emergency stop brake release (DBRK) will remain ON and the emergency stop brake will remain disengaged until the deceleration stop status becomes OFF. | | | | | |

3 Preparation Timing Diagrams

| No. 232.2 | Quick stop: Short brake | operation after a stop | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | Enable/Disable short braking after a quick stop. | | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Short braking | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 | Enable | | | | | | |
| | 1 | Disable | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Deceleration s | top: Method (when servo off) (| (224.0) = 2 (Quick) | stop) | | | | |
| No. 232.3 | Deceleration s | top: | Settings | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| 110. 232.3 | Brake engag | ement - Timing | 0, 1 | 0 | 🚾 武 🚄 - 🚬 | | | |
| | Set the timing for the brake to be engaged in a brake-equipped motor. | | | | | | | |
| | (That is, set the timing to open MBRK (Motor Brake Release)) | | | | | | | |
| | Settings | Timing | | | | | | |
| Function Use | When the deceleration stop status is off, or the motor rotation speed becomes lower than the setting of Deceleration stop: Cancellation speed (227.0) | | | | | | | |
| | When the deceleration stop status is off, or the motor rotation speed becomes lower than the setting of Deceleration stop: Brake engagement - Rotation speed (235.0), or the braking time reaches the value of Deceleration stop: Brake engagement - Delay time (234.0). | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 234.0, No. | 235.0 | | | | | | |

Preparation Timing Diagrams

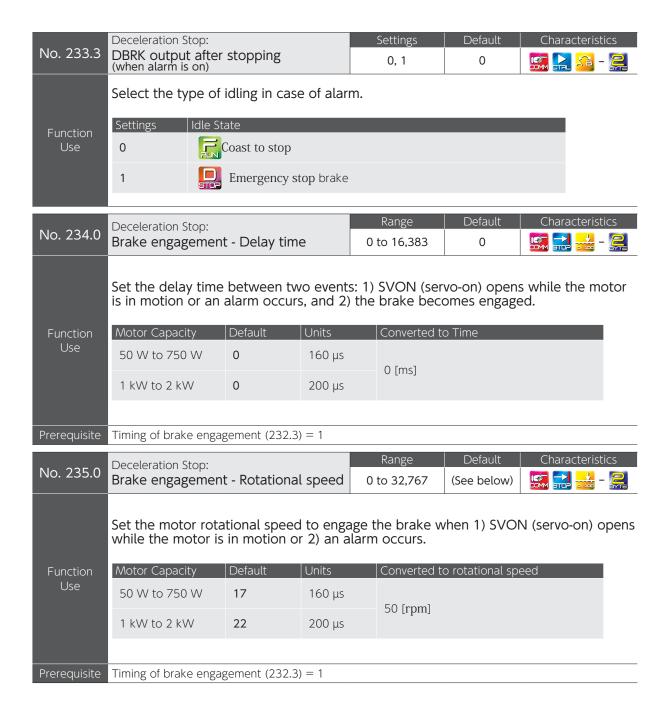
| No. 233.0 | Deceleration S Method (wh | itop: en alarm is on) | Settings 0 to 7 | Default 2 | Characterist | tics - 🌉 |
|-----------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | releration stop method in oup uses a different stop methor | | hile motor is | in motion. | |
| | Settings | Group ① | Group ② ^(*2) , ③ | , ④ | Group ⑤ | |
| | 0 | | | | | |
| Forestina | 1 | STOP | STOP | | | |
| Function Use | 2 | | S | | S | |
| | 3 | | S | | S | |
| | 4 | | | | | |
| | 5 | | | | | |
| | 6 | | S | | | |
| | 7 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

*1) Alarms are categorized into five groups.
*2) When Deceleration stop: Method (224.0) = 0 (Disable), the motor will be stopped by the group ① method.

After the amount of time specified by Deceleration stop: Operating time (228.0) elapses, the motor will be stopped by the group ① method.

| Coast to stop | Quick stop | Short brake | Emergency stop brake |
|---------------|------------|-------------|----------------------|

| Alarm No. | Alarm Name and Group | | Alarm No. | Alarm Name and Group | |
|--------------|---|-----|--------------|---------------------------------|-----|
| 0 | System | 4 | 16 | Encoder (response data) | 3 |
| 1 | EEPROM data | 4 | 17 | Encoder (no response) | 3 |
| 2 | Product code | 4 | 18 | Encoder (circuitry) | 3 |
| 4 | Overspeed | (5) | 19 | Encoder (communication) | 3 |
| 5 | Speed | (5) | 20 | Encoder (multi-turn data) | 3 |
| 6 | Position | (5) | 21 | Encoder (voltage drop) | 3 |
| 7 | Overload | 4 | 22 | Voltage (control power) | 2 |
| 8 | Command overspeed | (5) | 23 | Switch circuitry | 1 |
| 9 | Encoder pulse output frequency | 4 | 24 | Overcurrent | 1 |
| 10 | Positioning command overflow / Homing failure | (5) | 25 | Inverter 1 | 1 |
| 11 | Encoder (multi-turn counter overflow) | (5) | 26 | Inverter 2 | 1 |
| 12 | Overheat | (5) | 27 | Current sensor | 1 |
| 14 | Overvoltage | 1 | 28 | Encoder overheat) | (5) |
| 15 | Power supply (AC Supply) | 5 | 29 | Voltage drop (inside the drive) | 1 |



| No. 236.0 | Quick stop: | | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Extention Time | | | 0 to 3,125 | (See below) | - F | |
| | This item indicates deceleration stop | | | | ot active afte | r the | |
| | It is used to compens | | | | | | |
| Function | Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W | Default 0 | Units | Converting | to Time | | |
| Use | 1 kW to 2 kW | 0 | 160 μs 200 μs | 0 [ms] | | | |
| | This parameter is valid This parameter is invalue Use Servo OFF: Delay servo turns off during | d only when thalid if the servo | ne Decelerate turns off w | hile the motor i | dling. | | |
| rerequisite | Deceleration stop: Me | ethod (224.0) = | = 2 (Quick s | stop) | | | |
| Related To | No. 224,0, No. 233.0, | No. 237.0 | | | | | |
| No. 237.0 | Servo OFF: Delay | time | | Range 0 to 3,125 | Default (See below) | Characteristics | |
| Function Use | By adjusting the timin equipped axes such a Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW | g to end moto | | | back. | ed, brake- | |
| Related To | No. 238.0 | | | | | | |
| Related 10 | 140. 236.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 238.0 | Brake release: De | lay time | | Range 0 to 3,125 | (See below) | Characteristics | |
| | This item indicates the motor excitati | • | ime of the | motor brake | release signa | al (MBRK) ON af | |
| Function Use | By adjusting the timin such as vertical axis of Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW | _ | | | | orake-equipped ax | |
| | such as vertical axis of Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W | an be prevented Default 25 | ed from roll Units 160 µs | back. Converting | | orake-equipped ax | |
| Use | such as vertical axis of Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW | an be prevented Default 25 | ed from roll Units 160 µs | back. Converting | | Characteristics | |
| Use Related To | such as vertical axis of Motor Capacity 50 W to 750 W 1 kW to 2 kW No. 237.0 Quick stop: | Default 25 20 deceleratin | Units 160 µs 200 µs | Converting 4 [ms] Range 0 to 100 er a quick sto | to Time Default ms] | Characteristics | |

| No. 257.0 | Absolute sy | stem Select | | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
|---|---|-------------------|----------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | Select either | r Absolute system | or Incre | mental system. | | |
| | Settings | System | | ation counter v detection | | |
| | 0 | Incremental | - | | | |
| | 1 | Absolute | disable | | | |
| | 2 | Absolute | enable | | | |
| Function Use | Use Using this parameter in absolute systems Setting 2" (this is the usual setting) Exceeding the encoder absolute value range of -4,294,967,296 to 4,294,967,295 (± 32,767 multi-turn data) will result in Alarm No.11 (encoder multi-turn counter overflow). If this happens, correct the command such that motion will be kept within the absolute value range. Setting "1" | | | | | |
| Use this setting when absolute value of single-turn is needed for continuous turns only in on Exceeding the encoder absolute value range will result in a position that is significant the position specified by next command. Set Pulse Paired Ratio, so that the single-turn angle can be accurately detected with s resolution even outside of the range. | | | | | | significantly off from |
| N. 0500 | Encoder: | | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |

| No. 259.0 | Encoder: Overheat de | etection switch | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | | ation when overheat of the | e encoder is det | ected. | |
| Function | Settings | Output | | | |
| Use | 0 | No output | | | |
| | 1 | Warning output | | | |
| | 2 | Alarm output | | | |
| | | | | | |

| | Encoder: | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | |
|-----------|---|-----------------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|--|
| No. 259.1 | | ltage drop detection switch | 0, 1 | 0 | R R - R | |
| Function | Select operation when encoder battery voltage drop is detected. | | | | | |
| Function | Settings | Output | | | | |
| Use | 0 | No output | | | | |
| | 1 | Warning output | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| N. 067.0 | Encoder: | Range | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| No. 267.0 | Overheat detection - Value | 0 to 127 | 85 ℃] | (2) - (2) |
| Function Use | Set the value to detect overheat of the | e encoder. (for r | eference on | ly) |
| Related To | No. 259.0 | | | |
| No. 268.0 | Encoder: Battery voltage drop detection - Value | Range 0 to 100 | Default 24 [0.1 V] | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Set the value to detect voltage drop of | f the encoder. | | |
| Related To | No. 259.0 | | | |
| No. 272.1 | Encoder pulse output: Rotational direction | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics |
| Function Use | Set the rotational direction of encoder This indicates the direction of counting pulse Settings In CCW rotation 0 count down 1 count up | | 5. | |
| Related To | No. 276.0, No. 278.0 | | | |

| No. 276.0 | Encoder pulse output: Pulse ratio (numerator) | Range 1 to 65,535 | Default Characteristics 1,000 |
|-----------------|---|---|--|
| | <u> </u> | 1 10 03,333 | [pulse/rev] |
| No. 278.0 | Encoder pulse output: Pulse ratio (denominator) | 1 to 65,535 | 8,000 |
| | Set the encoder pulse output ratio with Where the pulse count per rotation of host codo not agree, (numerator) = (single-turn pulse count of (denominator) = (single-turn pulse count of (denominator)) = (single-turn pulse count of (denominator)) = (single-turn pulse count per rotation) | ommand and the post command) of the motor) ation host con | oulse count per rotation of the motor /4 /4=32,768 |
| | Example Settings A B Host Command Numerator Pulse count per rotation No. 276.0 | | Units: [pulse/rev] C (①× 1/4) Denominator No. 278.0 |
| Function Use | 16,384 4,096 10,000 2,500 4,096 1,024 4,000 1,000 | | 32,768 (=131,072 ^(*) / 4) |
| | *) 131,072 is the pulse count per rotation of the setting range of the ratio derived from the setting range of the ratio derived from the default setting values are assumed 16,3 rotation. If the Z-phase pulse width is too narrow to be this encoder pulse ratio or decrease the number of the pulse width[ms] = 2 × \frac{60}{\text{number of }} | these two parame 384 pulses of the h e measured accura per of rotations to lse width. | nost command pulse number per a ately by the host controller, decrease increase the pulse width. |
| | Use these parameters within the max output Note that [Encoder output resolution] × [(Nu | t frequency of 4 M | lpps. |

Related To No. 34.0, No. 36.0, No. 272.1, No. 276.0, No. 278.0

| No. 285.0 | Encoder pulse output: Error detection - Frequency upper limit | Range 25 to 1,125 | Default 1,125 [kHz] | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Function Use | Set the upper limit of the encoder pulse output frequency. Select an appropriate value according to the signal input specification from the host controller. | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 286.0 | | | | | |
| No. 286.0 | Encoder pulse output: Error detection - Delay time | Range 0 to 2,000 | Default 0 [ms] | Characteristics | | |
| F atia a | Set the detection delay time of encoder pulse output error. | | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the detection delay time of encode | er pulse output | error. | | | |

| No. 283.0 Input filter (numerator) No. 289.0 Analog torque: Input filter (denominator) Select values such that the low-pass filter constant will suppress the noise component of the Analog Torque Command input. Iow-pass filter constant = [288.0] Setting Noise Resistance Smaller Stronger Slower Larger Weaker Faster Perequisite Analog torque: Input filter switch (302.1) = 1 (Enable) Remark The ratio of No. 288.0 (numerator) to No. 289.0 (denominator) must be below 1. Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = [293.0] The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and Mil Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default Characteristics (See below) (I.1 %) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and Mil Series MA, MY, and MZ Series MOTOR No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default Characteristics MX, MY, and MZ Series MX, MY, | N. 0000 | Analog torque | : | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
|--|--------------|---|--|--|---|-----------------|--|
| Select values such that the low-pass filter constant will suppress the noise component of the Analog Torque Command input. low-pass filter constant (288.0) (289.0) | No. 288.0 | | | 0 to 65,535 | 16,000 | | |
| of the Analog Torque Command input. low-pass filter constant = | No. 289.0 | | | 1 to 65,535 | 65,535 | | |
| Smaller Larger Stronger Slower Faster Prerequisite Analog torque: Input filter switch (302.1) = 1 (Enable) Remark The ratio of No.288.0 (numerator) to No.289.0 (denominator) must be below 1. Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. Command Input Gain = (290.0) (291.0) (291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 (2pacity Default 50 W 3,500 50 W 3,500 50 W 3,500 50 W 3,500 100 W 3,500 100 W 3,400 200 W 3,100 400 W 3,100 400 W 3,000 750 W 2,900 | | low-pass filter constant $=\frac{288.0}{}$ | | | | | |
| Prerequisite Analog torque: Input filter switch (302.1) = 1 (Enable) Remark The ratio of No.288.0 (numerator) to No.289.0 (denominator) must be below 1. Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0)/(291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default 50 W 3,500 100 W 3,500 100 W 3,400 200 W 3,100 400 W 3,000 750 W 3,000 750 W 2,900 | | | | | d Response | | |
| Prerequisite Analog torque: Input filter switch (302.1) = 1 (Enable) Remark The ratio of No.288.0 (numerator) to No.289.0 (denominator) must be below 1. Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0)/(291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default 50 W 3,500 50 W 3,500 100 W 3,500 100 W 3,400 200 W 3,100 200 W 3,100 400 W 3,000 750 W 2,900 | | | | | | | |
| The ratio of No.288.0 (numerator) to No.289.0 (denominator) must be below 1. Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) 0 to 65,535 (See below) [0.1 %] No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) 1 to 65,535 (See below) [0.1 %] Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0) (291.0) (291.0) (292.0) (| | Larger | v v carci | i docci | | | |
| Filtering will not take effect if the ratio is 1. Related To No. 302.1 No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = 290.0 | Prerequisite | Analog torque | : Input filter switch (302.1) = 1 | (Enable) | | | |
| No. 290.0 Analog torque: Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0) (291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default 50 W 3,500 50 W 3,500 100 W 3,500 100 W 3,400 200 W 3,100 400 W 3,100 400 W 3,000 750 W 2,900 | Remark | | | .0 (denominator |) must be below | 1. | |
| No. 290.0 Input gain (numerator) No. 291.0 Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0) / (291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Capacity Default 50 W 3,500 | Related To | No. 302.1 | | | | | |
| Input gain (numerator) 0 to 65,535 (See below) [0.1 %] | | Analog torque | : | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
| Analog torque: Input gain (denominator) Set the gain of analog torque command input. With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (± 10 V) input. command Input Gain = (290.0)/(291.0) The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator. MA, MM, and MH Series Motor Capacity Default 50 W 3,500 100 W 3,500 100 W 3,100 200 W 3,100 400 W 3,000 750 W 3,000 750 W 2,900 | No. 290.0 | | | 0 to 65,535 | | | |
| With these two parameters, you can adjust the gain of the host controller. The motor torque is max when (numerator)/(denominator)=1 and analog command voltage (\pm 10 V) input. | No. 291.0 | | | 1 to 65,535 | [0.1%] | | |
| 1 kW 3,300 1.5 kW 3,200 2 kW 3,100 | | With these tw The motor torq comm The figures in MA, MM, and Motor Capacity 50 W 100 W 200 W 400 W 750 W 1 kW | o parameters, you can adjust the sum of the table below are applicable MH Series No. 290.0, and No. 291.0 Default 3,500 3,100 3,000 3,000 3,300 3,300 3,200 | for both numer. MX, MY, and M Motor Capacity 50 W 100 W 200 W 400 W 750 W | ator and denoming Series No. 290.0, and No. 296.0 2,500 3,400 3,100 3,100 | ator. | |

| | | Pango | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| No. 292.0 | Analog torque: CCW torque limit (numerator) | Range 0 to 65,535 | | Cital acteristics | | | |
| No. 293.0 | Analog torque: CCW torque limit (denominator) 1 to 65,535 (See below) [0.1 %] | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the CCW torque limit of analog torque command. CCW torque limit = Instantaneous maximum torque $\frac{292.0}{293.0}$ | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 294.0, No. 295.0 | | | | | | |
| riciated 10 | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 294.0 | Analog torque: CW torque limit (numerator) | Range 0 to 65,535 | | Characteristics | | | |
| | Analog torque: | | Default (See below) [0.1 %] | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 294.0 | Analog torque: CW torque limit (numerator) Analog torque: | 0 to 65,535 1 to 65,535 ue command. | (See below) | | | | |

Default values of parameters No.292.0, 293.0, 294.0. and 295.0

The figures in the table below are applicable for both numerator and denominator.

| MA, MM, and M | H Series | MX, MY, and MZ | |
|----------------|----------|----------------|---------|
| Motor Capacity | Default | Motor Capacity | Default |
| 50 W | 3,500 | 50 W | 3,500 |
| 100 W | 3,500 | 100 W | 3,400 |
| 200 W | 3,100 | 200 W | 3,100 |
| 400 W | 3,000 | 400 W | 3,100 |
| 750 W | 3,000 | 750W | 2,900 |
| 1 kW | 3,300 | 1 kW | 3,000 |
| 1.5 kW | 3,200 | | |
| 2 kW | 3,100 | | |

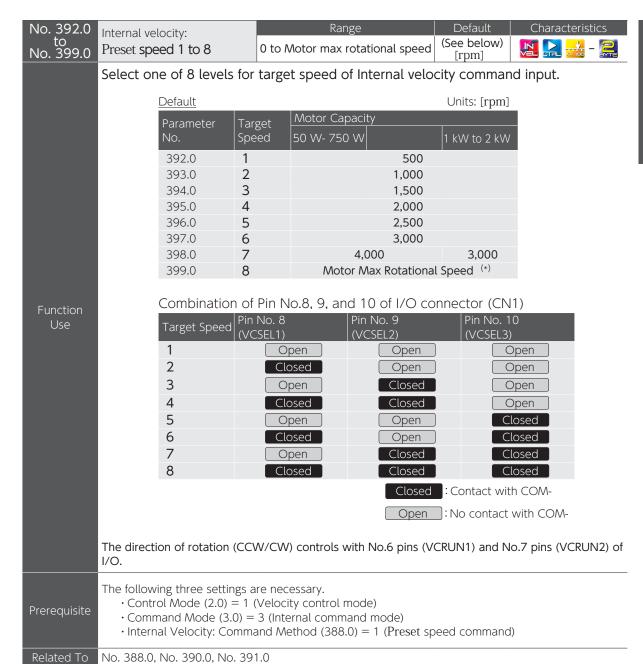
| No. 300.0 | Analog torque: Offset value | Range - 32,768 to +32,767 | Default Characteristics O A P - P - P - P - P - P - P - P - P - P | | | | |
|-----------------|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Function Use | Adjust this parameter such that analog command value = 0 % when the drive is configured for analog command and input voltage is 0 V. Setup Procedure ① Use Analog torque speed limit (152.0) to set the value of a speed limit to a reasonable rotational speed such as 1,000 rpm. ② Set the analog voltage of the host controller to 0 V. ③ Turn the servo ON. (If the offset is misaligned, the motor will rotate.) ④ Select a value for the offset observing the torque command value. | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Analog speed command: Offset tuning met | hod (302.2) = 1 (Man | ual tuning) | | | | |
| Remark | Adjust this parameter with the motor alone. I | Never adjust it while the | e motor is installed in any equipment. | | | | |
| Related To | No. 302.2 | | | | | | |
| No. 302.0 | Analog torque: Direction of rotation | Settings 0, 1 | Default Characteristics | | | | |
| | Specify the rotational direction of analog torque command input. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Negative Voltage Input | Positive Volta | <u> </u> | | | | |
| 030 | 0 CCW Rotation | CW Rotation | | | | | |
| | 1 CW Rotation | CCW Rotatio | on . | | | | |
| No. 302.1 | Analog torque: Input filter enable switch | Settings 0, 1 | Default Characteristics | | | | |
| Function Use | Enable/Disable Analog torque command input filter. Enable if noise is significant in the analog command. Settings Input filter switch O Disable 1 Enable | | | | | | |

| No. 302.2 | Analog torque: Offset tuning method | | | Settings | Default | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|----------|---------|--------------------|--|
| | Offset tunin | g metnoa | | 0, 1 | I | A . A - Z | |
| | Specify the | Specify the offset tuning method for Analog Velocity command. | | | | | |
| | Settings | Tuning Method | Descript | ion | | | |
| Function Use | 0 | Auto Tuning | Automatically adjust the offset value such that torque com at the input voltage at the time of servo on. | | | | |
| | 1 | Manual Tuning | Manually adjust the offset value such that torque command= at 0 V input voltage. | | | torque command=0 % | |
| | | | | | | | |
| No. 305.0 | Voltage dip D | etection: | | Range | Default | Characteristics | |
| 10. 303.0 | Delay time 20 to 50,000 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the delay time to the required voltage dip detection time of the AC supply. | | | | | | |
| Remark | Detection of a voltage dip will result in Alarm No.15. Set this parameter suitable to your operating conditions. | | | | | | |

| N- 257.0 | Position command f | ilter 3: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| No. 357.0 | Notch frequency | | 10 to 2,000 | 10 [0.1 Hz] | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the <u>notch frequency</u> for Position Command Filter 3. | | | | | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | Position command filter 3: Type (82.1) = 2 (Notch) or 3 (γ -Notch) | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 82.1, No. 358.0 | , No. 359.0, No. 360.0 | | | 7 Tuning | | | |
| | | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 358.0 | Position command for Notch width | ilter 3: | 128 to 2,048 | 512 | | | | |
| | Set the width of | notch of Position Con | nmand Filter 3. | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Function | Setting | Notch Width | | | | | | |
| Use | smaller | narrower | | | | | | |
| | larger | wider | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position command f | ilter 3: Type (82.1) = 2 (N | Notch) | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 82.1, No. 357.0 | , No. 360.0 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 7 Tuning | | | |
| No. 359.0 | Position command f High frequency g | | Range 50 to 200 | Default 100 | Characteristics | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Set the <u>high freq</u> | uency gain for Positio | n Command Filt | er 3. | | | | |
| Function | 50 | x0.25 | | | | | | |
| Use | 100 | x1 | | | | | | |
| | 200 | x4 | | | | | | |
| | Smaller setting value Larger setting value | e gives better vibration su gives faster motion. | uppression. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position command f | ilter 3: Type (82.1) = 3 (γ | r-Notch) | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 82.1, No. 357.0 | , No. 360.0 | | | Tuning | | | |
| | | | | | 7 Tuning | | | |
| No. 360.0 | Position command f | ilter 3: | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| | Notch depth | | 0 to 100 | 0 | | | | |
| | Set the depth for | Position Command F | Filter 3. | | | | | |
| Function | | th Depth | | | | | | |
| Use | | nplete shutoff of notch fre % pass-through | equency input | | | | | |
| | | e gives deeper filter. | | | | | | |
| | | gives shallower filter. | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | | ilter 3: Type (82.1) = 2 (N | Notch) or 3 (γ -Not | ch) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 82.1, No. 357.0 | , No. 358.0, No. 359.0 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Tuning | | | |

| No. 363.0 | Position error warning detection: Value | Range 0 to 2,147,483,647 | Default 100 [pulse] | Characteristics Characteristics | | | |
|-----------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Function | Set the value to determine the position error warning level. | | | | | | |
| Use | The position error warning will be detecte value. | d when the position (| error exceeds | this parameter | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position error detection: Switch (65.0) = 2 (Warning output), or 3 (Alarm and Warning output) | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.0, No. 365.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 365.0 | Position error warning detection: Delay time | Range 0 to 65,535 | Default (See below) | Characteristics Characteristics Characteristics | | | |
| | Set the delay time to determine the | position error wa | arning detec | tion time. | | | |
| Function | Motor Capacity Default Units | Converted to | o Time | _ | | | |
| Use | 50 W to 750 W 250 160 1 kW to 2 kW 200 200 | μs 40 [ms] | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Position error detection: Switch (65.0) = 2 (V) | Varning output), or 3 (| Alarm and Warı | ning output) | | | |
| Related To | No. 65.0, No. 363.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 385.0 | JOG operation: Acceleration time | Range 0 to 60,000 | Default 1,000 [ms] | Characteristics | | | |
| Function | Set the acceleration time for JOG operation. | | | | | | |
| Use | This item indicates the amount of time for a speed command to change from 0 rpm to 1,000 rpm. With the default setting, it takes the rotational speed 3,000 ms to reach 3,000 rpm. | | | | | | |
| Related To | JOG operation requires control power sup | ply and the Servo ON | I signal input fr | om the I/O connector. | | | |
| No. 386.0 | JOG operation: Deceleration time | Range 0 to 60,000 | Default 1,000 [ms] | Characteristics | | | |
| | Set the deceleration time for JOG operation. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | This item indicates the amount of time for a speed command to change from 1,000 rpm to 0 rpm. With the default setting, when the motor is rotating at 3,000 [rpm], it takes 3,000 [ms] to stop. | | | | | | |
| Remark | JOG operation requires control power sup | ply and the Servo ON | I signal input fr | om the I/O connector. | | | |
| | JOG operation: | ange | Default | Characteristics | | | |
| No. 387.0 | Target speed 0 to | ional Speed of Motor | 300 [rpm] | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Set the target speed for JOG operation. | | | | | | |
| | Motor Model | N | Naximum rotati | ional speed [rpm] | | | |
| Function Use | MM500, MY500, MM101, MY101, MX401, MZ401, MX751, MZ751 | MX201, MZ201, 6 | ,000 | | | | |
| | MA201, MH201, MA401, MH401 | | ,000 | | | | |
| | MA751, MH751 MM102, MH102, MM152, MH152, N | | ,500 ,000 | | | | |
| Remark | JOG operation requires control power sup | ply and the Servo ON | I signal input fr | om the I/O connector. | | | |

| No. 388.0 | Internal velocity: Command method | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Select the type of Internal Velocity Co | mmand. | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Method O Zero command 1 Preset speed command (8 settings) | | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | | The following two settings are necessary. • Control Mode (2.0) = 1 (Velocity control mode) • Command Mode (3.0) = 3 (Internal command mode) | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 2.0, No. 3.0, No. 390.0, No. 391.0, No. 39 | 92.0 to 399.0 | | | | | | | |
| No. 390.0 | Internal velocity: Acceleration time | Range 0 to 60,000 | Default 1,000 [ms] | Characteristics | | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the acceleration time for internal v This item indicates the amount of time for a sp With the default setting, it takes the rotational | oeed command to | change from 0 | rpm to 1,000 rpm. | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | The following three settings are necessary. · Control Mode (2.0) = 1 (Velocity control mode) · Command Mode (3.0) = 3 (Internal command mode) · Internal Velocity: Command Method (388.0) = 1 (Preset speed command) | | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 388.0, No. 391.0, No. 392.0 to 399.0 | | | | | | | | |
| No. 391.0 | Internal velocity: Deceleration time Range Default Characteristics 1,000 [ms] | | | | | | | | |
| Function | Set the deceleration time for internal velocity command to change the speed. | | | | | | | | |
| Use This item indicates the amount of time for a speed command to change from 0 rpm to 1,0 With the default setting, it takes the rotational speed 3,000 [ms] to reach 3,000 [rpm]. | | | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | The following three settings are necessary. Control Mode (2.0) = 1 (Velocity control mode) Command Mode (3.0) = 3 (Internal command mode) Internal Velocity: Command Method (388.0) = 1 (Preset speed command) | | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 388.0, No. 391.0, No. 392.0 to 399.0 | | | | | | | | |

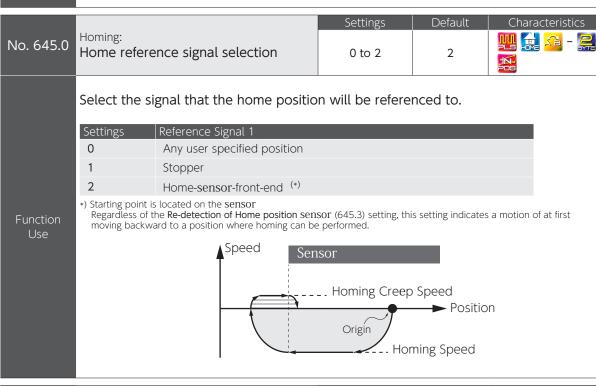


*) Maximum rotational speed of motor

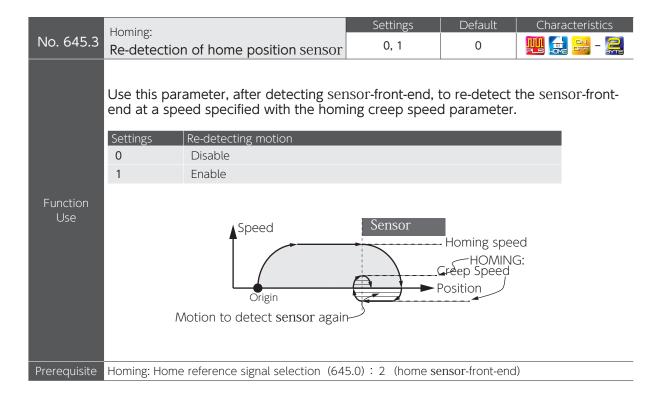
| , | | 1 |
|----------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Motor Mc | odel | Maximum rotational speed [rpm] |
| MM500, | MY500, | |
| MM101, | MY101, | |
| MX201, | MZ201, | 6,000 |
| MX401, | MZ401, | |
| MX751, | MZ751, | |
| MA201, | MH201, | F 000 |
| MA401, | MH401 | 5,000 |
| MA751, | MH751 | 4,500 |
| MM102, | MH102, | |
| MM152, | MH152, | 3,000 |
| MM202 | | |

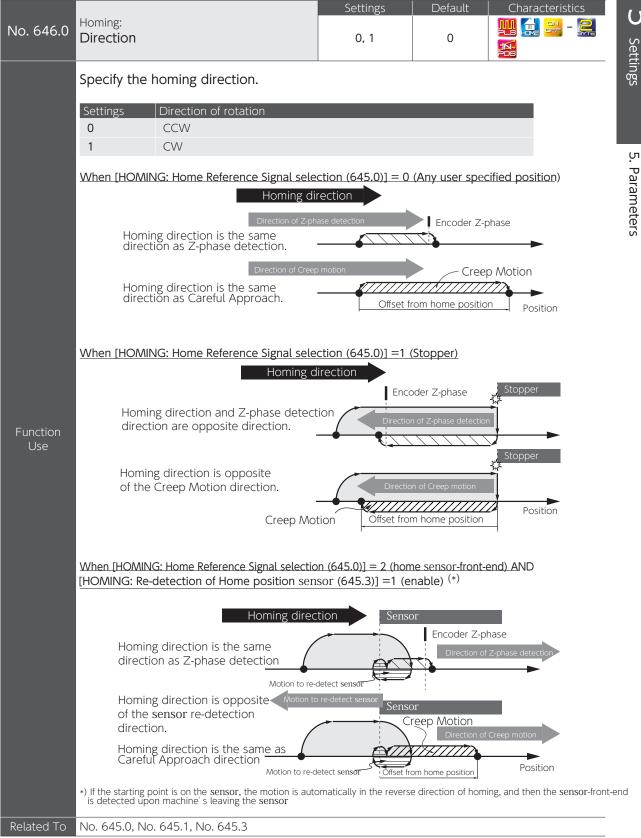
| No. 642.0 | Internal position: Operation mode | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | |
|-----------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Set the operation mode for <u>Position C</u> | ontrol Mode (in | ternal comm | nand). | |
| Function Use | Settings Operation Mode 0 Point Table 1 Testing (Communication mot | ion) | | | |
| Prerequisite | The following two settings are necessary. · Control Mode (2.0) = 0 (Position Controlling Command Mode (3.0) = 3 (Internal command Mode (3.0)) | | | | |
| Related To | No. 2.0, No. 3.0 | | | | |
| No. 643.0 | Internal position: Overflow detection | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | |
| | Enable/Disable the multiturn encoder counter overflow detection function for Positioner Drive using ABS value. This function is a protective measure against absolute position loss of the encoder. If Internal Position Command exceeds the absolute value range (\pm 1,073,741,823), or shift amount per one command exceeds the range (\pm 2,147,487,647), overflow will be detected, resulting in Alarm No.10. | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings Overflow Detection Disable (*1) Enable (*2) *1) For repeating rotations only in one direction, whe (257.0) =1 (Multi-turn counter overflow detection) *2) When you set Absolute system (257.0) = 2 (Multi-fluid multi-turn data exceeds the rated range (±32, the rated value) "Absolute Value" Operation using Possible this parameter to 0 and the command resetting "absolute value" will result in Alarm When the setting was changed from 0 to 1, | n disabled) i-rotation counter over 767). Select a value for iitioner, and Tes method for point ta No.10. | flow detection en internal position | abled), Alarm No.11 occurs command not larger than | |
| Related To | No. 257.0 | | | | |

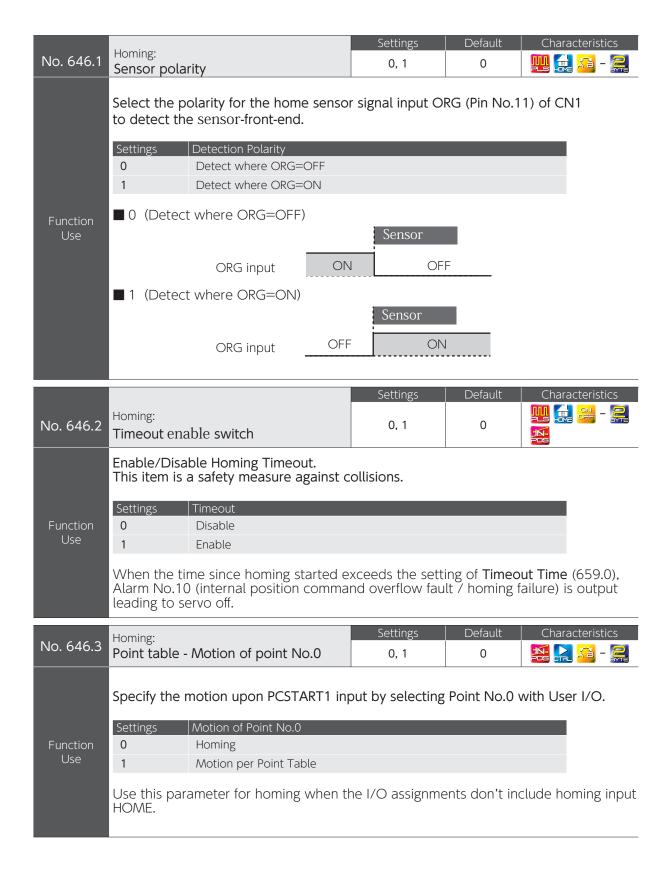
| No. 644.0 | Internal positi Point table - | on: Point number output method | Settings 0 to 2 | Default 1 | Characteristics | | |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Select the output timing for a point number (PM13) when using I/O assignment Option1 for Positioner Drive. | | | | | | |
| Function | Settings Output timing for Motion Start Point Number | | | | | | |
| Use | 0 | Upon motion start | | | | | |
| | 1 | Upon motion complete | | | | | |
| | 2 | Upon motion start of each point | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | The following two settings are necessary. · Control Mode (2.0) = 0 (Position Control Mode) · Command Mode (3.0) = 3 (Internal command mode/Option I/O Setting) | | | | | | |



| | | | Settings | Default | Characteristics |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------|
| No. 645.1 | Homing: Encoder Z-phase selection | | 0, 1 | 1 | |
| Function | To add enco | nce position aft | er the Home | Reference Signal | |
| Function Use | Settings | Encoder Z-phase | | | |
| | 0 | Disable | | | |
| | 1 | Enable | | | |
| | | | | | |







| Characteristics |
|---|
| |
| |
| a safety measure |
| |
| lude homing input |
| e limit used for press .6.0) regardless of |
| |
| Characteristics |
| |
| on. |
| a ll |

■ 0 (None)

Settings

0

Motion afterwards

None Move

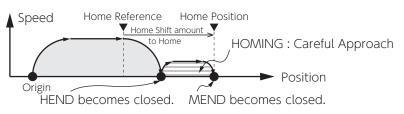
After home reference signal is detected, the motor decelerates to stop and homing completes.

