

DOC-0017-05-EN-D 18.11.2024

AC15 Series

Variable Speed Drive Software Reference Manual



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

1 Safety

IMPORTANT: Please read this information BEFORE installing the equipment.

1.1 Intended Users

This manual is to be made available to all persons who are required to install, configure or service equipment described herein, or any other associated operation.

The information given is intended to highlight safety issues, and to enable the user to obtain maximum benefit from the equipment.

Complete the following table for future reference detailing how the unit is to be installed and used.

INSTALLATION DETAILS						
Model Number (see product label)						
Where installed (for information)						

1.2 Application Area

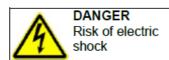
The equipment described is intended for industrial motor speed control utilizing AC induction motors or AC permanent magnet synchronous machines.

1.3 Personnel

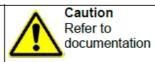
Installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment should be carried out by competent personnel. A competent person is someone who is technically qualified and familiar with all safety information and established safety practices; with the installation process, operation and maintenance of this equipment; and with all the hazards involved.

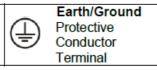
1.4 Product Warnings

Special attention must be paid to the information presented in warning, caution and information notices when they appear in this manual. Definitions of caution, warning and information notices are shown below:









Application Risk

The specifications, processes and circuitry described herein are for guidance only and may need to be adapted to the user's specific application. We cannot guarantee the suitability of the equipment described in this Manual for individual applications.

Risk Assessment

Under fault conditions, power loss or unintended operating conditions, the drive may not operate as intended. In particular:

- Stored energy might not discharge to safe levels as quickly as suggested and can still be present even though the drive appears to be switched off.
- The motor's direction of rotation might not be controlled
- The motor speed might not be controlled
- The motor might be energised

A drive is a component within a drive system that may influence its operation or effects under a fault condition. Consideration must be given to:

- Stored energy
- Supply disconnects
- Sequencing logic
- Unintended operation

1.5 Safety Information

Risk of Electric Shock



DANGER!

Ignoring the following may result in injury:



- This equipment can endanger life by exposure to rotating machinery and high voltages.
- The equipment must be permanently earthed due to the high earth leakage current, and the inverter motor must be connected to an appropriate safety earth.
- Ensure all incoming supplies are isolated before working on the equipment. Be aware that there may be more than one supply connection to the inverter.
- There may still be dangerous voltages present at power terminals (motor output, supply input phases, DC bus and the brake, where fitted) when the motor is at standstill or is stopped.
- For measurements use only a meter to IEC 61010 (CAT III or higher).
 Always begin using the highest range.
 - CAT I and CAT II meters must not be used on this product.
- Allow at least 10 minutes for the inverter's capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels (<50V). Use the specified meter capable of measuring up to 1000V dc & ac rms to confirm that less than 50V is present between all power terminals and between power terminals and earth.
- Unless otherwise stated, this product must NOT be dismantled. In the event of a fault the inverter must be returned. Refer to "Routine Maintenance and Repair".

Safety & EMC Requirements

Where there is a conflict between safety and EMC requirements, personnel safety shall always take precedence.



WARNING!

Ignoring the following may result in injury or damage to equipment:



- Never perform high voltage resistance checks on the wiring without first disconnecting the inverter from the circuit being tested.
- Whilst ensuring ventilation is sufficient, provide guarding and /or additional safety systems to prevent injury or damage to equipment.
- When replacing an inverter in an application and before returning to use, it is essential that all user defined parameters for the product's operation are correctly installed.
- When replacing an inverter in an application and before returning to use, it is essential that all user defined parameters for the product's operation are correctly installed.
- All control and signal terminals are SELV, i.e. protected by double insulation. Ensure all external wiring is rated for the highest system voltage.
- Thermal sensors contained within the motor must have at least basic insulation.
- All exposed metalwork in the Inverter is protected by basic insulation and bonded to a safety earth.
- RCDs are not recommended for use with this product but, where their use is mandatory, only Type B RCDs should be used.



WARNING!

Ignoring the following may result in injury or damage to equipment:



- In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case supplementary mitigation measures may be required.
- This equipment contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts.
 Observe static control precautions when handling, installing and servicing this product.
- This is a product of the restricted sales distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. It is designated as "professional equipment" as defined in EN61000-3-2 for AC15: Frame sizes 1 (all), 2 (3ø products only) & 3 (400V products only). Permission of the supply authority shall be obtained before connection to the public low voltage supply. For all other Frame sizes not specified above, connection to the public LV supply must be agreed case by case between manufacturer, installer or user and distribution network operator.

2 Manufacturing Location

Germany

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Parker Hannifin Manufacturing Germany GmbH & Co. KG - Sitz: Bielefeld - Amtsgericht: Bielefeld HRA 15699 persönlich haftende Gesellschafterin: Parker Hannifin GmbH - Sitz: Bielefeld - Amtsgericht Bielefeld HRB 35489 Geschäftsführung der Parker Hannifin GmbH: Ulrich Jochem, Achim Kohler, Andreas Paulsen, Kirsten Stenvers Vorsitzender des Aufsichtsrates: Dr.-Ing. Gerd Scheffel

3 Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment - must not be disposed of with domestic waste. It must be separately collected according to local legislation and applicable laws.

Parker Hannifin Company, together with local distributors and in accordance with EU directive 2002/96/EC, undertakes to withdraw and dispose of its products, fully respecting environmental considerations. For more information about how to recycle your Parker supplied waste equipment, please contact your local Parker Service Centre.

Packaging

During transport our products are protected by suitable packaging. This should be taken for central disposal as secondary raw material.

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5 Introduction

5.1 Users

This Manual is intended for use by both users and programmers of AC15 series inverters. It assumes a reasonable level of understanding of both inverter use and application programming.

Installation and basic setup are covered in a separate manual, DOC-0017-03 'AC15 Series Hardware Installation Manual: Frames 1-5' that is intended for use by the installer of the drive.

Note: It is important to always pass on this Manual to any new user.

5.2 Manual Organisation

This Software Reference Manual is organised into chapters, indicated by the numbering on the edge of each page.

If the manual is to be printed, it is designed so that it should be printed double-sided using the long-edge for binding.

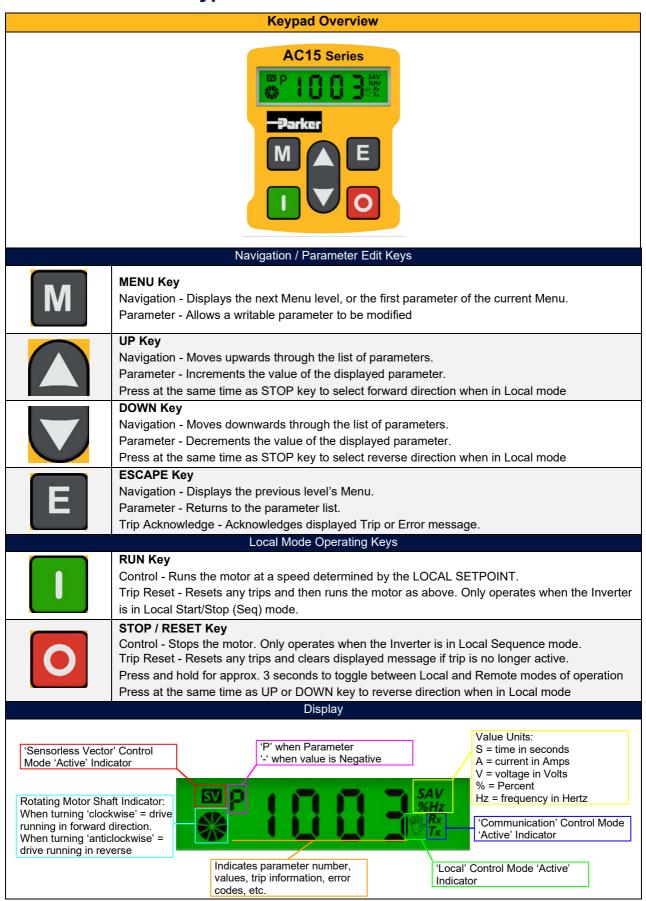
Information for the AC15 product may be referred to as "the Inverter" or "drive" throughout the manual.

5.3 Manual Revision

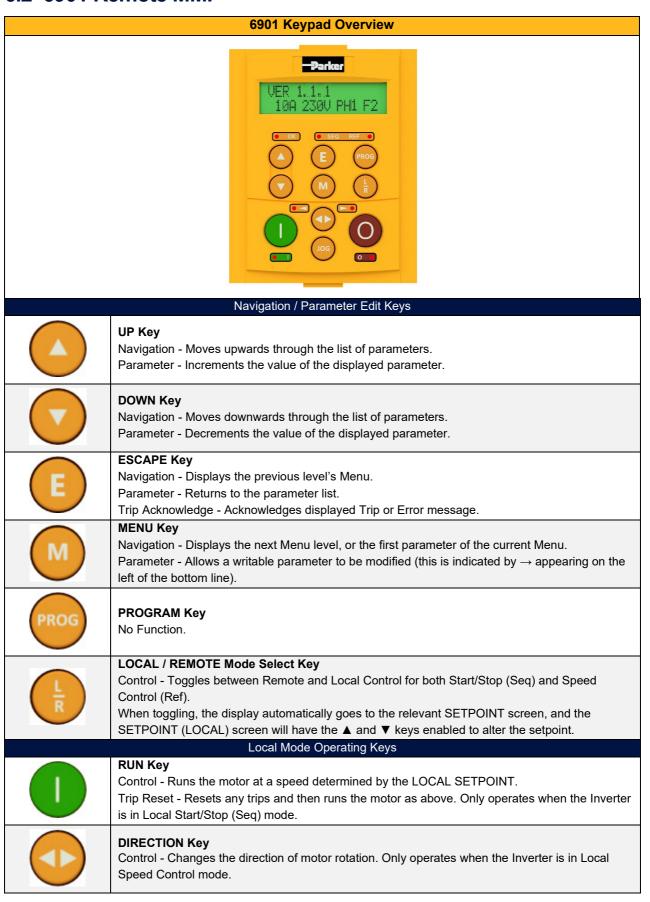
This revision replaces all previous revisions of this document. Parker has made every effort to ensure that this document is complete and accurate at the time of printing. In accordance with our policy of continuous product improvement, all data in this document is subject to change or correction without prior notice.

6 User Display Keypads

6.1 AC15 Built In Keypad



6.2 6901 Remote MMI





JOG Key

Control - Runs the motor at a speed determined by the JOG SETPOINT parameter. When the key is released, the Inverter returns to the "STOPPED" state. Only operates when the inverter is "STOPPED", and in Local Start/Stop mode.

	"STOPPED", and in Local Start/Stop mode.									
0	STOP / RESET Key Control - Stops the motor. Only operates when the Inverter is in Local Sequence mode. Trip Reset - Resets any trips and clears displayed message if trip is no longer active.									
Status Indicator LEDs										
	'SEQ' LE	יו חי	REF' LED	Inverter Status						
	SEQ LE		C	Start/Stop (Seq) and Speed Control (Ref) are controlled from the inverter terminals.						
SEQ REF			0	Start/Stop (Seq) is controlled using the RUN, STOP, JOG and FWD/REV keys. Speed Control (Ref) is controlled from the inverter terminals.						
				Start/Stop (Seq) is controlled from the terminals						
				Speed Control (Ref) is controlled using the up (▲) and down (▼) keys						
	'OK' LED (HEALTH)	ʻl' LED (RUN)	'O' LED (STOP)	Inverter Status						
				Inverter in CONFIGURATION mode.						
		\circ		Inverter TRIPPED.						
OK		\bigcirc		Inverter STOPPED.						
		\circ		Inverter STOPPING.						
• 1			0	Inverter RUNNING with ZERO SPEED demand or enable false or contactor feedback false.						
0				Inverter RUNNING.						
		\bigcirc		Inverter performing an AUTOTUNE routine.						
		\bigcirc		Inverter awaiting AUTO RESTARTING, waiting for TRIP cause to clear.						
		\bigcirc		Inverter AUTO RESTARTING						
	' ∢ ' LED (REV)		'►' LED (FWD)	Inverter Status						
	0	0		Inverter RUNNING. Requested direction and actual direction are forward.						
			\bigcirc	Inverter RUNNING. Requested direction and actual direction are reverse.						
				Inverter RUNNING. Requested direction is forward but actual direction is reverse.						
			0	Inverter RUNNING. Requested direction is reverse but actual direction is forward.						

7 Keypad Menu

7.1 The Menu System

The menu system is divided into a `tree' structure with up to 6 menu levels. Menu Level 1 is the top level and is accessed by pressing the M key from the start-up display.

The Keypad has selectable "viewing levels" which can restrict the view of the menu system. Below is a simple description of the menus at Menu Level 1, with the default view level of Technician:

- OPERATOR: a customised view of selected parameters contained in the SETUP menu. You can create a working list of parameters for operating your drive. By default, the operator menu contains only parameters **0462 Reference** (setpoint) and **0105 Speed Percent** (feedback), however selecting certain application macros will automatically populate the operator menu with relevant additional parameters. Refer to APPENDIX D: Application Macros. Further customisation of the operator menu can be achieved using DSELite.
- SETUP: When in Technician or Engineer view, setup contains all the parameters necessary for the drive to turn the motor. In Operator view, the menu contains only parameter **0002 View Level**.
- DIAGNOSTICS: a view of important diagnostic parameters contained in the SETUP menu.
- ENGINEER: Only visible when **0002 View Level** is set to Engineer, this menu provides full access to all parameters

From Firmware version 1.2 onwards, the AC15 may be 'locked' using a password feature. This may be useful to prevent unintended modification of parameters by the user, prevent extraction of the software, or prevent accidental download of an incorrect application. The password feature also applies to DSELite. I.e., if a password is set in the drive, DSELite will not be able to extract, download or monitor unless the password is re-entered. See the KEYPAD description in section 9.7 for details on setting a password.

7.2 Navigating the Menu

On power-up, the Keypad defaults into the Operator menu, timing out from the start-up screen. You can skip the timeout by pressing the M key immediately after power-up which will take you directly to the Operator menu.

The menu system is a map which is navigated using four keys. Keys E and M navigate through the menu levels. The UP and DOWN keys scroll through the menu and parameter lists.

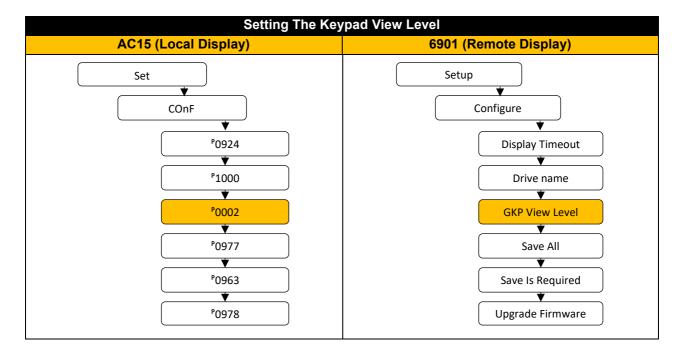
Because the Menu and Parameter lists are looped, the UP key can quickly move you to the last Menu or Parameter in the loop.

Refer to "The Menu Map" to see how the full menu is mapped in the default Technician view level. Parameters are presented in alphabetic order.

When in Engineer view (**0002 View Level** = 2) parameters may be accessed directly by navigating to ENG on the AC15 keypad and entering the required parameter, followed by the M key.

7.3 Changing the View Level

The default view level is Technician. To change the view level to Operator or Engineer, use the AC15 keypad or optional 6901 MMI to navigate to the Setup Menu, followed by the Configure Menu, and scroll down to parameter **0002 GKP View Level**. Press M to allow modification. A setting of 0 sets the Operator view level, 1 sets the Technician View Level and 2 sets the Engineer view level. Press E to exit.

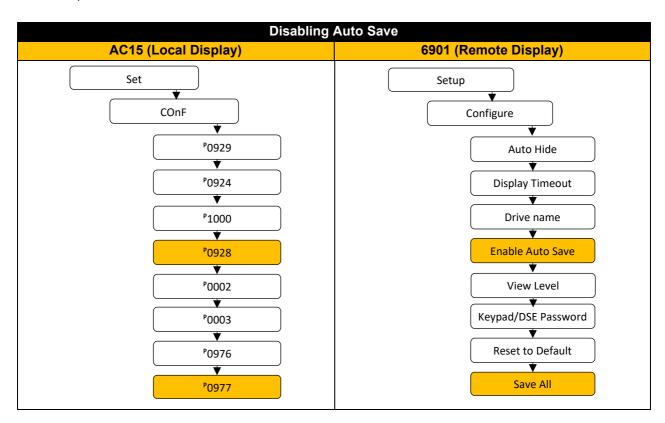


7.4 Saving Parameter Changes

The factory setting for parameter **0928 Enable Auto Save** is 1 (true). With this setting, every parameter change that is made is saved immediately to memory. When commissioning it is sometimes desirable to switch this feature off, such that changes may be 'undone'. Note that if **0928 Enable Auto Save** is set to 0 (false) parameter **0963 Save Is Required** will automatically change to a 1 (true) whenever a parameter has been changed since the last save was performed. This is an indication that the current settings are not saved to memory and a manual save should be performed before powering down.

Parameter **0928 Enable Auto Save** is an Engineering menu level parameter. Therefore, to change from automatic saving to manual, it is first necessary to change the keypad view level to 2 (Engineer) as detailed in the previous section. Then use the AC15 keypad or optional 6901 MMI to navigate to the Setup Menu, followed by the Configure Menu, and scroll down to parameter **0928 Enable Autosave**. Press M to allow modification. A setting of 0 (false) sets Manual Save, 1 (true) sets Automatic Save. Press E to exit. Note that it is necessary to perform a parameter save following the change of **0928 Enable** Auto Save to 0 (false) otherwise at the next power cycle the setting with revert to 1 (true).

To perform a manual parameter save, navigate to parameter **0977 Save All** and press M, followed by the UP arrow to toggle the setting to 1 (true). Pressing the E key with parameter **0977 Save All** set to 1 (true) will save all drive parameters, and the keypad will display either SAUE (AC15) or Parameters Saved (6901) when complete.



Note: Automatic parameter saving applies only to changes made using the keypad or webserver. Changes made over a communications network (e,g. Modbus TCP/IP) are not automatically saved. To save parameters that have been changed over a communications network, perform a manual parameter save by setting **0977 Save All** true.

Changes made using DSELite in the 'online' view are also NOT automatically saved. Use the 'save parameters' command in DSELite to save any changes made in the 'online' view.

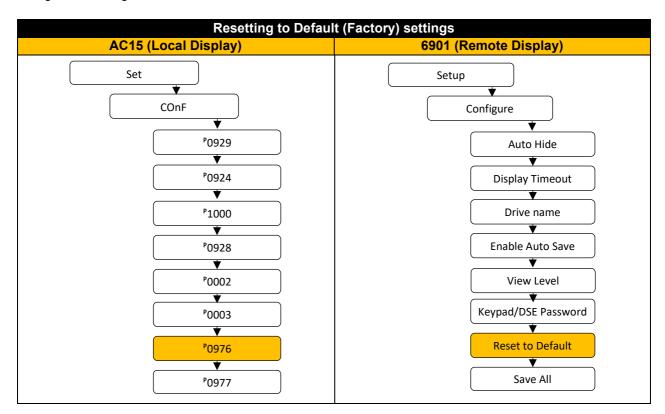
7.5 Resetting to Factory Defaults

It may sometimes be necessary to perform a complete factory reset of the AC15 inverter. Care must be taken to ensure that either a full backup of settings has been made either to a Clone file on a SD card or to a DSELite configuration, as resetting will erase all parameters.

If parameter **0928 Enable Autosave** is set true (default) then performing a reset cannot be undone, since the drive will automatically save any parameter that is changed, including when parameters are reset to default. Setting parameter **0928 Enable Autosave** to 0 (false) and saving that setting BEFORE performing a reset will allow the full reset to be undone by cycling power, since the reset will not be automatically saved.

Parameter **0976 Reset to Default** is an Engineering menu level parameter. Therefore, to perform a reset, it is first necessary to change the keypad view level to 2 (Engineer) as detailed in the previous section. Then use the AC15 keypad or optional 6901 MMI to navigate to the Setup Menu, followed by the Configure Menu, and scroll down to parameter **0976 Reset to Default**. Press M to allow modification. Pressing the UP arrow will change the setting to 1(True). Press E to exit and perform the reset. The keypad will display either LDEF (AC15) or Defaults Loaded (6901) when complete.

Note: Resetting to defaults loads the standard (basic speed control) macro. A reset also deletes any DSELite configurations that are stored on the inverter. It will no longer be possible to extract the configuration using DSELite.



7.6 Updating Firmware

The firmware of the AC15 may be updated either through DSELite, or by using an SD card loaded with the required firmware file. The process of launching the firmware update plugin for DSELite is detailed in section 8.2 "Connecting to DSELite".

To update using an SD card it is first necessary to load the required firmware file on to a microSD card formatted with the FAT32 file structure (EXFAT is not supported). The firmware file must be saved into the root of the SD card with the name "firmware.ac1" for frame 1, and "firmware.ac2" for frames 2-5. Use the AC15 keypad or optional 6901 MMI to navigate to the Setup Menu, followed by the Configure Menu, and scroll down to parameter **0978 Upgrade Firmware**. Press M to allow modification. Pressing the UP arrow will change the setting to 1 (True). Press E to exit and perform the upgrade. The keypad will display "boot" while updating and the current (new) version of firmware when complete.

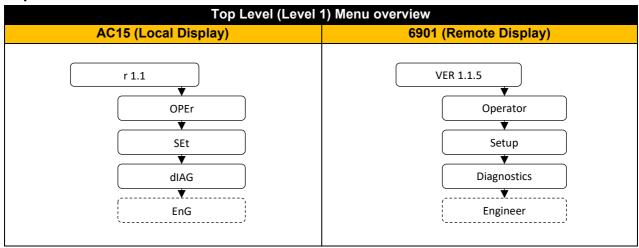
When updating the firmware using the DSELite 'DCT' plugin is it strongly recommended that the inverter is first given a fixed IP address before performing the upgrade. If the inverter does not restart after an update over ethernet, the inverter may be recovered using the SD card method above; an inverter with no firmware will automatically load the firmware from the SD card following a power cycle.

7.7 AC15 Menu Structure

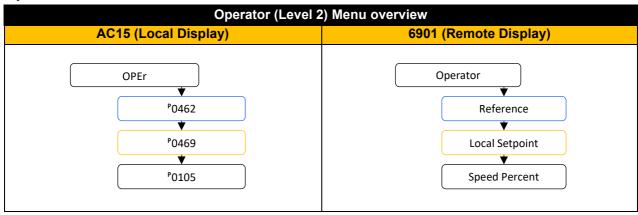
The menu structure listed assumes the default view level of 'Technician' is active. Setting the view level to 'Operator' will hide all setup parameter menus. Setting the view level to Engineer adds extra menus only when a 6901 keypad is connected. If no 6901 is fitted, in Engineer view parameters may be accessed directly by navigating to ENG on the AC15 keypad and entering the required parameter number. On the left side of the table the AC15 display/parameter number is listed. On the right side the 6901 display/DSELite parameter name is listed.

Certain parameters only become visible when other parameters are set. For example, parameters related to a PMAC motor will appear only when parameter **0030 Motor Type** is set to PMAC. Those parameters that are not always visible are highlighted in the map with differing colours.

Top Level Menu

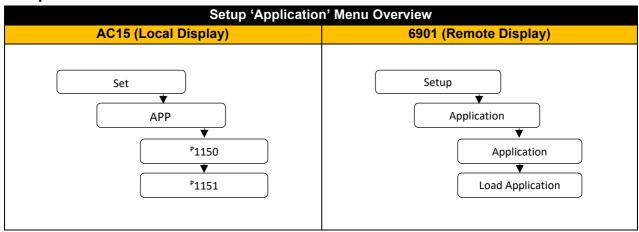


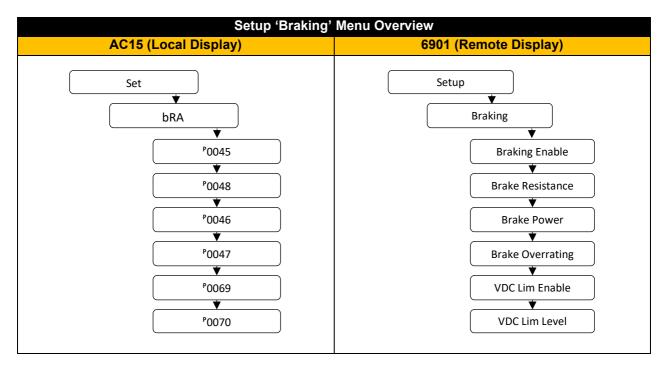
Operator Level Menu

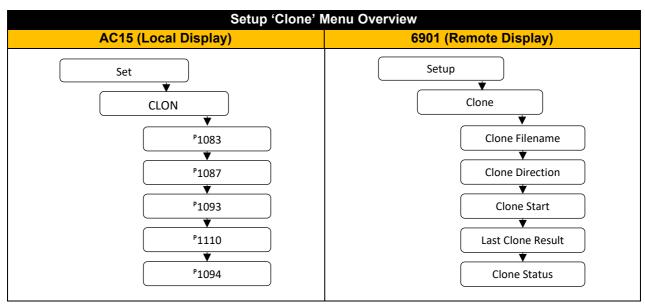


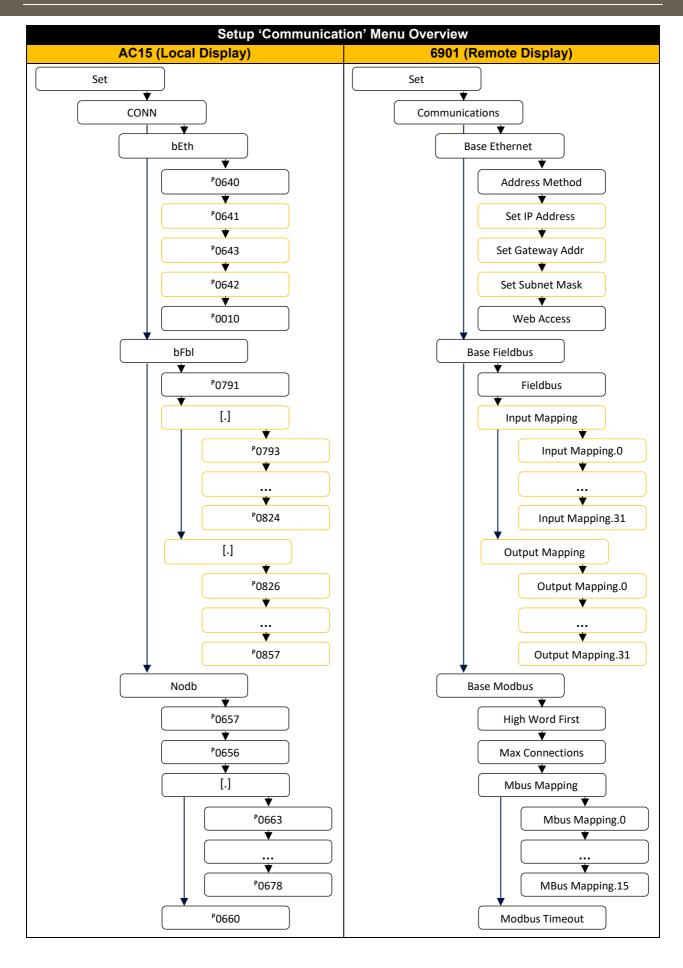
Note: Parameter P0462 will be displayed if the drive is in 'Remote' mode. Parameter P0469 will be displayed if the drive is in 'Local' mode.

Setup Level Menu





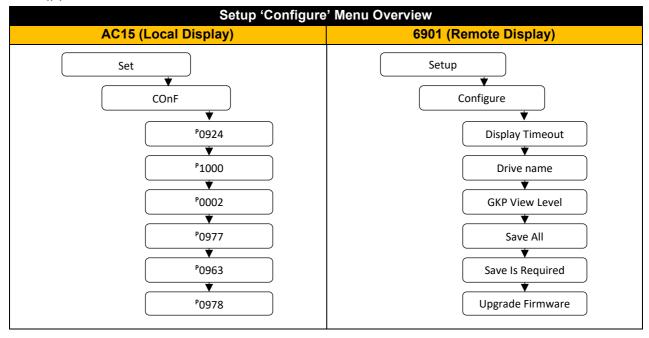


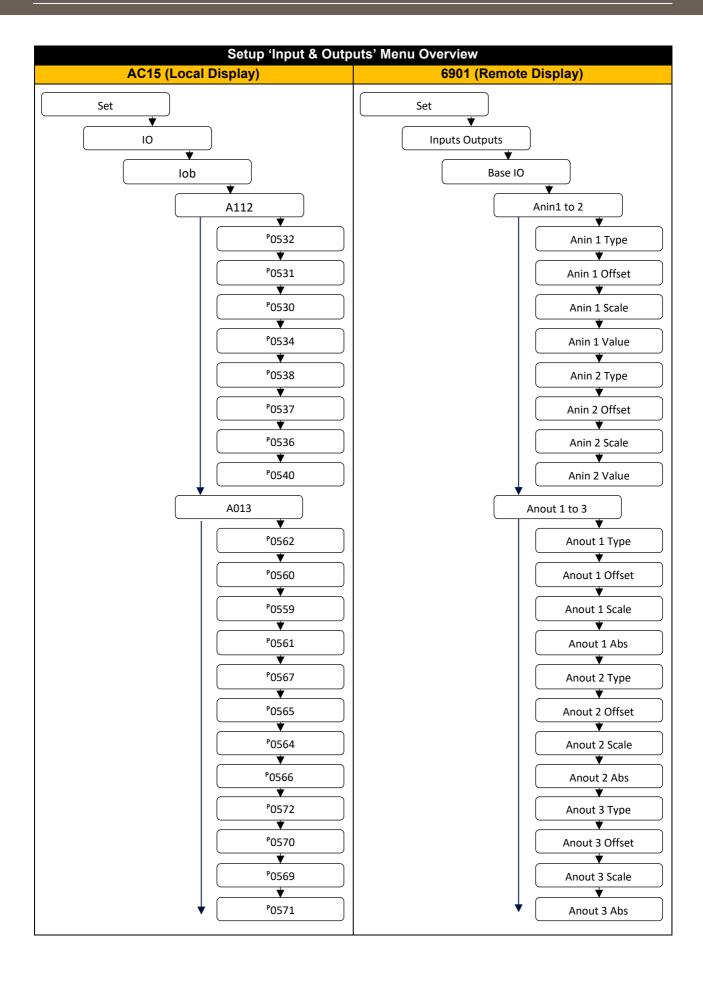


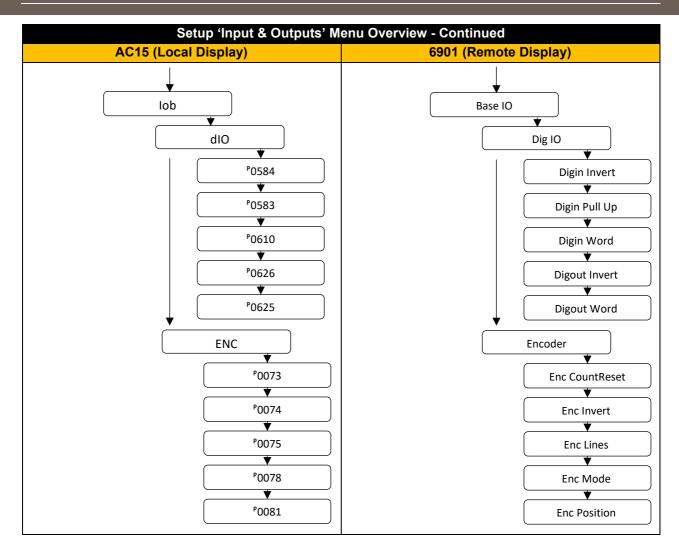
Note: Parameters **P0641 Set IP Address**, **P0643 Set Gateway Addr** and **P0642 Set Subnet Mask** will be displayed only if **P0640 Address Method** is **set to 0** (Fixed).

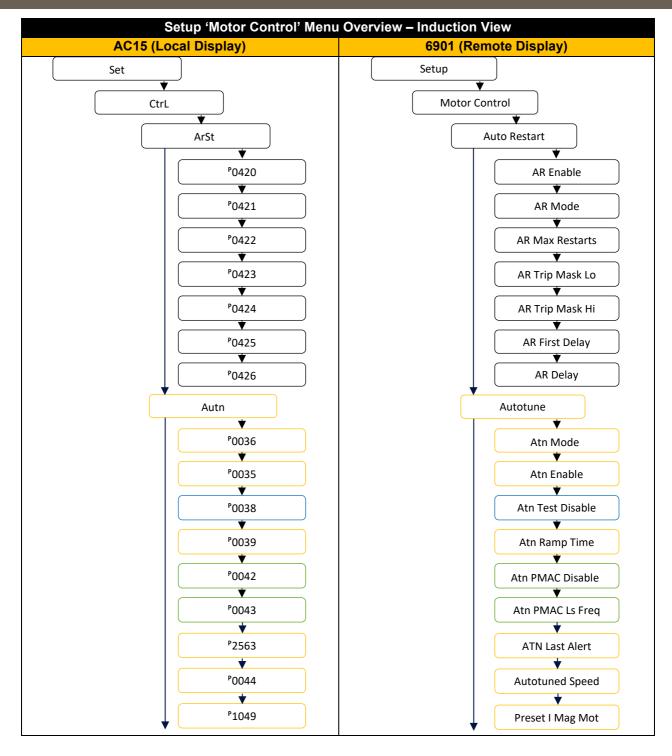
Parameters **P0793 Input mapping.01** through **P0857 Output Mapping.31** will be displayed only if **P0791 Fieldbus** is set to 1 (Ethernet IP).

Setting **P0791 Fieldbus** to 1 (Ethernet IP) without first setting **P0640 Address Method to 0** (Fixed) will result in a configuration error, as the AC15 does not support automatic IP addressing for Ethernet IP.







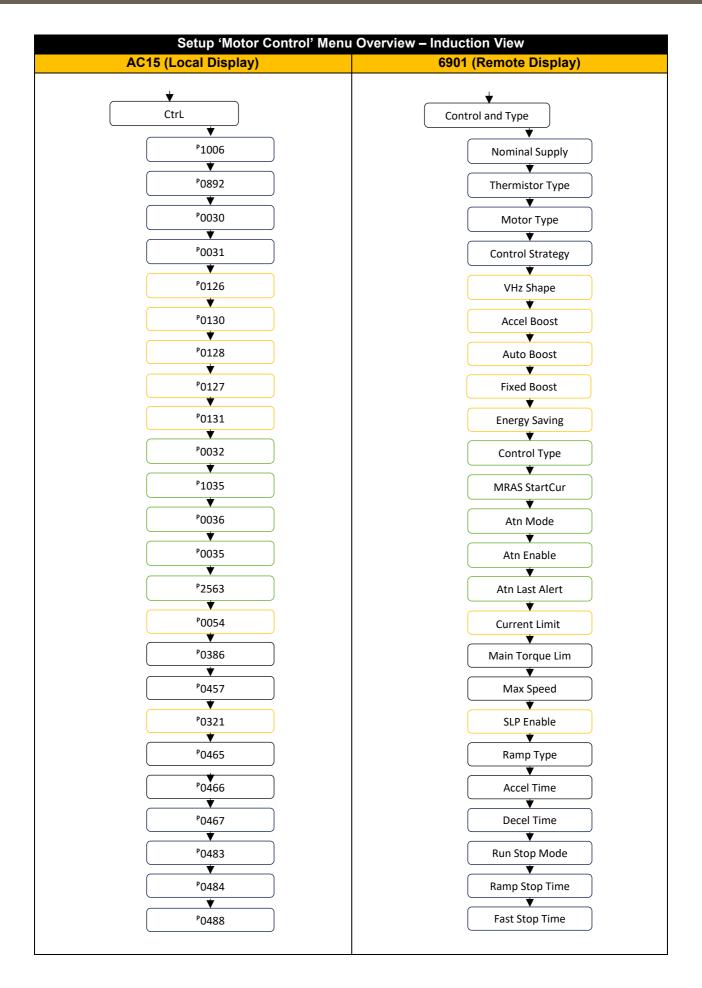


Note: The above map is valid only when P0030 Motor Type is set to 0 (Induction Motor).

The **Autotune** menu will be displayed only if parameter **P0030 Motor Type** is set to 1 (PMAC Motor) or parameter **P0031 Control Strategy** is set to 1 (Vector Control).

Parameter **P0038 Atn Test Disable** will be displayed only if **P0031 Control Strategy** is set to 1 (Vector Control).

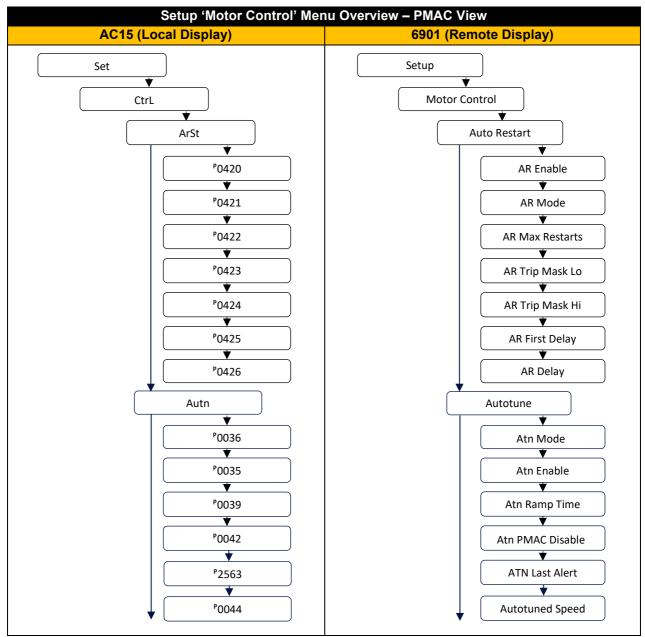
Parameters **P0042 Atn PMAC Disable and P0043 Atn PMAC Ls Freq** will be displayed only if parameter **P0030 Motor Type** is set to 1 (PMAC Motor).



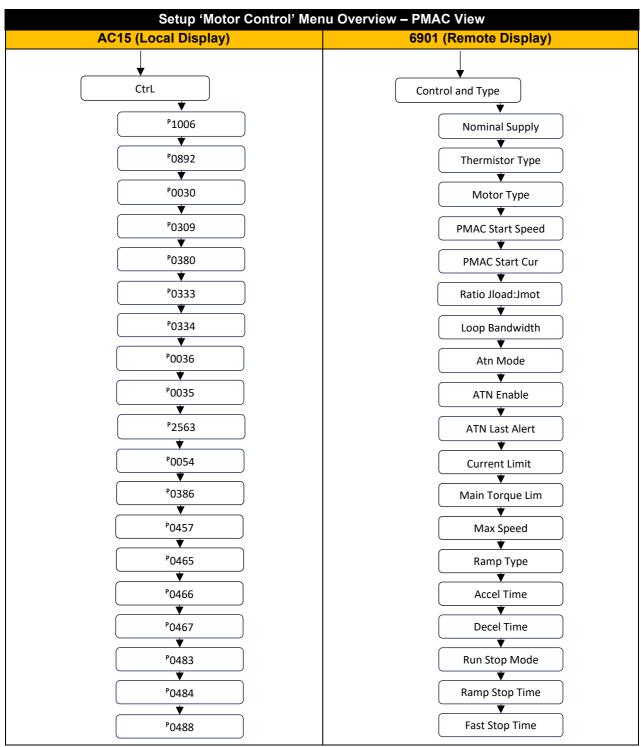
Note: The above map is valid only when **P0030 Motor Type** is set to 0 (Induction Motor).

Parameters P0126 Vhz Shape, P0130 Accel Boost, P0128 Auto Boost, P0127 Fixed Boost, P0131 Energy saving, P0054 Current Limit and P0321 SLP Enable will be displayed only if parameter P0031 Control Strategy is set to 0 (Volts-Hertz Control).

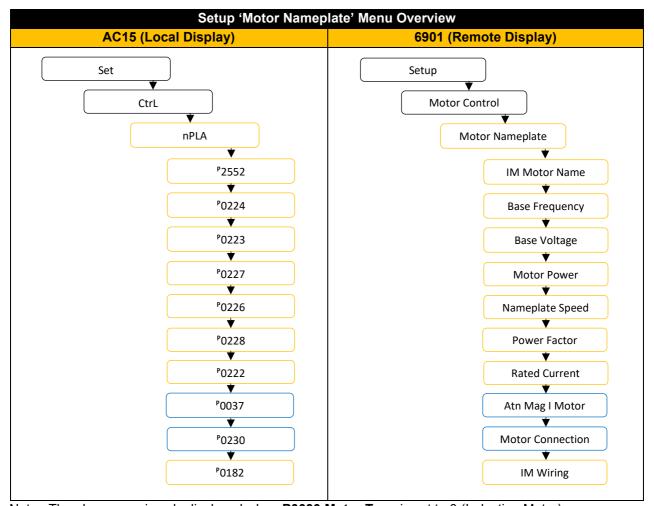
Parameters P0032 Control Type, P1035 MRAS StartCur, P0036 Atn Mode, P0035 Atn Enable and P2563 Atn Last Alert will be displayed only if parameter P0031 Control Strategy is set to 1 (Vector Control).



Note: The above map is valid only when P0030 Motor Type is set to 1 (PMAC Motor).

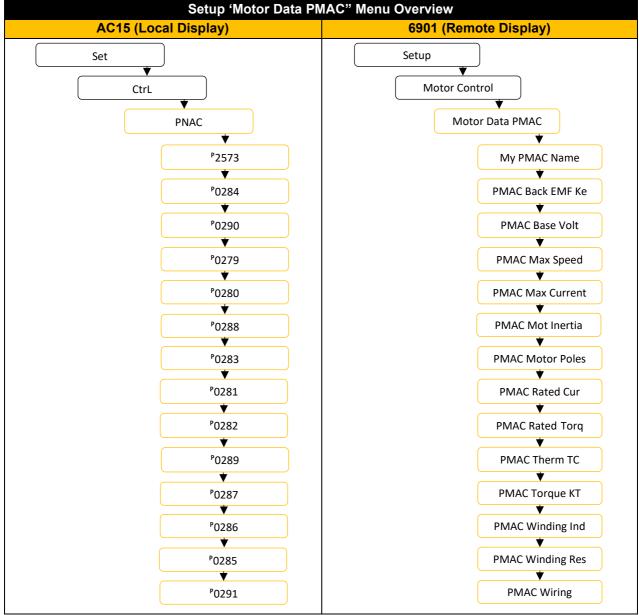


Note: The above map is valid only when **P0030 Motor Type** is set to 1 (PMAC Motor).

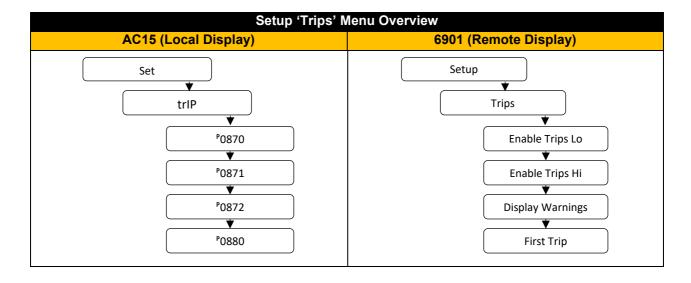


Note: The above map is only displayed when P0030 Motor Type is set to 0 (Induction Motor).

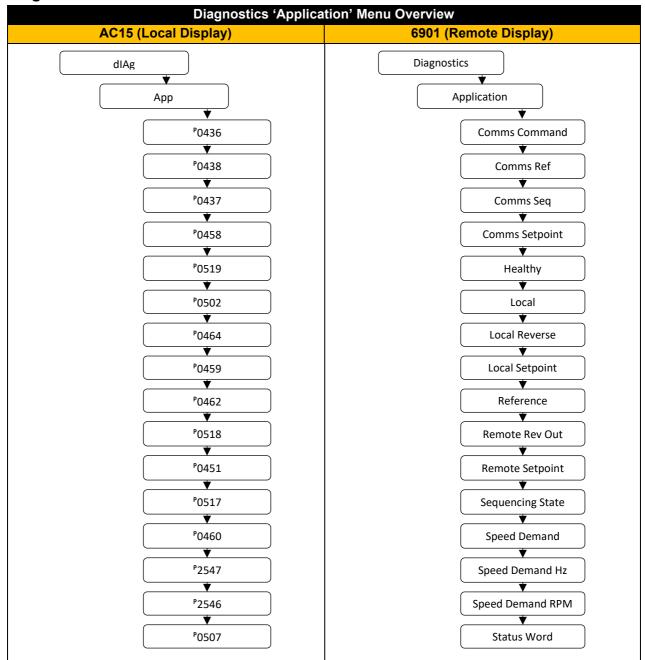
Parameters P0037 Atn Mag I Motor and P0230 Motor Connection (Star/Delta) will be displayed only if parameter P0031 Control Strategy is set to 1 (Vector Control).

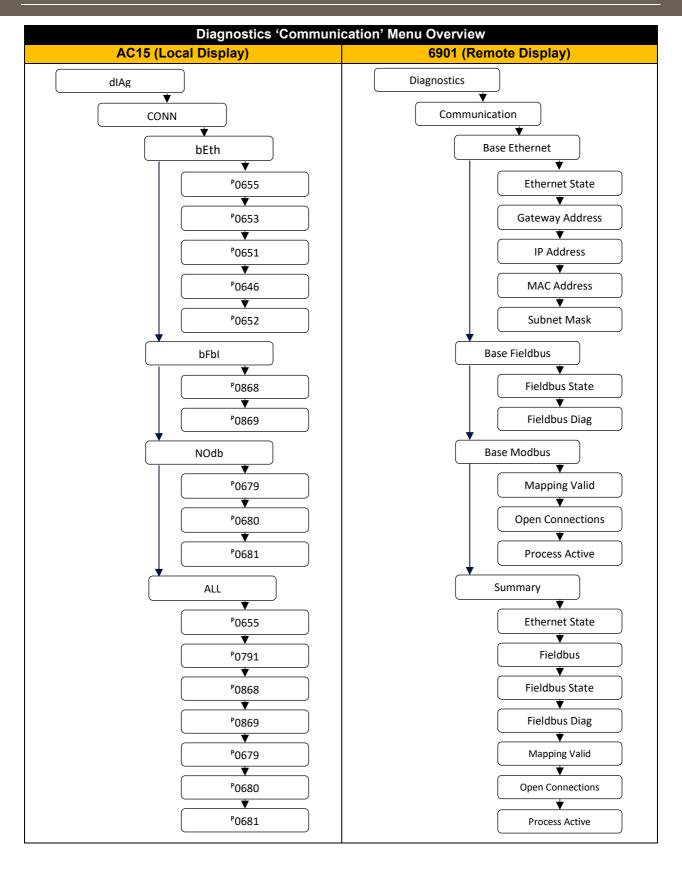


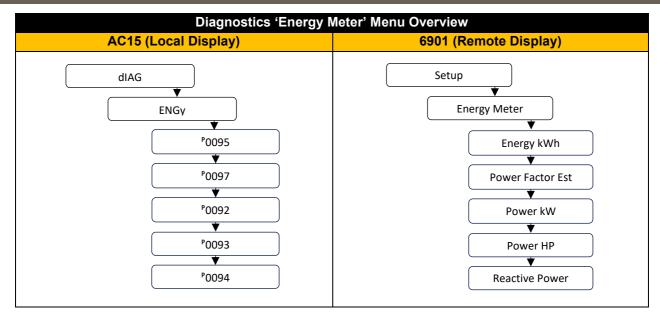
Note: The above map is only displayed when P0030 Motor Type is set to 1 (PMAC Motor).

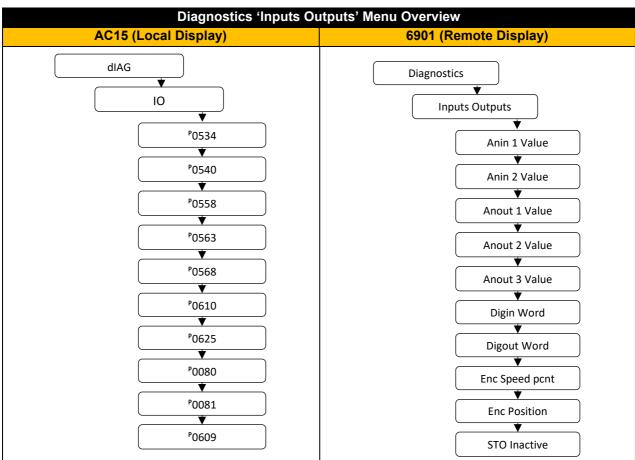


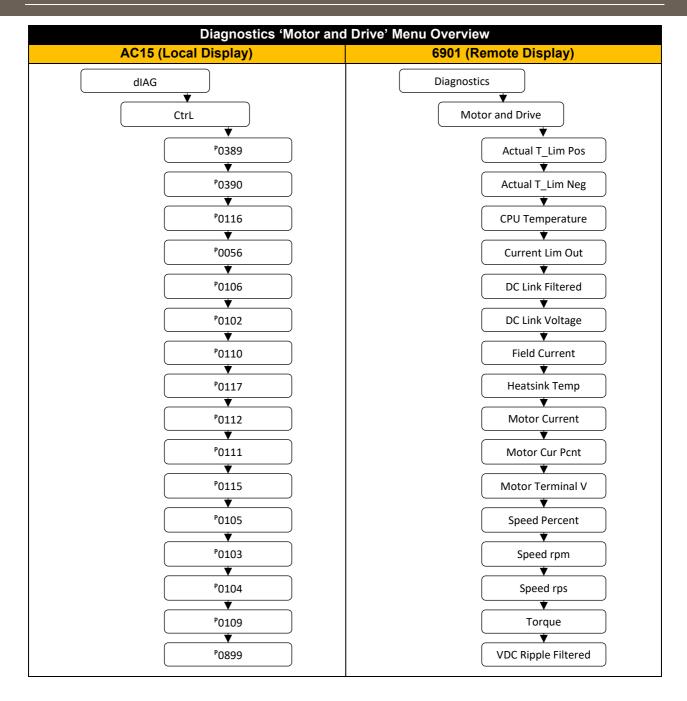
Diagnostics Level Menu

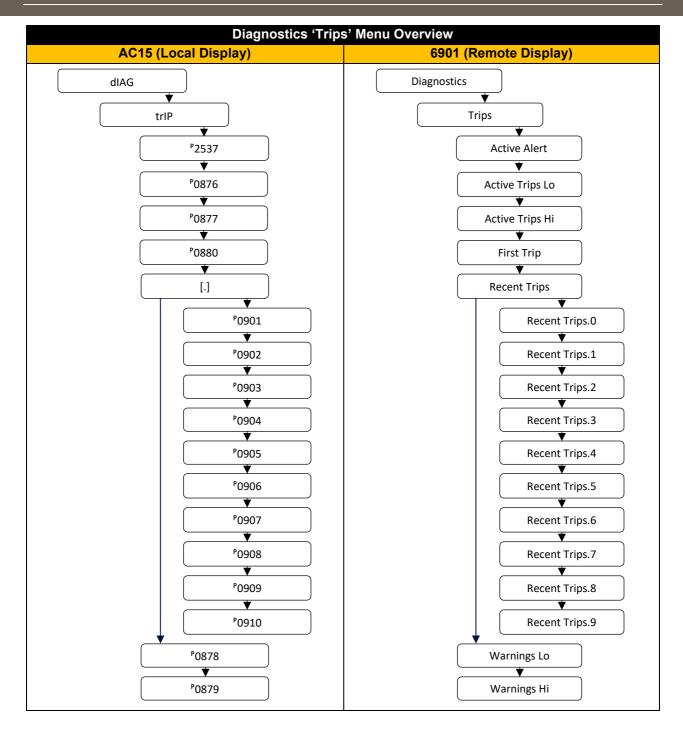












8 Communications

Communication to the inverter is achieved via the Ethernet port on the front of the AC15. This provides the connection for:

- DSELite programming tool
- The Modbus TCP server
- The HTTP server
- EtherNet/IP adapter (Frames 2-5 only)

The Ethernet operates at 10/100 MHz, half/full duplex. Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4) is supported. The RS232 (RJ11) port is for connection of a 6901 remote keypad and is not intended for connection to a PC or for serial communications.

8.1 Connecting to the Inverter

Recommended Ethernet Cables

Cat 5e or Cat 6 screened Ethernet cables are recommended for connecting to the control board RJ45 socket. Connection is recommended via an Ethernet switch, however direct connection between PC and inverter is supported, with or without a crossover Ethernet cable.

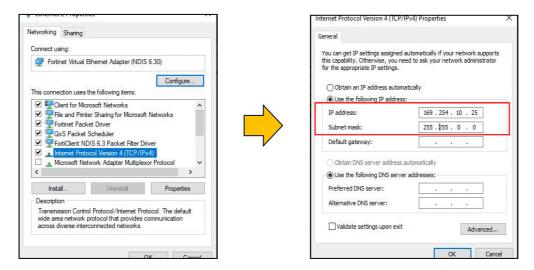


8.2 Connecting to DSELite

The recommended method of programming the AC15 inverter is DSELite, version 3.12 or later. The latest version of DSELite may be downloaded from Parker.com.

By default, all AC15 ship with an Address Method of 'Automatic'. If connected to a DHCP network the AC15 will obtain an address from the DHCP server. If there is no DHCP server, or a direct connection is made to a PC, an IP address in the range 169.254.xxx.xxx is automatically assigned. It is therefore preferable for the PC running DSELite to have an IP address in the same range.

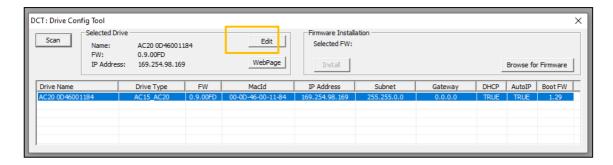
The PC network adapter may be configured to this range as shown below (IPv4 is used for communication).



Alternatively, the IP address of the drive may be changed to suit the settings of the PC network adapter. The IP address of the drive can be configured using the DCT function, accessible from within DSELite by selecting Command -> Install AC15/AC20 Firmware.

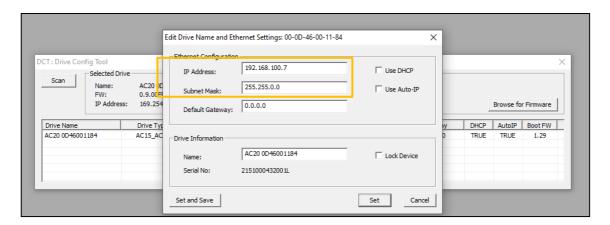


Selecting 'Install AC15/20 Firmware" will open the DCT plugin, as shown below. Clicking on the "Scan" button will start a network search for all connected AC15 products. Once the network scan is completed, any AC15 that have been found will appear, and the Ethernet settings can be edited.



Clicking "Edit" will display the Ethernet configuration dialog box. Auto-IP or DHCP may be selected if required, however the simplest method is to manually assign the connected drive an IP address and a Subnet Mask that matches the host PC.

Note that more than one AC15 may be connected to the network at any time. It is therefore advisable to set a meaningful name at this point, so that the inverter may be easily identified later.



Once changes have been made, click on "Set" or "Set and Save" as appropriate. It is advisable to run a new network scan once the settings have been changed, to ensure the changes were made successfully and that DSELite can find the inverter on the network.



Once the network scan has been performed, any AC15 connected to the network will appear and DSELite can connect to the drive by selecting it from the communications settings dropdown menu as shown above.

8.3 Manual Ethernet Configuration

To enable communications over the Ethernet an IP address must be set. With the default setting, an attempt at automatically obtaining an IP address will be made.

Note: The IP address will be obtained or modified when an Ethernet cable is connected or the inverter is powered-up.

The state of the Ethernet can be monitored using the parameter 0655 Ethernet State.

The current IP settings of the inverter can be monitored using the following parameters:

- 0641 IP Address
- 0642 Subnet Mask
- 0643 Gateway Address

The MAC address of the Ethernet port is fixed at the factory and can be read using the parameter **0646 MAC Address**

The IP address on the inverter may be set using the following methods:

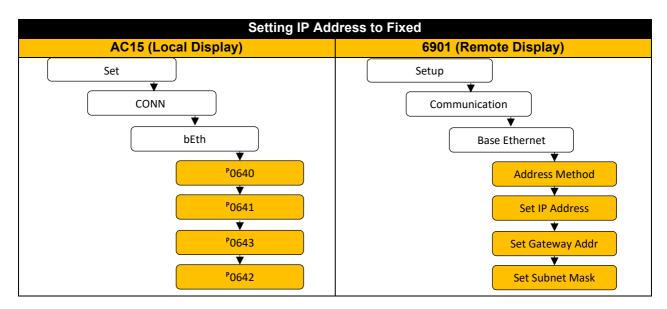
- · Manually to a fixed address
- Automatically by a DHCP server connected on the network
- Automatically by the inverter to a link-local address using Auto-IP (also known as Automatic Private IP Addressing)

The parameter **0640 Address method** controls how the IP address is set.

Manually Setting the IP Address

To set the IP address manually **0640 Address Method** must be set to Fixed. The IP address, subnet mask and gateway address will be set from the values in the parameters **0641 Set IP Address**, **0642 Set Subnet Mask**, **0643 Set Gateway Address**. If the network does not have a gateway to another network then the gateway address may be set to 0.0.0.0

These parameters may be set using the inverter keypad or optional 6901 keypad, in technician or engineer view.



Automatically Assigning an IP Address using DHCP

Parameter	Setting	AC15 Keypad Display
0640 Address Method	Automatic	3

For Automatic Addressing, the DHCP is activated automatically. The IP address is then assigned by the DHCP server. The inverter will request an IP address, subnet mask and gateway address from the DHCP server.

If no DHCP server is discovered on the network, the inverter will take a link-local address in the range 169.254.*.*.

Note that the DHCP has priority.

Automatically Assigning an IP Address using Auto-IP

Parameter	Setting	AC15 Keypad Display
0640 Address Method	Link Local	2

The inverter may assign itself a link-local address automatically using Link Local. This would be used where an automatic address is required but where no DHCP server is available, such as a small local network or when connecting an inverter directly to a PC (point to point).

The inverter will choose an IP address randomly from the link-local range **169.254.*.***. The drive checks that no other Ethernet device on the network is using the address before allocating it. The Inverter will store this IP address (in parameter **0644 Last Auto IP Address**) and attempt to use it next time Auto-IP is used. The gateway address is fixed to 0.0.0.0

8.4 Troubleshooting

The following diagnostic parameters are useful for monitoring the IP settings:

0651 IP Address

0652 Subnet Mask

0653 Gateway Address

The state of the Ethernet can be monitored using the parameter **0655 Ethernet State**, normal operation is when the state is **RESOLVED xx** (where xx is the address method, DHCP, Fixed etc).

If the connection has failed, check the parameter 0655 Ethernet State

Parameter	Status	AC15 Keypad Display
0655 Ethernet State	Initialising	0
	No Link	1
	Resolving IP	2
	Resolved Fixed	3
	Resolved DHCP	4
	Resolved Auto IP	5
	Fault	6

No Link:

When the inverter Ethernet is connected to a network or other device, the Ethernet Link LED will be on and the Ethernet Activity LED will be flickering. If 'No Link' is reported, it is likely that the Ethernet cable is faulty or disconnected.

Resolving IP:

The inverter is waiting for a valid IP address to be set automatically, or manually using the parameters:

0641 Set IP Address

0642 Set Subnet Mask

0643 Set Gateway Address

Note that the IP address must be set to a non-zero value.