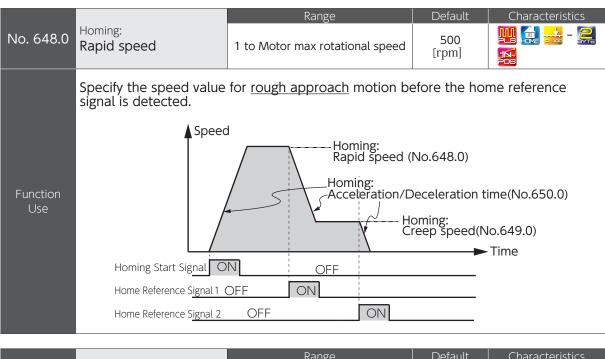
Function Use



■ 1 (Move)

After home reference signal is detected and then the motor decelerates to stop, motion to carefully approach to the home position follows according to the parameter setting.





| | | | Range | | Default | Characteristics | | |
|-----------------|--|---------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| No. 649.0 | Homing: Creep speed | 0 | | 10 [rpm] | | | | |
| Function Use | Specify the speed for <u>careful approach</u> after the home signal is detected. To improve accuracy to detect the home reference signal, select a lower speed. | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Homing: Creep speed switch | n (647. | 1):1 (Move) | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 645.0, No. 647.1, No. 64 | 48.0 | | | | | | |
| No. 650.0 | Homing: Acceleration/Deceleration | n time | Range 0 to 5,000 | | Default 30 [ms] | Characteristics Characteristics Characteristics | | |
| Function Use | Set Acceleration/Deceleration Time for homing. This item indicates time amount for a speed to change 1,000 rpm. Applies to Rapid Speed (648.0) and Creep Speed (649.0) | | | | | | | |
| Remark | If the load is more than 10 times of inertia ratio, set this parameter to a value larger than the default. Otherwise, vibration may occur. | | | | | | | |
| No. 651.0 | Homing: Amount of home position | n shift | Range 0 to 1,000,000,000 | [com | Default 0 nmand pulse] | Characteristics | | |

Use this parameter to set shift amount from home signal or encoder Z-phase to home.

No. 646.0

| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| No. 653.0 | Homing: Home position data | -1,000,000,000 to +1,000,000,000 | 0 [command pulse] | | | | | |
| Function Use | This parameter value overwrites the home coordinate (ABS position feedback value) upon Homing complete. | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
| No. 655.0 | Homing: Time to detect press stoppe | r 5 to 1,000 | 100 [ms] | | | | | |
| Function Use | This parameter defines the to for home to be detected after | | | is a time amount | | | | |
| Related To | No. 645.0, No. 647.0 | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
| No. 656.0 | Homing: Torque command limit value | 10 to 3,000 | 500 [0.1 %] | | | | | |
| Function | This parameter defines the to the rated torque. | ratio of torque comm | nand limit value (| during homing) | | | | |
| Use | The parameter is used as a safety It is a torque command limit value | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Homing: Home Reference Signal so Torque command limit switch (64 | | opper) or | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 645.0, No. 647.0 | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
| No. 657.0 | Homing: Z-phase disabled distance | 0 to 1,000,000,000 | 0 [command pulse] | | | | | |
| Function Use | Set the shift amount between a detection position of home signal and a starting position of z-phase detection. | | | | | | | |
| | | Range | Default | Characteristics | | | | |
| No. 659.0 | Homing: Timeout time | 0 to 60,000 | 60,000 [10 ms] | | | | | |
| Function | Set the timeout time for hom | ning. | | | | | | |
| Use | This is a safety measure in case o | | | | | | | |
| Prerequisite | Timeout Switch (646.2) = 1 (Disal | | | | | | | |
| Related To | No. 646.2 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| No. 720.0 No. 740.0 to No. 1020.0 | Internal Positi Point table Command I | | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | Select the <u>command method</u> for point table. | | | | | | | |
| Function Use | 0 A | bsolute value T | osition to be set arget position hift amount from the | current position to th | e target position | | | |
| No. 720.1 No. 740.1 to No. 1020.1 | Internal Positi Point table Operation (| | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | |
| | Select the <u>F</u> | Running Motion of I | Point Table | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings 0 1 | Running Motion Single Continuous | | | | | | |
| No. 720.3 No. 740.3 to No. 1020.3 | Internal Positi Point table Enable/Disa | | Settings 0, 1 | Default 0 | Characteristics | | | |
| | Enable/Disa | <u>able</u> Point Table. | | | | | | |
| Function Use | Settings 0 | | assigned "disable" is r 'enable" are executed | not executed and any d. | subsequent point | | | |
| | 1 | Enable The point number a | assigned "enable" is e | executed | | | | |
| No. 722.0 No. 742.0 to No. 1022.0 | Internal Positi Point table Position (*) | on: | Range - 1,073,741,823 to +1,073,741,823 | Default 0 [command pulse] | Characteristics | | | |
| Function Use | Set the <u>tar</u> g | <u>ret position</u> in Point | t Table. | | | | | |

*) See the Point Table Parameter List to look up a point number and its corresponding parameter numbers.



| No. 724.0 No. 744.0 to No. 1024.0 | Internal Position: Point table Rotational speed (*) | 0 to Maximum | Range Rotational Speed of | Motor | Default 0 [rpm] | Characteri | stics |
|--|--|-------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Function Use | Set the <u>motor rotation</u> | onal speed | d for the Point Tab | ole. | | | |
| No. 726.0 No. 746.0 to | Internal Position: Point table Acceleration time (*) | | Range 0 to 5,000 | | Default 30 [ms] | Characteri | stics |
| No. 1026.0 Function Use | Set the acceleration This item indicates the am the default setting, it takes | nount of tim | e for a speed comman | _ | ge from 0 [rp | | |
| No. 727.0 No. 747.0 to No. 1027.0 | Internal Position: Point table Deceleration time (*) | | Range 0 to 5,000 | | Default 30 [ms] | Characteri | stics |
| Function Use | Set the <u>deceleration</u> This item indicates the am the default setting, it takes | nount of tim | e for a speed comman | _ | - 1 | 1 | |
| No. 728.0 No. 748.0 to No. 1028.0 | Internal Position: Point table Dwell time (*) | | Range 0 to 20,000 | | Default 1 [ms] | Characteri | stics |
| Function Use | Set the <u>dwell time</u> for the Point Table. Dwell time is the wait time for the next Point-Table motion to be executed after a Point-Table motion is complete. | | | | | | |
| No. 729.0 No. 749.0 to No. 1029.0 | Internal Position: Point table Positioning completion | on ^(*) | Range 0 to 32,767 | | fault 20 er pulse] | Characteri | stics - A |
| Function Use | Set the <u>range for pos</u> | sitioning c | complete by the Po | oint table | <u>.</u> | | |

 $^{*) \ \ {\}it See the Point Table Parameter List to look up a point number and its corresponding parameter numbers.}$



3. Point Table Parameter List

To configure point table data by using RS-485 Communications, refer to the cross table of point table items and their corresponding parameter numbers.

| Point No. | Position [command pulse] | Rotational speed [rpm] | Acceleration time [ms] | Deceleration time [ms] | Command method [-] | Dwell time [ms] | Operation [-] | Positioning completion [encoder pulse] | Enable /Disable [-] |
|--------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| 0 | No. 722.0 | No. 724.0 | No. 726.0 | No. 727.0 | No. 720.0 | No. 728.0 | No. 720.1 | No. 729.0 | No. 720.3 |
| 1 | No. 742.0 | No. 744.0 | No. 746.0 | No. 747.0 | No. 740.0 | No. 748.0 | No. 740.1 | No. 749.0 | No. 740.3 |
| 2 | No. 762.0 | No. 764.0 | No. 766.0 | No. 767.0 | No. 760.0 | No. 768.0 | No. 760.1 | No. 769.0 | No. 760.3 |
| 3 | No. 782.0 | No. 784.0 | No. 786.0 | No. 787.0 | No. 780.0 | No. 788.0 | No. 780.1 | No. 789.0 | No. 780.3 |
| 4 | No. 802.0 | No. 804.0 | No. 806.0 | No. 807.0 | No. 800.0 | No. 808.0 | No. 800.1 | No. 809.0 | No. 800.3 |
| 5 | No. 822.0 | No. 824.0 | No. 826.0 | No. 827.0 | No. 820.0 | No. 828.0 | No. 820.1 | No. 829.0 | No. 820.3 |
| 6 | No. 842.0 | No. 844.0 | No. 846.0 | No. 847.0 | No. 840.0 | No. 848.0 | No. 840.1 | No. 849.0 | No. 840.3 |
| 7 | No. 862.0 | No. 864.0 | No. 866.0 | No. 867.0 | No. 860.0 | No. 868.0 | No. 860.1 | No. 869.0 | No. 860.3 |
| 8 | No. 882.0 | No. 884.0 | No. 886.0 | No. 887.0 | No. 880.0 | No. 888.0 | No. 880.1 | No. 889.0 | No. 880.3 |
| 9 | No. 902.0 | No. 904.0 | No. 906.0 | No. 907.0 | No. 900.0 | No. 908.0 | No. 900.1 | No. 909.0 | No. 900.3 |
| 10 | No. 922.0 | No. 924.0 | No. 926.0 | No. 927.0 | No. 920.0 | No. 928.0 | No. 920.1 | No. 929.0 | No. 920.3 |
| 11 | No. 942.0 | No. 944.0 | No. 946.0 | No. 947.0 | No. 940.0 | No. 948.0 | No. 940.1 | No. 949.0 | No. 940.3 |
| 12 | No. 962.0 | No. 964.0 | No. 966.0 | No. 967.0 | No. 960.0 | No. 968.0 | No. 960.1 | No. 969.0 | No. 960.3 |
| 13 | No. 982.0 | No. 984.0 | No. 986.0 | No. 987.0 | No. 980.0 | No. 988.0 | No. 980.1 | No. 989.0 | No. 980.3 |
| 14 | No. 1002.0 | No. 1004.0 | No. 1006.0 | No. 1007.0 | No. 1000.0 | No. 1008.0 | No. 1000.1 | No. 1009.0 | No. 1000.3 |
| 15 | No. 1022.0 | No. 1024.0 | No. 1026.0 | No. 1027.0 | No. 1020.0 | No. 1028.0 | No. 1020.1 | No. 1029.0 | No. 1020.3 |

6 Operation

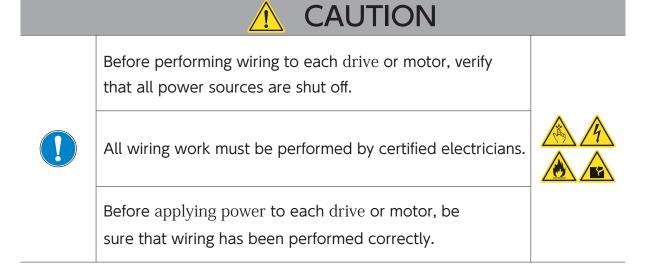
| 1. Configuring Operating Mode | 2 |
|--|--------|
| 1. Related to Parameters | \sim |
| 2. Position Control Mode | 6 |
| 1. Pulse Train Command | .6 |
| 3. Velocity Control Mode1 | 0 |
| 1. Analog Velocity Command 2. Internal Velocity Command | |
| 4. Torque Control Mode | 5 |
| 1. Analog Torque Command | 15 |
| 5. Position Control Mode | 8 |
| 1. Internal Position Command (Point Table) | |
| 2. Homing | |

1. Configuring Operating Mode

The drive is operated with any of the seven operating modes which are combinations of Control Mode and Command Mode. Configure parameters No.2.0 and No.3.0.

() The numeric values in the parentheses represent parameter settings.

| Control Mode (No2.0) | Command Mode (No.3.0) | Command Input Signal Format |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Position Control | Pulse Train Command (1 : Default) In this operating mode, position commands are issued from the host controller with pulse input. Page 6- | Differential24 V open collector5 V open collector |
| (0 : Default) | Internal Speed Command (3) An operating mode used in the Positioner Drive function that enables you to execute positioning command preset in the drive with I/O operation from the host controller. Point table operation Page 18- | · I/O operation |
| Velocity Control | Analog Velocity Command (2) In this operating mode, speed commands are issued from the host controller with analog voltage input. Page 10- | · Analog voltage |
| (1) | Internal Speed Command (3) This type of operating mode moves the machine according to the speed preset in the drive with I/O input from the host controller. Page 13- | · I/O operation |
| Torque Control (2) | Analog Torque Command (2) In this operating mode, torque commands are issued from the host controller with analog voltage input. Page 15- | · Analog voltage |



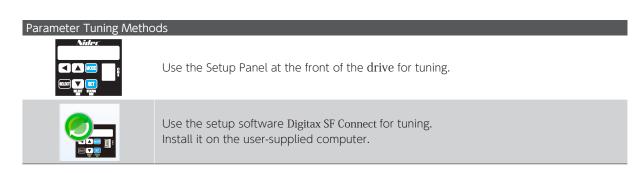
1. Configuring Operating Mode

1. Related to Parameter

The following are the parameters that must be configured for all operating modes.

| Common | | | | | Warning/Error D | Detection 🔛 | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| Name | | | No. | P. | Name | | No. | P. |
| Control mode | | | 2.0 | 5-34 | | Switch | 65.0 | 5-41 |
| Command mode | | | 3.0 | 5-34 | Position error Error detection | Value | 87.0 | 5-51 |
| Operation mode | | | 9.0 | 5-35 | Life detection | Delay time | 89.0 | 5-51 |
| Warning latch time | | | 12.0 | 5-36 | Position error | Value | 363.0 | 5-85 |
| Alarm output timing | | | 13.0 | 5-36 | Warning detection | Delay time | 365.0 | 5-85 |
| | Switch | | 144.0 | 5-62 | | Switch | 65.1 | 5-41 |
| Torque command limit | Value 1 | | 147.0 | 5-63 | Speed error Error detection | Value | 90.0 | 5-51 |
| | Value 2 | | 148.0 | 5-63 | Error detection | Delay time | 91.0 | 5-51 |
| Torque limit output | | | 144.1 | 5-63 | Encoder pulse output | Frequency upper limit | 285.0 | 5-79 |
| Servo OFF: Delay time | | | 237.0 | 5-75 | Error detection | Delay time | 286.0 | 5-79 |
| Brake release: Delay time | 5 | | 238.0 | 5-75 | Encoder | Switch | 259.0 | 5-76 |
| Absolute system | | | 257.0 | 5-76 | Overheat detection | Value | 267.0 | 5-77 |
| | Rotational | direction | 272.1 | 5-77 | Encoder Battery | Switch | 259.1 | 5-76 |
| Encoder pulse output | Command | Numerator | 276.0 | 5-78 | Voltage drop detection | Value | 268.0 | 5-77 |
| | and the second of | | | | | | 205.0 | - 00 |
| | pulse ratio | Denominator | 278.0 | 5-78 | Voltage Dip Detection | Delay time | 305.0 | 5-83 |
| RS-485 Commu | ' | | | | Deceleration Sto | | | STOP |
| RS-485 Commu | ' | | 278.0 No. | P. | | | 305.0 No. | → STOP Р. |
| | ' | | No. 8.0 | | Deceleration Sto | Op Method | No. 224.0 | STOP |
| Name | ' | | No. | P. | Deceleration Sto | Method DBRK output after stopping | No. 224.0 | ⇒ вто- |
| Name Switch | ' | | No. 8.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off | Method DBRK output after stopping Method | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 | P. 5-68 5-69 5-73 |
| Name Switch Address | ' | | No. 8.0 4.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 | Deceleration Sto | Method DBRK output after stopping | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 | P. 5-68 5-69 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed | ' | | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off | Method DBRK output after stopping Method | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 | P. 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit | ' | | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on | Method DBRK output after stopping Method | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 | P. 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity | ' | | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Storman Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions | Method DBRK output after stopping Method | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 | P. 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time | nication | S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed | Method DBRK output after stopping Method | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity | nication | S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 | F. 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-70 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time Drive Limit Swi | nication | s Em | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 11.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Switch | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 224.2 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-70 5-69 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time | nication | s S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 11.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Storman Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed Upon AC Supply loss | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Switch Operating time | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 224.2 228.0 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-70 5-69 5-70 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time Drive Limit Swi | nication | s S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 11.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed Upon AC Supply loss Torque command limit | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Switch Operating time | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 224.2 228.0 151.0 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-69 5-70 5-69 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time Drive Limit Swi | nication | s S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 11.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-34 5-35 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed Upon AC Supply loss Torque command limit Status during coast to sto | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Switch Operating time | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 224.2 228.0 151.0 232.1 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-69 5-70 5-64 5-71 |
| Name Switch Address Communication speed Stop bit Parity Minimum response time Drive Limit Swi Name Setup | nication | s S | No. 8.0 4.0 6.0 6.1 6.2 11.0 No. 67.0 | P. 5-35 5-34 5-35 5-35 5-35 5-35 | Deceleration Sto Name Upon Servo Off When alarm is on Release conditions Operating time Cancellation speed Upon AC Supply loss Torque command limit Status during coast to sto | Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Method DBRK output after stopping Switch Operating time or a stop Timing | No. 224.0 224.3 233.0 233.1 224.1 226.0 227.0 224.2 228.0 151.0 232.1 232.2 | 5-68 5-69 5-73 5-74 5-68 5-70 5-70 5-69 5-70 5-64 5-71 |

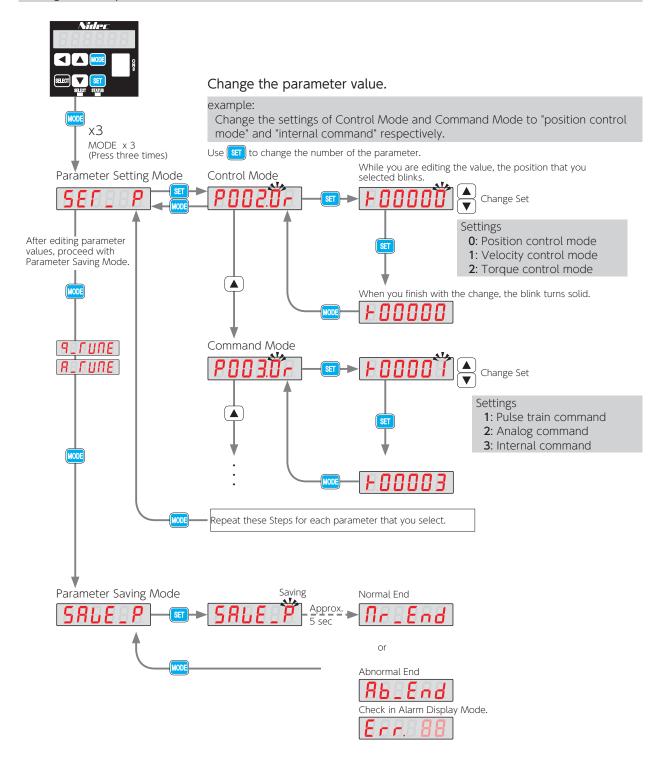
For each operating mode, its supporting parameters must be configured. For details, refer to the subsequent sections describing each operation mode.



1. Configuring Operating Mode

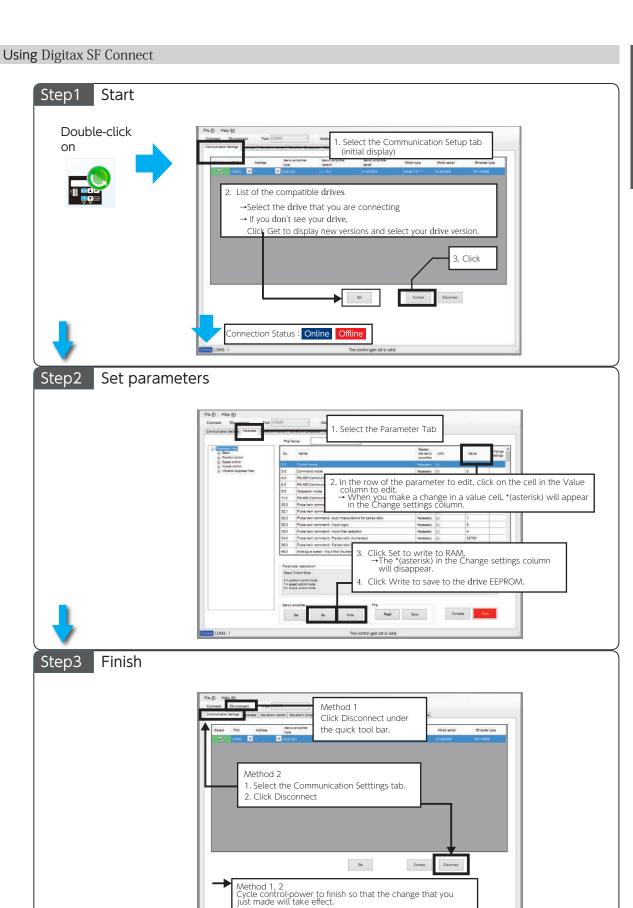
2. Configuring Parameters

Using the Setup Panel





Save the parameter settings in Parameter Saving mode to the drive. If you shut down the drive without saving them, the changes will not take effect.



2. Position Control Mode

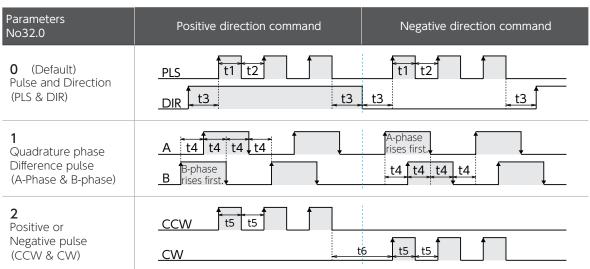
1. Pulse Train Command

Required Parameters

Set the operating mode with the following parameters.

| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 0: Position Control Mode (Default) |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 1: Pulse Train Command Mode (Default) |
| 32.0 | Input pulse form (*) | Select one. 0: Pulse and direction (PLS & DIR) (Default) 1: Quadrature phase difference pulse (A-Phase & B-Phase) 2: Input in positive or negative pulse (CCW & CW) |
| 33.0 | Input Filter | Helps to reduce possible malfunctions caused by noise. You must configure this parameter in the case of command input by open collector. Default: 4 (150 ns) 5 Settings, 9 Appendices |
| 34.0 | Paired Pulse Ratio (Numerator) | 32,768 (Default:1,000 [pulse/rev]) |
| 36.0 | Paired Pulse Ratio (Denominator) | Set to [pulse count of the host controller output] divided by 4 Default: 1,000 [pulse/rev] |

*) Pulse command input form (see the table above) and Minimum Time Interval (see the table below).



| Input pulse | Maximum command | Minimum time interval [µs] | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|--|
| signal | pulse frequency | t1 | t2 | t3 | t4 | t5 | t6 | |
| Differential | 4 Mpps | 0.125 | 0.125 | 2.5 | 0.25 | 0.125 | 0.125 | |
| Open collector | 200 kpps | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | |

The amount of time needed for rising or falling edge of the command pulse input signal must be 0.1 μ s or below. The number of pulses is counted at the rising edge (from low level to high level). The input logic can be changed with Parameter No.32.3.

Optional Parameters

The following parameters are optional. Configure them, as necessary.

| Name | | Description | Parameter No. |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Pulse Train | Direction of Rotation | See below | 32.1 |
| Command | Input Logic | Select the pulse train input logic Default: 1 (Negative logic) | 32.3 |
| | Determination Method | | 64.0 |
| | Detection Criteria (Range) | Specify the conditions for Positioning | 68.0 |
| Positioning Complete | Detection Criteria (Speed) | Complete | 69.0 |
| Complete | Detection Criteria (Command input) | 5 Settings | 70.0 |
| | Detection Time Delay | | 71.0 |

Configuration of Parameter No.32.1 and Rotational Direction of the Motor

| Parameter No.32.1 | Command pulse from the c | ontroller Negative direction command |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | cw | ccw |
| 1 (Default) | CCW | cw |

2. Position Control Mode

Input Pulse Form and Parameter Setting

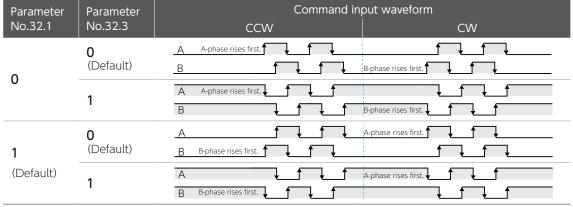
The command pulse is counted at the rising edge in the positive logic and the falling edge in the negative logic.

Pulse and Direction (PLS & DIR) (No.32.0 = 0)

| Parameter Parameter | | Command input waveform | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| No.32.1 | No.32.3 | CCW CW | | |
| 0 | 0 (Default) | PLS DIR | | |
| U | 1 | PLS J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J | | |
| 1 | 0 (Default) | PLS DIR | | |
| (Default) | 1 | PLS DIR | | |

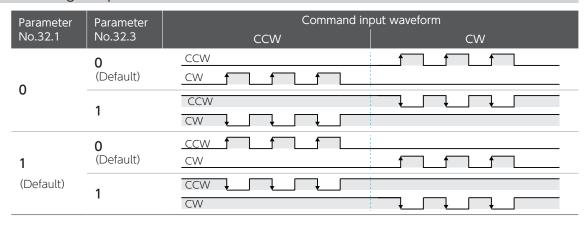
- · Changing the setting of Parameter No.32.3 will reverse the direction signal (DIR) logic.
- · Change the direction signal (DIR) when PLS is LOW where No.32.3=0 and PLS is HIGH where No.32.3=1.

Quadrature phase Difference pulse (A-Phase & B-phase) (No.32.0 = 1)



[•] No direction signal logic change by Parameter No.32.3.

Positive or Negative pulse (CCW & CW) (No.32.0 = 2)



Precautions for Testing

| | Before applying power to each drive or motor, be sure that all wiring has been performed properly. | |
|--|--|--|
| | Set the parameters correctly before testing. | |
| | Check motor motion first with no machine connected. | |
| | For a brake-equipped motor, be sure to disengage the brake before driving the motor. | |

Testing Procedure

| Step | Operation |
|--------|---|
| Step 1 | Verify that wiring has been performed correctly. |
| Step 2 | Turn on the control power to the drive. |
| Step 3 | Turn on the AC Supply to the drive. |
| Step 4 | Connect the SVON pin on CN1 connector to COM- to turn the servo on. |
| Step 5 | Input the position command pulse from the host controller in low frequency, and run the motor at low speed (around100 rpm). Be sure that the actual rotational direction of the motor agrees with the direction setting. Verify that stopping the command pulse does stop the motor. |
| Step 6 | After ensuring correct direction of actual motion, increase the frequency of position command pulse gradually and check motor motion. If vibration occurs, increase the inertia ratio. |



6. Operation

3. Velocity Control Mode

1. Analog Velocity Command

Required Parameters

Start testing only after configuring the parameters.

Set the operating mode.

| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 1: Velocity Control mode (Default: 0 Position control mode) |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 2: Analog command (Default: 1 Pulse train command) |

Optional Parameters

The following parameters are optional. Configure them as necessary.

| Name | | Explanation | Parameter No. | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|------|
| Offset | Adjustment | | Adjust the offset, such that the motor speed becomes 0 rpm when the command | 62.2 |
| Oliset | Value | | input is 0 V. | 60.0 |
| Direction of Rotation | Direction of Rotation | | Select CCW or CW. (*3) | 62.0 |
| | Enable Swi | tch | | 62.1 |
| Input Filter | Numerator | | Apply this parameter to filter the noise component of input command voltage. | 48.0 |
| | Denominator | | component of input command voltage. | 49.0 |
| loout goin | Numerator | | Set the rotational speed at max command input voltage (\pm 10 V). $^{(*1)}$ | 50.0 |
| Input gain | Denominator | | | 51.0 |
| | CCW | Numerator | Set the speed limit for CCW rotations. (*2) | 52.0 |
| Coood limit | | Denominator | | 53.0 |
| Speed limit | CW | Numerator | Set the speed limit for CW rotations. | 54.0 |
| | Denominator | | (*2) | 55.0 |
| Smoothing | Enable Switch | | Apply this filter to reduce the variance of the motor speed. | 77.0 |
| Filter | Moving Average Time | | | 78.0 |



*1) Example of Input Gain Configuration

Input Gain is configured with the following two parameters: Numerator (No.50.0): desired max rotational speed Denominator (No.51.0): max rotational speed of the motor Example of setting the max command input voltage (\pm 10 V) to 3,000 [rpm] for the motor with 5,000 [rpm] max rotational speed.

| Parameter No. | Setting | [rpm] |
|---------------|---------|-------|
| 50.0 | 3,000 | |
| 51.0 | 5,000 | |

*2) Example of Speed Limit Configuration

Speed limit is configured with the following two parameters: Numerator (CCW: No.52.0, CW: No.54.0): desired max rotational speed limit Denominator (CCW: No.53.0, CW: No.55.0): max rotational speed of the motor

Example of setting the max rotational speed limit to 3,000 [rpm] for the motor of 5,000 [rpm] max rotational speed.

| Direction of Rotation | Parameter No. | Setting [rpm] |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| CCW | 52.0 | 3,000 |
| CCVV | 53.0 | 5,000 |
| CW | 54.0 | 3,000 |
| CVV | 55.0 | 5,000 |

*3) Configuration of Parameter No.62.0 and Rotational Direction of the Motor

| Parameter | Input Analog Command Vo | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| No.62.0 | Positive Voltage | Negative Voltage |
| 0 | CW | CCW |
| 1 (Default) | CCW | CW |

Precautions for Testing

| | Before applying power to each drive or motor, be sure that all wiring has been performed properly. | |
|--|--|--|
| | Set the parameters correctly before testing. | |
| | Check motor motion first with no machine connected. | |
| | For a brake-equipped motor, be sure to disengage the brake before operating the motor. | |

Testing Procedure

| Step | Operation |
|--------|--|
| Step 1 | Verify that wiring has been performed correctly. |
| Step 2 | Turn on the control power to the drive. |
| Step 3 | Turn on the AC Supply to the drive. |
| Step 4 | Connect the SVON pin of CN1 connector to COM- to turn the servo on. |
| Step 5 | Input the analog velocity command voltage with a low voltage to run the motor at a low speed. Be sure that the actual rotational direction of the motor agrees with the direction setting. Verify that the motor speed changes depending on the input voltage. |
| Step 6 | After ensuring correct direction of actual motion, increase the command voltage gradually and check motor motion. Verify that the rotational speed has reached the specified speed. If vibration occurs, increase the inertia ratio. |

2. Internal Velocity Command

Required Parameters

Start testing only after configuring the parameters.

Set the operating mode.

| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 1: Velocity Control Mode (Default: 0 Position control mode) |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 3: Internal Command (Default: 1 Pulse train command) |
| 388.0 | Internal Velocity: Command Method | 1: Preset Speed Command (8 settings) (Default: 0 Zero command) |

Optional Parameters

The following parameters are optional. Configure them as necessary.

| Name | | Explanation | Parameter No. |
|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------|
| Acceleration Time | | amount of time for speed command to increase the speed from 0 [rpm] to 1,000 [rpm] Default: 1,000 [ms] | 390.0 |
| Deceleration Time | | amount of time for the speed command to decrease the speed from 1,000 [rpm] to 0 [rpm] Default: 1,000 [ms] | 391.0 |
| Speed 1 to 8 | | Target speed Default: See below | 392.0 to 399.0 |
| Smoothing Filter | Enable Switch | Apply this filter to reduce the speed variation of the motor. Default: $77.0 = 0$ (Disable) | 77.0 |
| | Moving Average Time | 78.0 = 100 [ms} | 78.0 |

| Parameter | Target | Setting (Default) | [rpm] |
|-----------|--------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| No. | Speed | 50 W to 750 W 1 kW | 1 kW to 2 kW |
| 392.0 | 1 | 500 | |
| 393.0 | 2 | 1,000 | |
| 394.0 | 3 | 1,500 | |
| 395.0 | 4 | 2,000 | |
| 396.0 | 5 | 2,500 | |
| 397.0 | 6 | 3,000 | |
| 398.0 | 7 | 4,000 | 3,000 |
| 399.0 | 8 | Motor Max Rotational Speed (*) | |



Precautions for Testing

| | Before applying power to each drive or motor, be sure that all wiring has been performed properly. | |
|---|--|--|
| ١ | Set the parameters correctly before testing. | |
|) | Check motor motion first with no machine connected. | |
| | For a brake-equipped motor, be sure to disengage the brake before operating the motor. | |

Testing Procedure

| Step | Operation |
|--------|--|
| Step 1 | Verify that wiring has been performed correctly. |
| Step 2 | Turn on the 24 VDC control power to the drive. |
| Step 3 | Turn on the AC Supply to the drive. |
| Step 4 | Connect the SVON pin of CN1 connector to COM- to turn the servo on. |
| Step 5 | Select one of target speeds with open/closed combinations of VCSEL1, VCSEL2, and VCSEL3, and turn either VCRUN1 or VCRUN2 ON. The motor will rotate accordingly. Refer to the following "Motor Rotational Direction" and "Speed Settings" to operate the motor. Be sure that the actual rotational direction of the motor agrees with your direction setting. Verify that has the rotational speed has reached your speed setting. If vibration occurs, increase the inertia ratio. |

RUN Operation and Rotational Direction of the Motor

| Motor Rotational Direction | Operation VCRUN1 | VCRUN2 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| CCW | Closed | Open |
| CW | Open | Closed |
| Stop | Open | Open |
| Stop | Closed | Closed |

Closed : Contact with COMOpen : No contact with COM-

Speed Settings

| 1 | O | | |
|--------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Target | VCSEL1 | VCSEL2 | VCSEL3 |
| Speed | CN1 Pin N o.8 | CN1 Pin N o.9 | CN1 Pin No.10 |
| 1 | Open | Open | Open |
| 2 | Closed | Open | Open |
| 3 | Open | Closed | Open |
| 4 | Closed | Closed | Open |
| 5 | Open | Open | Closed |
| 6 | Closed | Open | Closed |
| 7 | Open | Closed | Closed |
| 8 | Closed | Closed | Closed |

4. Torque Control Mode

1. Analog Torque Command

Required Parameters

Set the parameters before testing. Set the operating mode.

| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|---------------|--------------|---|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 2: Torque Control Mode (Default: 0 Position control mode) |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 2: Analog Command (Default: 1 Pulse train command) |

Optional Parameters

The following parameters are optional. Configure them as necessary.

| Name | | | Explanation | Parameter No. |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--|--|---------------|
| | Adjustment | | Adjust the offset, such that the motor torque command | 302.2 |
| Offset | Value | | becomes 0 [0.1 %] when the command input is 0 V. | 300.0 |
| Direction of Rota | Direction of Rotation | | Select the CCW or CW. (*3) | 302.0 |
| | Enable | Switch | | 302.1 |
| Input Filter | Numer | rator | Apply this parameter to filter the noise component of input command voltage. | 288.0 |
| | Denon | ninator | input communa voltage. | 289.0 |
| | Numerator Denominator | | Set the torque at the max command input voltage (\pm 10 V). $^{(*1)}$ | 290.0 |
| Input Gain | | | | 291.0 |
| | CCW Numerator Denominator | Set the torque limit during CCW rotation. (*2) | 292.0 | |
| | | Denominator | Set the torque limit during CCVV rotation. | 293.0 |
| Torque Limit | CW | Numerator | Set the torque limit during CW rotation. (*2) | 294.0 |
| | CVV | Denominator | | 295.0 |
| Speed Limit | | | Set the speed limit. | 152.0 |



4. Torque Control Mode

*1) Example of Input Gain Configuration

Input Gain is configured with the following two parameters:

Numerator (No.290.0): desired max torque

Denominator (No.291.0): max torque of the motor

Example: the parameter settings (for a motor with the 300 % max torque) to 100 % at the max command

| Parameter No. | Setting [Un | it:0.1 %] |
|---------------|----------------|-----------|
| 290.0 | 1,000 | |
| 291.0 | 3,000 | |

*2) Example of Torque Limit Configuration

Torque Limit is configured with the following two parameters: Numerator (CCW: No.292.0, CW: No.294.0): desired torque limit Denominator (CCW: No.293.0, CW: No.295.0): max torque limit of the motor

Example: Setting the max torque limit to 100 % for the motor of the 300 % max torque

| Direction of Rotation | Parameter No. | Setting | [Unit : 0.1 %] |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------|----------------|
| CCW | 292.0 | 1,000 | |
| CCVV | 293.0 | 3,000 | |
| CW | 294.0 | 1,000 | |
| CVV | 295.0 | 3,000 | |

*3) Configuration of Parameter No.302.0 and Rotational Direction of the Motor

| Parameter | Input Analog Command Voltage | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| No.302.0 | Positive Voltage | Negative Voltage | |
| 0 | CW | CCW | |
| 1 (Default) | CCW | cw | |

4. Torque Control Mode

| Precautions for Testing | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Before applying power to each drive or motor, be sure that all wiring has been performed properly. | | | |
| | Set the parameters correctly before testing. | | | |
| | Check motor motion first with no machine connected. | A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | | |
| | For a brake-equipped motor, be sure to disengage the brake before operating the motor. | | | |

Testing Procedure

| Step | Operation |
|--------|---|
| Step 1 | Verify that wiring has been performed correctly. |
| Step 2 | Turn on the control power to the drive. |
| Step 3 | Turn on the AC Supply to the drive. |
| Step 4 | Set [Analog torque: Speed limit (No.152)] to a sufficiently small value (around 500 [rpm]). |
| Step 5 | Connect the SVON pin of CN1 connector to COM- to turn the servo on. |
| Step 6 | Set [Analog torque: Speed limit (No.152)] to the value to be used in actual operation. |
| Step 7 | Input the analog torque command voltage with a low voltage to run the motor with a low torque. Be sure that the actual rotational direction of the motor agrees with the direction setting. Verify that the motor speed changes according to the input voltage. |
| Step 8 | After ensuring safety for actual motion, increase the command voltage gradually and check motor motion. |

1. Internal Position Command (Point Table)

Internal Position Command is used for the Positioner Drive function.

This function enables you to preset data for the Point Table in the **drive** and set up Point Numbers that you want to execute with I/O input from the host controller. When the start signal is input, positioning starts based on the user-selected Point No.

Positioner Drive

The Positioner Drive is a function for positioning operation based on I/O commands issued by the host controller such as PLC.

Homing can be performed in the user-equipment in which Digitax SF is installed.

The Point Table stores motion patterns and Digitax SF Connect is used for the Point Table setup. Testing the Positioner operation can be done using Digitax SF Connect

1. Configuring Parameters

Page 19 Required Parameters

Creating Point Table and Testing

To enable Positioner Drive, set the point table parameters. Use Digitax SF Connect for the point table configuration.

Page 20 Creating Point Table

Test the point table operation with Digitax SF Connect before operation with user I/O.

Digitax SF Connect Users Guide

3. Operation by User I/O

You can select a motion pattern from five typical motion patterns.

Page 26 Operation by User I/O

Precautions

- 1. In case of the following, the motion started by the point table will be stopped and the remaining commands will be canceled.
 - The servo turns off.
 - · Clear Position error Counter is executed. (When Clear Position error Counter is executed, the motor will make a quick stop.)
- 2. The motor moves according to the point table settings at the start time of Positioner operation. The current motion is not affected by any changes made to the point table in the middle of the motion.

Required Parameters

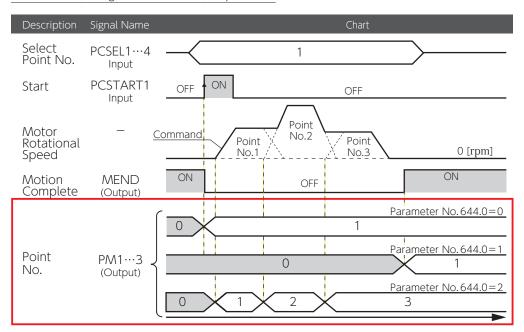
1. Configuring Parameters Set the operating mode.

| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|------------------|--|---|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 0: Position Control Mode |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 1: Pulse train command 3: Internal Command |
| 9.0 | Operation Mode (*1) | 0: Using I/O input 1: Using Digitax SF Connect |
| 642.0 | Internal Position Operation Mode | 0: Point Table |
| 643.0 | Internal Position Overflow Detection | 1: Enable overflow detection (Default) |
| 644.0 | Internal Position Point No. Output Method | Set up this parameter when the I/O setting type is "Option 1" . (*2) Otherwise, no need to be configured. |

- *1) The setting is 0 (I/O Operation) upon drive power on. You can set this item only with Digitax SF Connect not on the Setup Panel.
- *2) You can specify output timing of subsequent point numbers upon motion complete. The point number output format is illustrated at the bottom of the timing diagram below.

Example: Point Table Setting and Timing Diagram of the Point No. Output

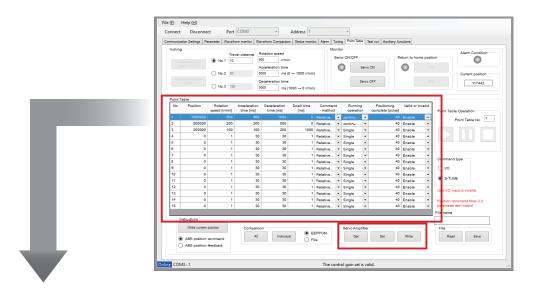
| Point No. | Running Operation | Dwell Time |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 | continuous | 0 |
| 2 | continuous | 0 |
| 3 | single | (any value) |



Creating Point Table

Set the following items for the point table. Use Digitax SF Connect for editing point table. Set and Write the point table you created to the drive.

Digitax SF Connect Users Manual



| Item | No. | Range | Units |
|-------------|--|--|--------------------|
| | | (fixed) | [-] |
| Description | This item indicates the point number specific By default, Homing is assigned to Point Not Homing function, Point No.0 becomes available of I/O assignments is "Option 1", the mo (point table motion). | o.O. The point table has 15 points. If ilable and the table can have 16 poi | nts. When the type |

| | | Range | Units |
|-------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Item | Position | - 1,073,741,823 to + 1,073,741,823 | [encoder pulse] |
| | If Relative is selected as the Command me | ethod, | |
| | The position data will determine the s | hift amount. | |
| | A positive value indicates CCW rotation, a negative value indicates CW rotation | | |
| Description | If Absolute is selected as Command methor The position data will determine the ta This value corresponds to ABS Position | arget position. | |
| | Related to: Internal position: Overflow detection (| (No 643 0) | |
| | internal position. Overnow detection | | |

Dwell time

Units

[ms]

| Item | Rotation speed | Range | Units |
|-------------|--|---------------------------|---------|
| | | 1 to max rotational speed | [rpm] |
| Description | Set the motor rotational speed during the Positioner operation. Set this item to a speed no higher than the max rotational speed of the motor. | | |
| lhama | Acceleration time | Range | Units |

| | Item | Acceleration time | Range | Units |
|--|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | | 0 to 5,000 | [ms] |
| | Description | Set this item to amount of time for the rot | ational speed to increase from 0 rpr | n to 1,000 rpm. |

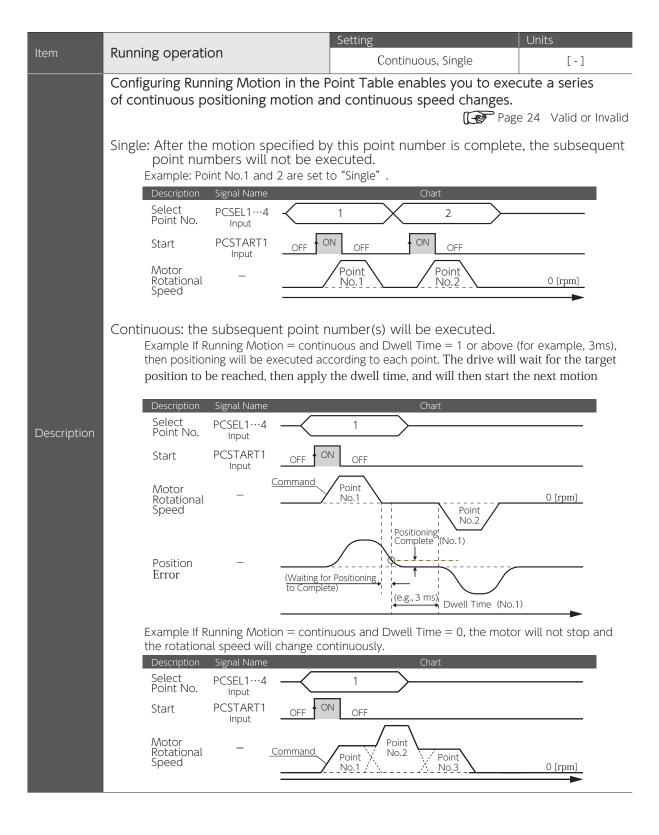
| Item Dec | Deceleration time | Range | Units |
|-------------|--|------------|-----------------|
| | | 0 to 5,000 | [ms] |
| Description | Set this item to amount of time for the rotational speed to decrease from 1,000 rpm to 0 rpm | | 0 rpm to 0 rpm. |

Range

0 to 20,000

| | Set the wait time after Positioning Complete per the selected Point No. |
|-------------|--|
| | Motion after the dwell time elapses "Single" Motion: MEND will be ON. "Continuous" Motion: the motion per the next point number will start. |
| Description | If Running Motion is "Continuous" and the dwell time is set to 0, the motion will be according to the speed specified by point numbers, one after another continuously. If the dwell time is set to 0, the acceleration/deceleration setting in the first point number selected upon CW start PCSTART1 ON will be applied, and the acceleration/deceleration time settings of subsequent point numbers will be discarded. |
| | Page 23 Positioning Complete |

| Item | Command method | Range | Units |
|-------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Relative, Absolute | [-] |
| Description | Absolute: the setting of Position will be the Relative: the setting of Position will be the | ' | to the target position. |



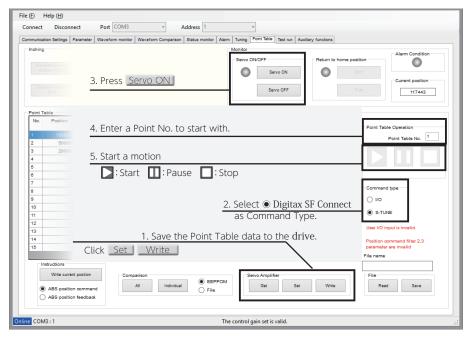
| | B | Range | Units |
|-------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Item | Positioning complete | 0 to 32,767 | [pulse] |
| | Set a position error threshold to dete | ermine whether or not positionin | g is complete. |
| | After the motion specified by the point nuin the range set by this parameter and the signal turns ON. | ' | • |
| | Timing Diagram (Positioning comple | | |
| | Description Signal Name | Chart | |
| | Select PCSEL1…4 —— Point No. Input | 1 | |
| | Start PCSTART1 OFF O | OFF | |
| Description | Motor – Rotational Speed | Actual motion | 0 [rpm] |
| | Position — Error | Positioni | ing Complete - 0 [pulse] |
| | Motion MEND ON Complete (Output) | OFF | |

| Item | Valid or Invalid | Enable, Disable | [-] | |
|-------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| | This Parameter indicates whether i | motion per a point number is o | enabled or disabled. | |
| | Setting Disable: | | | |
| | The motion per the point number will rare enabled will be executed. | not be executed and any subsequer | nt point numbers that | |
| | Enable: The motion per the point number will be a continuous to the continuous | ne executed | | |
| | | | | |
| | If you start with a point number tha The first subsequent point number tha | <u>t is "disabled".</u> It is "enabled" will be executed. | | |
| | Motion per the "disabled" point numb | If a "disabled" point number is specified while one motion is being executed, Motion per the "disabled" point number will not be executed and motion per the first "enabled" point number among the subsequent ones will be executed. | | |
| | If Dwell time = "0" for a point numl The rotational speed will change cont "disabled" point number. | oer assigned "continuous" inuously per "enabled" point numbe | ers before/after the | |
| | Here is an example. With the Point Table settings below, if you won't be executed and Point No. 1 and 3 | . , | No. "1" , Point No. 2 | |
| Description | Point No. Running operation | Dwell Time Enab | ole/Disable | |
| | 1 continuous 2 continuous | 0 Enab (optional) Disal | | |
| | 3 single | (optional) Enab | | |
| | Description Signal Name | Chart | | |
| | Select PCSEL1···4 Point No. Input | 1 | | |
| | Start PCSTART1 OFF O | OFF | | |
| | Motor – <u>Command</u> Rotational Speed | Point No.3 No.1 | 0 [rpm] | |
| | TIP For a point number with "enable" to be Otherwise (i.e. "continuous" setting to motion end signal (MEND) off and the happens, do one of the following. | the last point number), its "enable" | ' setting will keep the | |
| | With User I/O Turn the servo off or input Clear Po With Digitax SF Connect Turn the servo off or click the STO | | | |

| Precautions fo | or Testing | |
|----------------|---|--|
| | Before applying power to each drive or motor, be sure that wiring has been performed correctly. | |
| | Set the parameters correctly before testing. | |
| | Check motor motion first with no machine connected. | |
| | For a brake-equipped motor, be sure to disengage the brake before driving the motor. | |

Testing

Using Digitax SF Connect, check motion per the point table that you created.



Digitax SF Connect Users Guide

Operation by User I/O

Refer to the corresponding pages of the following five typical motion patterns to set up a point table.

| Motion Pattern | | Refer to |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| Single-motion positioning | | Page 28 |
| Continuous positioning motion | on | Page 29 |
| Continuous speed changes | One-direction motion | Page 30 |
| Continuous speed changes | Opposite direction motion | Page 31 |
| Press motion | | Page 32 |

Procedure (Positioner operation by User I/O input)

| Step | Description | Explanation |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| Step 1 | Check if ready to start. | Check if MEND is closed. If it's open, wait. |
| Step 2 | Select Point No. | Input PCSEL14 to specify a Point No. to execute. |
| Step 3 | Starting Positioner operation | Wait for at least 10ms after PCSEL1-4 input, and then change PCSTART1 from open to closed. Start driving the system according to the command per the point number specified. (*) |
| Step 4 | Check command execution | Wait till MEND becomes open. When MEND is open, change PCSTART1 back to open. |
| Step 5 | Check Operation Complete | Verify with MEND that the motion command execution is complete. MEND turning from open to closed indicates that the operation is complete. |

^{*)} For more information about user I/O operation, refer to the timing diagrams shown in the operation examples.

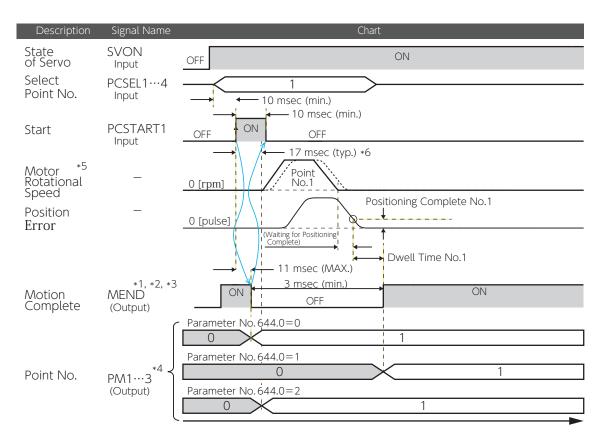
 $\dot{\Omega}$

Timing Diagram and Point Table Items

Create a point table entry for each motion command. Refer to the following timing diagram for single-motion.

Example of Point Table Setting (Single-Motion)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 5,000 | 300 | 100 | 150 | 1 | Relative | single | (any value) | enable |



- * 1) If you want to check the motion end signal (MEND) with the User I/O output "MEND/T-LIMIT" , turn T-LIMIT output OFF, by parameter configuration and TLSEL1 OFF.
 - 4 Connections User I/O

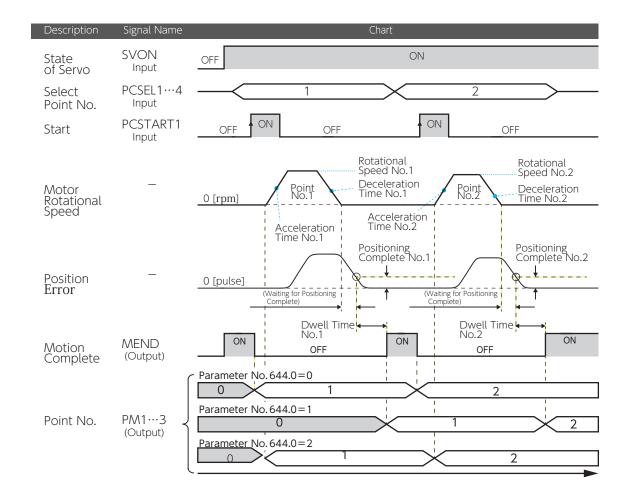
- * 2) The MEND output is OFF at Servo OFF.
- * 3) The PCSTART1 input is ignored when MEND output is OFF.
- * 4) This is enabled at the User I/O setting Option 1. The Point No. output method depends on the [Point No. Output Method (No644.0)] setting at the time of PCSTART1 input.
- * 5) Any changes made to the point table setting during a motion will not be applied to the motion.
- * 6) The startup timing depends on other conditions.

Example of Operation 1 Single-Motion Positioning

Motor motion stops when motion per a selected point number ends if its Running Motion setting = single.

Example of Point Table Setting (Single-Motion Positioning)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 5,000 | 300 | 100 | 150 | 100 | Absolute | Single | 20 | enable |
| 2 | 3,000 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | Relative | Single | 20 | enable |



Example of Operation 2 Continuous Positioning Motion

This procedure executes a series of positioning motion following the point numbers in order. Set Running Motion of "enabled" point numbers to "continuous", and specify the first point number for turning on the CW drive signal PCSTART1.

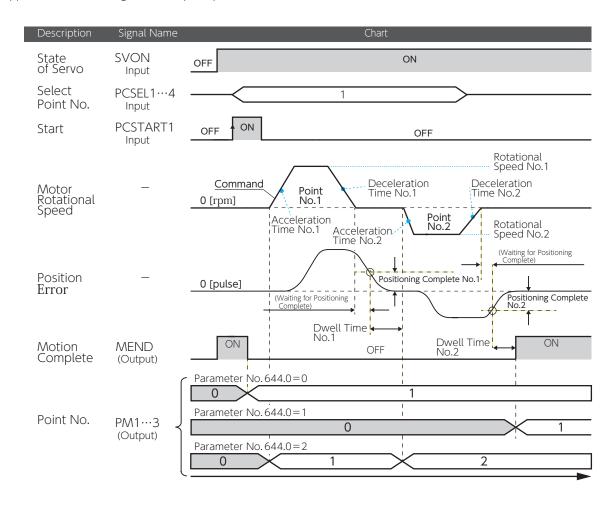
For this motion group, set Dwell Time = 1 ms or higher.

Example of Point Table Setting (Continuous Positioning Operations)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 5,000 | 300 | 100 | 150 | 100 | Absolute | continuous | 20 | enable |
| 2 | -6,000 | 200 | 100 | 100 | 50 | Relative | Single | 20 | enable |

For the last "enabled" point number, set Running Motion = "single".

the acceleration/deceleration setting of the first point number that is selected upon CW start PCSTART1 ON will be applied, and the settings of subsequent point numbers will be discarded.



Example of Operation 3 Continuous Speed Changes (Positioning in One Direction)

This procedure executes a series of positioning motion following the point numbers in order. Motion instructions per point numbers are executed with no interruptions and the rotational speed changes continuously. Positioning motion will continue up to (not including) the point number whose Running Motion is "single".

Set Running Motion of all enabled point numbers to "continuous", and specify the first point number for turning on CW drive signal PCSTART1.

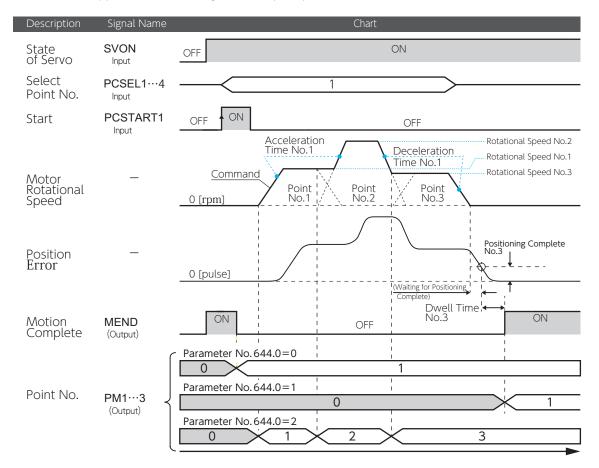
For this motion group, set Dwell Time = 1 ms.

Example of Point Table Setting (for motion with continuous speed changes in one direction)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 5,000 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 0 | Relative | continuous | 20 | enable |
| 2 | 3,000 | 300 | (disable) | (disable) | 0 | Relative | continuous | 20 | enable |
| 3 | 2,000 | 100 | (disable) | (disable) | 20 | Relative | Single | 20 | enable |

For the last enabled point number, set Running Motion = "single".

If Dwell Time = 0, the acceleration/deceleration setting of the first point number that is selected upon CW start PCSTART1 ON will be applied, and the settings of subsequent point numbers will be discarded.



Example of Operation 4 Continuous Speed Changes (Positioning in the Opposite Direction)

This procedure executes a series of positioning motion following the point numbers in order. Motion instructions per point numbers are executed with no interruptions and the rotational speed changes continuously. Positioning motion will continue up to (not including) the point number whose Running Motion is "single".

Set Running Motion of all enabled point numbers = "continuous", and specify the first point number for turning on CW drive signal PCSTART1.

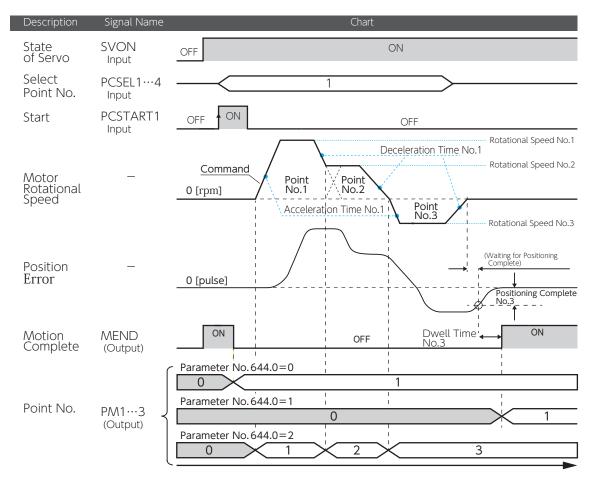
For this motion group, set Dwell Time = 0 ms.

Example of Point Table Setting (for motion with continuous speed changes in reverse direction)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 5,000 | 300 | 100 | 200 | 0 | Relative | continuous | 20 | enable |
| 2 | 3,000 | 200 | (disable) | (disable) | 0 | Relative | continuous | 20 | enable |
| 3 | -4,000 | 100 | (disable) | (disable) | 20 | Relative | single | 20 | enable |

For the last enabled point number, set Running Motion = "single" .

The acceleration/deceleration setting of the first point number that is selected upon CW start PCSTART1 ON will be applied, and the settings of subsequent point numbers will be discarded.



Example of Motion 5 Press Motion

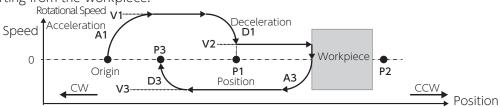
This operation involves motion to approach a workpiece at high speed, then execute a press motion to the workpiece after changing the values of speed and torque. You can use this type of operation only when User I/O is the Optional I/O Configurations.

Set the following parameters.

| Name | ig parameters. | Explanation | Parameter No. |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|---------------|
| | Switch | Set to 1 (enable). | 144.0 |
| Torque command limit | Value 1 | Set the torque limit value for motion of approaching the workpiece at high speed and leaving the workpiece. | 147.0 |
| | Value 2 | Set the torque command limit to be applied at the time of press-to-workpiece motion. | 148.0 |
| Torque limiting o | output | 2: Set [Torque command limit: Value 2 (No.148.0)] = Enable | 144.1 |
| | Switch | Enable/Disable the function to detect position error. | 65.0 |
| Position Error Detection | Value | To let the detection function work, set a value larger than the distance between the target location of press motion and the workpiece. | 87.0 |
| | Delay time | Specify how long a position error waits to be output after position error exceeds the [Position error detection: Value (No.87.0)] setting. | 89.0 |
| | Switch | Enable/Disable the function to detect speed error. | 65.1 |
| Speed Error Detection | Value | Specify at what speed error value the error is to be detected. | 90.0 |
| | Delay time | Specify how long a speed error waits to be output after the speed error exceeds the [Speed error detection: Value (No.90.0)] setting. | 91.0 |
| Point Table Point Number O | utput Method | Set to 2: output the point number at its motion start. | 644.0 |



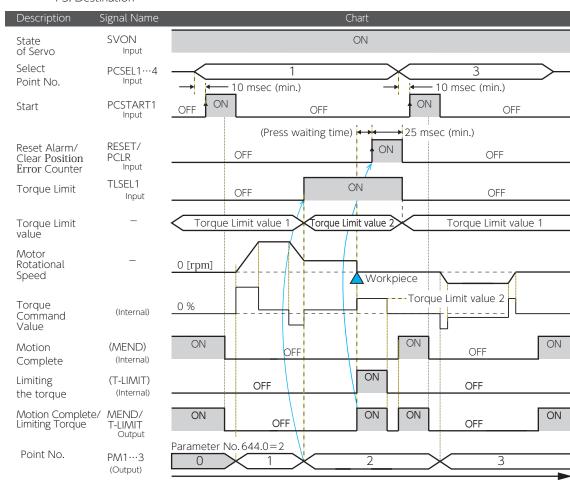
The following example illustrates Point Table settings with Point No.1 (P1) for motion of approaching a workpiece, Point No.2 (P2) for motion of pressing the workpiece, Point No.3 (P3) for motion of parting from the workpiece.