Fault:

An Ethernet loop has been detected. To clear the fault, break the loop by removing an Ethernet cable from one of the ports.

IP address is set but there is no communication:

If there is an IP address set but there are problems communicating with other devices (say a PC) then the IP address may not match the subnet on which it is connected. The range of the IP address permitted on a network depends upon the particular network. Normally if the IP address is obtained automatically then the settings will be correct for the network.

If connecting to a PC, the PC settings should also be checked – see the section *Changing the Ethernet* settings on the PC.

The administrator of a network should be aware of what IP settings are required.

When first connected, the inverter will attempt to determine the speed and duplex of the Ethernet link. This is done by using a method called auto-negotiation.

Some older hubs do not support auto-negotiation, in which case the inverter will use parallel detection. As parallel detection will only provide the link speed, the inverter will default to half-duplex.

Changing the Ethernet settings on the PC

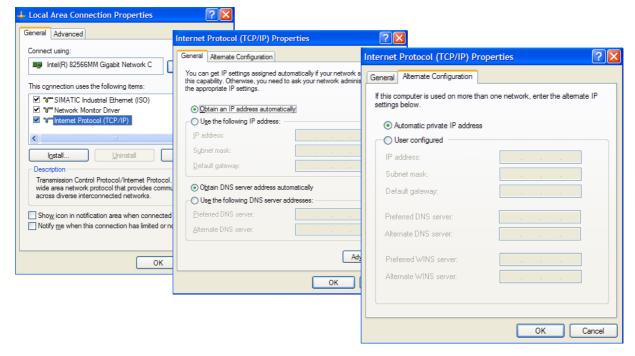
Normally the PC Ethernet adapter is set to obtain an IP address automatically either from a DHCP server or using an automatic private IP address (Auto-IP). The adapter settings may be checked / modified as follows:

For Windows 7 / Windows 10 under Control Panel → Network And Sharing Center → Change adapter settings

Right-click on the required network adapter and choose Properties, then double-click on Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).

To use a fixed IP address make sure Use the following IP address under the General tab is chosen and enter the required IP address, subnet mask and default gateway.

To use DHCP or Auto-IP make sure Obtain IP address automatically under the General tab is selected and under the Alternate Configuration tab that Automatic private IP address is selected.



8.5 Connecting to the Webserver

The AC15 inverter has a built-in web server. To access the web server the parameter **0010 Web Access** must be set to **LIMITED** (default) or **FULL**. Full access is required for programming the AC15 through the web server.

Refer to the previous section for instruction on changing the IP address of the AC15, if required. Once the IP address is known, to access the inverter enter the IP address into a web browser. The following browsers are suitable:

- Mozilla Firefox
- Google Chrome
- Microsoft Edge

Web Pages

A number of built-in web pages can be accessed from the inverter.

Summary Page

The Summary page displays a summary of the inverter (basic drive identification parameters)

Parameters Page

The Parameters page provides access to the inverter parameters in a similar structure to the keypad. This page may only be accessed when the parameter **0010 Web Access** is set to FULL. The view level of the parameters may be modified using the parameter **0686 Web View Level**.

Parameters may be modified from this web page. If a parameter is successfully modified, and supports save, it will be saved if the parameter **0928 Enable Auto Save** is set to TRUE. If Enable Auto Save is set to FALSE then the Save button will appear in the parameter menu navigation bar. Pressing the Save button will save all parameters.

Some parameters may only be modified when in configuration mode, in which case the parameter number will be highlighted orange.

Some parameters may only be modified when the motor is stopped, in which case the parameter number will be highlighted purple.

It is recommended to use the refresh button provided on the parameter menu navigation bar, rather than on the browser itself, to view the latest parameter values.

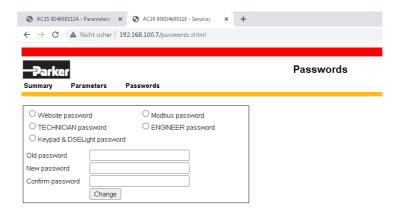
Parameters may be continuously monitored by clicking on the "monitoring" button on the parameter menu navigation bar. It's also possible to set the drive into configuration mode, which might be necessary for the access to some drive parameters.

If a web access password is set, this must be entered in the pop-up box on the browser to be able to gain full access to the web page. If the pop-up box is cancelled, then a read-only Parameters page will be shown.

If the inverter web page cannot be accessed then this may be due to the browser's proxy server settings, especially if the PC has been used on a corporate network. To check the settings, access the Internet Options dialog from within the browser and click on the Connections tab, then click on LAN settings. Make sure the Proxy server checkbox is cleared, alternatively click on Advanced and add the IP address of the inverter to the Exceptions list.

Password Page

The password page allows for changing of the password of the webserver, Keypad/DSELite and the password for access via Modbus. Additionally, passwords for different access levels can be set.



By default, the password is cleared providing unrestricted access. The username is fixed to "ac15".

- Basic Authenticate is a very low level of defence against unauthorized access. It is the
 responsibility of the system administrator to assess the network security and provide adequate
 protection.
- The username and password are case sensitive.
- If passwords are lost, they may only be cleared by a full parameter reset of the drive.

9 Programming Your Application

9.1 Macros

You can program the Inverter for specific applications.

The Inverter is supplied with macros (applications) which can be used as starting points for application-specific programming. This programming could simply involve the inputting of parameter values, or it may require the making or breaking of programmable links, which is a feature of the inverter. Each application macro recalls a pre-programmed set of default parameters and links when it is loaded. Refer to APPENDIX D: Application Macros for further information.

9.2 Programming with Block Diagrams

Block diagram programming provides a visual method of planning the software to suit your application. There are block diagrams provided at the end of this manual, each showing the software connections for an application macro. These pages replicate the DSELite programming screens. DSELite is Parker's drive programming tool.

The processes performed by a macro are represented as a block diagram, consisting of function blocks and links:

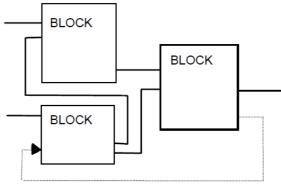
- Each function block contains the parameters required for setting-up a particular processing feature. Sometimes more than one instance of a function block is provided for a feature, i.e. for multiple digital inputs.
- Software links are used to connect the function blocks. Each link transfers the value of an output parameter to an input parameter of another (or the same) function block.

Each individual block is a processing feature, i.e. it takes the input parameter, processes the information, and makes the result available as one or more output parameters.

9.3 Programming Rules

The following rules apply when programming:

- A link's DESTINATION must be set to an input parameter (only one link per input parameter).
- A link's SOURCE may be set to any parameter.
 Both input and output parameters can be used as a source.
- Disable a link by setting both DESTINATION and SOURCE to NULL.
- Setting a link's SOURCE to be a feedback link forces the link to be executed first. This is used to reduce execution timing delays in a feedback loop situation.



Feedback Link

- When programming with DSELite, these rules will be obeyed automatically, and an error message will be displayed if an invalid connection is attempted.
- Function block input parameter values that receive their values from a link cannot be manually changed (as they will change back to the value they receive from the link when the Inverter is running).
- Some function blocks (specifically communications blocks and custom operator menu blocks)
 behave differently. These have the parameter type 'PREF'. When linked to, they take the parameter
 number of the source rather than the value. It is not possible to monitor the input of these blocks
 when linked to/from, as the monitor will show the tag number of the source not the value.

9.4 Execution Rules

The complete block diagram is executed every 1ms. Just before a function block is executed, all the links that have that block as their destination are executed, thereby copying new values into the block's parameter inputs. The input parameters are then processed to produce a new set of output parameters. The execution order of the blocks is automatically arranged for minimal delay.

- The output value transferred by a link on execution is clamped to be between the maximum and minimum value for its destination input parameter.
- If a link's SOURCE and DESTINATION parameters have different decimal point positions, there is
 no automatic adjustment. Use a VALUE FUNCTION block to modify the input into the correct
 destination format.

9.5 Saving Your Modifications

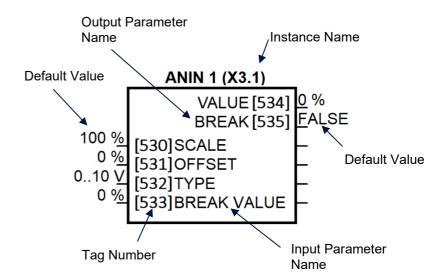
If parameter values or links have been modified or a macro has been loaded, the new settings must be saved. The Inverter will then retain the new settings during power-down. By default, the inverter will automatically save any changes that are made. Refer to the function block CUSTOMISE MENUS for details on how to change this behaviour if a requirement for a manual parameter save is preferred.

9.6 Understanding the Function block Description

The following function blocks describe the parameter information necessary for programming the Inverter.

Input parameters are shown on the lefthand side, and output parameters are shown on the right-hand side of the block.

The keypad menu path diagrams assume that the keypad view level has been set to engineer and that the parameter is being accessed through the 'engineer' menu. If the view level is set to 'operator' or 'technician' the path to the parameter may be different.



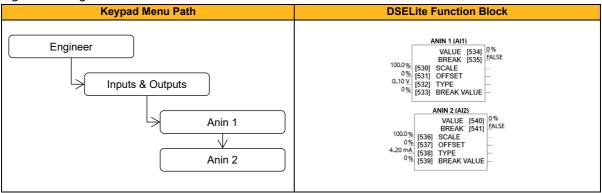
Instance name	Names the function block and keypad menu
Default value	The default value of the unmodified default macro: Macro 0
Input/Output Parameter Name	The name shown in DSELite
Tag Number	Unique identification used for communications, and for direct parameter access through the keypad

9.7 Function Blocks in Alphabetical Order

Anin 1 & Anin 2

Overview

The analog input block converts the input voltage or current into a value expressed as a percentage of a configurable range.

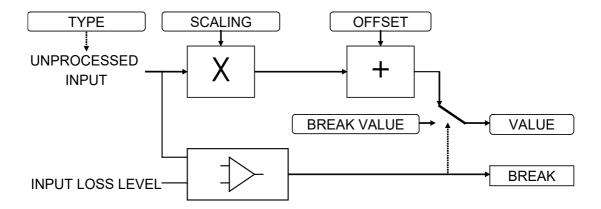


Functional Description

The input voltage is pre-processed and converted into a numeric value by the analog input electronics of the drive. The analog input function blocks further process this reading so that a value of 0.00% represents an input equal to the low input range, while a value of 100.00% represents an input equal to the high input range. The **SCALE** and **OFFSET** factors are then applied as shown to produce a value suitable for use in the application.

The break detect facility is only used in conjunction with the "4 to 20mA" hardware range. An input break is defined as an input reading less than either 0.1V or 0.45mA. When an input break has been detected, the **VALUE** output is forced to be the **BREAK VALUE**.

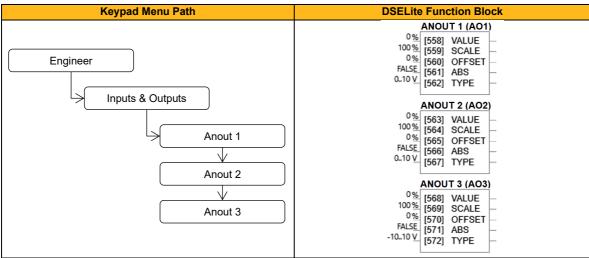
Should the application require the drive to indicate an alarm when an input break has been detected, the **BREAK** output of the function block may be connected to one of the four **APP TRIP** function block inputs.



Anout 1, Anout 2 & Anout 3

Overview

The analog output block converts the demand percentage into a form suitable for driving the analog output electronics of the drive.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
VALUE									
ANOUT 1 (AO1)	558	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 2 (AO2)	563	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 3 (AO3)	568	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
Output Voltage of AN	IOUT = (\	/alue * Scale/100%) + Offset (corresponding to 010V)						
SCALE									
ANOUT 1 (AO1)	559	100	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 2 (AO2)	564	100	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 3 (AO3)	569	100	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
A scaling factor to ap	ply to VA	LUE. A scaling factor of 100.00	0% has no effect.						
OFFSET									
ANOUT 1 (AO1)	560	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 2 (AO2)	565	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 3 (AO3)	570	0	-300 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
An offset added to V	ALUE afte	er the scaling factor has been a	applied. An offset factor of 0.00	% has no	effect.				
ABS									
ANOUT 1 (AO1)	561	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 2 (AO2)	566	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
ANOUT 3 (AO3)	571	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
If true then the sign of	of the sca	led output is ignored.							
TYPE									
ANOUT 1 (AO1)	562	1: 010 V	0: -1010 V		ENUM	ALWAYS			
			1: 010 V						
			2: 020 mA						
			3: 420 mA						
ANOUT 2 (AO2)	567	1: 010 V	0: -1010 V		ENUM	ALWAYS			
			1: 010 V						
			2: 020 mA						
			3: 420 mA						
ANOUT 3 (AO3)	572	0: -1010 V	0: -1010 V		ENUM	ALWAYS			
			1: 010 V						
			2: 020 mA						
			3: 420 mA						
Selects the output ra	Selects the output range (0V10V / 020mA / 420mA).								

Functional Description

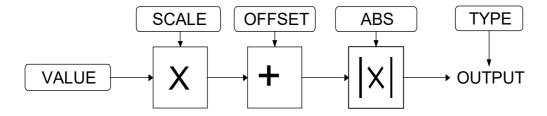
The inverter has up to 3 configurable analog outputs, dependent on frame size.

- Frame 1 products have 2 analog outputs.
- Frames 2-10 have 3 analog outputs.
- Analog outputs 1 and 2 are a unipolar type only (eg. 0V to +10V, 0-20mA or 4-20mA)
- Analog output 3 is a bipolar type (eg. -10V to +10V)

The scaling and offset parameters are applied to the demand value as shown.

If ABS is TRUE then the final output is the magnitude of value after being scaled and offset.

If ABS is FALSE then the final output will be limited to be within the range selected by TYPE.



In the examples given:

- Basic scaling is that 100% on the value parameter is equivalent to +10V on the analog output, and -100% is -10V
- Once the scale and offset are applied to the value parameter (the function block input) the result is clamped to +/-100% before being converted to an analog output
- If you select an unsupported type (eg. -10V to +10V for the unipolar Analog outputs 1 and 2) then the analog output will be fixed at 0V
- Setting a value of -100% to Analog output 1 (0V to +10V) with the absolute parameter set to True (default) gives an analog output of +10V
- Setting a negative % value to Analog output 1 with the absolute parameter set to False gives an analog output of 0V

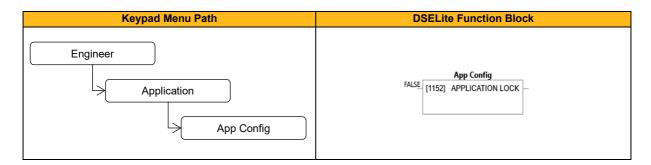
Note:

By default, Analog output 2 is preset with an output value of 100%. This to generate a 10V reference signal at pin AO2 for use with setpoint potentiometers.

App Config

Overview

Application Lock is used to prevent overwriting of the application by the webserver or clone file. Applies to firmware version 1.1 only. From version 1.2 firmware onwards, the password feature should be used. See 'Keypad' later in this section.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
APPLICATION LOCK	1152	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Set TRUE to prevent the app	Set TRUE to prevent the application being over-written from the webserver or from a clone file.								

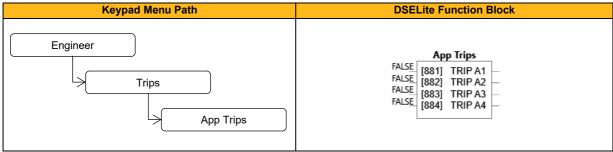
Functional Description

If the application/macro is selected from the webserver or by P1150 'Application Type' from the keypad (Load Application p1151 = TRUE is needed to activate the configured application type), application lock prevents an overwriting of the application. If set TRUE, the application/macro cannot then be changed by the webserver or by keypad.

App Trips

Overview

Trips that can be triggered from the application.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
TRIP A1	881	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Set TRUE to trigger	Set TRUE to trigger trip A1.								
TRIP A2	882	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Set TRUE to trigger	trip A2.								
TRIP A3	883	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Set TRUE to trigger	Set TRUE to trigger trip A3.								
TRIP A4	884	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Set TRUE to trigger	Set TRUE to trigger trip A4.								

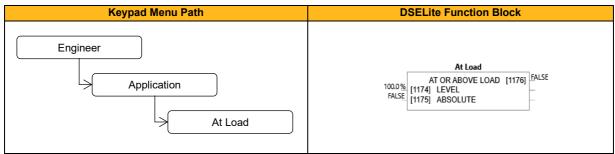
Functional Description

These trips can be triggered in powered state and appear in the 0877 Trip Status Word High

At Load

Overview

This function block is used to generate the **At or above load** signal that may be used as a digital output. If operating as an open-loop drive (V/F fluxing) it is important to enter the no-load current at rated speed into parameter **0175 Mag Current** (Induction Motor function block), otherwise **1174 Level** from this block could be inaccurate.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
LEVEL	1174	100.0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter sets the	value of load	d at which the AT OR AE	SOVE LOAD parameter becom	es TRUE.	100% = rate	ed torque for		
the motor.								
ABSOLUTE	1175	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When TRUE the direction of rotation is ignored. In this case, the comparison level should always be positive. When FALSE								

When TRUE, the direction of rotation is ignored. In this case, the comparison level should always be positive. When FALSE the direction of rotation is not ignored. Driving a load in the reverse direction gives a negative value for torque. In this case, the comparison level may be positive or negative.

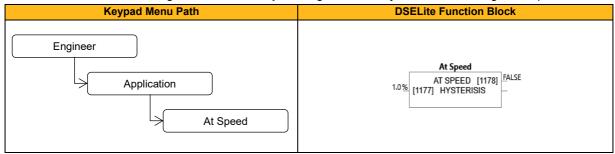
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
AT OR ABOVE LOAD	1176	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
This parameter is TRUE if the load is equal to or above the value set by the LEVEL parameter.								

At Speed

Overview

This function block is used to generate the At Speed signal that may be used as a digital output .



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable				
HYSTERISIS	1177	1.0	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS				
Provides a hysteresi	Provides a hysteresis band about the Speed Setpoint in which the At Speed output is stable.									

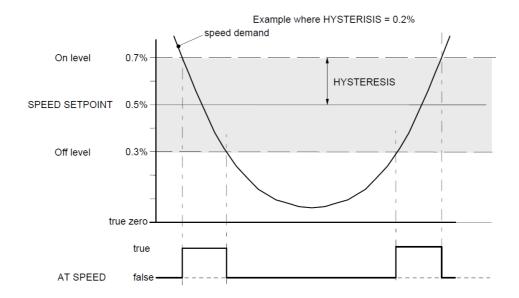
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
AT SPEED	1178	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
This parameter is TRUE when the speed demand is within the hysteresis band.									

Functional Description

The Speed Setpoint is shown by the Speed Setpoint (%) diagnostic in the Diagnostics menu, which is shown as a percentage of the MAX SPEED parameter (Hz).

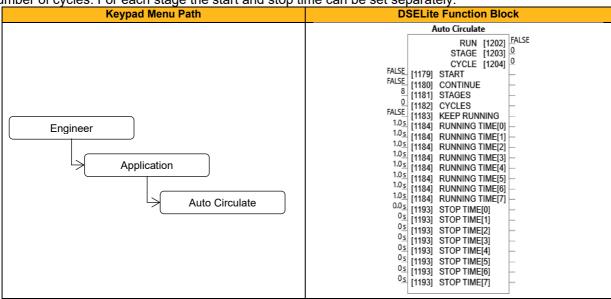
As long as the speed demand value stays in the hysteresis band around the Speed Setpoint, the **At Speed** output is stable. When speed is exceeding this band, the output is set to FALSE.



Auto Circulate

Overview

The Auto Circulate function can call up to 8 stages which are started one after another and is used in conjunction with the multi-stage speed function block. This series can be called continuously or a defined number of cycles. For each stage the start and stop time can be set separately.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable				
START	1179	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS				
Start the Auto-Circulate.	Start the Auto-Circulate.									
CONTINUE	1180	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS				
Continue with the last stage/	cycle when	restarting auto-circu	late.							
STAGES	1181	8	2 to 8		USINT	ALWAYS				
Number of stages of the auto	o-circulate.									
CYCLES	1182	0			UINT	ALWAYS				
Number of cycles of the auto	circulate. S	Set to zero to repeat	forever.							
KEEP RUNNING	1183	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS				
Keep running at the last stag	ge after com	pleting all cycles. If s	set to FALSE, the motor ramps	down afte	er the last cy	cle.				
RUNNING TIME[0]	1185	1.0	0.1 to 3000.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS				
	•••									
RUNNING TIME[7]	1192									
Running time for each stage										
STOP TIME[0]	1194	0.0	0.0 to 3000.0	S	REAL	ALWAYS				
STOP TIME[7]	1201									
Stop time for each stage.										

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
RUN	1202	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Output to indicate stage run	Output to indicate stage running time is active. Use for Run Forward.								
STAGE	1203	0			USINT	NOT			
Output to indicate current ac	Output to indicate current active stage.								
CYCLE	1204	0			UDINT	NOT			
Output to indicate current cycle.									

Functional Description

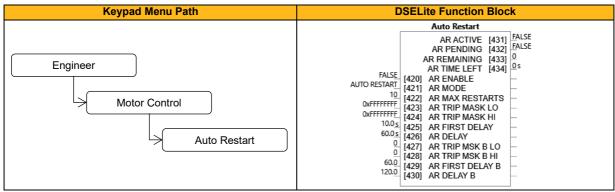
The Auto Circulate function is intended for use with fan or pump applications to automatically cycle though up to 8 run cycles. Alternatively, it may be used as a multi-stage timer for other applications. The **Stage** output of the function should be connected to the **Stage Select** input of the **Multi-Stage Speed** function block. The **Run** output should be connected to the **Run Forward** input of the **Sequencing block**. The **Cycle** output is used as an indication of the number of elapsed cycles.

For example, If 8 stages are required, and all 8 stages are required to run twice, the **Stages** should be set to 8, the Number of **Cycles** set to 2. The **Running Time** and **Stop Time** can be set for each stage separately. To continue running at the end of all cycles, input **Keep Running** should be set true. If false, the **Run** output will go false once the last stage of the final cycle is complete.

Auto Restart

Overview

The Auto Restart feature provides the facility to automatically reset a choice of trip events and restart the drive with a programmed number of attempts. The number of attempted restarts is monitored. A manual or remote trip reset is required if the drive is not successfully restarted within the maximum number of restarts. The purpose of this feature is to allow automatic recovery from trip conditions. This is especially useful on remote or unmonitored sites.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable				
AR ENABLE	420	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS				
Enables the Auto Restart f	unction.	1								
AR MODE	421	1: Auto Restart	0: Trip Reset		ENUM	ALWAYS				
			1: Auto Restart							
			2: Auto Start							
Defines the mode of operation of the auto restart function: Trip reset only, standard auto restart or extended auto start.										
AR MAX RESTARTS	422	10	1 to 20		USINT	ALWAYS				
Defines the maximum number of restart attempts before permitted, before the AR function is disabled automatically and an										
external intervention will be	e required									
AR TRIP MASK LO	423	0xFFFFFFF	0: 01 Over Voltage		DWORD	ALWAYS				
			1: 02 Under Voltage							
			2: 03 Stack Over I							
			3: 04 Over Current							
			4: 05 Current Lim							
			5: 06 Motor Stall							
			6: 07 Inverse Time							
			7: 08 Motor I2t							
			8: 09 Low Speed I							
			9: 10 Heatsink Temp							
			10: 11 Internal Temp							
			11: 12 Motor Temp							
			12: 13 Dynamic Brake							
			13: 14 Digout Load							
			14: 15 Anin 1 Over							
			15: 16 Anin 2 Over							
			16: 17 Contactor							
			17: 18 Phase Fail							
			18: 19 Output Phase							
			19: 20 Vdc Ripple							
			20: 21 Pwr Loss Stop							
			21: 22 Overspeed							
			22: 23 PMAC Speed							
			23: N/A							
			24: 25 Speed Error							
			25: N/A							
			26: 27 Command Loss							
			27: 28 Comms Break							
			28: 29 Base Modbus							

			29: 30 Fieldbus				
			30: 31 STO Active				
			31: 32 External Trip				
Defines the trip events, that	at can trigo	ger the auto restart sequ	uence (together with AR Trip Ma	sk High).			
AR TRIP MASK HI	424	0xFFFFFFF	0: 33 A1		DWORD	ALWAYS	
			1: 34 A2				
			2: 35 A3				
			3: 36 A4				
			4: 37 CPU Loading				
Defines the trip events that	t can trigg	er the auto restart sequ	ence. Use in conjuncture with A	R Trip Ma	ask and AR [Delay.	
AR FIRST DELAY	425	10.0	0.0 to 3600.0	S	TIME	ALWAYS	
Delay before the drive is re	estarted fo	ollowing the first time the	e drive is tripped. The delay time	is started	d once all trip	s have	
become inactive.							
AR DELAY	426	60.0	0.0 to 3600.0	S	TIME	ALWAYS	
Delay before the drive is re	started fo	ollowing the second and	subsequent trip. The delay time	e is starte	d once all trip	os have	
become inactive.							
AR TRIP MSK B LO	427	0: 0	Refer to AR Trip Mask Lo		DWORD	ALWAYS	
			– P0423				
Defines the trip events, that	at can trigo	ger the auto restart sequ	uence (together with AR Trip Ma	sk B High	۱).		
AR TRIP MSK B HI	428	0: 0	Refer to AR Trip Mask Hi –		DWORD	ALWAYS	
			P0424				
Defines the trip events that	t can trigg	er the auto restart sequ	ence. Use in conjuncture with A	R Trip Ma	ask B and De	elay B.	
AR FIRST DELAY B	429	60.0	0.0 to 3600.0		TIME	ALWAYS	
Delay before the drive is re	estarted fo	ollowing the first time the	e drive is tripped (associated wit	h Mask B). The delay	time is	
started once all trips have	become ir	nactive.					
AR DELAY B	430	120.0	0.0 to 3600.0		TIME	ALWAYS	
Delay before the drive is restarted following the second and subsequent trip (associated with Mask B). The delay time is							
started once all trips have	become ir	nactive.					

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
AR ACTIVE	431	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Indicates that the auto res	Indicates that the auto restart module has a pending trip reset or drive restart.								
AR PENDING	432	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Indicates that the motor wi	Il restart o	nce all trip sources have	become inactive and the delay	y timer ha	s expired.				
AR REMAINING	433	0	0 to 20		USINT	NOT			
Count of remaining restart	Count of remaining restart attempts permitted until AR feature is disabled and an external intervention will be required.								
AR TIME LEFT	434	0	0.0 to 3600.0	S	TIME	NOT			
Time until drive restart will be attempted. The countdown is started, once all trip sources are inactive.									

Functional Description

The AR feature can be configured to operate in one of three modes via the parameter **0421 AR Mode**. In all modes the AR feature becomes active when the drive trips on one of the trips selected by one of the Trip Mask parameters. If the drive trips due to a trip not selected in one of these parameters the AR feature will remain in the idle state.

Setting parameter 0420 AR Enable to FALSE will disable the AR feature regardless of its current state.

0421 AR Mode 0: Trip Reset

In Trip Reset mode, once the AR feature becomes active it monitors all possible trip sources. Once all trip sources are inactive the AR feature will attempt to reset the trip event, moving the Sequencing State from the FAULTED state. The AR feature resets the trip as soon as possible, it does not wait for either **0425 AR First Delay** or **0426 AR Delay**. In this mode the AR feature will not attempt to restart the motor.

This mode may be used when an external supervisory system is monitoring the Faulted bit in **0507 Status Word**. This bit will be cleared once all trip sources are inactive and the trip has been successfully cleared, indicating that the drive may be started.



0421 AR Mode 1: Auto Restart

Caution: when Auto Restart is selected the motor may run unexpectedly.

In Auto Restart mode, once the AR feature becomes active it monitors all possible trip sources. Once all trip sources are inactive the AR feature starts the programmed delay. Once the delay timer expires the AR feature attempts to reset the trip and to restart the motor.

The AR feature will not restart the motor if it was not running at the time of the trip, nor will it restart the motor if the run signal has been removed at any time since the trip, (even if it is subsequently re-applied). When a motor restart will not be attempted the AR feature will act as if it had been configured for **Trip Reset** only. If a motor restart will be attempted the parameter **0432 AR Pending** is set TRUE.

Each time a restart is attempted the value in **0433 AR Remaining** is decremented. Once this value reaches zero, any further trip selected for auto restart will cause the AR feature to disable itself.



0421 AR Mode 2: Auto Start

Caution: when Auto Start is selected the motor may run unexpectedly.

In Auto Start mode, once the AR feature becomes active it monitors all possible trip sources. Once all trip sources are inactive the AR feature starts the programmed delay. Once the delay timer expires the AR feature attempts to reset the trip and to restart the motor.

The AR feature will attempt to start the motor even if it was not running at the time of the trip, as long as the Sequencing Logic parameter **0506 Control Word** is configured to run, (typically bits 0, 1, 2 and 3 all set). In this mode the parameter **0432 AR Pending** is set TRUE. Each time a restart is attempted the value in **0433 AR Remaining** is decremented. Once this value reaches zero, any further trip selected for auto restart will cause the AR feature to disable itself.

Recovery from Self Disabled state

The AR feature will remain in the Self Disabled state indefinitely. It may be re-activated by the trip condition being reset by some other means, (ie. Manually by pressing the stop key on the HMI, or remotely using trip reset). Alternatively, the AR feature may be re-enabled by setting **0420 AR Enable** to FALSE then back to TRUE.

Indication

When the AR feature is activated the parameter **0431 AR Active** is set TRUE.

While a restart is pending the parameter **0432 AR Pending** is set TRUE. Where fitted, the green LED illuminating the run key on the HMI will flash.

All indicators are reset once the restart, (or trip reset), attempt has been completed or if the AR feature is disabled.

Autotune

Overview

The Autotune is an automatic test sequence performed by the inverter to identify motor model parameters. The motor model is used by the Sensorless Vector mode. You **MUST** perform an auto-tune before operating the inverter in Sensorless Vector mode. It the control mode is set to Open Loop (V/Hz) mode an autotune is not necessary.

The selection of Vector Control mode or Open Loop mode is determined by the parameter 0031 (Control Strategy) in the Control Mode function block. Induction motor nameplate parameters must be entered before running the autotune procedure for the drive to correctly measure motor model parameters.

The motor must be allowed to spin freely during a rotating autotune. It is acceptable for the motor to be connected to a load, provided that the load is purely inertia, with negligible friction, and does not require the motor to produce torque in order to turn.

If there are practical difficulties performing rotating autotune with fully free motor shaft (e.g., gearbox, pump, compressor, lift, etc., already mounted) then a **stationary autotune** may be used. However, if (with both method listed below) the obtained set of values does not result in a full, smooth speed or torque control, or if it isn't even sufficient to rotate the motor at all, a rotating autotune must be performed. It is also recommended that the stationary autotune is not used for the motors above 30kW.

If operation above base speed (in the field weakening region) is required, a rotating autotune must be performed.

The default method of stationary autotune requires a value for magnetizing current to be entered into parameter **ATN MAG I MOTOR (P0037)**, as this method provides more reliable but less accurate results. The calculation for magnetizing current is:

Motor nameplate rated current (Parameter 0222) * sqrt (1- motor nameplate power factor (Parameter 0228)²).

For example, if the motor nameplate rated current is 6A, and the power factor is 0.72, magnetizing current can be calculated as $6 * (1 - 0.72^2) = 2.89A$

Atn Mag I UsrEna (P2584) enables or disables automatic calculation of magnetizing current by the inverter during stationary autotune. If set to TRUE (default), Atn Mag I Motor (P0037) defines the motor magnetizing current. The user **must** enter the calculated motor magnetizing current into this parameter before proceeding with the stationary autotune. This can be achieved by setting **PRESET I MAG MOT** (P1049) true. The inverter will then calculate a value of Mag current before automatically setting **PRESET I MAG MOT** (P1049) false again.

If **Atn Mag I UsrEna** (P2584) is set to FALSE, an advanced test procedure will be utilized that attempts to calculate all the necessary motor model parameters (including magnetizing current) from injected tests signals without rotation.

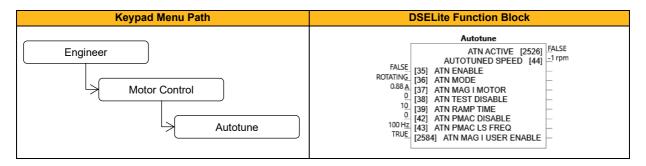
If a permanent magnet motor is used and there is no datasheet available from your motor provider, you MUST perform an autotune before operating the inverter in the Vector control mode. Before running the autotune, some PMAC Motor parameters should be set. These should be obtained from the motor nameplate:

- 0279 PMAC Max Speed: motor rated speed
- 0281 PMAC Rated Cur: motor rated current
- 0282 PMAC Rated Torg: motor rated torque
- 0290 PMAC Base Volts: motor voltage
- 0280 PMAC Max Current: motor max current (if not known, set it to the same value as 0281 PMAC Rated Cur
- 0283 PMAC Motor Poles: motor number of poles (must be an even number)
- **0288 PMAC Mot Inertia**: motor inertia : (try to set a good estimated value, the speed loop will use it for setting correct control parameters)

If a permanent magnet motor is used and there is a datasheet available from your motor provider, you should enter the required motor parameters from the datasheet.

If a permanent magnet motor is used, setting the **0267 Stack Frequency** to 4kHz or less will help to better estimate the motor resistance (**0285 PMAC Winding Resistance**).

For best results it is better to carry out the autotune at the maximum speed that is likely to be required. If an autotune is run at a particular speed, the motor characteristics will be measured up to this speed and estimated above this speed. If you later discover that you need to run the motor faster than this, you can run up to twice the speed at which the autotune was performed, but the control may not be as good in this region, therefore it is preferable to run another autotune at the higher speed. If you wish to run the motor at more than twice the speed at which the autotune was performed, as second autotune is necessary. If in doubt, the autotune speed is recorded in the parameter **0044 Autotuned Speed** for reference, as described below.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable					
ATN ENABLE	35	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED					
Puts the autotune m	odule into	a state where it will carry out	the autotune when the drive is	started.							
ATN MODE	36	1: Rotating	0: Stationary		ENUM	STOPPED					
			1: Rotating								
Selects whether the	Selects whether the autotune is carried out on a rotating motor or whether it is done on a stopped motor (stationary). It may										
be necessary to carry out a stationary autotune if the motor is not free to rotate, for example if it is already connected to a											
machine. Use the more accurate rotating autotune where possible. P2584 'Atn Mag I UsrEna' defines the method of											
stationary autotune.	If P2584	'Atn Mag I UsrEna' is set to TF	RUE (default) the correct value f	or magne	tization curr	ent must be					
entered in P0037 'At	n Mag I N	flotor'									
ATN MAG I	37	Stack dependent	0.01 to 1000	Α	REAL	STOPPED					
MOTOR											
Value of magnetizing	g current	entered by the user. Used for	stationary autotune as input for	the magn	etizing curre	nt parameter					
in the Induction Moto	or Data if	P2584 'Atn Mag I UsrEna' is s	et true. If available the value ca	n be taker	n from the m	otor					
nameplate or datash	eet, if not	available and estimation for t	his parameter is motor namepla	te_rated_	current (P02	222) * sqrt(1-					
nameplate_powerfac	ctor(P228)²). The parameter is preset a	ccording to this formula using th	e inverter	size depend	dent defaults					
for P222 and P228.											
PRESET I MAG	1049	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED					
MOT											
Setting this paramet	er to TRU	E will preset P0037 'Atn Mag	I Motor' according to the equation	on							
motor_nameplate_ra	ated_curre	ent (P0222) * sqrt(1-nameplate	e_powerfactor(P0228)²).								
Parameter P1049 is	automatic	cally reset to FALSE when cal	culation completed.								
ATN TEST	38	0: 0	Bit 0: Leakage Inductance		WORD	STOPPED					
DISABLE			Bit 1: Stator Resistance								
			Bit 2: Magnetizing Current								
			Bit 3: Rotor Time Constant								
			Bit 4: Encoder Direction								
For induction motors	: Allows	selected tests to be disabled (I	pitwise) - per default all tests are	e carried c	out.						
ATN RAMP TIME	39	10	1 to 1000		TIME	STOPPED					
Sets the ramp up tim	ne to base	speed during autotune.		•							
ATN PMAC	42	0: 0	Bit 0: Leakage Inductance		WORD	STOPPED					
DISABLE			Bit 1: Stator Resistance								
			Bit 2: KE Constant								
For PMAC motors: A	Allows sel	ected tests to be disabled (def	ault all tests are carried out).			ı					
ATN PMAC LS	43	100	0 to 500	Hz	REAL	STOPPED					
FREQ											
Test frequency appli	Test frequency applied to the motor to determine leakage inductance.										
1 7 11											

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ATN MAG I USER	2584	TRUE			BOOL	STOPPED
ENABLE						

Switch to use user define magnetization current given via P0037 'Atn Mag I Motor ' instead of performing the dedicated stationary measurement sequence. Default is TRUE - a user defined magnetization current needs to be provided on P0037. Setting FALSE might give a better result (lower, more correct magnetizing current) however if stationary autotune fails with this setting, revert ATN MAG I USER ENABLE to true, and enter a calculated value for magnetizing current.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
ATN ACTIVE	2526	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
A diagnostic output i	A diagnostic output indicating whether the autotune sequence is active.							
AUTOTUNED	44	-1	-1 to 100000	rpm	REAL	NOT		
SPEED								
Records the value of "100% speed in rpm" parameter at the time the autotune was carried out.								

Functional Description

Autotune can only be initiated from the "stopped" condition. When the test is complete, the stack is disabled and **0035 Atn Enable** is set to FALSE.

Rotating Autotune

If an induction motor is fitted, the autotune will identify parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description	Note
Mag Current	Magnetising current	Not measured by Stationary Autotune
Stator Res	Per phase stator resistance	
Leakage Induct	Per phase stator leakage inductance	
Mutual Induct	Per phase mutual inductance	
Rotor Time Const	Rotor time constant	This will be identified while the motor is spinning, while measuring the magnetizing current. If stationary autotune is selected, it will be identified from magnetizing current and motor nameplate rpm

 The-autotune sequence rotates the motor up to the user-programmed 0457 Max Speed in order to identify these parameters. A rotating autotune is required if the motor is to be operated above base speed.

If a permanent magnet motor is fitted, the autotune will identify parameters as follows.

Parameter	Description	Note
Stator Res	Phase to phase stator resistance	
Leakage Induct	Phase to phase stator leakage inductance	
Back EMF Ke	Back-emf constant	This will be identified while the motor is spinning. If stationary autotune is selected, it will be identified from motor nameplate parameters

• The autotune sequence rotates the motor up to the half of the rated motor speed in order to identify these parameters.

Autotune Alerts

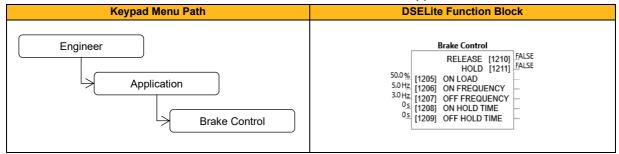
If the autotune fails to complete for any reason, an alert will be displayed and the autotune abandoned. Possible alerts are as follows:

Alert No.	Alert Name	AC15 Display	Possible Reason for Alert	Possible Solution
25	Tests	tdIS	All autotune tests are disabled	Check parameter 0038: Atn Test
	Disabled			Disable and parameter 0042: Atn PMAC Disable
26	Autotune in Progress	Atn	Autotune routine active	
27	Leakage L	LEAt	The autotune has attempted to	Problem with motor connection.
	Timeout		determine the leakage inductance of	
			the motor but cannot make the required test current.	
28	Motor	StAL	Inverter cannot produce enough	Check motor is free to rotate
	Stalled		torque to turn motor	
29	Motor	turn	The autotune is trying to find the	Wait till the motor stops.
	Turning Err		encoder direction by spinning the	
			motor, but the motor is already spinning.	
30	Neg Slip	nSLp	Autotune has calculated a negative	Check nameplate rpm, base
	Freq		slip frequency, which is not valid.	frequency, and pole pairs are correct.
			Nameplate rpm may have been set	
			to a value higher than the base	
31	Tr Too	Tr2L	speed of the motor. The calculated value of rotor time	Check the values of Nameplate Speed
01	Large	1122	constant is too large.	and Base Frequency.
32	Tr Too Small	Tr2S	The calculated value of rotor time	Check the values of Nameplate Speed
			constant is too small.	and Base Frequency.
33	Max Speed	Sp2L	During Autotune the motor is	Increase the value of Max Speed
	2 Low		required to run at the nameplate	parameter 0457 up to the nameplate
			speed of the motor. If 100% Speed in RPM parameter limits the speed to	rpm of the motor (as a minimum). It may be reduced, if required, after the
			less than this value, an error will be	Autotune is complete.
			reported.	·
34	Supply Volts	SuOL	The autotune will compensate for	Re-try when mains volts are within
	Low		low supply volts, down to 70% of motor rated volts. Below this value it	specification.
			will stop the autotune and raise an	
			alert.	
35	Not At	nSpd	The motor was unable to reach the	Possible reasons include: motor shaft
	Speed		required speed to carry out the	not free to turn; the motor data is
00			Autotune.	incorrect.
36	Mag I Err	InAg	It was not possible to find a suitable value of magnetizing current to	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm and motor
			achieve the required operating	volts. Also check that the motor is
			condition for the motor.	correctly rated for the drive.
37	Torque Limit	TLIn	Not currently implemented in	
	Error		AC15/20	
38	Ke Too	EnFL	Ke value calculated during the	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm, rated amps
	Large		autotune (stationary) is too large (the max value is 840V)	and motor volts.
			max value is 6 16 V)	If low speed motor with a Ke value
				higher than 840V, enter by hand the corresponding value after the
				autotune completion.
39	Ke Too	EnFS	Ke value calculated during the	Check the motor data is correct,
	Small		autotune (stationary) is too small	especially nameplate rpm, rated amps
40	MRAS Para	nCAL	(the min value is 1V) Unable to calculate MRAS	and motor volts. Check the motor data is correct,
70	Calc	IIOAL	parameters	especially nameplate rpm, rated amps
			'	and motor volts.

Brake Control

Overview

This is used to control electromechanical motor brakes in hoist and lift applications.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable				
			•							
ON LOAD	1205	15	0.0 to 150.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS				
Load level at which the exter	Load level at which the external motor brake is released. If load level is set to 0%, brake release is controlled by the 'On									
frequency' threshold only.	frequency' threshold only.									
Note: If P0118 'Elec Rotor S	peed' is neg	ative, the block nega	ates P0109 'Torque %' for com	parison w	ith the On L	oad				
threshold.										
When operating in IM SVC of	ontrol, ensu	re that P0524 'MRAS	S Start Current' is set lower tha	n the On	Load param	eter, to				
ensure that the brake is not a	accidentally	released as a result	of a starting torque boost.							
ON FREQUENCY	1206	3.4	0.0 to 500.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS				
Frequency at which the exte	rnal motor b	rake is released.			•					
With version 1.2 firmware or	later, when	operating in IM SVC	control, the brake will not relea	ase until N	/IRAS has le	eft low speed				
mode. This to ensure the bra	ake does no	t release before the i	nverter moves to 'closed loop'	control. T	he electrical	output				
			me/power dependent. P0264 'l			•				
status.		'	, , ,							
OFF FREQUENCY	1207	2.3	0.0 to 500.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS				
Frequency at which the exte	rnal motor b	rake is applied.			•					
Must be less than or equal to	On freque	ncy' parameter P120	6.							
With version 1.2 firmware or	later, when	operating in IM SVC	control, the brake is automatic	ally trigge	ered to hold	if MRAS				
enters low speed mode. The electrical output frequency at which the inverter enters low speed mode is frame/power										
dependent. P0264 'MRAS LOW SPEED' indicates status.										
ON HOLD TIME 1208 0 0.0 to 300.0 s REAL ALWAYS										
Sets the duration of the puls	e output on	HOLD when RELEA	SE becomes TRUE.			•				
OFF HOLD TIME	1209	0	0.0 to 300.0	S	REAL	ALWAYS				

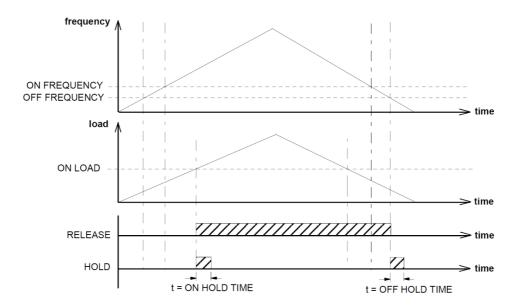
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
RELEASE	1210	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
Boolean output providing a signal to operate the brake delay.							
HOLD1211FALSEBOOLNOT							
Becomes TRUE when the brake is toggled On or Off, remains TRUE for duration set by OFF HOLD TIME or ON HOLD TIME.							

Sets the duration of the pulse output on HOLD when RELEASE becomes FALSE.

Functional Description

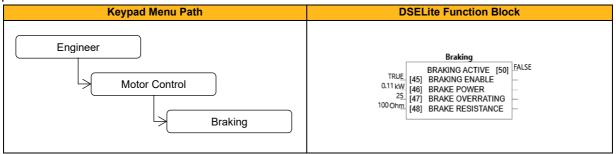
The operation of the Brake Control feature is illustrated below.



Braking

Overview

The braking function block controls the rate at which energy from a regenerating motor is dumped into a resistive load. This dumping prevents the dc link voltage reaching levels which would cause an Overvoltage trip.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
BRAKING ENABLE	45	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enables operation of the d	ynamic brak	ring feature.		•		•	
BRAKE POWER	46	0.11	0.1 to 510	kW	REAL	STOPPED	
The power that the brake load resistor may continually dissipate. Default value is the recommended power rating for the used							
drive size.							
BRAKE OVERRATING	47	25	1 to 40		REAL	STOPPED	
Multiplier that may be appl	ied to Brake	Power for power over	loads lasting no more than 1 so	econd.			
BRAKE RESISTANCE	48	100	0.01 to 1000	Ohm	REAL	STOPPED	
The resistance value of the dynamic brake load resistor. The default setting is the minimum permissible resistance for the							
used drive size (this value	results in th	e highest possible pea	k braking power, a resistor with	n a lower i	resistance v	alue must	
not be connected)							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
BRAKING ACTIVE	50	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
A read-only parameter indicating the state of the brake switch.							

Functional Description

When enabled, the Braking block monitors the internal dc link voltage every milli-second and sets the state of the brake switch accordingly.

The dynamic braking block provides a control signal that is used by the Slew Rate block. This causes the setpoint to be temporarily frozen whenever the dynamic brake is operating because the dc link voltage exceeds the internal comparison level. This allows the stop rate to be automatically tuned to the characteristics of the load, motor, inverter and brake resistor.

The Braking block operates even when the motor output is not enabled. This allows the block to continually monitor the energy dumped into the braking resistor, and the energy dissipated across the brake switch. With this information the inverter is able to deduce the loading on the brake resistor. Optional trips may be enabled should the switch or resistor be loaded beyond its capabilities.

Refer also to the Installation Product Manual - Dynamic Braking.

Clone

Overview

The clone feature allows the drive configuration (application and parameters) to be saved to an SD card and subsequently loaded to the same or a different drive.

All parameters fall into one of the following cloning categories listed in the parameter table at the end of the software manual:

- **Never**: This type of parameter will never be copied to a new drive. This category includes parameters that are not saved and parameters that contain information such as runtime statistics.
- **Drive Unique**: This type of parameter is normally unique to the drive, such as the drive name. Drive unique parameters are written in Full Restore Mode
- **Power:** This type of parameter is related to the power stack of the drive or to the motor connected to the drive, these parameters are cloned in Full Restore Mode or if set in Partial Install Mode
- Other: Any saved parameter that is not in the other cloning categories. This category includes the majority of parameters including the application parameters.

The visibility of the following cloning parameters on the HMI may depend on the selection of other cloning parameters and whether an SD card is fitted.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
CLONE FILENAME	1083	clone			STRING	ALWAYS			
Filename for clone file.									
CLONE DIRECTION	1087	0: Save To File	0: Save To File 1: Load From File		ENUM	ALWAYS			
Selects between creating a new	clone file	or loading data from a	n existing clone file.						
RESTORE MODE	1088	0: Full	0: Full 1: Partial		ENUM	ALWAYS			
Type of clone restore. In Partial P1091.	Restore M	ode the decision, if the	e parameters are cloned, d	epends or	n parameters	P1089 to			
STACK PARAMETERS	1089	0: Load From File	0: Load From File 1: Leave Current 2: Set To Default		ENUM	ALWAYS			
Selects if the power parameters	should be	restored from the SD	card.						
MOTOR PARAMETERS	1090	0: Load From File	0: Load From File 1: Leave Current 2: Set To Default		ENUM	ALWAYS			
Selects if the power parameters	should be	restored from the SD	card.						
CONFIGURATION	1091	0: Load From File	0: Load From File 1: Leave Current 2: Set To Default		ENUM	ALWAYS			
Selects if all other parameters a	nd the DS	ELite configuration file	should be restored from th	e SD card	d.				
CLONE START	1093	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			

A rising edge FALSE -> TRUE starts a clone save or restore. If triggered via the keypad, Clone Start is automatically reset to FALSE and the clone result is acknowledged with a keypad Alert. The diagnostic parameters P1110 'Clone LastResult' and P1094 'Clone Status' will also be set:

If successful, 'CLONE SUCCESSFUL' (Alert 41) will be displayed, with P1110 'Clone LastResult' = 'Done' (4) and P1094 'Clone Status'= 'DONE - READY' (18)

If unsuccessful 'CLONE FAILED' (Alert 42) will be displayed, with P1110 'Clone LastResult' and P1094 'Clone Status'= indicating the reasons for failure.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
CLONE STATUS	1094	0: Ready	0: Ready 1: Saving 2: Restoring 3: Verifying 4: Done 5: Done - No App 6: Cannot Start 7: No SD Card 8: Failed Verify 9: File Not Opened 10: File Incompatible 11: Failed File 12: Stack Invalid 13: Failed App 14: Failed Params 15: Failed Memory		ENUM	NOT

Status of the cloning process. Shows 'No SD Card' (7) if no card is inserted. If a card is installed the status will show 'Ready for Clone' (0). During clone the status parameter indicates the sequence state. When clone is finished it will display 'Done' or an error state which is displayed while P1093 'Clone Start' is TRUE. If P1093 'Clone Start' is set FALSE the state is displayed as either 'FAILED - READY' (17) if the clone was not completed or 'DONE - READY' (18) if the clone was completed. For other possible results see P1110 'Clone LastResult').

		,				
CLONE LAST RESULT	1094	0: Ready	0: Ready 1: Saving 2: Restoring 3: Verifying 4: Done 5: Done - No App 6: Cannot Start 7: No SD Card 8: Failed Verify 9: File Not Opened 10: File Incompatible 11: Failed File 12: Stack Invalid	EN	JM	NOT
			11: Failed File			
			14: Failed App 14: Failed Params 15: Failed Memory			

Result of the cloning process, which is retained until a new clone process is started, such that it can be viewed on the keypad. Clone Last Result displays the cause of the error if cloning. The initial value is 'NO CLONE YET' (16). During clone the parameter is not updated. When clone is finished, Clone Last result will display 'Done' or an error state

Functional Description

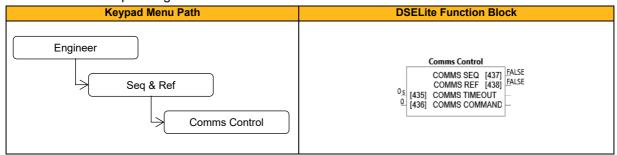
Notes:

- 1. The clone file only contains the parameters that were stored in non-volatile memory on the drive when a clone save was performed. It is always advisable to perform a parameter save before saving a clone file. When performing a clone load and a full restore is performed or a LOAD FROM FILE is used for the parameters, then any parameter not previously saved in the file will be set to its defaults
- 2. Each application parameter is restored only if the parameter definition on the target drive matches the saved parameter. For example, if the original file was cloned from a drive with a much older version of firmware than the target drive, some parameters may not transfer correctly
- 3. The clone saving process will take between 3 15 seconds depending on the type of SD card
- 4. When saving a file with the same filename as an existing file on the SD card, the existing file will be overwritten. To prevent this, use a PC to set the read-only attribute of the file.
- 5. During the clone loading process the MMI screen or LEDs may blink momentarily.
- The default 'Technician' MMI view does not allow access to parameter 1088 Restore Mode. With
 default settings a clone operation from Technician view will therefore result in a full clone of Stack,
 Motor and Application settings.

Comms Control

Overview

When controlling the inverter over a fieldbus connection, this block sets the **Controlword** of the drive, this mode is set in the Sequencing function block.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
COMMS TIMEOUT	435	0	0 to 600	S	REAL	ALWAYS
Sets the maximum time allow	wed betwee	n refreshing Comms	Command. If the time is excee	ded trip 2	7'command	loss' is
generated.						
COMMS COMMAND	436	0: 0	0: Switch On		Word	Always
			1: Enable Voltage			
			2: Not Quickstop			
			3: Enable Operation			
			4:			
			5:			
			6:			
			7: Reset Fault			
			8: External Fault			
			9:			
			10: Use Comms Control			
			11: Use Comms Reference			
			12: Use Jog Reference			
			13: Reverse Direction			
			14:			
			15: Event Triggered Op			

Control Word from Fieldbus (bus object 0x21B4). If bit 10 'use comms control' is set, the Comms Command word is used to control the drive.

Note: If bit 10 is set, bit 2 'Not Quickstop', bit 1 'Enable Voltage' and bit 0 'Switch On' are ANDed with the application control word 0505 'Remote Command' (influenced by the 'Sequencing' block in DSE Lite).

Note: If bit 11 'use comms reference' is set, the 'Comms Setpoint' 0458 (signed, bus object number 0x21CA) is used as the speed reference. If bit 11 'use comms reference' is NOT set, the 'Comms Setpoint' 0458 will be forced to zero.

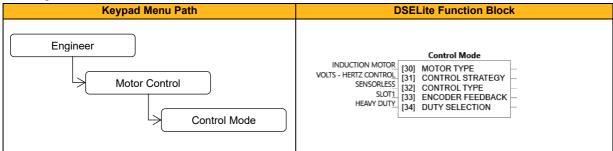
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
COMMS SEQ	437	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
TRUE if in sequencing is taken from the Comms Command.							
COMMS REF	438	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
TRUE if in reference is taken from Comms Reference.							

Control Mode

Overview

The control mode block provides the means for selecting the type of motor and the desired method of controlling the motor.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
MOTOR TYPE	30	0: Induction Motor	0: Induction motor		ENUM	STOPPED		
			1: PMAC Motor					
Motor type selection parar	neter.			•		•		
CONTROL STRATEGY	31	0: Volts-Hertz Control	0: Volts-Hertz Control		ENUM	STOPPED		
			1: Vector Control					
Select control strategy selection parameter. Allows the user to select the method of controlling the motor. Note: If PMAC								
MOTOR is selected as cor	ntrol Moto	r Type P030 the control stra	tegy is forced to VECTOR (CONTROL				
CONTROL TYPE	32	0: Sensorless	0: Sensorless		ENUM	STOPPED		
For INDUCTION MOTOR	this paran	neter is ignored if Control S	rategy P031 is set to VOLT	S - HERT	Z - CONTRO	DL.		
DUTY SELECTION	34	0: Heavy Duty	0: Heavy Duty		ENUM	STOPPED		
Heavy Duty provide contin	Heavy Duty provide continuous ratings with higher overload capability (typically 150%, 60s).							

Functional Description

Motor type selection is the first step in setting the control mode.

The selection of control strategy comes next, with the permitted settings as follows:

- Induction motors can be run in either volts hertz mode or vector mode
- Permanent magnet motors can only be run in sensorless vector control mode

Duty selection is fixed at 0: Heavy Duty in the AC15 series

Current Limit

Overview

Designed for all Motor Control Modes

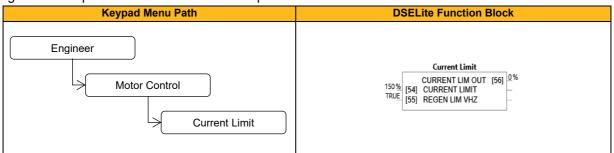
This function allows you to set the maximum level of motor rated current (as a % of the user-set **Motor Current**) which is allowed to flow before current limit action occurs. If the measured motor current exceeds the current limit value with a motoring load, the motor speed is reduced to control the excess load. If the measured motor current exceeds the current limit value with a regenerating load, the motor speed is increased up to a maximum of **Max Speed** (Reference function block).

The maximum value of current limit for a particular motor is limited by the inverter's current rating.

If a motor of larger rating than the inverter is connected, then the current limit max value is limited by the inverter's current rating.

If a motor of lower rating than the inverter is connected, then the current limit max value is limited to 300% (if compatible with the inverter's current rating) for an induction motor (IM) and to the ratio **PMAC Max Current** to **PMAC Rated Current** for a PMAC motor.

Hint: If the current limit is used in Vector Control Mode the minimum setpoint for current limit is limited to 110% of the motor magnetising current (P0175) / rated current (P0222), so that approximately 45% of the mag current setpoint is retained for motor torque control.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
CURRENT LIMIT	54	150	0 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS

This parameter sets the level of motor current, as a % of motor current (refer to the relevant motor definition PMAC or IM function) at which the drive begins to take current limiting action. If the set level of motor current is higher than the available stack (drive) current the internally effective current limit is limited to the stack max current. The effective limit is displayed via P056 'Current Lim Out'). Additionally current at the motor could be further reduced by the torque limit function block.

REGEN LIM VHZ	55	TRUE		BOOL	ALWAYS

This parameter enables or disables current limit action in 'regenerative motor operation'. 'Regenerative motor operation' occurs when the motor is being overhauled in either forward or reverse direction.

Note: The regenerative torque (current) limiting function is violated in case of a speed setpoint direction (=sign) change.

Note: With this flag active and low torque limits, in some cases (e.g., if fixed boost is configured) the drive might not be able to follow the setpoint ramp to zero speed. This includes power off (stop) with (not fast) ramped stop. To ensure the drives stops "smoothly" this parameter should be set false or a higher torque limit could be set. An alternative higher torque limit for stop operation can also be achieved by using a fast (quick) stop, triggered via P0495 'Not Fast Stop' = False. Fast stop has an individual stopping torque limit parameter (P0387 'Fast Stop T_Lim') and a timeout via P0487 'Fast Stop Limit'.

Note: This parameter is only relevant in open-loop VHz motor control mode.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
CURRENT LIM OUT	56	0	0 to 600	%	REAL	NOT	
Actual current limit including stack (drive) restrictions. This value is used as limiting value in the torque limit function block.							

Functional Description

The output of the current limit block is modified by the Drive's internal protection algorithms. The lesser of the current limit setpoint (P054) and the internally derived current limit will appear at the output of the function block and be used by the motor control function.

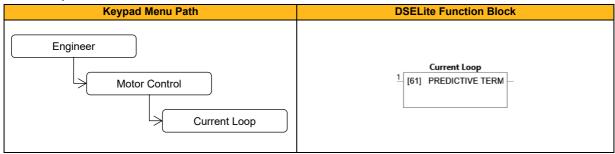
Internal limit is a sum of the output of the Stack Inv Time module + reduction as a function of electrical low speed (< 3Hz) and of heatsink temperature. Therefore at low speeds, high temperatures or following a period of overload, current limit may be reduced automatically.