Example of Point Table Setting (Press Motion)

| No. | Position | Rotational Speed [rpm] | Acceleration Time [ms] | Deceleration Time [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Command Method | Running Motion | Positioning Complete [pulse] | Enable/ Disable |
|-----|----------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | (P1) | (V1) | (A1) | (D1) | 0 | Absolute | continuous | 0 | enable |
| 2 | (P2) | (V2) | (disable) | (disable) | (disable) | Absolute | Single | 0 | enable |
| 3 | (P3) | (V3) | (A3) | (D3) | (any value) | Absolute | Single | (any value) | enable |

- P1: Specify the target location with high-speed approach.
- V1: Specify the speed of approaching to the workpiece.
- P2: Specify the location across the workpiece.
- V2: Specify the speed of pressing the workpiece.
- P3: Destination



Procedure for Press Motion

| Step | Operation |
|---------|--|
| Step 1 | Check if ready to start. Open TLSEL1 and select Torque Limit 1 as torque limit value. Verify that MEND/T-LIMIT is closed. Wait if it's open. Page 24 Valid or Invalid |
| Step 2 | Select Point No. Input the point number for approach-to-workpiece motion to PCSEL13. (Point No.1 in this example) |
| Step 3 | Start Point Table Motion Wait for at least 10 ms after input of PCSEL13, and then change the PCSTART1 status from open to closed. The motion starts per the setting of the point number specified. |
| Step 4 | Check command execution Wait until MEND/T-LIMIT becomes open. If it's open, reset PCSTART1 to open. |
| Step 5 | Verity the start Point No. Verify the point number that was started by the PM13 input. When the point number of Press motion is output (No.2 in this example), close TLSEL1, and select Torque Limit Value 2 as the torque limit value. |
| Step 6 | Check Torque Limit Status Check the torque limit status with MEND/T-LIMIT and wait until it becomes closed. |
| Step 7 | Clear Position Error Counter After MEND/T-LIMIT becomes closed, wait for the desired press time, then close RESET/PCLR to execute Clear Position Error Counter. Wait for at least 25 ms after RESET/PCLR, input, and then reset RESET/PCLR to open. |
| Step 8 | Check if ready to start. Open TLSEL1 and select Torque Limit 1 as the torque limit value. Verify that MEND/T-LIMIT is closed. |
| Step 9 | Select Point No. Input a point number for the leaving-workpiece motion to PCSEL1…3. (No.3 in this example) |
| Step 10 | Start Point Table Motion Wait for at least 10 ms after input of PCSEL13, and then change the PCSTART1 status from open to closed. Motion starts according to the specified Point No. settings. |
| Step 11 | Check command execution |

turning from open back to closed indicates that the motion is complete.

Check Operation Complete

Wait until the MEND/T-LIMIT becomes open. If it's open, change PCSTART1 back to open.

Verify with MEND/ T-LIMIT that the motion command execution is complete. MEND/T-LIMIT

Step 12

2. Homing

Homing is an operation to align the relative position in the drive parameters and the actual mechanical position of the machine. When you are using the Positioner function of the drive, perform homing, as necessary.

İn incremental systems:

homing is necessary every time the system is powered on.

In absolute systems:

encoder data is retained by the backup battery. Once you perform homing at the time of installation, homing is unnecessary at power on even after the control power turns off.

Appendices Absolute System

■ Homing Methods

User I/O input Page 36
Digitax SF Connect Page 37

■ Types of Homing

There are three patterns of homing. Select the parameters to set depending on the motion patterns that you need for homing.

User-Specified Position Page 40

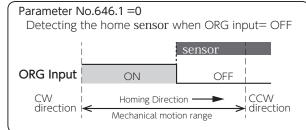
Press (Stopper) Page 42 Home Sensor (*) Page 44

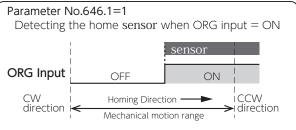
Precautions

Homing based on home position sensor front-end

Install the home position sensor at the machine-end. Set [HOMING: Movement direction (No.646.0)] to the direction of moving from the front of the sensor towards the sensor-front-end.

Setting the homing direction to the leaving-sensor direction (to the left of sensor below) may result in a collision to the machine end.





If you changed the command paired-pulse ratio value,

perform homing again after saving the parameters and power cycling.

If you execute Homing by using encoder Z-phase,

configure the start point of Z-phase detection not close to motor Z-phase. Otherwise, the detection position of Z-phase may become inconsistent. The Z-phase position can be checked by the position where the "encoder single-turn data" becomes 0.

If any of the following occur during the homing motion,

homing will be interrupted resulting in a Homing Incomplete state.

- · Servo turns off.
- · Clear Position Error Counter is executed. When Clear Position Error Counter is executed, the motor will make a guick stop.
- Drive Limit Switch Input is active and Clear Position Error Counter is executed.

^{*)} To perform Homing by using Home Sensor, use I/O input. Digitax SF Connect does not support Homing with Home Sensor.

Homing with User I/O Input

Required Parameters

Set the operation mode.

| ' | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 0: Position Control Mode |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 3: Internal Command Mode |
| 9.0 | Operation Mode (*) | 0: I/O input 1: Digitax SF Connect |
| 642.0 | Internal Position Operation Mode | 0 : Point Table |

^{*)} Operation Mode (No.9.0) = 0 (I/O) upon drive power on. The Setup Panel does not support display or setup of Operation Mode.

| Step | Operation |
|--------|---|
| Step 1 | Set Homing related parameter values Set the values of Homing Speed, Homing Creep Speed, and Homing Acceleration/Deceleration Time. |
| Step 2 | Check if Homing can be started. Check if MEND is closed. If it's open, wait. |
| Step 3 | Specify the Point Number (in the standard I/O setting only) Open all four of PCSEL1…4 to specify Point No.0. (This step is not necessary for the Option I/O setting.) |
| | Start Homing motion Verify that MEND is closed in a servo-on state, and then start Homing. If MEND is open in a servo-on state, the start command will not be accepted. |
| Step 4 | In Standard I/O Setting Close PCSTART1 input. (at least 10 ms after Step 3) |
| | In Option I/O Setting Set HOME to closed. (at least 10 ms after Step 3) |
| Step 5 | Check Command Execution Wait for MEND to become open. Open PCSTART or HOME after verifying that MEND is open. |
| Step 6 | Check Operation Complete Use MEND to see if the motion command execution is complete. MEND turning from open to closed indicates that the motion is complete. |
| Step 7 | Check Homing Complete After the motion is complete, use HEND to see if Homing is complete. HEND turning from open to closed indicates that the homing procedure is complete. |

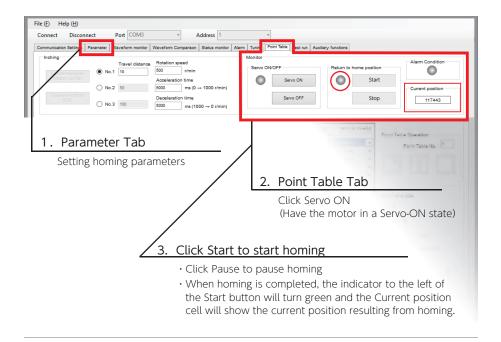
Homing with Digitax SF Connect

Required Parameters

Set the operation mode.

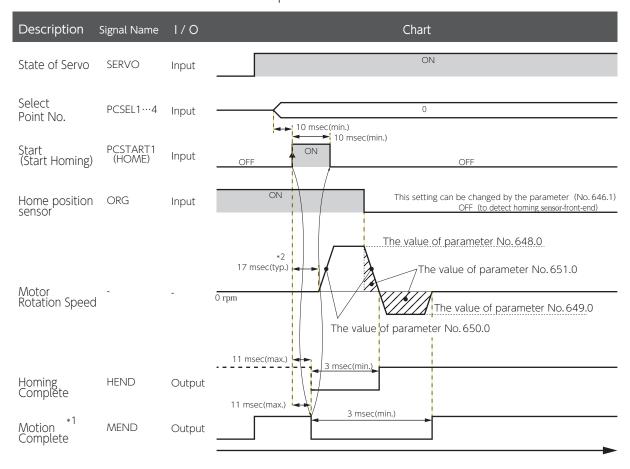
| Parameter No. | Name | Setting |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2.0 | Control Mode | 0: Position Control Mode |
| 3.0 | Command Mode | 3: Internal Command Mode |
| 9.0 | Operation Mode (*) | 0: I/O input 1: Digitax SF Connect |
| 642.0 | Internal Position Operation Mode | 0: Point Table |

*) Operation Mode (No.9.0) = 0 (I/O) upon drive power on. The Setup Panel does not support display or setup of Operation Mode.



Timing diagram

The following illustrates how to perform Homing with User I/O Input. Homing based on home-sensor-front-end is used in the example below.



^{*1)} If you want to check the operation end signal (MEND) with the User I/O output "MEND/T-LIMIT", turn T-LIMIT output OFF, by parameter configuration and TLSEL1 OFF.

^{*2)} The startup timing depends on other conditions.

Ģ

Types of Homing Motion

Homing movement comprises two segments: Rough Approach and Careful Approach. Specify the motion type by configuring multiple parameters differently.



Rough Approach (Lunge motion)

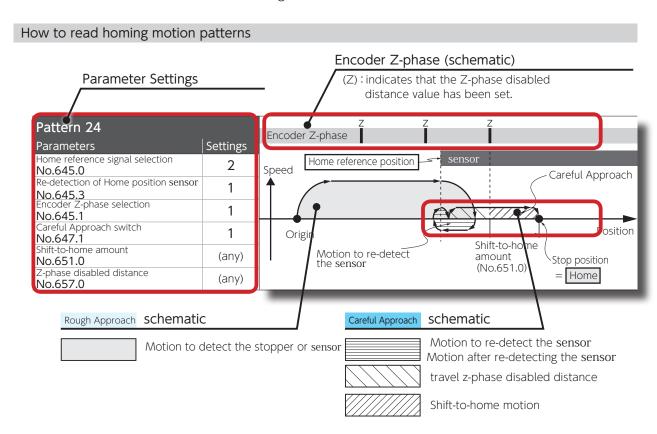
Indicates a motion type to detect the stopper or the sensor. Configure this part of homing so that homing will be as accurate as possible in the second segment of homing.

Careful Approach (Creep motion)

Indicates a motion type to approach the home position slowly and accurately after the detection of stopper, sensor or base signal.

This motion group includes the following:

- motion to detect Z-phase
- · travel over the Z-phase disabled distance
- · movement from the base to home after base signal detected.
- · motion to detect the sensor again
- · motion after re-detecting the sensor



Homing Based on User-Specified Position (No.645.0=0)

This operation indicates the type of homing based on the starting point.

This type of homing operation enables you to specify any position as the home position without turning the servo on, for example, by manually moving the machine to any desired home position. In addition, this method enables the encoder z-phase to be detected without involving stopper or sensor

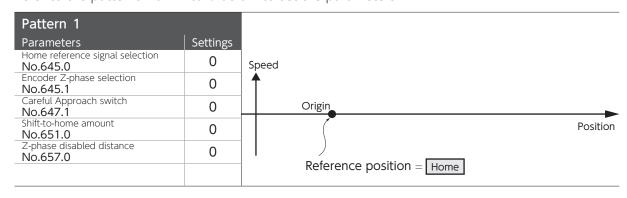
This type of homing does not involve the Rough Approach motion group.

Set the following related parameters.

| Group | Name | Parameter No. |
|-------------------|--|----------------------|
| Homing Overall | Home reference signal selection (arbitrary position, stopper, sensor) | 645.0 ^(*) |
| | Movement direction | 646.0 |
| | Acceleration/Deceleration time (Common in Rough approach speed and Careful approach speed) | 650.0 |
| | Home position data | 653.0 |
| | Careful approach switch | 647.1 ^(*) |
| | Encoder Z-phase Selection | 645.1 ^(*) |
| Careful | Z-phase disabled distance | 657.0 ^(*) |
| approach | Careful approach speed | 649.0 |
| | Amount of position shift to home (travel distance from base signal or z-phase to home) | 651.0 |
| | Internal Position - Motion of Point No.0 | 646.3 |
| | Homing: Torque command limit | 647.0 |
| Common | Homing: Timeout Switch | 646.2 |
| | Homing: Timeout Time | 659.0 |

^{*)} Parameters to define the homing pattern

Refer to the patterns from 1 to 6 below to set the parameters.



| Pattern 2 | | |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Parameters | Settings | |
| Home reference signal selection | 0 | Casad |
| No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection | | Speed Careful Approach |
| No.645.1 | 0 | T / |
| Careful Approach switch | 1 | Origin 77777777777777777777777777777777777 |
| No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount | <u>'</u> | * *********************************** |
| No.651.0 | (any) | Position |
| Z-phase disabled distance | 0 | Shift-to-home amount (No.651.0) Stop position |
| No.657.0 | U | Reference position = Home |
| | | - Inome |
| Pattern 3 | | Z |
| | 1 | Encoder Z-phase |
| Parameters | Settings | |
| Home reference signal selection No.645.0 | 0 | Speed |
| Encoder Z-phase selection | 1 | - speed |
| No.645.1 | 1 | Characterist and the second se |
| Careful Approach switch | 1 | Origin Stop position |
| No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount | | |
| No.651.0 | 0 | Position |
| Z-phase disabled distance | 0 | |
| No.657.0 | | Reference position = Home |
| | | |
| Pattern 4 | | Z |
| Pattern 4 | | Encoder Z-phase |
| Parameters | Settings | • |
| Home reference signal selection | 0 | Home reference position |
| No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection | | Speed |
| No.645.1 | 1 | T |
| Careful Approach switch | 1 | Origin * |
| No.647.1 | <u> </u> | Origin |
| Shift-to-home amount No.651.0 | (any) | Position |
| Z-phase disabled distance | | Shift-to-home Stop position = Home |
| No.657.0 | 0 | amount |
| | | (No.651.0) |
| B !! | | (Z) Z |
| Pattern 5 | | Encoder Z-phase |
| Parameters | Settings | |
| Home reference signal selection | 0 | Home reference position |
| No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection | | Speed |
| No.645.1 | 1 | |
| Careful Approach switch | 1 | Origin Stop position |
| No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount | | • |
| No.651.0 | 0 | Position |
| Z-phase disabled distance | (3011) | Z-phase disabled distance |
| No.657.0 | (any) | (No.657.0) Home |
| | | nome |
| | | (z) z |
| Dottorn 6 | | |
| Pattern 6 | | • |
| Parameters | Settings | Encoder Z-phase |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection | i i | Encoder Z-phase Home reference position |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 | 0 | Encoder Z-phase Home reference position Speed |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 | i i | Encoder Z-phase Home reference position |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 Careful Approach switch | 0 1 | Speed Careful Approach |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 Careful Approach switch No.647.1 | 0 | Encoder Z-phase Home reference position Speed |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 Careful Approach switch No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount | 0 1 | Speed Careful Approach |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 Careful Approach switch No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount No.651.0 | 0 1 1 (any) | Speed Careful Approach Origin Position |
| Parameters Home reference signal selection No.645.0 Encoder Z-phase selection No.645.1 Careful Approach switch No.647.1 Shift-to-home amount | 0 1 1 | Speed Careful Approach Origin |

Homing based on Press (Stopper) (No.645.0=1)

This operation indicates the type of homing based on the stopper position.

You can use this type of homing by setting the home based on the position of the stopper being pressed per the motor movement.

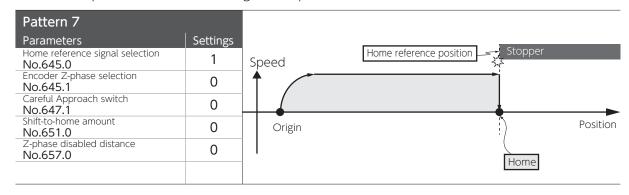
There are three options to define home" (after detection of stopper pressed motion): 1) stopper position, 2) encoder z-phase, 3) user-specified position shifted from stopper or z-phase.

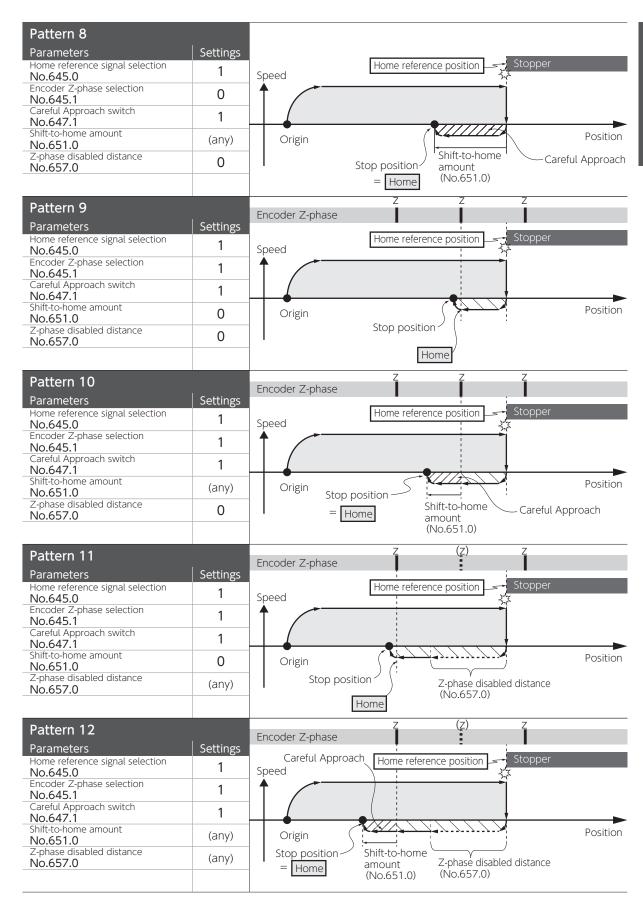
Set the following parameters related to this type of homing.

| Group | Name | Parameter No. |
|-------------------|--|----------------------|
| | Home reference signal selection (arbitrary position, stopper, sensor) | 645.0 ^(*) |
| Homing | Movement direction | 646.0 |
| Overall | Acceleration/Deceleration time (Common in Rough approach speed and Careful approach speed) | 650.0 |
| | Home position data | 653.0 |
| | Rough approach speed | 648.0 |
| Rough approach | Stopper pressed detection time | 655.0 |
| арргоасп | Torque command limit: Value | 656.0 |
| | Careful approach switch | 647.1 (*) |
| | Encoder Z-phase Selection | 645.1 ^(*) |
| Careful | Z-phase disabled distance | 657.0 ^(*) |
| approach | Careful approach speed | 649.0 |
| | Amount of position shift to home (travel distance from base signal or z-phase to home) | 651.0 ^(*) |
| | Internal Position: Motion of Point No.0 | 646.3 |
| | Homing: Torque command limit | 647.0 |
| Common | Homing: Timeout Switch | 646.2 |
| | Homing: Timeout Time | 659.0 |

^{*)} Parameters to define the homing patterns

Refer to the patterns 7 to 12 to configure the parameters.





Homing Based on Home Sensor (no sensor re-detection) (No.645.0=2, No.645.3=0)

This operation indicates the type of homing based on the home position sensor. no detection of the sensor-front-end after the first detection

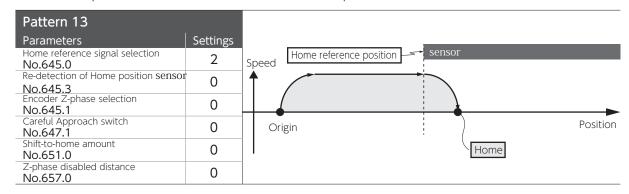
You can use this type of homing to set the point of machine passing the sensor as the home base. There are three options for what to be set as "home" (after detection of passing the sensor): 1) sensor position, 2) encoder z-phase, 3) any position shifted from sensor or z-phase.

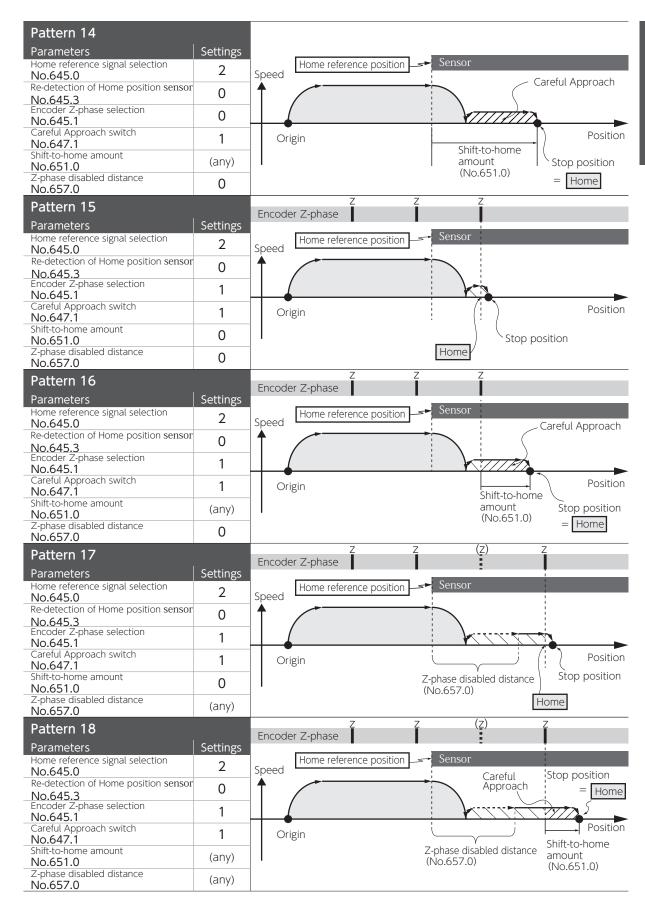
Set the following parameters related to this homing method.

| Group | Name | Parameter No. |
|----------|--|----------------------|
| | Home reference signal selection (arbitrary position, stopper, sensor) | 645.0 (*) |
| Homing | Movement direction | 646.0 |
| Overall | Acceleration/Deceleration time (Common in Rough approach speed and Careful approach speed) | 650.0 |
| | Home position data | 653.0 |
| Rough | Sensor polarity | 646.1 |
| approach | Rough approach speed | 648.0 |
| | Careful approach switch | 647.1 (*) |
| | Encoder Z-phase Selection | 645.1 ^(*) |
| Careful | Z-phase disabled distance | 657.0 (*) |
| approach | Re-detection of home position sensor | 645.3 (*) |
| | Careful approach speed | 649.0 |
| | Amount of position shift to home (travel distance from base signal or z-phase to home) | 651.0 ^(*) |
| | Internal Position: Motion of Point No.0 | 646.3 |
| _ | Homing: Torque command limit | 647.0 |
| Common | Homing: Timeout Switch | 646.2 |
| | Homing: Timeout Time | 659.0 |

^{*)} Parameters to define the homing patterns

Refer to the patterns from 13 to 18 below to set the parameters.





Homing Based on Home Sensor (with sensor to be re-detected) (No.645.0=2, No.645.3=1)

This operation indicates the type of homing based on the home position sensor. another detection of the sensor-front-end after the first detection

You can use this homing type to set the point of machine passing the sensor as the home base. Re-detection of the sensor improves the accuracy in setting the home position.

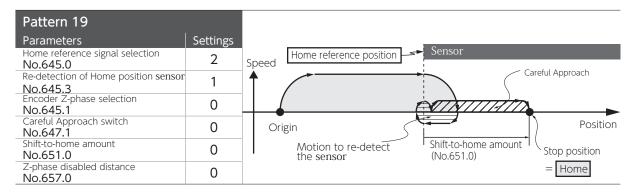
There are three options to define "home" (after detection of passing-sensor position): 1) sensor position, 2) encoder z-phase, 3) any position shifted from sensor or z-phase.

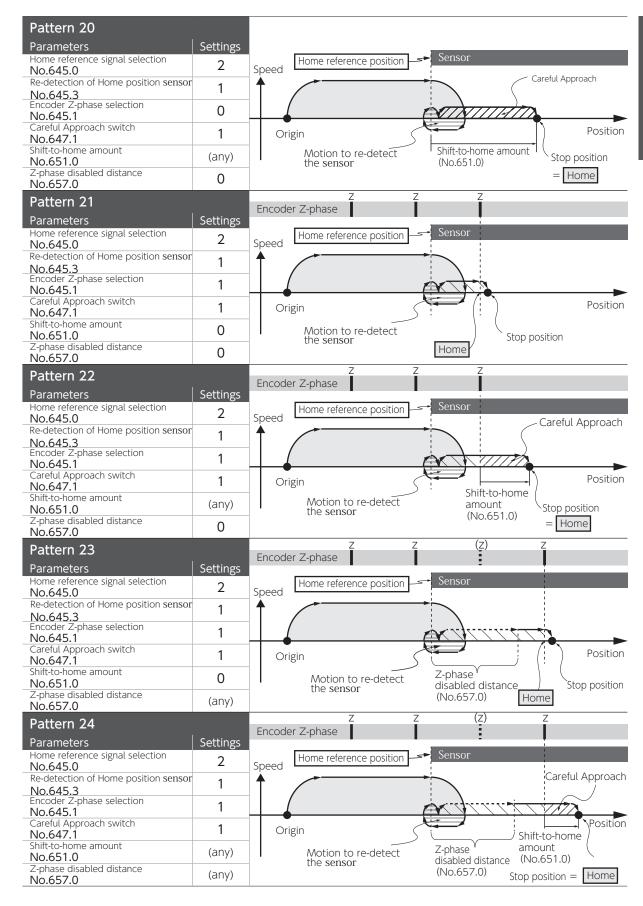
Set the following parameters related to this homing method.

| Group | Name | Parameter No. |
|----------|--|----------------------|
| | Home reference signal selection (arbitrary position, stopper, sensor) | 645.0 ^(*) |
| Homing | Movement direction | 646.0 |
| Overall | Acceleration/Deceleration time (Common in Rough approach speed and Careful approach speed) | 650.0 |
| | Home position data | 653.0 |
| Rough | Sensor sensor polarity | 646.1 |
| approach | Rough approach speed | 648.0 |
| | Careful approach switch | 647.1 (*) |
| | Encoder Z-phase Selection | 645.1 ^(*) |
| Careful | Z-phase disabled distance | 657.0 (*) |
| approach | Re-detection of Home position | 645.3 (*) |
| | Sensor careful approach speed | 649.0 |
| | Amount of position shift to home (travel distance from base signal or z-phase to home) | 651.0 |
| | Internal Position: Motion of Point No.0 | 646.3 |
| | Homing: Torque command limit | 647.0 |
| Common | Homing: Timeout Switch | 646.2 |
| | Homing: Timeout Time | 659.0 |

^{*)} Parameters to define the homing patterns

Refer to the patterns 19 to 24 to configure the parameters.





| 6. Operation 5. Position Control Mode | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | |
| MEMO | |
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7 Tuning

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1. Introduction

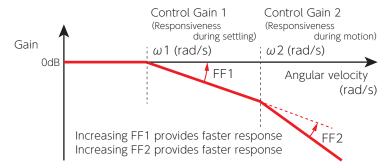
1. Overview

The goal of drive tuning is having good control over the motor and optimizing equipment performance in responding to commands from the host controller.

The position control method employs two degrees of freedom with the model-matching control. This method enables you to adjust command response and transient response independently without compromising the stability of your equipment.

Digitax SF is a servo system that does not let overshooting and undershooting happen when the equipment inertia ratio is set appropriately.

Digitax SF features response models with two cutoff frequencies: ω 1 (Control Gain 1) and ω 2 (Control Gain 2)



Response model for position control and two cutoff frequencies

| Code | EFFECT |
|------------------------------|--|
| ω 1 Control Gain 1 | Responsiveness at settling Increasing this item will reduce the position error at settling (after command ends). |
| ω 2 Control Gain 2 | Responsiveness during operation Increasing this item will reduce the position error during operation (while command being input). |
| FF1 FF Compensation 1 | Command compensation for ω 1 Increasing this item will improve the ω 1 response. |
| FF Compensation 2 | Command compensation for ω 2 Increasing this item will improve the ω 2 response. |

The relation between cutoff frequencies and control gain parameters.

 $\omega 1\omega 2$ \cdot Position loop gain $^{(*1)}$:

· Velocity loop gain (*2) : ω 1+ ω 2

^{*1)} Position loop gain It is equivalent to the "Kp" in a P-PI control. *2) Velocity loop gain It is equivalent to the "Kv" in a P-PI control.

Control Gain Set

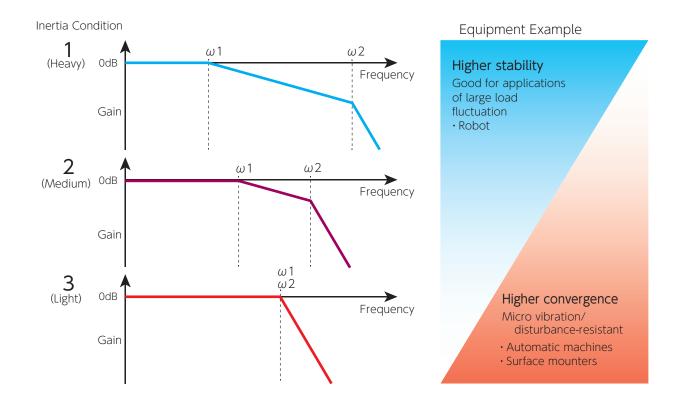
The following prearranged sets of parameters for each control mode enable you to perform tuning easily.(*)

*) If the [Torque command filter: Low-pass filter auto setting (160.2)] is set to 1(auto setting ON), "Torque command filter: Low-pass filter" will be included in the gain set.

| Control Mode | Parameter Set |
|-----------------------|---|
| Position Control Mode | Control Gain 1, Control Gain 2, Integral Gain |
| Velocity Control Mode | Control Gain 1, Integral Gain |

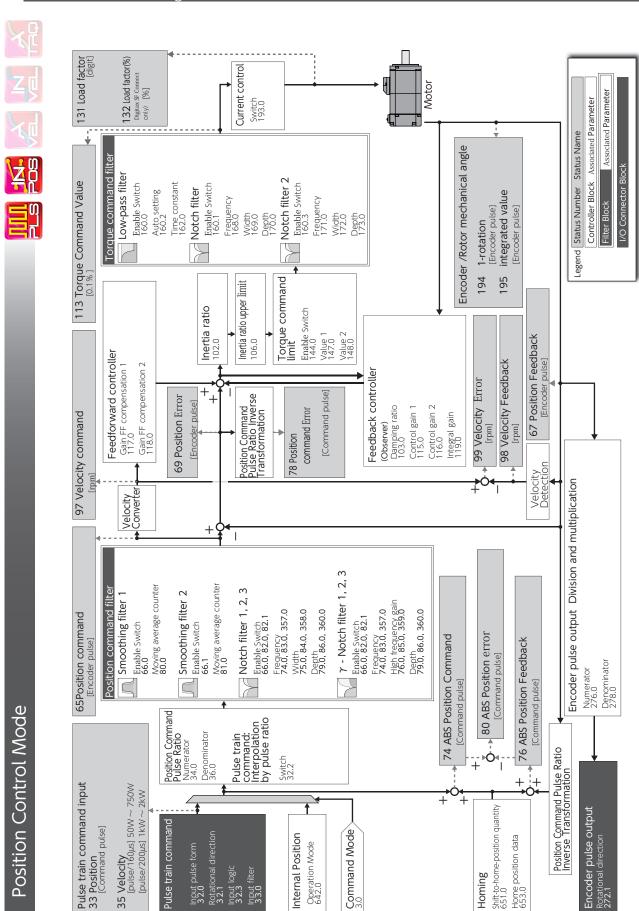
Inertia Condition

Digitax SF features three response models to support a variety of equipment. Three models are different in ratios of Control Gain 1 (ω 1) and Control Gain 2 (ω 2) and you can select the one suitable to the stability and convergence of your equipment.

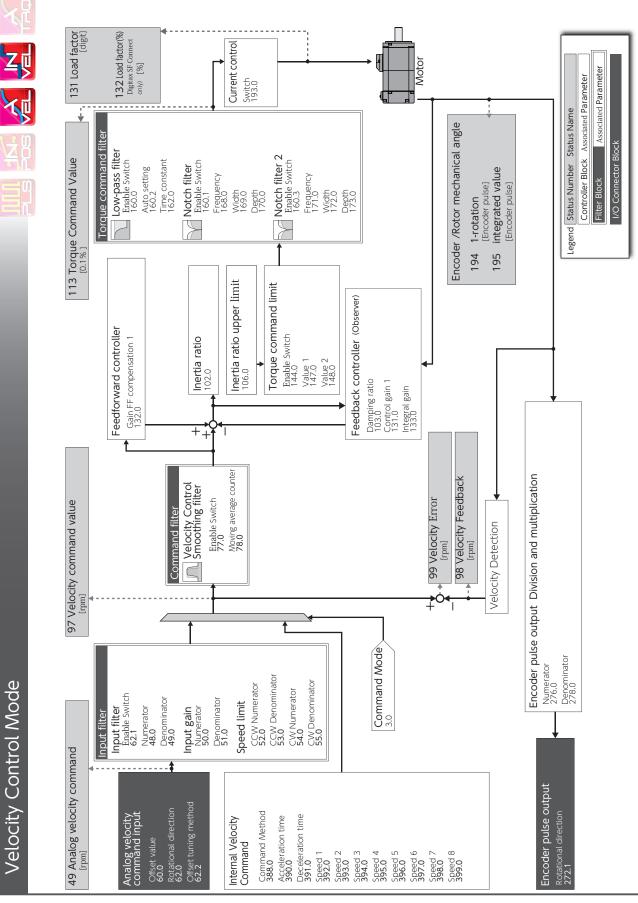


1. Introduction

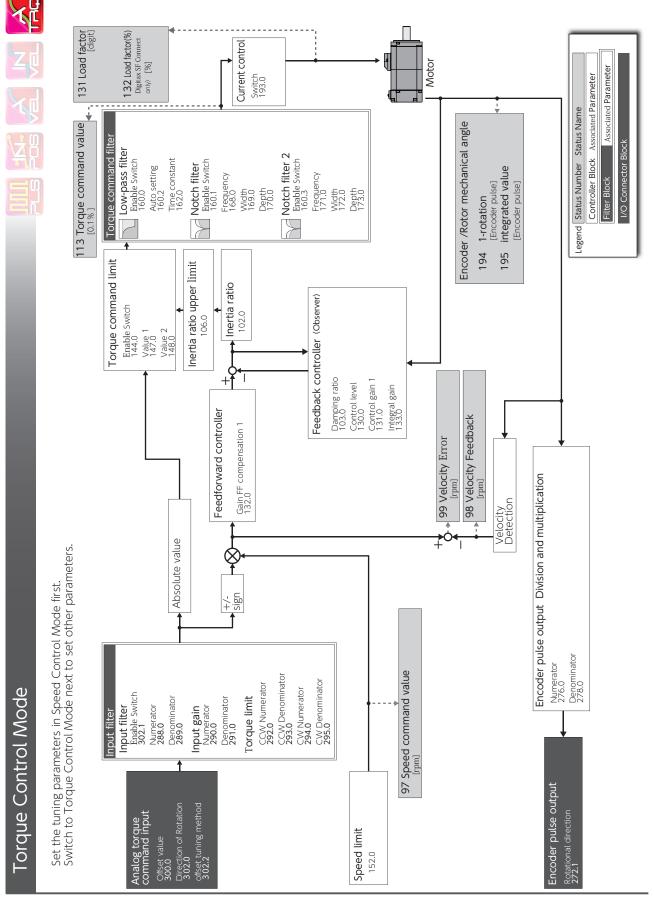
2. Control Block Diagram



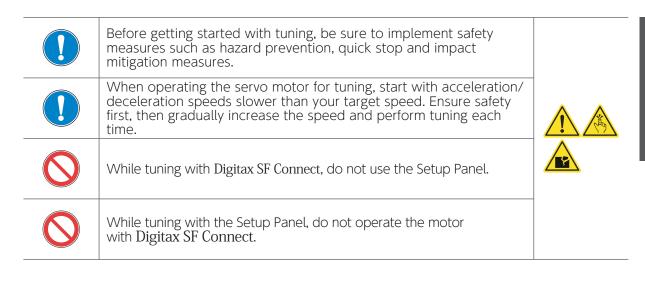
Digitax SF Instruction Manual



1. Introduction



Digitax SF Instruction Manual



For optimal performance of drive functions and features, the parameters to the drive need to be configured. Wrong parameter settings will cause unexpected behaviours or difficulties in controlling the motor. Please read the instruction manuals very carefully to figure out the settings that will best suit your operational conditions

| Step | Operation | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Verify that all wiring has been performed properly. | | |
| 2 | Turn on the control power to the drive. | | |
| 3 | Turn on the AC supply to the drive. | | |
| 4 | To turn the servo ON, connect the SVON pin on the CN1 connector to COM | | |
| 5 | Operate the motor at lower speeds according to the command pulse from the host controller. | | |
| | Start tuning with one of the following methods. | | |
| 6 | Use the setup support software Digitax SF Connect. Install it on a user-supplied computer. | | |
| | Use the Setup Panel at the front of the drive. | | |

Any of the following may interrupt proper performance of Quick Tuning or Auto Tuning.

The inertia ratio is less than 3 or above 20. (*1)

The load inertia is fluctuating.

Machine rigidity is extremely low.

Non-linear characteristics such as backlash exist.

The speed is low (800 rpm or lower). (*2)

The acceleration or deceleration speed is moderate (around 2,000 rpm/s).

The torque is extremely large or small. In those situations, set the inertia ratio manually based on calculated values.

- *1) When a too big load inertia is connected, the estimated inertia ratio value will be restricted by the upper limit value determined by the upper limit value of the inertia ratio (106.0).
- *2) Proper tuning may not be possible in the case of 300 rpm or below.

1. Overview





Position Control Mode

| Stage 1 | Setting the Inertia ratio and Optimizing Control Gain Set The inertia ratio value is entered by the user if known or can be estimated as part of auto-tuning. The control gain set will be automatically adjusted according to the auto estimate of inertia ratio. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Quick Tuning | This method does not generate noise caused by any conflict between the inertia ratio and the gain set. |
| | Page 9 Quick Tuning on Digitax SF Connect |
| | Page 14 Quick Tuning on Setup Panel |
| | Optimizing the settling time and error Suppressing vibration and noise |
| Stage 2 | capprosonia visitation and noise |
| Final Tuning | After Quick Tuning was performed, you might need further adjustments for some of the parameters individually. |
| Performed by Digitax SF Connect) | Final Tuning will improve responsiveness, settling time, and degree of freedom to achieve optimal performance of equipment. |
| | Page 12 Final Tuning: position control mode |

Velocity Control Mode





| | Setting the Inertia ratio and Optimizing Control Gain Set |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Stage 1 | The inertia ratio value is entered by the user if known or can be estimated as part of auto-tuning. |
| Auto Tuning | You can select one of the control gain sets according to your equipment. Auto estimated inertia ratio will be applied. |
| | Page 17 Auto Tuning on Digitax SF Connect Page 22 Auto Tuning on Setup Panel |
| | Optimizing the settling time and error Suppressing vibration and noise |
| Stage 2 Final Tuning | After Auto Tuning was performed, you might need further adjustments for some of the parameters individually. |
| Performed by Digitax SF Connect | Final Tuning will improve responsiveness, settling time, and degree of freedom to achieve optimal performance of equipment. Page 20 Final Tuning: Velocity control mode |
| | |

2. Position Control Mode

Quick Tuning with Digitax SF

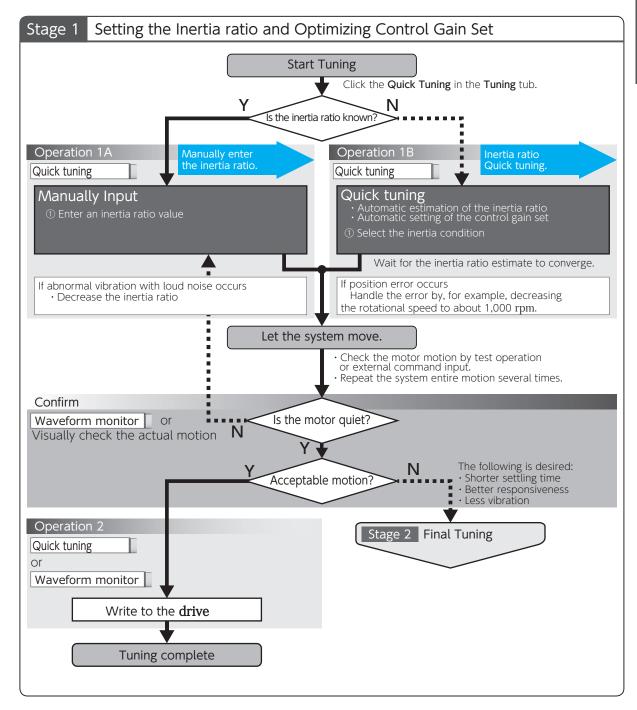


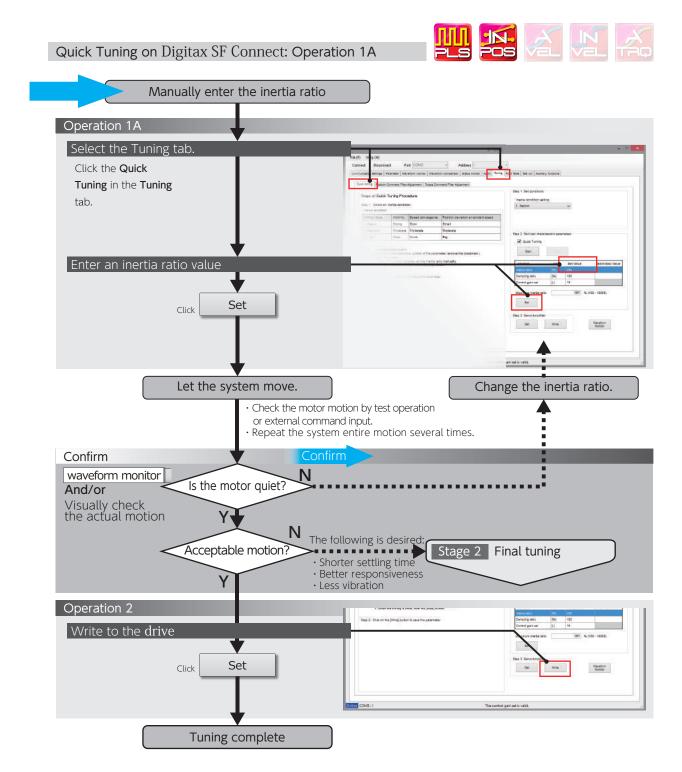












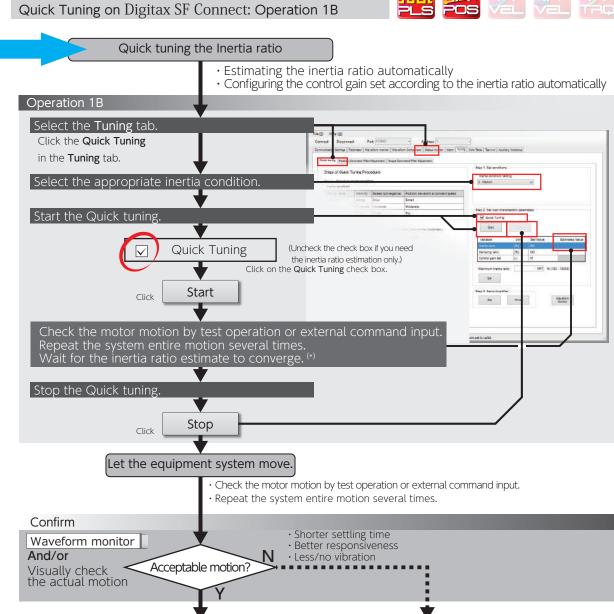












*) Extremely large load may cause vibration. In such a case, decrease the parameter setting of Tuning: Control gain set - Tuning constant



Make sure to click on [Stop] to finish Quick Tuning.

Tuning complete

Starting Final Tuning Mode while Quick Tuning is still in process will make the tuning difficult because of inertia ratio changes.

Stage 2 Final Tuning

Page 12 Final Tuning

Final Tuning: Position Control Mode

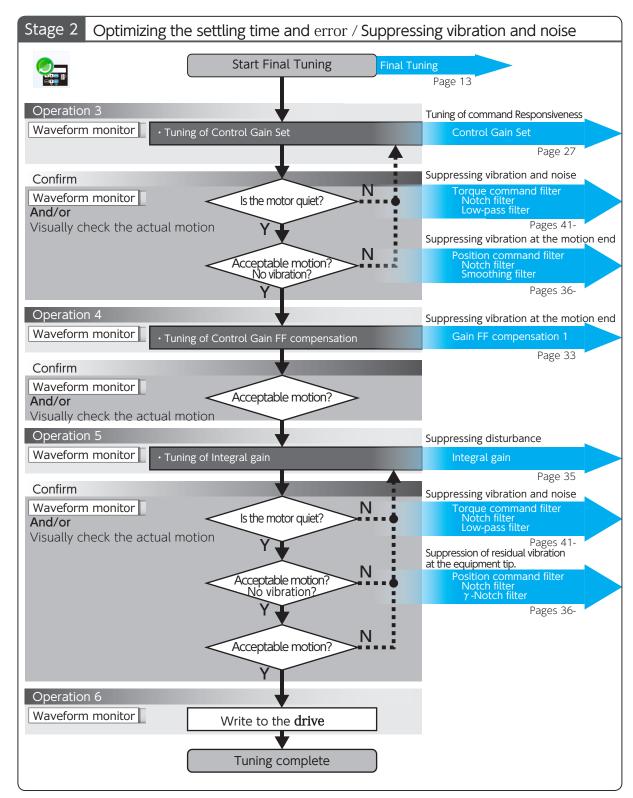


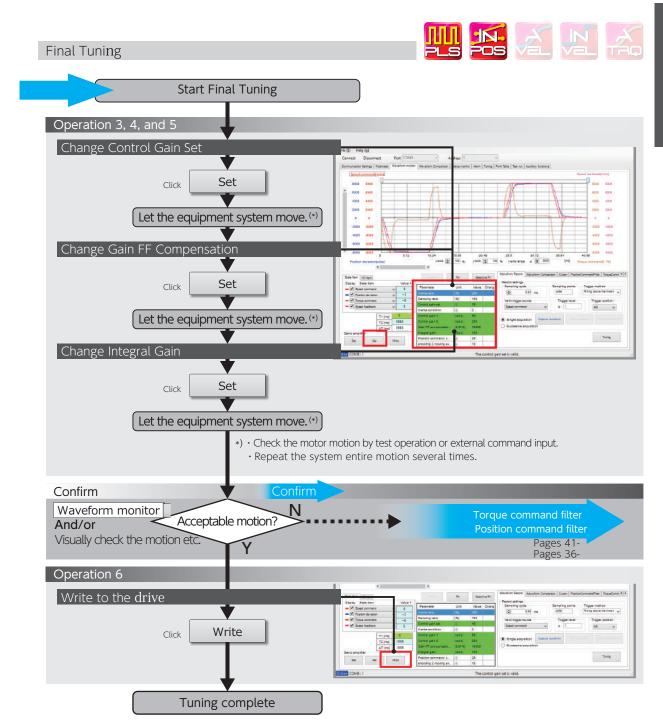












Quick Tuning on Setup Panel

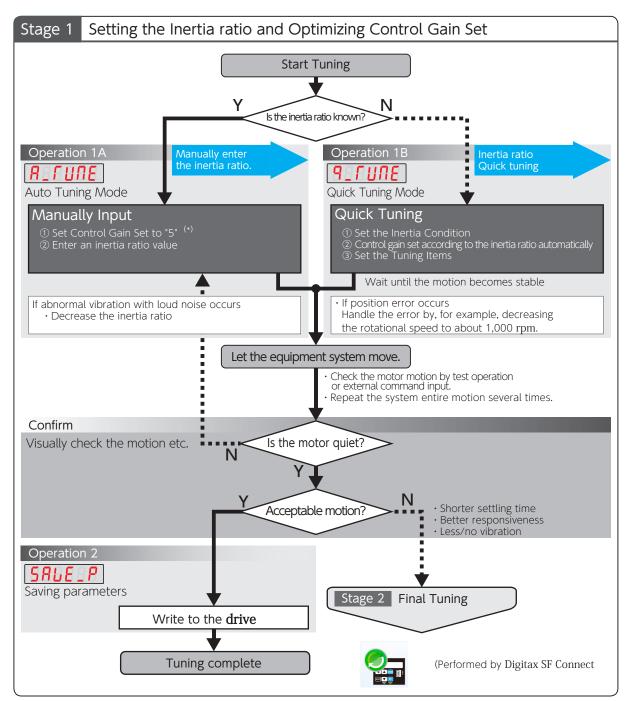




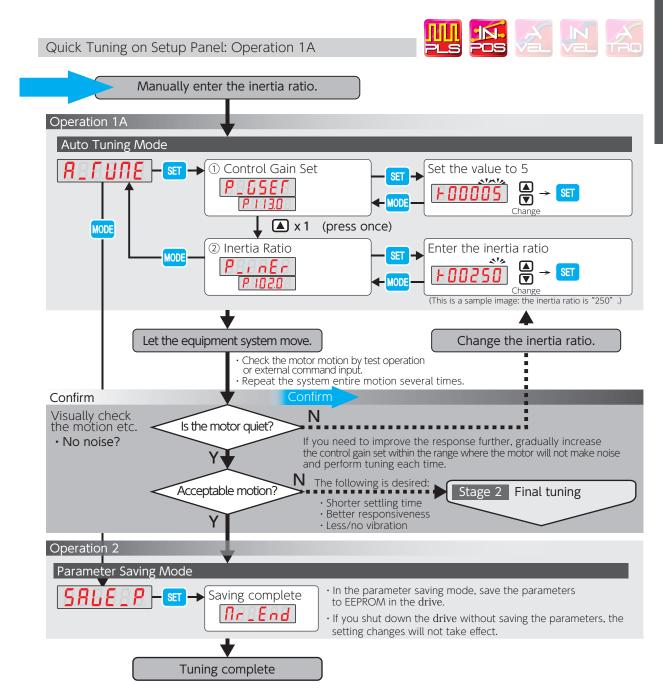


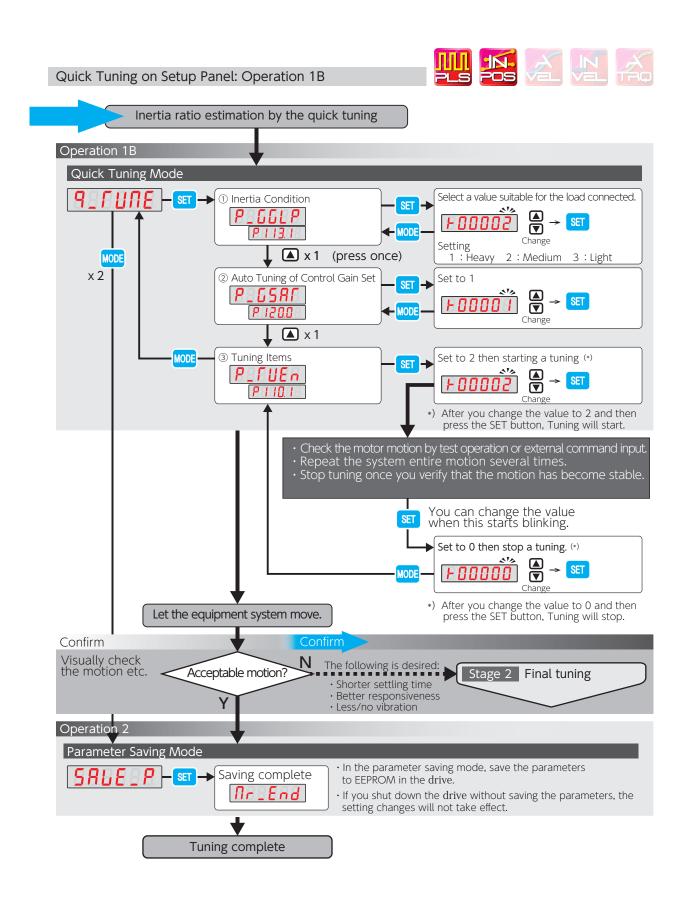






^{*)} Starting tuning with a low setting of the controller gain set will enable successful tuning with no vibrations and low noise.





3. Velocity Control Mode

Auto Tuning on Digitax SF Connect

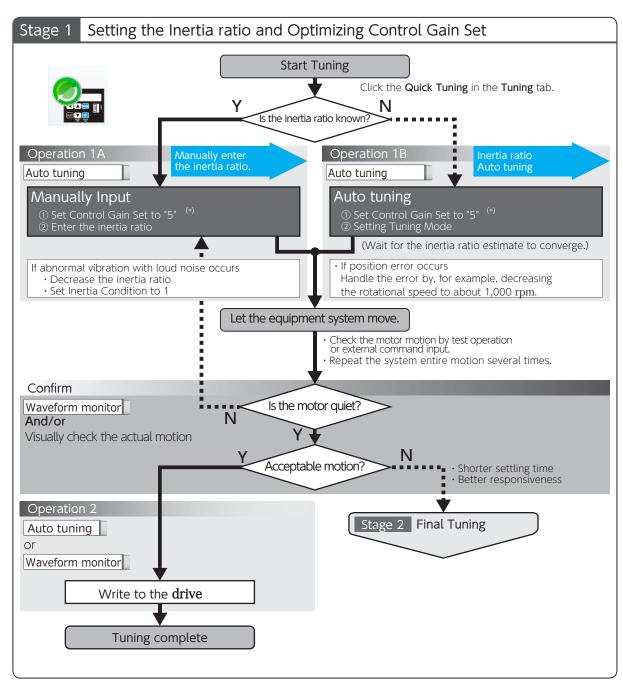




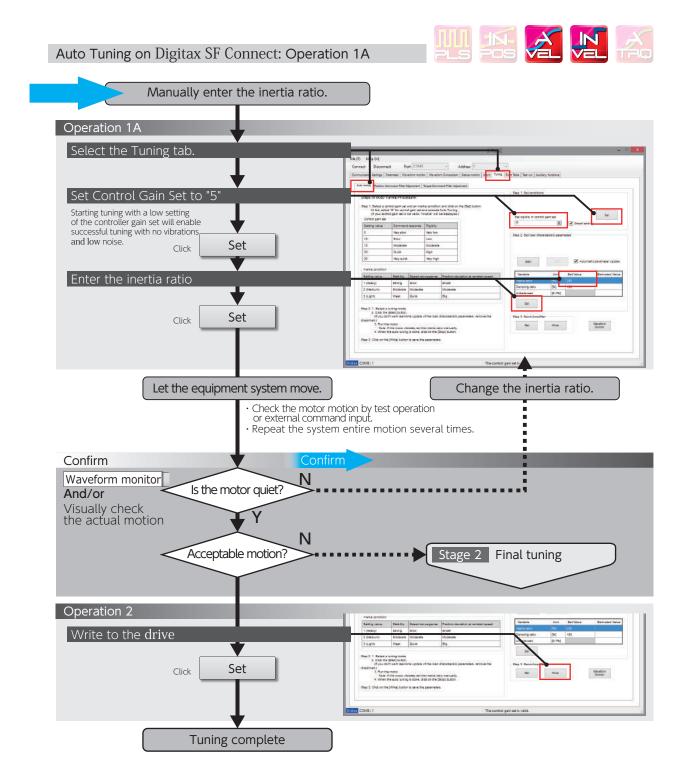


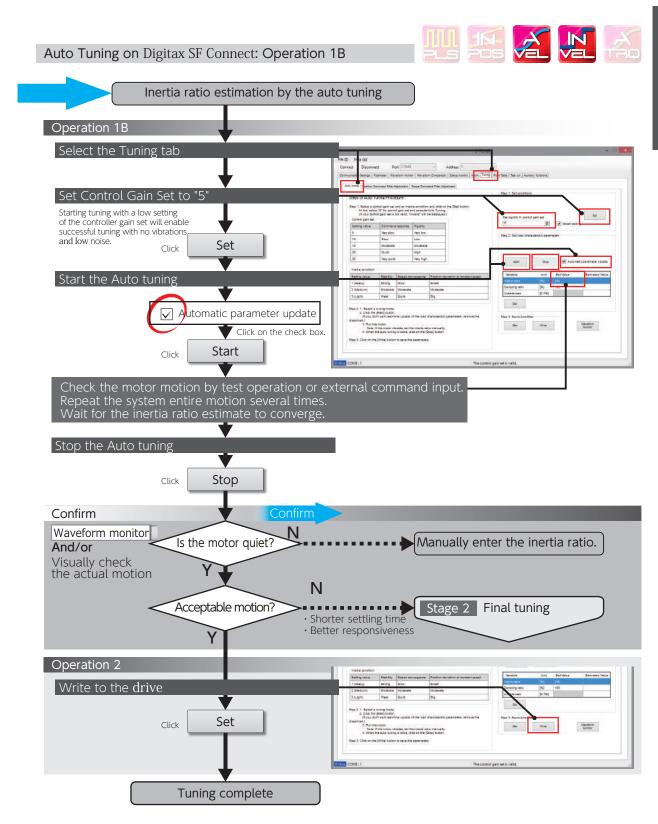






^{*)} Starting tuning with a low setting of the controller gain set will enable successful tuning with no vibrations low noise







Make sure to click on [Stop] to finish Auto Tuning.

Starting Final Tuning Mode while Auto Tuning is still in process will make the tuning difficult because of inertia ratio changes.

Final Tuning: Velocity Control Mode

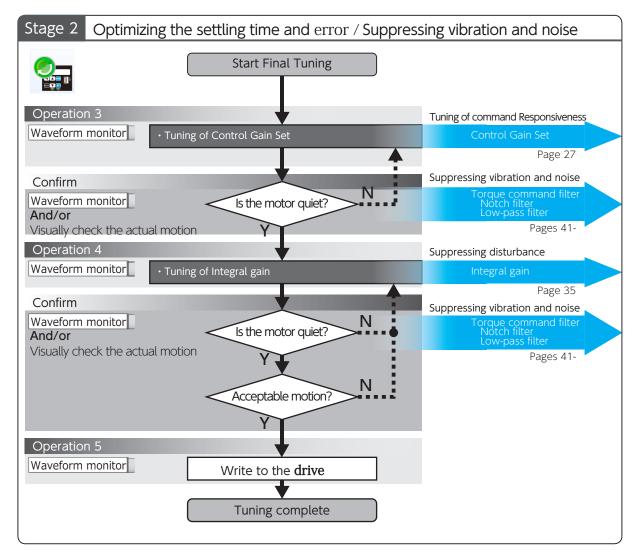


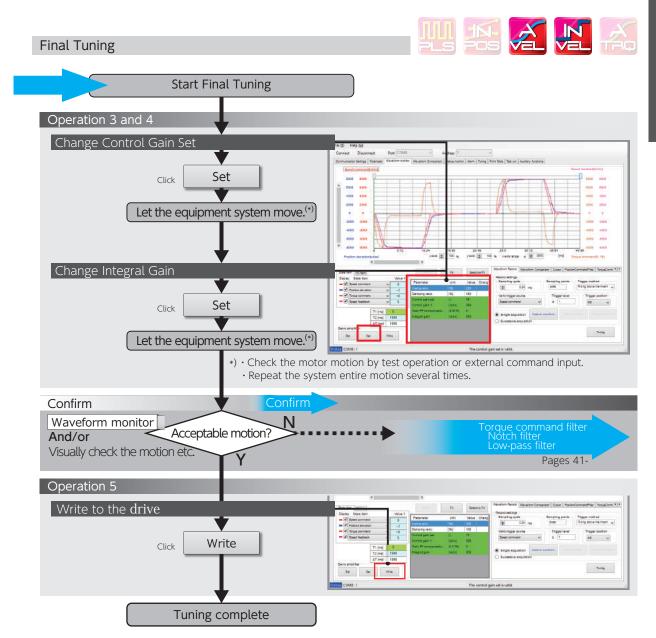












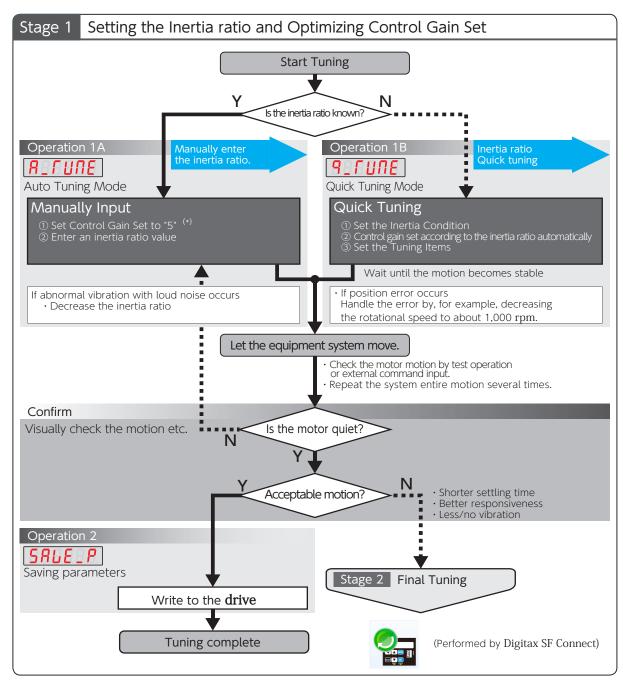
Auto Tuning on Setup Panel



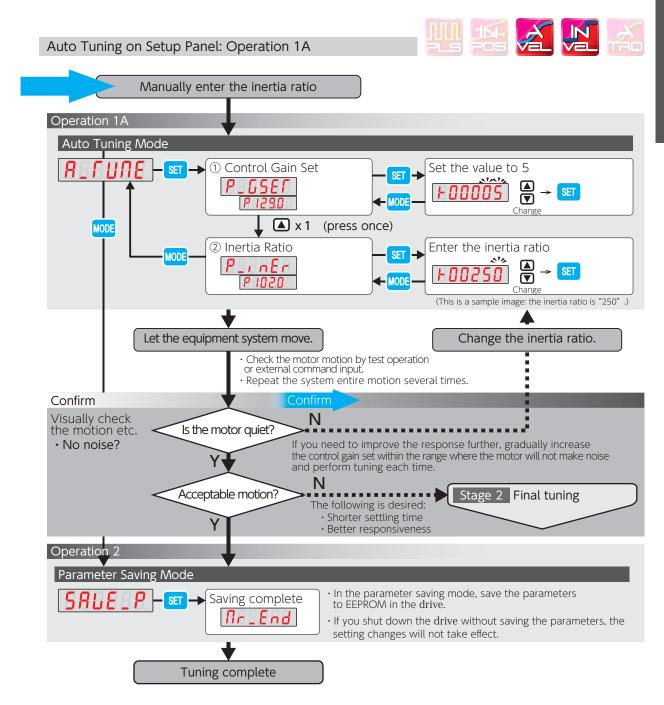


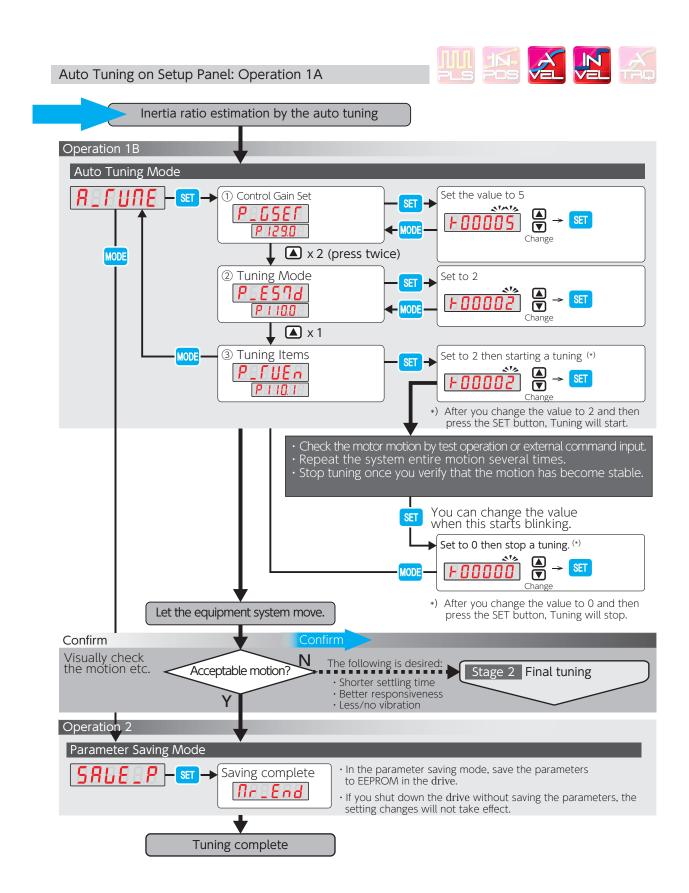


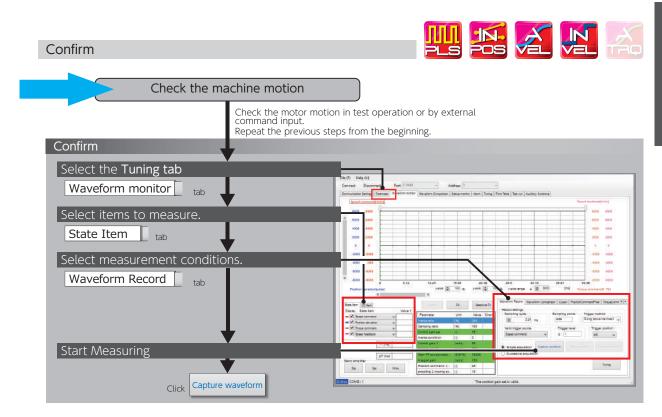




^{*)} Starting tuning with the lowest setting of the controller gain set will provide successful tuning with no vibrations and low noise.