Current Loop

Overview

Current Loop Predictive term



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable		
PREDICTIVE TERM	61	1			BOOL	ALWAYS		
Enables the predictive term of the current loop for PMAC motors								

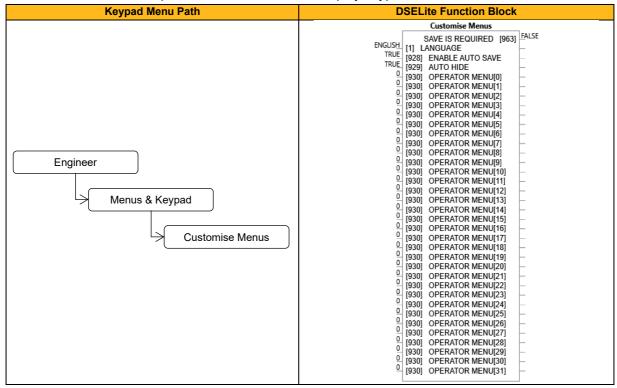
Functional Description

This is to add the predictive term from the current regulator into the voltage demand to increase the dynamic performance of the drive. It is recommended to enable this parameter if a permanent magnet motor is used.

Customise Menus (Firmware Version 1.1)

Overview

Parameters that define the operation of the menus and display/keypad.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
LANGUAGE	1	0: English	0: English		ENUM	STOPPED			
Identifies the currently selected language. Languages other than English are currently not supported.									
ENABLE AUTO SAVE	928	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE, parameter changes from the keypad or Web page are automatically saved. When FALSE parameters are not									
saved until a manual save is selected.									
AUTO HIDE	929	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Enables auto hiding of parameters that are not relevant to the configuration. For example, parameters for options that are not									
fitted. Auto hide always applies at OPERATOR and TECHNICIAN view levels.									
OPERATOR MENU[0]	931	0	0 to 4000		PREF	ALWAYS			
OPERATOR MENU[31]	962								
An array of parameter numbers that defines the contents of the Operator menu. Setting an entry to 0 hides the corresponding									
entry in the Operator menu.									

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
SAVE IS REQUIRED	963	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Indicates that auto save is off, and a parameter has been changed.									

Functional Description

The mapping blocks expect the TAG number of the required parameter. Links are not accepted, and the TAG number must be entered directly.

An 'operator menu' may be populated with parameters applicable to the application, to simply setup and control. By default, the operator menu block has no parameter entries, however when a macro template is selected, the operator menu block will automatically be populated with the relevant tag numbers. The operator menu will always display the Speed Reference (Parameter 0462) and Speed Percent (Parameter 0105) in addition to any custom menu additions.

For example, if the operator menu is required to display the DC Link Voltage (Parameter 0102), Motor Current (Parameter 0112) and Stack Current (Parameter 0114), enter the parameter numbers into the operator menu functions as follows:

Operator Menu[0] = 102

Operator Menu[1] = 112

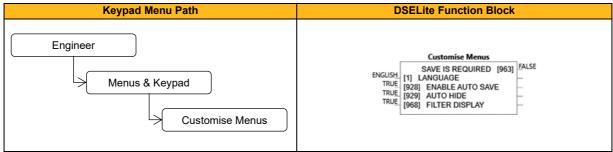
Operator Menu[2] = 114

The parameter numbers of all function block outputs may be found in the individual help file for that block.

Customise Menus (Firmware Version 1.2 and later)

Overview

Parameters that define the operation of the menus and display/keypad.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
LANGUAGE	1	0: English	0: ENGLISH		ENUM	STOPPED	
			1: FRANCAIS				
			2: DEUTSCH				
			3: ESPANOL				
			4: ITALIANO				
			5: CHINESE				
			6: L 6				
			7: L 7				
			8: L 8				
			9: P LANG				
Identifies the currently selected language. Languages other than English are currently not supported.							
ENABLE AUTO SAVE	928	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
When TDLIC peremeter change	a fram the	Isoupad or Mah n	age are sutamatically sayed M	/h = := [] [C		

When TRUE, parameter changes from the keypad or Web page are automatically saved. When FALSE parameters are not saved until a manual save is selected.

Note that loading a macro, or modifying the stack ID will result in the new settings being saved automatically unless Enable Autosave is first set to false.

Resetting to defaults will also reset Enable Auto Save to its default TRUE setting, resulting in the default settings being saved to memory.

AUTO HIDE	929	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Enables auto hiding of paramete	ers that are	e not relevant to th	e configuration. For example,	parameter	s for options	that are not

fitted. Auto hide always applies at OPERATOR and TECHNICIAN view levels.

OPERATOR MENU [0]	931	0	0 to 4000	PREF	ALWAYS
OPERATOR MENU [31]	962				

An array of parameter numbers that defines the contents of the Operator menu. Setting an entry to 0 hides the corresponding entry in the Operator menu.

FILTER DISPLAY 968 TRUE BOOL ALWAYS

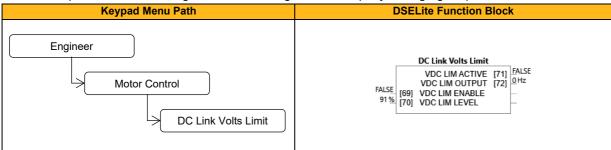
Enables or disables smoothing of the value shown on the display. The display filter reduces the effect of random variations on the displayed value, making it easier to read. The display filter time-constant automatically adjusts to provide the best compromise between noise reduction and response. The filter only applies to read-only values.

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
SAVE IS REQUIRED	963	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
Indicates that auto save is off, and a parameter has been changed.								

DC Link Volts Limit

Overview

This function prevents over-voltage faults occurring due to a rapidly changing setpoint.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
VDC LIM ENABLE	69	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED		
Enable DC Link Volts Limit during a fast deceleration to prevent overvoltage trip.								
VDC LIM LEVEL	70	91	80 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED		
% of the overvoltage trip level at which DC Link Volts Limit sequence is started.								

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
VDC LIM ACTIVE	71	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Set True when the deceleration ramp is paused in order to limit the DC link voltage.									
VDC LIM OUTPUT	VDC LIM OUTPUT 72 0 Hz REAL NOT								
Output speed setpoint in	Output speed setpoint in electrical Hz.								

Functional Description

During a fast deceleration, the kinetic energy of the motor load is regenerated to the drive, charging the DC link capacitors.

When the **VDC Lim Level** is reached, the speed setpoint is held, waiting for the DC link to go below **VDC Lim Level**.

When the DC link falls below this level, the speed setpoint is released and is ramped down using system ramp deceleration.

This sequence is run until the speed setpoint reaches the user speed demand.

By Default, **VDC Lim Level** is set to the same value as the braking threshold.

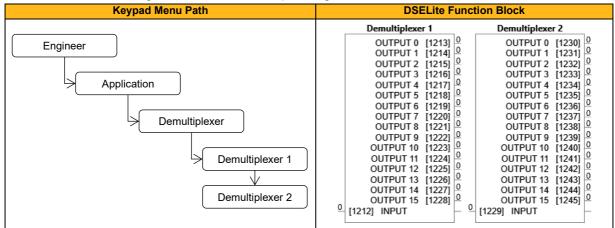
This feature is run at a rate of 1 milli-second.

Speed Setpoint path User Power Loss Ride Thru Ride T

Demultiplexer 1 & Demultiplexer 2

Overview

The demultiplexer function block splits the input word into 16 individual bits. This may be used to extract the individual bits from an integer value for use in sequencing.



Function Block Inputs

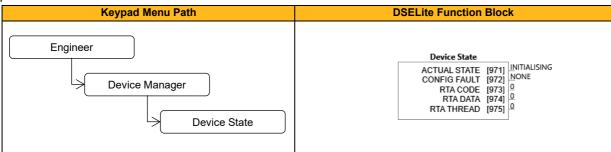
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
INPUT								
Demultiplexer 1	1212	0			WORD	ALWAYS		
Demultiplexer 2	1229	0			WORD	ALWAYS		
Output word (containing Input 115). The input to be split into its component bits.								

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
OUTPUT 0 OUTPUT 15									
Demultiplexer 1	1213	0			BIT	NOT			
	1228								
Demultiplexer 2	1230 1245	0			BIT	NOT			
Output Bit 0 to Outpu	Output Bit 0 to Output Bit 15.								

Device State

Overview

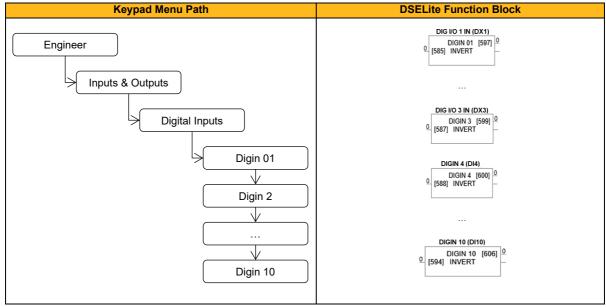
Operational state of drive.



Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ACTUAL STATE	971	0: Initialising	0: Initialising		ENUM	NOT
			1: Initialised			
			2: Preparing Preop			
			3: Preoperational			
			4: Preparing Op			
			5: Failed To Ready			
			6: Ready For Op			
			7: Operational			
			8: Faulted			
			9: Fatal Error Recover			
Operating State of	the drive, (same as device manager).		•		
CONFIG FAULT	972	0: None	0: None		ENUM	NOT
			1: Application			
			2: Base Comms			
			3: Base Io			
			4: Keypad			
			5: Motor Control			
			6: Option Comms			
			7: Option Io			
			8: Feedback Missing			
Component reporting	ng a Confiç	guration Error		•		
RTA CODE	973	0			UINT	NOT
RunTime Alert Fau	It Code	•	•	•		
RTA DATA	974	0			DWORD	NOT
RunTime Alert Fau	lt Data	•	•			
RTA THREAD	975	0			SINT	NOT
Priority of thread th	at was run	ning at the time of the RTA	•	•	,	

Digin 1, Digin 2, Digin 3, Digin 4, Digin 5, Digin 6, Digin 7, Digin 8

The digital input block converts the physical input voltage to TRUE or FALSE control signals.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
INVERT						
DIG I/O 1 IN (DX1)	585	0			BIT	ALWAYS
•••						
DIG I/O 3 IN (DX3)	587	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIGIN 4 (DI4)	588	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIGIN 8 (DI8)	592	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Invert digital input.			•			
Digital input 07 and 08 ava	ilable for	>= Frame 2 only.				

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
DIGIN							
DIG I/O 1 IN (DX1)	597	0			BIT	NOT	
•••							
DIG I/O 3 IN (DX3)	599	0			BIT	NOT	
DIGIN 4 (DI4)	600	0			BIT	NOT	
DIGIN 8 (DI8)	604	0			BIT	NOT	
Digital input after inversion.							
Digital input 07 and 08 after inversion. Available for >= Frame 2 only							

Functional Description

There is a Digital Input function block associated with each of the following terminals:

Frame 1: 6 configurable digital inputs, two of them as configurable I/O:

Digital Input 1 is associated with terminal DX1 (shares terminal with Digout1)

Digital Input 2 is associated with terminal DX2 (shares terminal with Digout2)

Digital Input 3 is associated with terminal DI3, Digital Input 4 is associated with terminal DI4 etc.

Frames 2 – 5: 8 configurable digital inputs, three of them as configurable I/O:

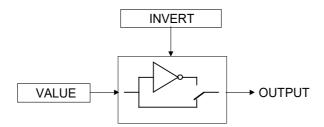
Digital Input 1 is associated with terminal DX1 (shares terminal with Digout1)

Digital Input 2 is associated with terminal DX2 (shares terminal with Digout2)

Digital Input 3 is associated with terminal DX3 (shares terminal with Digout3)

Digital Input 4 is associated with terminal DI4, Digital Input 5 is associated with terminal DI5 etc.

The input electronics of the Inverter converts the input signal to a TRUE or FALSE logic value. The digital input block takes this value and optionally inverts it before providing the **Digin x** output.

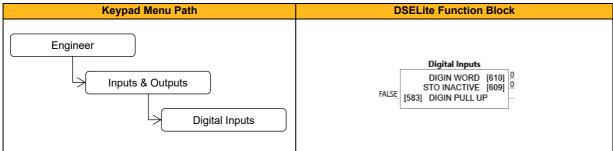


Digital Inputs

Overview

The Digital Inputs block signals the actual state of the Digital Inputs and the STO signals.

Setting the input **0583 Digin Pull Up** = TRUE pulls the unconnected inputs of Digin 3 through to Digin 6 (Frame 1), or Digin 4 through Digin 8 (Frames 2 to 5) high (PNP). This parameter has no influence on the combined DIO's Digin 1, 2 (Frame 1) and Digin 1, 2 & 3 (Frames 2 to 5).



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
DIGIN PULL UP	583	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS

TRUE: Unconnected inputs are pulled High.

FALSE: Unconnected inputs are pulled to Low.

Note:

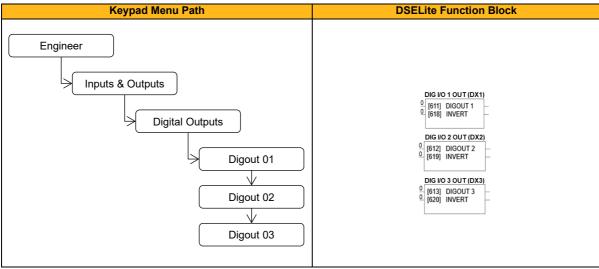
Frame 1 only: This parameter only applies to dedicated inputs (DI3...DI6) but not to combined digital in/outputs (DX1...DX2)

>= Frame 2: This parameter only applies to dedicated inputs (DI4...DI8) but not to combined digital in/outputs (DX1...DX3)

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
DIGIN WORD	610	0: 0	Bit 0: Digin 01		WORD	NOT
			Bit 1: Digin 02			
			Bit 2: Digin 03			
			Bit 3: Digin 04			
			Bit 4: Digin 05			
			Bit 5: Digin 06			
			Bit 6: Digin 07			
			Bit 7: Digin 08			
			Bit 8:			
			Bit 9:			
			Bit 10:			
			Bit 11:			
			Bit 12:			
			Bit 13:			
			Bit 14:			
			Bit 15: STO Inactive			
Digital inputs after in	version, c	ombined into a bitfield. STO in	active is on bit 16 (starting cou	nt with 1).	'	
STO INACTIVE	609	0			BIT	NOT
Indicates that the dri	ve will sta	rt if the RUN command is activ	ated.			

Digout 1, Digout 2 & Digout 3

Overview



The digital output block converts a logic TRUE or FALSE demand to a physical output signal.

Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
DIGOUT						
DIG I/O 1 OUT (DX1)	611	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIG I/O 2 OUT (DX2)	612	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIG I/O 3 OUT (DX3)	613	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Digital output 03 available for >= Fr	ame 2	only.				
INVERT						
DIG I/O 1 OUT (DX1)	618	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIG I/O 2 OUT (DX2)	619	0			BIT	ALWAYS
DIG I/O 3 OUT (DX3)	620	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Invert digital output 03 available for	>= Fra	me 2 only.				

Functional Description

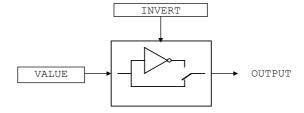
There is a DIGITAL OUTPUT function block associated with each of the following terminals. Frame 1 AC15 has two digital outputs, Frame 2 – 5 Control Board have three:

Digital Output 1 is associated with terminal DX1, shares terminal with Digital Input 1.

Digital Output 2 is associated with terminal DX2, shares terminal with Digital Input 2.

Digital Output 3 is associated with terminal DX3, shares terminal with Digital Input 3 (Frames 2 – 5 only).

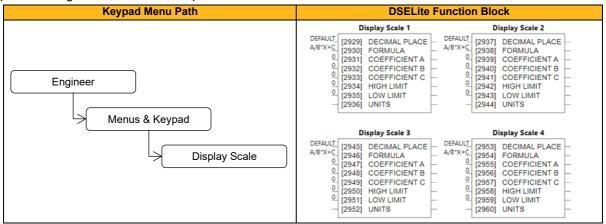
Setting either **Digout** or **Invert** to TRUE will individually configure the block to be an output. Note that because **Invert** reverses the output logic, setting both **Digout** and **Invert** to TRUE will configure the block to be an input.



Display Scale

Overview

These function blocks can be used with Operator Menus to display any floating-point parameter with an applied scaling factor, formula and preferred units.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
DECIMAL PLACE		DEFAULT	X		ENUM	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2929		X.X			
			X.XX			
Display Scale 4	2953		X.XXX			
			X.XXXX			
			DEFAULT			
Defines the maximum number				entry in the	ne Operator	Menu. If the
number is large, then fewer dig	gits are sh	own after the deci	mal point.			
FORMULA					ENUM	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2930		A/B*X+C			
	•••		A/B*(X+C)			
Display Scale 4	2954		A/(B*X)+C			
			A/(B*(X+C))			
Defines the formula used to so	ale the va					
COEFFICIENT A		1.0000	REAL min to max		REAL	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2931					
	•••					
Display Scale 4	2955					
Coefficient used to scale the v	alue for di					
COEFFICIENT B		1.0000	REAL min to max		REAL	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2932					
	•••					
Display Scale 4	2956					
Coefficient used to scale the v	alue for di					
COEFFICIENT C		1.0000	REAL min to max		REAL	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2933					
Display Scale 4	2957					
Coefficient used to scale the v	alue for di					
HIGH LIMIT		1.0000	REAL min to max		REAL	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2934					
Display Scale 4	2958					
Defines the upper limit used w	hen modif	ying the paramete	r in the Operator menu, see Fu	nctional D	Description b	elow.

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
LOW LIMIT		1.0000	REAL min to max		REAL	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2935					
Display Scale 4	2959					
Defines the lower limit used whe	en modifyir	ng the parameter ir	n the Operator menu, see Fund	tional Des	scription belo	ow.
UNITS			A String of up to four		STRING	ALWAYS
Display Scale 1	2936		characters			
Display Scale 4	2960					
Defines the units to be displayed	d with this	entry in the Opera	tor Menu. If UNITS is left blank	then the	default units	for the
parameter are used.						

Functional Description

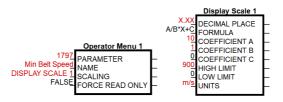
The DISPLAY SCALE blocks are selected in the OPERATOR MENU function blocks for use with the Operator Menu. For display purposes, the parameter is modified according to the formula chosen. When modifying a value in the Operator Menu, the reverse formula is applied to obtain the corresponding parameter value. The actual parameter limits are always checked before writing the new value to the parameter. If the new value is out of limits, then it is not written.

High Limit and Low Limit are used to define the upper and lower limits for modifying the corresponding value in the Operator Menu. Setting both High Limit and Low Limit to zero selects the high and low limit from the corresponding parameter, after applying the selected formula.

If High Limit is less than Low Limit, the limits are swapped.

Example:

Parameter 1797 'Minimum Speed' has a default range of -100.0 to 100.0 %, (units in % and one decimal place of precision).



With the above settings the formula is 10/1 * x + 0, or simply 10 * Minimum. The units are defined as m/s and the value is shown with two decimal places of precision:

1797 Minimum Speed	->	Displayed Value
0.0 %		0.00 m/s
50.0 %		100.00 m/s
90.0 %		900 00 m/s

When adjusting the displayed value, the upper limit is limited to 900. The simplified reverse formula is x/10.

Displayed Value	->	1797 Minimum Speed
0.00 m/s		0.0 %
100.00 m/s		50.0 %
900.00 m/s		90.0 %

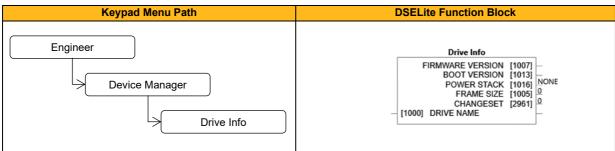
Caution:

Selecting the formulae "A/(B^*X)+C" or "A/($B^*(X+C)$)" can result in a discontinuity in the mapping between the displayed value and the parameter value. When using these formulae with writable values, pay particular attention to the high and low limits.

Drive Info

Overview

Drive name and serial numbers.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
DRIVE NAME	1000				STRING	ALWAYS
A string value that may be used to identify this drive in a system.						
NOMINAL	1006	0: 50 Hz 400V	0: 50 Hz 400V		ENUM	STOPPED
SUPPLY			1: 60 Hz 480V			
			2: 50 Hz 230V			
			3: 60 Hz 230V			

This parameter is only available via Keypad or in web interface.

Used to select the default values corresponding to the base frequency (motor volts and nameplate rpm) for a new configuration. Attention: Changing this parameter resets the dependent parameters P0226 'Nameplate Speed', P0224 'Base Frequency', P0223 'Base Voltage' and P0457 'Max Speed' to their default values! This value is reset to default if the StackID is changed.

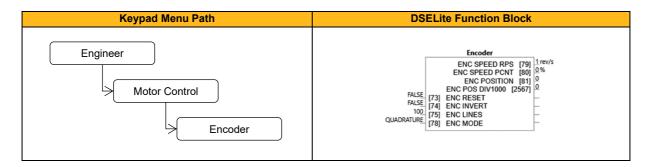
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
FIRMWARE	1007				STRING	NOT			
VERSION									
The version of the fir	mware ru	nning in the Control Module.							
BOOT VERSION	1013				STRING	NOT			
The version of the Bo	oot Loade	r running in the Control Module	е						
BOOT VERSION	1015	0			WORD	NOT			
NUM									
The Version of the B	The Version of the Boot Loader as a hex value.								

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
POWER STACK	1016	0: None	0: None		ENUM	NOT
			1: 2.5 A 230 V Ph1			
			2: 4.5 A 230 V Ph1			
			3: 7.0 A 230 V Ph1			
			4: 7.0 A 230 V Ph1			
			5: 10 A 230 V Ph1			
			6: 2.5 A 230 V			
			7: 4.5 A 230 V			
			8: 7.0 A 230 V			
			9: 7.0 A 230 V			
			10: 10 A 230 V			
			11: 17 A 230 V			
			12: 21 A 230 V			
			13: 30 A 230 V			
			14: 40 A 230 V			
			15: 1.0 A 400 V			
			16: 2.0 A 400 V			
			17: 4.0 A 400 V			
			18: 4.0 A 400 V			
			19: 6.5 A 400 V			
			20: 9.0 A 400 V			
			21: 12 A 400 V			
			22: 17 A 400 V			
			23: 23 A 400 V			
			24: 32 A 400 V			
			25: 38 A 400 V			
			26: 44 A 400 V			
			27: 60 A 400 V			
Enumerated value sl	howing the	e power stack rating. This set i	ndirectly by Stack ID in Produc	t Data.		
FRAME SIZE	1005	0	0 to 10		USINT	NOT
Frame size of this dr	rive					
CHANGESET	2961				STRING	NOT
The Changeset Num	ber of the	e Firmware				

Encoder

Overview

This feature allows you to setup and monitor the operation of the Encoder. The AC15 encoder block does not provide closed loop vector control, however the output of the block may be used in conjunction with a PID function block to perform simple closed loop speed control.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
ENC RESET								
ENCODER	73	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When TRUE the POSITIO	N output is	set (and held) at zero	(no influence on encoder speed	d signals).	•			
ENC INVERT								
ENCODER	74	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED		
When TRUE, changes the	sign of the	measured speed and	the direction of the position cou	ınt.				
ENC LINES								
ENCODER	75	100	1 to 65535		UINT	STOPPED		
The number of lines of the	encoder.							
ENC MODE								
ENCODER	78	0: Quadrature	0: Quadrature		ENUM	STOPPED		
			1: Clock & Dir					
			2: Clock					
Quadrature or clock/direct	Quadrature or clock/direction encoder.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
ENC SPEED RPS							
ENCODER	79	1	1 to	rev/s	REAL	NOT	
The encoder speed in med	chanical revo	olutions per second.					
ENC SPEED PCNT							
ENCODER	80	0		%	REAL	NOT	
Speed feedback as a perc	entage of M	ax Speed					
ENC POSITION							
ENCODER	81	0	-21474836482147483648		DINT	NOT	
Number of encoder "count	s" from whe	n RESET was set to	FALSE. Starts from zero, range	-2^31+(2^31)-1, ove	erflow at max	
range value. Real format (divided by 1	000) counts value o	n P2567 'Enc Pos div1000'.				
ENC POS DIV1000							
ENCODER	2567	0	-2147483.5 to +2147483.5		REAL	NOT	
Number of encoder "count	Number of encoder "counts" on P0081 divided by 1000. This signal can be used to provide encoder counts to value function						

Number of encoder "counts" on P0081 divided by 1000. This signal can be used to provide encoder counts to value function blocks. Starts from zero, range in real (single precision float) is -2147483.5 ... 2147483.5. Value starts to lose precision if magnitude value is >=16384.000 (=16384000 incr), quantization at max value is 250incr.

Functional Description

A quadrature encoder uses 2 input signals (A and B), phase shifted by a quarter of a cycle (90°). Direction is obtained by looking at the combined state of A and B.

Speed is calculated using the following function:

SPEED HZ = filter
$$\left[\frac{\text{CountsPerSecond}}{\text{Lines x 4}}, \text{ FilterTime}\right]$$

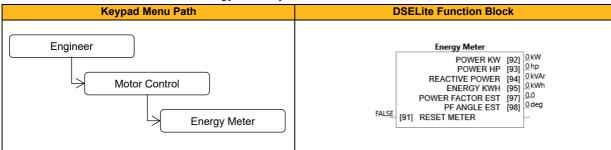
Where counts per second are the number of edges received from the encoder. There are 4 counts per line.

Refer to 'APPENDIX B: Encoder Functions' for details on the encoder wiring.

Energy Meter

Overview

This block measures the electrical energy used by the load.



Function Block Inputs

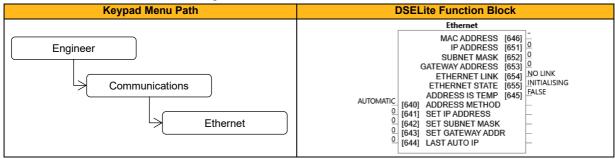
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
RESET METER	91	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
When Reset Energy Meter is set to TRUE, the Energy kWH parameter is reset.						

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
POWER KW	92	0	0 to 1000000	kW	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	This diagnostic shows the power being delivered to the load in kilowatts.								
POWER HP	93	0	0 to 1000000	hp	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	power bei	ng delivered to the load	in horsepower.						
REACTIVE POWER	94	0	0 to 1000000	kVAr	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	reactive p	ower being delivered to	the load in kilo volt-amperes re	active.					
ENERGY KWH	95	0	0 to 10000000	kWh	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	total ener	gy consumed by the load	d in kilowatt hours.						
POWER FACTOR EST	97	0.0	0.0 to 1.0		REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	power fac	tor estimate (between 0	and 1).						
PF ANGLE EST	98	0	0 to 90	deg	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	This diagnostic shows the power factor angle estimate.								

Ethernet Setup

Overview

Base Ethernet communications settings.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ADDRESS METHOD	640	3: Automatic	0: Fixed		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: n.a.			
			2: Link Local			
			3: Automatic			

Method for obtaining the IP address.

When choosing Fixed Address, the IP address must be set manually. The IP address, subnet mask and gateway address will be set from the values in the parameters 0641 Set IP Address, 0642 Set Subnet Mask, 0643 Set Gateway Address.

Using Link Local Address Method, the inverter may assign itself a link-local address automatically. This would be used where an automatic address is required but where no DHCP server is available, such as a small local network or when connecting an inverter directly to a PC (point to point).

For Automatic Address Method, the DHCP is activated automatically. The IP address is then assigned by the DHCP server. The inverter will request an IP address, subnet mask and gateway address from the DHCP server.

SET IP ADDRESS	641	0			ADDR	ALWAYS		
The required IP address for the base Ethernet. This requires the parameter Address Method to be set to FIXED.								
SET SUBNET MASK	642	0			ADDR	ALWAYS		
The required subnet mask for the base Ethernet. This requires the parameter Address Method to be set to FIXED.								
SET GATEWAY ADDR	643	0			ADDR	ALWAYS		
The required gateway address for the base Ethernet. This requires the parameter Address Method to be set to FIXED.								
LAST AUTO IP	644	0			ADDR	ALWAYS		
Indicates the last Auto-IP ad	dress use	d by the base Ethernet	·					

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
MAC ADDRESS	646	"			STRING	NOT		
Indicates the MAC address of	of the base	Ethernet.						
IP ADDRESS	651	0			ADDR	NOT		
Indicates the base Ethernet IP address in use.								
SUBNET MASK	652	0			ADDR	NOT		
Indicates the base Ethernet	subnet ma	ask in use.						
GATEWAY ADDRESS	653	0			ADDR	NOT		
Indicates the base Ethernet	gateway a	ddress in use.						
ETHERNET LINK	654	0: No Link	0: No Link		ENUM	NOT		
			1: 10m Half Duplex					
			2: 10m Full Duplex					
			3: 100m Half Duplex					
			4: 100m Full Duplex					
Status of the physical Etherr	net link.							
ETHERNET STATE	655	0: Initialising	0: Initialising		ENUM	NOT		
			1: No Link					
			2: Resolving IP					
			3: Resolved Fixed					
			4: Resolved DHCP					
			5: Resolved Auto IP					
			6: Fault					
Indicates the state of the bas	se Etherne	et.						
ADDRESS IS TEMP	645	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
Externally set IP address is t	emporary							

Note

Ethernet address settings are NOT downloaded by DSELite as part of an install, since doing so would break the communications link between the PC and the inverter, and may result in a failed download. However, the IP Address of the inverter may be changed using DSELite in the 'online' view. This will also result in a communications failure, however because only that one parameter has been changed, the inverter configuration will not be corrupted. After changing the IP Address or method using DSELite in the online mode, it will be necessary to use the 'Rescan Ethernet Devices' feature of DSELite to re-establish communications.

Fan Control

Overview

Fan control configuration and status.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
FORCE FAN ON	99	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When TRUE the fan will be on.								
ADVANCED MODE	100	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When FALSE the fan will be activated when the drive is running. When TRUE the fan will be activated if the motor is running								
at over 20% of stack rated current or the heatsink is hot.								

Functional Description

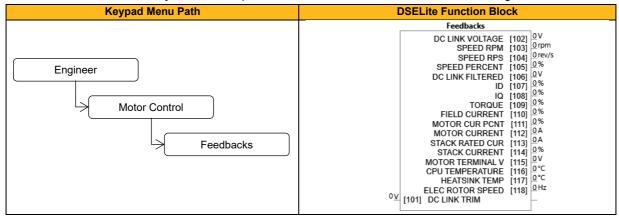
The purpose of this parameter is to turn the fan on when it would otherwise not be running. This may be useful to stir air in an enclosure if the drive has been idle for an extended period of time. Stirring air can help to reduce condensation in an enclosure.

The fan will always turn on independently of "Force Fan On" if the drive heatsink is hot or if the drive is running. In this case the fan will continue to run for one minute after the drive has stopped and the heatsink is cool. This mode of operation over-rides the "Force Fan On" parameter.

Feedbacks

Overview

The Feedbacks block allows you to view speed feedback and motor current related diagnostics.



Function Block Inputs

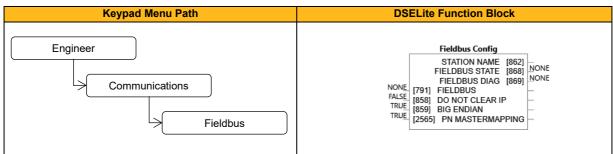
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
DC LINK TRIM	101	0	-20 to 20	V	REAL	ALWAYS	
Offset applied internally to the DC Link volts measurement. May be used to equalize all drives on a shared supply.							

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable				
DC LINK VOLTAGE	102	0	0 to 1000	V	REAL	NOT				
This shows the voltage ac	ross the dc lin	k capacitors.		l I						
SPEED RPM	103	0	-100000 to 100000	rpm	REAL	NOT				
Details see P0104 'Speed	rps'.	l	1							
SPEED RPS	104	0	-1500 to 1500	rev/s	REAL	NOT				
This parameter changes according to the Control Mode:										
• In sensorless Vector mo	• In sensorless Vector mode the parameter shows the calculated mechanical speed (Induction; 5ms average, PMAC: 0.1s									
filter time constant) of the motor shaft in revolutions per second.										
• In Volts/Hz mode, the pa	rameter show	s the (setpoint) moto	or synchronous speed in revolu	tions per s	econd. P01	03 'Speed				
rpm' is this parameter mult	iplied with 60	rpm/rps								
SPEED PERCENT	105	0	-200 to 200	%	REAL	NOT				
This parameter changes a	ccording to th	e Control Mode:								
In Sensorless Vector mo	de the param	eter shows the calc	ulated mechanical speed of the	motor sha	aft as a perc	entage of				
the user maximum speed	setting (Max S	Speed in the Referer	nce function).							
• In Volts/Hz mode, the pa	arameter show	s the electrical drive	e output frequency as a percent	age of the	user maxin	num speed				
setting (Max Speed in the	Reference fur	nction).								
DC LINK FILTERED	106	0	0 to 1000	V	REAL	NOT				
DC link filtered value (100r	ns time const	ant)								
D	107	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT				
Current in the flux axis, 1m	ns average va	lue.								
Ø	108	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT				
Current in the torque axis	Current in the torque axis (Vector Control), 1ms average value.									
TORQUE	109	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT				
Calculated torque, based of	on the Iq curre	ent.								
FIELD CURRENT	110	0	-200 to 200	%	REAL	NOT				
Calculated field, based on	the ld current					•				
MOTOR CUR PCNT	111	0	0 to 600	%	REAL	NOT				
This diagnostic shows the	level of rms li	ne current being dra	wn from the drive as a percent	age of the	rated currer	nt of the				
relevant motor definition, 2	s time consta	nt filter applied.								
MOTOR CURRENT	112	0	0 to 2000	Α	REAL	NOT				
This diagnostic shows the	level of rms li	ne current in Amps	being drawn from the drive, 0,5	s time con	stant filter a	pplied.				
STACK RATED CUR	113	0	0 to 2000	Α	REAL	NOT				
This diagnostic indicates the	ne stack rating	in Amps. This redu	ices as a function of pwm switc	hing frequ	ency.					
STACK CURRENT	114	0	0 to 500	%	REAL	NOT				
Stack current as a percent	age of stack r	ated current, based	on 1ms id and iq, 5ms update i	rate.	1					
MOTOR TERMINAL V	115	0	0 to 1000	V	REAL	NOT				
Volts between motor phase	es in Vrms.	1								
CPU TEMPERATURE	116	0	-25 to 200	°C	REAL	NOT				
Ambient temperature of Co	ontrol Module.		1	1	1	1				
HEATSINK TEMP	117	0	-25 to 200	°C	REAL	NOT				
This diagnostic displays th	e power stack	heatsink temperatu	ire in degree centigrade.							
ELEC ROTOR SPEED	118	0	-1500 to 1500	Hz	REAL	NOT				
			on modes this is P0104 'speed r	1		_				
pairs, in V/Hz mode it is th				,		1				
1 -,		1991197 44								

Fieldbus Config

Overview

Built-in fieldbus communications.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
FIELDBUS	791	0: None	0: None		ENUM	CONFIG			
			1: Ethernet IP						
Selects the required Built-in	Selects the required Built-in fieldbus protocol.								
DO NOT CLEAR IP	858	FALSE			BOOL	CONFIG			
When TRUE prevents the Pl	ROFINET	stack clearing the IP ad	ddress to 0.0.0.0 when the PR	OFINET s	stack starts a	and the IP			
address has been saved as	temporary	. AC20 only.							
BIG ENDIAN	859	TRUE			BOOL	CONFIG			
Sets the endian for acyclic data access: TRUE for big endian and FALSE for little endian. This does not affect cyclic data.									
PN MASTERMAPPING	2565	TRUE			BOOL	CONFIG			

When using Profinet, master mapping is not possible if the internal mapping is valid. Setting PN Master-mapping = TRUE can be used to set the internal mapping as invalid - parameters P0793 through P0857 are cleared and made invisible to the keypad and webserver, a t point which the drive becomes operational.

If FALSE the mapping parameters P0793...P0857 are visible to the keypad and website and can be used to define the PDO mapping from drive side (which the bus master then can upload).

Independent from PN Mastermapping the fieldbus master can overwrite the mapping in drive operational state, in this case the mapping parameters in P0793... P0857 are not used and the mapping config parameters show incorrect mappings.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
FIELDBUS STATE	868	0: None	0: None		ENUM	NOT
			1: Setup			
			2: Initialising			
			3: Waiting To Connect			
			4: Stop Mode			
			5: Connected			
			6: Error			
Current state of the fieldbus.			•			
FIELDBUS DIAG	869	0: None	0: None		ENUM	NOT
			1: Not Supported			
			2: Input Mapping Failed			
			3: Output Mapping Failed			
			4: Mapping Mismatch			
			5: Parameter Range			
Diagnostic indicating if there	is a confi	guration error.	•	•		

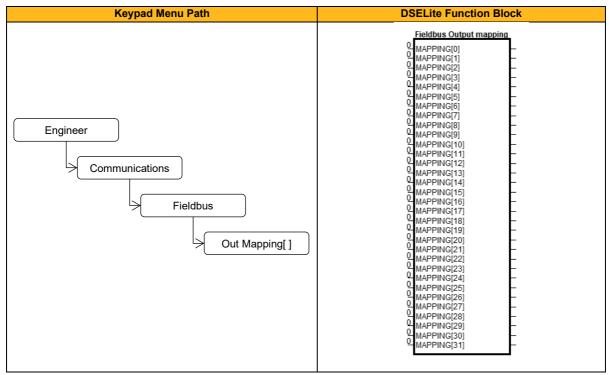
Note

The onboard implementation of Ethernet IP does NOT support DHCP addressing. Ensure that the Ethernet address of the inverter is set to a fixed address before selecting Ethernet IP as the fieldbus type and downloading to the inverter. The inverter will display an alert message 'Config Fault' if Ethernet IP is selected without a fixed IP address being configured.

Fieldbus Output Mapping

Overview

Built-in fieldbus communications.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MAPPING[0]	826	0			PREF	CONFIG
MAPPING[31]						
	857					

Defines the cyclic (TxPDO) data output mapping table (32 entries). The value entered is the Tag ID of the parameter to be cyclically transferred. First 0 entry in parameter range 0826...0857 indicates end of the table.

If the mapping is defined (written) by the PLC the first mapping entry in parameter 0826 must be 0. This can be ensured by setting P2565 'PN MasterMapping' = TRUE. If the mapping is defined (written) by the PLC, that mapping will not appear in these parameters – they will remain as zeros.

Note: When P2565 'PN MasterMapping' = TRUE and P0868 'Fieldbus State' = CONNECTED, the status of the currently active cyclic data table can be read using the drive web server (OutMappingStatus P2686...P2717)

Functional Description

The mapping blocks may be populated with the TAG number of the required parameter. Alternatively, with firmware version 1.2.1 onwards, links may be made be made between the *input* side of the block, and the output of a source function block. The graphical links method provides a visual record of the connection and makes it easier to select the correct parameter to be mapped.

Note that if the graphical link method is used, the online diagnostic view will not show the value of the data being transferred, it will show the tag value of parameter at the destination of the link.

Parameter Mapping

Below a list of commonly used parameters as an example that may be directly entered to the block.

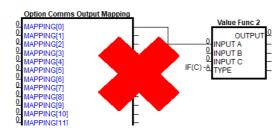
Parameter Name	No.	Type	Bytes	PLC R/W
Device State	0971	USINT	1	Write (Mapping Output)
Statusword	0507	WORD	2	Write (Mapping Output)
Reference	0462	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Speed rpm	0103	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Anin1 Value	0534	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Anin2 Value	0540	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Anout1 Value	0558	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Anout2 Value	0563	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Digin Word	0610	WORD	2	Write (Mapping Output)
Digout Word	0625	WORD	2	Write (Mapping Output)
Speed Demand	0460	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Speed Percent	0105	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Active Trip Hi	876	DWORD	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Active Trip Lo	877	DWORD	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Motor current (%)	111	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Stack current (%)	114	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Actual torque (%)	109	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Actual power (kW)	92	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)
Encoder speed (rev/s)	79	REAL	4	Write (Mapping Output)

The output assembly mappings of the inverter parameters are set in the parameters 0826 through 0857. The mapping of each table ends on the first zero entry.

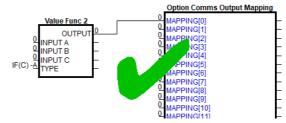
Refer to section 13.2 for further information on data types and configuration.

Note:

If the input or output mappings have invalid entries, the parameter 0868 'Fieldbus State' will report ERROR and the inverter will *not* go into the Operational state. This will be indicated by flashing LEDs on the keypad. The parameter 0869 'Fieldbus Diag' can be used to determine which mapping table has an invalid entry. The inverter will also not enter the operational state if the block has been configured using graphical links in DSELite (firmware version 1.2.1 and later), and a link has been made to the output side of the block, as this is invalid.



Incorrect - link is made from output side of the block

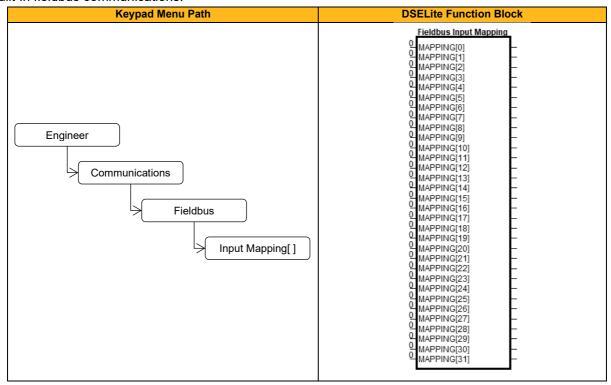


Correct – link is made to the input side of the block

Fieldbus Input Mapping

Overview

Built-in fieldbus communications.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MAPPING[0]	793	0			PREF	CONFIG
MAPPING[31]	824					

Defines the cyclic (RxPDO) data input mapping table (32 entries). The value entered is the Tag ID of the parameter to be cyclically transferred. First 0 entry in parameter range 0793...0824 indicates the end of the table.

If the mapping is defined (written) by the PLC the first mapping entry on parameter 0793 must be 0. This can be ensured by setting parameter 2565 PN MasterMapping = TRUE. If the mapping is defined (written) by the PLC, that mapping will not appear in these parameters – they will remain as zeros.

Note: When P2565 'PN MasterMapping' = TRUE and P0868 'Fieldbus State' = CONNECTED, the status of the currently active cyclic data input mapping table can be read using the drive web server (InMappingStatus P2653...P2684).

Functional Description

The mapping blocks may be populated with the TAG number of the required parameter. Alternatively, with firmware version 1.2.1 onwards, links may be made be made between the *output* side of the block, and the input to a destination function block. The graphical links method provides a visual record of the connection and makes it easier to select the correct parameter to be mapped.

Note that if the graphical link method is used, the online diagnostic view will not show the value of the data being transferred, it will show the tag value of parameter at the destination of the link.

Parameter Mapping

Below a list of commonly used parameters as an example that may be directly entered to the block.

Parameter Name	No.	Туре	Bytes	PLC R/W
Comms Command (Controlword)	0436	WORD	2	Read (Mapping Input)
Remote Setpoint	0451	REAL	4	Read (Mapping Input)
Remote Reverse	0497	BOOL	1	Read (Mapping Input)
Rem Trip Reset	0498	BOOL	1	Read (Mapping Input)
Value Func 1.Input B	2071	REAL	4	Read (Mapping Input)
Demultiplexer1.Input	1212	WORD	2	Read (Mapping Input)
Digin Invert	0584	WORD	2	Read (Mapping Input)
Digout Invert	0626	WORD	2	Read (Mapping Input)
Fan Running	0520	BOOL	1	Read (Mapping Input)
Minimum Speed	1797	REAL	4	Read (Mapping Input)

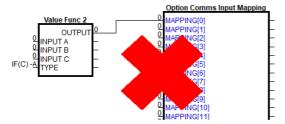
The input assembly mappings of the inverter parameters are set in the parameters 0793 through 0824. The mapping of each table ends on the first zero entry.

Refer to section 13.2 for further information on data types and configuration.

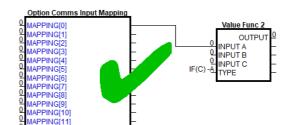
Note:

If the input or output mappings have invalid entries, the parameter 0868 'Fieldbus State' will report ERROR and the inverter will *not* go into the Operational state. This will be indicated by flashing LEDs on the keypad. The parameter 0869 'Fieldbus Diagnostic' can be used to determine which mapping table has an invalid entry.

The inverter will also not enter the operational state if the block has been configured using graphical links in DSELite (firmware version 1.2.1 and later), and a link has been made to the input side of the block, as this is invalid.



Incorrect – link is made to input side of the block

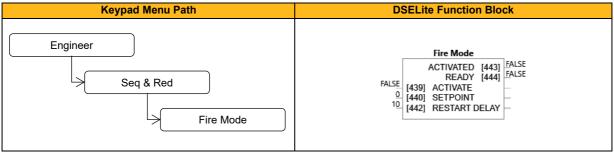


Correct – link is made from output side of the block

Fire Mode

Overview

Emergency services mode.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
ACTIVATE	439	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Enable Fire Mode ac	Enable Fire Mode according to the Fire Mode parameter. It can be only set by a connection in the application.								
SETPOINT	440	0	-100 to 100		REAL	ALWAYS			
Reference value to b	e used w	hen Fire Mode is active. Setting	g a negative setpoint will cause	the drive	to rotate in	reverse			
direction.									
RESTART DELAY	442	10	0.1 to 60.0		TIME	ALWAYS			
Specifies the time to	Specifies the time to wait before attempting to reset a trip.								

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
ACTIVATED	443	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
Indicates when Fire I	Indicates when Fire Mode is active. This is TRUE when the FireMode Setpoint is not 0.0% and Activate is TRUE.							
READY	444	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
This is TRUE when the FireMode Setpoint is not 0.0% (it indicates if Fire Mode will be activated after 0439 FireMode Activate								
is set TRUE).								

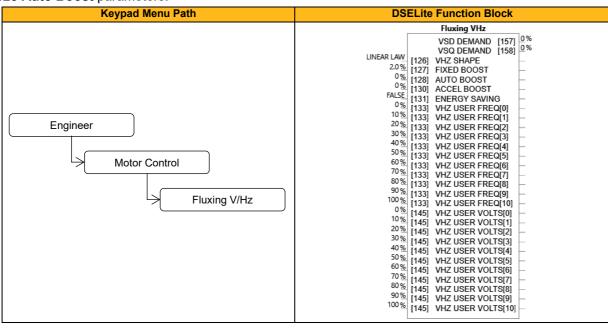
Functional Description

Refer to chapter 12 Fire Mode

Fluxing V/Hz

Overview

Designed for V/Hz motor Control Mode, this function allows user parameterization of the conventional (Volts/Hertz) fluxing strategy of the drive. This is achieved through three flexible Volts-to-frequency templates. Starting torque performance can also be tailored through the **0127 Fixed Boost**, **0130 Accel Boost** and **0128 Auto Boost** parameters.



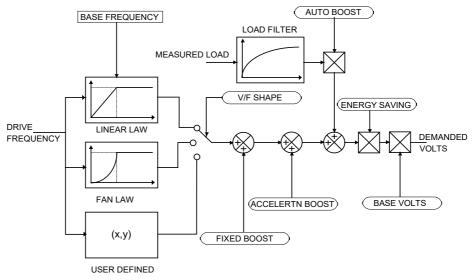
Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
VHZ SHAPE	126	0: Linear Law	0: Linear Law		ENUM	STOPPED
			1: Fan Law			
			2: User Defined			
Type of volts to frequency	template	to flux the motor.				•
FIXED BOOST	127	2	0 to 25	%	REAL	ALWAYS
This parameter allows for	no-load st	ator resistance voltage	drop compensation. This correc	tly fluxes	the motor (u	nder no-load
conditions) at low output f	requencie	s (=stable motor operation	on / velocity), thereby increasing	g available	e motor torq	ue. Fixed
boost can be set in addition	n to auto	boost and acceleration b	oost. Note: While in VHz contro	ol mode to	orque limitino	g might lead
to unexpected behaviour i	f fixed boo	ost is used (not 0%). For	details see P0055 'Regen. Lim	it VHz' de	scription. Ur	nit is in % of
available or rated motor ve	oltage.					
AUTO BOOST	128	0	0 to 25	%	REAL	ALWAYS
This parameter allows for	load depe	ndent stator resistance	oltage drop compensation. Thi	s correctly	fluxes the	motor (under
	_					
load conditions) at low out	tput freque	encies, thereby increasing	g available motor torque. Auto	Boost car	i be set in a	ddition to
•		•	g available motor torque. Auto			
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo	ost param	eter determines the leve	-	the motor	for 100% lo	ad. Setting
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo	ost param o high can	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente	of additional volts supplied to	the motor	for 100% lo	ad. Setting
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to	ost param o high can	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente	of additional volts supplied to	the motor	for 100% lo	ad. Setting
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost too speed. Unit is in % of avail ACCEL BOOST	ost param o high can lable or ra	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente ted motor voltage.	I of additional volts supplied to r current limit. If this occurs, the	the motor Drive will	for 100% lo be unable t	ad. Setting to ramp up in
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost too speed. Unit is in % of avail ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. O en the drive is accelerated.	of additional volts supplied to r current limit. If this occurs, the	the motor Drive will % accelerate	for 100% lo be unable t	ad. Setting to ramp up in
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost too speed. Unit is in % of avail ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. O en the drive is accelerated.	of additional volts supplied to reurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25	the motor Drive will % accelerate	for 100% lo be unable t	ad. Setting to ramp up in
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost too speed. Unit is in % of avait ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or friction	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerat load inertia. Unit is in % FALSE	of additional volts supplied to recurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 lng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor volts	the motor Drive will % accelerate	for 100% lo I be unable t REAL the the motor i	ad. Setting to ramp up in ALWAYS
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of availance. ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or friction ENERGY SAVING	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerat load inertia. Unit is in % FALSE	of additional volts supplied to recurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 lng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor volts	the motor Drive will % accelerate	for 100% lo I be unable t REAL the the motor i	ad. Setting to ramp up in ALWAYS
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of available ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or frictional ENERGY SAVING) Enable energy saving moderns.	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minir	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerat load inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumptio	of additional volts supplied to reurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 of available or rated motor voltant.	the motor Drive will % accelerate age.	for 100% lo l be unable t REAL e the motor i	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of available ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or friction ENERGY SAVING Enable energy saving model of the saving model.	ost param o high can ilable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minir	eter determines the leve cause the Drive to ente ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerat load inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumptio	of additional volts supplied to reurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 of available or rated motor voltant.	the motor Drive will % accelerate age.	for 100% lo l be unable t REAL e the motor i	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost too speed. Unit is in % of avai ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or frictio ENERGY SAVING Enable energy saving mod VHZ USER FREQ[0] Array of user defined frequence.	ost param o high can lable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minin 134 uency for 1	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerated inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumptio 0 V/f control. 10	of additional volts supplied to reurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 ng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor voltant. 0 to 100	the motor Drive will % accelerate age. %	for 100% lo l be unable to REAL the motor i BOOL REAL	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS STOPPED
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of avai ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or frictio) ENERGY SAVING Enable energy saving mod VHZ USER FREQ[0] Array of user defined frequ VHZ USER FREQ[1]	ost param o high can lable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minin 134 uency for 1	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerated inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumptio 0 V/f control. 10	of additional volts supplied to reurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 ng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor voltant. 0 to 100	the motor Drive will % accelerate age. %	for 100% lo l be unable to REAL the motor i BOOL REAL	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS STOPPED
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of avai ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or friction ENERGY SAVING Enable energy saving mod VHZ USER FREQ[0] Array of user defined freque VHZ USER FREQ[1] Array of user defined freque	ost param o high can lable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minin 134 uency for 1 135 uency for 1	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerated inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumption 0 V/f control. 10 V/f control. 20	of additional volts supplied to recurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 ng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor volta n. 0 to 100	the motor Drive will % accelerate age. %	for 100% lo l be unable to REAL the motor i BOOL REAL REAL	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS STOPPED
Fixed Boost. The Auto Bo the value of auto boost to speed. Unit is in % of avai ACCEL BOOST Additional amount of fixed high load torque (or friction ENERGY SAVING Enable energy saving mod VHZ USER FREQ[0] Array of user defined frequiv VHZ USER FREQ[1] Array of user defined frequiv VHZ USER FREQ[2]	ost param o high can lable or ra 130 boost wh n) or high 131 de to minin 134 uency for 1 135 uency for 1	eter determines the lever cause the Drive to enter ted motor voltage. 0 en the drive is accelerated inertia. Unit is in % FALSE mize energy consumption 0 V/f control. 10 V/f control. 20	of additional volts supplied to recurrent limit. If this occurs, the 0 to 25 ng. A value > 0% is needed to of available or rated motor volta n. 0 to 100	the motor Drive will % accelerate age. %	for 100% lo l be unable to REAL the motor i BOOL REAL REAL	ad. Setting o ramp up in ALWAYS n case of ALWAYS STOPPED

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
VHZ USER FREQ[4]	138	40	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequ	ency for \	//f control.	-			
VHZ USER FREQ[5]	139	50	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequ	ency for \	//f control.	-			1
VHZ USER FREQ[6]	140	60	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequency	ency for \	//f control.				•
VHZ USER FREQ[7]	141	70	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequency	ency for \	//f control.	•			
VHZ USER FREQ[8]	142	80	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequency	ency for \	//f control.	•			
VHZ USER FREQ[9]	143	90	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequency	ency for \	//f control.	•			
VHZ USER FREQ[10]	144	100	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of user defined frequency	ency for \	//f control.	•			
VHZ USER VOLTS[0]	146	0	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.	•			
VHZ USER VOLTS[1]	147	10	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[2]	148	20	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[3]	149	30	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[4]	150	40	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[5]	151	50	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[6]	152	60	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.	•			
VHZ USER VOLTS[7]	153	70	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[8]	154	80	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				
VHZ USER VOLTS[9]	155	90	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo						
VHZ USER VOLTS[10]	156	100	0 to 100	%	REAL	STOPPED
Array of VHz User Volts fo	r V/f contr	ol.				

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
VSD DEMAND	157	0		%	REAL	NOT		
The amount of voltage applied in the direct or flux axis								
VSQ DEMAND	158	0		%	REAL	NOT		
The amount of voltage applied in the quadrature or torque axis								

Functional Description



V/F Shape

The function allows the user to parameterize the Drive's conventional V/F motor fluxing scheme. Three V/F shapes are available, LINEAR LAW, FAN LAW and USER DEFINED:

- Linear Law V/F shape should be used in applications requiring constant motor torque though out the speed range (e.g. machine tools or hoists).
- Fan Law V/F shape provides less torque capabilities for lower speeds, which means some energy savings can be achieved for fan or pump applications when they operate at lower speed/load setpoints. When choosing fan law shape the user should carefully consider if such profile is suitable for the overall load cycle of their application.
- User Defined V/F shape provides a method for the user to define any profile. 10 user definable (x,y) points are provided. Linear interpolation is used between each point. The drive also assumes the following points (0%,0%) and (100%,100%) though these may be overridden. For example, (USER FREQ 1 = 0%, USER VOLTAGE 1 = 5%) takes precedence over (0%, 0%).

For any of these V/F shapes the **Base Frequency** parameter (in the Motor Nameplate function) which is the value of Drive output frequency at which maximum output volts is provided, can be set by the user.

Boost Parameters

- Correct no-load motor fluxing at low Drive output frequencies can be achieved by setting the Fixed Boost parameter.
- Correct motor fluxing under load conditions is achieved by setting the Auto Boost parameter. The
 motor is correctly fluxed when the Actual Field Current diagnostic in the Feedbacks function reads
 100.0%.
- Additional **Fixed Boost** can be applied during acceleration by setting the **Accel Boost** parameter. This can be useful for starting heavy/high stiction loads.

Saving Energy

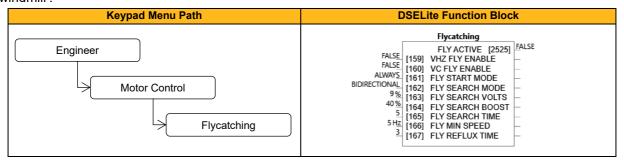
An **Energy Saving** mode is provided to allow the user to choose to optimize energy consumption under low load, steady state conditions. As soon as the load is increased or acceleration is required, the drive suspends energy saving mode, and returns to it only if the load conditions are such that it is allowed to do so. If enabled, energy saving mode reduces the voltage of the motor to a level required to maintain the setpoint speed at a low load. For sustained low load conditions it is not necessary to keep the motor fluxed for rated torque capabilities, so the motor voltage is reduced to a level that will still provide required torque. This operation on the cusp of required torque has limitations in terms of response to speed or load changes. The energy saving algorithm monitors torque demand, and as soon as it detects a rise in demand the drive switches from energy saving mode to normal mode of operation. However, sudden increases in load may be too fast and may lead to stall or trip conditions. This will occur if the time to correctly re-flux the motor takes longer than the time of load increase. There can be a window of time when the motor is simply not able to generate sufficient torque necessary for the new, increased load conditions.

Energy saving mode should ideally be used in applications where there are prolonged periods of low load operation, with no fast excursions towards rated torque. The user always has to be certain that the overall load cycle for their application would still be correctly serviced if the energy saving mode is enabled, and that energy saving mode is not being incorrectly used at the expense of required performance

Flycatching

Overview

Only available if Induction Motor selected in **Motor Type**, this feature performs a directional speed search. It allows the drive to seamlessly catch a spinning motor before controlling the motor to the desired setpoint. This is especially useful for large inertia fan loads, where drafts in building air ducts can cause a fan to 'windmill'.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
VHZ FLY ENABLE	159	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Enables flycatching in V	Hz control i	mode when TRUE.				•
Note: During active flyca	tching P023	31 'MSEQ Main State' wi	ll show state MSEQ_STATE_P	RE_RUN	NING (=4), \	when
complete the state chang	ges to MSE	Q_STATE_NORMAL_RI	JNNING (=5). P2525 'Fly active	e' is set to	TRUE while	e flycatching
sequence is active.						
VC FLY ENABLE	160	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Enable flycatching in Ve	ctor control	mode when TRUE.				
Note: During active flyca	tching P023	31 'MSEQ Main State' wi	ll show MSEQ_STATE_PRE_F	RUNNING	(=4), when	complete the
state changes to MSEQ	_STATE_N	$ORMAL_RUNNING (=5).$	P2525 'Fly active' is set to TR	RUE while	flycatching	sequence is
active.						
Note: In sensorless vector	or control m	ode flycatching will only	work correctly if the motor cont	inues to r	un in the sar	me direction
(same speed setpoint sig	gn as actual	motor rotation direction).			
FLY START MODE	161	0: Always	0: Always		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: Trip or Power Up			
			2: Trip			
Refines the choice for w	hen the flyc	atching feature is enable				
FLY SEARCH MODE	162	0: Bidirectional	0: Bidirectional		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: Unidirectional			
The type of speed searc	h carried οι	it by the flycatching sequ	ence.			
FLY SEARCH VOLTS	163	9	0 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS
The percentage level of	the search	volts applied to the motor	during the speed search phas	e of the fly	ycatching se	equence.
Increasing this paramete	er improves	the accuracy of the disco	overed motor speed but increas	ses the bra	aking influer	nce of the
speed search on the rota	ating motor.					
FLY SEARCH	164	40	0 to 50	%	REAL	ALWAYS
BOOST						
The level of search boos	t applied to	the motor during the spe	eed search phase of the flycatc	hing sequ	ence.	
FLY SEARCH TIME	165	5	0.1 to 60		TIME	ALWAYS
The search rate during the	he speed se	earch phase of the flycato	ching sequence. Performing the	flycatchi	ng speed se	arch too
quickly can cause the dr	ive to inacc	urately identify the motor	speed. Refluxing at an inaccu	rate motor	r speed can	cause the
drive to trip on overvolta	ge. If this o	ccurs, increasing this par	ameter will reduce the risk of tr	ipping.		
FLY MIN SPEED	166	5	0 to 500	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS
The lowest search speed	d before the	speed search phase of	the flycatching sequence is cor	nsidered to	o have failed	d
FLY REFLUX TIME	167	3	0.1 to 10		TIME	ALWAYS
The rate of rise of volts f	rom the sea	rch level to the working I	evel after a successful speed s	earch. Re	efluxing the r	motor too
quickly can cause the Dr	rive to trip o	n either overvoltage or o	vercurrent. In either case, incre	asing this	parameter	will reduce

the risk of tripping

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
FLY ACTIVE	2525	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
A diagnostic output indic	ating wheth	er the flycatching sequer	nce is active.			

Functional Description

The flycatching function enables the drive to be restarted smoothly into a spinning motor. It applies small search voltages to the motor whilst ramping the Drive frequency from maximum speed to zero. When the motor load goes from motoring to regenerating, the speed search has succeeded and is terminated. If the search frequency falls below the minimum search speed, the speed search has failed and the Drive will ramp to the speed setpoint from zero.

The flycatching sequence can be triggered by different starting conditions:

ALWAYS: All starts (after controlled/uncontrolled stop, or after a power-up)
TRIP or POWER-UP: After uncontrolled stop, i.e. trip or coast, or after a power-up

TRIP: After uncontrolled stop, i.e. trip or coast

The type of speed sequence may be Bidirectional or Unidirectional:

Bidirectional

Initially, the search is performed in the direction of the speed setpoint. If the drive fails to identify the motor speed in this direction, a second speed search is performed in the reverse direction.

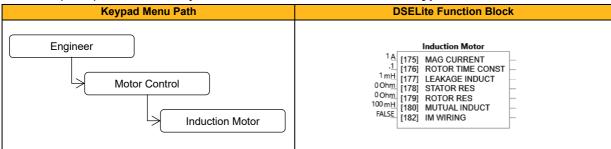
Unidirectional

The search is performed only in the direction of the speed setpoint

Induction Motor

Overview

Motor nameplate parameters. Only if Induction Motor selected in Motor Type



Function Block Inputs

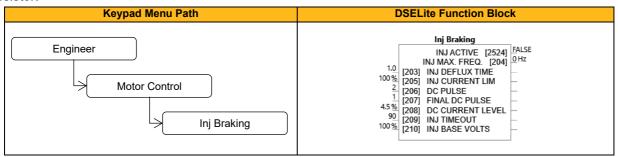
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
MAG CURRENT	175	1	0.05 to 10000	Α	REAL	ALWAYS		
A current in the induction motor, defined as rotor flux / magnetizing inductance, often given the title "imr" (magnetization								
current). The autotune seq	quence wil	measure (rotating ATN)	or calculated (stationary ATN)	and auto	matically se	t this value.		
Please note that during thi	s process	the maximum value will	be limited to 0.661 x motor (na	meplate)	rated curren	t, so as to		
have at least 75% of rated	motor cur	rent available for torque	generation. When running larg	er motors	with an und	lersized		
inverter the motor rated cu	ırrent para	meter P0222 needs to b	e set to the drive rated current,	not moto	r rated curre	ent.		
Maximum possible magne	tizing curr	ent value is the lower of	100% motor current or stack m	ax curren	t.			
For stationary autotune, th	e calculate	ed value (before limiting)	is: imr=motor nameplate_rated	d_current	(P222) * sqr	rt(1-		
nameplate_powerfactor(P2	228)²							
ROTOR TIME CONST	176	.1	0.005 to 100		TIME	ALWAYS		
Induction Motor rotor time	constant.	Will be calculated by an	Autotune.					
LEAKAGE INDUCT	177	1	0.001 to 1000	mH	REAL	ALWAYS		
Calculated by Autotune: In	duction m	otor leakage inductance	Displayed as star equivalent v	/alue.				
STATOR RES	178	0.0001	0.0001 to 100	Ohm	REAL	ALWAYS		
Calculated by Autotune: In	duction m	otor stator resistance. D	isplayed as star or delta equiva	lent value	according t	to "motor		
connection" setting.								
ROTOR RES	179	0.0001	0.0001 to 100.00	Ohm	REAL	ALWAYS		
Induction motor rotor resis	tance. Dis	played as an interim "by-	-product" of stationary autotune	procedu	re. Not used	in control		
functions.								
MUTUAL INDUCT	180	100	0.01 to 10000	mH	REAL	ALWAYS		
Calculated by Autotune: Induction motor mutual (magnetizing) inductance. Displayed as star equivalent.								
IM WIRING	182	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED		
Wiring direction of the mot	or phases	(U-V-W or U-W-V).						
A setting of false indicates	that the n	notor phases are wired ir	n the usual U-V-W sequence. A	setting of	f true indicat	tes U-W-V.		
			er and a color of the color					

this parameter is useful to reverse the direction of motor rotation without the need for physical rewiring.

Inj Braking

Overview

Designed for V/Hz Motor Control Mode, the injection braking feature provides a method of stopping spinning induction motors without returning the kinetic energy of the motor and load back into the dc link of the drive. This is achieved by running the motor highly inefficiently so that all the energy stored in the load is dissipated in the motor. Thus, high inertia loads can be stopped without the need for an external dynamic braking resistor.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default	Range	Units	Туре	Writable				
		Value								
INJ DEFLUX TIME	203	1.0	0.1 to 20.0		TIME	ALWAYS				
Motor defluxed duration (assuming 100% voltage =100% speed) before calculated cyclic and frozen when starting injection										
braking. Lower limit for effect	tive deflux tim	e is 0.125s.								
INJ CURRENT LIM	205	100	50 to 150	%	REAL	ALWAYS				
Limit level of motor current a	pplied during	low frequency inj	ection braking. Unit normally	is % rated	motor curre	ent but for				
motors with rated current P0	222 higher tha	an the drive (stac	k) rated current the unit used	is % stacl	k current. If	current limit				
parameter P0054 (Motor cur	rent limit %) is	lower than Inj C	urrent Lim, Motor Current Lim	it shall be	used as the	e limit for				
barking current. To avoid a p	ossible Trip 9	(low speed I) du	ring injection braking with a bi	ig motor tl	his paramete	er should be				
kept below or equal to 100%										
DC PULSE	206	2	0.1 to 100		TIME	ALWAYS				
The max duration of the DC	pulse applied	to the motor whe	en injection braking is required	for motor	speeds bel	ow 20% of				
base speed. Effective duration	on is DC Pulse	e value*speed at	braking start / 20% of base sp	peed.						
FINAL DC PULSE	207	1	0.1 to 10		TIME	ALWAYS				
The duration of the final dc h	olding pulse a	pplied to the mo	tor after either low frequency i	njection b	raking or tin	ned DC Pulse.				
DC CURRENT LEVEL	208	4.5	0 to 25	%	REAL	ALWAYS				
The level of DC pulse applie	d to the motor	during either the	timed or final dc pulse. Value	given is	the applied	percentage of				
nominal motor voltage. The	drive might trip	with overcurren	t if the value is chosen too hig	ıh. Inj bral	king current	limit or user				
current limit is not active in t	he dc pulse ph	ase. If value is c	hosen too low the resulting cu	ırrent flow	ing is (too) l	ow and the				
motor might not come to bra	ked standstill.									
INJ TIMEOUT	209	90	0 to 600		TIME	ALWAYS				
Maximum overall time in the	low frequency	/ injection braking	g state. If time is overrun the f	inal DC cı	urrent pulse	is applied.				
INJ BASE VOLTS	210	100	0.1 to 115.47	%	REAL	ALWAYS				
The maximum volts (and vol	tage scale fac	tor) at base spee	ed applied to the motor during	low frequ	ency injection	on braking.				
Usually this limit will never b	e reached due	to active curren	t and frequency limits. When i	n current	limit during l	ow frequency				
injection braking this value n	nay be used to	change the app	lied frequency. The value sho	uld be ad	justed down	if the				
configured rated motor curre	ent is low and l	ow frequency inj	ection braking is aborted early	(due too	noisy currer	nt feedback) or				
it may need to be increased	if the current I	imit is not reache	ed e.g. at low speed operation	<u> </u>						

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
INJ. ACTIVE	2524	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Indicates the state of the driv	Indicates the state of the drive. TRUE when injection braking is ON.								
INJ MAX FREQUENCY	204	0		Hz	REAL	NOT			

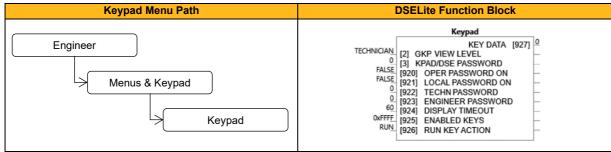
Value of the maximum frequency applied to the motor for low frequency injection braking mode. The value is updated at the start of injection braking based on current motor speed. The actual frequency applied to the motor can be monitored on parameter P0118 Elec Rotor Speed.

Note: Re-applying the **0490 Run Forward** or **0491 Run Reverse** signal while injection braking is active will result in the inverter coasting to stop, restarting only when zero speed has been reached.

Keypad

Overview

Configuration of the basic settings of the keypad.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
VIEW LEVEL	2	1: Technician	0: Operator		ENUM	ALWAYS		
			1: Technician					
			2: Engineer					
The view level may be used to hide more advanced menus and parameters.								
KEYPAD/DSE	3	0			WORD	ALWAYS		
PASSWORD								
Defines the password (i	in HEX) to	be entered to allow mod	dification to parameters using the	keypad. 1	This passwor	d does not		
affect access via the we	eb page, bi	ut it's also used to preve	nt extract, download or online ad	djustment v	with DSE Lite	e. A value of		
0000, (the default value), inhibits t	he password feature. Er	ntering a value other than 0000 o	causes the	keypad or D	SELite to		
prompt for the password	d before pr	oceeding to the parame	ter edit mode.					
OPERATOR	920	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
PASSWORD ON								
When the Keypad Pass	word is ac	tive this parameter may	be used to selectively defeat the	password	d feature in th	ne Operator		
• • •			he password is ignored when mo	•				
parameters.		,		, , ,				
LOCAL PASSWORD	921	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
ON								
-	word is ac	tive this parameter may	be used to selectively defeat the	e password	l feature for t	he local		
• •			at the password is ignored when	•				
other related parameter	•		passgg					
TECHNICIAN	922	0			WORD	ALWAYS		
PASSWORD	022				WORLD	,,,,,,,,		
	the view le	vel to be changed from	OPERATOR to TECHNICIAN. A	value of (0000 disable	the		
password.	uno viou ic	voi to bo onangou nom		· value of c	Jood Glodbio	5 1110		
ENGINEER	923	0			WORD	ALWAYS		
PASSWORD	0_0				1.02	7.2117110		
	the view le	l evel to be changed to EN	I NGINEER. A value of 0000 disab	les the na	ssword			
DISPLAY TIMEOUT	924	0	0 to 86400	Too the par	TIME	ALWAYS		
		· -	onger than the Display Timeout,	the display				
,,			ue of 0 disables this feature.	li le display	wiii automa	lically revert		
ENABLED KEYS	925	0xFFFF	0: Up		WORD	ALWAYS		
ENABLED RETS	923	UXFFFF	1: Down		WORD	ALWAIS		
			2: E					
			3: M					
			4: Direction (6901 Only)					
			5: Jog (6901 Only)					
			6: Local/Remote (6901 Only)					
			7: Start					
			8: Stop					
			9: -					
			45.					
			15: -					

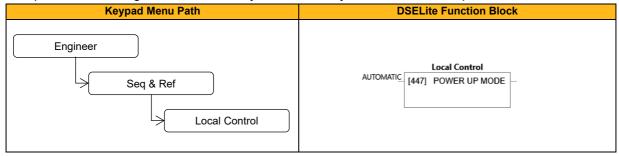
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
May be used to disable one or more keys. The UP, DOWN, E, M and STOP keys cannot be disabled. Direction = bit 4. Jog =							
bit 5. Local/Remote = bit	bit 5. Local/Remote = bit 6. Start = bit 7. For example, setting a value of FF7F will disable the start key.						
RUN KEY ACTION	926	0: RUN	0: RUN		ENUM	STOPPED	
1: JOG							
Defines the use of the green start key in local mode.							

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
KEY DATA	927	0: 0	0: Up		WORD	NOT
			1: Down			
			2: E			
			3: M			
			4: Direction (6901 Only)			
			5: Jog (6901 Only)			
			6: Local/Remote (6901			
			Only)			
			7: Start			
			8: Stop			
			9: Prog (6901 Only)			
			10: -			
			15: -			
Bitfield showing which ke	eys are cu	rrently pressed. For use in	the application.		Ц	

Local Control

Overview

These parameters configure the functionality of the HMI keys for local start / stop control of the drive.



Function Block Inputs

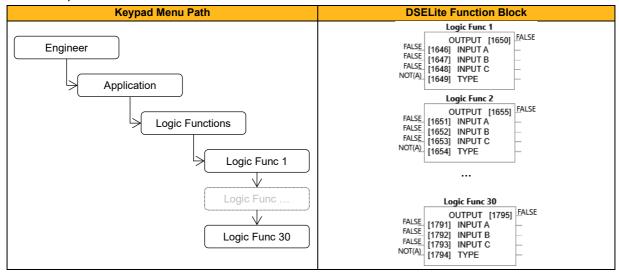
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
POWER UP MODE	447	0: Automatic	0: Automatic		ENUM	ALWAYS	
			1: Local				
			2: Remote				
Determines if the Drive is in Lead made at Demote made at never up If set to extend to the Drive will assume the							

Determines if the Drive is in Local mode or Remote mode at power-up. If set to automatic, the Drive will assume the local/remote mode set at last power down.

Logic Functions (Logic Func 1 – 30)

Overview

These generic function blocks can be configured to perform one of a number of simple functions upon a fixed number of inputs.



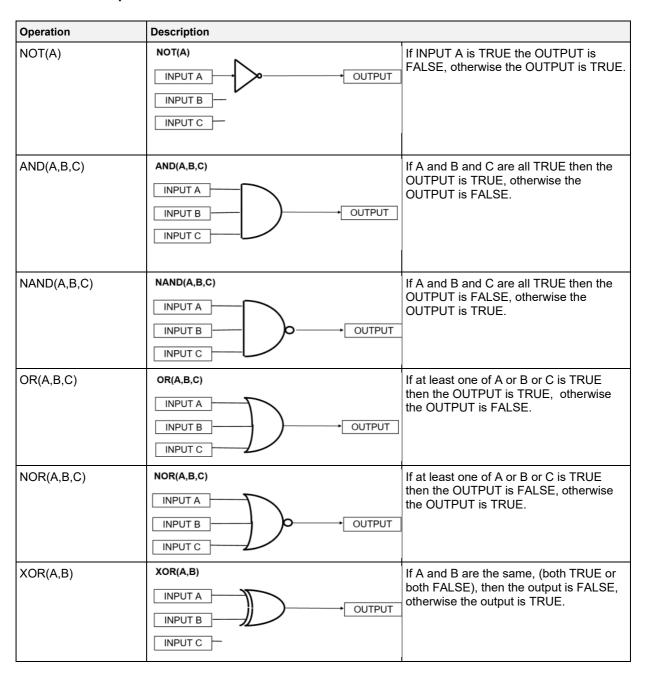
Function Block Inputs

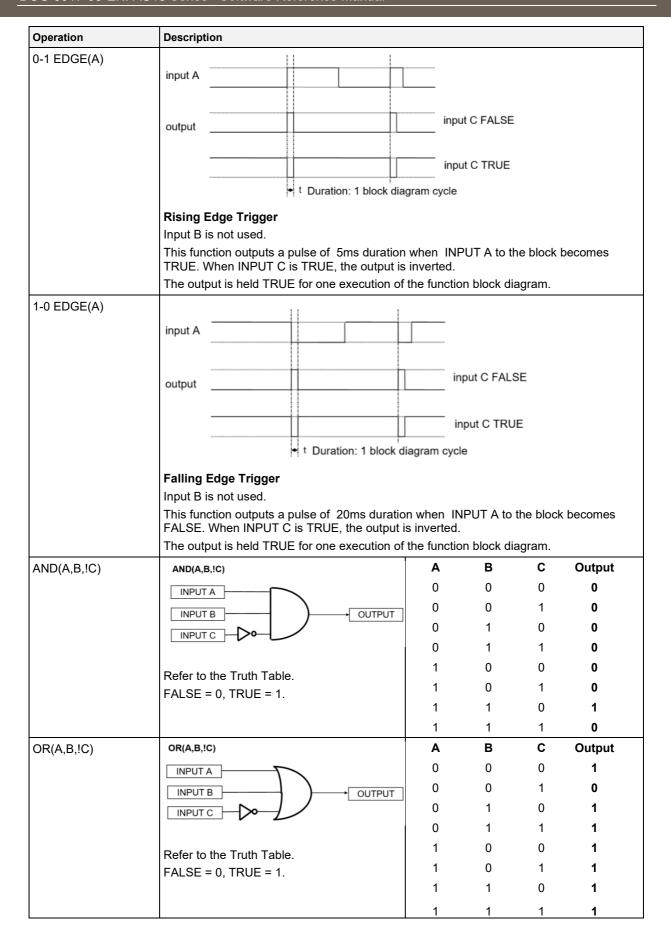
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
INPUT A						
Logic Func 1	1646	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Logic Func 2	1651	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
•••						
Logic Func 30	1791	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
General purpose logic input.						
INPUT B						
Logic Func 1	1647	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Logic Func 2	1652	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
•••						
Logic Func 30	1792	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
General purpose log	gic input.					
INPUT C						
Logic Func 1	1648	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Logic Func 2	1653	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Logic Func 30	1793	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
General purpose log	gic input.					
TYPE						
Logic Func 1	1649	0: NOT(A)	0: NOT(A)		ENUM	ALWAYS
Logic Func 2	1654	0: NOT(A)	1: AND(A,B,C)		ENUM	ALWAYS
			2: NAND(A,B,C)			
Logic Func 30	1794	0: NOT(A)	3: OR(A,B,C)		ENUM	ALWAYS
			4: NOR(A,B,C)			
			5: XOR(A,B)			
			6: 0-1 EDGE(A)			
			7: 1-0 EDGE(A)			
			8: AND(A,B,!C)			
			9: OR(A,B,!C)			
			10: S FLIP-FLOP			
		•	11: R FLIP-FLOP			
			12: LATCH			
			13: SWITCH			
			14: (A AND B) OR C			
			15: (A OR B) AND C			
The operation to be	performed o	n the three inputs to produce	the output value.			

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
OUTPUT						
Logic Func 1	1650	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Logic Func 2	1655	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Logic Func 30	1795	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
The result of performing the selected operation on the inputs.						

Functional Description





Operation	Description				
S FLIP-FLOP	S FLIP-FLOP INPUT A OUTPUT				p. INPUT A B as <i>reset</i> .
R FLIP-FLOP	R FLIP-FLOP INPUT A OUTPUT OUTPUT				lop. INPUT A T B as <i>set</i> .
LATCH	input A input C output	value of IN	NPUT A. T ntil INPUT	his outpu	utput is the ut value is then again. INPUT
SWITCH	INPUT A OUTPUT	equal to If	NPUT A. V	Vhen INP	
(A AND B) OR C	INPUT A	A 0	B 0	C	Output 0
	INPUT B	0	0	1	1
	INPUT C	0	1	0	0
	Refer to the truth table	0	1	1	1
	FALSE = 0, TRUE = 1.	1	0	0	0
		1	0	1	1
		1	1	0	1
(A OD D) AND O		1	1	1	1
(A OR B) AND C	INPUT A	Α	В	С	Output
		0	0	0	0
	INPUT B	0	0	1	0
	INPUT C	0	1	0	0
	Refer to the truth table	0	1	1	1
	FALSE = 0, TRUE = 1.	1	0	0	0
		1	0	1	1
		1	1	0	0
	<u> </u>	1	1	1	1

Minimum Speed

Overview

The minimum speed block is used to determine how the inverter will follow a reference. There are two modes: Proportional (minimum limit) and Linear (between min and max.)



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range Units		Type	Writable	
INPUT	1796	0.0	-300.0 to 300.0 %		REAL	ALWAYS	
Reference value, wh	Reference value, which shall be clamped by the function block.						
MINIMUM	1797	0.0	-100.0 to 100.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS	
Determines the minir	num outp	ut value for this block.					
MODE	1798	0: Prop W/Min	0: Prop W/Min		ENUM	ALWAYS	
			1: Linear				
Determines the operating mode of the block (clamped by PROP W/MIN or rescaled by LINEAR).							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
OUTPUT	1799	0			REAL	NOT	
Clamped output value.							

Functional Description

There are two operating modes for the Minimum Speed block:

Proportional with Minimum

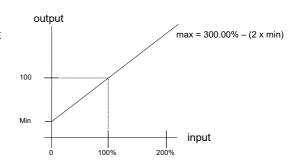
In this mode the Minimum Speed block behaves like a simple clamp. The minimum value has the valid range -100% to 100% and the output is always greater than or equal to the minimum value.

Linear

In this mode the MINIMUM SPEED block first clamps the input to zero then rescales the input such that the output goes linearly between minimum and 100% for an input that goes from 0 to 100%.

Note the constraints:

min >= 0 input >= 0 max = 100%



Modbus Mapping

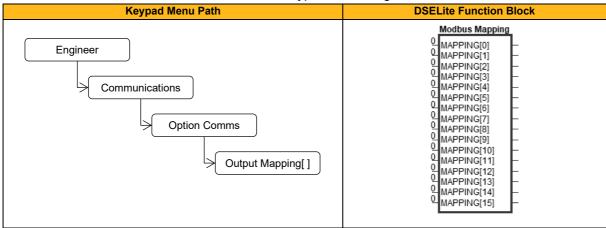
Overview

The Modbus mapping block provides a method of linking inverter parameter tags to the Modbus TCPIP holding register area (00001 – 00256). This allows parameters to be grouped together so that they may be accessed through a single Modbus request.

To allow Modbus TCP connections to the inverter, the parameter 0656 Maximum Connections must be set to a value greater than zero.

Modbus TCPIP holding registers are both read and write, therefore the same mapping block is used for both Modbus inputs and Modbus outputs. It is recommended that the mappings are grouped, with all inputs together and all outputs together, for communications efficiency.

Refer to section 13.1 for further information on data types and configuration.



Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MAPPING[0]	663	0			PREF	CONFIG
MAPPING[31]	678					

Defines the cyclic (TxPDO and RxPDO) data output mapping table (16 entries). The value entered is the Tag ID of the parameter to be cyclically transferred. First 0 entry in parameter range 0663...0678 indicates the end of the table.

If the mapping is defined (written) by the PLC at least the first mapping entry on parameter 0663 must be 0.

Parameter Mapping

Below a list of parameters, data types and their Modbus register lengths, as an example that may be directly entered to the block.

Parameter Name	No.	Туре	Registers	Start Register	End Register
Comms Command	0435	WORD	1	0001	0001
Comms Setpoint	0485	REAL	2	0002	0003
Max Connections	0656	USINT	1	0004	0004
Status Word.	0507	WORD	1	0005	0005
Speed rpm	0103	REAL	2	0006	0007
Drive name	1000	STRING	8	8000	0015

The mapping table is continually checked for valid entries. The diagnostic parameter '0679 Mapping Valid' will be TRUE if all entries in the table are valid parameters. If the diagnostic parameter is FALSE, meaning there are invalid entries, then Modbus requests are still accepted but the invalid entries will be skipped over and will occupy no registers in the mapping.

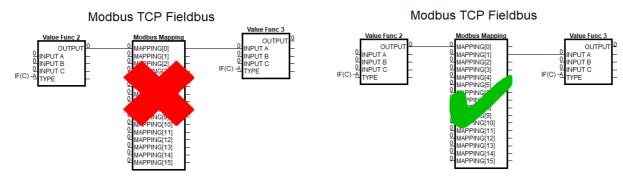
The mapping block may be populated with the TAG number of the required parameter. Alternatively, with firmware version 1.2.1 onwards, links may be made be made between the output side of the block OR the input side of the block, but not both input AND output of the same register.

Note that if the graphical link method is used, the online diagnostic view will not show the value of the data being transferred, it will show the tag value of parameter at the source/destination of the link.

Note:

If links are made to both the input AND output of a Modbus mapping register, the inverter keypad will show a 'Modbus Mapping Error' alert message.

It will be necessary to correct the error in DSELite and download again before proceeding.



Incorrect - links made to both sides of the block

Correct – links made from only one side of the block

Modbus TCP Config

Overview

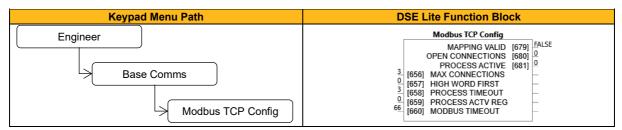
The inverter includes a Modbus TCP server. The Modbus registers are mapped to the inverter's parameters. Up to 3 simultaneous connections to Modbus clients are possible. TCP port 502 is used.

If Modbus TCP is used as part of a process control, it is recommended a dedicated network be used with fixed IP addresses for the inverter.

To allow Modbus TCP connections to the inverter, the parameter **0656 Maximum Connections** must be set to a value greater than zero.

All inverter parameters are mapped to Holding and Input registers. There is no mapping to coils or discrete inputs.

Refer to the chapter 13 for further details.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
MAX CONNECTIONS	656	0	0 to 3		USINT	ALWAYS		
The maximum number of base Ethernet Modbus TCP connections allowed.								
HIGH WORD FIRST	657	0			BOOL	ALWAYS		
The required base Ethernet Modbus TCP word order of 32-bit network data.								
PROCESS TIMEOUT	658	3	0 to 65		TIME	ALWAYS		
The base Ethernet Mod	bus TCP pro	ocess active timeout.						
PROCESS ACTV REG	659	0			UINT	ALWAYS		
Register to read or write	over Modb	us to maintain process	active.					
MODBUS TIMEOUT	660	66	0 to 100000		TIME	ALWAYS		
The base Ethernet Mod	bus connec	tion timeout.						

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
MAPPING VALID	679	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
Diagnostic for the user-defined mapping of parameters to the base Modbus TCP.							
OPEN CONNECTIONS	680	0			USINT	TON	
Indicates the number of	open base	Ethernet Modbus TCP c	onnections.				
PROCESS ACTIVE	681	0			BOOL	NOT	
ndicates the base Ethernet Modbus TCP process active state.							

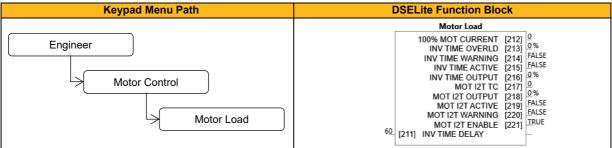
Motor Load

Overview

The **Motor Load** parameters determine the allowed level of motor overload. This can be especially useful when operating with motors smaller than the drive rating.

For an Induction Motor, an IxT protection is used and provides a current reduction if the max overload level is reached. The max overload level is calculated based on a 150% load for 60s.

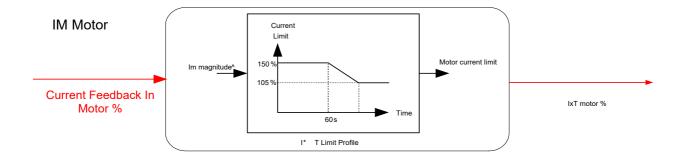
For a PMAC motor, the motor load is calculated using the rated motor current and the thermal time constant (2 parameters of the PMAC motor module). The thermal time constant is used as the constant time of a simple 1st order low pass filter.

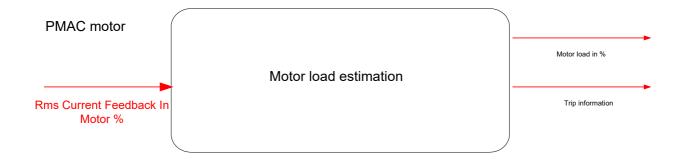


Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
INV TIME DELAY	211	60	6 to 60		TIME	ALWAYS	
Overload time of the motor inverse time protection from cold state.							

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
100% MOT	212	0	0 to 10000		REAL	NOT			
CURRENT									
Motor current in Amps rms corresponding to 100% motor current.									
INV TIME OVERLD	213	0	0 to 500	%	REAL	NOT			
Overload percentage of	the motor in	verse time protection.							
INV TIME WARNING	214	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Output information. Beco	omes TRUE	when the overload is 5%	of the maximum value before	reducing	the current.				
INV TIME ACTIVE	215	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Output information. Beco	omes TRUE	when overload reaches	100% of the overload limit						
INV TIME OUTPUT	216	0	0 to 600	%	REAL	NOT			
Actual output limit of the	inverse time	e motor protection.							
MOT I2T TC	217	0	0 to 1000000		TIME	NOT			
Time constant of the mo	tor, defined	in the PMAC Motor Data	module.						
MOT I2T OUTPUT	218	0	0 to 600	%	REAL	NOT			
Level of motor load in pe	ercent.								
MOT I2T ACTIVE	219	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Level of motor load has	reached 105	5%.							
MOT I2T WARNING	220	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Level of motor load has	reached 95°	%.							
MOT I2T ENABLE	221	TRUE			BOOL	NOT			
Motor I2T protection is a	ctive.								





Motor Nameplate

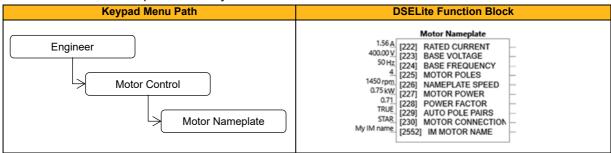
Overview

Only available if Induction Motor selected in Motor Type.

This block allows the entry of the motor data from available motor nameplate information. This data is required for correct operation of the inverter.

Refer to Induction Motor Data parameters which are determined by the Auto Tune feature for example the Magnetising Current, Stator Resistance, Leakage Inductance, Mutual Inductance and Rotor Time Constant for model parameters.

Note: Do not attempt to control motors whose rated current is less than 35% of the drive rated current. Poor motor control or Autotune problems may result.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable				
RATED CURRENT	222	1.56	0.05 to 10000.0	Α	REAL	STOPPED				
Rated motor current on the	Rated motor current on the name plate. Default inverter setting is 90% of rated inverter current.									
BASE VOLTAGE	223	400.00	1 to 1000	V	REAL	STOPPED				
The rated motor voltage on the name plate. Attention: Changing parameter P1006 'Nominal Supply' via keypad or webpage										
resets this parameter to th	e default value	e for the selected su	oply voltage/frequency i.e. 230/	400/480V	<i>'</i>					
BASE FREQUENCY	224	50	1 to 1000	Hz	REAL	STOPPED				
The base motor frequency	on the name	plate. Attention: Cha	inging parameter P1006 'Nomii	nal Supply	/' via keypad	d or webpage				
resets this parameter to th	e default value	e for the selected su	oply voltage/frequency i.e. 50/6	60 Hz						
MOTOR POLES	225	4	2 to 1000		UINT	STOPPED				
Motor poles on the nameplate.										
NAMEPLATE SPEED	226	1450	0 to 100000	rpm	REAL	STOPPED				
Rated motor speed on the	name plate. A	Attention: Changing p	parameter P1006 'Nominal Sup	ply' via ke	ypad or web	page resets				
this parameter to the defau	ult value for the	e selected supply vo	ltage/frequency.							
MOTOR POWER	227	0.75	0 to 3000	kW	REAL	STOPPED				
Motor power rating.										
POWER FACTOR	228	0.71	0 to 1		REAL	STOPPED				
Motor power factor on the	name plate.									
AUTO POLE PAIRS	229	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS				
TRUE: Automatic Pole Pai	irs Selection, o	calculated from name	eplate speed, FALSE: user can	modify m	otor poles.					
MOTOR CONNECTION	230	0:STAR	0:STAR 1:DELTA		ENUM	STOPPED				
Motor connection is only v	isible on the k	eypad, and is only u	sed, when control type is set to	vector co	ntrol. The S	TAR/DELTA				
setting is used in the correct calculation of the stator resistance value during stationary autotune.										
IM MOTOR NAME	2552	My IM name			STRING	ALWAYS				
Name of the induction mot	Name of the induction motor (for user reference)									

Motor Sequencer

Overview

Parameters associated with the internal motor sequencer state machine to start and stop the motor control.



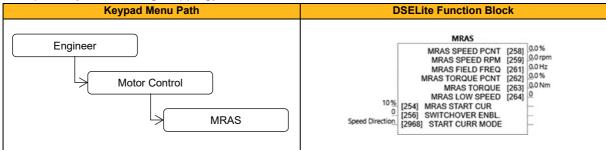
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MSEQ MAIN STATE	231	0: INITIALISED	0: INITIALISED 1: SWITCHED ON 2: STOPPED 3: POST STOPPED 4: PRE-RUNNING 5: NORMAL RUNNING 6: POST RUNNING 7: AUTOTUNE START 8: AUTOTUNE ACTIVE 9: AUTOTUNE STOP 10: PWR LOSS RIDE THRGH 11: TRIPPED		ENUM	NOT
Motor sequencer main s	sequencer s	tate				
MSEQ POST RUN	232	0: INIT	0: INIT 1: START 2: COAST TO STOP 3: RAMP TO STAGE 1 4: RAMP TO STAGE 2 5: RAMP TO STAGE 3 6: STOP DELAY 7: WAIT MECBRK 8: INJ BREAK START 9: INJ BREAK ACTIVE 10: COMPLETED 11: GO TO COMPLETED		ENUM	NOT
State of the state machi	ne that cont	trols the post run sequ	uence.			
MSEQ PRE RUN	233	0: INIT	0: INIT 1: START 2: START DELAY 3: START 4Q MAINS SYNC 4: 4Q MAINS SYNC ACTIVE 5: FLY START 6: FLY ACTIVE 7: FLY RELEASE 8: VEC START FLY 9: VEC FLY ACTIVE 10: VEC FLY RELEASE 11: PMAC FLY START 12: PMAC FLY ACTIVE 13: PMAC FLY RELEASE 14: PRE-RUN ACTIVE		ENUM	NOT
State of the state machi	ne that cont	<u> </u>				
MSEQ DEFLUX STATE	234		G 0: NOT DEFLUXING 1: DEFLUXING		ENUM	NOT
Indicates if the drive is v	waiting in the	e defluxing state.				

MRAS

Overview

These parameters are associated with the internal induction motor speed estimator (MRAS) module. The MRAS module uses the user entered motor data and autotune results to calculate the speed feedback of the motor when closed loop speed feedback is not available (Sensorless Vector Control).

At low speeds (when starting/stopping) the MRAS estimator is deactivated.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MRAS START CUR	254	10	-100 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS

This parameter is used in conjunction with MRAS sensorless vector control. It defines the current level during the sensorless startup procedure (when starting motors). The value needs to be increased if the motor is not starting properly from zero speed (especially for small motors with low chosen acceleration or generally in case of high motor load). Unit is in % of motor rated current.

Note: Negative values are only valid when P2968 'Start Curr Mode' = Speed Direction (0), otherwise only the magnitude of this parameter is considered.

Note: P0254 'MRAS Start Cur' is summed with P0338 'Speed Int Preset' (default 0%) unless P0337 'Speed Int Defeat' is set FALSE. Refer to the Speed Loop help section for more information.

SWITCHOVER ENBL.	256	False			BOOL	ALWAYS		
Enables the automatic switch	n over from er	ncoder feedback to	estimator in the case of an end	coder failu	ıre. Switch c	ver if speed		
difference threshold is 300rpm after 95% of setpoint speed is reached.								
START CURR MODE	2968	0: Speed	0: Speed Direction		ENUM	STOPPED		
		Direction	1: Only Positive					
			2: Only Negative					

Defines the sign of the current addition set P0254 'MRAS Start Cur'.

Mode (0) 'Setpoint direction'. In this mode the start current boost is applied in the same direction as the speed setpoint. This is always the case in firmware versions V1.1.3 and earlier, where P2968 'Start Curr Mode' is not selectable.

'Only Positive' (1) and 'Only Negative' (2) provide boost current independent of the speed setpoint direction. This can be useful when controlling overhauled loads, as the start current boost can be set to be the opposite of the direction of speed setpoint.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
MRAS SPEED PCNT	258	0.0		%	REAL	NOT
MRAS Speed Percent				•		
MRAS SPEED RPM	259	0.0		rpm	REAL	NOT
Mechanical rotor speed in R	PM calculated	by the estimator				
MRAS FIELD FREQ	261	0.0		Hz	REAL	NOT
Field Frequency in electrical	Hz, calculated	d by the estimator	for vector rotation.			
MRAS TORQUE PCNT	262	0.0		%	REAL	NOT
Torque calculated by the est	imator in perc	ent.				
MRAS TORQUE	263	0.0		Nm	REAL	NOT
Torque calculated by the est	imator in Nm.	•	•	•		
MRAS LOW SPEED	264	0			BOOL	NOT
MRAS low speed is operating	g. If true (and	sensorless contro	l is chosen) speed loop is not c	losed and	motor runs	open loop.

MRAS low speed is operating. If true (and sensorless control is chosen) speed loop is not closed and motor runs open loop. Value is TRUE during MRAS startup and at the end of stopping phase.

P0256 'Switchover Enable' provides the user with the option to automatically, and as seamlessly as possible, continue operating in sensorless mode in case of an encoder failure. The MRAS estimator tracks the speed of the motor even if the drive uses encoder as its primary feedback for control. If the discrepancy between the speed measured by encoder and the estimated speed is greater than 300 RPM it is assumed that the encoder has failed, and the control will automatically be transferred to use estimated speed as its feedback signal. The drive will continue to work in sensorless mode until the next stop cycle. There will be no attempt to 'reconnect' encoder on the fly even if its signal recovers. Upon the move to sensorless operation a warning will be issued that this has taken place.

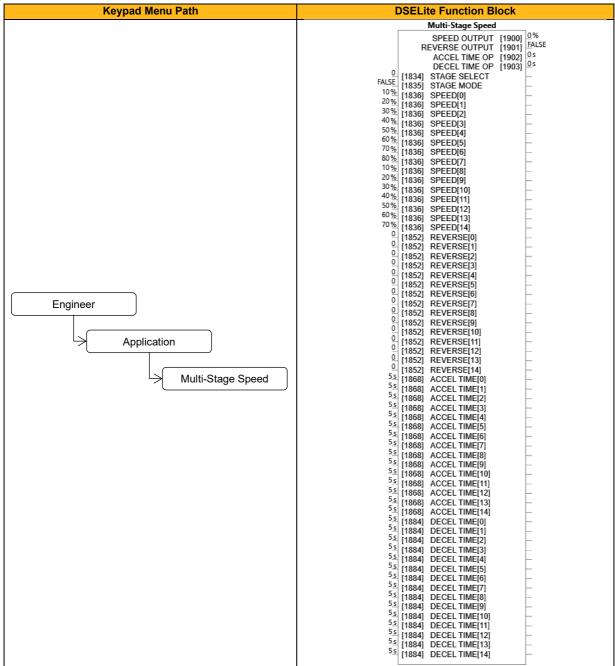
The switchover will not be performed during an autotune sequence, even if enabled, until the estimator converges to correct speed (typically within first 50-100ms after starting the drive), and until the motor has accelerated to 95% of its initial speed setpoint. The switchover will also not be performed if the setpoint speed is lower than the switchover threshold of 300 RPM.

Note that if the encoder feedback signal is removed or fails when running, and P0256 'Switchover Enable' is set false, the motor will accelerate to, and run at, its synchronous speed. It is therefore recommended that P0256 'Switchover Enable' is set true in applications where a loss of encoder feedback may result in damage to the machinery.

Multi-Stage Speed

Overview

The Multi-Stage Speed function can call up to 15 stages and is used in conjunction with the Auto Circulate function block. Setpoint sets or stages are selected by the Stage Select Parameter. For each stage a separate speed, acceleration and deceleration can be defined.



Function Block Inputs

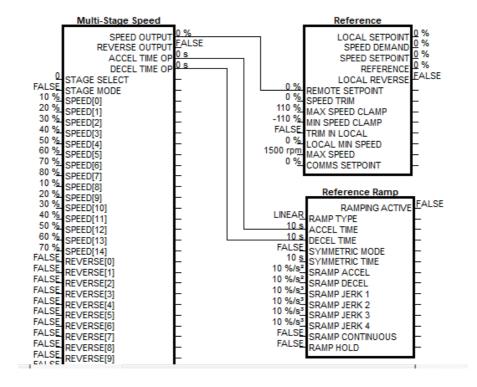
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
STAGE SELECT	1834	0	0 to 15		USINT	ALWAYS
Selects the input grou	p to pass t	o the outputs (Stage 0	14)			
STAGE MODE	1835	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
When Stage Mode is	FALSE, the	e first stage is selected	by Stage Select of 0. When S	Stage Mode is Ti	RUE, the fir	st stage is
selected by Stage Sel	ect of 1.					
SPEED[0]	1837	10	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.	•	1				•
SPEED[1]	1838	20	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.	•	1				
SPEED[]						
Speed inputs.		4				•
SPEED[7]	1844	80	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.		1	1			
SPEED[8]	1845	10	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.		·L	1	<u> </u>		
SPEED[9]	1846	20	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.			<u> </u>			
SPEED[]						
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
SPEED[14]	1851	70	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Speed inputs.				<u> </u>		1
REVERSE[0]	1853	0			BOOL	ALWAYS
Reverse selection inp	uts.					
REVERSE[1]	1854	0			BOOL	ALWAYS
Reverse selection inp	uts.		l .			l
REVERSE[]						
REVERSE[14]	1867	0			BOOL	ALWAYS
Reverse selection inp	uts.			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
ACCEL TIME[0]	1869	5	0.0 to 3000.0	S	REAL	ALWAYS
Acceleration Time inp	uts.		<u> </u>			
ACCEL TIME[1]	1870	5	0.0 to 3000.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS
Acceleration Time inp	uts.		<u> </u>	l .		<u> </u>
ACCEL TIME[]						
• •						<u> </u>
ACCEL TIME[14]	1883	5	0.0 to 3000.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS
Acceleration Time inp		I		l		1
DECEL TIME[0]		5	0.0 to 3000.0	S	REAL	ALWAYS
Deceleration Time inp						1
DECEL TIME[1]	1886	5	0.0 to 3000.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS
Deceleration Time inp		I		l		1
DECEL TIME[]						
DECEL TIME[14]	1899	5	0.0 to 3000.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS
Deceleration Time inp		L	0.0 10 0000.0		1 (2) (2	
2 2 2 3 10 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u></u>					

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
SPEED OUTPUT	1900	0		%	REAL	NOT			
Speed output of the stage currently selected									
REVERSE OUTPUT	1901	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Direction of the stage	Direction of the stage currently selected								
ACCEL TIME OP	1902	0		s	REAL	NOT			
Acceleration Time of the	Acceleration Time of the selected stage (actually used).								
DECEL TIME OP	1903	0		s	REAL	NOT			
Deceleration Time of t	he stage cu	rrently selected							

The Multi-Stage Speed function is intended for use with fan or pump applications to 'preset' values of speed, direction and ramp time for up to 15 'stages'. Alternatively, it may be used as a 'preset' for other applications.

The **Stage Select** input chooses one of 15 pre-defined stages. The outputs of the block are intended for connection to the Reference and Ramp blocks as shown below but may be used within a custom application for any purpose.

For example, An input at Stage Select of 1 results in **Speed[1]**, **Accel Time[1]**, **Decel Time[1]** and **Reverse[1]** appearing out the outputs of the multi-stage speed block.

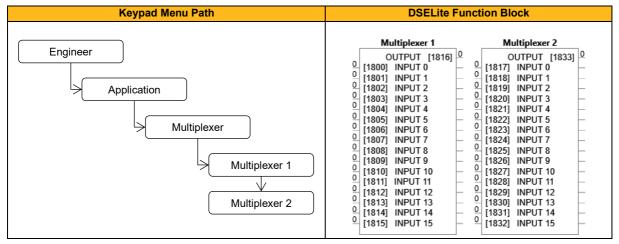


Multiplexer 1 & Multiplexer 2

Overview

Each block collects together 16 Boolean input values into a single word.

For example, one may be used to set and clear individual bits within a word such as the **AR Trip Mask** for the Auto Restart function block.



Function Block Inputs

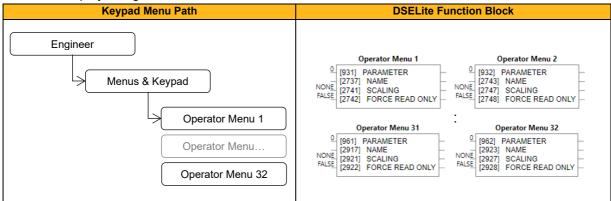
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
INPUT 0						
Multiplexer 1	1800	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Multiplexer 2	1817	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Input Bit 0.						
INPUT 1						
Multiplexer 1	1801	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Multiplexer 2	1818	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Input Bit 1.				•		
INPUT 2						
Multiplexer 1						
Multiplexer 2						
Input Bit 2.						
INPUT 15						
Multiplexer 1	1815	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Multiplexer 2	1832	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Input Bit 15.		<u> </u>		•		

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable	
OUTPUT							
Multiplexer 1	1816	0			WORD	NOT	
Multiplexer 2	1833	0			WORD	NOT	
Output word (containing Input 115).							

Operator Menu

Overview

Configures the parameters shown in the Operator Menu. Any parameter may be "promoted" to the Operator menu. In addition, parameters displayed in the Operator menu may be given a different name, and may be rescaled for display using the DISPLAY SCALE function blocks.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
PARAMETER		0	0 to 2961		PREF	ALWAYS
Operator Menu 1	931					
Operator Menu 2	932					
	:					
Operator Menu 32	962					
Defines the parameter to be dis	splayed in the	Operator menu. Set	ting an entry to 0 hides the corres	ponding e	ntry in the Op	erator menu.
NAME			A string of up to sixteen		STRING	ALWAYS
Operator Menu 1	2737		characters			
Operator Menu 2	2743					
	:					
Operator Menu 32	2928					
The name of the parameter t	to be shown ii	the Operator Me	nu. When NAME is left empty th	ne default	name for the	e chosen
parameter is shown.						
SCALING		0: NONE	0: NONE		ENUM	ALWAYS
Operator Menu 1	2741		1: DISPLAY SCALE 1			
Operator Menu 2	2747		2: DISPLAY SCALE 2			
	:		3: DISPLAY SCALE 3			
Operator Menu 32	2927		4: DISPLAY SCALE 4			
Selects a DISPLAY SCALE	function block	to be applied to th	ne value of PARAMETER.			
FORCE READ ONLY		FALSE	FALSE/TRUE		BOOL	ALWAYS
Operator Menu 1	2742					
Operator Menu 2	2748					
	:					
Operator Menu 32	2928					
Set to TRUE to make the co	rresponding F	ARAMETER in the	e Operator Menu read-only. Wh	nen FALS	E, PARAME	TER will
retain its default read/write b						

The operator menu will always display the Speed Reference (Parameter 0462) and Speed Percent (Parameter 0105). The Operator Menu blocks are used to configure additional entries in the Operator Menu.

An 'Operator Menu' may be populated with parameters applicable to the application, to simplify setup and control. By default, the operator menu block has no parameter entries, however when a macro template is selected, the operator menu block will automatically be populated with the relevant tag numbers. Parameters shown in the Operator Menu are visible independent of the selected view level. I.e., if a parameter normally only visible at the 'engineer' level is promoted to the Operator Menu, it will remain visible when the view level is set to 'operator' or 'technician'.

Auto Hiding of parameters (where parameters not relevant to the control mode or motor type are automatically hidden) still applies.

Operator Menus may be configured by directly entering the parameter number that is required to be displayed. For example, if the operator menu is required to display the DC Link Voltage (Parameter 0102), Motor Current (Parameter 0112) and Stack Current (Parameter 0114), enter the parameter numbers into the operator menu functions as follows:

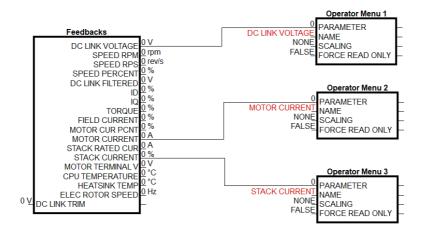
Operator Menu[0] = 102

Operator Menu[1] = 112

Operator Menu[2] = 114

The parameter numbers of all function block outputs may be found in the individual help file for that block.

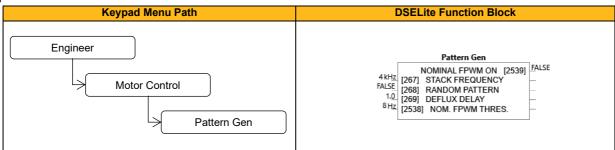
Operator Menus may also be configured in DSELite using graphical links. For example, if the Operator Menu is required to display the DC Link Voltage (Parameter 0102), Motor Current (Parameter 0112) and Stack Current (Parameter 0114), connect links from those parameters to Operator Menu blocks:



Pattern Gen

Overview

The pattern generator function block allows you to configure the Inverter PWM (Pulse Width Modulator) operation.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
STACK FREQUENCY	267	4	1 to 16	kHz	REAL	ALWAYS

This parameter selects the PWM switching frequency of the power stack. Please note that a setting higher than the nominal (default) stack PWM frequency is only used if the required electrical output frequency is greater than P2538 'Nom. fPWM Thres.' in Hz. This ensures full starting torque by using the nominal frequency at low speeds. The stack frequency value is directly used as PWM frequency when P0268 'Random Pattern' = FALSE, or it is used as the mean switching frequency value when P0268 'Random Pattern' = TRUE. The higher the switching frequency, the lower the level of motor audible noise and closed loop current and speed control update delay. However, this is only achieved at the expense of increased drive losses, reduced stack current rating and increased CPU calculation time demand. Default (and nominal) value and maximum possible value is stack dependent. PWM switching frequency limit is 10KHz for fixed pattern and 8KHz for randomized PWM switching.

RANDOM PATTERN	268	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
This parameter selects be	This parameter selects between a random pattern (less audible motor noise) or the more conventional fixed carrier PWM								
strategy. When TRUE, ran	dom patte	ern is enabled, P267 'Sta	ck Frequency' then defines the	mean sw	itching frequ	iency.			
DEFLUX DELAY	269	1.0	0 to 60		TIME	STOPPED			
Sets the minimum allowed	delay bet	ween disabling and then	re-enabling PWM production (i.e. stoppi	ng and start	ing the			
drive).									
NOM. FPWM THRES.	2538	8	0 to 550	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS			

This parameter selects the electrical low output frequency threshold in unit Hz for forcing nominal PWM switching frequency. If the Stack Frequency (P0267) is set higher than the Nominal stack PWM frequency this feature becomes active. In this case the nominal stack PWM frequency is used if the electrical output frequency is lower than the threshold and full stack current is available. If the electrical output frequency is greater than the threshold, the (higher) Stack PWM frequency (P0267) is used and current output is derated. A hysteresis of -10% is used for the switchover from Stack Frequency back to stack nominal PWM frequency. Setting to 0Hz deactivates this feature, and Stack frequency (P0267) is always used. The feature provides better startup in combination with quieter continuous speed operation of induction motors in VHz mode. It is not recommended for use in Vector mode.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
NOMINAL FPMW ON	2539	FALSE			BOOL	NOT

This parameter shows whether the 'force nominal stack frequency at low el. output frequency' feature (controllable by parameter P2538) is active or not. TRUE= Drive runs with forced (lower than user demanded) nominal stack PWM frequency, FALSE= (Higher than default) user stack PWM frequency is active.

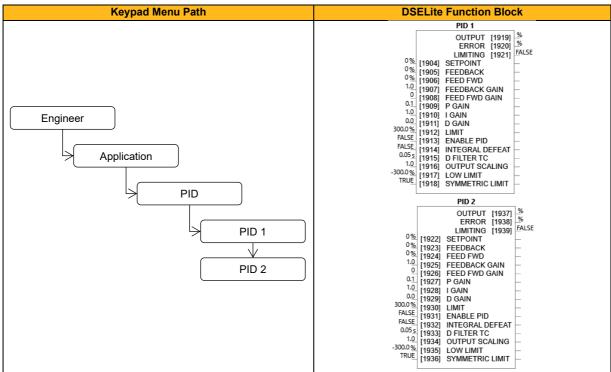
It is possible to select the PWM carrier frequency. This is the main switching frequency of the power output stage of the Frequency Inverter. A high setting of carrier frequency (e.g. 6kHz) reduces audible motor noise but only at the expense of higher Inverter losses and smooth motor rotation at low output frequencies. A low setting of carrier frequency (e.g. 3kHz), reduces Inverter losses but increases audible motor noise.

The Inverter also provides a quiet pattern PWM strategy in order to reduce audible motor noise. It is possible to select between the quiet 'random' pattern or the more conventional fixed carrier frequency method. With the quiet pattern strategy selected (random pattern enabled), audible motor noise is reduced to a dull hiss.

PID1 & PID2

Overview

This function allows the inverter to be used in applications requiring a trim to the reference, depending on feedback from an external measurement device. Typically, this will be used for process control, i.e. pressure or flow.

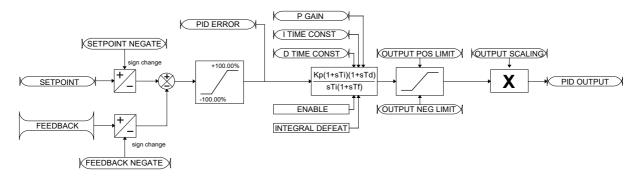


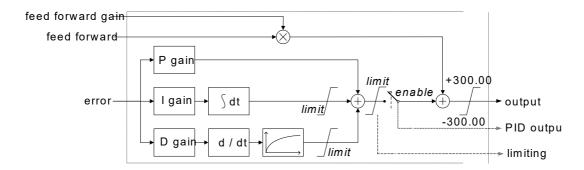
Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
SETPOINT								
PID 1	1904	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1922	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Setpoint Input of the PID b	lock.							
FEEDBACK								
PID 1	1905	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1923	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Feedback input of the PID	block.							
FEED FWD								
PID 1	1906	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1924	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Feed Forward input of the	PID block.							
FEEDBACK GAIN								
PID 1	1907	1.0	-10.0 to 10.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1925	1.0	-10.0 to 10.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
Gain of the Feedback sign	al (default:	1.0).						
FEED FWD GAIN								
PID 1	1908	0	-10.0 to 10.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1926	0	-10.0 to 10.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
Gain of the Feed Forward	signal (defa	ult: 0.0).						
P GAIN								
PID 1	1909	0.1	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
PID 2	1927	0.1	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS		
Proportional gain of the PI	Proportional gain of the PID controller. With a P gain of zero, the PID output would be zero.							

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
I GAIN						
PID 1	1910	1.0	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1928	1.0	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Integral gain of the PID cor	ntroller.			•		
D GAIN						
PID 1	1911	0.0	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1929	0.0	0.0 to 100.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Differential gain of the PID	controller.					
LIMIT						
PID 1	1912	300.0	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1930	300.0	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
This parameter determines	the maxim	um positive excursion	(Limit) of the PID output.			
ENABLE PID						
PID 1	1913	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1931	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
	sets the PID	output and integral te	rm when FALSE. Enable must	be TRUE	for the PID	to operate.
INTEGRAL DEFEAT						
PID 1	1914	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1932	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
This parameter resets the	PID integral	term when FALSE.				
D FILTER TC						
PID 1	1915	0.05	0.05 to 5.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1933	0.05	0.05 to 5.0	S	REAL	ALWAYS
Derivate time constant of t	he PID cont	roller.				
OUTPUT SCALING						
PID 1	1916	1.0	-3.0 to 3.0		REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1934	1.0	-3.0 to 3.0		REAL	ALWAYS
	an overall s	scaling factor which is	applied after the PID positive a	nd negativ	ve limit clam	ps.
LOW LIMIT						
PID 1	1917	-300.0	-300.0 to 0.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1935	-300.0	-300.0 to 0.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
This parameter determines	the maxim	um negative excursion	(Limit) of the PID output.			
SYMMETRIC LIMIT						
PID 1	1918	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
PID 2	1936	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
If TRUE, the negative limit of the PID output is set to -(maximum positive limit).						

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
OUTPUT						
PID 1	1919		-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	NOT
PID 2	1937		-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	NOT
Output of the PID function						
ERROR						
PID 1	1920		-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	NOT
PID 2	1938		-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	NOT
The result of SETPOINT -	FEEDBACK	(clamped to +/-100%)	•			
LIMITING						
PID 1	1921	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
PID 2	1939	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Output signal of the PID controller is clamped (either by positive or by negative limit).						





- Functions as P, PI, PD and PID with filtering.
- Single symmetric limit on output.

PID Stage

The formula which describes the action of the PID in the 'S 'domain is as follows:

$$PID =_{P} \frac{K_{K_{i}}}{S} + \frac{K}{S} \frac{S}{1 + S_{F}} T$$

where: K_P is the proportional gain

 K_D is the derivative gain

 K_i is the integral gain

 T_F is the filter time constant

For an application that requires closed loop control, the error term may be derived from the setpoint and feedback using a value function block. This error term is then used by the PID. The output of the PID may be used to trim the demand setpoint via the parameter **0452 Speed Trim** in the

Compatibility Note

Reference function block.

The PID function block used in the AC15 differs from PID functions in some other drives. Older drive products such as the 690 series used a time constant setting for the integral and derivative terms, expressed in seconds. Where it is necessary to convert from a time constant to gain:

P Gain (AC15) = P Gain (690) I Gain (AC15) = P Gain (690) / I Time [s] (690) D Gain (AC15) = P Gain (690) * D Time [s] (690)

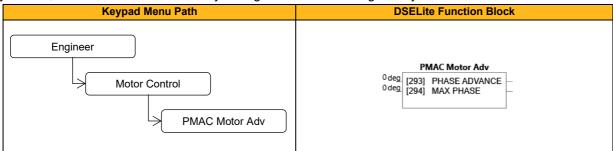
PMAC Motor Adv

Overview

Only available if PMAC Motor selected in 0030 Motor Type.

The PMAC Motor Advanced allows to move the current setpoint of a PMAC Motor to the D and Q axis, adding a predictive phase shift to the current. The phase shift is proportional to the current level.

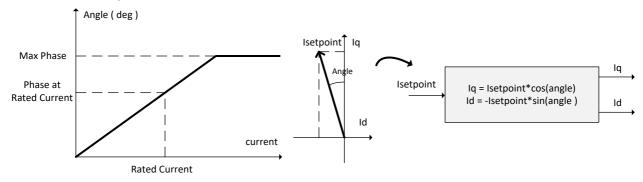
By default, values are set to Zero. Only change values if data is given by the motor manufacturer.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
PHASE ADVANCE	293	0	0 to 90	deg	REAL	STOPPED
Phase advance in electr	ical degrees	on current at rated curre	ent level, proportional to the cu	rrent level		
MAX PHASE	294	0	0 to 90	deg	REAL	STOPPED
Max phase advance app	lied to the c	urrent.				