1. Tuning

Inertia Condition





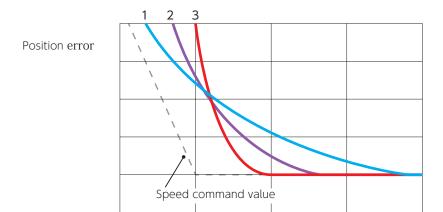






| Function | To make the tuning operation easier, select the inertia condition suitable to your equipment. The inertia conditions that you select will determine the Control Gain 1-2 combination and their ratio. |
|--------------------|---|
| Parameter 113.1 | Position Control Mode: Inertia conditions |
| Tuning Tip | Prioritize either stability or convergence according to the load and rigidity of your equipment. Be aware of the trade-off between stability and convergence. |

| Settings | Intended Use | Effect |
|----------------|---|--------------------|
| 1 | heavy-load, high fluctuation equipment low-rigid equipment robot arms etc. | Better Stability |
| 2 (Default) | (moderate setting) general transport machines | |
| 3 | light-load equipment equipment that demands high-speed operation or settling-required | Better Convergence |



 $\hbox{ Difference in convergence characteristics depending on the inertia condition settings}\\$

t

Control Gain Set





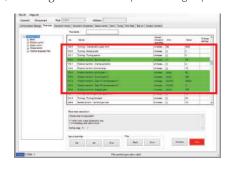






| Function | With this parameter, a set of the tuning parameters can be set all at once. (*1) Increasing the value of this parameter will improve the command response, position deviation during motion, settling time, and control rigidity. | | |
|---------------|--|--|-------|
| | | Control level | 114.0 |
| | | Control Gain 1 | 115.0 |
| | 113.0 (Position Control Mode) | Control Gain 2 | 116.0 |
| | (i osition control wode) - | Integral gain | 119.0 |
| Parameter Set | | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter time constant (*2) | 162.0 |
| | 129.0 | Control level | 130.0 |
| | | Control Gain 1 | 131.0 |
| | (Velocity Control Mode) | Integral gain | 133.0 |
| | | Torque command filter: Low-pass filter time constant $^{(*2)}$ | 162.0 |
| Remark | Too high a setting will cause noise. When increasing the value, check the resulting operation to avoid oscillation or vibration. | | |
| Tuning Tip | Set the value to 5 first to fix the inertia ratio. Gradually increase the setting value while watching the motion. If noise occurs, use a notch filter or decrease the low-pass filter setting. Page 42 Torque Command Filter: Notch filter Page 43 Torque Command Low-Pass Filter | | |

*1) In the Digitax SF Connect parameters grouped in the control gain set are highlighted in green.





*2) This is when Low-pass filter auto Setting (160.2) = 1 (auto setting ON)

| Control gain set settings | Command Responsiveness | Rigidity | Settling Time | Noise |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| 5 | slow | low | long | unlikely |
| 10 | | | | |
| 15 (Default) | ↑ | ↑ | † | ↑ |
| 20 | | | | |
| 30 | quick | high | short | likely |

Under the Auto Tuning tab, tick the detail setup box, and then select from 1-46 one by one.

Mode Switch











| Function | Change the mode based on the direction of the load inertia and whether offset load is present or not. | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|--|
| | Settings | Mode | Balanced load or unbalanced load |
| Parameter 110.0 | 1 | Standard Mode | Balanced load (horizontal motion) |
| | 2 (Default) | Unbalanced Load Mode | Unbalanced load such as gravity is present |
| Remark | Use the Unbalanced Load Mode even for the case of balanced load (horizontal-axis motion). | | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode, Velocity Control Mode | | |

Tuning Items











| | | PLS | 5 POS VEL VEL TRO | |
|--------------|--|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Function | Setting the item(s) to be estimated during tuning. | | | |
| | Cottings (Tuning) | Estimate items | | |
| | Settings (Tuning) | Inertia ratio | Damping ratio | |
| Parameter | (Tuning Stop) (Default) | Do not estimate | Do not estimate | |
| 110.1 | 1 (Tuning Start) 2 (Tuning Start) | - Estimate | Do not estimate | |
| | | Estimate | Estimate | |
| Prerequisite | Position Control Mode, Velocity Control Mode | | | |

2. Final Tuning

Inertia Ratio











| | PLS POS VEL VEL TRO |
|------------|---|
| Function | Set the ratio of the load inertia to the rotor inertia of the motor. This item represents the ratio of the motor axis moment of inertia to the load moment of inertia. The inertia ratio used in Digitax SF includes the motor rotor inertia (=100%). Example: inertia ratio 200% = motor rotor inertia 100% + output axis load 100% inertia ratio 1100% = motor rotor inertia 100% + output axis load 1000% Inertia ratio = (load inertia) + (Rotor inertia) / (Rotor inertia) × 100 [%] |
| Parameter | Default: 250 [%] |
| 102.0 | Setting range: 100-10,000 |
| Remark | Settings that are not right for the equipment will cause noise or vibration. |
| Tuning Tip | Start with setting a correct inertia ratio which will make your tuning easier. The auto estimate of inertia ratio during Quick Tuning will be capped by the upper limit (106.0). If the estimated value of the inertia ratio is higher than the upper limit, manually enter the estimated value after suppressing the vibration and noise with a notch filter first. |
| | Select the best inertia condition and set the control gain set (113.0, 129.0) to 5 to perform the quick-tuning and auto-tuning. In case of vibrations at settling, perform damping adjustment and perform tuning again. Because this tuning must be performed under the condition where the inertia can be estimated, we recommend that you obtain the ratio estimate in test operation. |

Position Control Mode: Control Gain 1





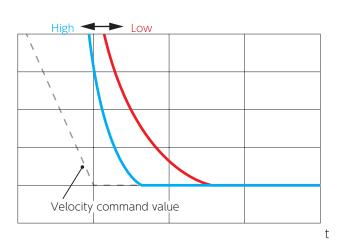






| | FLS FLS VEL (154) | |
|------------|---|--|
| Function | Increasing this parameter value will reduce the position error after the command becomes zero. Increase when the convergence of the position error at settling is not good. | |
| Parameter | Default: 50 [rad/s] | |
| 115.0 | Setting range: 5–1,000 | |
| Remark | Select a value no higher than Position Control Mode: Control Gain 2 (116.0). Set a value smaller than the value of Control Gain 2 (116.0). Making a change to any of the following will also change other tuning parameters (such as Control Gain 2) to the prearranged parameter set all at once. • Control Gain Set (113.0) • Inertia conditions (113.1) • Control Level (114.0) | |
| Tuning Tip | Increasing this parameter setting will improve the settling time in cases when increasing the control gain set or control level does not resolve poor convergence of position error, or noise is too much that the control gain set or control level cannot be increased. | |

Position error



Differences in Position Error Convergence

Position Control Mode: Control Gain 2





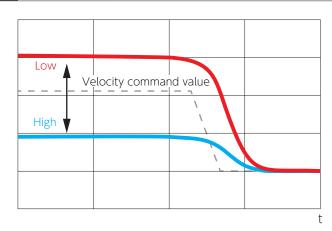






| | PLS POS VEL VEL IFO |
|------------|--|
| Function | Increasing this parameter value will reduce the position error during command input. Increasing the parameter value provides faster command response; however, too large a value may result in noise. |
| Parameter | Default: 200 [rad/s] |
| 116.0 | Setting range: 80–5,000 |
| Remark | Set a value larger than the value of Control Gain 1 (115.0). To reduce position errors after the command becomes zero, increase the value of Control Gain 1 (115.0). The tuning parameters such as the Control gain 1 will be changed to the group of the preset value depending on changing the following parameters. • Control gain set (113.0) • Inertia conditions (113.1) • Control level (114.0) |
| Tuning Tip | Use this parameter when the load inertia or the load fluctuation is large. The responsiveness will be improved and the movement will be smoother. Noise Solutions Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). Lower Torque command filter: Low-pass filter constant (162.0). Lower Integral gain (119.0). When no improvement has been seen if these ①, ②, and ③ method had been performed, please decrease the 116.0 value. |

Position error



Differences in Position error Convergence

Velocity Control Mode: Control Gain 1





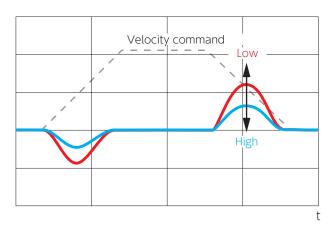






| Function | Increasing this parameter value will reduce the velocity error during the acceleration /decelaration. Increasing the parameter value provides faster command response; however, too large a value may result in noise. |
|------------|--|
| Parameter | Default: 399 [rad/s] |
| 131.0 | Setting range: 100-6,000 |
| Remark | Making a change to any of the following will also change other tuning parameters (such as Gain FF Compensation 1) to the prearranged parameter set all at once. • Control gain set (129.0) • Control level (130.0) |
| Tuning Tip | Use this parameter when the load inertia or the load fluctuation is large. The responsiveness will be improved and the movement will be smoother. Noise Solutions Use Torque command filter: Notch filter (such as 160.1). Lower Torque command filter: Low-pass filter constant (162.0). Lower Integral gain (133.0) When no improvement have been seen if these ①, ②, and ③ method had been performed, please decrease the 131.0 value. |

Velocity Error



Differences in Velocity Error Convergence

Position Control Mode: Gain FF Compensation 1



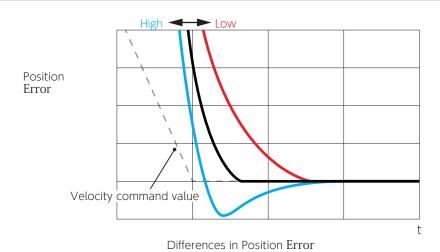








| Function | This parameter will improve the responsiveness at a low gains setting. Set the Feed Forward Compensation Rate (velocity) with respect to Control Gain 1 (115.0) for Position Control Mode. Using this parameter is effective to shorten the settling time. |
|------------|---|
| Parameter | Default: 10,000 [0.01%] |
| 117.0 | Setting range: 0-15,000 |
| Remark | Adjust this item after setting the following: Control Gain Set (113.0) Control Level (114.0) Control Gain 1 (115.0) Control Gain 2 (116.0) Guideline for Tuning If the inertia ratio is right, setting this parameter to 10,000 will not cause overshooting nor undershooting. |
| Tuning Tip | Set the following before adjusting this parameter: Inertia ratio (102.0), Control gain set (113.0), Control level (114.0), Control Gain 1 (115.0), and Control Gain 2 (116) Setting this parameter too low will result in undershooting. Target the value which would make the settling time shorter. Too high a value of this parameter will result in overshooting. Set relatively a moderate value. Inertia condition Coarse tuning amount 1: increment by 10 2: increment by 100 |



Convergence

Position Control Mode: Gain FF Compensation 2





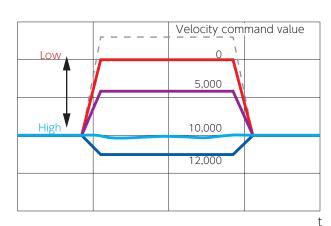






| Function | Increasing this parameter value will reduce the position running error of the motor at a constant speed. Raise the value of this item only after reducing the position error, by using Gain FF Compensation 1 (117.0) at settling. |
|------------|---|
| Parameter | Default: 0 [0.01%] |
| 118.0 | Setting range: 0-15,000 |
| Remark | If this parameter value is above 10,000, the position error will start appearing appearing in a negative range. When the command resolution is low, increasing this parameter value will result in louder running sound. |
| Tuning Tip | With a right inertia ratio setting, setting this parameter to 10,000 minimizes the position error . Noise Solutions Adjusting Filter 4: Smoothing 2- Moving average counter (81.0) may reduce the noise. |

Position error



Differences in Position Error Convergence

Integral Gain



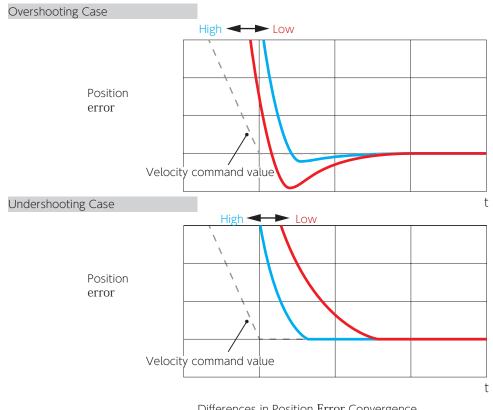








| | | | pls pos vel vel tro | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Function | Set the Integral Gain. Increasing the integral gain will improve poor convergence due to friction and load fluctuation at settling and reduce the position error. This will result in rigid and sensitive motions. | | | | |
| Parameter | Position Control | Default: | 160 [rad/s] | | |
| 119.0 | Mode | Setting range: | 45-5,000 | | |
| Parameter | Velocity Control | Default: | 300 [rad/s] | | |
| 133.0 | Mode | Setting range: | 45-5,000 | | |
| Remark | This parameter will reset to the default if the Control Gain Set is changed. Too high an integral gain will cause noise. Adjust the value within the range of no noise to achieve your desired responsiveness. | | | | |
| Tuning Tip | Noise Solutions 1 Use Torque co 2 Decrease the v | ensation. ommand filter: Noto value of Integral Ga | ch filter (such as 160.1) in. f this parameter or apply a torque command notch Page 42 Torque Command Notch Filter | | |



3. Position Command Filter

Optimizing the settling time and error / Suppressing vibration and noise











Check the following before using Position command filter • The command from the host controller is correct.

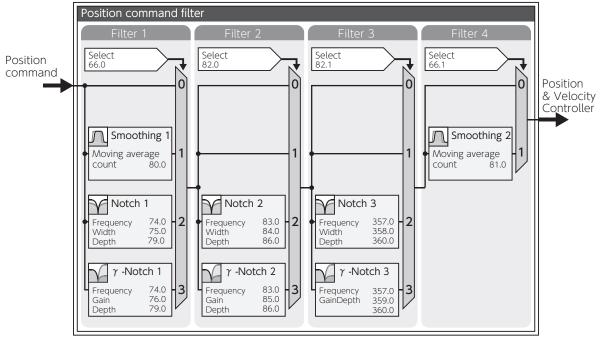
- The equipment is installed firmly and properly.
- The gain parameters such as inertia ratio are correctly set.
- The command smoothing filters 2 (and 1) are set.
- · Vibration is now unlikely to occur thanks to the decreased integral gain.

| Filter | Overview | Refer to |
|-----------|--|----------|
| Smoothing | Position Command Smoothing Filter Effective in smoothing the position command and suppressing vibration at the time of positioning. | 38 |

Apply the following notch filters if the machine end point is still vibrating after sufficient tuning was performed and the smoothing filter was set.

| Filter | Overview | Refer to |
|----------|--|----------|
| | Position Command Notch filter | |
| Notch | Effective in suppressing vibration of mechanical systems where the vibration does not appear in the torque output waveform. When compared to the command smoothing filter, the position command filter is more effective in reducing the absolute position error (Status No.80). | 37 39 |
| γ -Notch | Position Command γ -Notch Filter Effective in suppressing vibration of mechanical systems where the vibration does not appear in the torque output waveform. This filter has flexibility of changing the gain setting in the range higher than notch frequencies. This item will reduce the position error impacted by use of notch filer. | 37 40 |

Up to four levels of Position command filter are available.



Block Diagram of Position Command Filter (Details)

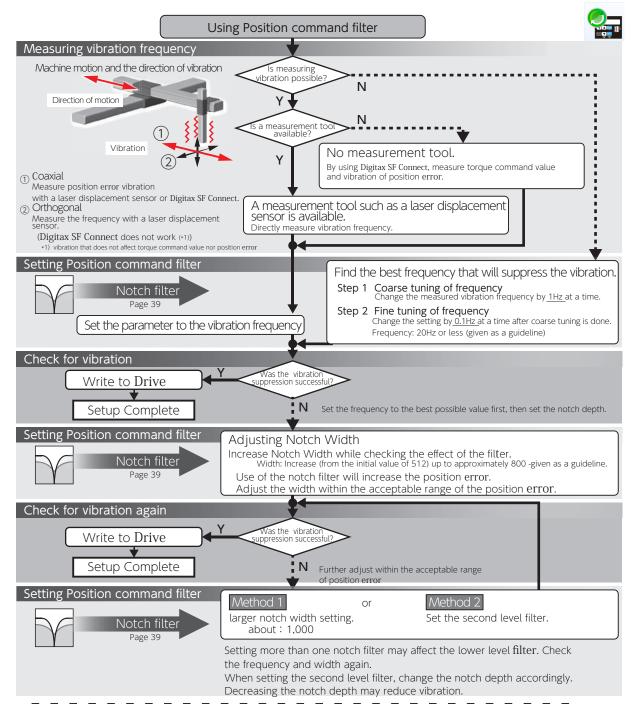












[application] Setting Position command filter

Page 40



In case setting the notch filter alone is not enough to suppress vibration Set γ — Notch Filter (*2)

*2) Set the high-frequency gain to a lower value. Note that decreasing the gain will tend to cause a position error trip.



Position Command Smoothing Filters 1 and 2





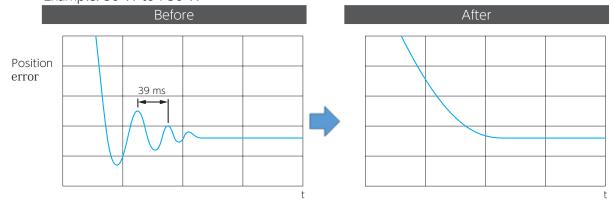






| | | PLS | 6 508 VEL VEL THU | | | |
|------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Function | The smoothing filters smooth the position command and suppress vibrations. | | | | | |
| | Position command filter 1: Type Select | | Default: 0 | | | |
| | | | Setting range: 0–3 | | | |
| | Position command filter 4: Switch Select | 66.1 | Default: 1 | | | |
| | Position command fitter 4. Switch Select | | Setting range: 0–1 | | | |
| Parameter | Position command filter 1: | | Default: 25 (less than 750 W) 20 (over 1 kW) | | | |
| | Smoothing 1 -Moving average counte | ſ | Setting range: 1–6,250 | | | |
| | Position command filter 4: | | Default: 10 | | | |
| | Smoothing 2 -Moving average counte | r 81.0 | Setting range: 1–1,250 | | | |
| Remark | Before setting any of the parameters, wait for at least 3 secs after the motor stops and then set it while the command pulse is not being input. Changing the parameter setting during pulse input or with presence of residual pulse could cause shift in position. The larger setting will result in longer command time delay. | | | | | |
| Tuning Tip | Set Position command filter 1: Type (66.0) ato "1" . (*) Measure the vibration frequency on the torq and set Position command filter 1 (and 4): Sr (80.0 (and 81.0) to the value derived from the Calculation formula: Motor Output Capacity Moving Average Count Deri 50 W to 750 W 6,250 1 kW to 2 kW 5,000 × (vibration free x 0.039 = 242; the delay time will be 39 ms. | ue commoothin me vibrat ved from v equency | nand waveform or position error, g 1 (and 2) -Moving average count ion frequency. Vibration Frequency y[s]) = parameter value s 39 ms, the average count = 6,250 | | | |
| | | | 5 Setting List of Parameters | | | |

Example: 50 W to 750 W



Effect of Smoothing Filter

Position Command Notch Filter







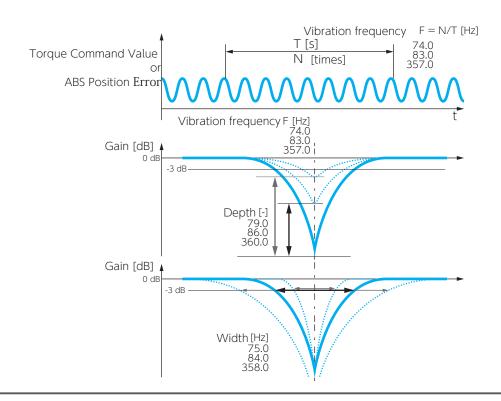
5 Setting List of Parameters





| Function | Apply this filter if the machine end point is still vibrating after sufficient tuning was performed and the smoothing filter was applied. Has vibration suppression effect on mechanical systems where the vibrations don't appear in the torque output waveform. | | | | | |
|------------|--|-------------------|--|---------------|---------------|------------|
| | When compare | ed to the comma | and smoothing filter, the parties to the position error(Status I | | nmand filte | er is more |
| | | | | Filter 1 | Filter 2 | Filter 3 |
| | E | Default: | 10 [0.1 Hz] | 74.0 | 02.0 | 257.0 |
| | Frequency | Setting range: | 10-2,000 | 74.0 | 83.0 | 357.0 |
| Parameter | \ A /: -lt-l- | Default: | 512 | 75.0 | 0.10 | 0500 |
| | Width | Setting range: | 128-2,048 | 75.0 | 84.0 | 358.0 |
| | Donth | Default: | 0 | 79.0 | 86.0 | 360.0 |
| | Depth | Setting range: | 0–100 | 79.0 | 00.0 | 360.0 |
| | Increasing the i | notch width will | make the position error | large. | | |
| Remark | Too large a not | tch width or sett | ing the second level noto | h filter will | result in be | etter |
| Kelliaik | vibration suppr | ession; however | , the position error will b | e larger. Se | t this filter | |
| | within the acce | ptable range of | position error. | | | |
| | Check the following before applying the filter | | | | | |
| | • The command from the host controller is reasonable | | | | | |
| | The equipment is installed firmly and properly.The gain parameters such as inertia ratio are properly set. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | The command smoothing filters 2 (and 1) are set. The integral gain has been decreased and vibrations are unlikely to occur. | | | | | |
| Tuning Tip | | | | | | |
| | Start the equipment operation and apply the vibration frequency (measured at the equipment end) to the notch frequency. If the vibration cannot be suppressed, increase | | | | | |

the notch width (by 800 as a rough standard). To reduce the position error



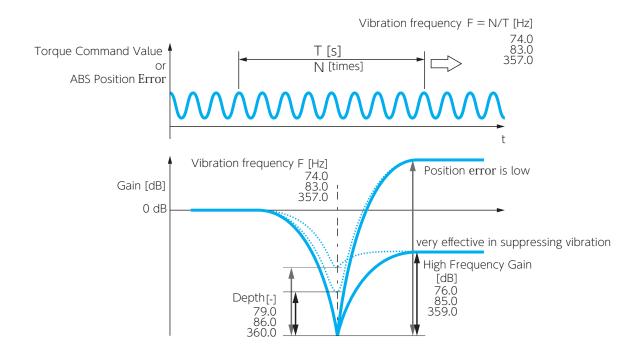
during operation, increase the notch depth.

$\sqrt{}$

Position Command γ -Notch Filter

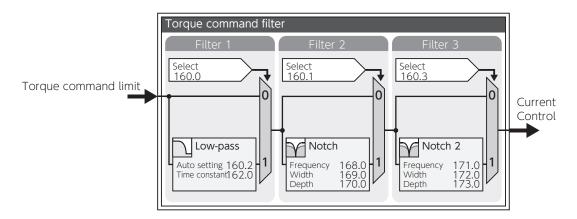


| Function | Use this filter, if the machine end point is still vibrating even after applying a notch filter in addition to sufficient tuning and a smoothing filter. This filter has vibration suppression effect on mechanical systems where the vibrations don't appear in the torque output waveform. It has flexibility of changing the gain setting in a range higher than notch frequency. Use this filter when it's expected that using a notch filter will reduce the position error. |
|------------|--|
| Remark | Increasing the high frequency gain too much may result in noise. Decreasing the high frequency gain too much will tend to cause position error trip. Set this filter within the acceptable range. |
| Tuning Tip | Check the following before applying the filter • The command from the host controller is reasonable • The equipment is installed firmly and properly. • The gain parameters such as inertia ratio are properly set. • The command smoothing filter 2 and 1 are set. • The integral gain has been decreased and vibrations are unlikely to occur. Start the equipment operation and apply the vibration frequency (measured at the equipment end) to the notch frequency. To reduce the position error, gradually increase the high frequency gain setting. To reduce the position error during operation, increase the notch depth. |
| | Section 6 Election and interest |



4. Torque Command Filter

| Filter | Overview | Refer to |
|----------|---|----------|
| Notch | Torque Command Filter: Notch Filter This filter is effective in removing vibration elements from torque command and suppressing noise and vibration. | 42 |
| Low-pass | Torque Command Low-Pass Filter This filter is effective in smoothing the position command and suppressing vibration at the time of positioning. | 43 |



Block Diagram of Torque Command Filter with Details

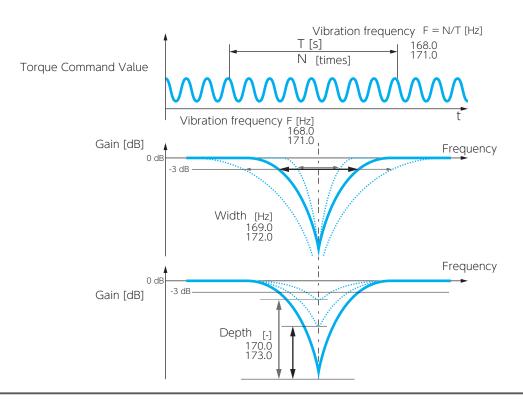
3. Tuning Parameters

Y

Torque Command Filter: Notch Filter



| Function | This filter is effective in suppressing noise and vibrations by removing vibration factors from the torque command. | | | | |
|------------|--|----------------|------------|--------|----------|
| | Notch filter | | | Filter | Filter 2 |
| | Switch | Default: | 0 | 160.1 | 160.3 |
| | SWILCH | Settings: | 0–1 | 100.1 | 100.5 |
| | Frequency | Default: | 2,500 [Hz] | 168.0 | 171.0 |
| Parameter | rrequericy | Setting range: | 0-2,500 | 100.0 | 171.0 |
| | Width | Default: | 8 | 169.0 | 172.0 |
| | vvideri | Setting range: | 1–16 | 103.0 | 172.0 |
| | Depth | Default: | 0 | 170.0 | 173.0 |
| | Берит | Setting range: | 0-256 | 170.0 | 17 5.0 |
| Remark | Set this item only after the machinery is installed properly. Unless the equipment is installed correctly, the filter performance will be sub-optimal. | | | | |
| Tuning Tip | Set Notch filter switch (160.1) =1(enable) and set the value of Notch filter frequency (168.0) to be a vibration frequency. Calculate the vibration frequency using the waveform of, for example, the torque command when vibration is occurring. In the case of multiple vibration frequencies, set the second level notch filter. Alternatively, use this filter together with the low-pass filter (160.0, 160.2, 162.0) or increase Notch filter - Width (169.0). If applying the notch filter cannot stop resonant vibrations due to considerable machinery rattles, increase Notch filter- Depth (170.0) to 50,100,150 and so on, so that the actual notch depth will be shallower. | | | | |





Torque Command Low-Pass Filter







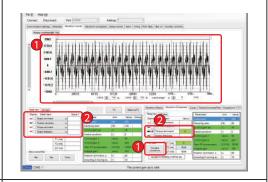




| Function | Setting a relatively large value may suppress vibrations. | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------|----------------|---------------|----------|---|--------------------|
| | Constant | 1600 | Default: | | 1 | | |
| | Switch | 160.0 | Settings: | | 0-1 | | |
| | Auto cotting | 160.2 | Default: | | 0 | | |
| Parameter | Auto setting | 160.2 | Settings: | | 0-1 | | |
| | Time constant | 162.0 | Default: | | _ | 1 ms/rad] (less tha 1 ms/rad] (over 20 | |
| | | | Setting rar | nge: | 0-65,53 | 35 | |
| Remark | Setting a larger value means getting closer to the control range of the response model: another type of vibration will occur. | | | | | | |
| Set Torque command filter: Notch filter switch (160.1) =1 (enable A rough estimate of possible max value for the filter can be obtain | | | | | | | as follows. |
| | | | (0.1 to | 0.2) | | [s] or below | |
| | | m | ax((ω1+ω | υ2) , $ω_{q}$ |) | [5] 01 betow | |
| Tuning Tip | | | | | | | |
| | | ion Contro | | | | itrol Mode | |
| | $\frac{\omega}{\omega}$ 1 Control Control | | 115.0 116.0 | Contro | l Gain 1 | 131.0 | |
| | $\frac{\omega}{\omega}$ q Integral | | | - Integra | l Gain | 133.0 | |
| | | | | | | - | |
| | | | | | | 5 Setting | List of Parameters |

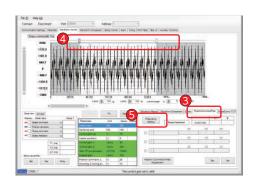
4. Using Digitax SF Connect to Measure Vibration Frequency (FFT)

- Load the waveforms measured or waveform data saved to display. (The example shown on the right is saved waveform data.)
- Select a parameter of which the vibration frequency is to be investigated. Mark the check box to display the waveform.



- Select Position Command Filter or Torque Command Filter
- Select a range to investigate vibration frequency. If the position command filter or torque command filter is selected, the second cursor location of the chart will be determined based on the 1st cursor location such that the display range will contain 2nd sample points.
- Click Frequency display

The x-axis unit will be changed from time [ms] to frequency [Hz]. The display unit of the graph in the range between the 1st and 2nd cursors will be converted to frequency.



When the x-axis unit on the graph is switched to frequency, the cursor colors will change.

The table will show the frequency in red on column A and blue on

- Read the peak value by using the cursor.
- Click on Position Command Filter Adjustment Torque Command Filter Adjustment

This will take you to the filter setup window under the tuning tab where a filter can be set.



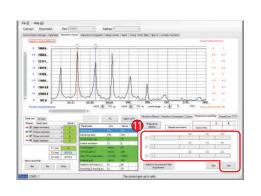
- 8 Click on the icon for the filter that you want to set.
 - Up to four levels of the position command filters and three levels of torque command filters are available.
- Set the filter parameters. For the notch filter, enter the vibration frequency measured.
- Click on Waveform to return to the waveform monitor.



The filter that you just set will be shown on the list.

Unchecking the check box will switch the effect of the filter ON/OFF

Switch on to verify the filter effect. Switching off will not lose the filter parameter.



Tip for Notch Filter Setup

When you are setting a notch filter, use the initial value for the notch width and check the effect first. After setting the notch filter, start the equipment, verify the filter effect, and lower the notch frequency gradually. Measure the waveforms to find the best filter conditions such as frequency, width, and depth. The notch frequency varies depending on the equipment

| 7. Tuning | |
|-----------|------|
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| 1 . Checking | Warnings and Alarms | 2 |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| | ne Setup Panel | |
| 2. Warnings | s and Remedies | 5 |
| 1. Warning | g Output | 5 |
| | nd Remedies | |
| 1. List of A | slarms Details | 8 |
| | hooting | |
| Problem 2 Problem 3 Problem 4 | (No display on the Setup Panel) (Servomotor not turning ON). (No motor rotation). (Unstable motor motion). | 19 20 . 21 |
| | (Positional disturbance) (Vibration and abnormal noise) | |

1. Checking Warnings and Alarms

Warnings and alarm numbers can be viewed on the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect. When an alarm and a warning occur at the same time, the alarm will be displayed first. For

possible cause and remedy, check the warning or alarm list.

The alarm history keeps up to ten alarms including the current one. (*)

*) Alarm No.22 (control power supply error) and Warning numbers are not logged in the alarm history.

The alarm numbers and the cumulative run time (in hours) up to the time of alarm are logged.

An alarm reults in a drive trip and the motor will stop.

A warning does not result in a drive trip, motion continues but the warning state is entered.

Note: The drive version can be checked with Digitax SF Connect.

Digitax SF Connect Instruction Manual

1. Using the Setup Panel

When a warning occurs, the drive STATUS LED blinks green. In addition, the Setup Panel will automatically display the corresponding warning No.

When an alarm occurs, the drive STATUS LED changes from solid green to solid red. In addition, the Setup Panel will automatically display the alarm No.

Note that the above does not happen in the following modes: <u>Parameter Setting Mode</u>, <u>Quick Tuning Mode</u>, <u>Auto Tuning Mode</u>, and <u>Auxiliary Function Mode</u>. In these cases, press to switch to Alarm Display Mode.

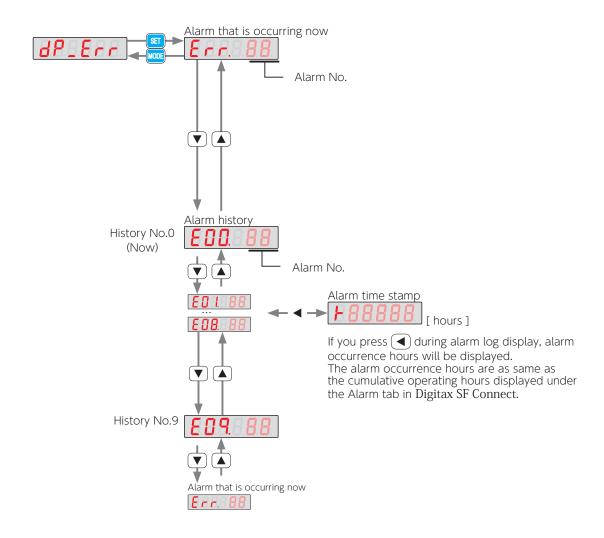
Status Display Mode will be suppressed / disabled while an alarm or warning is occurring. Press to check other warnings and alarms.

5 Settings Setup Panel

| STATUS LED | Meaning | Symptom | | |
|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MODE SELECT SELE | The drive is not ON. | The control power (24 VDC) is not supplied. Or the drive has not been started. | | |
| Solid Green Nite A wood SEED SET TABLE | Normal no warnings/alarms | Drive is operating normally. | | |
| Blinking Green Nitter E 9 0 0 A wore SEET TANKS | Abnormal warning occurring | Warning is occurring | | |
| Solid Red Nitle: A WODE S | Abnormal alarm occurring | Alarm is occurring | | |

1. Checking Warnings and Alarms

Checking the Alarm History on the Setup Panel



1. Checking Warnings and Alarms

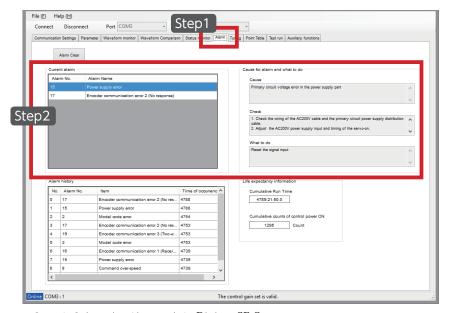
2. Using Digitax SF Connect

Turn on the 24 VDC control power to the drive and start Digitax SF Connect.

For information on the warning/alarm, check "Alarm currently occurring" under the [Alarm] tab.

If you are not sure what to do, contact the supplier with the alarm number and its description Digitax SF Connect Instruction Manual

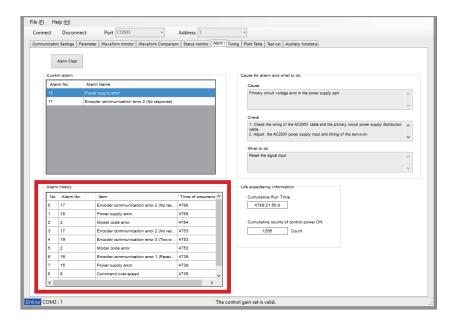
for help.



Step 1. Select the Alarm tab in Digitax SF Connect.

Step 2. See [Current alarm] and [Cause for the alarm] and [What to do] windows for details.

Checking the Alarm History in Digitax SF Connect



The alarm history area shows a list of the alarms.

2. Warnings and Remedies

1. Warning Output

There are 4 ways to output warnings.

1. I/O

While a warning is being output, the user I/O WARN1 (warning) becomes closed.

4 Connections Descriptions CN1 connector signals

2. Setup Panel Output

During warning output, the warning number will appear on the Setup Panel.

| Warning No. | Warning Description |
|-------------|--|
| Err.900 | Encoder overheat detection |
| Err.901 | Encoder battery voltage drop error detection |
| Err.902 | Emergency stop |
| Err.903 | Encoder communication warning |
| Err.904 | Excessive position error |

3. RS-485 Communication

Warning status output with the RS-485 communication.

9 Appendices Status Display

4. Digitax SF Connect

Select the Alarm tab in Digitax SF Connect. See [Current alarm] and [Alarm history] windows for details.

Digitax SF Connect Instruction Manual

2. Warnings and Remedies

2. Warning Details

| Warning No. | 900 | Encoder overheat detection |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | by Encoder: (| ture inside the absolute encoder has exceeded the temperature value specified Overheat detection - Value (267.0). be output in place of the warning. |
| Remedy | | mbient temperature and improve thermal radiation heck the setting of Encoder: Overheat detection - Value |
| Reset Method | After eliminat CN1. | ing the cause, then input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector |

| Warning No. | 901 | Encoder battery voltage drop error detection |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | · | oltage of the absolute encoder has dropped below the voltage set by tery voltage drop detection - Value (268.0). |
| Remedy | | pattery in the absolute encoder. coder: Battery voltage drop detection - Value (268.0). |
| Reset Method | After eliminat CN1. | ing the cause, then input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector |

| Warning No. | 902 | Emergency stop |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The E-STOP o | control terminal digital input is open. |
| Remedy | | TOP control terminal digital input oper I/O connections. |
| Reset Method | After eliminat CN1. | ting the cause, then input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector |
| Related To | 9 Appendice | es Functions Emergency Stop |

2. Warnings and Remedies

| Warning No. | 903 | Encoder communication warning | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Failed to obtain ABS encoder temperature and battery voltage data. | | | | |
| Remedy | Keep the cab Check for no → Use a sh → Keep the → Connect → Use ferr | re disconnection or loose connection of pins. sole length no longer than 20 m. ise interference. nielded twist-pair cable. e encoder cable away from the motor power cable. Ground/Earth FG firmly. ite core for the motor power cable and encoder cable. above didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier. | | | |
| Reset Method | After elimina CN1. | ting the cause, then input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector | | | |

| Warning No. | 904 | Excessive position error | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The position error consecutively exceeded the setting of Position error warning detection: Value (363.0) and the setting of Position error warning detection: Delay time (365.0). | | | |
| Remedy | Check the co Check the wi Verify that th Verify that th Check the set | ning parameters. Immand from the host controller. Iring. In the brake is released. In the motor is not in a torque limit state per torque command limit. Itings of Position error warning detection: Value (363.0) and Position error ction: Delay time (365.0). | | |
| Reset Method | After eliminat CN1. | ing the cause, then input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector | | |

3. Alarms and Remedies

1. List of Alarms

| Alarm No. | Alarm Name Ref | er to page |
|-----------|--|------------|
| 0 | System | 9 |
| 1 | EEPROM data | 9 |
| 2 | Product code | 9 |
| 4 | Overspeed | 9 |
| 5 | Speed | 10 |
| 6 | Position | 10 |
| 7 | Overload | 11 |
| 8 | Command overspeed | 11 |
| 9 | Encoder pulse Output frequency | 12 |
| 10 | Positioning command overflow /Homing failure | 12 |
| 11 | Encoder (multi-turn counter overflow) | 12 |
| 12 | Overheat | 12 |
| 14 | Overvoltage | 13 |
| 15 | Power supply (AC Supply) | 13 |
| 16 | Encoder (received data) | 14 |
| 17 | Encoder (no response) | 14 |
| 18 | Encoder (circuit) | 14 |
| 19 | Encoder (communication) | 14 |
| 20 | Encoder (multi-turn data) | 14 |
| 21 | Encoder (voltage drop) | 15 |
| 22 | Voltage (control power) | 15 |
| 23 | Switch circuit | 15 |
| 24 | Overcurrent | 15 |
| 25 | Inverter 1 | 16 |
| 26 | Inverter 2 | 16 |
| 27 | Current sensor | 16 |
| 28 | Encoder (overheat) | 16 |
| 29 | Voltage drop (inside the drive) | 16 |

2. Alarm Details

| Alarm No. | 0 | System | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Error in the c The control c | ontrol circuit ircuit CPU is not operating normally. | |
| Remedy | Please contac | Please contact the supplier of the drive | |
| Reset Method | ව | | |

| Alarm No. | 1 | EEPROM data | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Error during | writing of Parameters | |
| Remedy | Check the int | Check the interface cable and re-write the parameters. | |
| Reset Method | - | | |

| Alarm No. | 2 | Product code | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The drive-mo | Unable to read the product code The drive-motor pairing was wrong. The encoder cable was not connected to the drive correctly. (This includes wiring disconnection) | |
| Remedy | | Check the motor-drive pairing. Check the encoder cable connections. | |
| Reset Method | <u>&</u> | | |

| Alarm No. | 4 | Overspeed | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The comman | stational speed exceeded the rated maximum rotational speed. d from the host controller was not appropriate. esidual pulses due to drive limit switch input or other reasons. | |
| Remedy | Check the co | Adjust the Tuning parameters. Check the command. Verify that the location of the limit sensor hasn't shifted. | |
| Reset Method | 8 | | |

| Alarm No. | 5 | Speed |
|----------------------------------|---|-------|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Position control/Speed control error The command was not appropriate. The load was too heavy and could not keep up with the command speed. Speed error detection: Value (90.0) was not appropriate. | |
| Remedy | Check the command from the host controller. Adjust the tuning parameters. Check the setting of Speed error detection: Value (90.0). Verify that the brake is released. Verify that the motor is not in a torque limit state per torque command limit. | |
| Reset Method | | |

| Alarm No. | 6 | Position |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Position Control Error The acceleration time was too short There was wrong connection or disconnection of the motor power cable or encoder cable. Position error detection: Value (87.0) was not appropriate. | |
| Remedy | Adjust the tuning parameters. Check the command from the host controller. Check the wiring. Check the setting of Position error detection: Value (87.0). Verify that the brake is disengaged. Verify that the motor is not in a torque limit state per torque command limit. | |
| Reset Method | e | |



| Alarm No. | 7 | Overload | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Immediately after the operation started 1. The motor did not move at all. 2. The motor moved a little. 3. An alarm occurred after the motor started moving. During operation 4. An alarm occurred at the same point of the motion profile. The acceleration time was too short The motor was not accelerating when the alarm occurred. (The machine collided with some object.) 5. The motor capacity was too small (i.e. the load was too large) 6. The vibration was significant upon alarm occurrence. 7. Tuning parameters or command(s) were not appropriate. (The motor changed its rotational direction abruptly) 8. Noise was generated. | | |
| Remedy | Executing overloaded motion continuously may burnout the motor. Check the motor power cable connections. Verify that the user-selected motor capacity is appropriate. Verify that the brake is disengaged. Verify that the deceleration ratio is appropriate. During Acceleration - Check the acceleration time, torque wave form and load ratio. Not During Acceleration - Verify that there are no obstacles inside the work area of the equipment. Check the torque waveforms and load ratio. Check the inertia ratio. Increase the motor capacity. Install a decelerator Adjust the Tuning parameters. Verify that there are no commands to cause a sudden change in the motor rotational direction. Configure moderate commands, for example, use command smoothing filter. Configure countermeasures for noise such as a notch filter or low-pass filter. | | |
| Reset Method | - | | |

| Alarm No. | 8 | Command overspeed |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | | control input exceeded the max rotational speed. nd from the host controller was not appropriate. |
| Remedy | Check the Pulse train command: Ratio (34.0 and 36.0). Check the commands from the host controller. | |
| Reset Method | 3 | |

| Alarm No. | 9 | Encoder pulse - Output frequency error |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The frequenc | y of the encoder pulse output exceeded 4 Mpps. |
| Remedy | Check the numerator and denominator settings in the Encoder pulse output: Pulse ratio (276.0 and 278.0). Check the settings of Encoder pulse output: Error detection - Frequency upper limit (285.0) and Encoder pulse output: Error detection - Delay time (286.0). | |
| Reset Method | ණ | , |

| Alarm No. | 10 | Positioning command overflow /Homing failure |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | External position command exceeded the absolute value range of \pm 1,073,741,823. The shift amount per one of the commands exceeded the \pm 2,147,483,647 range. Homing failed and timed out. | |
| Remedy | Select a value different from the current setting of Internal Position: Overflow detection (643.0). Adjust the parameters such that the shift amount will be within the \pm 1,073,741,823 range. Adjust the shift amount of Positioner motion, inching and test each one. Adjust the Homing related parameters. | |
| Reset Method | e | |

| Alarm No. | 11 | Encoder(multi-turn counter overflow) |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Multi-turn da | ta of the encoder has exceeded the $\pm32,\!767$ range. |
| Remedy | Check the setting of Absolute system (257.0). Verify that the multi-turn motion amount is within the \pm 32,767 range. | |
| Reset Method | త్ర | |

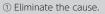
| Alarm No. | 12 | Overheat | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The control c | circuit temperature has exceeded the upper limit. | |
| Remedy | | Check the drive's installation method and environment. Lower the ambient temperature to below the rating. | |
| Reset Method | e | | |

| Alarm No. | 14 | Overvoltage | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The power supply to the control components has exceeded the drive circuit limits. | | |
| Remedy | If the alarm occurs only during deceleration By using the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect, check the regeneration status, which tells you if a braking resistor is necessary. If necessary, install a braking resistor. Check the motion patterns of commands. Use a command filter and gradually decrease the speed. | | |
| | If the alarm occurs regardless of deceleration Verify that the AC Supply is within specification. Check for voltage changes while the whole system is operating. | | |
| Reset Method | 9 | | |

| Alarm No. | 15 | Power supply (AC Supply) |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The AC Supply voltage is abnormally high or low. The AC Supply was not present. The AC Supply was not within the input range. The power supply fluctuated and exceeded the rated range. SVON signal was input without AC supply being present. Anomaly of the regenerative control circuit operating time lasted longer than a specific amount of time. Pergeneration ON status too long. | |
| Remedy | If the alarm occurred between servo on and operation startup Verify that the AC Supply is connected to the drive. Check the AC supply. Check the timing of AC Supply input and SVON signal input. If the alarm occurred during motor operation Check for no voltage fluctuations due to the whole system operation. Provide enough power supply so that the system experiences no voltage fluctuations If the alarm occurs during deceleration Check the regenerative voltage warning signal on the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect. If a regenerative voltage warning occurs, install a braking resistor. Check the motion patterns directed by commands. Gradually decrease speeds by using a command smoothing filter. | |
| Reset Method | 3 | |



RESET Signal



 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{2}}$ input RESET signal to the RESET terminal on the connector CN1.



Control-power cycle

① Eliminate the cause. ② Cycle control-power.



CLEAR Encoder

- ① Eliminate the cause.
- ② Execute CLEAR Encoder
- ③ Cycle control-power.

After power cycle, perform Homing.

| Alarm No. | 16 | Encoder (received data) |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Encoder data changed rapidly for a short period of time. | |
| Alarm No. | 17 | Encoder (no response) |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Encoder com | munications were disconnected. |
| Alarm No. | 19 | Encoder (communication) |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The initial co | mmunication with the encoder failed. |
| Alarm No. | 20 | Encoder (multi-turn data) |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | | oder data changed rapidly for a short period of time. If starting, the encoder failed to receive multi-turn data internally. |
| Remedy | Check for wire disconnection or loose connection of pins. Keep the cable length no longer than 20 m. Check for noise interference. → Use a shielded twist-pair cable. → Keep the encoder cable away from the motor power cable. → Connect Ground/Earth FG firmly. → Use ferrite core for motor power cable and encoder cable. | |
| | If any of the above didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier of the drive. | |
| Reset Method | ঞ | |

| Alarm No. | 18 | Encoder (circuit) |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | (Alarm No.21 The encoder t | roltage of the absolute encoder dropped or the battery became disconnected. is output in this case) temperature has exceeded the specification and output data has become abnormal, the encoder itself has been detected. |
| Remedy | Replace t If you are not Check v | ng an absolute system the battery, connect it, and initialize the encoder. The using an absolute system The vhether the encoder temperature is within specification. The above didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier of the drive. |
| Reset Method | 3 9 | |

| Alarm No. | 21 | Encoder (voltage drop) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The battery b | oltage dropped. became disconnected. It start-up after the battery was connected. |
| Remedy | | v battery voltage. ose battery cable. encoder. |
| Reset Method | 2 4 | |

| Alarm No. | 22 | Voltage (control power) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The control power supply dropped. | | |
| Remedy | Check for ins | ntrol power supply. ufficient control power supply capacity. ring of user I/O connector 24 V (Pin 1 and Pin 2). | |
| | Check all the | y be output at the same time as other alarms such as Alarm No.15 (Power supply) alarms that are occurring. Il not remain in the alarm history. | |
| Reset Method | | | |

| Alarm No. | 23 | Switch circuit |
|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Control circu | it has failed. |
| Remedy | Please conta | ct the supplier of the drive. |
| Reset Method | | |

| | · | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Alarm No. | 24 | Overcurrent | |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Anomaly of n | notor control current inside of the drive has been detected. | |
| Remedy | → Ground → Wiring Check the Tu → Increas → Enable Allow motor Check the en → Conned → Use a f | mistake in the motor power cable connection uning parameters and motor motion patterns. See the acceleration/deceleration time of command. /Disable Position command filter 1 and 4 (66.0, 66.1, 80.0, and 81.0). motion by disengaging the brake or removing from the stopper. | |
| Reset Method | - | | |

| Alarm No. | 25 | Inverter 1 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Anomaly in t | he control circuit has been detected. |
| Alarm No. | 26 | Inverter 2 |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | Anomaly in the SERVO ON ti | ne control circuit has been detected. med out. |
| Remedy | → Groundir | otor power cable. ng fault nistake in motor power cable connections |
| | | above didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier of the drive. |
| Reset Method | 8 | |
| Alarm No. | 27 | Current sensor |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | | temperature of the current sensor was high. he current sensor has been detected. |
| Remedy | | stallation method and environment. above didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier of the drive. |
| Reset Method | 8 | |
| Alarm No. | 28 | Encoder (overheat) |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The encoder | PCB temperature has reached the upper limit. |
| Remedy | | stallation method and environment of the motor. e ambient temperature of the motor below the specification. |
| Reset Method | @ | |
| Alarm No. | 29 | Voltage drop (inside the drive) |
| Symptom and Possible Cause | The control p | power voltage (5 VDC) inside the drive has dropped. |
| Remedy | · ' | ere is no short-circuit in encoder cable connections. didn't resolve the issue, please contact the supplier of the drive. |
| Reset Method | 9 | |

Check the following if the drive does not start and the motor does not rotate although no alarm is output.

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|---|--|----------|
| Problem 1 No display on the Setup Panel | Control power (24 VDC) is being supplied, but the Setup Panel does not light up. | 18 |

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|--|---|----------|
| Problem 2 No current flows to the motor | The Setup Panel shows, but the servo cannot be enabled. | 19 |

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|-----------------------------|---|----------|
| Problem 3 No motor rotation | The motor does not rotate although the servo is on. | 20 |

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Problem 4 Unstable motor motion | The motor motion is unstable. | 21 |

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Problem 5 Positional disturbance | Positional disturbance occurs. | 22 |

| Problem | Symptom | Refer to |
|--|---|----------|
| Problem 6 Vibration and abnormal noise | The motor causes vibration or abnormal noise. | 23 |

Problem 1 (No display on the Setup Panel)

Control power (24 VDC) is being supplied, but the Setup Panel does not light up.

| Cause | Remedy |
|---|--|
| The controller power 24 VDC is not connected to the user I/O connector. | Connect the 24 VDC to the user I/O connector. Connect the 24 VDC to Pin 1 and Pin 3 and GND to Pin 2 and Pin 12 respectively. |
| Loose user I/O connector | Connect the user I/O connector firmly. |
| The control power voltage is low. | Check the control power supply voltage capacity. |
| The drive has failed. | Please contact the supplier of the drive. |

Problem 2 (No current flows to the motor)

The Setup Panel shows, but the servo cannot be enabled.

| Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|
| The servo on signal (SVON) is not being input. | Input the SVON signal of the host connector to the user I/O connector. |
| The AC Supply is not present. (Alarm No.15 is displayed) | Verify that CHARGE LED is on. If it is off, verify that the AC supply connections are not loose, and the voltage is present. |
| The motor power connector is loose. | Connect the Motor Power connector firmly. |
| The drive has failed. | Please contact the supplier of the drive. |

Problem 3 (No motor rotation)

The servo is on, but the motor does not rotate.

| Cause | Remedy |
|---|--|
| The parameters are not set correctly. | Check the parameters required for the control mode that you are using. 6 Operations |
| Command from the host controller is not correctly input. | Check the command from the host controller. Use Digitax SF Connect to measure the waveforms of Pulse Train Command Input (position) or Analog Velocity Command Input and verify that normal commands are input. Check the parameters such as pulse ratio. It is possible that the motor is rotating very slowly. |
| The command input pins of user I/O connector are not connected correctly. | Check for correct I/O connections. 4 Connections |
| No command input is allowed. | Open HOLD and COM- pins of the user I/O. |
| Torque command limit is not set correctly. | Verify that Torque command limit: Value 1 and Value 2 (147.0, 148.0) are set correctly. |
| CCW/CW drive limit switch input is enabled. | If CCW/CW drive limit switch input is not required, set Drive limit switch input: Setup (67.0) to 0 (disable). If it is enabled and required, connect both CCWL and CWL pins of the user I/O connector with either "COM-" or "closed" each. |

Problem 4 (Unstable motor motion)

The motor does rotate, but motion is unstable.

| Cause | Remedy |
|--|---|
| Ground/Earth FG and GND are not connected correctly. | Connect Ground/Earth FG and GND correctly. |
| Speed/Position commands are unstable. | On the waveform monitor in Digitax SF Connect, check the command from the host controller. Check for proper connection of the I/O connector. |
| Tuning is incomplete. | Adjust the parameters. |
| The motor rotates with no host command input. | In Position Control Mode Set Pulse train command: Input filter (33.0) to an appropriate value. In Velocity Control Mode Adjust Analog velocity: Offset value (60.0). In Torque Control Mode Adjust Analog torque: Offset value (300.0) |

Problem 5 (Positional disturbance)

The motor does rotate, but position disturbance occurs.

| Cause | Remedy |
|---|---|
| The command signal has electrical noise present. | In Position Control/Pulse Train Command Set Pulse train command Input filter (33.0) to an appropriate value. Check the following three items. 1. Status No.33 (Pulse Train Command Input (position) agrees with the host controller output. 2. Status No.65 "Position command" and Status No.67 "Position feedback" agree. 3. (Status No.67) x (Encoder pulse ratio (276.0/278.0) = (Position feedback from the host control device) If the above do not solve the problem, take countermeasures for noise. Connect Ground/Earth FG correctly. Adjust Pulse train command: Input filter (33.0) Select a shielded twist-pair wire for the I/O cable. For the encoder cable, select a shielded twisted-pair wire of no longer than 20m. |
| The position error is not converging. | Verify that Status No.65 (Position command value) and Status No.67 (Position feedback) agree. If not, adjust the tuning parameters. |
| The host controller is not obtaining encoder Z-phase correctly. | Check the command from the host controller. Use Digitax SF Connect to measure the waveforms of Status No.33 "Pulse Train Command Input (position)" or Status No.49 "Analog Velocity Command Input" to verify that a normal command is input. Verify that the host controller is obtaining Z-phase correctly. If the Z-phase pulse width is too small, increase the pulse width by using the Encoder pulse ratio (276.0/278.0) As a rule of thumb, a pulse width of 1 ms or above is required for PLC. |
| Output pulse frequency of the host controller is above the upper limit. | Verify that the output pulse frequency of the host controller such as PLC is not above the upper limit. |
| A resistor is installed in the pulse output circuit of the host controller (PLC). | Verify that there is no built-in resistor in the pulse output terminal. The output resistor of the host controller and the input resistor of servo drive being connected in series prevents correct command signal from being input to the drive. |

Problem 6 (Vibration and abnormal noise)

The motor is experiencing vibration or abnormal noise.

| Cause | Remedy |
|---|--|
| Tuning parameter settings are not appropriate. | Set the Control Gain 1, Control Gain 2, Integral Gain to lower values. Especially for very rigid equipment such as ball screws, set the Current control gain (193.0) to 1 if noise occurs at servo-on stop. |
| Loose Mechanical Couplings | Check the installation of the motor, decelerator, couplings, and so on. |
| Noise interference is occurring. | Check the length or shield of each cable. Separate the high voltage cable such as motor power cable from the signal cable such as encoder cables. Avoid parallel cable runs |
| The equipment and the motor are resonating. | For low-frequency vibration, adjust the position command smoothing filter. For high-frequency vibration, adjust the low-pass filter or notch filter. |
| Motor load is substantially large ^(*) (Alarm No.7 is displayed) | Set the inertia condition parameter to "Heavy" Keep adjusting the Position Command Smoothing Filter to smooth the command until the vibration at the time of acceleration becomes eliminated. Set the Inertia ratio (102.0) to 3,000. To stabilize the motion, increase Integral gain value according to Control Gain 1 and Control Gain 2. |
| The current pairing of drive and motor is not right. | Check the motor model code under "Communication Settings" tab in Digitax SF Connect. In case of incompatibility, clear the parameters saved in EEPROM and change the motor. |

^{*)} This problem may occur in a low-rigidity case such as belt drive if the load inertia ratio is over 30 times.

| 6. Troubleshooting | |
|--------------------|-------|
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9 Appendices

| 1. Absolute System | 2 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Overview. System Configuration. Backup Battery. Absolute Encoder Cable. Initializing Absolute Encoder. Obtaining Absolute Data. Alarm. | |
| 2. Function | 15 |
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9. Appendices

1. Absolute System

1. Overview

By using the absolute system, you do not have to perform Homing after cycling power.

Preparations

To configure an absolute system, prepare the following items.

- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$. A motor equipped with absolute-encoder and a drive that supports absolute system.
- ② A backup battery
- 3 An absolute encoder Cable

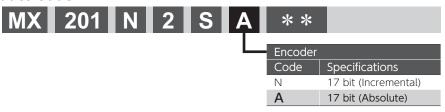


Page 6 Absolute Encoder Cable

Checking the model code

Select the model code that support absolute systems.

Motor Product Code:



2. System Configuration

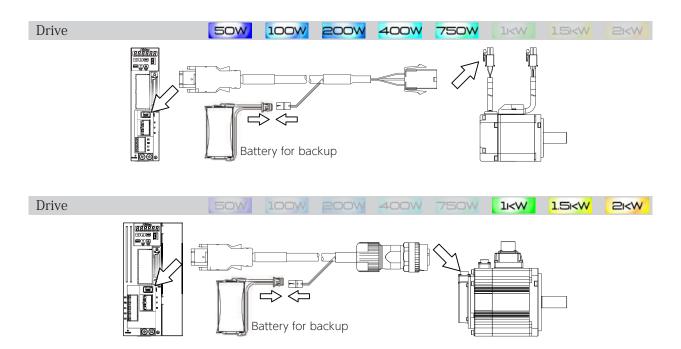
Connection Method

- $1. \ \ \text{To ensure safety, isolate the AC Supply} \ \text{and the control power first, and then connect the absolute encoder cable}.$
 - Refer to the figure below.
- 2. Be sure of the right connecting polarity, and connect the backup battery correctly.
 - Page 4 Backup Batteries
- 3. After connecting the battery, secure the battery to the absolute encoder cable by using a cable tie.

 Page 5 Securing the battery
- 4. Initialize the absolute encoder.



Cable and Battery Connections



Digitax SF Instruction Manual

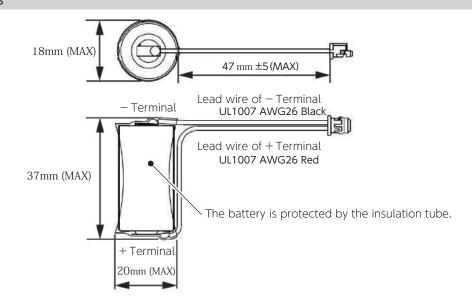
3. Backup Battery

Recommended Specifications

| Item | Specifications | Remark |
|---|---|---|
| Model Code | CR17335E-R-CH3 | Manufactured by FDK ^(*) Series battery: CR17335E-R |
| Nominal Voltage | 3.0 V | - |
| Nominal Capacity | 1,600 mAh | Nominal capacity is determined at the voltage of 2.0 V when the battery was discharged at a standard current level under the 23 °C environment. |
| Maximum Continuous Discharge Current | 500 mA | Under the 23 °C environment |
| Dimensions | See the figure below. | |
| Exterior | Insulation tubing | - |
| Terminal | Housing: DF3-2S-2C Contact: DF3E-2428SCFC Lead wire: UL 1007 AWG26 Red (+), Black (—) | Connector: Hirose Electric |
| Mass | 17 g | |
| Temperature Range | Operating temperature : $-40 ^{\circ}\!$ | No condensation |
| Recommended Storage Conditions | Temperature: 10 ℃ to 30 ℃ Humidity: 60 % RH or less | - |

^{*)} This is a primary lithium battery. Do not try to charge it, or it may explode.

Dimensions



Precautions for Battery Storage and Installation

Avoid places subject to any of the following:

- · Direct sunlight, rain drops
- · Corrosive atmosphere, oil mist, or iron powder
- · Poor ventilation or high humidity
- · Dirt or dust
- Vibration
- \cdot Impact to the installed battery

Securing the Battery

1. Securing the Battery

Secure the battery to the cable, for example, using a cable tie. We recommend using a cable tie tensioning tool. Holding strength of the cable tie should be 11.6 to 44.2 [N].



2. Protecting the Battery Connector Part

Protect the exposed part of the battery connector terminal with a heat shrink tube.







Replacing the Battery

When the battery voltage drops, Alarm No.21 (Encoder voltage drop) occurs. In this case, you need to replace the battery with a new one.

When replacing the battery, be sure to keep the control power (24 V) of the drive ON. Otherwise, you will lose the multi-turn data and need to perform homing again.



CAUTION



- Be careful not to connect the battery the wrong way round.
- Do not attempt to disassemble the battery.
- Do not short circuit the battery.
- Never attempt to charge the recommended battery.



Disposal of Batteries

Dispose of used batteries according to local government regulations.

9. Appendices

1. Absolute System

4. Absolute Encoder Cable

Recommended Products

You can purchase recommended cables from your supplier



5. Initializing Absolute Encoder

When using an absolute system for the first time or using it after replacing the motor, you need to initialize the encoder.

Use the Encoder Clear function by using the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect to initialize the encoder. And then restart your drive.

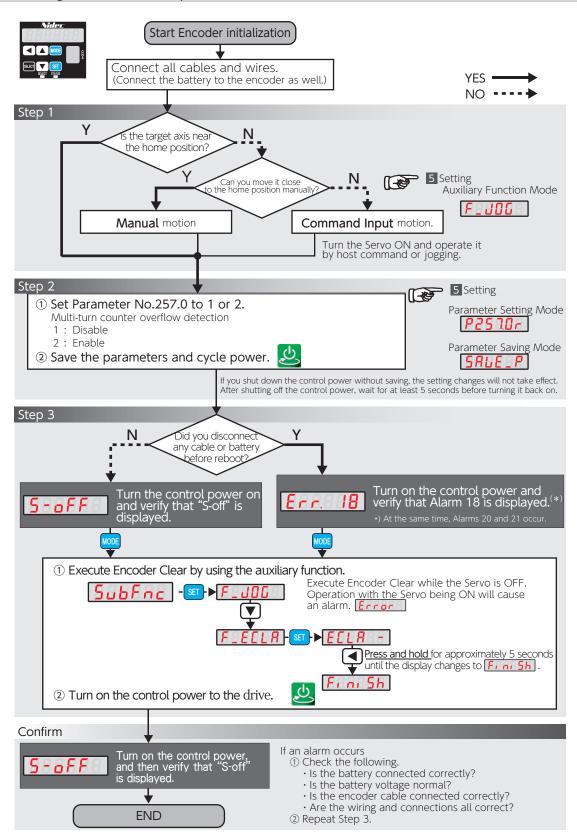
Only multi-turn data will be initialized and single-turn absolute data will not.

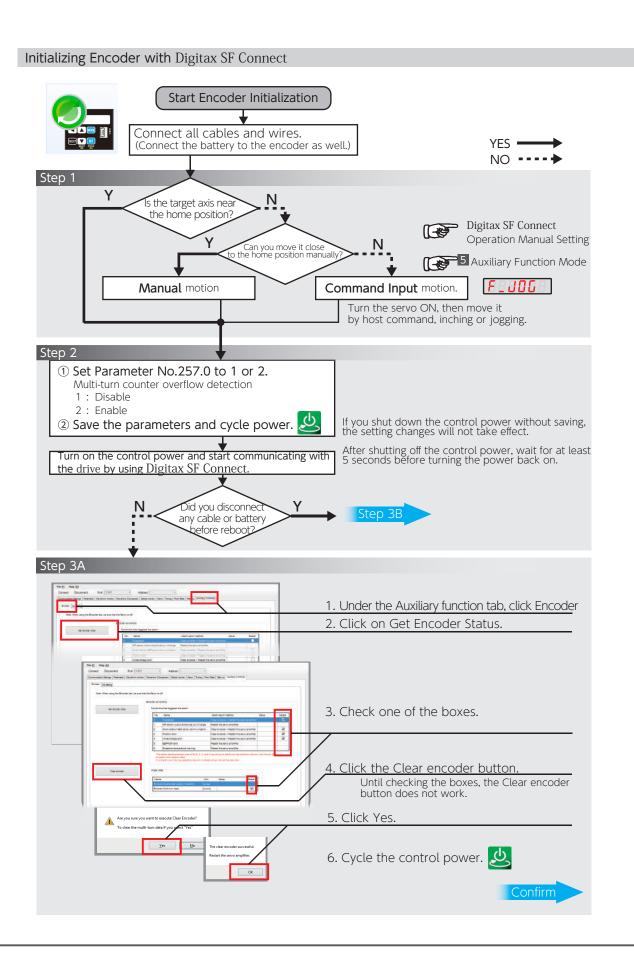


Initialize the absolute encoder before performing homing.