Functional Description

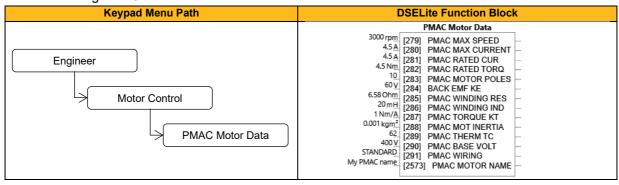


PMAC Motor Data

Overview

Only required if PMAC Motor selected in 0030 Motor Type.

The PMAC Motor Data contains the parameters needed to run and control a PMAC motor. A PMAC motor is a Permanent Magnet AC Motor with sinusoidal back EMF.



Function Block Inputs

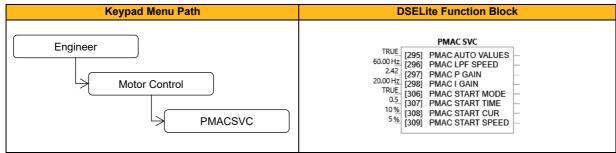
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
PMAC MAX SPEED	279	3000	1.0 to 100000.0	rpm	REAL	ALWAYS			
Set the maximum motor sp	peed (in rpm).							
PMAC MAX CURRENT	280	4.5	0.05 to 5000	Α	REAL	ALWAYS			
Set the maximum motor cu	Set the maximum motor current (in Amps rms).								
PMAC RATED CUR	281	4.5	0.05 to 5000	Α	REAL	ALWAYS			
Set the rated motor curren	t (in Amps r	ms). Refer to Motor Cເ	irrent Percent in the Feedback	s function.	A value of	100% =			
PMAC rated Current.									
PMAC RATED TORQ	282	4.5	0.01 to 30000.0	Nm	REAL	ALWAYS			
Set the rated motor torque	. Refer to A	ctual Torque in the Fee	edbacks function. A value of 10	0% = PM	AC Rated To	orque.			
PMAC MOTOR POLES	283	10	2 to 400		UINT	ALWAYS			
Set the number of motor p	oles, e.g. fo	r a 4 pole motor enter '	'4".						
BACK EMF KE	284	60	0.1 to 30000	V	REAL	ALWAYS			
			to phase Volts rms per 1000 rp	m). Notes	: Value is al	so estimated			
			of motor torque constant kt:						
ke=torque_constant_Nm/A	Arms*60.45=	rated_torque_Nm/rate							
PMAC WINDING RES	285	6.58	0.001 to 500.0	Ohm	REAL	ALWAYS			
Set the motor's resistance	, line to line	at 25 °C. This parame	ter is used within the current lo	ор.					
PMAC WINDING IND	286	20	0.01 to 1000.0	mH	REAL	ALWAYS			
	e line to line	at maximum current. T	his parameter is used within th	ne current	loop and is r	related to the			
overall proportional gain.									
PMAC TORQUE KT	287	1	0.01 to 10000.0	Nm/A	REAL	ALWAYS			
			ompute the current demand gi						
•			ed during autotune sequence.			•			
	lm/rated_cu	rrent_rms. Back emf k	e (Vrms phase/phase per 1000)rpm) can	be calculate	ed out of KT:			
Ke=KT/60.45									
PMAC MOT INERTIA	288	0.001	0.0001 to 100.0	kgm²	REAL	ALWAYS			
	•	•	ad inertia shall be entered as a	a ratio fac	tor via Spee	d Loop P333			
'Ratio JLoad/JMot'. P333=		,		1		4134/22/2			
PMAC THERM TC	289	62	1 to 10000		TIME	ALWAYS			
			This parameter is used for the						
· ·			of the rated load of the motor if	100% of t	he rated curi	rent is			
applied to the motor (typica			<u>' '</u>		DEAL	A1.\A/A\/O			
PMAC BASE VOLT	290	400	1 to 1000	V	REAL	ALWAYS			
The rated motor voltage or				1	=	41344346			
PMAC WIRING	291	0: Standard	0: Standard		ENUM	ALWAYS			
AAP 1 P C CC	,	\/\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	1: Reverse						
Wiring direction of the mot			T		OTDING	A L VA/A V/C			
PMAC MOTOR NAME	2573	My PMAC name			STRING	ALWAYS			
Name of the PMAC motor	(for user ref	erence)							

PMAC SVC

Overview

Only available if PMAC MOTOR selected in 0030 Motor Type.

Parameters related to the SVC Control mode of a PMAC Motor



Function Block Inputs

inction Block inputs								
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
PMAC AUTO VALUES	295	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
Selection of PI controller values for PMAC motors. TRUE: use pre-calculated values, FALSE: use user settings.								
PMAC LPF SPEED	296	60.00	0 to 10000	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS		
Set the Low Pass Filter fre	quency of	the estimated speed.						
PMAC P GAIN	297	2.42	0 to 10000		REAL	ALWAYS		
Set the Proportional gain of	of the PI co	orrector used for extraction	ng speed and position.					
PMAC I GAIN	298	20.00	0 to 10000	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS		
Set the Integral frequency	of the PI	corrector used for extract	ing speed and position.					
PMAC START MODE	306	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
This parameter is used to	enable/dis	able a specific startup pi	rocedure when the motor/drive	is switche	ed ON (starti	ng rotation).		
This is mainly used where	applicatio	ns need to start the moto	or with a high inertia and/or frict	tion load a	ind the stand	dard start is		
ineffective								
PMAC START TIME	307	0.5	0 to 1000		TIME	ALWAYS		
This parameter is used in	conjunctio	n with PMAC Start Mode	e. It selects the duration of Step	1 in the s	tartup proce	edure used		
for starting motors with a h	igh inertia	and/or friction load.						
PMAC START CUR	308	10	0 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter is used in	conjunctio	n with PMAC Start Mode	e. It selects the current level du	ring the st	artup proced	dure used for		
starting motors with a high inertia and/or friction load.								
PMAC START SPEED	309	5	0 to 200	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter is used in conjunction with PMAC Start Mode. It selects the speed setpoint at which the speed control is								
switched from an open loo	p mode (\	//Hz Control) to a closed	loop mode (using speed obser	ver for PN	MAC motors) during the		
startup procedure used for	starting n	notors with a high inertia	and/or friction load.					

Functional Description

Using **0306 Start Mode** (=TRUE), the following procedure is applied each time the motor is switched on and before closing the speed loop, based on the external speed setpoint.

The drive must be used in speed loop mode (0347 Torq Dmd Isolate = FALSE).

When the drive is switched ON, the system is placed in open loop control.

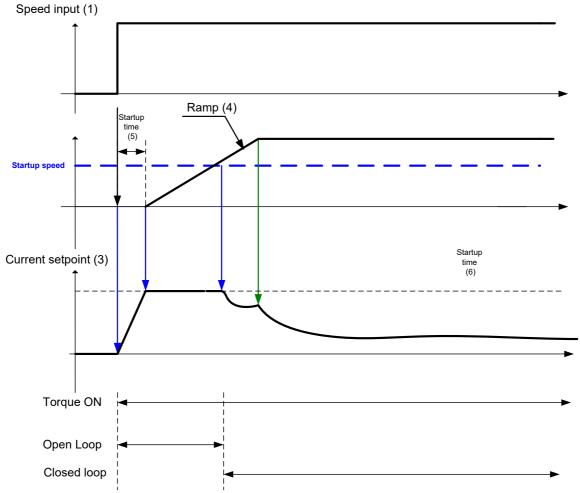
Step 1:

For a time equal to the **0307 PMAC Start Time**' parameter, the current is ramped to the **0308 PMAC Start Cur** value. The sign is dependent upon the speed loop setpoint. A normal value is between 0.5 to 1s.

Step 2:

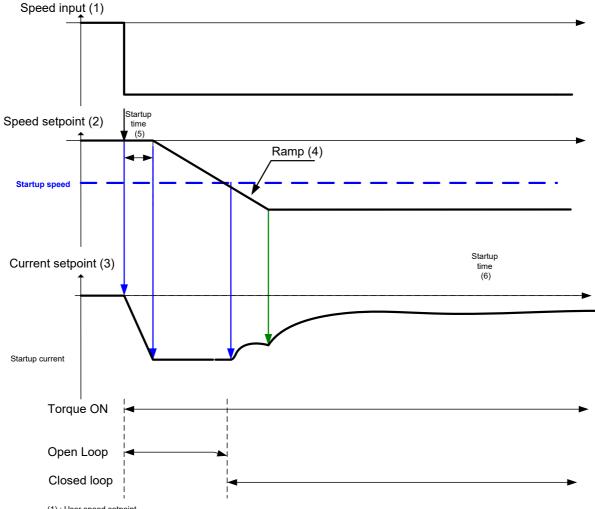
Once Step 1 is complete, the position is ramped in such a way as to follow the speed setpoint generated, based on the configuration (ramp, etc...), until the **0309 PMAC Start Speed** value is reached. The speed loop is then closed. The ramp value must be kept low to ensure the motor follows the speed setpoint.

For a positive speed setpoint when the drive is switched ON:



- (1): User speed setpoint
 (2): Internal speed setpoint
 (3); Internal current setpoint
 (4): ramps are generated based on ramp parameters
- (5): startup procedure: a current is smoothly installed into the motor (6): startup procedure: the motor is rotated for one electrical turn

For a negative speed setpoint when the drive is switched ON:

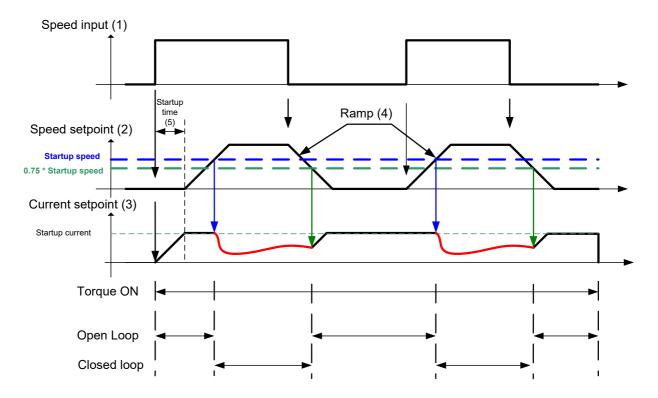


- (1): User speed setpoint

- (1): oser speed setpoint
 (2): Internal speed setpoint
 (3); Internal current setpoint
 (4): ramps are generated based on ramp parameters
 (5): startup procedure: a current is smoothly installed into the motor
 (6): startup procedure: the motor is rotated for one electrical turn

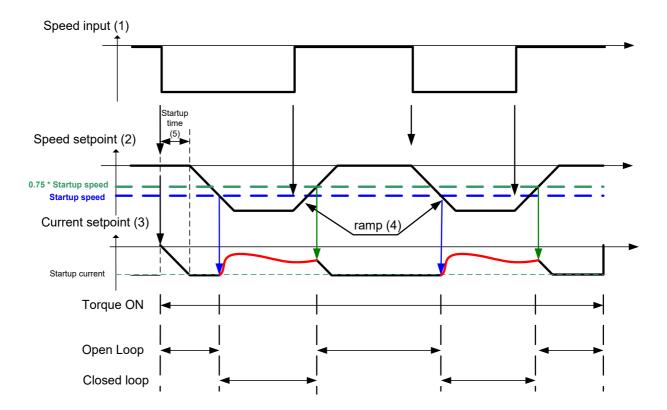
Depending on 0309 PMAC Start Speed the speed setpoint is determined as shown below.

Up and Down Motion - Positive speed



- (1): User speed setpoint
 (2): Internal speed setpoint
 (3); Internal current setpoint
 (4): ramps are generated based on ramp parameters
 (5): startup procedure: a current is smoothly installed into the motor

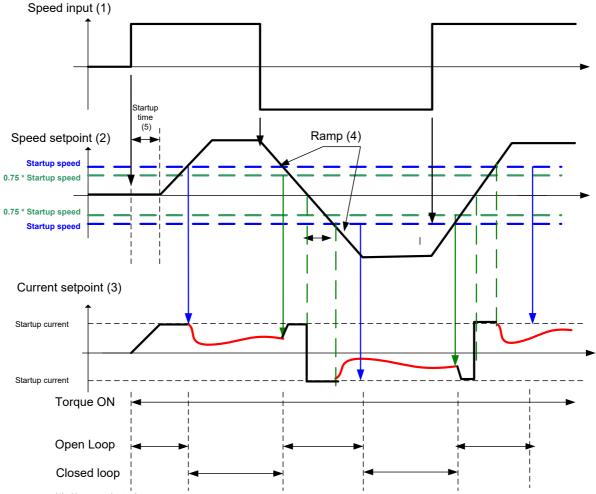
Negative Speed



- (1): User speed setpoint

- (1): Oser speed setpoint
 (2): Internal speed setpoint
 (3); Internal current setpoint
 (4): ramps are generated based on ramp parameters
 (5): startup procedure: a current is smoothly installed into the motor

Crossing zero speed



- (1): User speed setpoint
 (2): Internal speed setpoint
 (3); Internal current setpoint
 (4): ramps are generated based on ramp parameters
 (5): startup procedure: a current is smoothly installed into the motor
 (6): zero crossing for the speed input: the current must be inverted into the motor

Power Loss

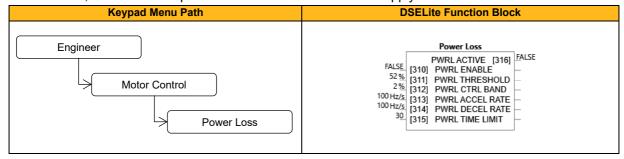
Overview

The Power Loss block controls the behavior of the drive during a power outage.

When enabled, the drive attempts to keep the dc link high by regeneratively recovering the kinetic energy in the motor load in the event of a main power supply loss.

This is achieved by ramping the speed setpoint to zero during the power outage. If during the outage the supply returns, the speed setpoint is automatically ramped back to the speed setpoint.

When disabled, the drive will trip on UNDERVOLTS if the mains supply is removed.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
PWRL ENABLE	310	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED			
Allow the drive to keep the	Allow the drive to keep the dc link high by regeneratively recovering the kinetic energy in the motor load in the event of mains								
supply loss. If possible,	supply loss. If possible, set the drive to a vector control mode before using this function. 'Phase fail' trip is disabled while this								
function is active. The D	function is active. The DC Link Volts Limit P0069 should be enabled to avoid overvoltage if a brake resistor is not fitted.								
PWRL THRESHOLD	311	55	50 to 68	%	REAL	STOPPED			
Given in % of the max. of	vervoltage l	evel at which the Power	Loss Ride Through is triggered	d. 100% w	ould equal 4	180V for			
			l values assuming -15% allowe						
54%, 400V AC: 57%, 48	0V AC: 68%	(chose the lowest assur	med / allowed values for your s	systems A	.C mains spe	ecification).			
Note: For induction motor	ors in V/Hz n	node the threshold shoul	d be set to the max possible va	alue - othe	erwise the fu	nctionality			
might not work as desire	d.								
PWRL CTRL BAND	312	10	0 to 20	%	REAL	STOPPED			
Sets the % above the Pwrl Threshold at which the setpoint ramp down is stopped. 100% would equal 480V for 230VAC									
drives and 840V for 480	VAC drives.								
PWRL ACCEL RATE	313	100	1 to 500	Hz/s	REAL	STOPPED			
Rate at which the speed	setpoint is r	amped back to the spee	d demand						
PWRL DECEL RATE	314	100	1 to 500	Hz/s	REAL	STOPPED			
Rate at which the speed setpoint is ramped to zero. The value is system dependent. Too high a value could lead to									
overvoltage fault, too low to undervoltage trip. Note: For induction motors in V/Hz the system might be very sensitive to the									
chosen value (too low = undervoltage trip, too high = stack over I trip) and for larger motors/drives the default may need to be									
reduced									
PWRL TIME LIMIT	315	30	0 to 300		TIME	STOPPED			
Maximum allowed time f	Maximum allowed time for the Power Loss Ride Through sequence. If exceeded a trip is generated.								

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
PWRL ACTIVE	316	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
TRUE while the Power Loss Ride Through is active.							

Functional Description

When **0310 Pwrl Enable** is set to TRUE, the block controls the behavior of the drive during a power outage.

This is achieved by ramping the speed setpoint to zero (0313 Pwrl Decel Rate).

The dc link fall detection is triggered by **0311 Pwrl Threshold**. **0312 Pwrl Ctrl Band** determines the band of dc link (between **0311 Pwrl Threshold** and **0311 Pwrl Threshold + 0312 Pwrl Ctrl Band**) while the speed septoint is ramped down to zero using **0314 Pwrl Decel Rate** to try recovering the kinetic energy. If during the outage the supply returns, the speed is automatically ramped back (**0313 Pwrl Accel Rate**) to the speed setpoint.

The drive assumes AC power has returned if the dc link remains higher than (0311 Pwrl Threshold + 0312 Pwrl Ctrl Band) for more than 500ms. During this time, the speed setpoint is held.

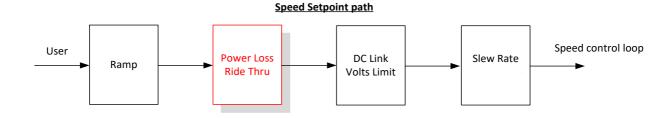
0315 Pwrl Time Limit determines the maximum time of the Power Loss Ride Through sequence. If this time is exceeded, the drive will trip on POWER LOSS STOP.

During the Power Loss Ride Through sequence, 0316 Pwrl Active becomes TRUE.

When **0310 Pwrl Enable** is set to FALSE, the drive will trip on UNDERVOLTS if the main supply is removed.

This feature is run at a rate of 1 milli-second.

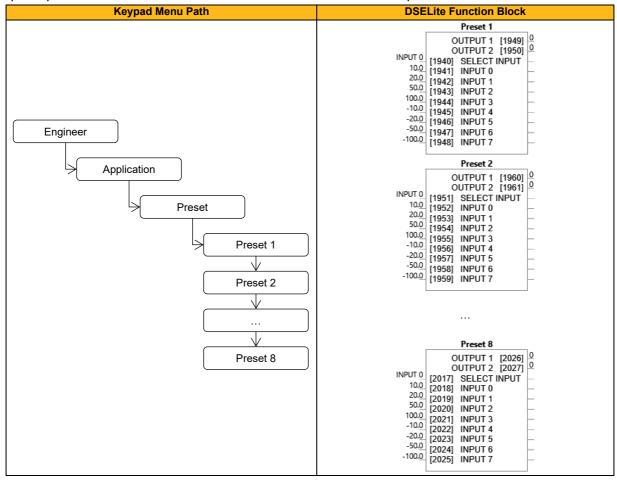
IMPORTANT: If *DC Link Volts Limit* feature enabled, 0313 Pwrl Accel Rate and 0313 Pwrl Decel Rate applied to the speed setpoint are limited by 0466 Acceleration Time and 0467 Deceleration Time of the Ramp.



Preset 1, Preset 2, Preset 3, Preset 4, Preset 5, Preset 6, Preset 7 & Preset 8

Overview

The **Preset** functions select 1 of 8 values to be used as a reference for other function blocks. A second output is provided to allow the block to be used as two banks of four inputs.



Function Block Inputs

SELECT INPUT	Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
Preset 1		140.	Deliant Value	Tungo	Omio	1 3 0 0	Williamo
Preset 2		1040	0. INPLIT 0	0: INPLIT 0		FNIIM	ΔΙ WΔΥS
Preset 8							
Preset 8			0.1141 01 0			LINOW	ALWAIS
Selects which input is copied to the output.			O. INDUT O			- NII 184	A L \A/A\/O
INPUT 0				7. 1141 01 7		ENUM	ALWAYS
Preset 1		is copied to t	ne output.	1			
Preset 2 1952 10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2018 10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 0. INPUT 1 Preset 1 1942 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1953 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2019 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 1 1943 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1954 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1954 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2020 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2020 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 1 1944 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 3. INPUT 4 Preset 1 1945 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 3 2022 10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 4 1945 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 5 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 6 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 7 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2021 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS		4044	40.0	00700 0 to 00707 0		DEAL	A L \A/A\/O
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 0.							
Preset 8	Preset 2		10.0	-32/68.0 to 32/67.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 0. INPUT 1			40.0	00700 0 4 00707 0		DEAL	41.14/43/6
INPUT 1				-32/68.0 to 32/67.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset 1 1942 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1953 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1953 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 1. INPUT 2		en Selected	Input = 0.	1	ı		
Preset 2 1953 20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 1. INPUT 2 Preset 1 1943 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1954 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 2. INPUT 3 Preset 4 1944 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 5 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 6 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 7 1944 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2021 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 3. INPUT 4 Preset 1 1945 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS REAL ALWAYS REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS	_						
Preset 8							
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Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 1.							
NPUT 2				-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset 1 1943 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1954 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2020 50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 2. INPUT 3 Preset 1 1944 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1955 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2021 100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 3. INPUT 4 Preset 1 1945 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 3. INPUT 4 Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 8 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS		en Selected	Input = 1.		1		
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Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 2. INPUT 3 Preset 1	Preset 2	1954	50.0	-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 2. INPUT 3 Preset 1							
INPUT 3	-			-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
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Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 3. INPUT 4 Preset 1	•••						
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Preset 1 1945 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1956 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Neeset 8 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS		en Selected	Input = 3.				
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Preset 8 2022 -10.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS	Preset 2	1956	-10.0	-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 4. INPUT 5 Preset 1	•••						
NPUT 5				-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset 1 1946 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS		en Selected	Input = 4.				
Preset 2 1957 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS	INPUT 5						
	Preset 2	1957	-20.0	-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset 8 2023 -20.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS							
				-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 5.		en Selected	Input = 5.				
INPUT 6							
Preset 1 1947 -50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS							
Preset 2 1958 -50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS	Preset 2	1958	-50.0	-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
	•••						
Preset 8 2024 -50.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS				-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 6.		en Selected	Input = 6.				
INPUT 7							
Preset 1 1948 -100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS							
Preset 2 1959 -100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS	Preset 2	1959	-100.0	-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset 8 2025 -100.0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 REAL ALWAYS				-32768.0 to 32767.0		REAL	ALWAYS
Preset Output 1, when Selected Input = 7.	Preset Output 1, wh	en Selected	Input = 7.				

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
OUTPUT 1								
Preset 1	1949	0			REAL	NOT		
Preset 2	1960	0			REAL	NOT		
•••								
Preset 8	2026	0			REAL	NOT		
Output 1 (correspon	Output 1 (corresponding Selected Input).							
OUTPUT 2								
Preset 1	1950	0			REAL	NOT		
Preset 2	1961	0			REAL	NOT		
Preset 8	2027	0			REAL	NOT		
Output 2 (if Select In	nput is in the	range 0 to 3, Input 4 to Input	7 respectively is routed to this	Output).				

Functional Description

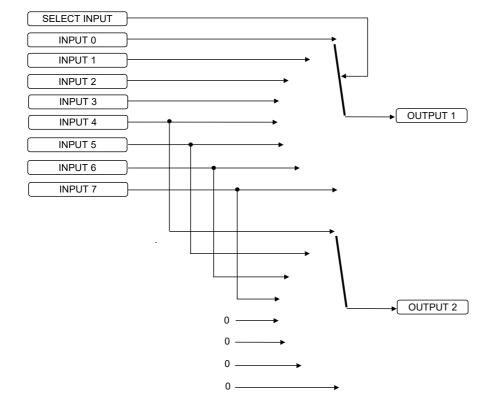
Output 1 and Output 2 return the values at selected inputs set by Select Input.

Output 2 returns the value of a different input to Output 1:

if Select Input = 0 then Output 1 = Input 0, Output 2 = Input 4

if Select Input = 1 then Output 1 = Input 1, Output 2 = Input 5 etc.

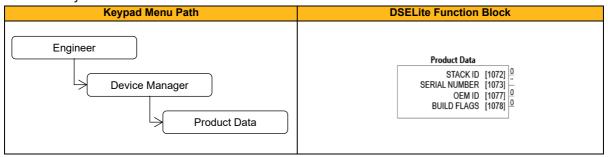
When **Select Input** is set to 4, 5, 6 or 7, **Output 2** will return a value of zero.



Product Data

Overview

Parameters that define the drive type and identity. These are set during manufacture and provided for information only.



Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
STACK ID	1072	0			UINT	NOT		
Numeric code identifying stack. Refer to the manual.								
SERIAL NUMBER	1073	"			STRING	NOT		
The serial number of t	he drive.		·					
OEM ID	1077	0			UINT	NOT		
Supplier identifier.								
BUILD FLAGS	1078	0: 0	0: -		WORD	NOT		
			1: -					
			2: -					
			3: -					
			15:-					
Sixtoon flags that indic	Sixteen flags that indicate the build of the drive. This allows applications to be shared across drives to account for							

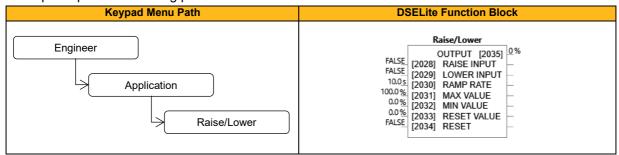
Sixteen flags that indicate the build of the drive. This allows applications to be shared across drives to account for differences in drive types.

Raise/Lower

Overview

This function block acts as an internal motorised potentiometer (MOP).

The Output is preserved during power-down of the drive.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
RAISE INPUT	2028	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE causes Output to ramp up.									
LOWER INPUT	2029	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE causes	Output to	ramp down.							
RAMP RATE	2030	10.0	0.0 to 600.0	s	REAL	ALWAYS			
Time to change from 0% to 100%									
MAX VALUE	2031	100.0	-100.0 to 100.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
The maximum value to which the output will ramp.									
MIN VALUE	2032	0.0	-100.0 to 100.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
The minimum value	The minimum value to which the output will ramp.								
RESET VALUE	2033	0.0	-100.0 to 100.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
The value the output	The value the output is set to when RESET is TRUE.								
RESET	2034	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE forces	OUTPUT	When TRUE forces OUTPUT to track the RESET VALUE.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name No. Default Value Range Units Type Writable							
OUTPUT 2035 0 -32768.0 to 32767.0 % REAL NOT							
The ramped output, this parameter is saved during the power-down of the drive.							

Functional Description

The table below describes how the Output is controlled by Raise Input, Lower Input and Reset Input.

Reset	Raise Input	Lower Input	Action
TRUE	Any	Any	Output tracks Reset Value
FALSE	TRUE	FALSE	Output ramps up to Maximum Value at Ramp Time
FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	Output ramps down to Minimum Value at Ramp Time
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	Output not changed. *
FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	Output not changed. *

^{*} If 2035 Output is greater than 2031 Maximum Value the Output will ramp down to Maximum Value at 2030 Ramp Rate. If 2035 Output is less than 2032 Minimum Value the Output will ramp up to Minimum Value at 2030 Ramp Rate.

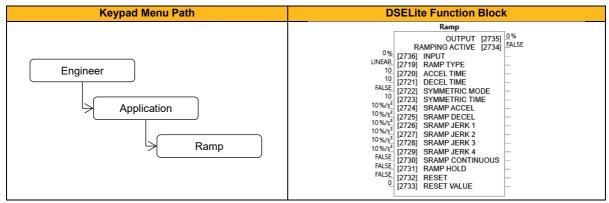
This feature is run at a rate of 1 milli-second.

Note: If Maximum Value is less than or equal to Minimum Value, then Output is set to Maximum Value.

Ramp

Overview

This function block provides an independent ramp for use in user applications. It provides the facility to control the rate at which an output will respond to a changing input demand. The ramp block may be set to either Linear, or 'S' ramp modes of operation.



Function Block Inputs

Ramp Setpoint	2736	0		0/					
				%	REAL	ALWAYS			
RAMP TYPE 2	' '								
	2719	0: LINEAR	0: LINEAR		ENUM	ALWAYS			
			1: S RAMP						
Selection of linear or S ramp									
ACCEL TIME 2	2720	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS			
The time that the Drive will take	e to ram	p the setpoint from 0.0	0% to 100.00%, when Ramp 1	ype is LIN	NEAR.				
DECEL TIME 2	2721	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS			
The time that the Drive will take	e to ram	p the setpoint from 10	0.00% to 0.00%, when Ramp 1	ype is LIN	NEAR.				
SYMMETRIC MODE 2	2722	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Select whether to use the ACC	EL TIME	E and DECEL TIME pa	air of ramp rates, or to use the	SYMMET	RIC TIME pa	arameter to			
define the ramp rate for the Dri	ive.								
SYMMETRIC TIME 2	2723	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS			
Time to ramp from 0.00% to 10	00.00% a	and from 100.00% to 0	0.00% when SYMMETRIC MOI	DE is TRU	JE.				
SRAMP ACCEL 2	2724	10	0 to 100	%/s²	REAL	ALWAYS			
Sets the acceleration rate in un				1					
i.e. if the full speed of the mach	hine is 1.	.25m/s then the accele							
	2725	10	0 to 100	%/s²	REAL	ALWAYS			
Sets the Deceleration rate in units of $[\% / s^2]$ i.e. if the full speed of the machine is 1.25m/s then the deceleration will be: 1.25 x 75.00% = 0.9375m/s ²									
SRAMP JERK 1 2	2726	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS			
Rate of change of acceleration									
i.e. if the full speed of the mach	hine is 1.	.25m/s then the jerk w	ill be: 1.25 x 50.00% = 0.625m	/s³					
	2727	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS			
Rate of change of acceleration	in units	of [% / s³] for segment	12						
SRAMP JERK 3 2	2728	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS			
Rate of change of acceleration	in units	of [% / s³] for segment	13						
SRAMP JERK 4 2	2729	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS			
Rate of change of acceleration	in units	of [% / s³] for segment	t 4						
SRAMP CONTINUOUS 2	2730	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE, and S ramp is se	elected in	RAMP TYPE, forces	a smooth transition if the spee	d setpoint	is changed	when			
ramping. The curve is controlled by the SRAMP ACCEL and SRAMP JERK 1 to SRAMP JERK 4 parameters. When FALSE,									
there is an immediate transition	n from th	ne old curve to the new	curve.						
RAMP HOLD 2	2731	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE the output of the r	ramp is l	held at its last value							
RESET 2	2732	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
If true, the output value is set to	o the val	ue 'Reset Value'							
RESET VALUE 2	2733	0			REAL	ALWAYS			
The value that the output is set	t to while	RESET is TRUE.							

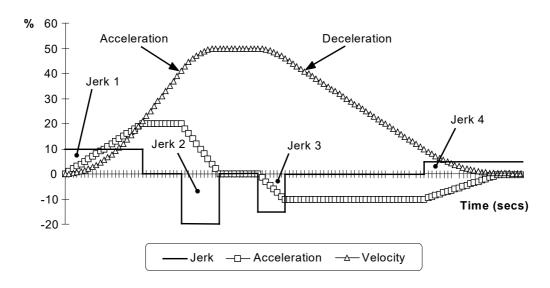
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
OUTPUT	2735	0		%	REAL	NOT	
The ramp output							
RAMPING ACTIVE	2734	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
Set TRUE when ramping.							

Functional Description

The ramp output takes the form shown below.

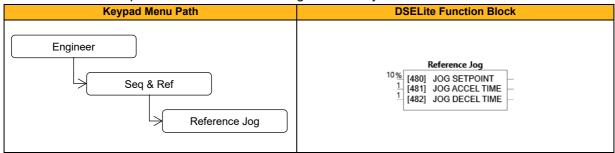
S-Ramp



Reference Jog

Overview

This block holds all the parameters related to the Jog functionality on the Inverter.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
JOG SETPOINT	480	10	-100 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS	
The setpoint is the target reference that the Drive will ramp to.							
JOG ACCEL TIME	481	1	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time that the Drive will take to ramp the jog setpoint from 0.00% to 100.00%.							
JOG DECEL TIME	482	1	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time that the Drive will take to ramp the jog setpoint from 100.00% to 0.00%.							

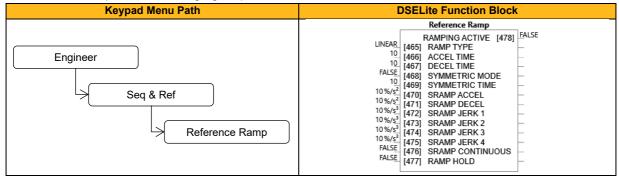
Functional Description

The Reference Jog function block is used to configure the action of the Inverter when used in jog mode.

Reference Ramp

Overview

This function block forms part of the reference generation. It provides the facility to control the rate at which the Inverter will respond to a changing setpoint demand.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
RAMP TYPE	465	0: Linear	0: Linear		ENUM	ALWAYS	
			1: S Ramp				
Selection of linear or S ran	np.						
ACCEL TIME	466	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time that the Drive will take to ramp the setpoint from 0.00% to 100.00%, when Ramp Type is LINEAR.							
DECEL TIME	467	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time that the Drive will	l take to ra	amp the setpoint from 10	0.00% to 0.00%, when Ramp ⁻	Type is LII	NEAR.		
SYMMETRIC MODE	468	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Select whether to use the	ACCEL T	ME and DECEL TIME pa	air of ramp rates, or to use the	SYMMET	RIC TIME p	arameter to	
define the ramp rate for the	e Drive.						
SYMMETRIC TIME	469	10	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time that the Drive will TRUE.	I take to ra	amp from 0.00% to 100.0	00% and from 100.00% to 0.00	% when S	YMMETRIC	MODE is	
SRAMP ACCEL	470	10	0 to 100	%/s²	REAL	ALWAYS	
Sets the acceleration rate	in units of	[% / s²], i.e. if the full spe	eed of the machine is 1.25m/s	then the a	cceleration v	will be: 1.25	
$x 75.00\% = 0.9375 \text{m/s}^2$.							
SRAMP DECEL	471	10	0 to 100	%/s²	REAL	ALWAYS	
Sets the deceleration rate	in units of	$[\% / s^2]$, i.e. if the full spe	eed of the machine is 1.25m/s	then the d	eceleration	will be: 1.25	
$x 75.00\% = 0.9375 \text{m/s}^2$.							
SRAMP JERK 1	472	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS	
_			rve in units of [% / s³], i.e. if the	e full spee	d of the mad	hine is	
1.25m/s then the jerk will b							
SRAMP JERK 2	473	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS	
Rate of change of accelera							
SRAMP JERK 3	474	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS	
Rate of change of accelera					,		
SRAMP JERK 4	475	10	0 to 100	%/s³	REAL	ALWAYS	
Rate of change of accelera		<u> </u>	t 4.	1		•	
SRAMP CONTINUOUS	476	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
			a smooth transition if the spee				
	•		SRAMP JERK 1 to SRAMP JE	RK 4 par	ameters. Wh	nen FALSE,	
there is an immediate trans			v curve.	1			
RAMP HOLD	477	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
When TRUE the output of	the ramp	is held at its last value.					

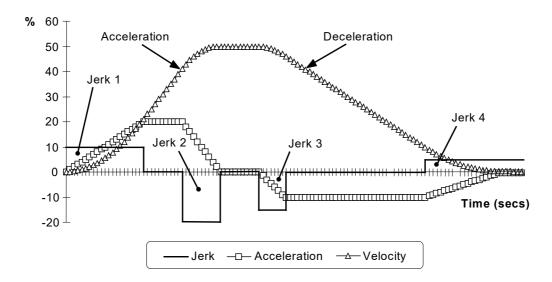
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
RAMPING ACTIVE	478	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Set TRUE when ramping.						

Functional Description

The ramp output takes the form shown below.

S-Ramp

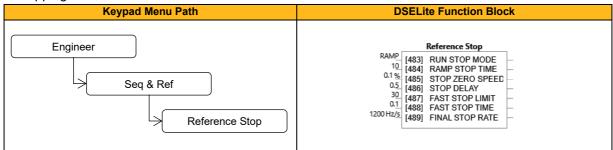


Reference Stop

Overview

This function block holds all the parameters related to the stopping method of the Inverter.

The stopping methods of the Inverter are described in more detail in the Product Manual.



Function Block Inputs

FINAL STOP RATE

489

1200

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
RUN STOP MODE	483	0: Ramp	0: Ramp		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: Disabled Voltage			
			2: Dc Injection			
			3: Stop Ramp			

Selects the stopping mode that the controller will use once the run command has been removed. When RUN RAMP is selected the Drive will decelerate using the reference ramp deceleration time, provided it is non-zero. When DISABLED VOLTAGE (COAST) is selected the motor will free-wheel. When DC INJECTION is selected the motor is stopped by applying low frequency and dc current. DC INJECTION is only possible with induction motors in VHz control mode - in vector modes the drive will coast to stop (as in mode 'VOLTAGE DISABLED'). When STOP RAMP is selected the motor will decelerate in STOP TIME. Note: another option to stop the drive is to trigger a fast (quick) stop via Parameter 0495 'Not Fast Stop' which has the advantage of an individual torque limitation parameter (Parameter 0387 'Fast Stop T Lim') and timeout via Parameter 0487 'Fast Stop Limit'.

an individual torque limitation parameter (Parameter 0387 'Fast Stop T_Lim') and timeout via Parameter 0487 'Fast Stop Limit'.								
RAMP STOP TIME	484	10	0 to 600		TIME	ALWAYS		
Rate at which the demand is ramped to zero in run stop mode 'RAMP STOP' after the ramp has been quenched.								
STOP ZERO SPEED	485	0.1	0 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Threshold for zero speed	Threshold for zero speed detection in % max motor speed used by 'RAMP' , 'STOP RAMP' and 'Fast (Quick) Stop' stop							
sequences. If the value	sequences. If the value given is below 0.5Hz that value will be used internally.							
STOP DELAY	486	0.5	0 to 30		TIME	ALWAYS		
Sets the time at which the	ne drive ho	olds zero speed before que	nching after a normal, stop rar	np, quick	(fast) stop oi	a jog stop.		
This may be particularly	useful if a	mechanical brake requires	s time to operate at zero speed	d, or for jog	gging a mac	hine to		
position.								
FAST STOP LIMIT	487	30	0 to 3000		TIME	ALWAYS		
Maximum time that the [Orive will to	ry to Fast (Quick) Stop, bef	fore quenching.					
FAST STOP TIME	488	0.1	0 to 600		TIME	ALWAYS		
Rate (time from 100% sp	peed) at w	hich the Speed Demand is	ramped to zero (100% speed	- see Ref	ference func	tion block).		

Rate at which any internally generated setpoint trims are removed. For example, the trim due to the slip compensation in Volts/Hz control mode.

1 to 4800

ALWAYS

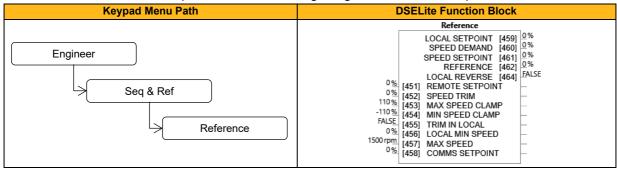
Hz/s

REAL

Reference

Overview

This function block holds all the parameters concerning the generation of the setpoint reference.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
REMOTE SETPOINT	451	0	-110 to 110	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This is the target referen	This is the target reference, that the drive will ramp to in remote reference mode (not including trim), direction is taken from							
REMOTE REVERSE.	REMOTE REVERSE.							
SPEED TRIM	452	0	-300 to 300	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Speed setpoint added to	the output	of the ramp to form SPEI	ED DEMAND (in local mode Sp	peed Trim	only is adde	ed, when		
Trim In Local is TRUE).								
MAX SPEED CLAMP	453	110	0 to 110	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Maximum value for Spec	ed Demand.							
MIN SPEED CLAMP	454	-110	-110 to 0	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
Minimum value for Spee	d Demand							
TRIM IN LOCAL	455	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When TRUE, the trim is	added to the	e ramp output in local mo	ode.		•			
LOCAL MIN SPEED	456	0	0 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
The magnitude of the m	nimum setp	oint that will be used whe	en running in Local Mode.					
MAX SPEED	457	1500	0.1 to 100000	rpm	REAL	ALWAYS		
Speed in rpm that match	es 100% se	tpoint. Attention: Changi	ng parameter P1006 'Nominal	Supply' vi	a keypad or	webpage		
resets this parameter to	the default v	/alue for the selected sup	oply voltage/frequency.					
Note:								
,			or is running, but only by +/-10%	•	e of P0457 N	Лах speed):		
_	_		ning 1.1*P0457_start_runninզ	-				
,			to the motor is additionally lim					
	tack_pwm_t	requeny_KHz*125 (Ind.	motor) or stack_pwm_frequen	y_KHz*16	6.66 (PMAC	motor).		
COMMS SETPOINT	458	0	-110 to 110	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
			e in 'Remote Reference Comm	•	-	•		
positive value indicates	positive value indicates a forward direction. 'Remote Reference Comms' mode is activated by setting bit 11 'use comms							

Function Block Outputs

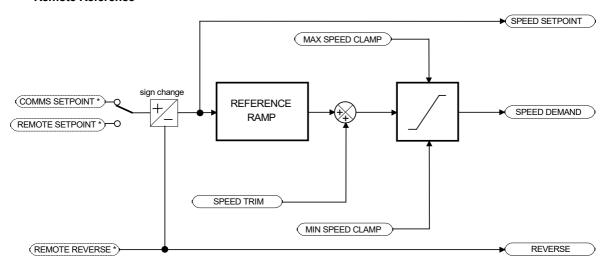
operational mode or at power on..

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
LOCAL SETPOINT	459	0	0 to 100	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
Local Reference from G	Local Reference from GKP.								
SPEED DEMAND	460	0	-200 to 200	%	REAL	NOT			
Actual speed demand after ramp and trims.									
SPEED SETPOINT	461	0	-200 to 200	%	REAL	NOT			
Input speed setpoint to t SETPOINT).	he ramp (eq	ual either to LOCAL SET	FPOINT, REMOTE SETPOINT	, JOG SE	TPOINT or (COMMS			
REFERENCE	462	0	-110 to 110	%	REAL	NOT			
Monitor (read-only) Refe	rence updat	ed from the active source	e. This will either be the value	of the Loc	al Reference	e, App			
Reference (terminals) or	Reference (terminals) or Comms Reference depending on which source is currently selected.								
LOCAL REVERSE	464	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
Indicates the direction of	Indicates the direction of motor rotation when in local reference mode.								

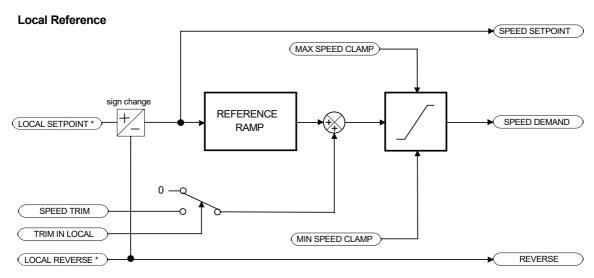
reference' in parameter 0436 'Comms Command'. Comms Setpoint should not be written to using a DSELite link or direct value entry. It is intended to be set over comms only. The value is not saved at power off and is reset to zero if drive leaves

Functional Description

Remote Reference



^{*} Set only from Comms using Tag 458 REMOTE SETPOINT if Remote Reference Terminal mode COMMS SETPOINT if Remote Reference Comms mode

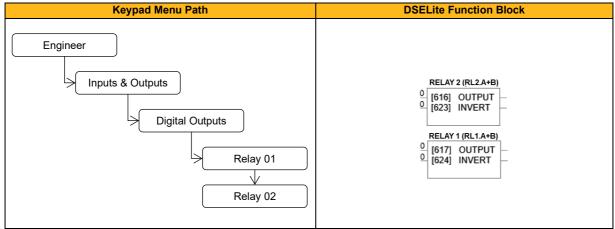


* Set only from the Operator Station

Relay 1 & Relay 2

Overview

The inverter supports 2 volt-free relay contacts, which can switch electrical devices.



Function Block Inputs

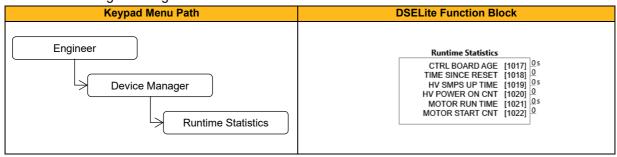
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
OUTPUT						
RELAY 1 (RL1 A+B)	616	0			BIT	ALWAYS
RELAY 2 (RL2 A+B)	617	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Relay output before invers	sion.	•				•
INVERT						
RELAY 1 (RL1 A+B)	623	0			BIT	ALWAYS
RELAY 2 (RL2 A+B)	624	0			BIT	ALWAYS
Invert relay output.						

The relay contacts are rated at 230Vac (Overvoltage Category II, TN) / 30Vdc. 2 Arms max.

Runtime Statistics

Overview

Parameters showing the usage of the drive.



Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
CTRL BOARD AGE	1017	0		s	UDINT	NOT		
Time for which the contr	ol board has	been powered since n	ew.					
TIME SINCE RESET	1018	0			TIME	NOT		
Time in milliseconds sind	Time in milliseconds since the control board was last powered, (either by 24V or 3-phase).							
HV SMPS UP TIME	1019	0		S	UDINT	NOT		
Time for which the drive	has been p	owered from the 3-phas	e supply.					
HV POWER ON CNT	1020	0			UINT	NOT		
Number of times the 3-p	hase input h	nas been connected to t	he drive.					
MOTOR RUN TIME	1021	0		s	UDINT	NOT		
Time that the drive has b	peen turning	a motor. This value is I	neld in the control module.					
MOTOR START CNT	1022	0			UDINT	NOT		
A count of the total number	ber of motor	starts.						

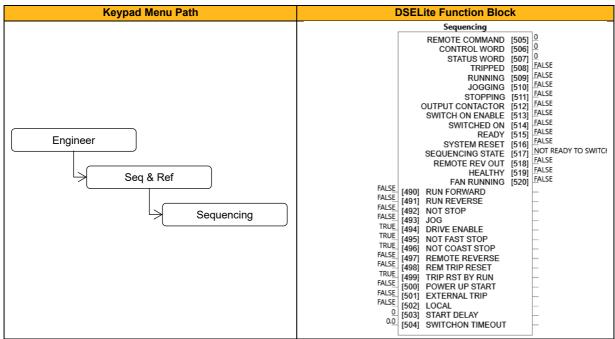
Functional Description

The Runtime Statistics group of parameters indicate the working age of the drive. The Ctrl Board Age value is used as a reference when recording the time at which a trip occurs. Similarly, the HV SMPS Up Time is used as a reference when recording the time at which a disabled trip event occurs when the drive is operating in Fire Mode.

Sequencing

Overview

These parameters allow the user of the inverter to monitor the status and affect the behavior of the DS402 drive state machine as described in the software manual.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
RUN FORWARD	490	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Setting this parameter to T	RUE caus	ses the drive to run in the	e forward direction.	•		
RUN REVERSE	491	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Setting this parameter to T	RUE caus	ses the drive to run in the	e reverse direction.			
NOT STOP	492	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Setting this parameter TRI	JE will late	ch the RUN FWD or RUI	N REV commands. Once latche	ed, they ca	an be reset t	o FALSE
and the Inverter will contin	ue to run.	Setting NOT STOP to F	alse causes the run commands	s to be unl	atched.	
JOG	493	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Setting this parameter TRI	JE causes	s the drive to run at the s	peed set by JOG SETPOINT (refer to the	e REFEREN	ICE JOG
function block). Once jogg	ing, settin	g JOG to FALSE causes	the drive to ramp to zero.			
DRIVE ENABLE	494	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
This provides a means of	electronica	ally inhibiting drive opera	tion. Whilst running, setting this	s paramet	er to FALSE	disables the
drive operation and cause	s the moto	or to coast.				
NOT FAST STOP	495	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
Whilst running or jogging,	setting thi	s parameter to FALSE ca	auses the drive to ramp to zero	. The rate	is set by Fa	st Stop Rate
in the Stop function block.	The Not F	ast Stop input is latched	l when changed to TRUE until t	the stop a	ction is com	pleted.
NOT COAST STOP	496	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
• .		-	and causes the motor to coas	t to zero.	The Not Coa	st Stop
input is latched when char	iged to TF		is completed.			
REMOTE REVERSE	497	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
For remote setpoints, setti	ng this to	TRUE inverts the demar	nded direction of motor rotation	-		
REM TRIP RESET	498	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
On a transition to TRUE, t	his input c	lears latched trips.				
TRIP RST BY RUN	499	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
This allows the rising edge	of run co	mmand to clear latched	trips.			
POWER UP START	500	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
If TRUE, this allows the dr	ive to go o	directly to run mode if in	remote and a run command is	present. If	FALSE, a lo	ow to high
transition of the run comm	and is req	uired.				
EXTERNAL TRIP	501	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS
		the External Trip.				

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
LOCAL	502	FALSE			BOOL	STOPPED	
Local (HMI) Control and/or Reference.							
START DELAY	503	0	0 to 30		TIME	STOPPED	
Time to delay the action of "ramping to setpoint" from the Run Command.							
SWITCHON TIMEOUT	504	0.0	0.0 to 100.0		TIME	ALWAYS	

Time allowed for line contactor to close when entering the Switched On state from Switched Off state. If this time is non-zero, a Line Contactor trip will occur if the DC Link Voltage remains low until the timeout expires. If the timeout is set to zero, an Under Voltage trip will occur immediately.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
REMOTE COMMAND	505	0: 0	0: Switch On		WORD	NOT
			1: Enable Voltage			
			2: Not Quickstop			
			3: Enable Operation			
			4:			
			5:			
			6:			
			7: Reset Fault			
			8: External Fault			
			9:			
			10: Use Comms Control			
			11: Use Comms Reference			
			12: Use Jog Reference			
			13: Reverse Direction			
			14:			
			15: Event Triggered Op			

Control Word indicating the commands that the Drive will action, generated from inputs to the sequencing block. Remote Command is further influenced by the Comms Command (Parameter 0436) if the Comms Command bit 10 (use comms control) is set true. In this case output bits 2 (Not Quickstop), 1 (Enable Voltage) and 0 (Switch On) from the Comms Command word are ANDed with the outputs of Remote Command.

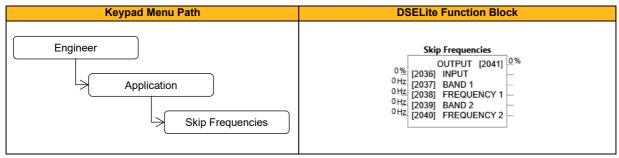
CONTROL WORD	506	0: 0	0: Switch On	WORD	NOT
			1: Enable Voltage		
			2: Not Quickstop		
			3: Enable Operation		
			4:		
			5:		
			6:		
			7: Reset Fault		
			8: External Fault		
			9:		
			10: Use Comms Control		
			11: Use Comms Reference		
			12: Use Jog Reference		
			13: Reverse Direction		
			14:		
			15: Event Triggered Op		

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
STATUS WORD	507	0: 0	0: Ready To Switch On		WORD	NOT
			1: Switched On			
			2: Operation Enabled			
			3: Faulted			
			4: Voltage Enabled			
			5: Quickstop Inactive			
			6: Switch On Disabled			
			7:			
			8:			
			9: Control From Comms			
			10:			
			11:			
			12: Jog Operation			
			13: Reverse Operation			
			14: Reference From			
			Comms			
DO 400 Otation IMand			15: Stopping			
DS402 Status Word. TRIPPED	508	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Indicates that the drive is		FALSE			BOOL	NOT
RUNNING	509	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Indicates that the drive is					DOOL	1101
JOGGING	510	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Indicates that the drive is			<u>l</u>		2002	
STOPPING	511	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Indicates that the drive is				1		
OUTPUT CONTACTOR	512	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
	e an extern	al contactor in the motor	r output. This contactor is norm	ally closed	d unless a Tri	p condition
has occurred or the drive				•		
SWITCH ON ENABLE	513	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Sometimes referred to as	READY T	O SWITCH ON, this par	ameter indicates that the drive	will accept	t a run comm	and.
SWITCHED ON	514	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Run accepted. Waiting fo			ux to be completed.			
READY	515	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Indicates that the drive's			ve will run if enabled.			
SYSTEM RESET	516	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
			enters either RUN or JOG mod	le.		
SEQUENCING STATE	517	0: Not Ready To	0: Not Ready To Switch		ENUM	NOT
		Switch On	On			
			1: Switch On Disabled			
			2: Ready To Switch On			
			3: Switched On			
			4: Operation Enabled			
			5: Quickstop Active			
			6: Fault Reaction Active			
Drive DC402 Comuse size	State		7: Faulted			
Drive DS402 Sequencing REMOTE REV OUT	518	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
			l n and RUN REV. Note - this is	the demar		
actual direction.	are current	state of remote direction	11 and 11014 11L V. 14016 - 11115 15	uic uciliai	ided direction	i, not the
HEALTHY	519	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
			command is removed. This ou	ı ıtput is Fal		
relay is open on power-up		JET THE WHOLI THE INIT	55and to formovou. This ou	pac 10 1 al	uic	r.o onange
FAN RUNNING	520	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
			ınning. The fans are running, w	hen drive		
stopped 60 seconds after			J			

Skip Frequencies

Overview

This function is used to prevent the Drive operating at frequencies that cause mechanical resonance in the load.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
INPUT	2036	0	-300.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
The value of the bloc	k input in	percent of the base frequency	-						
BAND 1	2037	0	0.0 to 60.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS			
The width of the skip	The width of the skip band 1 in Hz.								
FREQUENCY 1	2038	0	0.0 to 300.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS			
The center frequency	of the sk	ip band 1 in Hz.							
BAND 2	2039	0	0.0 to 60.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS			
The width of the skip	The width of the skip band 2 in Hz.								
FREQUENCY 2	2040	0	0.0 to 300.0	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS			
The center frequency	of the sk	ip band 2 in Hz.							

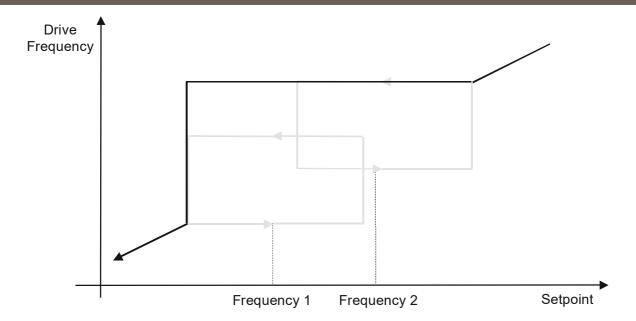
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
OUTPUT	2041	0		%	REAL	NOT		
Output of the function block in percent of the base frequency.								

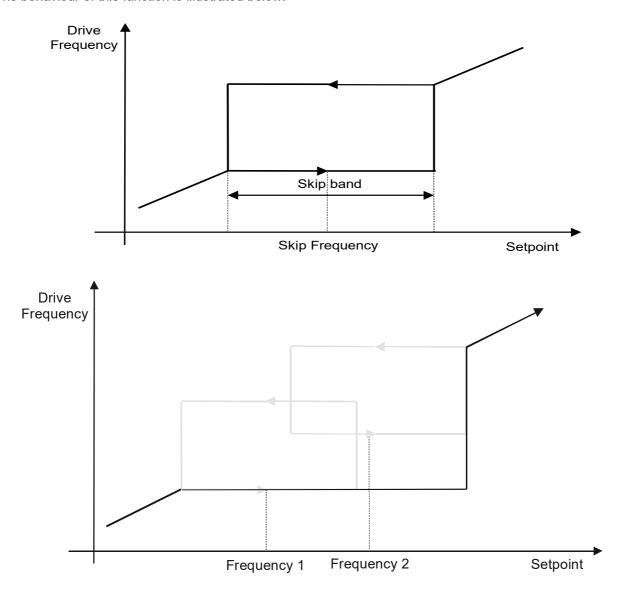
Functional Description

Four programmable skip frequencies are available to avoid resonances within the mechanical system. Enter the value of frequency that causes the resonance using a **Frequency** parameter and then program the width of the skip band using its **Band** parameter. The Drive will then avoid sustained operation within the forbidden band as shown in the diagram. The skip frequencies are symmetrical and thus work in forward and reverse.

Setting a **Frequency** to 0 disables the corresponding band. Setting a **Band** to 0 causes the value of **Band** 1 to be used for this band.



The behaviour of this function is illustrated below.

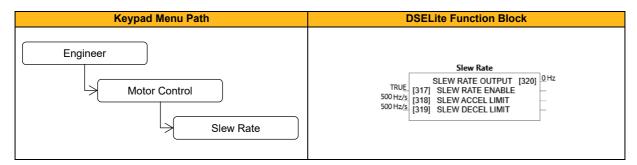


Slew Rate

Overview

Slew rate limit - all modes.

This is a useful feature for a stand-alone drive with or without dynamic braking as it protects against overvoltage trips. The Slew Rate Limit block uses the speed demand from the output of the Reference Ramp scaled by the Setpoint Scale block as the input. If Enable is FALSE, the output is passed unchanged to the speed loop. If TRUE, Accel Limit and Decel Limit prevent the setpoint from changing too fast. If the block clamps the output, it issues an internal HOLD to the Reference Ramp block. It may be necessary to reduce Accel Limit and Decel Limit to prevent the drive from tripping. Note: The lower you set the limits, the longer it will take to change speeds.



Function Block Inputs

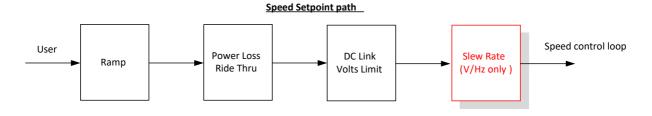
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
SLEW RATE ENABLE	317	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enable/Disable slew rate limit.							
SLEW ACCEL LIMIT	318	500	1 to 1200	Hz/s	REAL	ALWAYS	
Maximum rate at which the	e setpoint	can be changed away fro	om zero.				
SLEW DECEL LIMIT	319	500	1 to 1200	Hz/s	REAL	ALWAYS	
Maximum rate at which the setpoint can be changed towards zero.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
SLEW RATE OUTPUT	320	0		Hz	REAL	NOT
Slew rate limited setpoint.						

Functional Description

The Slew Rate Limit block obtains the setpoint from the output of the application, correctly scaled by the Reference block and already processed by the Power Loss Ride Thru and the DC Link Volts Limit function blocks (if enabled). The rate of change limits is applied and the setpoint is then passed on for further processing.

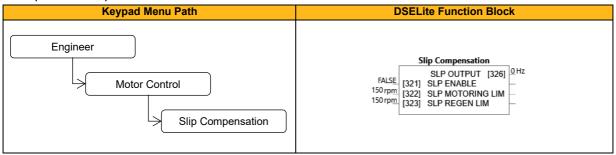


When the braking block determines that the internal dc link voltage is too high it issues a Hold signal. This causes the Slew Rate limit function to hold the setpoint at its current value. This typically lasts for only 1ms, time for the excess energy to be dumped into the dynamic braking resistor.

Slip Compensation

Overview

Designed for V/Hz motor Control Mode, the slip compensation function block allows the Inverter to maintain motor speed in the presence of increased load.



Function Block Inputs

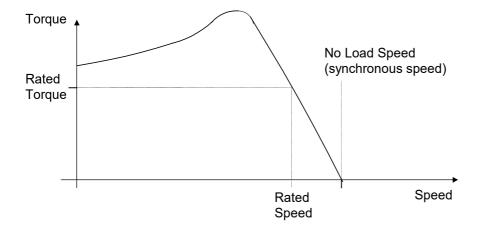
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
SLP ENABLE	321	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enable/Disable slip compensation.							
SLP MOTORING LIM	322	150	0 to 600	rpm	REAL	ALWAYS	
Maximum compensated	speed wher	n driving the load.					
SLP REGEN LIM	323	150	0 to 600	rpm	REAL	ALWAYS	
Maximum compensated speed in regen mode.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
SLP OUTPUT	326	0		Hz	REAL	NOT	
Setpoint with slip compensation trim added.							

Functional Description

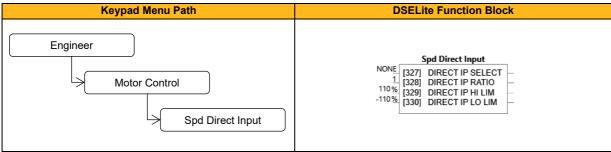
Based on the rated speed, the no load speed and the rated load of the motor, the Slip Compensation function block adjusts the demand frequency to compensate for any speed reduction resulting from the load.



Spd Direct Input

Overview

Only applies to SVC Control Mode, Induction Motor or PMAC.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
DIRECT IP SELECT	327	0: None	0: None		ENUM	ALWAYS		
			1: Anin1					
			2: Anin2					
The direct input to the spec	ed loop is	an analog input which is	sampled synchronously with the	ne speed	loop. This er	nsures that		
the speed loop always has	the speed loop always has the most up-to-date value of the input, allowing it to respond faster. Either of the two analog inputs							
can be selected as the dire	ect input. I	f NONE is selected, the	input is set to zero. When not i	n use, it s	hould be dis	abled by		
selecting NONE.								
DIRECT IP RATIO	328	1	-10 to 10		REAL	ALWAYS		
The Direct Input is multiplie	ed by this	parameter.						
DIRECT IP HI LIM	329	110	-600 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This limits the upper value	of the Dir	ect Input.						
DIRECT IP LO LIM	330	-110	-600 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This limits the lower value of the Direct Input.								

Functional Description

The Drive is commanded to run the motor at a certain speed, which is derived from various sources, such as comms, analog inputs, commands from the keypad, etc. Most of these are derived from sources which respond relatively slowly, e.g. every 1ms. For processes which require a faster response, the direct input is provided. This is an analog input which is sampled synchronously with the speed loop, as described above. It is added on to the other sources of speed command to give a total speed command.

Speed Error Trip

Overview

This function allows the user to program the response of the drive in a situation where persistent speed error (as a difference between setpoint and actual measured or estimated speed) occurs.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
SPD ERROR ENABLE	885	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enables speed error trip.							
SPD ERROR LEVEL	886	20.0	0.0 to 100.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS	
If speed error (difference	between set	point and actual meas	ured speed) exceeds Speed E	rror Leve	l for at least	time period,	
which is defined in Spd Er	ror Delay, s <mark></mark>	peed error trip will be a	ctive.				
SPD ERROR DELAY	887	2	0 to 2000		TIME	ALWAYS	
Time period corresponding with Spd Error Level for speed error trip activation.							

Functional Description

If the difference between the setpoint and the actual motor speed is greater than a level defined in parameter **0886 Speed Error Level** for a period longer than time defined in parameter **0887 Speed Error Delay**, the drive will trip. After half of that period a warning will be produced. This is only operational if enabled via parameter **0885 Speed Error Enable**.

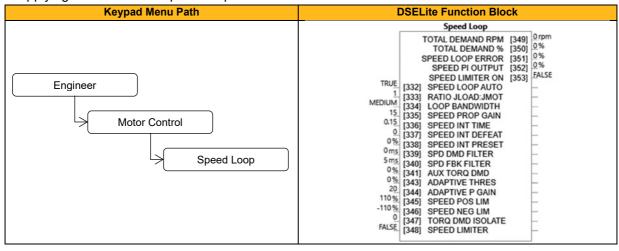
Note: Default values of 20% and 10 seconds are valid for firmware versions 1.2 and later. Previous firmware versions defaulted to 50% and 10 seconds. The speed error detection is therefore more sensitive from version 1.2 onwards.

Speed Loop

Overview

Only applies to Vector Control Mode, Induction Motor or PMAC.

This function block controls the speed of the motor by comparing the actual speed to the demanded speed and applying more or less torque in response to the error.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
SPEED LOOP AUTO	332	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Only for PMAC Motor. TR	UE: Allows	automatic calculation	of speed loop control paramet	ers Spee	d Prop gain	(P0335) and			
Speed Int Time (P0336). For a correct estimation, the PMAC motor parameters PMAC Mot Inertia (P0288), PMAC Rated Torq									
(P0282) and speed loop parameter Ratio JLoad:JMot (P0333) need to be set correctly. FALSE: No automatic calculation.									
RATIO JLOAD:JMOT	333	1	0.1 to 100		REAL	ALWAYS			
Enter the ratio between the load inertia and the motor inertia 'PMAC Mot inertia' (P0288). This parameter is used to estimate									
the correct Speed Loop Sp	peed Prop G	ain (P335) and Speed	Int Time (P336). For PMAC m	otors.					
Notes:									
When there is no load, a v		,	,						
If the total system inertia (JTotal = Jlo	ad + Jmotor) is known	, the calculation for P333 is (J ⁻	Γotal - Jm	otor) / Jmoto	or or (JTotal /			
Jmotor) -1.									
	to the motor		al to Jgearbox + Jload/i² , wher	e i=gearb	ox ratio				
LOOP BANDWIDTH	334	1: Medium	0: Low		ENUM	ALWAYS			
			1: Medium						
			2: High						
	,	•	ows selection of the speed loo	•					
the motor parameters PM	AC Mot Ine	rtia (P0288), PMAC R	ated Torq (P0282) and speed	loop para	ameter Ratio	JLoad:JMot			
(P0333) need to be set co	rrectly for be	est performance.							
SPEED PROP GAIN	335	15	0 to 3000		REAL	ALWAYS			
		•	ns per second) x proportional g	jain = torq	ue percent.	Note: High			
gains might require addition	nal tuning (s	speed filter, current co							
SPEED INT TIME	336	0.15	0.001 to 15		TIME	ALWAYS			
This is the integral time co	nstant of the	e speed loop. A speed	error which causes the proport	ional term	to produce	a torque			
	ntegral term	to also ramp up to a to	orque demand T after a time e	qual to "sp	eed int time				
SPEED INT DEFEAT	337	0			BOOL	ALWAYS			
When TRUE, the integral t	erm does no	ot operate.							
SPEED INT PRESET	338	0	-600 to 600		REAL	ALWAYS			
The integral term will be pr	reset to this	value when the drive s	tarts. This can be useful as it a	adds a kno	own speed e	rror, which			
produces torque at startup	. Note that t	he value of Speed Int l	Preset is ignored if Speed Int D	efeat is s	et True.				
When the inverter is used	in sensorles	s vector on an induction	on motor, the current demand p	roduced l	by the speed	l integral			
preset is added to P0254 '	MRAS Start	Cur' unless P0337 'Sp	peed Int Defeat' is set FALSE.	Refer to th	ne MRAS se	ction for			
more information.									
SPD DMD FILTER	339	0	0 to 50	ms	REAL	ALWAYS			
The speed demand is filtered to reduce ripple. The filter is first order with time constant equal to the value of this parameter.									
The speed demand is filter	red to reduc	e ripple. The filter is fin	st order with time constant equ	al to the v	alue of this	oarameter.			

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
SPD FBK FILTER	340	5	0 to 25	ms	REAL	ALWAYS			
The speed feedback is filtered to reduce ripple. The filter is first order with time constant equal to the value of this parameter.									
Setting the filter to higher v	Setting the filter to higher values also stabilizes the speed control loop in case of resonant (elastic) mechanic systems. Note:								
Too high values reduce ph	ase reserve	(closed loop control d	amping) and might lead to spe	ed instabi	lity. In that c	ase reduce			
the filter time or reduce the	e speed loop	gain (select lower bar	ndwidth or set lower P-gain). Fi	Iter is off	for values <=	= 1ms.			
AUX TORQ DMD	341	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
When the drive is operating	g in speed o	control mode, the value	of this parameter is added on	to the tor	que demand	produced by			
			rol mode (i.e. Torq Dmd Isolate	,	,				
PI does not operate, and the	PI does not operate, and the torque demand becomes the sum of this parameter plus the SPD DIRECT INPUT (if selected).								
ADAPTIVE THRES	343	0	0 to 10	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
If the speed demand is less than the adaptive threshold, the speed loop proportional gain is the adaptive p-gain.									
ADAPTIVE P GAIN	344	20	0 to 300		REAL	ALWAYS			
Proportional gain used if s	peed demar	nd < adaptive threshold	1 .						
SPEED POS LIM	345	110	-110 to 110	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
This sets the upper limit of	the speed of	demand.							
SPEED NEG LIM	346	-110	-110 to 110	%	REAL	ALWAYS			
This sets the lower limit of	the speed of	lemand.			•				
TORQ DMD ISOLATE	347	0			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Selects between Speed Co	ontrol mode	(FALSE) and Torque	Control mode (TRUE). Note: To	orque Cor	ntrol is only a	applicable in			
closed loop (encoder feedback) vector control.									
SPEED LIMITER	348	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS			
Enable/disable speed limit	Enable/disable speed limiter in torque control to prevent overspeed trip.								

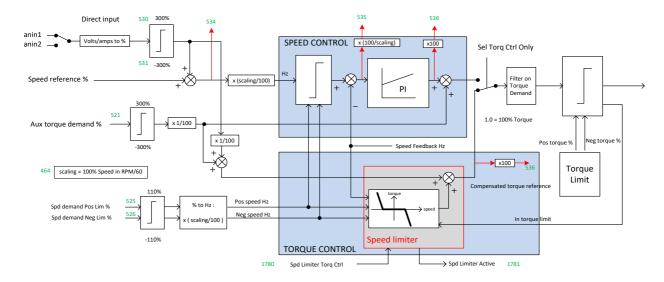
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable			
TOTAL DEMAND RPM	349	0	-100000 to 100000	rpm	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	This diagnostic shows the final values of the speed demand in rpm obtained after summing all sources. This is the value which								
is presented to the speed	loop.								
TOTAL DEMAND %	350	0	-200 to 200	%	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	final values	of the speed demand	as a % of MAX SPEED obtain	ed after s	umming all s	sources. This			
is the value which is prese	is the value which is presented to the speed loop.								
SPEED LOOP ERROR	351	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	error betwe	en the total speed dem	and and the speed feedback.						
SPEED PI OUTPUT	352	0	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT			
This diagnostic shows the	torque den	nand % due to the spe	ed loop PI output, not includin	g any fee	dforward ter	ms. Value is			
limited to actual torque lim	its.								
SPEED LIMITER ON	353	FALSE			BOOL	NOT			
TRUE when speed limiter	TRUE when speed limiter is active in Torque control (internal compensation of the Torque setpoint in order to keep the motor								
speed in min/max speed li	speed in min/max speed limit).								

Functional Description

The Speed Loop Error (speed demand minus speed feedback) is calculated and processed via a proportional + integral (PI) controller. The output of the PI controller is a torque demand, which is passed directly to the torque control block.

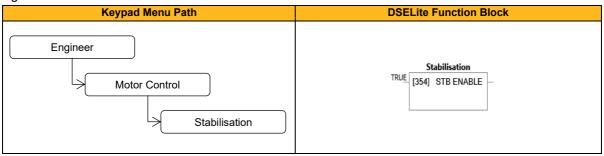
When the drive is in SENSORLESS VEC mode, the speed feedback is calculated using the voltages and currents flowing in the motor, and the motor model.



Stabilisation

Overview

Designed for V/Hz Control Mode.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
STB ENABLE	354	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enable/Disable stabilisation.							

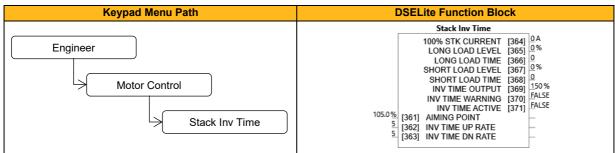
Functional Description

Enabling this function reduces the problem of unstable running in induction motors. This can be experienced at approximately half full speed, and under low load conditions.

Stack Inv Time

Overview

The purpose of the inverse time is to automatically reduce the drive current limit in response to prolonged overload conditions.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
AIMING POINT	361	105.0	0 to 125.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS
Current in % where the power stack can undertake the load current permanently.						
INV TIME UP RATE	362	5	0 to 120		TIME	STOPPED
Ramp value to ramp up current when overload current disappears.						
INV TIME DN RATE	363	5	0 to 120		TIME	STOPPED
Ramp value to reach the aiming point under prolonged overload condition.						

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
100% STK CURRENT	364	0	0 to 10000	Α	REAL	NOT		
Stack rating in rms amps of	Stack rating in rms amps corresponding to 100% stack current.							
LONG LOAD LEVEL	365	0	0 to 200	%	REAL	NOT		
Overload value in % of the	stack amps	for long overload co	ndition.					
LONG LOAD TIME	366	0	0 to 100000		TIME	NOT		
Maximum duration under I	Maximum duration under long overload condition (typically 60s).							
SHORT LOAD LEVEL	367	0	0 to 200	%	REAL	NOT		
Overload value in % of the	Overload value in % of the stack amps for short overload condition							
SHORT LOAD TIME	368	0	0 to 10000		TIME	NOT		
Maximum duration under s	short overloa	ad condition (typically	3s).					
INV TIME OUTPUT	369	150	0 to 600	%	REAL	NOT		
Actual output current limit	as a % of th	e stack current.						
INV TIME WARNING	370	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
The protection starts to integrate overload conditions.								
INV TIME ACTIVE	371	FALSE			BOOL	NOT		
The drive protection is limiting the output current.								

Functional Description

For a short time given by Short Load Time, the drive is able to provide the Short Overload Level.

For a long time given by Long Load Time, the drive is able to provide the Long Overload Level.

These 2 protections work in parallel. The output limit current is the maximum value if **0371 Inv Time Active** = False. If **0371 Inv Time Active** = True, the current limit is determined by Long Overload Level. After the configured load time, the current limit is ramped down due to the long overload.

When the maximum overload value is reached, the inverse time current limit is ramped down. The rate at which the inverse time current limit is ramped to **0361 Inv Aiming Point** is defined by **0363 Inv Time Dn Rate**. When the overload condition disappears, the inverse time current limit is ramped up. The rate at which the inverse time current limit is ramped to the maximum value is defined by **0362 Inv Time Up Rate**. The load levels are all configured in % of drive/stack ratings.

Stall Trip

Overview

The function protects the motor from damage that may be caused by continuous operation beyond specification.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
STALL LIMIT TYPE	888	2: Torque Or Current	0: Torque		ENUM	ALWAYS	
			1: Current				
			2: Torque Or Current				
This parameter determines whether the stall trip operates on motor toque, on motor current, on motor torque or motor current.							
Note: In VHz mode it can hap	open th	at only the current limit	triggers (as the torque limits	are used	to limit volta	age and thus	
current in VHz mode).							
STALL TIME	889	90	0.1 to 2000		TIME	ALWAYS	
The time after which a continuous stall condition will cause a trip. A warning is given after half of this time.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable							
STALL TORQ TRIP	890	FALSE			BOOL	NOT							
TRUE if motor is in torque stall operation, trip if torque or current and torque based stall trip is enabled and situation lasts for													
P0889 stall time. Conditions f	or vect	or control: Low motor sp	peed (95% of MIN(pos P0389	or neg P	0390 actual	torque limit).							
Conditions for V/Hz control: \	//Hz ac	tual torque for stall (P2	471) > 95% of MIN(pos P0389	or neg l	P0390 torqu	e limit). Note							
actual torque limits could be a	Itered o	cyclic for current limitation	n in V/Hz mode.										
STALL CUR TRIP	891	FALSE			BOOL	NOT							
TRUE if motor is in current ba	TRUE if motor is in current based stall operation, trip if 'current' or 'current and torque' based stall trip type is set and situation												
lasts for P0889 stall time. Conditions for vector control: Low motor speed (95% of effective current limit P0056. Conditions for													
V/Hz control: Actual motor current pcnt P0111 > 100% of effective current limit P0056 or VHz current limitation action (via actual													
torque limits) ongoing (P2470)).					torque limits) ongoing (P2470).							

Functional Description

If **0888 Stall Limit Type** is set to TORQUE and the estimated load exceeds the active Torque Limit for a time greater than **0889 Stall Time**, then the stall trip will become active.

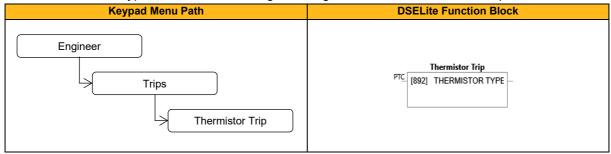
If **0888 Stall Limit Type** is set to CURRENT and the measured current exceeds the active Current Limit for a time greater than **0889 Stall Time**, then the stall trip will become active.

The timer is reset whenever the estimated load is less than the active Limit.

Thermistor Trip

Overview

Defines the thermistor type. This is used when generating the MOTOR OVERTEMP trip.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
THERMISTOR TYPE	892	0: PTC	0: PTC		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: NTC			

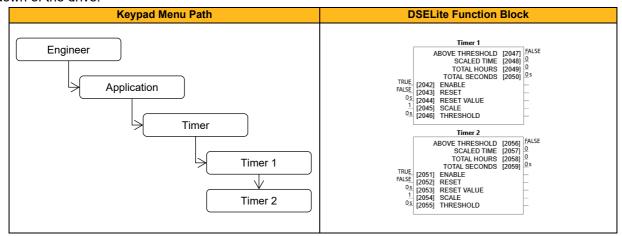
The thermistor input is designed for a Positive Temperature Coefficient thermistor, but it can accept many Negative Temperature Coefficient thermistors.

Timer 1 & Timer 2

Overview

This block records the total time that an application or function has been running.

The function block maintains the elapsed time as a count of seconds. This value is updated at the function block execution period and is accurate to within one second. The elapsed time is preserved during the power-down of the drive.



Function Block Inputs

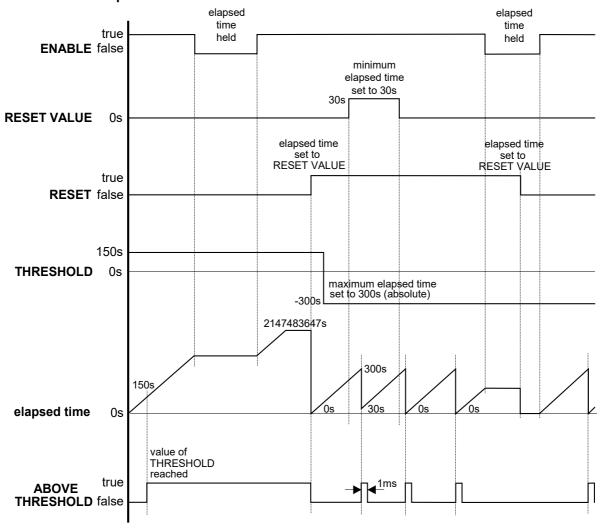
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
ENABLE							
Timer 1	2042	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Timer 2	2051	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Enables counting, th	ne block is	s enabled by default. When F	ALSE, the elapsed time is hel	d at the p	resent value	e. When TRUE,	
the elapsed time continues to increment from the held value.							
RESET							
Timer 1	2043	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Timer 2	2052	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS	
Used together with I	Reset Val	ue to pre-set the timer to a de	esired value. Reset is level se	nsitive, (n	ot edge). Se	etting Reset to	
FALSE has no effect	t.						
RESET VALUE							
Timer 1	2044	0	0 to 2147483647	s	DINT	ALWAYS	
Timer 2	2053	0	0 to 2147483647	S	DINT	ALWAYS	
Used together with t	he Reset	input to pre-set the timer to a	desired value.				
SCALE							
Timer 1	2045	1	1 to 2147483647		DINT	ALWAYS	
Timer 2	2054	1	1 to 2147483647		DINT	ALWAYS	
This input is used to	produce	the customizable timer outpu	t 'Scaled Time' from the inter	nal secon	ds counter.		
For example, a valu	e of 1 giv	es an output in seconds, a va	lue of 60 gives minutes, 3600	gives ho	urs.		
THRESHOLD							
Timer 1	2046	0	-2147483648 to	s	DINT	ALWAYS	
			2147483647				
Timer 2	2055	0	-2147483648 to	s	DINT	ALWAYS	
			2147483647				
Controls the upper limit and roll-over behaviour of the timer. Total Seconds is compared with threshold absolute value. If							

Controls the upper limit and roll-over behaviour of the timer. **Total Seconds** is compared with threshold absolute value. If **Threshold** is negative, the timer is reset, when the threshold value is exceeded. If **Threshold** is positive, **Output Above Threshold** is set, but Timer continues counting, when the threshold value is exceeded.

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ABOVE						
THRESHOLD						
Timer 1	2047	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
Timer 2	2056	FALSE			BOOL	NOT
TRUE when the time	r value is	greater than or equal to the al	osolute value of Threshold.			
SCALED TIME						
Timer 1	2048	0			REAL	NOT
Timer 2	2057	0			REAL	NOT
The result of Total So	econds / S	Scale.				
TOTAL HOURS						
Timer 1	2049	0	0 to 596523		DINT	NOT
Timer 2	2058	0	0 to 596523		DINT	NOT
The timer value in ho	ours with r	no fractional part.				
TOTAL SECONDS						
Timer 1	2050	0	0 to 2147483647	s	DINT	NOT
Timer 2	2059	0	0 to 2147483647	S	DINT	NOT
The elapsed time ex		,				

Functional Description



Torque Dmd Filtr

Overview

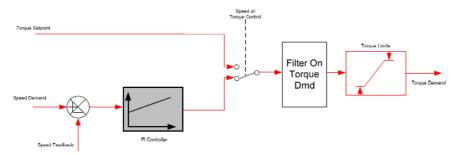
Selects the type of filter applied to the Torque setpoint. Either the output of the speed loop block is used (if the speed loop is active) or the torque setpoint (if Torque Demand isolate is active) is used as input.



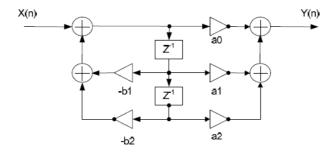
Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
FILTER TYPE	121	0: None	0: None 1: Max Attenuation 2: Minimum Phase 3: Phase Advance 4: Notch		ENUM	ALWAYS
Filter Type Selection			·			
CUT OFF FREQ	122	2000	20 to 6000	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS
Filter Cut Off Freque	ncy.		·			
FREQUENCY 1	123	2000	20 to 6000	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS
Frequency 1 for adva	anced pha	ase filter.				
FREQUENCY 2	124	2000	20 to 6000	Hz	REAL	ALWAYS
Frequency 2 for advanced phase filter.						
FACTOR	125	0.20	0.10 to 1.00		REAL	ALWAYS
Damping factor.			•		•	

Functional Description



The general structure of the filter is given below:



$$H(z) = \frac{a_0 + a_1 \cdot z^{-1} + a_2 \cdot z^{-2}}{1 + b_1 \cdot z^{-1} + b_2 \cdot z^{-2}} \quad \text{or} \quad y_n = a_0 \cdot x_n + a_1 \cdot x_{n-1} + a_2 \cdot x_{n-2} - b_1 \cdot y_{n-1} - b_1 \cdot y_{n-2}$$

Torque Limit

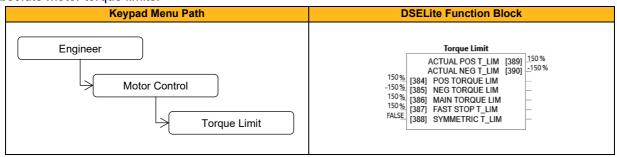
Overview

This function allows you to set the maximum level of motor rated torque which is allowed before torque limit action occurs.

If the estimated motor torque is greater than the **0389 Actual Pos Lim** value, the motor speed is controlled to maintain the torque at this level. A similar situation occurs if the estimated motor torque is less than the **0390 Actual Neg Lim** value.

The torque limit function has separate positive and negative torque limits. In addition, a symmetric main torque limit is also provided.

The lowest positive and negative torque limits (including any current limit or inverse time current limit action) is indicated in the **0389 Actual Pos Lim** and **0390 Actual Neg Lim** diagnostic. These values determine the absolute motor torque limits.



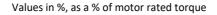
Function Block Inputs

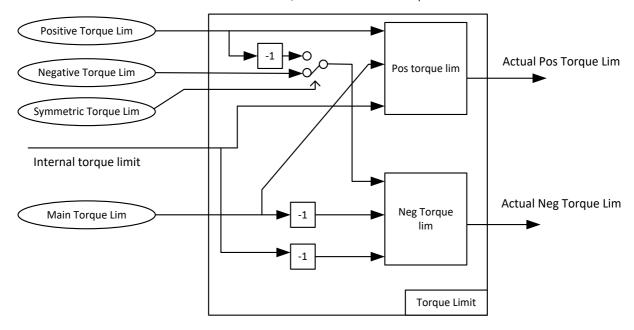
inction Block inputs								
Parameter Name	No.	No. Default Value Range Units Type Writable						
POS TORQUE LIM	384	384 150 -600 to 600 % REAL A						
This parameter defines the n	ormal opera	tion upper torque lim	it. For positive values it defines	maximun	n allowed lev	el of positive		
motor torque. For negative \	/alues it def	ines the minimal (=u	ipper) negative torque limit (int	ternally th	e value ther	is limited to		
P385). Note: While in VHz co	ontrol mode	torque limiting might	lead to undesired or unexpected	ed behavi	or. For detai	ls see P0055		
'Regen. Limit VHz' description	n.							
NEG TORQUE LIM	385	-150	-600 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter defines the	normal ope	eration lower torque	limit. For negative values it of	defines ma	aximum allo	wed level of		
negative motor torque. For po	ositive value	s it defines the minin	nal (=lower) positive torque limi	t (internall	y the value i	s then limited		
to P384). Note: While in VH	lz control m	ode torque limiting r	night lead to undesired or une	expected I	oehavior. Fo	r details see		
P0055 'Regen. Limit VHz' de	escription.							
MAIN TORQUE LIM	386	150	0 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter sets the ma	ximum allov	ved normal operatio	n motor torque (=the symmetr	ic (magni	tude upper)	limit for Pos		
P0384 and Neg P0384 Torq	ue Limit). T	his parameters can l	oe seen as an additional limite	r for P384	and P385	/alues. Note:		
While in VHz control mode to	orque limiting	g might lead to undes	sired or unexpected behavior. F	or details	see P0055	Regen. Limit		
VHz' description.								
FAST STOP T_LIM	387	150	0 to 600	%	REAL	ALWAYS		
This parameter sets the torque limit used during a Fast (Quick) Stop. It overrides the normal operation torque limiting parameters								
P384 to P386. Note: While in VHz control mode torque limiting might lead to undesired or unexpected behavior. For details see								
P0055 'Regen. Limit VHz' description.								
SYMMETRIC T_LIM	388	FALSE			BOOL	ALWAYS		
When TRUE, the internal NEG TORQUE LIM is forced to reflect the POS TORQUE LIM parameter P384.								

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
ACTUAL POS T_LIM	389	150	-600 to 600	%	REAL	NOT		
This diagnostic indicates the	This diagnostic indicates the final actual positive (upper) torque limit including any user current limit or inverse time (power							
stack) current limit action.								
ACTUAL NEG T_LIM	ACTUAL NEG T_LIM 390 -150 -600 to 600 % REAL NOT							
This diagnostic indicates the final actual negative (lower) torque limit including any user current limit or inverse time (power								
stack) current limit action.								

Functional Description

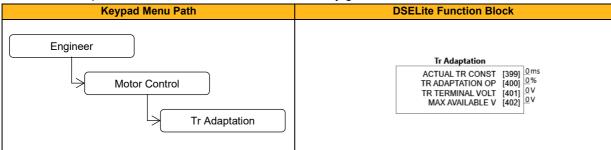




Tr Adaptation

Overview

This value is measured at autotune, but it will change as the motor temperature changes. The purpose of this block is to track the changing value of the rotor time constant, and to use all available feedback information to make the best possible estimate of its actual value at any given time.



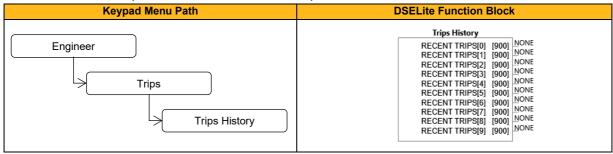
Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ACTUAL TR CONST	399	1	1 to 100000	ms	REAL	NOT
This diagnostic shows the	actual val	ue of rotor time constant	used by the motor control. Thi	s value is	the nominal	value stored
in the Induction Motor Data	a, modified	d by this module to give a	a value as close as possible to	the real v	alue.	
TR ADAPTATION OP	400	1	1 to 500	%	REAL	NOT
The output of this module,	which mo	difies the rotor time cons	stant used for the motor control	in order t	o correctly fl	ux the motor
when under load.						
TR TERMINAL VOLT	401	0	0 to 1000	V	REAL	NOT
Terminal volts demanded by the internal control loop.						
MAX AVAILABLE V 402 0 0 to 10000 V REAL NOT						
This is the maximum motor terminal volts that can be achieved given the measured dc link volts.						

Trip History

Overview

Record of the last ten trips that caused the drive to stop.



Function Block Outputs

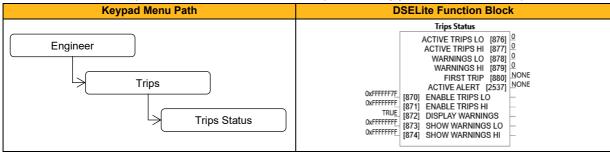
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
RECENT TRIPS[0]	900	0: None	0: None		ENUM	NOT
RECENT TRIPS[9]			1: 01 Over Voltage			
			2: 02 Under Voltage			
			3: 03 Stack Over I			
			4: 04 Over Current			
			5: 05 Current Lim			
			6: 06 Motor Stall			
			7: 07 Inverse Time			
			8: 08 Motor I2t			
			9: 09 Low Speed I			
			10: 10 Heatsink Temp			
			11: 11 Internal Temp			
			12: 12 Motor Temp			
			13: 13 Dynamic Brake			
			14: 14 Digout Load			
			15: 15 Anin 1 Over			
			16: 16 Anin 2 Over			
			17: 17 Contactor			
			18: 18 Phase Fail			
			19: 19 Output Phase			
			20: 20 Vdc Ripple			
			21: 21 Pwr Loss Stop			
			22: 22 Overspeed			
			23: 23 PMAC Speed			
			24: N/A			
			25: 25 Speed Error			
			26: N/A			
			27: 27 Command Loss			
			28: 28 Comms Break			
			29: 29 Base Modbus			
			30: 30 Fieldbus			
			31: 31 STO Active			
			32: 32 External Trip			
			33: 33 A1			
			34: 34 A2			
			35: 35 A3			
			36: 36 A4			
			37: 37 CPU Loading			

The Recent Trips array is a record of the last 10 faults that caused the drive to disable the stack. Each entry has the same format as the First Trip parameter 880. The most recent fault is the first entry in the array, (Recent Trips[0]).

Trip Status

Overview

The drive supports advanced and flexible trip logic to support monitoring of the drive itself, the motor and the load. This function block provides a view of the current trip condition(s) and allows some trips to be disabled.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
ENABLE TRIPS LO	870	0xFFFFFFF	0: 01 Over Voltage		DWORD	ALWAYS
			1: 02 Under Voltage			
			2: 03 Stack Over I			
			3: 04 Over Current			
			4: 05 Current Lim			
			5: 06 Motor Stall			
			6: 07 Inverse Time			
			7: 08 Motor I2t			
			8: 09 Low Speed I			
			9: 10 Heatsink Temp			
			10: 11 Internal Temp			
			11: 12 Motor Temp			
			12: 13 Dynamic Brake			
			13: 14 Digout Load			
			14: 15 Anin 1 Over			
			15: 16 Anin 2 Over			
			16: 17 Contactor			
			17: 18 Phase Fail			
			18: 19 Output Phase			
			19: 20 Vdc Ripple			
			20: 21 Pwr Loss Stop			
			21: 22 Overspeed			
			22: 23 PMAC Speed			
			23: N/A			
			24: 25 Speed Error			
			25: N/A			
			26: 27 Command Loss			
			27: 28 Comms Break			
			28: 29 Base Modbus			
			29: 30 Fieldbus			
			30: 31 STO Active			
			31: 32 External Trip			
A 32-bit word that can be us	ed to enal	ole, (or disable), individ	lual trips.			
Note that 13 (Dynamic Brake	e) and 24 (Speed sensor Fault) a	re warning signals only. The dri	ve will not	trip due to e	ither of these
events.						
ENABLE TRIPS HI	871	0xFFFFFFF	0: 33 A1		DWORD	ALWAYS
			1: 34 A2			
			2: 35 A3			
			3: 36 A4			
			4: 37 CPU Loading			

A 32-bit word that can be used to enable, (or disable), individual trips.

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range Units Type W		Writable	
DISPLAY WARNINGS	872	TRUE			BOOL	ALWAYS
When FALSE, warning mess	sages are	not shown on the HMI.	When TRUE, warning message	ges are sh	own. Warnir	ng messages
are not repeated once they h	nave been	acknowledged.				
SHOW WARNINGS LO	873	0xFFFFFFF	Refer to Enable Trips Lo,		DWORD	ALWAYS
			P0870			
A 32-bit word used to enable	warnings	on the HMI from trip s	ources that are close to a fault	condition.	Bit 0 corres	ponds to Trip
ID 1, Over Voltage. For exam	nple, settir	g this parameter to FF	FFFFBF will show all warnings	in this rar	ige except fo	r Motor Stall,
trip ID 6. This parameter is ig	gnored if p	arameter 0872 Displa	y Warnings is FALSE			
SHOW WARNINGS HI	874	0xFFFFFFFF	Refer to Enable Trips Hi,		DWORD	ALWAYS
P0871						
A 32-bit word used to enable warnings on the keypad from trip sources that are close to a fault condition. Bit 0 corresponds to						
Trip ID 33. For example, setting this parameter to FFFBFFFF will show all warnings in this range except for CPU Usage, trip ID						
37. This parameter is ignored if parameter 0872 Display Warnings is FALSE.						

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable	
ACTIVE TRIPS LO	876	0: 0	See table for		DWORD	NOT	
			'ENABLE TRIPS LO'				
			r example, the HEATSINK OVE		•		
	eported. T	ne Active value shows	active trip sources even if the	correspon	iding trip is n	ot enabled in	
"Enabled 1-32".							
ACTIVE TRIPS HI	877	0: 0	See table for		DWORD	NOT	
			'ENABLE TRIPS HI'				
A 32-bit word that indicates v	Mhich trip	<u>l</u> sources are active. Th	I e Active value shows active trip	sources	even if the co	orresponding	
trip is not enabled in "Enable	ed 33-64".						
WARNINGS LO	878	0: 0	Refer to Active Trips Lo,		DWORD	NOT	
			P0876				
A 32-bit word that indicates t	A 32-bit word that indicates trip sources that are close to a fault condition. For example, the heat sink fault monitoring firmware						
reports a HEATSINK OVER	TEMP war	ning when the heat sir	nk temperature gets close to the	heat sink	fault level. T	he Warnings	
value is not affected by the t	rip enable	mask, "Enabled 1-32"	, -				
WARNINGS HI	879	0: 0	Refer to Active Trips Hi,		DWORD	NOT	
			P0877				
			ault condition. For example, the				
		-	nk temperature gets close to the	heat sink	fault level. T	he Warnings	
value is not affected by the t	rip enable	mask, "Enabled 33-64	4".				
FIRST TRIP	880	0: None	See table for		ENUM	NOT	
			'ENABLE TRIPS LO' and				
			'ENABLE TRIPS HI'				
. •	everal trips	s have occurred, this p	arameter indicates the first one	that was	detected. Tr	ip is signaled	
until it is reset.							
ACTIVE ALERT	2537 0: NONE Refer to First Trip, P0880 ENUM NOT						
Actual pending alert. When alert is reset, this parameter is set to "None".							

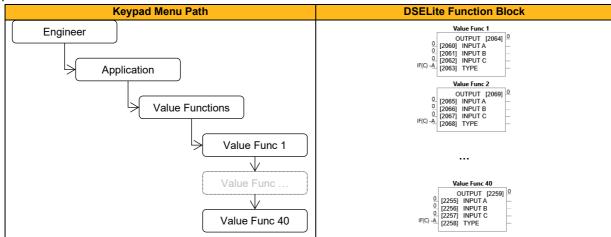
Functional Description

If the drive trips, then the display immediately shows a message indicating the reason for the trip. The possible trip messages are given in section 11. Note that some trips are momentary (non-latching). **0880 First Trip** may be used to determine the trip that cause the inverter to stop running.

Value Functions (Value Func 1 – 40)

Overview

The value function blocks can be configured to perform one of a number of functions upon a fixed number of inputs.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
INPUT A						
Value Func 1	2060	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 2	2065	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 40	2255	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Input A for the selected fur	nction.					
INPUT B						
Value Func 1	2061	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 2	2066	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 40	2256	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Input B for the selected fur	nction.					
INPUT C						
Value Func 1	2062	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 2	2067	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Value Func 40	2257	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	ALWAYS
Input C for the selected fur	nction.					
TYPE						
Value Func 1	2063	0: IF(C) -A	0: IF(C) -A		ENUM	ALWAYS
Value Func 2	2068	0: IF(C) -A	1: ABS(A+B+C)		ENUM	ALWAYS
			2: SWITCH(A,B)			
Value Func 40	2258	0: IF(C) -A	3: (A*B)/C		ENUM	ALWAYS
			4: A+B+C			
			5: A-B-C			
			6: B<=A<=C			
			7: A>B+/-C			
			8: A>=B			
			9: ABS(A)>B+/-C			
			10: ABS(A)>=B			
			11: A(1+B/100)			
			12: IF(C) HOLD(A)			
			13: BINARY DECODE			
			14: ON DELAY			
			15: OFF DELAY			
			16: TIMER			
			17: MINIMUM PULSE			
			18: PULSE TRAIN			

	19: WINDOW	
	20: UP/DWN COUNTER	
	21: (A*B)/C ROUND	
	22: WINDOW NO HYST	
	23: WIND A>=B, A<=C	
	24: A<=B	
	25: ((A*B)/100)+C	
	26: MIN(A,B,C)	
	27: MAX(A,B,C)	
	28: PROFILE SQRT	
	29: PROFILE LINEAR	
	30: PROFILE x^2	
	31: PROFILE x^3	
	32: PROFILE x^4	
	33: ON A <b, a<c<="" off="" td=""><td></td></b,>	
	34: (A+B) CLAMPED C	
	35: (A-B) CLAMPED C	
	36: (A*B) CLAMPED C	
	37: (A/B) CLAMPED C	
	38: A>=B:A; A<=C:0	
	39: (A * B) + C	
	40: A * (B + C)	
	41: A * (B - C)	
	42: A * (1 + B/C)	
	43: A * (1 + (B * C))	
	44: MONOSTABLE HIGH	
	45: MONOSTABLE LOW	
	45. MONOSTABLE LOW	
	40. FILTER 47: (A-B)/(B-C)	
	` ', ' '	
Oalasta the forestion to be a sefermed	48: 100*(A-B)/(B-C)	
Selects the function to be performed		

Function Block Outputs

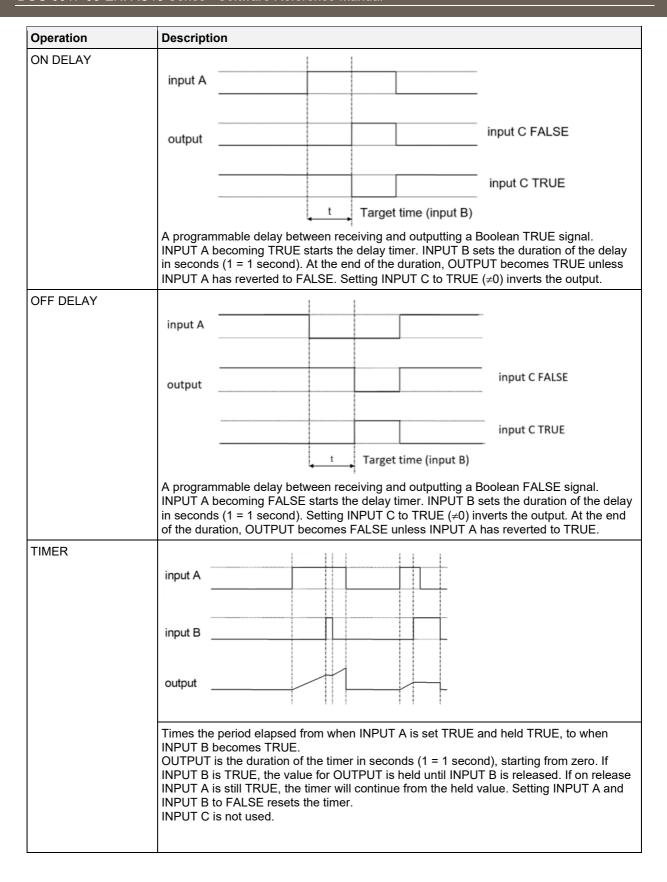
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
OUTPUT						
Value Func 1	2064	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	NOT
Value Func 2	2069	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	NOT
	•••					
Value Func 40	2259	0	-2147483.5 2147483.5		REAL	NOT
The result of performing the selected function on the inputs.						

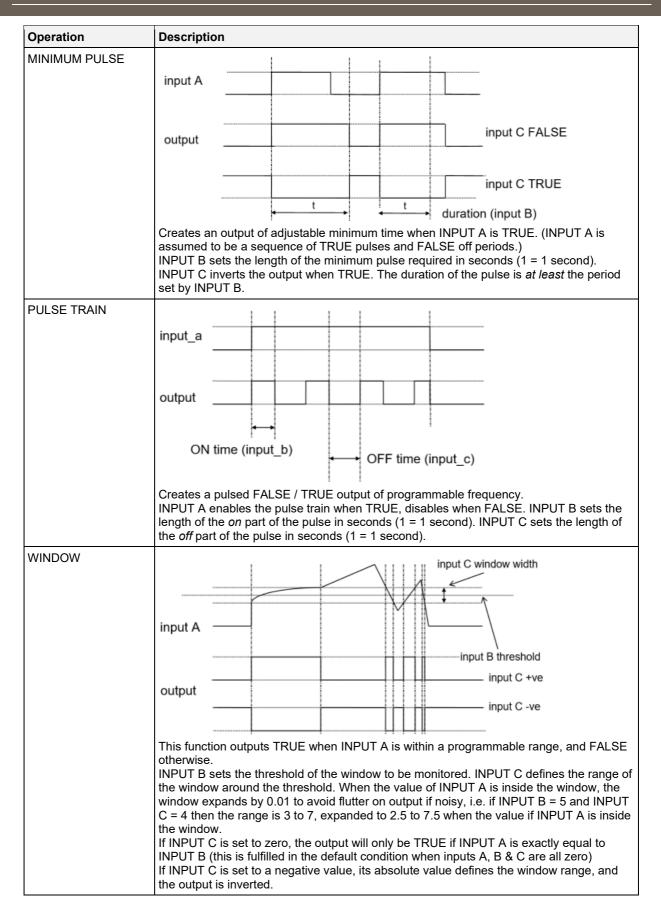
Functional Description

Output is generated from the inputs according to the **Type** selected. The **Output** is always limited to be within the range -2147483.5 to +2147483.5.

Operation	Description				
IF(C) -A	If INPUT C is not zero the OUTPUT is minus same as INPUT A.	If INPUT C is not zero the OUTPUT is minus INPUT A, otherwise the OUTPUT is the same as INPUT A.			
ABS(A+B+C)	The OUTPUT is set to the absolute value of	INPUT A + INPUT B + INPUT C.			
SWITCH(A,B)	INPUT A OUTPUT INPUT C	If INPUT C is zero the OUTPUT is set to INPUT A, otherwise the output is set to INPUT B			
(A*B)/C	The OUTPUT is set to (INPUT A * INPUT B) / (INPUT C). The algorithm compensates for the remainder term.				
A+B+C	The OUTPUT is set to (INPUT A + INPUT B + INPUT C).				
A-B-C	The OUTPUT is set to (INPUT A - INPUT B	- INPUT C).			

Operation	Description			
B <= A <= C	INPUT A INPUT B INPUT C		OUTPUT	The OUTPUT is set to the value of INPUT A, limited to between a maximum value of INPUT C and a minimum value of INPUT B. If INPUT B is greater than INPUT C the output is undefined.
A>B+/-C	INPUT A INPUT B INPUT C		→ OUTPUT	The OUTPUT is TRUE if INPUT A is greater than INPUT B + INPUT C. The OUTPUT is FALSE if INPUT A is less than INPUT B - INPUT C.
				nis way the block acts as a simple comparator ysteresis band equal to +/- INPUT C.
A>=B	INPUT A INPUT B	>	OUTPUT	The OUTPUT is TRUE if INPUT A is greater than or equal to INPUT B, otherwise the OUTPUT is FALSE.
ABS(A)> ABS(B)+/-C	INPUT A		→ OUTPUT	The OUTPUT is TRUE if the magnitude of INPUT A is greater than or equal to the magnitude of INPUT B - INPUT C.
	B - INPUT C. Other	wise the OL	JTPUT is und	INPUT A is less than the magnitude of INPUT changed. In this way the block acts as a vel of INPUT B and a hysteresis band equal
ABS(A)> =ABS(B)	INPUT A	>	→ OUTPUT	The OUTPUT is TRUE if the magnitude of INPUT A is greater than or equal to the magnitude of INPUT B, otherwise the OUTPUT is FALSE.
A(1+B)	The OUTPUT is set	to INPUT A	. + (INPUT A	A * INPUT B / 100.00).
IF(C) HOLD A	unchanged.			PUT A, otherwise the OUTPUT is pre-loaded with the last saved value of input
BINARY DECODE	The OUTPUT is set	according t	o which of the	ne INPUTs are non-zero. OUTPUT
	0	0	0	0.00
	0	0	≠0	1.00
	0	≠0	0	2.00
	0	≠0	≠0	3.00
	≠0	0	0	4.00
	≠0	0	≠0	5.00
	≠0	≠0	0	6.00
	≠0	≠0	≠0	7.00
	In the above table,	≠0 indicates	that the corr	esponding input is not zero.





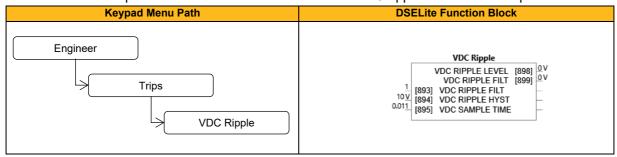
Operation	Description
UP/DOWN COUNTER	
	input A input B output
	INPUT A provides a rising edge trigger to increment the output count by one. INPUT B provides a rising edge trigger to decrement the output count by one. INPUT C holds the output at zero. The output starts at zero. The output is limited at ±2147483.5.
(A*B)/C ROUND	The OUTPUT is set to (INPUT A * INPUT B) / (INPUT C). This is the same as (A*B)/C (enumerated value 3) except that the result is rounded.
WINDOW NO HYST	This is the same as WINDOW (enumerated value 19) except that there is no hysteresis when inside the `window'. Thus, from the diagram given in WINDOW, if INPUT B = 5 and INPUT C = 4 then the range is 3 to 7.
WIND A>=B,A<=C	This is the same as WINDOW (enumerated value 19) except that instead of setting hysteresis, the upper and lower limits are set independently. The lower limit is INPUT B, the upper limit is INPUT C. OUTPUT is True if B≤A≤C.
A<=B	The OUTPUT is True if INPUT A is less than or equal to INPUT B, otherwise OUTPUT is False.
((A*B)/100)+C	OUTPUT is set to (INPUT A x INPUT B)/100 + INPUT C.
MIN(A,B,C)	The OUTPUT is set to the minimum value of INPUT A, B and C.
MAX(A,B,C)	The OUTPUT is set to the maximum value of INPUT A, B and C.
PROFILE SQRT	OUTPUT = INPUT B + (INPUT C - INPUT B) x square root A.
PROFILE LINEAR	OUTPUT = INPUT B + (INPUT C - INPUT B) x INPUT A
PROFILE x^2	OUTPUT = INPUT B + (INPUT C - INPUT B) x (INPUT A) ²
PROFILE x^3	OUTPUT = INPUT B + (INPUT C - INPUT B) x (INPUT A) ³
PROFILE x^4	OUTPUT = INPUT B + (INPUT C - INPUT B) x (INPUT A) ⁴
ON A>B, OFF A <c< td=""><td>If A is greater than B, OUTPUT is 0.01. If A is less than C, OUTPUT is 0.00. Otherwise OUTPUT is unchanged.</td></c<>	If A is greater than B, OUTPUT is 0.01. If A is less than C, OUTPUT is 0.00. Otherwise OUTPUT is unchanged.
(A+B) CLAMPED C	The output is the result of the arithmetic operation, clamped by the value of C. If C is greater than zero, the output if clamped to be less than C. If C is negative, the output is
(A-B) CLAMPED C	clamped to be greater than C. If C is zero the output is not clamped
(A*B) CLAMPED C	
(A/B) CLAMPED C	
A>=B:A, A<=C:0	If A is greater or equal to B, OUTPUT is set to A. If A is less than or equal to C, OUTPUT is 0.00. Otherwise OUTPUT is unchanged.
(A * B) + C	The output is the result of the arithmetic operation.
A * (B + C)	
A * (B - C)	
A * (1+B/C)	
A * (1+(B * C))	

Operation	Description					
MONOSTABLE HIGH	input A					
	output (input C = 0)					
	Time = input B					
	output (input C<> 0)					
	For each rising edge on input A, the output is active for a time defined by input B, (in seconds). If a subsequent rising edge is detected while the output is active, the end time of the output pulse is delayed as if it had been restarted. The output pulse is active high if input C is zero. If input C is not zero then the output pulse is active low and the idle state is high.					
MONOSTABLE LOW	For each falling edge on input A, the output is active for a time defined by input B, (in seconds). If a subsequent falling edge is detected while the output is active, the end time of the output pulse is delayed as if it had been restarted. The output pulse is active high if input C is zero. If input C is not zero then the output pulse is active low and the idle state is high.					
FILTER	The output is the result of passing INPUT A through a first order filter with a time constant in seconds defined by INPUT B. Input C acts as a filter reset. When C is zero the filter is active. When C is non-zero the filter output is reset to be the same as input A.					
(A-B)/(B-C) 100*(A-B)/(B-C)	The output is the result of the arithmetic operation.					

VDC Ripple

Overview

This function contains parameters and data associated to the VDC ripple detection and trip condition



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
VDC RIPPLE FILT	893	1	0.1 to 100		TIME	ALWAYS		
VDC ripple filter time cons	VDC ripple filter time constant applied to the raw VDC ripple.							
VDC RIPPLE HYST	894	10	0 to 50	V	REAL	ALWAYS		
Hysteresis on the VDC ripple level for trip condition.								
VDC SAMPLE TIME	895	0.011	0.003 to 0.1		TIME	ALWAYS		
Sample time for peak-to-peak VDC voltage capture and ripple calculation.								

Function Block Outputs

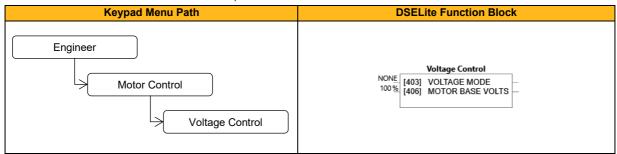
Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
VDC RIPPLE LEVEL	898	0	0 to 500	V	REAL	NOT	
Actual raw VDC ripple level. Search time (=update rate) is P0895 'VDC sample time'							
VDC RIPPLE FILT	899	0	0 to 500	V	REAL	NOT	
Filtered DC Link volts ripple. Update rate is P0895 'VDC sample time'							

Voltage Control

Overview

Designed for V/Hz motor Control Mode, this function allows the motor output volts to be controlled in the presence of dc link voltage variations. This is achieved by controlling the level of PWM modulation as a function of measured dc link volts. The DC link volts may vary either due to supply variations or regenerative braking by the motor.

Three control modes are available: None, Fixed and Automatic.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
VOLTAGE MODE	403	1: None	0: None		ENUM	STOPPED
			1: Fixed			
			2: Automatic			

Selection of voltage control mode, Fixed mode or **Automatic** mode may be used in case of dynamic motor operation including brake operation.

Possible selections:

None: Output voltage is a % of current DC bus (rectified supply) voltage. Motor voltage will directly follow dc link variations. **Fixed**: Output voltage is a % of given motor base voltage, this percentage is set by P0406 (Motor Base Volts). 100% equates to 95% of motor base voltage set in parameter 0223 to leave some headroom in case of dc link ripple or mains level variation.

Demanded motor volts (if lower than the present dc link voltage) are maintained regardless of variations in the dc link.

Automatic: Output voltage is in % of filtered DC bus (rectified supply) voltage. The filter time constant used is 200ms. Motor voltage will smoothy follow dc link variations as the voltage is allowed to rise smoothly as dc link volts vary. This allows the motor to be over-fluxed a little during deceleration, thereby increasing braking performance.

Note: This filtered target voltage has a high limit of 1.1* rated motor voltage (400V drive) or 1.05* rated motor voltage (230V drive) to avoid too high voltage causing high currents being applied during regen operation.

Voltage output is additionally scaled with P0406 "Motor Base Volts"

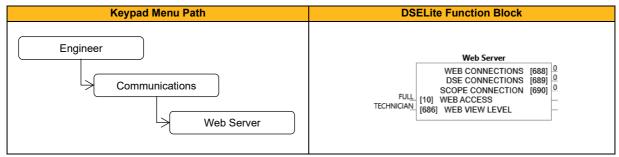
MOTOR BASE VOLTS	406	100	0 to 115.47	%	REAL	ALWAYS

Scale of the motor output voltage in fixed mode. Reference voltage is motor base voltage P223. Please note that internally the result of (P406/100*P223) is limited to 264V for a 230V drive and 528V for a 400V drive. Fixed mode will only provide a fixed output voltage if the demanded voltage is lower than the present AC mains voltage.

Web (HTTP) Server

Overview

Base Ethernet web server.



Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable
WEB ACCESS	10	1: Full	0: Disabled		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: Limited			
			2: Full			
The required access level of	the base	Ethernet web server.	DISABLED: prevents any web	access, L	IMITED: pre	vents
access to the parameters, F	ULL: allow	s full access, however	authentication will be required	l if a pass	word has be	en set.
WEB VIEW LEVEL	686	1: Technician	0: Operator		ENUM	ALWAYS
			1: Technician			
			2: Engineer			
The required view level for the parameters web page on the base Ethernet web server.						

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable		
WEB CONNECTIONS	688	0			USINT	NOT		
Number of web connections	Number of web connections in use.							
DSE CONNECTIONS	689	0			USINT	NOT		
Number of DSELite connections.								
SCOPE CONNECTION	690	0			USINT	NOT		
Number of scope connections.								

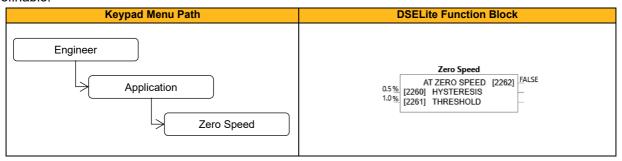
Functional Description

The inverter has a built-in web server. To access the web server the parameter **0010 Web Access** must be set to LIMITED (default) or FULL.

Zero Speed

Overview

This function block detects when the speed is at or close to zero. Hysteresis and Threshold are user-definable.



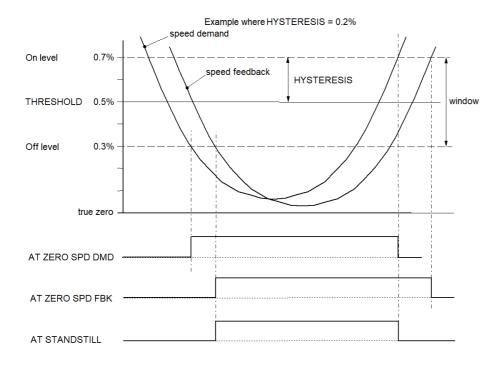
Function Block Inputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable	
HYSTERESIS	2260	0.5	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS	
Hysteresis band of zero speed detection.							
THRESHOLD	2261	1.0	0.0 to 300.0	%	REAL	ALWAYS	
Zero speed detection level.							

Function Block Outputs

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Type	Writable	
AT ZERO SPEED	2262	FALSE			BOOL	NOT	
TRUE when at zero speed as defined by Threshold and Hysteresis.							

Functional Description



10 Inverter State Machine

10.1 DS402

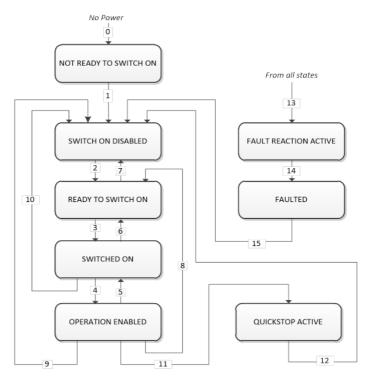
The sequencing of the inverter is based on the DS402 / InverterCOM / IEC 61800-7 standard as used by most industrial fieldbuses. This allows it to be easily controlled and monitored by a PLC using the standards' Control and Status Words.

10.2 Sequencing State

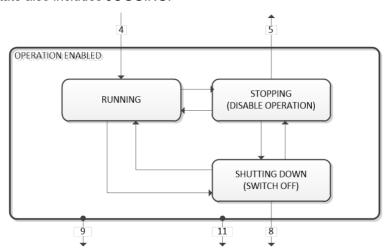
The sequencing state of the unit is indicated by an enumerated value given by the **0517 Sequencing State** parameter.

Value	DS402 Sequence State	Description
0	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON	The Inverter is initialising or being configured.
1	SWITCH ON DISABLED	The Inverter will not accept a switch on command.
2	READY TO SWITCH ON	The Inverter will accept a switch on command.
3	SWITCHED ON	The Inverter will accept an Operation Enable (Run or
		Jog) command:
		- Power stage of the Inverter is ready to operate.
		- Voltage has not yet been applied to the motor
		terminals.
4	OPERATION ENABLED	Normal operational state of the Inverter. This state
		includes Running, Jogging, Stopping (Disabling
		Operation) and Shutting Down (Switching Off).
5	QUICKSTOP ACTIVE	Emergency Stop (Fast Stop) is active.
6	FAULT REACTION ACTIVE	The Inverter is processing a trip event.
7	FAULTED	The Inverter is tripped, awaiting a trip reset.

10.3 Sequencing Diagram



The OPERATION ENABLED state is the normal operation state of the Inverter. In this state the Reference Ramp is active, generating a Speed Demand. Sub-states and allowed transitions are shown below. Note – the RUNNING sub-state also includes JOGGING.



10.4 State Transitions

State transitions are caused by internal events in the Inverter or external commands via the Control Word. The transition numbers below relate to those on the Sequence Diagram.

Transition No.	Initial State	Resultant State	Description
0	No Power	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON	Power has been applied to the control electronics of the Inverter.
1	NOT READY TO SWITCH ON	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Automatic transition when initialisation has been completed and the application has been loaded.
2	SWITCH ON DISABLED	READY TO SWITCH ON	Shutdown command received from the control device or local signal.
3	READY TO SWITCH ON	SWITCHED ON	Switch On command received from the control device or local signal.
4	SWITCHED ON	OPERATION ENABLED	Enable Operation (Run Forward, Run Reverse or Jog) command received from the control device or local signal.
5	OPERATION ENABLED	SWITCHED ON	Disable Operation (Stop) command received from the control device or local signal and Disabling (Stopping) function completed.
6	SWITCHED ON	READY TO SWITCH ON	Shutdown command received from the control device or local signal.
7	READY TO SWITCH ON	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Quick Stop or Disable Voltage command received from the control device or local signal.
8	OPERATION ENABLED	READY TO SWITCH ON	Shutdown command received from the control device or local signal and Shutdown function completed.
9	OPERATION ENABLED	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Disable Voltage command received from the control device or local signal.
10	SWITCHED ON	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Disable Voltage or Quick Stop command received from the control device or local signal.
11	OPERATION ENABLED	QUICKSTOP ACTIVE	Quick Stop command received from control device or local signal.
12	QUICKSTOP ACTIVE	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Automatic transition when the Quick Stop function is completed or a Disable Voltage command is received.
13	Any State	FAULT REACTION ACTIVE	Fault (Trip) occurred.
14	FAULT REACTION ACTIVE	FAULTED	Automatic transition when the Fault Reaction function has completed, or a Disable Voltage command is received.
15	FAULTED	SWITCH ON DISABLED	Fault Reset command received from the control device or local signal, and there are no active faults.