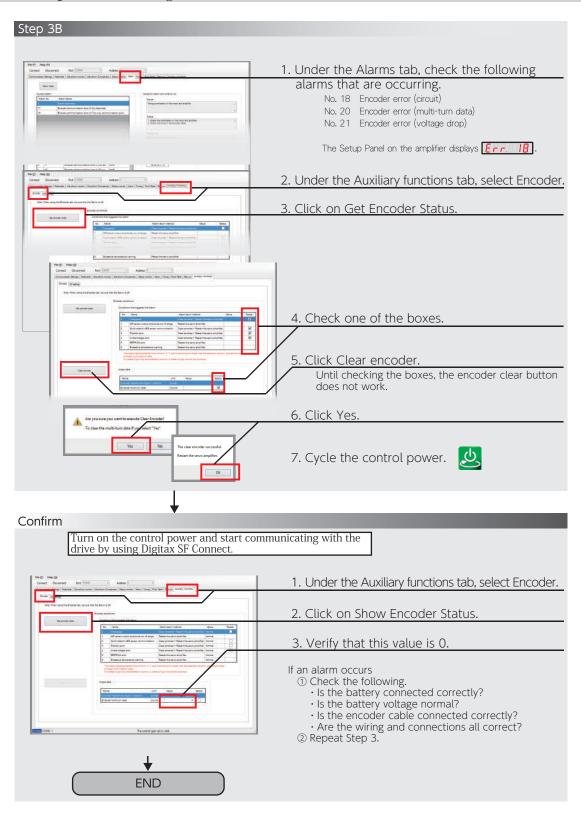


Initializing Encoder with Setup Panel





Initializing Encoder with Digitax SF Connect (continued)



6. Obtaining Absolute Data

You can check the encoder absolute data using RS-485 Communications or Digitax SF Connect.

Checking Absolute Data using RS-485 Communication

The RS-485 communications enable the host controller to obtain absolute data from the drive. To use RS-485 communications, set the following parameters.

Use the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect for the parameter setup.

Communications Manual: RS-485

| RS-485 Communications | Parameter No. | Description |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| Communication Address | 4.0 | Set the address for RS-485 Communication. The initial value: 1 Range: 132 |
| Communication Switch | 8.0 | Enable or disable RS-485 Communication. Select "1". |
| Minimum response time | 11.0 | Adjust response timing from the drive. Adjust it to satisfy the communication specification of the host controller. The initial value: 3 [ms] Range: 0255 [ms] |

Example of communication commands to obtain absolute data

Communications Manual: RS-485

Page 26 Encoder/Rotor mechanical angle (integrated value) in List of Status Variables

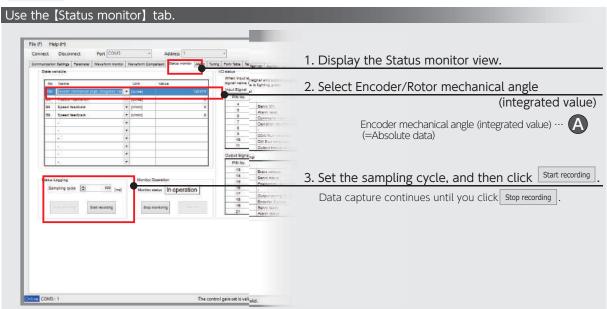
^{*)} This example is a command sent to the drive at Address 1.

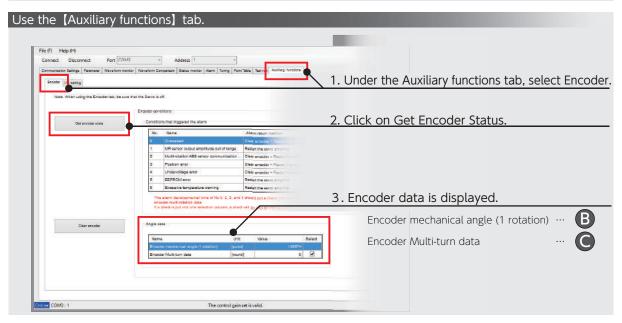
If the command is sent to another drive at an address other than Address 1, the error detection segment in the command is different from this example.

Get Absolute Data by Using Digitax SF Connect



Start Digitax SF Connect and start communicating with the drive.





The formula to calculate the absolute data

Below is the formula to derive absolute data (Encoder mechanical angle (integrated value)).

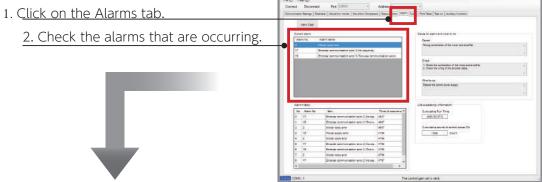


- A: Encoder mechanical angle (integrated value) (=Absolute data)
- B: Encoder mechanical angle (1 rotation)
- C: Encoder Multi-turn data

Alarm

By using Digitax SF Connect, you can check alarms that have occurred when using an absolute system.

These alarms cannot be cleared by Alarm Reset or cycling the control power. To reset alarms, execute ENCODER CLEAR at the Auxiliary functions tab, and then cycle the control power.



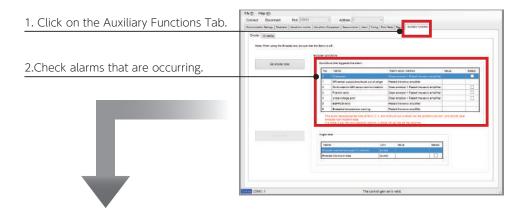
| | | E P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P |
|-----------|--|--|
| Alarm No. | Alarm Description | Symptoms and Remedy |
| 11 | Encoder (multi-turn counter overflow) | Multi-turn data of the encoder has exceeded the specification. Check the value of Absolute system (257.0). Verify that rotational data is no higher than 32,767 rotations. |
| 18 | Encoder (circuit) | Anomaly of the encoder itself. Check the alarm details. Page 14 Encoder Alarms |
| 20 | Encoder (multi- turn data) | Multi-turn data being reset. Check for the encoder cable connection problems such as poor pin contact. Take noise countermeasures. For example, separate the motor power cable from the encoder cable. |
| 21 | Encoder (voltage drop) | Multi-turn data being reset due to low battery voltage. Check for low battery voltage and loose connection of the battery cable. Initialize the encoder. |

Encoder Alarms

Use Digitax SF Connect to check alarms from the encoder. In case of alarm numbers 18, 20, or 21, you can check the details under the Auxiliary Functions tab in Digitax SF Connect.

These alarms cannot be cleared by Alarm Reset or cycle the control power. To reset alarms, execute ENCODER CLEAR, and then cycle the control power.

If cycling power does not solve the problem, please contact the supplier



| No. | Name | Description of Symptom |
|-----|---|--|
| 0 | Speed error | Multi-turn sensor error occurred during backup, or speed error occurred upon the control power on. |
| 1 | Angle sensor output Amplitude error | Abnormal amplitude of Angle sensor output amplitude. |
| 2 | Multi-turn ABS sensor communication error | Could not obtain multi-turn data during Initialisation after power up. |
| 3 | Position error | The single-turn sensor value and multi-turn sensor value do not agree because of faulty sensor; the encoder position data is unreliable. |
| 4 | Voltage drop error | Relevant only to absolute encoders. The supply voltage fell below the rated voltage range upon the control power OFF. |
| 5 | EEPROM error | The saved data in EEPROM is corrupted. |
| 6 | Overheat warning | The temperature of the encoder board exceeded the user-specified temperature. |
| 7 | Battery voltage drop warning | The battery voltage (*1) dropped below the user-specified value. |

 $[\]ast)$ The battery voltage is checked at the time of power turning on and every hour afterwards. The user-specified voltage is not displayed in Digitax~SF Connect.

2. Function

1. Emergency Stop

When you open User I/O E-STOP, Emergency Stop Status becomes ON.

Servo-OFF triggers deceleration stop and motor motion stops.

No alarm is output.

A warning is output by parameter settings. Close E-STOP to cancel Emergency Stop Status to resume motor operation.

The emergency stop function is always enabled regardless parameter settings; however, you need to set related parameters so that a warning is output upon Emergency Stop Status ON.

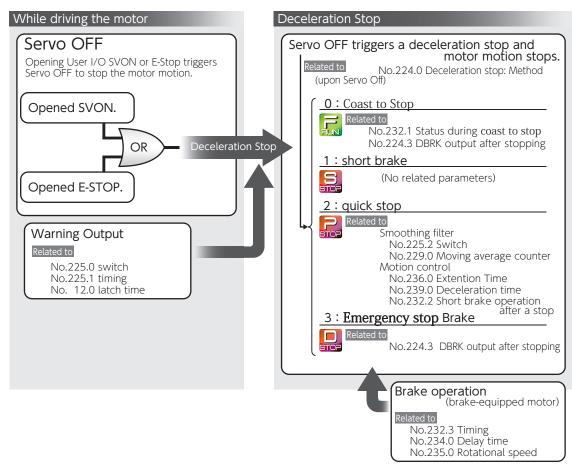


If you close E-STOP to turn Emergency Stop Status off while SVON is being input, any command input immediately starts motor motion.



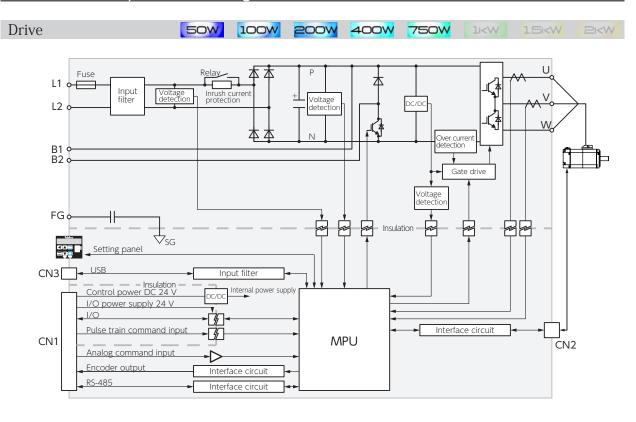
Deceleration Stop Setup

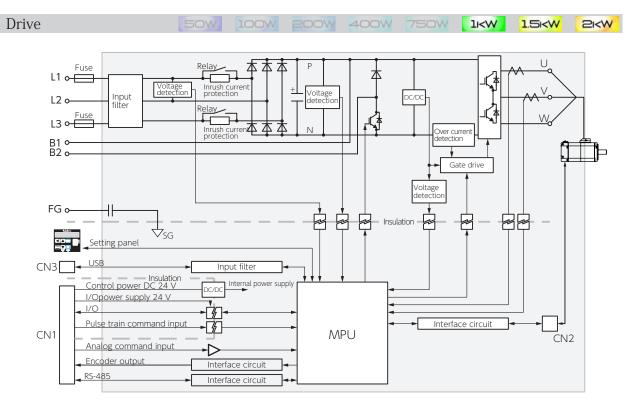
When you open User I/O SVON or E-STOP while operating the motor, the motor makes a deceleration stop according to the method predetermined by parameters.



3. Technical Data

1. Drive Circuit System Block Diagram





1. Introduction

You can see status data by using the Setup Panel, Digitax SF Connect or RS-485 communication.

• For information on how to display status information using the Setup Panel or Digitax SF Connect, refer to 5 Settings

The following communication commands are available for RS-485 communication.

| Command Name | Command Code (*) | Description |
|-------------------|------------------|--|
| GET_STATE_VALUE_2 | 10 | The status value specified by a status number is displayed in the <u>2-byte unit</u> . |
| GET_STATE_VALUE_4 | 11 | The status value specified by a status number is displayed in the <u>4-byte unit</u> . |

^{*)} Command code is a hexadecimal number.

Communications Manual RS-485

Status Alarm Units Bytes Signed

Status No. (Hexadecimal number) 0 (00) - 4 no

Description This item indicates the status of the alarm occurring inside of the drive.

Transmit data 24 01 00 11 00 00 E3 BB

Example of Transmit Command via RS-485 communication (Example: When sending a command to the drive of Address 1)

The command example is for reference only.



- Be sure to carefully review **5 Settings** and the Communication Manual RS-485 communication to become familiar with how to use communications commands.
- · Be sure that the data to be written is within the range between the predetermined upper limit and lower limit.



Note

This manual uses the following two types of pulse units to explain status variables.

Unit of Encoder pulse

This unit is pulse count of the drive control block, based on the pulses equivalent to single turn of the motor which is 17-bit. It is a pulse value resulting from division/ multiplication in the drive.

Unit of **Command pulse**

This unit is based on pulse count corresponding to single turn of the motor in the host controller's perspective. This is a pre-division/multiplication value.

9. Appendices

4. Status Display

2. List of Status Variables

| Status Variable | | Status No. | Units | |
|--|------|------------|---|----|
| Alarm | | 0 | _ | 19 |
| I/O Status | | 16 | - | 20 |
| Warning Output | | 22 | _ | 21 |
| Control Component Temperature | | 24 | $^{\circ}$ | 21 |
| Pulse Train Command Input (position) | | 33 | command pulse | 21 |
| Pulse Train Command Input (speed) | | 35 | pulse/160 μ s (50 W to 750 W) pulse/200 μ s (1 kW to 2 kW) | 21 |
| Analog Velocity Command | | 49 | rpm | 22 |
| Positioning Status | | 64 | - | 22 |
| Internal Command Value | | 65 | encoder pulse | 22 |
| Position Feedback | | 67 | encoder pulse | 22 |
| Position Error | | 69 | encoder pulse | 23 |
| ABS Position Command | | 74 | command pulse | 23 |
| Absolute Position Feedback | | 76 | command pulse | 24 |
| Command Position Error | | 78 | command pulse | 24 |
| ABS Position Error | | 80 | command pulse | 24 |
| Speed Command Value | | 97 | rpm | 24 |
| Speed Feedback | | 98 | rpm | 25 |
| Speed Error | | 99 | rpm | 25 |
| Torque Command Value | | 113 | 0.1 % | 25 |
| Load Factor | | 131 | digit | 26 |
| Load Factor(%) | (*1) | 132 | % | 26 |
| Encoder/Rotor mechanical angle (single-turn value) | | 194 | encoder pulse | 26 |
| Encoder/Rotor mechanical angle (integrated value) | | 195 | encoder pulse | 26 |
| Encoder Temperature | | 205 | ${\mathbb C}$ | 26 |
| Encoder Battery Voltage | | 206 | 0.1 V | 27 |
| Encoder Communication Retry Count | | 216 | times | 27 |
| Encoder Data Error Count | | 218 | times | 27 |
| Regeneration Status | | 228 | - | 28 |
| AC Supply Voltage | | 232 | 0.1 V | 28 |
| Logical I/O Input | (*2) | 288 | - | 29 |
| Logical I/O Output | (*2) | 296 | _ | 30 |
| Inertia Ratio Estimate | | 371 | % | 31 |

Note: The drive version can be checked in $Digitax\ SF\ Connect$

Digitax SF Connect Operation Manual

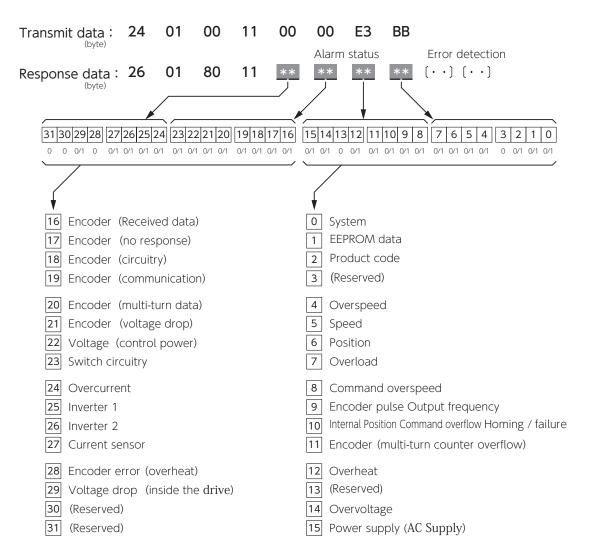
^{*1)} Digitax SF Connect only *2) RS-485 communication only

4. Status Display

3. Details of Each Status Variable

| Status | Alarm | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 0 (00) | - | 4 | no |
| Description | This item indicates the status of the alarm occurring | inside of the driv e | • | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 00 E3 BB | | | |

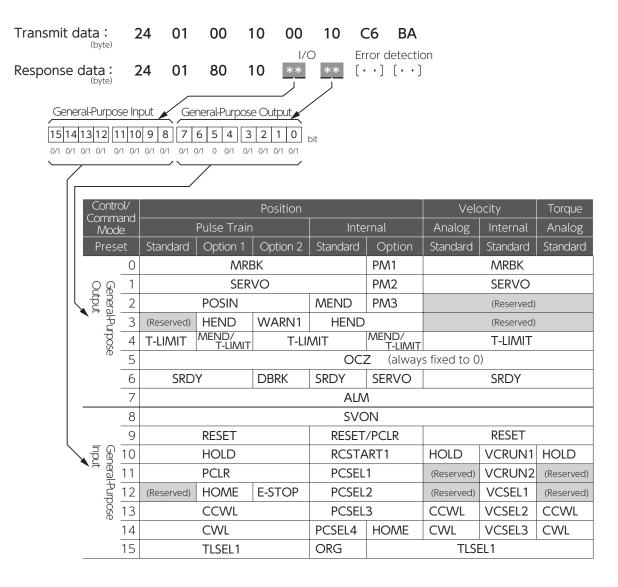
Relations between RS-485 Communication Command and Bit Tables



8 Troubleshooting

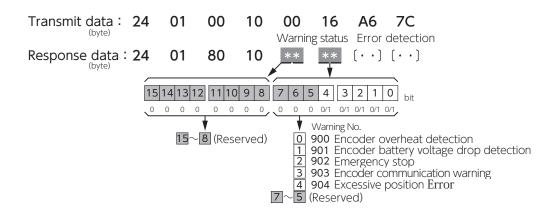
| Status | I/O Status | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 16 (10) | - | | no |
| Description | This item indicates the I/O Status of the CN1 connect You can check the I/O Status under [waveform monit Connect [waveform monitor] · · · displays total value of I/O [status monitor] · · · displays I/O bits in binary. Encoder z-phase output (OCZ) is always fixed to 0. | or and status n | nonitor] in | Digitax SF |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 10 C6 BA | | | |

Relations between RS-485 Communication Command and Bit Tables



| Status | Warning Output | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 22 (16) | - | | no |
| Description | The warning detail is returned in a bit field format. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 16 A6 7C | | | |

Relations between Warning Output and Bit Tables



| | | | 1 | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|-------------|----------|--|
| Status | Control Component Temperature | Units | Bytes | Signed | |
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 24 (18) | ℃ | | yes | |
| Description | Indicates the temperature at the drive control block. Install the drive in a place where the temperature at the | | l not excee | ed 85 ℃. | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 18 47 B2 | | | | |
| Status | Pulse Train Command Input (position) | Units | Bytes | Signed | |
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 33 (21) | command pulse | A BYTE | yes | |
| Description | The pulse count being output from the host controller is returned. | | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 21 D7 F8 | | | | |
| Status | Pulse Train Command Input (speed) | Units | Bytes | Signed | |
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 35 (23) | pulse/160 μ s (750 W or less) pulse/200 μ s (1 kW to 2 kW) | | yes | |
| Description | The speed value derived from using differentials of Pulse train command (position) at each 160 or 200 μ s period is returned. The unit is command pulse. | | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 23 C0 8A | | | | |

| Status | Analog Velocity Command | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|---------------------|------------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 49 (31) | rpm | | yes |
| Description | Indicates the value of the analog speed command be In Analog Velocity Command mode, by measuring this in Digitax SF Connect) and the value of speed error command response and vibration. | s value (in the wav | eform data | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 31 F2 F9 | | | |

| Status | Positioning Status | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 64 (40) | - | | no |
| Description | Indicates whether positioning is completed or not 0: Not completed 1: Completed | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 40 9C 4F | | | |

| Status | Internal Command Value | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|-------------|---------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 65 (41) | encoder pulse | A BYTE | yes |
| Description | Indicates the command value being input to the posi This is a value of the pulse command input (position) divided/multiplied and smoothed. | | al position | command |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 41 BB 5E | | | |

| Status | Position Feedback | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 67 (43) | encoder pulse | BYTE | yes |
| Description | Indicates the position data of the motor returned from the encoder to the drive. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 43 9B 1C | | | |

Transmit data

4. Status Display

Appendices

Status **Position Error** Units Bytes Signed Status No. (Hexadecimal number) 69 (45)encoder pulse yes Indicates error between the position command and position feedback. This value is important for tuning in position control mode, enabling you to do the following: To check the positioning time—for the position error to settle into your desired range after the pulse train command became 0—and vibration. To adjust gains such that the positioning time will be shorter and vibration will be suppressed, so the specifications for the equipment will be satisfied Description To check resonant frequency, in case of equipment vibration, by using waveforms of position error or torque limit value. To see whether vibration was suppressed by checking waveforms after specifying the vibration frequency for the following position command filters. Filter 1 (Smoothing filter 1) Moving average counter (80.0) • Filter 4 (Smoothing filter 2) Moving average counter (81.0) 24 01 00 11 00 45 FB DA

| Status | ABS Position Command | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 74 (4A) | command pulse | A BYTE | yes |
| Description | This indicates a position command value based on the home-position offset. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 4A 0A 35 | | | |

| Status | Absolute Position Feedback | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 76 (4C) | command pulse | A BYTE | yes |
| Description | Indicates the absolute position data returned from | the encoder to the | e drive. | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 4C 6A F3 | | | |

| Status | Command Position Error | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 78 (4E) | command pulse | A BYTE | yes |
| Description | Indicates the Error between a position command value and the feed back position value. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 4E 4A B1 | | | |

| Status | ABS Position Error | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 80 (50) | command pulse | A BYTE | yes |
| Description | Indicates the Error between a value of ABS Position Command (Status No.74) and the value of ABS Positioning Feedback (Status No.76). | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 50 B9 4E | | | |

| Status | Speed Command Value | Units | Bytes | Signed | |
|------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--------|--|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 97 (61) | rpm | | yes | |
| Description | Indicates the command value being input from the position loop (in Position Control mode or analog speed command (in Analog Speed Control mode) to the speed loop. While tuning, by measuring this value (waveform data displayed in Digitax SF Conne and position error (or speed error) at the same time, you can check command response with positioning time and vibration. Verify that no commands with extremely short acceleration/deceleration time are input from the host controller. If a command's acceleration/deceleration time is too short, the motor will be unable to keep up and vibration will easily occur. If you want to set a short acceleration/deceleration time, use a position command smoothing filt | | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 61 A8 0C | | | | |

| Status | Speed Error | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------|-----------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 99 (63) | rpm | | yes |
| Description | Error between the speed command and the speed This item is used in Velocity Control Mode. With acceleration/deceleration, and adjust gains so that range for the equipment. If the speed error is too large, make the adjustment w Gain next. This item is a reference value In Position Control Mo | this, you can che the value become vith Control Gain 1 | es within th | e desired |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 63 88 4E | | | |

| Status | Torque Command Value | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 113 (71) | 0.1 % | | yes |
| Description | Indicates the value of torque command. The value of You can check the torque range during acceleration and the instantaneous maximum torque. • RMS torque: Keep this below the rated torque. • Instantaneous torque: Use the motor such that this peak torque. When the RMS torque command value reaches the is, torque saturation), the torque output will be limit predetermined time will have elapsed. Torque saturation causes slow response. Take court For example. ① Set Position command filter. • Filter 1 (Smoothing filter 1) Moving average of Filter 4 (Smoothing filter 2) Moving average of Smooth acceleration/deceleration of the command install a speed reducer to decrease the inertia the inertia ratio. | will be approximate instantaneous mated and an alarm value measures. ounter (80.0) ounter (81.0) mand output from ratio. | re to the rady solves a second | stantaneous alue (that after the |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 71 BA 3D | | | |

| Status | Load Factor | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 131 (83) | digit | | no |
| Description | Indicates the motor load factor. The value of 1,000 is equivalent to 100% of the rated load. This item becoming 1,440 (120%) is an indicator of overload. Adjust the operating conditions such that this value remains under 1,000. Calculation formula: Motor load factor $[\%] = \sqrt{\text{(Load factor [digit]} \times 10\text{)}}$ | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 71 BA 3D | | | |

| Status | Load Factor (%) | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 132 (-) | % | - | no |
| Description | The motor load factor is presented in %. (Digitax SF Connect only) | | | |
| Transmit data | - | | | |

| Status | Encoder/rotor mechanical angle (single-turn value) | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|--------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 194 (C2) | encoder pulse | A BYTE | no |
| Description | Indicates single-turn data of the motor. It is presented in 0 – 131,072 (17bit). This value is an absolute value. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 C2 1A B5 | | | |

| Status | Encoder/rotor mechanical angle (integrated value) | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 195 (C3) | encoder pulse | A BYIE | yes |
| Description | This indicates multi-turn data of the motor. It is presented as a total of encoder feedback pulses. (Single-turn value) + $(2^{17} \times \text{Encoder Multi-turn data})$ | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 00 C3 0A 94 | | | |

| Status | Encoder temperature | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|------------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 205 (CD) | $^{\circ}$ | | yes |
| Description | Indicates the encoder internal temperature. (for reference only) | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 CD DC 6A | | | |

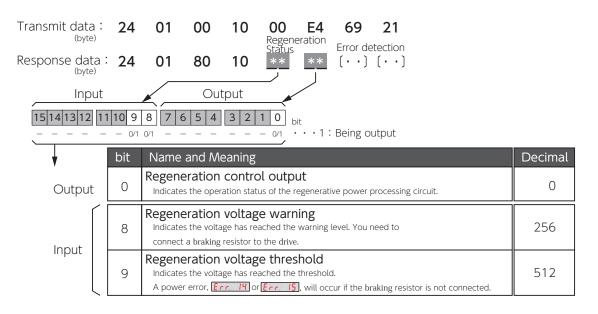
| Status | Encoder battery voltage | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 206 (CE) | 0.1 V | | yes |
| Description | Indicates the voltage of the encoder backup battery. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 CE EC 09 | | | |

| Status | Encoder communication retry times Units Bytes | | | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|-------|--|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 216 (D8) | times | | no |
| Description | Indicates the communication retry count upon encoder communication error. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 D8 9E FE | | | |

| Status | Encoder Data Error Counter | Bytes | Signed | |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|--------|----|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 218 (DA) | times | | no |
| Description | Indicates the cumulative count of errors in received encoder data. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 DA BE BC | | | |

| Status | Regeneration Status | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------------|------------|------------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 228 (E4) | - | | no |
| | This item indicates the regeneration status of the . \boldsymbol{D} | rive power circuit. | | |
| Description | <u>Setup Panel</u> | 5 | Settings S | etup Panel |
| | Digitax SF Connect [waveform monitor] displays total value of I/O bits [status monitor] displays I/O bits in binary. | in decimal. | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 E4 69 21 | | | |

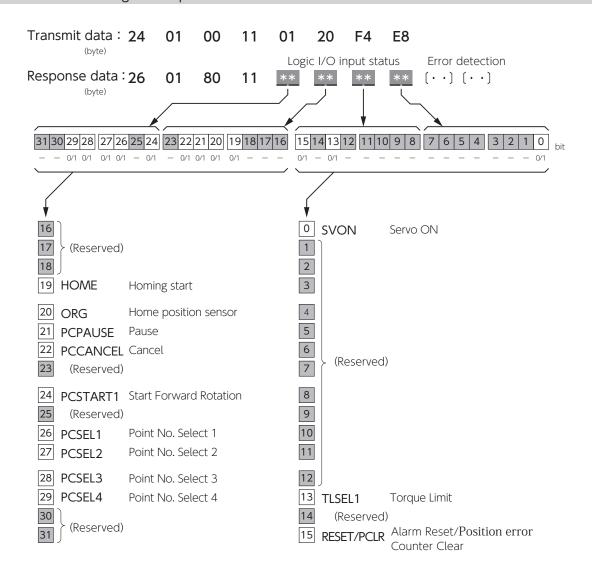
Relations between RS-485 Communication Command and Bit Tables



| Status | Power Circuit Supply Voltage | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 232 (E8) | 0.1 V | | no |
| Description | Indicates the power circuit supply voltage (for reference only). | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 00 E8 A8 AD | | | |

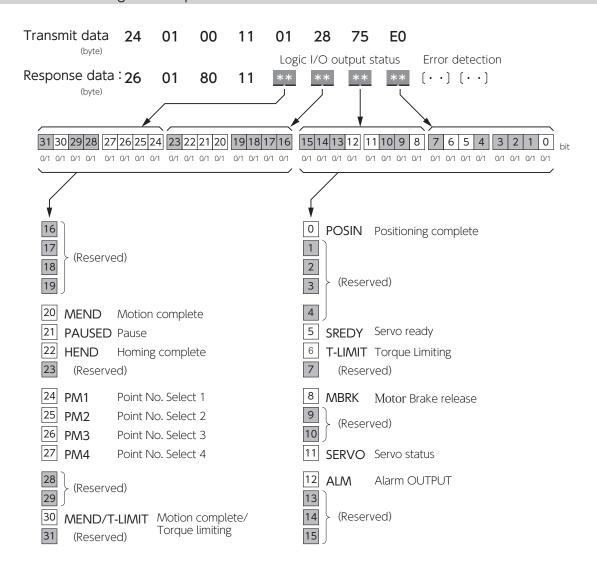
| Status | Logic I/O input | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|---|-------|--------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 288 (120) | - | A SYLE | no |
| Description | Indicates the logic I/O input status inside the drive. (RS-485 Communication only) Use this item while operating the motor with the point table in Internal Position Command mode using RS-485 communication with the host controller. Communications Manual RS-485 | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 01 20 F4 E8 | | | |

Relations between Logic I/O input command and Bit Tables



| Status | Logic I/O output | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|------------------------------------|--|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 296 (128) | - | BYTE | no |
| Description | Indicates the logic I/O output status of the drive. (RS-485 Communication only) Use this during the point table operation in Internal Position Command mode by using RS-485 communication from the host controller. Communications Manual RS-485 | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 11 01 28 75 E0 | | | |

Relations between Logic I/O output command and Bit Tables



| Status | Inertia Ratio Estimate | Units | Bytes | Signed |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|-------|--------|
| Status No. (Hexadecimal number) | 371 (173) | - | | no |
| Description | This item indicates the inertia ratio value estimated in auto tuning. | | | |
| Transmit data | 24 01 00 10 01 73 A9 4E | | | |

5. How to set Pulse train command: Input filter (33.0)

Pulse Train Command Input Filter (No.33.0) is a function to reduce malfunction caused by noise. Select a value for the pulse width that you want the filter to pass Pulse Train Command input signal. Pulse Train Command input is open collector, be sure to select the best filter.

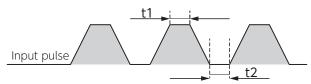
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| Setting | Passing pulse width [ns] |
|---------|--------------------------|
| 0 | No filter |
| 1 | 25 |
| 2 | 50 (4 MHz) |
| 3 | 100 |
| 4 | 150 (2 MHz) |
| 5 | 200 |
| 6 | 300 (1 MHz) |
| 7 | 400 |

| Setting | Passing | g pulse width [ns] |
|---------|---------|--------------------|
| 8 | 600 | (500 kHz) |
| 9 | 800 | |
| 10 | 1,000 | |
| 11 | 1,200 | |
| 12 | 1,600 | (250 kHz) |
| 13 | 2,000 | |
| 14 | 2,300 | |
| 15 | 3,100 | |

Tip for Filter Setup

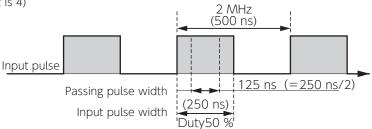
- · When the input frequency is high, select a small passing pulse width.
- · To improve noise resistance, select a larger passing pulse width.



The minimum value of t1 or t2 is the passing pulse width.

• Set the passing pulse width to be 1/3 to 1/2 of the input pulse width. Example: Input pulse of 2MHz with 50% duty cycle

Because the input pulse width is 250ns, set No.33.0 to 3 or 4 so that pulses to pass the filter will be 125ns or less. (The default is 4)



Selecting the best filter value using the pulse frequency by pulse duty cycle matrix

| Duty [%] Pulse Frequency | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 100 kHz | 12 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 6 |
| 200 kHz | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 |



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