10.5 Control Word

The commands that request a change in sequencer state are received via the Control Word. The current value is given by **0506 Control Word**. This is a read-only parameter which is updated from a source depending on the selected sequencing control channel. The sources available are COMMS, APP and LOCAL.

If COMMS is selected, the value will be taken from **0436 Comms Command**. This will normally be written to over the built-in Ethernet Modbus TCP/IP interface. The Not Quickstop, Enable Voltage and Switch On bits are ANDed with **0505 Remote Command**. The External Fault is ORed with the **0505 Remote Command**.

If APP is selected, the value will be taken from **0505 Remote Command**. This will normally be written to by the loaded application which is responsible for routing the control signals from Digital Input terminals.

If LOCAL is selected, the value will be written to by the MMI with the Not Quickstop, Enable Voltage, External Fault and Switch On bits from **0505 Remote Command**.

Bit	Name	Description
0	Switch On	OFF1 = 1 to switch on
1	Enable Voltage	OFF2 = 0 to coast stop
2	Not Quickstop	OFF3 = 0 to emergency stop
3	Enable Operation	1 = Run
4	Enable Ramp Output	=0 to set ramp output to zero
5	Enable Ramp	=0 to hold ramp
6	Enable Ramp Input	=0 to set ramp input to zero
7	Reset Fault	Reset trips on 0 to 1 transition
8	External Fault	1 = External (Application) trip active
9		unused
10	Use Comms Control	1 = Use 0436 Comms Control Word as the Control
	Ose Commis Control	Word source for sequencing
11	Use Comms Reference	1 = Use 0458 Comms Reference as the Reference
	OSC COMMIS REFERENCE	source
12	Use Jog Reference	1 = Run using 0480 Jog Setpoint when Enable Operation = 1
40	D	1 = Run in reverse direction when Enable Operation =
13	Reverse Direction	1
14	Auto Initialise	unused
15	Event Trigger OP	1 = Rising-edge of Enable Operation required for
15	Lvont mgger or	SWITCHED ON to OPERATION ENABLED transition

Example 0436 Comms Commands (hexadecimal):

Control Word	Inverter Command
CC77	STOP
CC7F	RUN
CC7B	QUICKSTOP
CCF0	FAULT RESET

10.6 Status Word

The Status Word provides the detailed status of the sequencer. Regardless of the source of the Control Word, this is always available as **0507 Status Word**.

Bit	Name	Description
0	Ready to Switch On	Inverter initialised and not in Configuration mode.
1	Switched On	Inverter in SWITCHED ON or OPERATION ENABLED state.
2	Operation Enabled	Inverter Running (or stopping).
3	Faulted	Unacknowledged fault present.
4	Voltage Enabled	Line supply present
5	Quickstop Inactive	= 0 when reacting to a Quickstop request
6	Switch On Disabled	Inverter in SWITCH ON DISABLED state.
7		unused
8		unused
9	Control from Comms	Using 0436 Comms Control Word as the Control Word source
10	unused	
11	unused	
12	Jog Operation Using Jog Reference or will use Jog Reference w Operation Enabled	
13	Reverse Operation	Running backwards or will run backward when Operation Enabled
14	Reference from Comms	Using 0458 Comms Reference as the Reference source
15	Stopping	Operation Enable command removed or Quickstop active

11 Trips & Fault Finding

11.1 What Happens When a Trip Occurs?

When an inverter trip occurs, the inverter's power stage is immediately disabled causing the motor and load to coast to a stop. The trip is latched until action is taken to reset it. This ensures that trips due to transient conditions are captured and the Inverter is disabled, even when the original cause of the trip is no longer present.

11.2 Display/Keypad Indication

On the AC15 display (version 1.1.3 firmware), when the inverter is in a 'Tripped' state, a trip code will be displayed 'flashing' in the format "trxx", where xx is a number between 01 - 42 corresponding to a unique trip.

With version 1.2.0 firmware and later, the trip code will be displayed flashing in abbreviated form, as listed in the table below.

On the 6901 remote MMI, when the inverter is in a "Tripped" state, a message will be displayed flashing in the format "xx yyy", where xx is a number between 01 – 42 that corresponds to a unique trip described by "yyy". In addition to the trip message, the "OK" status LED indicator will also flash.

The trip message(s) must be acknowledged by pressing the STOP key. The trip message may be cleared by pressing the E key.

11.3 Resetting a Trip Condition

All trips must be reset before the drive can be re-enabled. A trip can only be reset once the trip condition is no longer active, i.e. a trip due to a heatsink over-temperature will not reset until the temperature is below the trip level.

More than one trip can be active at any time. For example, it is possible for both the Heatsink Temp and the Overvoltage trips to be active. Alternatively, it is possible for the drive to trip due to an Overcurrent error and then for the Heatsink Trip to become active after the drive has stopped (this may occur due to the thermal time constant of the heatsink).

11.4 Trip and Warning Messages

If the drive trips, then the display immediately shows a flashing message indicating the reason for the trip. The possible trip messages are given in the table below.

Additionally, warnings will be displayed if a trip source is close to, but not yet in, a trip condition. This feature can be disabled by setting **0872 Display Warnings** to FALSE. Warnings are displayed using the same codes shown below, but are solid, not flashing.

ID	Trip Name	V1.2 AC15 Display	Possible Reason for Trip	Criteria for Warning
		(V1.1 in brackets)		
1	Over Voltage	dCHI (tr1)	The drive internal dc link voltage is too high: • The supply voltage is too high • Trying to decelerate a large inertia load too quickly, DECEL TIME too short, • The brake resistor is open circuit To help prevent this trip, enable the DC Link	Internal dc link voltage has reached midway between the over voltage trip level and the dynamic braking resistor control voltage.
			Volts Limit feature	
2	Under Voltage	dCLO (tr2)	DC link low trip: • Supply is too low/power down	Internal dc link voltage has reached midway between the lowest expected instantaneous voltage and the undervoltage trip level.
3	Stack Over I	S-OC (tr3)	The motor current exceeded the capabilities of the power stack. Instantaneous overcurrent detected by the power stack. Refer to OVERCURRENT in this table.	Not applicable.
4	Over Current	d-OC (tr4)	The motor current being drawn from the drive is too high: • Trying to accelerate a large inertia load too quickly; ACCEL TIME time too short • Trying to decelerate a large inertia load too quickly; DECEL TIME time too short • Application of shock load to motor • Short circuit between motor phases • Short circuit between motor phase and earth • Motor output cables too long or too many parallel motors connected to the drive • FIXED BOOST level set too high	The over current trip uses a multiple-attempt strategy. The warning is triggered if two or more consecutive overcurrent events are encountered (whereas five consecutive events are required for a Trip to occur).
5	Current Lim	C2HI (tr5)	V/Hz mode only: If the current exceeds 200% of stack rated current for a period of 1 second, the drive will trip. This is caused by shock loads	Not applicable.
6	Motor Stall	StLL (tr6)	The motor has stalled (not rotating) Drive in current limit >200 seconds: • Motor loading too great • FIXED BOOST level set too high	The stall condition has been detected for more than half of the configured Stall Time.
7	Inverse Time	dl2t (tr7)	A prolonged overload condition, exceeding the Inverse Time allowance, has caused the trip: • Remove the overload condition	An overload condition has exceeded one half of the Inverse Time allowance.
8	Motor I2t	12t (tr8)	Only for PMAC Motor: A prolonged load condition, exceeding the motor rated current, has caused the trip. The estimated motor load has reached a value of 105%	An overload condition has exceeded one half of the motor Inverse Time allowance.
9	Low Speed I	LSPd (tr9)	The motor is drawing too much current (>100%) at zero output frequency: • FIXED BOOST level set too high	Not applicable.
10	Heatsink Temp	dHot (tr10)	Drive heatsink temperature too high The ambient air temperature is too high Poor ventilation or spacing between drives Check heatsink fan is rotating	The drive heatsink has exceeded the warning temperature level (which is approx. 10°C below the trip temperature).
11	Internal Temp	IHot (tr11)	Processor temperature or ambient temperature within the power stage too high The ambient temperature in the drive is too high	The drive processor temperature has exceeded the warning temperature level (which is approx. 10°C below the trip temperature).

ID	Trip Name	V1.2 AC15 Display (V1.1 in brackets)	Possible Reason for Trip	Criteria for Warning
12	Motor Temp	Hot (tr12)	The motor temperature is too high Excessive load Motor voltage rating incorrect FIXED BOOST level set too high Prolonged operation of the motor at low speed without forced cooling Break in motor thermistor connection No link fitted to thermistor terminals on drive	The motor has been over temperature for 7.5 seconds.
13	Dynamic Brake	db r (tr13)	External dynamic brake resistor has been overloaded: • Trying to decelerate a large inertia too quickly or too often Note that Dynamic Brake is a warning only. The drive will continue to operate and may eventually trip on 'Over Voltage' if action is not taken.	The power calculation for the external resistor has exceeded one half of the Brake Overrating allowance.
14	Digout Load	dOLd (tr14)	24V output voltage dropped by Digital output overload > 50mA: • connect 24V user supply voltage • Decrease output load	Not applicable.
15	Anin 1 Over	AIP1 (tr15)	Analog Input current > 30mA (Overload detected only in Current Mode)	Analog Input 1 overload detected once
16	Anin 2 Over	AIP2 (tr16)	Analog Input current > 30mA (Overload detected only in Current Mode)	Analog Input 2 overload detected once
17	Contactor	COnt (tr17)	DC Link failed to reach the undervoltage trip level within the contactor feedback time. • The Line contactor failed to connect. • Missing 3-phase line supply	Not applicable.
18	Phase Fail	PhF (tr18)	Indicates a missing input phase	Not applicable.
19	Output Phase	OPhF (tr19)	Motor Output Phase is missing. Motor Phase not connected. Current sensor missing or not correctly connected Motor Output phase only trips in V/Hz mode, if setpoint is >5Hz	Not applicable.
20	Vdc Ripple	dCrP (tr20)	The DC link ripple voltage is too high: • Check for a missing input phase The dc link ripple have exceeded 75% of the exceed	
21	Pwr Loss Stop	PLS (tr21)	Repetitive start / stop or forward reverse action. level. A Power Loss Ride Through sequence has occurred and either 0315 Pwrl Time Limit has been exceeded or the motor speed has reached a zero speed during the sequence.	
22	Overspeed	OSPd (tr22)	a zero speed during the sequence. Overspeed: Not applicable. > 150% base speed when in Sensorless Vector mode	
23	PMAC Speed	PSPd (tr23)	Only for PMAC motor: When using the Start feature in Sensorless Vector Control, the real speed hasn't reached the speed setpoint after 5 seconds to move from open to closed loop control or to move from closed to open loop	Not applicable.
24	Speed Sensor	SPdS (tr24)	Not applicable. Not applicable.	
25	Speed Error	SPdE (tr25)	Difference between actual motor speed and the speed setpoint is greater than a threshold for a period of time.	Difference between actual motor speed and the speed setpoint has been greater than the trip threshold for more than half the trip delay time.

ID	Trip Name	V1.2 AC15 Display	Possible Reason for Trip	Criteria for Warning
	'	(V1.1 in brackets)	'	3
26	Feedback Err	EnCE (tr26)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
27	Command	dISP (tr27)	Communication lost	Not applicable.
	Loss		Connection to Remote Keypad lost, check cable	
28	Comms Break	CbrE (tr28)	Lost option communications: • A break in option communications has been detected. Refer to option communications manual.	Not applicable.
29	Base Modbus	BBUS (tr29)	Lost Base Modbus communications: • A break in the Base Modbus communications has been detected	Not applicable.
30	Fieldbus	FBUS (tr30)	A loss of connection to a fieldbus master has been detected, check cable to fieldbus master, check state of fieldbus master. Also EMC problems are possible	Not applicable.
31	STO Active	STO (tr31)	Attempt to run the motor with the Safe Torque Off active • Check the STO wiring. It may be necessary to power the drive off and on to completely clear this event. Note that this alarm may also appear if the STO inputs are connected to the 24V output of the inverter, and the maximum 50mA current allowance on the 24V output has been exceeded.	Not applicable.
32	External Trip	Etri (tr32)	The external (application) trip input is high: • Refer to the application description to identify the source of the signal	
33	A1	A1 (tr33)	Application trip 1. The application trips are controlled by the Application_Trips block in the configuration.	
34	A2	A2 (tr34)	Application trip 2	Application warning 2
35	A3	A3 (tr35)	Application trip 3	Application warning 3
36	A4	A4 (tr36)	Application trip 4 Application warnir	
37	CPU Loading	CPU (tr37)	Combination of high switching frequency, high network traffic and complicated configuration. Reduce the Ethernet load or reduce the switching frequency.	Time-based warning issued at least 0.5s before the trip.

11.5 Alerts

Alert messages will be displayed upon certain actions being performed, or by errors in the inverter configuration or operation. The 6901 keypad will display ***ALERT*** followed by a text description of the alert. An Alert can be cleared by pressing the E key.

ID	Alert	V1.2 AC15 Display	Reason for Alert
		(V1.1 in brackets)	
1	RUNTIME ALERT	rtA (AL1)	Runtime Alerts indicate a firmware or hardware error
2	DEFAULTS LOADED	AL02 (AL2)	Reset to default request completed
3	FIRE MODE	AL03 (AL3)	Fire Mode has been activated
4	COAST TO STOP	CStp (AL5)	Attempting to start the drive in local mode with Coast To Stop active
5	ENABLE VOLTAGE	EU0L(AL5)	Attempting to start the drive in local mode with the Enable input low
6	QUICKSTOP ACTIVE	FStp (AL6)	Attempting to start the drive in local mode with Quick Stop active
7	OPERAT ENABLED	EnOp (AL7)	Attempting to change from Local to Remote with the Run signal true
8	DC LINK VOLTAGE	U0LT (AL8)	The pre-charge relay is not closed, (Low DC Link volts)
9	RESERVED		
10	MBUS MAPPING ERR	PD01 (AL10)	Refer to section 'Modbus TCP Config'
11	LOCAL REMOTE1	L	Displayed while changing from local to remote control
12	LOCAL REMOTE2	LO	Displayed while changing from local to remote control
13	LOCAL REMOTE3	LOC	Displayed while changing from local to remote control
14	FIRMWARE UPGRADE	F Upd (AL14)	Firmware upgrade in progress
15	FIRE MODE ACTIVE	FIrE (AL15)	Fire Mode has been activated
16	DEFAULTS LOADED	LdEF (AL16)	Reset to default request completed
17	CONFIG FAULT	COnF (AL17)	Invalid DSELite configuration installed
18	MAX SPD GT ATN	nSpd (AL18)	Attempting to run at speed greater than the autotuned speed
18	PARAMETERS SAVED	SAUE (AL19)	Parameter Save completed successfully
20	OPTC MAPPING ERR	pD02 (AL20)	Invalid Modbus TCPIP fieldbus mapping
21	EIP MAPPING ERR	pD03 (AL21)	Invalid Ethernet IP fieldbus mapping
22	PNIO MAPPING ERR	pD04 (AL22)	Not Implemented
23	STD APP LOADED	ApLD (AL23)	Request to load application macro completed

11.6 Autotune Alerts

Problems which might occur during autotune process are also signalled by Alerts.

Alert	Alert Name	V1.2 AC15 Display	Possible Reason for Alert	Possible Solution
		(V1.1 in brackets)		
25	Tests Disabled	tdIS (AL25)	All auto tune tests are disabled	Check parameter 0038: Atn Test Disable and parameter 0042: Atn PMAC Disable
26	Autotune in Progress	Atn (AL26)	Autotune routine active	
27	Leakage L Timeout	LEAt (AL27)	The autotune has attempted to determine the leakage inductance of the motor but cannot make the required test current.	Problem with motor connection.
28	Motor Stalled	StAL (AL28)	Inverter cannot produce enough torque to turn motor	Check motor is free to rotate
29	Motor Turning Err	Turn (AL29)	The autotune is trying to find the encoder direction by spinning the motor, but the motor is already spinning.	Wait till the motor stops.
30	Neg Slip Freq	nSLp (AL30)	Autotune has calculated a negative slip frequency, which is not valid. Nameplate rpm may have been set to a value higher than the base speed of the motor.	Check nameplate rpm, base frequency, and pole pairs are correct.
31	Tr Too Large	Tr2L (AL31)	The calculated value of rotor time constant is too large.	Check the values of Nameplate Speed and Base Frequency.
32	Tr Too Small	Tr2S (AL32)	The calculated value of rotor time constant is too small.	Check the values of Nameplate Speed and Base Frequency.
33	Max Speed 2 Low	Sp2L (AL33)	During Autotune the motor is required to run at the nameplate speed of the motor. If 100% Speed in RPM parameter limits the speed to less than this value, an error will be reported.	Increase the value of Max Speed parameter 0457 up to the nameplate rpm of the motor (as a minimum). It may be reduced, if required, after the Autotune is complete.
34	Supply Volts Low	SuOL (AL34)	The autotune will compensate for low supply volts, down to 70% of motor rated volts. Below this value it will stop the autotune and raise an alert.	Re-try when mains volts are within specification.
35	Not At Speed	nSpd (AL35)	The motor was unable to reach the required speed to carry out the Autotune within 10 seconds.	Possible reasons include: motor shaft not free to turn; the motor data is incorrect.
36	Mag I Err	InAg (AL36)	The terminal volts have failed to reach the requested value after 40 seconds.	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm and motor volts. Check that the motor is correctly rated for the drive.
37	Reserved			
38	Ke Too Large	EnFL (AL38)	Ke value calculated during the autotune (stationary) is too large (the max value is 840V)	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm, rated amps and motor volts. If low speed motor with a Ke value higher than 840V, enter by hand the corresponding value after the autotune completion.
39	Ke Too Small	EnFS (AL39)	Ke value calculated during the autotune (stationary) is too small (the min value is 1V)	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm, rated amps and motor volts.
40	MRAS Para Calc	nCAL (AL40)	Unable to calculate MRAS parameters	Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm, rated amps and motor volts.

If one of these alerts occur, not all motor parameters may have been found during the autotune process. Please re-start the autotune.

11.7 Run Time Alerts

RTA messages will be displayed if there errors in the inverter configuration or hardware. If a 6901 keypad is fitted it will display "RUNTIME ALERT" followed by an RTA number and additional data that may be useful to Parker technical support. If a 6901 is not fitted, the display will show "rtA" (AL1) with no further information. If communications are still active, further information that may be useful to technical support can be found using DSELite or the AC15 webserver to query the 'Device manager' block. If using the webserver, the view level must be set to 'Engineer'.

The RTA Code is a number in the range 0-65000. A selection of possible codes to aid diagnosis is shown in the table below.

RTA Code	Error	Possible reason/resolution for RTA
1 to 999	Internal Exception	 Option not secured correctly to control card. Earth bonding failure. Fault during firmware upgrade. Hardware failure. Record the error message and contact Technical Support.
1001 to 1003	Processor Overload	 Select a lower switching frequency. Record the error message and contact Technical Support.
1006	Memory Stack	 Reduce the complexity of the application. Reduce the number of parameters accessed via ethernet. Reduce the number of parameters accessed by the fieldbus option.
1010	Uninitialized task	Record the error message and contact Technical Support.
1200 to 1205	Communications Option Error	 24V aux supply missing (frame 6-10 only) Ensure the communications option is correctly fitted. Update the firmware in the inverter. Replace the communications option
1300 to 1350	Ethernet Fault	Record the error message and contact Technical Support.
2000 to 2002	Memory Allocation	Record the error message and contact Technical Support.

12 Fire Mode

12.1 Introduction

Fire Mode is a special operating mode intended for use in critical situations where it is imperative for the motor to be kept running if at all possible. In such a situation, it may be acceptable to override the Inverter's normal protective functions.

An example of a critical situation may be a ventilation fan in a stairwell, where continued operation in the event of a fire may assist the safe evacuation of personnel.

Caution



When Fire Mode is active the Drive and Motor protection trips are disabled. The use of Fire Mode itself increases the risk of causing a fire by overloading the drive or motor, so it must only be used after assessing the risks.

When Fire Mode is enabled the drive firmware attempts to keep the drive running wherever possible. If the drive was running when Fire Mode was activated it will continue to run.

If the drive was stopped when Fire Mode was activated then the Fire Mode firmware will attempt to start it. While Fire Mode is enabled the majority of trips will be ignored, (possibly leading to damage to the drive, motor or attached equipment). If one of the remaining enabled trips does occur then the inverter will wait until the trip source has become inactive and will then restart the drive.

When Fire Mode is de-activated the drive will return to its previous sequencing mode. If the drive was running in Local mode the motor will be stopped. If the drive was running in remote mode the drive will continue running according to the relevant control word.

When Fire Mode is enabled the normal speed reference and start / stop control of the drive are modified.

12.2 Sequencing

Sequencing is the term given to controlling when the drive runs. When Fire Mode is enabled the normal sequencing control signals are over-ridden.

If the parameter 0440 Setpoint is zero then setting parameter 0439 Activate to TRUE will have no effect.

If the parameter **0440 Setpoint** is not zero then setting parameter **0439 Activate** to TRUE will activate Fire Mode. When Fire Mode is active the drive will run.

The only reasons that the drive may not run are:

- 0439 Activate is changed back to FALSE
- 0440 Setpoint is changed to zero
- The Coast Stop input is activated.
- The STO circuit is activated.
- An enabled trip source becomes active.
- A hardware fault.

The following trips are disabled / enabled in Fire Mode

ID	Trip Name	Trip Disabled	Drive Protection
1	OVER VOLTAGE		✓
2	UNDER VOLTAGE	✓	
3	STACK OVER I		✓
4	OVER CURRENT		✓
5	CURRENT LIMIT	✓	
6	MOTOR STALL	✓	
7	INVERSE TIME	✓	✓
8	MOTOR I2T	✓	
9	LOW SPEED I	✓	
10	HEATSINK OVERTEMP	✓	✓
11	AMBIENT OVERTEMP	✓	✓
12	MOTOR OVERTEMP	✓	
13	DYNAMIC BRAKE	✓	✓
14	DIGOUT LOAD	✓	✓
15	ANIN1 OVER	✓	✓
16	ANIN2 OVER	✓	✓
17	LINE CONTACTOR	✓	
18	PHASE FAIL	✓	
19	OUTPUT PHASE	✓	
20	VDC RIPPLE	✓	✓
21	POWER LOSS STOP	✓	
22	OVERSPEED	✓	
23	PMAC SPEED	✓	
24	SPEED SENSOR	✓	
25	SPEED ERROR	✓	
26	FEEDBACK ERR	✓	
27	COMMAND LOSS	✓	
28	COMMS BREAK	✓	
29	BASE MODBUS	✓	
30	FIELDBUS	✓	
31	STO ACTIVE	✓	
32	EXTERNAL TRIP	✓	
33	A1	√	
34	A2	✓	
35	A3	√	
36	A4	✓	
37	CPU LOAD	✓	

12.3 Reference

The Fire Mode Setpoint parameter is selected automatically whenever Fire Mode is Activated. The Setpoint is passed through the System Ramp



Caution

Fire Mode does not override the standard Ramp features. Specifically, **0477 Ramp Hold** can prevent the setpoint changing to the Fire Mode **Setpoint** value.

13 Fieldbuses

13.1 Modbus TCP/IP

The onboard Ethernet includes a Modbus TCP server. The Modbus registers are mapped to the inverter's parameters. Up to 3 simultaneous connections to Modbus clients are possible. TCP port 502 is used. Making a connection to the Ethernet and setting an IP address on the inverter is described in Chapter 12 (Ethernet). If the Modbus TCP is used for process control it is recommended that a dedicated network be used with fixed IP addresses for the inverter.

To allow Modbus TCP connections to the inverter, the parameter **0656 Maximum Connections** must be set to a value greater than zero.

Modbus Register Mapping Summary

The inverter parameters are mapped to the Holding Registers and Input Registers, either as a fixed mapping or as a user-defined mapping. There is no mapping to Coils or Discrete Inputs.

Holding Register Address	Input Register Address	Description
0001 - 0256	0001 - 0256	User-defined mapping to the inverter parameter values.
0257 - 00528	0257 - 00528	Reserved area. Do not write into this register range.
0529 - onwards	0529 - onwards	Fixed mapping to the inverter parameter values.

Fixed Parameter Mapping

Each parameter number is mapped onto **two** consecutive Modbus registers regardless of the parameter data type. The relationship between the Holding Register or Input Register is given as:

Register number = (parameter number - 1) * 2 + 529

- If the parameter has a data type that uses one byte then it will occupy the low byte of the first register and the high byte will be zero, i.e. the register will not be sign extended.
- If the parameter has a data type that uses two bytes then it will occupy the first register.
- Unused register locations will read zero; writing to that location will have no effect.
- The word order of 32-bit parameters is determined by the inverter parameter 0657 High Word First.
- Writable 32-bit parameters will only accept a change in value if both registers mapped to the parameter are written to in the same request.

Fixed Parameter Mapping - Arrays

Some parameters have multiple elements and are classified as parameter arrays. A parameter array has a parameter number that represents the whole of the array, but also has parameter numbers that represent each element of the array. An example is given below.

Array Example

A parameter array called Recent Trips has 10 elements.

Parameter Number	Parameter – Recent Trips
0900	Whole array
0901	index 0
0910	Index 9

If the parameter number of the whole array is 900, then the parameter number of the element index 0 of the array will be 901, the parameter number of the element index 1 will be 902, etc.

Note: String array parameters access their elements via parameter numbers that are calculated in a different way (see 0 Fixed Parameter Mapping - Strings).

Accessing the parameter arrays via the parameter number that represents the whole array is not recommended. This will access only the first four bytes (2 registers) of the array. The array should rather be accessed via its elements.

Fixed Parameter Mapping - Strings

Strings parameters have a parameter number that represents the whole string. This parameter number is mapped to two registers so limits access to the first four characters. Additional contiguous parameter numbers are set aside so that the whole string can be accessed: one additional parameter number for each four characters. The strings are packed into the registers low byte first.

String Example

A string parameter called Drive Name has a string length of 12 characters (plus the null terminator). This will have one parameter number allocated for the whole string (in this example 161) and 2 further parameter numbers for the string fragments (162,163).

If the value of the string is "0123456789AB":

Parameter Number	Parameter – Recent Trips	Dewister Neurober	Register Value	
		Register Number	hi-byte	lo-byte
0161	Represent the Whole string	0849	'1'	'0'
	"0123456789AB"	0850	'3'	'2'
0162	Fragment	0851	' 5'	'4'
	"0123"	0852	'7'	'6'
0163	Fragment	0853	'9'	'8'
	"4567"	0854	'B'	'A'

Note: This is an example is not a real parameter.

As each inverter parameter maps to two registers, if the registers that represent the whole string are accessed then only the first four characters will appear. To access the whole string over Modbus use the registers that map to the parameter number of the whole array plus one, in this example 0162 (register 00851). A multiple read or write of registers will then provide access to the whole string

User-Defined Parameter Mapping

The inverter parameters may be mapped to the user-defined register area (00001 – 00256). This allows parameters to be grouped together so that they may be accessed through a single Modbus request.

To map parameters add the required parameter numbers to the user mapping table, either by adding the parameter (tag) number of the parameter to be mapped, or using graphical links within DSELite. The following applies:

- The mapping starts at register 00001.
- Any valid fixed or application parameter may be added excluding password parameters and parameter arrays - individual elements of the array may be added.
- Parameter strings may be added.
- The mapping ends on the first mapping entry of zero or when the mapping table is full.

Note: The mapping may be modified at any time. However, no Modbus requests should be made when the mapping is being modified to avoid indeterminate response data.

Note: When mapping Modbus registers using DSELite, links may be made be made between the output side of the block OR the input side of the block, but not both input AND output of the same register. If links are made to both the input AND output of a Modbus mapping register, the inverter keypad will show a 'Modbus Mapping Error' alert message. It will be necessary to correct the error in DSELite and download again before proceeding.

Unlike the fixed mapping, the user-defined parameter mapping will only use as many registers as necessary to accommodate the parameter. An example is given below:

Mapping Table	Parameter Name	Data Type	No. of Registers	Start Register	End Register
0	0435 Comms Command	WORD	1	0001	0001
1	0485 Comms Setpoint	REAL	2	0002	0003
2	656 Max Connections	USINT	1	0004	0004
3	0507 Status Word.	WORD	1	0005	0005
4	0103 Speed rpm	REAL	2	0006	0007
5	1000 Drive name	15-character STRING	8	8000	0015
6	0000				

The mapping table is continually checked for valid entries. The diagnostic parameter **0679 Mapping Valid** will be TRUE if all entries in the table are valid. If the diagnostic parameter is FALSE, meaning there are invalid entries, then Modbus requests are still accepted but the invalid entries will be skipped over and will occupy no registers in the mapping.

The following applies to user-mapped parameters:

- If the parameter has a data type that uses one byte then it will occupy the low byte of the Modbus register and the high byte will be zero, i.e. the register will not be sign extended.
- The word order of 32-bit parameters is determined by the inverter parameter 0657 High Word First.
- Writable 32-bit parameters will only accept a change in value if both registers mapped to the parameter are written to in the same request.
- String parameters are packed into the registers low byte first.
- Writable string parameters will only accept a change if the first register is included in the request. If the string is not null terminated, then a null termination will be added automatically.

Password Protection

Write access to parameters via the fixed mapping registers may be restricted by setting the parameter 0661 **Modbus TCP Password**. Note that there is no restriction to parameters via the user-defined mapping registers.

When this password is set to a value other than zero, writing to parameters will only be possible when the password is unlocked. If the password is not unlocked then writes will be ignored.

To unlock the password write to the Modbus register **0518** the value set in the parameter 0661 Modbus TCP Password. Write access will be available until a subsequent write to the Modbus register 0518 of value 0000.

Note:

- A read of Modbus register 0518 will always respond with a value of 0000 regardless of the password being locked or unlocked.
- Locking and unlocking the password will apply to all Modbus connections.
- When all Modbus connections are closed, write access will returned to the locked state if a password is set.

Supported Modbus Functions

Four Modbus functions are supported:

Read Holding Registers (#3)

This function allows multiple Input registers to be read. Up to 125 registers may be read. As the Holding registers and Input registers map to the same inverter parameters this will return the same values as the Read Input Registers function.

Read Input Registers (#4)

This function allows multiple Holding registers to be read. Up to 125 registers may be read. As the Holding registers and Input registers map to the same inverter parameters this will return the same values as the Read Holding Registers function.

Write Single Register (#6)

This function allows a single Holding register to be written to. Note that this function may only be used on registers that map to 1-byte or 2-byte inverter parameters. An attempt to write to a register that maps to a 4-byte parameter will have no effect on the parameter.

Write Multiple Registers (#16)

This function allows a contiguous block of Holding registers to be written to. Up to 120 registers may be written. Note that when writing to registers that map to 4-byte inverter parameters both registers must be written to. Writing to one-half of a 4-byte parameter will have no effect on the parameter.

Modbus Exception Codes

Three Modbus exception codes are supported:

Illegal Function (01)

The Modbus function is not supported by the slave.

Illegal Data Address (02)

If the register data address contained in the Modbus request maps to an inverter parameter that is outside the range of parameter numbers then this exception will occur.

Illegal Data Value (03)

If the number of bytes or words contained in the Modbus request field is out of range then this exception will occur.

Process Active & Lost Communications Trip

Process Active Flag

The Process Active flag is represented by the inverter parameter 0681 Process Active. This parameter changes to TRUE on the first valid Modbus request.

If the parameter 0660 Modbus Timeout is set to a non-zero value then the Process Active parameter will subsequently change to FALSE if a Modbus request is not received within the timeout period.

Trip

If enabled, a break in the Modbus communications can be used to generate a trip. The 0681 Process Active parameter is used to generate the trip. If this parameter transitions from TRUE to FALSE then a trip will event will be generated.

To enable the base communications Modbus trip, the BASE MODBUS bit set in the parameter 0876 Active Trips Lo. The parameter 0658 Process Timeout must be set to a value other than zero. For information on enabling trips see 11 Trips & Fault Finding.

Connection Timeout

The parameter 0680 Open Connections indicates the number of open connections to the inverter Modbus TCP server.

A connection receive timeout may be set using the parameter 0660 Modbus Conn Timeout. If this is set to a value other than zero, then the connection will be closed by the server if no data has been received within the timeout period. This is useful, for example, if the link between the server and client is lost, otherwise the connection may remain open indefinitely.

13.2 EtherNet/IP

The onboard Ethernet includes an EtherNet/IP adaptor (slave/server) for AC15 Frame 2 and above. EtherNet/IP is not available on Frame 1 products.

Features

The following EtherNet/IP features are implemented:

- 2 Class 1 I/O connection supported
- 2 Class 3 connections supported
- 2 TCP connections supported
- Assembly instance element size of 1 word
- One input assembly instance of up to 128 bytes
- One output assembly instance of up to 128 bytes
- Input mapping up to 32 parameters
- Output mapping up to 32 parameters
- Requested Packet Interval (RPI) down to 2ms
- Explicit access of parameters (read and write) via the Vendor object
- PCCC and DF1 is not included

Identity

The EtherNet/IP adapter has the following identity:

Vendor ID: 4 (Parker-Hannifin)Device Type: 0x002B (Generic)

Product Code: 0xAC20 (Parker AC20 Drive)
 Product Name: "Parker AC15/AC20 Drive"

Inverter Configuration

To enable the EtherNet/IP device set the parameter **0791 Fieldbus** to ETHERNET IP. A change of Fieldbus can only be done in Pre-Operational state.

Note the EtherNet/IP device will only operate when the inverter is the Operational state.

The current state of the EtherNet/IP device is given by the parameter 0868 Fieldbus State.

IP Settings

The IP settings are set up using the Ethernet parameters described Chapter 8.3 "Manual Ethernet Configuration" Manual Ethernet Configuration. The IP settings of the inverter cannot be set via the PLC. The current IP settings are monitored using the parameters:

Parameter tag	Parameter name
0651	IP Address
0652	Subnet Mask
0653	Gateway Address

Note:

The onboard Ethernet IP adaptor does NOT support DHCP addressing. Ensure that the Ethernet address of the inverter is set to a fixed address before selecting Ethernet IP as the fieldbus type. The inverter will display an alert message 'Config Fault' if Ethernet IP is selected without a fixed IP address being configured.

Parameter Mapping

The input and output assembly mappings of the inverter parameters are set in the parameters 0792 Input Mapping (PLC->inverter) and 0825 Output Mapping (inverter->PLC). Parameters created in the application may be added into the mapping. The mapping of each table ends on the first zero entry.

Parameter numbers may be entered directly into the mapping block or, with firmware version 1.2.1 onwards, DSELite links may be made be made between the output side of the block, and the input to a destination function block. The graphical links method provides a visual record of the connection and makes it easier to select the correct parameter to be mapped.

The total number of input and output bytes mapped depends on the number of parameters added to the mapping tables. All values are sent/read as 32 bit values (4 bytes). Thus, the number of input and output bytes is 4 times the number of parameters. Signed values are sign extended to 32 bits if the size is less than 4 bytes for outputs. The number of bytes used by each data type is summarized in the table.

AC15 Data Type	CIP type	Bytes
BOOL	BOOL	1
INT8	SINT	1
INT16	INT	2
INT32	DINT	4
UINT8	USINT	1
UINT16	UINT	2
UINT32	UDINT	4
REAL	REAL	4
ADDR	UDINT	4
DATE	UDINT	4
TOD	UDINT	4
DT	UDINT	4
DURATION	UDINT	4
BYTE	BYTE	1
WORD	WORD	2
DWORD	DWORD	4
PREF	UINT	2
STRING	SHORT_STRING	
ENUM	USINT	1
BIT16	WORD	2
BIT32	DWORD	4

For the input mapping each parameter must be read-writable. Read-only parameters, parameter arrays, configuration type parameters, string parameters, password parameters and reserved parameters are not permitted.

For the output mapping each parameter may be read-only or read-writable. Parameter arrays, string parameters and password parameters are not permitted.

If the input and output mappings have invalid entries then the parameter 0868 Fieldbus State will report ERROR and the inverter will not go into the Operational state. The parameter 0869 Fieldbus Diag can be used to determine which mapping table has an invalid entry.

Assembly Instances

The assembly instance numbers are:

Assembly Instance	Number
Input (T2O)	100
Output (O2T)	150
Input only	238
Listen Only	237

Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) File

The latest EtherNet/IP EDS file for the inverter may be downloaded from www.parker.com

Explicit Access of Parameters

Explicit access of the AC15 parameters is possible via the vendor specific object. Details of this are given in the section CIP Objects – Vendor Specific Object.

A parameter value may be read or written via Class 0x64, Attribute 0x5. The instance number is the same as the parameter number (PNO). The supported services are Get Attribute Single and Set Attribute Single. Strings parameters and parameter arrays are not supported!

Using a CoDeSys Based PLC

CoDeSys based PLCs can access parameters explicitly using the function blocks Get_Attribute_Single and Set_Attribute_Single from the library EtherNetIP Services.

Lost Communications Trip

A trip may be issued by the inverter on the loss of all Class1 connections of the EtherNet/IP adapter. To enable this, set Bit 29 - FIELDBUS in the parameter 0870 Enable Trips Lo.

Troubleshooting & Tips

The inverter fails to come out of configuration mode:

The input or output mapping tables have invalid parameter mappings. The parameter 0868 Fieldbus State will report ERROR. Check the parameter 0869 Fieldbus Diag to determine which mapping table has the incorrect mapping. Note the input mapping table may only contain read-writable parameters. The inverter will also not enter the operational state if the block has been configured using graphical links in DSELite (firmware version 1.2.1 and later), and a link has been made to the incorrect side of the block.

Failure to make a connection:

A connection between scanner and the adapter will not be made if:

- the input and output assembly data sizes of the scanner do not match the input and output mapping data sizes of the inverter
- the Requested Packet Interval (RPI) of the scanner is set to less than 1ms

Requested Packet Interval (RPI)

When mapping a large amount of data use an RPI of at least 10ms.

CIP Objects

The following CIP objects are supported:

- 0x01 Identity
- 0x02 Message Router
- 0x04 Assembly
- 0x06 Connection Manager
- 0x64 Vendor Specific
- 0xF5 TCP/IP Interface
- 0xF6 Ethernet Link

Class Attributes

Each object has the following class attributes.

Attribute	Description	Туре	Access
1	Revision	UINT	Get
2	Maximum Instance	UINT	Get
3	Number of Instances	UINT	Get
4	Optional Attribute List	UINT	Get
5	Optional Service List	UINT	Get
6	Maximum Class Attribute	UINT	Get
7	Maximum Instance Attribute		Get
Supported Service Code		Service Name	
0Eh		Get_Attribute_S	ingle

Identity Object - 01h

Instance	Attribute	Description	Type	Value	Access
1	1	Vendor	UINT	0x0004 (Parker Hannifin)	Get
	2	Device Type	UINT	0x002B (Generic)	Get
	3	Product Code	UINT	0xAC20	Get
	4	Product	UINT	0x0101 (minor/major)	Get
		Revision			
	5	Status	WORD	0	Get
	6	Serial Number	UDINT	Last 4 bytes of inverter MAC	Get
				address	
	7	Product Name	SHORT	"Parker AC15/AC20 Drive"	Get
			STRING		
Supported	Service Cod	de	Service Name		
01h	01h		Get Attribute All		
05h		·	Reset - Type 0 and Type 1 Reset are supported 1		
0Eh			Get_Attribute_Sin	gle	

Both Type 0 and Type 1 Reset will restart DHCP if enabled.

Message Router Object - 02h

Instance	Attribute	Description	Туре	Value	Access
1	1	Object List	-	-	Get
	2	Total	UINT	-	Get
		connections			
	3	Active	UINT	-	Get
		connections			
Supported Service Code		Service Name			
01h		Get_Attribute_All			
0Eh	0Eh		Get_Attribute_Single		

Assembly Object - 04h

Instance	Attribute	Description	Type	Value	Access
100	3	Input	USINT[128]	Parameter mapped values	Get
150	3	Output	USINT[128]	Parameter mapped values	Get/Set
Supported Service Code		Service Name			
0Eh		Get_Attribute_Single			
10h	0h Set_Attribute_Single				

Connection manager - 06h

There are no attributes for the Connection Manager.

TCP/IP Interface Object - F5h

Instance	Attribute	Description	Туре	Value	Access
1	1	Status	UÍNT	Interface Configuration not configured Interface Configuration comes from DHCP Interface Configuration comes from non-CIP settings	Get
	2	Configuration capability	DWORD	Bit 2 – DHCP capable (1) Bit 5 – non-CIP setting capable (1)	Get
	3	Configuration control	DWORD	 If DHCP is disabled then writing a value of 0 is allowed If DHCP is enabled then writing a value is 2 is allowed 	Get/Set
	4	Physical Link Object Structure of: Path Size Path	UINT Array of WORD	2 20F6h 2401h	Get
	5	Interface Configuration Structure of: IP Address Network Address Gateway Address Name Server Name Server Domain Server Size Domain Name	UDINT UDINT UDINT UDINT UDINT UDINT UINT STRING	Inverter IP address Inverter network mask Inverter gateway address 0 0 Returns the Domain Name if DHCP is enabled and the DHCP server has provided it.	Get
	6	Host Name Structure of: Size Host Name	UINT STRING	If DHCP is enabled and bound, returns the Host Name if the DHCP server has provided it, otherwise returns the default Host Name derived from the AC15 MAC address.	Get
	13	Encap TMO	UINT	Inactivity TMO seconds. On Type 1 Reset this value will revert to a value of 120.	Get/Set
Supported	Service Cod	de	Service Name		
01h			Get_Attribute_Al		
0Eh			Get_Attribute_Si		
10h			Set Attribute Si		
1011				J	

Ethernet Link Object - F6h

Instance	Attribute	Description	Туре	Value	Acces
					S
1	1	Interface Speed	UDINT	10 or 100	Get
2	2	Interface Flags	DWORD	Link status	Get
	3	Physical address	USINT[6]	MAC address	Get
	10	Interface label	SHORT	"Port 1" or "Port 2"	Get
			STRING		
	11	Interface capability			Get
		Structure of:			
		Capability bits	DWORD	Auto-negotiation and MDIX	
		Speed/duplex array	USINT	supported (6)	
		count		0	
Supported Service Code		Service Name)		
01h			Get_Attribute_	All	
0Eh			Get_Attribute_	Single	

Vendor Specific Object - 64h

The vendor specific object allows explicit access to AC15 parameters, including string parameters but excluding string arrays.

Instance	Attribute	Description	Туре	Access
PNO	1	Parameter Name	SHORT STRING	Get
	2	CIP data type ¹	USINT	Get
	3	Number of parameter elements ²	USINT	Get
	4	Parameter qualifier Bit 0: Gettable Bit 1: Settable	ВҮТЕ	Get
	5	Parameter value	Depends on parameter	Get/Set
	6	Parameter min value	Depends on parameter	Get
	7	Parameter max value	Depends on parameter	Get
Supported Service Code		Service Name		
01h			Get_Attribute_All	
0Eh	•		Get_Attribute_Single	

Equivalent CIP data types – Volume 1 CIP Specification, Chapter 5A 14.2.1.2

For a standard parameter the number of elements will be 1, for a parameter array it will be the number elements in the array, and for a string parameter it will be the maximum number of characters.

APPENDIX A: Data types

The relationship between AC15 parameters and Fieldbus data types is given in the table below.

AC15 Parameter		CIP	
Data Type	Description	Data Type	Bytes
BOOL	Boolean	BOOL	1
SINT	Short integer	SINT	1
INT	Integer	INT	2
DINT	Double integer	DINT	4
USINT	Unsigned short integer	USINT	1
UINT	Unsigned integer	UINT	2
UDINT	Unsigned double integer	UDINT	4
REAL	Floating point	FLOAT	4
TIME	Duration	UDINT	4
DATE	Date	UDINT	4
TIME_OF_DAY	Time of day	UDINT	4
DATE_AND_TIME	Date and time of day	UDINT	4
STRING	String	SHORT_STRING**	n
BYTE	Bit string length 8	USINT	1
WORD	Bit string length 16	UINT	2
DWORD	Bit string length 32	UDINT	4

^{**} SHORT STRING consists of a single-byte length field followed by the actual character data.

Arrays

Some parameters have multiple elements and are classified as parameter arrays. A parameter array has a parameter number that accesses the *whole* of the array. It also has parameter numbers that represent each *element* of the array.

Array Example: A parameter array called **VHZ_USER FREQ** has 11 elements.

Parameter Number	Parameter - VHZ_USER FREQ
0145	whole array
0146	index 0
0147	index 1
0157	index 10

If the parameter number of the whole array is 0145, then the parameter number of the element index 0 of the array will be 0146, the parameter number of the element index 01 will be 0147, etc.

String

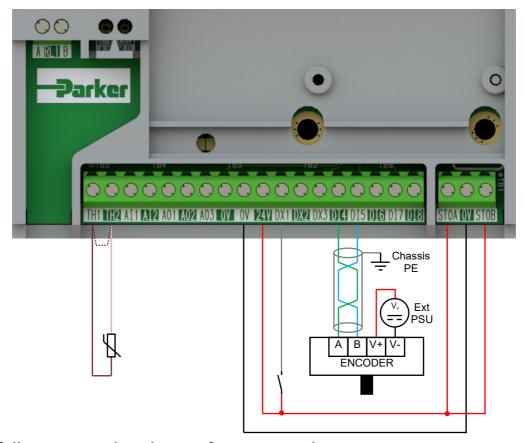
String parameters may be accessed via their parameter number. This is in the format of a SHORT_STRING. String arrays may not be accessed as a whole array but may be accessed via each element. Each element has its own parameter number.

APPENDIX B: Encoder Functions

Digital inputs 4 and 5 may be re-purposed as single-ended pulse encoder inputs. Take special care wiring the encoder to the drive due to the low level of the signals. All wiring to the drive should be made in screened cable. Use cable with an overall screen and a screen over each individual pair. The overall cable screen should be connected to the drive chassis.

The drive will operate with 5-24V encoders. Provide the correct supply for the encoder. Do not use the 10V or 24V supply from the drive.

The maximum input frequency of terminals DI4 and DI5 (ENCA and ENCB) is 100kHz



Speed follower example using a reference encoder

The minimum control connections required to run the drive with '**Remote**' operation, in a speed follower application are shown above.

The speed demand is generated from the encoder input in this application (i.e., for speed following).

The motor thermistor must be connected (or linked out), and the STO function needs to be disabled i.e., drive operational.

Note: It is recommended that the DSELite configuration tool is used to configure this application, as digital inputs 4 & 5 (DI4 & DI5) need to be disconnected from any other function in this mode of operation.

Configuration Setup:					
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection (link to TH2 if no motor thermistor fitted)				
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection.				
DX1	Run Forward: 24V digital input				
DI4	Encoder Channel A Input (High Speed), 5-24V				
DI5	Encoder Channel B Input (High Speed), 5-24V				
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)				

Top Level (Level 1) Menu **AC15 (Local Display)** 6901 (Remote Display) Set Setup **Inputs Outputs** 10 lob Base IO Encoder **ENC Enc CountReset** P0073 **Enc Invert** P0074 P0075 **Enc Lines** P0078 Enc Mode

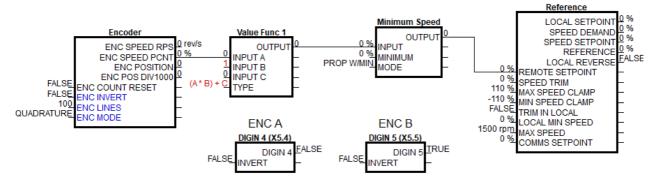
To enter the 'Encoder' information using a keypad, navigate to the 'Encoder' sub-menu:

P0081

Parameter Name	No.	Default Value	Range	Units	Туре	Writable
Enc CountReset	0073	0: FALSE	0: FALSE		BOOL	ALWAYS
			1: TRUE			
Enc Invert	0074	0: FALSE	0: FALSE		BOOL	STOPPED
			1: TRUE			
Enc Lines	0075	100	1 to 65535		UINT	STOPPED
Enc Mode	0078	0: Quadrature	0: Quadrature		ENUM	STOPPED
			1: Clock & Dir			
			2: Clock			
Enc Position	0081	0	-2147483648 to		DINT	NOT
			2147483648			

Enc Position

In the DSELite example below, parameter **0080 Enc Speed PCNT** gives an output of 100% when the measured encoder speed in rpm is equal to the parameter **0457 Max Speed**. It is therefore connected to a value function block to enable scaling between the source motor maximum speed, and the maximum speed of the motor being controlled. The result is then passed through the **Minimum Speed** function block to the **Remote Setpoint** parameter.



APPENDIX C: Parameters – Tag Number Order

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Type	Range	View
1	Language	Customise Menus	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
2	GKP View Level	Keypad	ENUM		OPERATOR
3	KPad/DSE Password	Кеураd	WORD		ENGINEER
10	Web Access	Web Server	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
30	Motor Type	Control Mode	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
31	Control Strategy	Control Mode	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
32	Control Type	Control Mode	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
34	Duty Selection	Control Mode	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
35	Atn Enable	Autotune	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
36	Atn Mode	Autotune	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
37	Atn Mag I Motor	Autotune	REAL	0.01 to 1000 A	TECHNICIAN
38	Atn Test Disable	Autotune	WORD		TECHNICIAN
39	Atn Ramp Time	Autotune	TIME	1 to 1000 s	TECHNICIAN
42	Atn PMAC Disable	Autotune	WORD		TECHNICIAN
43	Atn PMAC Ls Freq	Autotune	REAL	0 to 500 Hz	ENGINEER
44	Autotuned Speed	Autotune	REAL	-1 to 100000 rpm	TECHNICIAN
45	Braking Enable	Braking	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
46	Brake Power	Braking	REAL	0.1 to 510 kW	TECHNICIAN
47	Brake Overrating	Braking	REAL	1 to 40	TECHNICIAN
48	Brake Resistance	Braking	REAL	0.01 to 1000 Ohm	TECHNICIAN
50	Braking Active	Braking	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
54	Current Limit	Current Limit	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
55	Regen. Limit VHz	Current Limit	BOOL		ENGINEER
56	Current Lim Out	Current Limit	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
61	Predictive Term	Current Loop	BOOL		ENGINEER
69	VDC Lim Enable	DC Link Volt Lim	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
70	VDC Lim Level	DC Link Volt Lim	REAL	80 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
71	VDC Lim Active	DC Link Volt Lim	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
72	VDC Lim Output	DC Link Volt Lim	REAL		ENGINEER
73	Enc CountReset	Encoder	BOOL		OPERATOR
74	Enc Invert	Encoder	BOOL		OPERATOR
75	Enc Lines	Encoder	UINT	1 to 65535	OPERATOR
78	Enc Mode	Encoder	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
79	Enc Speed rps	Encoder	REAL		OPERATOR
80	Enc Speed pcnt	Encoder	REAL		OPERATOR
81	Enc Position	Encoder	DINT		OPERATOR
91	Reset Meter	Energy Meter	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
92	Power kW	Energy Meter	REAL	0 to 1000000 kW	TECHNICIAN
93	Power HP	Energy Meter	REAL	0 to 1000000 hp	TECHNICIAN
94	Reactive Power	Energy Meter	REAL	0 to 1000000 kVAr	TECHNICIAN
95	Energy kWh	Energy Meter	REAL	0 to 10000000 kWh	TECHNICIAN
97	Power Factor Est	Energy Meter	REAL	0.0 to 1.0	TECHNICIAN
98	PF Angle Est	Energy Meter	REAL	0 to 90 deg	TECHNICIAN

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
99	Force Fan On	Fan Control	BOOL		ENGINEER
100	Advanced Mode	Fan Control	BOOL		ENGINEER
101	DC Link Trim	Feedbacks	REAL	-20 to 20 V	TECHNICIAN
102	DC Link Voltage	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 1000 V	OPERATOR
103	Speed rpm	Feedbacks	REAL	-100000 to 100000 rpm	OPERATOR
104	Speed rps	Feedbacks	REAL	-1500 to 1500 rev/s	TECHNICIAN
105	Speed Percent	Feedbacks	REAL	-200 to 200 %	OPERATOR
106	DC Link Filtered	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 1000 V	TECHNICIAN
107	id	Feedbacks	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
108	iq	Feedbacks	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
109	Torque	Feedbacks	REAL	-600 to 600 %	OPERATOR
110	Field Current	Feedbacks	REAL	-200 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
111	Motor Cur Pcnt	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
112	Motor Current	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 2000 A	OPERATOR
113	Stack Rated Cur	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 2000 A	TECHNICIAN
114	Stack Current	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 500 %	TECHNICIAN
115	Motor Terminal V	Feedbacks	REAL	0 to 1000 V	TECHNICIAN
116	CPU Temperature	Feedbacks	REAL	-25 to 200 °C	TECHNICIAN
117	Heatsink Temp	Feedbacks	REAL	-25 to 200 °C	TECHNICIAN
118	Elec Rotor Speed	Feedbacks	REAL	-1500 to 1500 Hz	OPERATOR
121	Filter Type	Torque Dmd Filtr	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
122	Cut Off Freq	Torque Dmd Filtr	REAL	20 to 6000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
123	Frequency 1	Torque Dmd Filtr	REAL	20 to 6000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
124	Frequency 2	Torque Dmd Filtr	REAL	20 to 6000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
125	Factor	Torque Dmd Filtr	REAL	0.10 to 1.00	TECHNICIAN
126	VHz Shape	Fluxing VHz	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
127	Fixed Boost	Fluxing VHz	REAL	0 to 25 %	TECHNICIAN
128	Auto Boost	Fluxing VHz	REAL	0 to 25 %	TECHNICIAN
130	Accel Boost	Fluxing VHz	REAL	0 to 25 %	TECHNICIAN
131	Energy Saving	Fluxing VHz	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
133	VHz User Freq	Fluxing VHz	REAL	0 to 100 %	ENGINEER
145	VHz User Volt	Fluxing VHz	REAL	0 to 100 %	ENGINEER
157	Vsd Demand	Fluxing VHz	REAL		TECHNICIAN
158	Vsq Demand	Fluxing VHz	REAL		TECHNICIAN
159	VHz Fly Enable	Flycatching	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
160	VC Fly Enable	Flycatching	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
161	Fly Start Mode	Flycatching	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
162	Fly Search Mode	Flycatching	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
163	Fly Search Volts	Flycatching	REAL	0 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
164	Fly Search Boost	Flycatching	REAL	0 to 50 %	TECHNICIAN
165	Fly Search Time	Flycatching	TIME	0.1 to 60 s	TECHNICIAN
166	Fly Min Speed	Flycatching	REAL	0 to 500 Hz	TECHNICIAN
167	Fly Reflux Time	Flycatching	TIME	0.1 to 10 s	TECHNICIAN
175	Mag Current	Induction Motor	REAL	0.05 to 10000 A	ENGINEER
176	Rotor Time Const	Induction Motor	TIME	.005 to 100 s	ENGINEER

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
177	Leakage Induct	Induction Motor	REAL	0.001 to 1000 mH	ENGINEER
178	Stator Res	Induction Motor	REAL	0.0001 to 100 Ohm	ENGINEER
179	Rotor Res	Induction Motor	REAL	0.0001 to 100.00 Ohm	ENGINEER
180	Mutual Induct	Induction Motor	REAL	0.01 to 10000 mH	ENGINEER
182	IM Wiring	Induction Motor	BOOL		OPERATOR
203	Inj Deflux Time	Inj Braking	TIME	0.1 to 20.0 s	TECHNICIAN
204	Inj Max. Freq.	Inj Braking	REAL		ENGINEER
205	Inj Current Lim	Inj Braking	REAL	50 to 150 %	TECHNICIAN
206	DC Pulse	Inj Braking	TIME	.1 to 100 s	TECHNICIAN
207	Final DC Pulse	Inj Braking	TIME	.1 to 10 s	TECHNICIAN
208	DC Current Level	Inj Braking	REAL	0 to 25 %	TECHNICIAN
209	Inj Timeout	Inj Braking	TIME	0 to 600 s	TECHNICIAN
210	Inj Base Volts	Inj Braking	REAL	0.1 to 115.47 %	TECHNICIAN
211	Inv Time Delay	Motor Load	TIME	6 to 60 s	TECHNICIAN
212	100% Mot Current	Motor Load	REAL	0 to 10000 A	TECHNICIAN
213	Inv Time Overld	Motor Load	REAL	0 to 500 %	TECHNICIAN
214	Inv Time Warning	Motor Load	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
215	Inv Time Active	Motor Load	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
216	Inv Time Output	Motor Load	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
217	Mot I2T TC	Motor Load	TIME	0 to 1000000	TECHNICIAN
218	Mot I2T Output	Motor Load	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
219	Mot I2T Active	Motor Load	BOOL		OPERATOR
220	Mot I2T Warning	Motor Load	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
221	Mot I2T Enable	Motor Load	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
222	Rated Current	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	.05 to 10000.0 A	TECHNICIAN
223	Base Voltage	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	1 to 1000 V	TECHNICIAN
224	Base Frequency	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	1 to 1000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
225	Motor Poles	Motor Nameplate (IM)	UINT	2 to 1000	TECHNICIAN
226	Nameplate Speed	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	0 to 100000 rpm	TECHNICIAN
227	Motor Power	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	0 to 3000 kW	TECHNICIAN
228	Power Factor	Motor Nameplate (IM)	REAL	0 to 1	TECHNICIAN
229	Auto Pole Pairs	Motor Nameplate (IM)	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
230	Motor Connection	Motor Nameplate (IM)	ENUM	Star/Delta	TECHNICIAN
231	MSeq Main State	Motor Sequencer	ENUM		ENGINEER
232	MSeq Post Run	Motor Sequencer	ENUM		ENGINEER
233	MSeq Pre Run	Motor Sequencer	ENUM		ENGINEER
234	MSeq Deflx State	Motor Sequencer	ENUM		ENGINEER
254	MRAS Start Cur	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL	0 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
256	Switchover Enbl.	MRAS (IM SVC)	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
258	MRAS Speed Pcnt	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL		TECHNICIAN
259	MRAS Speed RPM	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL		TECHNICIAN
261	MRAS Field Freq	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL		TECHNICIAN
262	MRAS Torque Pcnt	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL		TECHNICIAN
263	MRAS Torque	MRAS (IM SVC)	REAL		TECHNICIAN
264	MRAS Low Speed	MRAS (IM SVC)	BOOL		ENGINEER

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
267	Stack Frequency	PatternGen (PWM)	REAL	1.0 to 16 kHz	ENGINEER
268	Random Pattern	PatternGen (PWM)	BOOL		ENGINEER
269	Deflux Delay	PatternGen (PWM)	TIME	0 to 60	ENGINEER
272	PWM CPU Overhead	PatternGen (PWM)	REAL	0 to 100 %	ENGINEER
279	PMAC Max Speed	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	1 to 100000.0 rpm	TECHNICIAN
280	PMAC Max Current	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.05 to 5000 A	TECHNICIAN
281	PMAC Rated Cur	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.05 to 5000 A	TECHNICIAN
282	PMAC Rated Torq	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.01 to 30000.0 Nm	TECHNICIAN
283	PMAC Motor Poles	PMAC Motor Data	UINT	2 to 400	TECHNICIAN
284	PMAC Back EMF Ke	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.1 to 30000 V	TECHNICIAN
285	PMAC Winding Res	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.001 to 500.0 Ohm	TECHNICIAN
286	PMAC Winding Ind	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.01 to 1000.0 mH	TECHNICIAN
287	PMAC Torque KT	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.01 to 10000.0 Nm/A	TECHNICIAN
288	PMAC Mot Inertia	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	0.0001 to 100.0 kgm²	TECHNICIAN
289	PMAC Therm TC	PMAC Motor Data	TIME	1 to 10000	TECHNICIAN
290	PMAC Base Volt	PMAC Motor Data	REAL	1 to 1000 V	TECHNICIAN
291	PMAC Wiring	PMAC Motor Data	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
293	Phase Advance	PMAC Motor Adv	REAL	0 to 90 deg	ENGINEER
294	Max Phase	PMAC Motor Adv	REAL	0 to 90 deg	ENGINEER
295	PMAC Auto Values	PMAC SVC	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
296	PMAC LPF Speed	PMAC SVC	REAL	0 to 10000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
297	PMAC P Gain	PMAC SVC	REAL	0 to 10000	TECHNICIAN
298	PMAC I Gain	PMAC SVC	REAL	0 to 10000 Hz	TECHNICIAN
306	PMAC Start Mode	PMAC SVC	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
307	PMAC Start Time	PMAC SVC	TIME	0 to 1000	TECHNICIAN
308	PMAC Start Cur	PMAC SVC	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
309	PMAC Start Speed	PMAC SVC	REAL	0 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
310	Pwrl Enable	Power Loss	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
311	Pwrl Threshold	Power Loss	REAL	50 to 68 %	TECHNICIAN
312	Pwrl Ctrl Band	Power Loss	REAL	0 to 20 %	TECHNICIAN
313	Pwrl Accel Rate	Power Loss	REAL	1 to 500 Hz/s	TECHNICIAN
314	Pwrl Decel Rate	Power Loss	REAL	1 to 500 Hz/s	TECHNICIAN
315	Pwrl Time Limit	Power Loss	TIME	0 to 300	TECHNICIAN
316	Pwrl Active	Power Loss	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
317	Slew Rate Enable	Slew Rate	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
318	Slew Accel Limit	Slew Rate	REAL	1 to 1200 Hz/s	TECHNICIAN
319	Slew Decel Limit	Slew Rate	REAL	1 to 1200 Hz/s	TECHNICIAN
320	Slew Rate Output	Slew Rate	REAL		TECHNICIAN
321	SLP Enable	Slip Compensation	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
322	SLP Motoring Lim	Slip Compensation	REAL	0 to 600 rpm	TECHNICIAN
323	SLP Regen Lim	Slip Compensation	REAL	0 to 600 rpm	TECHNICIAN
326	SLP Output	Slip Compensation	REAL		TECHNICIAN
327	Direct IP Select	Spd Direct Input	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
328	Direct IP Ratio	Spd Direct Input	REAL	-10 to 10	TECHNICIAN
329	Direct IP Hi Lim	Spd Direct Input	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
330	Direct IP Lo Lim	Spd Direct Input	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
332	Speed Loop Auto	Speed Loop	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
333	Ratio JLoad:JMot	Speed Loop	REAL	0.1 to 100	TECHNICIAN
334	Loop Bandwidth	Speed Loop	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
335	Speed Prop gain	Speed Loop	REAL	0 to 3000	TECHNICIAN
336	Speed Int Time	Speed Loop	TIME	0.001 to 15	TECHNICIAN
337	Speed Int Defeat	Speed Loop	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
338	Speed Int Preset	Speed Loop	REAL	-600 to 600	TECHNICIAN
339	Spd Dmd Filter	Speed Loop	REAL	0 to 50 ms	TECHNICIAN
340	Spd Fbk Filter	Speed Loop	REAL	0 to 25 ms	TECHNICIAN
341	Aux Torq Dmd	Speed Loop	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
343	Adaptive Thres	Speed Loop	REAL	0 to 10 %	TECHNICIAN
344	Adaptive P gain	Speed Loop	REAL	0 to 300	TECHNICIAN
345	Speed Pos Lim	Speed Loop	REAL	-110 to 110 %	TECHNICIAN
346	Speed Neg Lim	Speed Loop	REAL	-110 to 110 %	TECHNICIAN
347	Torq Dmd Isolate	Speed Loop	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
348	Speed Limiter	Speed Loop	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
349	Total Demand RPM	Speed Loop	REAL	-100000 to 100000 rpm	TECHNICIAN
350	Total Demand %	Speed Loop	REAL	-200 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
351	Speed Loop Error	Speed Loop	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
352	Speed PI Output	Speed Loop	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
353	Speed Limiter On	Speed Loop	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
354	STB Enable	Stabilisation	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
361	Aiming Point	Stack Inv Time	REAL	0 to 125.0 %	TECHNICIAN
362	Inv Time Up Rate	Stack Inv Time	TIME	0 to 120	ENGINEER
363	Inv Time Dn Rate	Stack Inv Time	TIME	0 to 120	ENGINEER
364	100% Stk Current	Stack Inv Time	REAL	0 to 10000 A	TECHNICIAN
365	Long Load Level	Stack Inv Time	REAL	0 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
366	Long Load Time	Stack Inv Time	TIME	0 to 100000	TECHNICIAN
367	Short Load Level	Stack Inv Time	REAL	0 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
368	Short Load Time	Stack Inv Time	TIME	0 to 10000	TECHNICIAN
369	Inv Time Output	Stack Inv Time	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
370	Inv Time Warning	Stack Inv Time	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
371	Inv Time Active	Stack Inv Time	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
384	Pos Torque Lim	Torque Limit	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
385	Neg Torque Lim	Torque Limit	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
386	Main Torque Lim	Torque Limit	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
387	Fast Stop T_Lim	Torque Limit	REAL	0 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
388	Symmetric T_Lim	Torque Limit	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
389	Actual T_Lim Pos	Torque Limit	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
390	Actual T_Lim Neg	Torque Limit	REAL	-600 to 600 %	TECHNICIAN
399	Actual Tr Const	Tr Adaptation	REAL	1 to 100000 ms	ENGINEER
400	Tr Adaptation OP	Tr Adaptation	REAL	1 to 500 %	ENGINEER
401	Tr Terminal Volt	Tr Adaptation	REAL	0 to 1000 V	ENGINEER
402	Max Available V	Tr Adaptation	REAL	0 to 10000 V	ENGINEER

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
403	Voltage Mode	Voltage Control	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
406	Motor Base Volts	Voltage Control	REAL	0 to 115.47 %	TECHNICIAN
420	AR Enable	Auto Restart	BOOL		OPERATOR
421	AR Mode	Auto Restart	ENUM		OPERATOR
422	AR Max Restarts	Auto Restart	USINT	1 to 20	OPERATOR
423	AR Trip Mask Lo	Auto Restart	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
424	AR Trip Mask Hi	Auto Restart	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
425	AR First Delay	Auto Restart	TIME	0.0 to 3600.0 s	OPERATOR
426	AR Delay	Auto Restart	TIME	0.0 to 3600.0 s	OPERATOR
427	AR Trip Msk B Lo	Auto Restart	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
428	AR Trip Msk B Hi	Auto Restart	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
429	AR First Delay B	Auto Restart	TIME	0.0 to 3600.0 s	OPERATOR
430	AR Delay B	Auto Restart	TIME	0.0 to 3600.0 s	OPERATOR
431	AR Active	Auto Restart	BOOL		OPERATOR
432	AR Pending	Auto Restart	BOOL		OPERATOR
433	AR Remaining	Auto Restart	USINT	0 to 20	OPERATOR
434	AR Time Left	Auto Restart	TIME	0.0 to 3600.0 s	OPERATOR
435	Comms Timeout	Comms Control	REAL	0 to 600 s	ENGINEER
436	Comms Command	Comms Control	WORD		TECHNICIAN
437	Comms Seq	Comms Control	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
438	Comms Ref	Comms Control	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
439	Activate	Fire Mode	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
440	Setpoint	Fire Mode	REAL	-100 to 100	TECHNICIAN
442	Restart Delay	Fire Mode	TIME	0.1 to 60.0 s	TECHNICIAN
443	Activated	Fire Mode	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
444	Ready	Fire Mode	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
447	Power Up Mode	Local Control	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
451	Remote Setpoint	Reference	REAL	-110 to 110 %	OPERATOR
452	Speed Trim	Reference	REAL	-300 to 300 %	OPERATOR
453	Max Speed Clamp	Reference	REAL	0 to 110 %	OPERATOR
454	Min Speed Clamp	Reference	REAL	-110 to 0 %	OPERATOR
455	Trim in Local	Reference	BOOL		OPERATOR
456	Local Min Speed	Reference	REAL	0 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
457	Max Speed	Reference	REAL	0.1 to 100000 rpm	TECHNICIAN
458	Comms Setpoint	Reference	REAL	-110 to 110 %	TECHNICIAN
459	Local Setpoint	Reference	REAL	0 to 100 %	OPERATOR
460	Speed Demand	Reference	REAL	-200 to 200 %	OPERATOR
461	Speed Setpoint	Reference	REAL	-200 to 200 %	TECHNICIAN
462	Reference	Reference	REAL	-110 to 110 %	OPERATOR
464	Local Reverse	Reference	BOOL		OPERATOR
465	Ramp Type	Reference Ramp	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
466	Accel Time	Reference Ramp	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN
467	Decel Time	Reference Ramp	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN
468	Symmetric Mode	Reference Ramp	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
469	Symmetric Time	Reference Ramp	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
470	Sramp Accel	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s²	OPERATOR
471	Sramp Decel	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s²	TECHNICIAN
472	Sramp Jerk 1	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s³	TECHNICIAN
473	Sramp Jerk 2	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s³	TECHNICIAN
474	Sramp Jerk 3	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s³	TECHNICIAN
475	Sramp Jerk 4	Reference Ramp	REAL	0 to 100 %/s³	TECHNICIAN
476	Sramp Continuous	Reference Ramp	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
477	Ramp Hold	Reference Ramp	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
478	Ramping Active	Reference Ramp	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
480	Jog Setpoint	Reference Jog	REAL	0 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
481	Jog Accel Time	Reference Jog	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN
482	Jog Decel Time	Reference Jog	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN
483	Run Stop Mode	Reference Stop	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
484	Ramp Stop Time	Reference Stop	TIME	0 to 600 s	TECHNICIAN
485	Stop Zero Speed	Reference Stop	REAL	0 to 100 %	TECHNICIAN
486	Stop Delay	Reference Stop	TIME	0 to 30 s	TECHNICIAN
487	Fast Stop Limit	Reference Stop	TIME	0 to 3000 s	TECHNICIAN
488	Fast Stop Time	Reference Stop	TIME	0 to 600 s	TECHNICIAN
489	Final Stop Rate	Reference Stop	REAL	1 to 4800 Hz/s	TECHNICIAN
490	Run Forward	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
491	Run Reverse	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
492	Not Stop	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
493	Jog	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
494	Drive Enable	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
495	Not Fast Stop	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
496	Not Coast Stop	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
497	Remote Reverse	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
498	Rem Trip Reset	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
499	Trip Rst by Run	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
500	Power Up Start	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
501	External Trip	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
502	Local	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
503	Start Delay	Sequencing	TIME	0 to 30 s	TECHNICIAN
504	SwitchOn Timeout	Sequencing	TIME	0.0 to 100.0 s	TECHNICIAN
505	Remote Command	Sequencing	WORD		TECHNICIAN
506	Control Word	Sequencing	WORD		TECHNICIAN
507	Status Word	Sequencing	WORD		TECHNICIAN
508	Tripped	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
509	Running	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
510	Jogging	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
511	Stopping	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
512	Output Contactor	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
513	Switch On Enable	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
514	Switched On	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
515	Ready	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
516	System Reset	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
517	Sequencing State	Sequencing	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
518	Remote Rev Out	Sequencing	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
519	Healthy	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
520	Fan Running	Sequencing	BOOL		OPERATOR
530	Anin 1 Scale	Anin 1	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
531	Anin 1 Offset	Anin 1	REAL	-300 to 300 %	OPERATOR
532	Anin 1 Type	Anin 1	ENUM		OPERATOR
533	Break Value	Anin 1	REAL	-100 to 100 %	OPERATOR
534	Anin 1 Value	Anin 1	REAL		OPERATOR
535	Anin 1 Break	Anin 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
536	Anin 2 Scale	Anin 2	REAL	-300 to 300 %	OPERATOR
537	Anin 2 Offset	Anin 2	REAL	-300 to 300 %	OPERATOR
538	Anin 2 Type	Anin 2	ENUM		OPERATOR
539	Break Value	Anin 2	REAL	-100 to 100 %	OPERATOR
540	Anin 2 Value	Anin 2	REAL		OPERATOR
541	Anin 2 Break	Anin 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
558	Anout 1 Value	Anout 1	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
559	Anout 1 Scale	Anout 1	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
560	Anout 1 Offset	Anout 1	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
561	Anout 1 Abs	Anout 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
562	Anout 1 Type	Anout 1	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
563	Anout 2 Value	Anout 2	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
564	Anout 2 Scale	Anout 2	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
565	Anout 2 Offset	Anout 2	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
566	Anout 2 Abs	Anout 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
567	Anout 2 Type	Anout 2	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
568	Anout 3 Value	Anout 3	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
569	Anout 3 Scale	Anout 3	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
570	Anout 3 Offset	Anout 3	REAL	-300.00 to 300.00 %	OPERATOR
571	Anout 3 Abs	Anout 3	BOOL		OPERATOR
572	Anout 3 Type	Anout 3	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
583	Digin Pull Up	Digital Inputs	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
584	Digin Invert	Digital Inputs	WORD		OPERATOR
585	Digin 01 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
586	Digin 02 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
587	Digin 03 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
588	Digin 04 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
589	Digin 05 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
590	Digin 06 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
591	Digin 07 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
592	Digin 08 Invert	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
597	Digin 01	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
598	Digin 02	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
599	Digin 03	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
600	Digin 04	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
601	Digin 05	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
602	Digin 06	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
603	Digin 07	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
604	Digin 08	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
609	STO Inactive	Digital Inputs	BIT		OPERATOR
610	Digin Word	Digital Inputs	WORD		OPERATOR
611	Digout 01	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
612	Digout 02	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
616	Relay 01	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
618	Digout 01 Invert	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
619	Digout 02 Invert	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
623	Relay 01 Invert	Digital Outputs	BIT		OPERATOR
625	Digout Word	Digital Outputs	WORD		OPERATOR
626	Digout Invert	Digital Outputs	WORD		OPERATOR
640	Address Method	Ethernet	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
641	Set IP Address	Ethernet	ADDR		TECHNICIAN
642	Set Subnet Mask	Ethernet	ADDR		TECHNICIAN
643	Set Gateway Addr	Ethernet	ADDR		TECHNICIAN
644	Last Auto IP	Ethernet	ADDR		ENGINEER
645	Address Is Temp	Ethernet	BOOL		ENGINEER
646	MAC Address	Ethernet	STRING		TECHNICIAN
651	IP Address	Ethernet	ADDR		OPERATOR
652	Subnet Mask	Ethernet	ADDR		OPERATOR
653	Gateway Address	Ethernet	ADDR		OPERATOR
654	Ethernet Link	Ethernet	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
655	Ethernet State	Ethernet	ENUM		OPERATOR
656	Max Connections	Modbus	USINT	0 to 3	TECHNICIAN
657	High Word First	Modbus	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
658	Process Timeout	Modbus	TIME	0 to 65	TECHNICIAN
659	Process Actv Reg	Modbus	UINT		TECHNICIAN
660	Modbus Timeout	Modbus	TIME	0 to 100000	TECHNICIAN
662	Mbus Mapping	Modbus	PREF		TECHNICIAN
661	Modbus Password	Modbus	WORD		TECHNICIAN
679	Mapping Valid	Modbus	BOOL		OPERATOR
680	Open Connections	Modbus	USINT		OPERATOR
681	Process Active	Modbus	BOOL		OPERATOR
682	Web Password	Web Server	STRING		ENGINEER
686	Web View Level	Web Server	ENUM		OPERATOR
688	Web Connections	Web Server	USINT		ENGINEER
689	DSE Connections	Web Server	USINT		TECHNICIAN
690	Scope Connection	Web Server	USINT		TECHNICIAN
791	Fieldbus	Fieldbus	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
792	Input Mapping	Fieldbus	PREF		TECHNICIAN
825	Out Mapping	Fieldbus	PREF		TECHNICIAN

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
868	Fieldbus State	Fieldbus	ENUM		OPERATOR
869	Fieldbus Diag	Fieldbus	ENUM		OPERATOR
870	Enable Trips Lo	Trips Status	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
871	Enable Trips Hi	Trips Status	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
872	Display Warnings	Trips Status	BOOL		OPERATOR
873	Show Warnings Lo	Trips Status	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
874	Show Warnings Hi	Trips Status	DWORD		TECHNICIAN
876	Active Trips Lo	Trips Status	DWORD		OPERATOR
877	Active Trips Hi	Trips Status	DWORD		OPERATOR
878	Warnings Lo	Trips Status	DWORD		OPERATOR
879	Warnings Hi	Trips Status	DWORD		OPERATOR
880	First Trip	Trips Status	ENUM		OPERATOR
881	Trip A1	App Trips	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
882	Trip A2	App Trips	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
883	Trip A3	App Trips	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
884	Trip A4	App Trips	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
885	Spd Error Enable	Speed Error Trip	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
886	Spd Error Level	Speed Error Trip	REAL	0.0 to 100.0 %	TECHNICIAN
887	Spd Error Delay	Speed Error Trip	TIME	0 to 2000	TECHNICIAN
888	Stall Limit Type	Stall Trip	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
889	Stall Time	Stall Trip	TIME	0.1 to 2000	TECHNICIAN
890	Stall Torq Trip	Stall Trip	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
891	Stall Cur Trip	Stall Trip	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
892	Thermistor Type	Thermistor Trip	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
893	VDC Ripple Filt TC	VDC Ripple	TIME	0.1 to 100	ENGINEER
894	VDC Ripple Hyst	VDC Ripple	REAL	0 to 50 V	ENGINEER
895	VDC Sample Time	VDC Ripple	TIME	0.003 to 0.1	ENGINEER
898	VDC Ripple Level	VDC Ripple	REAL	0 to 500 V	ENGINEER
899	VDC Ripple Filtered	VDC Ripple	REAL	0 to 500 V	TECHNICIAN
900	Recent Trips	Trips History	ENUM		OPERATOR
920	OPER. Passwrd On	Keypad	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
921	Local Passwrd On	Keypad	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
922	TECHN. Passwrd	Keypad	WORD		OPERATOR
923	ENGINEER Passwrd	Keypad	WORD		TECHNICIAN
924	Display Timeout	Keypad	TIME	0 to 86400 s	TECHNICIAN
925	Enabled Keys	Keypad	WORD		TECHNICIAN
926	Run Key Action	Keypad	ENUM		OPERATOR
927	Key Data	Keypad	WORD		TECHNICIAN
928	Enable Auto Save	Customise Menus	BOOL		ENGINEER
929	Auto Hide	Customise Menus	BOOL		ENGINEER
930	Operator Menu (V1.1)	Customise Menus	PREF		OPERATOR
931	Parameter	Operator Menu 1	PREF		TECHNICIAN
962	Parameter	Operator Menu 32	PREF		TECHNICIAN
963	Save is Required	Customise Menus	BOOL		TECHNICIAN

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
968	Filter Display	Customise Menus	BOOL		OPERATOR
970	Target State	Device State	ENUM		OPERATOR
971	Actual State	Device State	ENUM		OPERATOR
972	Config Fault	Device State	ENUM		OPERATOR
973	RTA Code	Device State	UINT		OPERATOR
974	RTA Data	Device State	DWORD		OPERATOR
975	RTA Thread	Device State	SINT		OPERATOR
976	Reset to Default	Device Commands	BOOL		ENGINEER
977	Save All	Device Commands	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
978	Upgrade Firmware	Device Commands	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
979	Reset Processor	Device Commands	BOOL		ENGINEER
1000	Drive Name	Drive Info	STRING		TECHNICIAN
1005	Frame Size	Drive Info	USINT	0 to 10	OPERATOR
1006	Nominal Supply	Drive Info	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1007	Firmware Version	Drive Info	STRING		OPERATOR
1013	Boot Version	Drive Info	STRING		ENGINEER
1015	Boot Version Num	Drive Info	WORD		ENGINEER
1016	Power Stack	Drive Info	ENUM		ENGINEER
1017	Ctrl Board Age	Runtime Statistics	UDINT		OPERATOR
1018	Time Since Reset	Runtime Statistics	TIME		TECHNICIAN
1019	HV SMPS Up Time	Runtime Statistics	UDINT		TECHNICIAN
1020	HV Power On Cnt	Runtime Statistics	UINT		TECHNICIAN
1021	Motor Run Time	Runtime Statistics	UDINT		TECHNICIAN
1022	Motor Start Cnt	Runtime Statistics	UDINT		TECHNICIAN
1049	Preset I Mag Mot	Autotune	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
1071	Save Pcode Data	Product Data	BOOL		ENGINEER
1072	Stack ID	Product Data	UINT		ENGINEER
1073	Serial Number	Product Data	STRING		OPERATOR
1077	OEM ID	Product Data	UINT		ENGINEER
1078	Build Flags	Product Data	WORD		ENGINEER
1079	Prod Data Key	Product Data	DWORD		ENGINEER
1083	Clone Filename	Clone	STRING		TECHNICIAN
1087	Clone Direction	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1088	Restore Mode	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1089	Stack Parameters	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1090	Motor Parameters	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1091	Configuration	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1093	Clone Start	Clone	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
1094	Clone Status	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1105	Keypad Test Code	Production Test	USINT		OPERATOR
1110	Clone LastResult	Clone	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1150	Application	App Config	ENUM		TECHNICIAN
1151	Load Application	App Config	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
1152	Application Lock	App Config	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
1164	Config Id	App Config	UDINT		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
1165	Config Revision	App Config	INT		OPERATOR
1166	Config Filename	App Config	STRING		OPERATOR
1174	Level	At Load	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1175	Absolute	At Load	BOOL		OPERATOR
1176	At Or Above Load	At Load	BOOL		OPERATOR
1177	Hysteresis	At Speed	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1178	At Speed	At Speed	BOOL		OPERATOR
1179	Start	Auto Circulate	BOOL		OPERATOR
1180	Continue	Auto Circulate	BOOL		OPERATOR
1181	Stages	Auto Circulate	USINT	2 to 8	OPERATOR
1182	Cycles	Auto Circulate	UINT		OPERATOR
1183	Keep Running	Auto Circulate	BOOL		OPERATOR
1184	Running Time	Auto Circulate	REAL	0.1 to 3000.0 s	OPERATOR
1193	Stop Time	Auto Circulate	REAL	0.0 to 3000.0 s	OPERATOR
1202	Run	Auto Circulate	BOOL		OPERATOR
1203	Stage	Auto Circulate	USINT		OPERATOR
1204	Cycle	Auto Circulate	UDINT		OPERATOR
1205	On Load	Brake Control	REAL	0.0 to 150.0 %	OPERATOR
1206	On Frequency	Brake Control	REAL	0.0 to 500.0 Hz	OPERATOR
1207	Off Frequency	Brake Control	REAL	0.0 to 500.0 Hz	OPERATOR
1208	On Hold Time	Brake Control	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 s	OPERATOR
1209	Off Hold Time	Brake Control	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 s	OPERATOR
1210	Release	Brake Control	BOOL		OPERATOR
1211	Hold	Brake Control	BOOL		OPERATOR
1212	Input	Demultiplexer 1	WORD		OPERATOR
1213	Output 0	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1214	Output 1	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1215	Output 2	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1216	Output 3	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1217	Output 4	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1218	Output 5	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1219	Output 6	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1220	Output 7	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1221	Output 8	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1222	Output 9	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1223	Output 10	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1224	Output 11	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1225	Output 12	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1226	Output 13	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1227	Output 14	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1228	Output 15	Demultiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1229	Input	Demultiplexer 2	WORD		OPERATOR
1230	Output 0	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1231	Output 1	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1232	Output 2	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
1233	Output 3	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1234	Output 4	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1235	Output 5	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1236	Output 6	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1237	Output 7	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1238	Output 8	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1239	Output 9	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1240	Output 10	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1241	Output 11	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1242	Output 12	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1243	Output 13	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1244	Output 14	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1245	Output 15	Demultiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1246	Source	Link 1	PREF		ENGINEER
1247	Destination	Link 1	PREF		ENGINEER
1644	Source	Link 200	PREF		ENGINEER
1645	Destination	Link 200	PREF		ENGINEER
1646	Input A	Logic Func 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1647	Input B	Logic Func 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1648	Input C	Logic Func 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1649	Туре	Logic Func 1	ENUM		OPERATOR
1650	Output	Logic Func 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1651	Input A	Logic Func 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1652	Input B	Logic Func 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1653	Input C	Logic Func 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1654	Туре	Logic Func 2	ENUM		OPERATOR
1655	Output	Logic Func 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1791	Input A	Logic Func 30	BOOL		OPERATOR
1792	Input B	Logic Func 30	BOOL		OPERATOR
1793	Input C	Logic Func 30	BOOL		OPERATOR
1794	Туре	Logic Func 30	ENUM		OPERATOR
1795	Output	Logic Func 30	BOOL		OPERATOR
1796	Input	Minimum Speed	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1797	Minimum	Minimum Speed	REAL	-100.0 to 100.0 %	OPERATOR
1798	Mode	Minimum Speed	ENUM		OPERATOR
1799	Output	Minimum Speed	REAL		OPERATOR
1800	Input 0	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1801	Input 1	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1802	Input 2	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1803	Input 3	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1804	Input 4	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1805	Input 5	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1806	Input 6	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
1807	Input 7	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1808	Input 8	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1809	Input 9	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1810	Input 10	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1811	Input 11	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1812	Input 12	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1813	Input 13	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1814	Input 14	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1815	Input 15	Multiplexer 1	BIT		OPERATOR
1816	Output	Multiplexer 1	WORD		OPERATOR
1817	Input 0	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1818	Input 1	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1819	Input 2	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1820	Input 3	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1821	Input 4	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1822	Input 5	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1823	Input 6	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1824	Input 7	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1825	Input 8	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1826	Input 9	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1827	Input 10	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1828	Input 11	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1829	Input 12	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1830	Input 13	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1831	Input 14	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1832	Input 15	Multiplexer 2	BIT		OPERATOR
1833	Output	Multiplexer 2	WORD		OPERATOR
1834	Stage Select	Multi-Stage Speed	USINT	0 to 15	OPERATOR
1835	Stage Mode	Multi-Stage Speed	BOOL		OPERATOR
1836	Speed	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1852	Reverse	Multi-Stage Speed	BOOL		OPERATOR
1868	Accel Time	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL	0.0 to 3000.0 s	OPERATOR
1884	Decel Time	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL	0.0 to 3000.0 s	OPERATOR
1900	Speed Output	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL		OPERATOR
1901	Reverse Output	Multi-Stage Speed	BOOL		OPERATOR
1902	Accel Time OP	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL		OPERATOR
1903	Decel Time OP	Multi-Stage Speed	REAL		OPERATOR
1904	Setpoint	PID 1	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1905	Feedback	PID 1	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1906	Feed Fwd	PID 1	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1907	Feedback Gain	PID 1	REAL	-10.0 to 10.0	OPERATOR
1908	Feed Fwd Gain	PID 1	REAL	-10.0 to 10.0	OPERATOR
1909	P Gain	PID 1	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR
1910	I Gain	PID 1	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR
1911	D Gain	PID 1	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
1912	Limit	PID 1	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1913	Enable PID	PID 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1914	Integral Defeat	PID 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1915	D Filter TC	PID 1	REAL	0.05 to 5.0 s	OPERATOR
1916	Output Scaling	PID 1	REAL	-3.0 to 3.0	OPERATOR
1917	Low Limit	PID 1	REAL	-300.0 to 0.0 %	OPERATOR
1918	Symmetric Limit	PID 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1919	Output	PID 1	REAL		OPERATOR
1920	Error	PID 1	REAL		OPERATOR
1921	Limiting	PID 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
1922	Setpoint	PID 2	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1923	Feedback	PID 2	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1924	Feed Fwd	PID 2	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1925	Feedback Gain	PID 2	REAL	-10.0 to 10.0	OPERATOR
1926	Feed Fwd Gain	PID 2	REAL	-10.0 to 10.0	OPERATOR
1927	P Gain	PID 2	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR
1928	I Gain	PID 2	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR
1929	D Gain	PID 2	REAL	0.0 to 100.0	OPERATOR
1930	Limit	PID 2	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
1931	Enable PID	PID 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1932	Integral Defeat	PID 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1933	D Filter TC	PID 2	REAL	0.05 to 5.0 s	OPERATOR
1934	Output Scaling	PID 2	REAL	-3.0 to 3.0	OPERATOR
1935	Low Limit	PID 2	REAL	-300.0 to 0.0 %	OPERATOR
1936	Symmetric Limit	PID 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1937	Output	PID 2	REAL		OPERATOR
1938	Error	PID 2	REAL		OPERATOR
1939	Limiting	PID 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
1940	Select Input	Preset 1	ENUM		OPERATOR
1941	Input 0	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1942	Input 1	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1943	Input 2	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1944	Input 3	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1945	Input 4	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1946	Input 5	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1947	Input 6	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1948	Input 7	Preset 1	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1949	Output 1	Preset 1	REAL		OPERATOR
1950	Output 2	Preset 1	REAL		OPERATOR
1951	Select Input	Preset 1	ENUM		OPERATOR
1952	Input 0	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1953	Input 1	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1954	Input 2	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1955	Input 3	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1956	Input 4	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
1957	Input 5	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1958	Input 6	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1959	Input 7	Preset 2	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1960	Output 1	Preset 2	REAL		OPERATOR
1961	Output 2	Preset 2	REAL		OPERATOR
1962	Select Input	Preset 2	ENUM		OPERATOR
1963	Input 0	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1964	Input 1	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1965	Input 2	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1966	Input 3	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1967	Input 4	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1968	Input 5	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1969	Input 6	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1970	Input 7	Preset 3	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1971	Output 1	Preset 3	REAL		OPERATOR
1972	Output 2	Preset 3	REAL		OPERATOR
1973	Select Input	Preset 4	ENUM		OPERATOR
1974	Input 0	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1975	Input 1	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1976	Input 2	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1977	Input 3	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1978	Input 4	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1979	Input 5	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1980	Input 6	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1981	Input 7	Preset 4	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1982	Output 1	Preset 4	REAL		OPERATOR
1983	Output 2	Preset 4	REAL		OPERATOR
1984	Select Input	Preset 5	ENUM		OPERATOR
1985	Input 0	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1986	Input 1	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1987	Input 2	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1988	Input 3	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1989	Input 4	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1990	Input 5	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1991	Input 6	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1992	Input 7	Preset 5	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1993	Output 1	Preset 5	REAL		OPERATOR
1994	Output 2	Preset 5	REAL		OPERATOR
1995	Select Input	Preset 6	ENUM		OPERATOR
1996	Input 0	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1997	Input 1	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1998	Input 2	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
1999	Input 3	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2000	Input 4	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2001	Input 5	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
2002	Input 6	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2003	Input 7	Preset 6	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2004	Output 1	Preset 6	REAL		OPERATOR
2005	Output 2	Preset 6	REAL		OPERATOR
2006	Select Input	Preset 7	ENUM		OPERATOR
2007	Input 0	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2008	Input 1	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2009	Input 2	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2010	Input 3	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2011	Input 4	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2012	Input 5	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2013	Input 6	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2014	Input 7	Preset 7	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2015	Output 1	Preset 7	REAL		OPERATOR
2016	Output 2	Preset 7	REAL		OPERATOR
2017	Select Input	Preset 8	ENUM		OPERATOR
2018	Input 0	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2019	Input 1	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2020	Input 2	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2021	Input 3	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2022	Input 4	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2023	Input 5	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2024	Input 6	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2025	Input 7	Preset 8	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0	OPERATOR
2026	Output 1	Preset 8	REAL		OPERATOR
2027	Output 2	Preset 8	REAL		OPERATOR
2028	Raise Input	Preset 4	BOOL		OPERATOR
2029	Lower Input	Preset 4	BOOL		OPERATOR
2030	Ramp Rate	Raise/Lower	REAL	0.0 to 600.0 s	OPERATOR
2031	Max Value	Raise/Lower	REAL	-100.0 to 100.0 %	OPERATOR
2032	Min Value	Raise/Lower	REAL	-100.0 to 100.0 %	OPERATOR
2033	Reset Value	Raise/Lower	REAL	-100.0 to 100.0 %	OPERATOR
2034	Reset	Raise/Lower	BOOL		OPERATOR
2035	Output	Raise/Lower	REAL	-32768.0 to 32767.0 %	OPERATOR
2036	Input	Skip Frequencies	REAL	-300.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
2037	Band 1	Skip Frequencies	REAL	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	OPERATOR
2038	Frequency 1	Skip Frequencies	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 Hz	OPERATOR
2039	Band 2	Skip Frequencies	REAL	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	OPERATOR
2040	Frequency 2	Skip Frequencies	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 Hz	OPERATOR
2041	Output	Skip Frequencies	REAL		OPERATOR
2042	Enable	Timer 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
2043	Reset	Timer 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
2044	Reset Value	Timer 1	DINT	0 to s	OPERATOR
2045	Scale	Timer 1	DINT	1 to	OPERATOR
2046	Threshold	Timer 1	DINT		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
2047	Above Threshold	Timer 1	BOOL		OPERATOR
2048	Scaled Time	Timer 1	REAL		OPERATOR
2049	Total Hours	Timer 1	DINT	0 to	OPERATOR
2050	Total Seconds	Timer 1	DINT		OPERATOR
2051	Enable	Timer 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
2052	Reset	Timer 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
2053	Reset Value	Timer 2	DINT	0 to s	OPERATOR
2054	Scale	Timer 2	DINT	1 to	OPERATOR
2055	Threshold	Timer 2	DINT		OPERATOR
2056	Above Threshold	Timer 2	BOOL		OPERATOR
2057	Scaled Time	Timer 2	REAL		OPERATOR
2058	Total Hours	Timer 2	DINT	0 to	OPERATOR
2059	Total Seconds	Timer 2	DINT		OPERATOR
2060	Input A	Value Func 1	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2061	Input B	Value Func 1	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2062	Input C	Value Func 1	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2063	Туре	Value Func 1	ENUM		OPERATOR
2064	Output	Value Func 1	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2065	Input A	Value Func 2	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2066	Input B	Value Func 2	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2067	Input C	Value Func 2	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2068	Туре	Value Func 2	ENUM		OPERATOR
2069	Output	Value Func 2	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2255	Input A	Value Func 40	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2256	Input B	Value Func 40	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2257	Input C	Value Func 40	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2258	Туре	Value Func 40	ENUM		OPERATOR
2259	Output	Value Func 40	REAL	-2147483.5 to 2147483.5	OPERATOR
2260	Hysteresis	Zero Speed	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
2261	Threshold	Zero Speed	REAL	0.0 to 300.0 %	OPERATOR
2262	At Zero Speed	Zero Speed	BOOL		OPERATOR
2442	Precharge State	Feedbacks	ENUM		ENGINEER
2443	Pwrl Threshold V	Power Loss	REAL		TECHNICIAN
2444	Pwrl Ctrl Band V	Power Loss	REAL		TECHNICIAN
2524	Inj Active	Inj Braking	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
2525	Fly Active	Flycatching	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
2526	Atn Active	Autotune	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
2537	Active Alert	Trips Status	ENUM		OPERATOR
2538	Nom. fPWM Thres.	PatternGen (PWM)	REAL	0 to 550 Hz	TECHNICIAN
2539	Nominal fPWM On	PatternGen (PWM)	BOOL		TECHNICIAN
2546	Speed Demand RPM	Reference	REAL	100000 to 1500 rpm	OPERATOR
2547	Speed Demand Hz	Reference	REAL	60000 to 50 Hz	OPERATOR
2552	IM Motor Name	Motor Nameplate (IM)	STRING		TECHNICIAN
2563	Atn Last Alert	Autotune	ENUM		OPERATOR

Tag	Parameter	Function Block	Туре	Range	View
2567	Enc Pos div1000	Encoder	REAL	-2147483.5 to +2147483.5	TECHNICIAN
2568	Enc2 Pos div1000	Encoder 2	REAL	-2147483.5 to +2147483.5	TECHNICIAN
2573	PMAC Motor Name	PMAC Motor Data	STRING		TECHNICIAN
2584	Atn Mag I UsrEna	Autotune	BOOL		TECHNICIAN

APPENDIX D: Application Macros

Overview

The AC15 has 6 preconfigured application (macro) templates. The macros may be selected using the drive keypad, but also may be configured using DSELite.

Macro 1 (V1_STD.A15)

Basic Speed Control template for AC15

Macro 2 (V1_AM.A15)

Auto / Manual Control template for AC15

Macro 3 (V1_PRST.A15)

Preset Speeds Control template for AC15

Macro 4 (V1_RL.A15)

Raise / Lower Control template for AC15

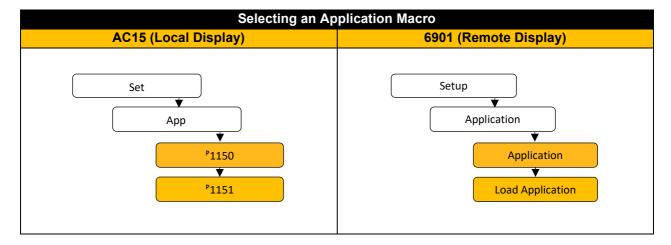
Macro 5 (V1_PID.A15)

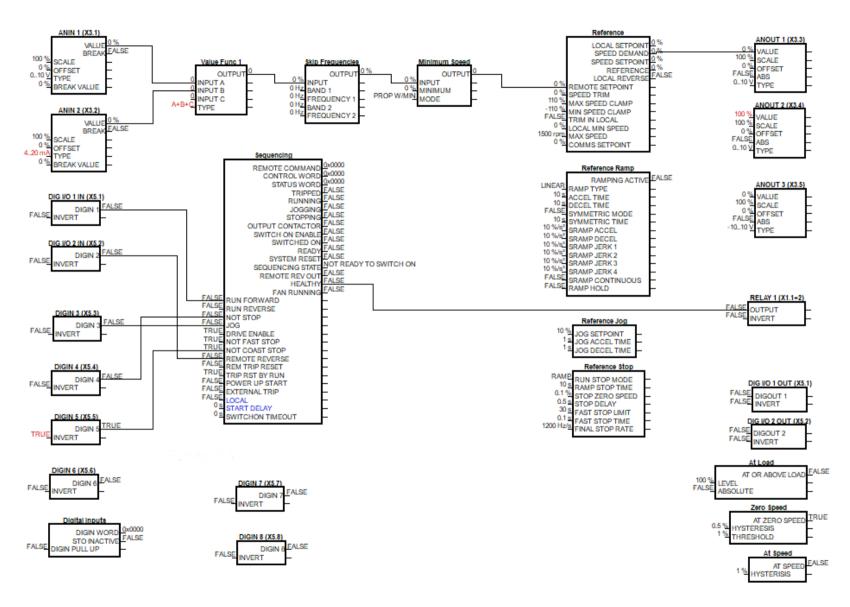
PID Control template for AC15

Macro 5 (V1_PID.A15) PID Control template for AC15
Macro 6 (V1_AUXCOMMS.A15) Aux Comms Control template for AC15

The required terminal wring for each macro/template may be found in the manual DOC-0017-03 'AC15 Series Hardware Installation Manual: Frames 1-5'

To load a macro from the AC15 Keypad or optional 6901 MMI, the macro must first be selected, and then loaded. Navigate to the Setup Menu, followed by the Application Menu, and select the first parameter **1150 Application**. Press M to allow modification. A setting of 1 selects Macro 1 (Standard) etc. Press E to exit one menu level, then scroll down to parameter **1151 Load Application**. Press M to allow modification. A setting of 1 (True) will load the selected application when pressing E to exit. When the macro has been successfully loaded, the keypad will display "APLD" (AC15 Keypad) or "App Loaded" (6901). When a parameter save has been completed, either manually or automatically dependent on the setting of Parameter **0928 Enable Auto Save**, parameter 1150 Application will display 9 (Saved).





Application (Macro) 1 : Standard (Basic Speed Control)

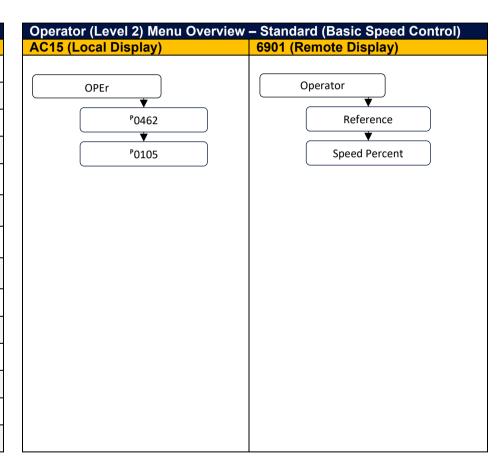
247 (259)

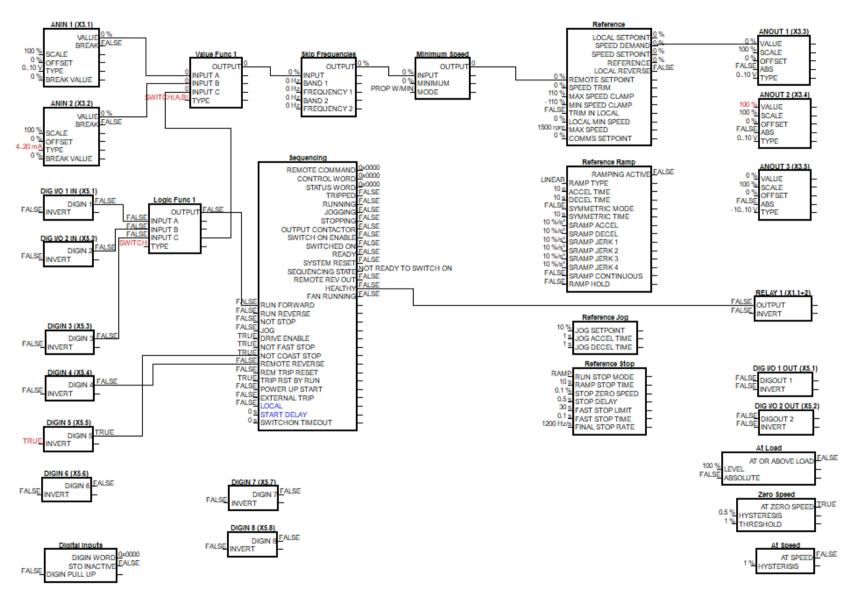
II. Standard (Basic Speed Control)

This Application is ideal for general purpose applications. It provides push-button or switched start/stop control.

The Speed Setpoint is the sum of the two analogue inputs AIN1 and AIN2, providing Speed Setpoint + Speed Trim capability.

Required Terminal Co	onnections:
Terminal	Function
RL1A	110-230Vac (or 24Vdc) voltage supply
RL1B	Healthy: Relay output (to lamp)
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection
Al1	Remote Setpoint (%) – input 1: 0-10V variable input (from potentiometer)
Al2	Remote Setpoint 'Trim' (%) – input 2: 4-20mA variable input (from current source)
AO1	Speed Demand (%): 0-10V variable output (to voltmeter)
AO2	Value = 100%: 0-10V variable output (+10V fixed reference voltage)
DX1	Run Forward: 24V digital input
DX2	Remote Reverse: 24V digital input
DX3	Jog: 24V digital input
DI4	Not Stop: 24V digital input
DI5	Not Coast Stop: 24V digital input
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)





Application (Macro) 2: Auto/Manual

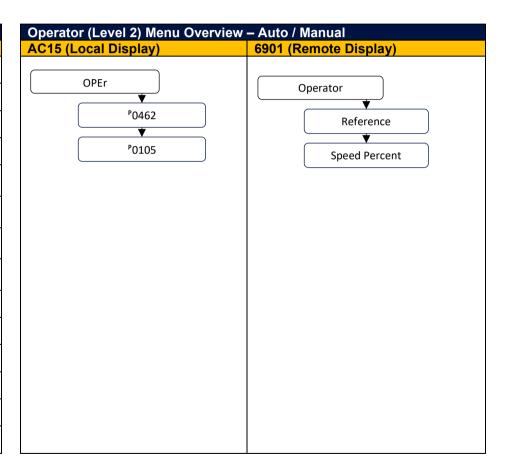
III. Auto / Manual

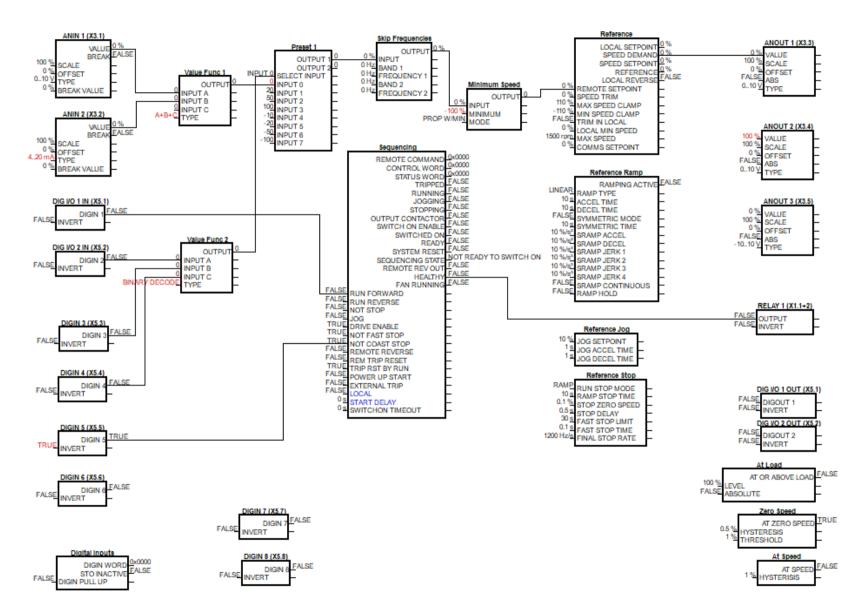
Two Run inputs and two Setpoint inputs are provided.

The Auto/Manual switch selects which pair of inputs is active.

The Application is sometimes referred to as Local/Remote.

Required Terminal Connections:			
Terminal	Function		
RL1A	110-230Vac (or 24Vdc) voltage supply		
RL1B	Healthy: Relay output (to lamp)		
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection		
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection		
Al1	'Manual' Remote Setpoint (%): 0-10V variable input (from potentiometer)		
AI2	'Auto' Remote Setpoint (%): 4-20mA variable input (from current source)		
AO1	Speed Demand (%): 0-10V variable output (to voltmeter)		
AO2	Value = 100%: 0-10V variable output (+10V fixed reference voltage)		
DX1	'Manual' Run: 24V digital input		
DX2	'Auto' Run: 24V digital input		
DX3	Auto / Manual Select: 24V digital input		
DI4	Remote Reverse: 24V digital input		
DI5	Not Coast Stop: 24V digital input		
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)		





Application (Macro) 3: Presets

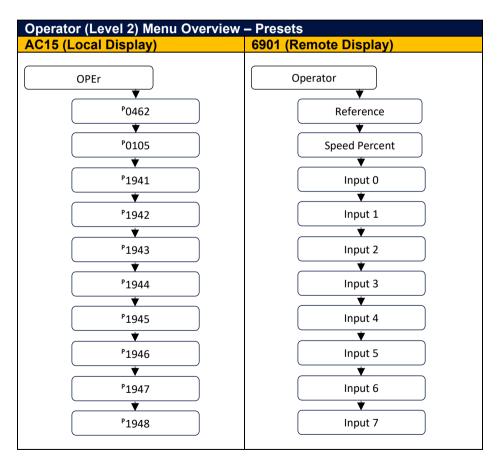
IV. Presets

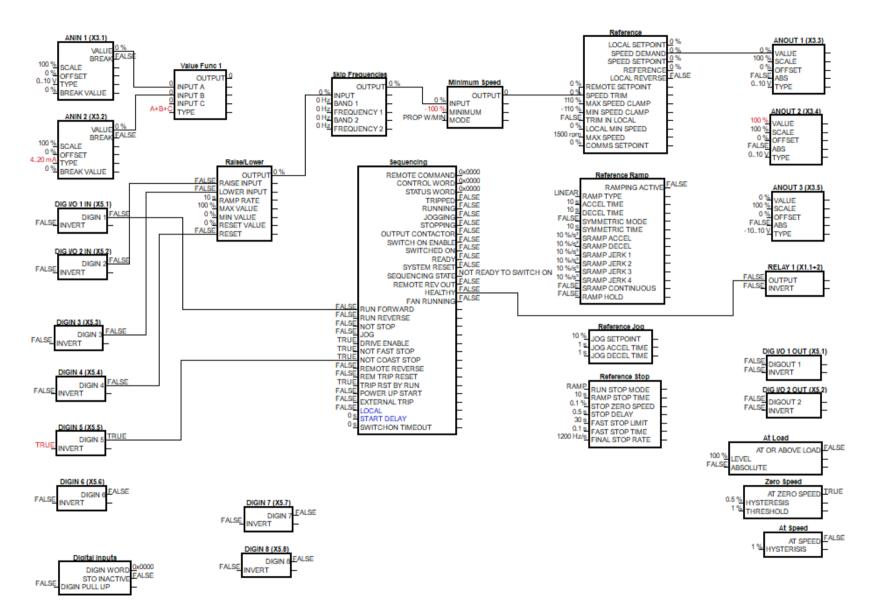
This macro is ideal for applications requiring multiple discrete speed levels.

The setpoint is selected from either the sum of the analogue inputs, (Preset 0), or from one of up to seven other pre-defined speed levels. These are selected using DIN2, DIN3 and DIN4, as shown in the table below.

Edit the speed setpoint percentage parameters 1942 to 1948 at the inputs of the Preset function block to re-define the speed levels of Preset 1 to Preset 7. Reverse direction is achieved by entering a negative speed setpoint.

Required Terminal Connections:			
Terminal	Function		
RL1A	110-230Vac (or 24Vdc) voltage supply		
RL1B	Healthy: Relay output (to lamp)		
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection		
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection		
Al1	Remote Setpoint (%) – input 1: 0-10V variable input (from potentiometer)		
Al2	Remote Setpoint 'Trim' (%) – input 2: 4-20mA variable input (from current source)		
AO1	Speed Demand (%): 0-10V variable output (to voltmeter)		
AO2	Value = 100%: 0-10V variable output (+10V fixed reference voltage)		
DX1	Run Forward: 24V digital input		
DX2	Preset Select 1: 24V digital input		
DX3	Preset Select 2: 24V digital input		
DI4	Preset Select 3: 24V digital input		
DI5	Not Coast Stop: 24V digital input		
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)		



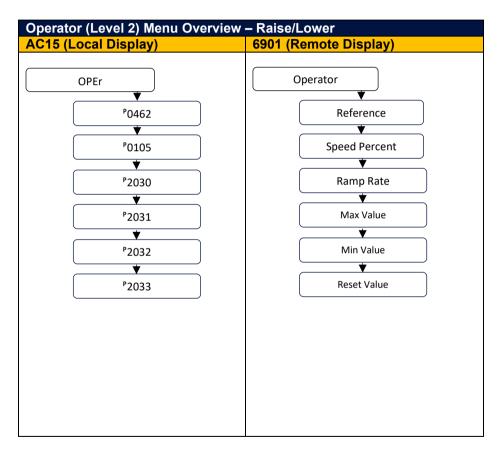


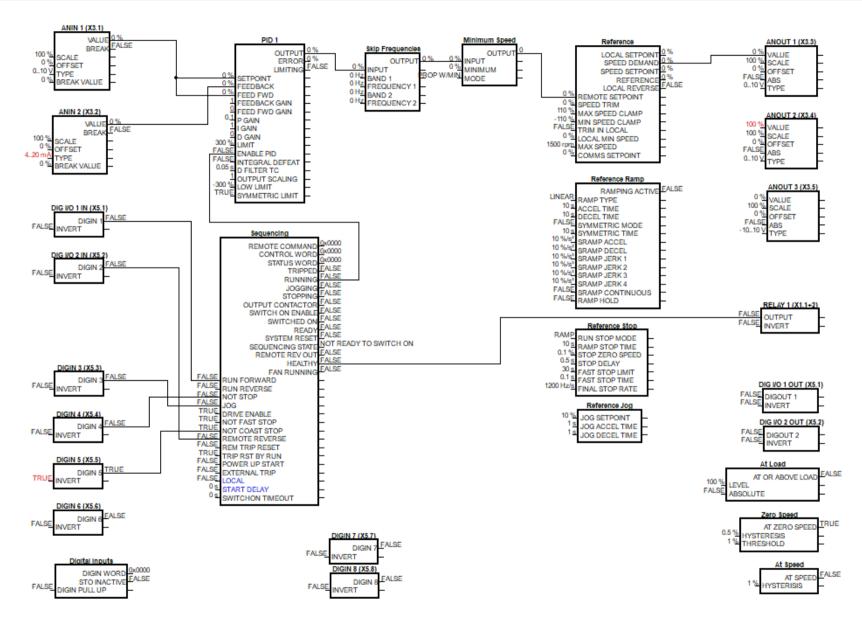
Application (Macro) 4 : Raise/Lower

V. Raise/Lower

This Application mimics the operation of a motorized potentiometer. Digital inputs allow the setpoint to be increased and decreased between limits. The limits and ramp rate can be set in the template.

r 24Vdc) voltage supply r output (to lamp) or '+' connection or '-' connection d (%): 0-10V variable output (to
or '+' connection or '-' connection d (%): 0-10V variable output (to
or '-' connection d (%): 0-10V variable output (to
d (%): 0-10V variable output (to
24V digital input
aigitai ilipat
ital input
gital input
Reset: 24V digital input
p: 24V digital input
D (drive operational)
0



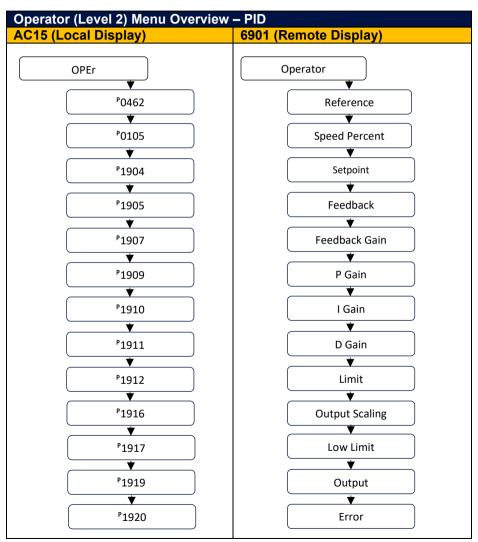


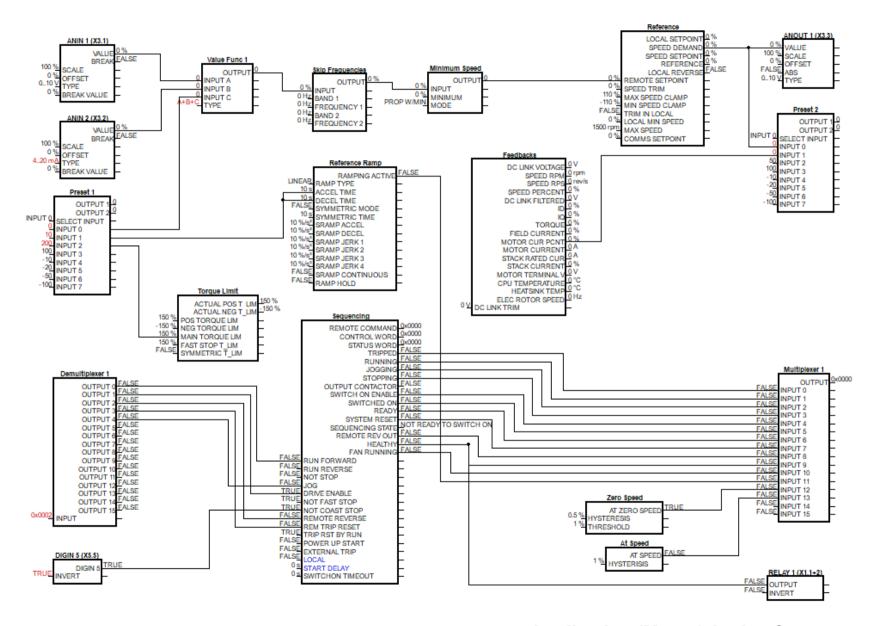
Application (Macro) 5 : PID

VI. PID

A simple application using a Proportional-Integral-Derivative 3-term controller. The setpoint is taken from AIN1, with feedback signal from the process on AIN2. The scale and offset features of the analogue input blocks may be used to correctly scale these signals. The difference between these two signals is taken as the PID error. The output of the PID block is then used as the drive setpoint.

Required Terminal Connections:		
Terminal	Function	
RL1A	110-230Vac (or 24Vdc) voltage supply	
RL1B	Healthy: Relay output (to lamp)	
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection	
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection	
Al1	Process Setpoint (%) – input 1: 0-10V variable input (from potentiometer)	
Al2	Process Feedback (%) – input 2: 4-20mA variable input (from current source)	
AO1	Speed Demand (%): 0-10V variable output (to voltmeter)	
AO2	Value = 100%: 0-10V variable output (+10V fixed reference voltage)	
DX1	Run Forward: 24V digital input	
DX2	Remote Reverse: 24V digital input	
DX3	Jog: 24V digital input	
DI4	Not Stop: 24V digital input	
DI5	Not Coast Stop: 24V digital input	
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)	



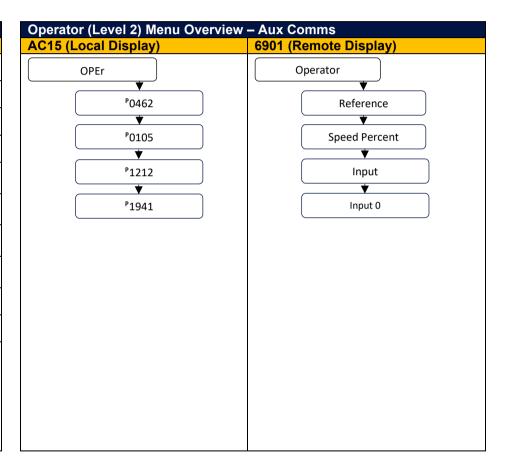


Application (Macro) 6 : AuxComms

VII. Aux Comms

Aux Comms is designed to reproduce the Aux Comms macro/template from the legacy 650 range of drives. The default method of communications for this macro is Modbus TCPIP, and the master controller must be configured with a mapping that connects to the points shown in red text within the template. Refer to the instructions on configuring base Modbus TCPIP communications for more information.

Required Terminal Connections:	
Terminal	Function
RL1A	110-230Vac (or 24Vdc) voltage supply
RL1B	Healthy: Relay output (to lamp)
TH1	Motor Thermistor '+' connection
TH2	Motor Thermistor '-' connection
Al1	Remote Setpoint (%) – input 1: 0-10V variable input (from potentiometer)
Al2	Remote Setpoint 'Trim' (%) – input 2: 4-20mA variable input (from current source)
AO1	Speed Demand (%): 0-10V variable output (to voltmeter)
AO2	Value = 100%: 0-10V variable output (+10V fixed reference voltage)
DI5	Not Coast Stop: 24V digital input
STO	STO DISABLED (drive operational)



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